

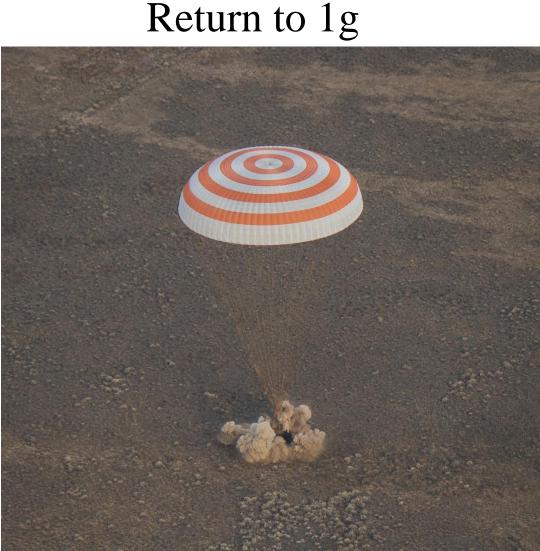
VALIDATION OF A MANUALLY OSCILLATING CHAIR FOR IN-THE-FIELD ASSESSMENT OF DYNAMIC VISUAL **ACUITY ON CREWMEMBERS WITHIN HOURS OF RETURNING FROM LONG-DURATION SPACEFLIGHT**

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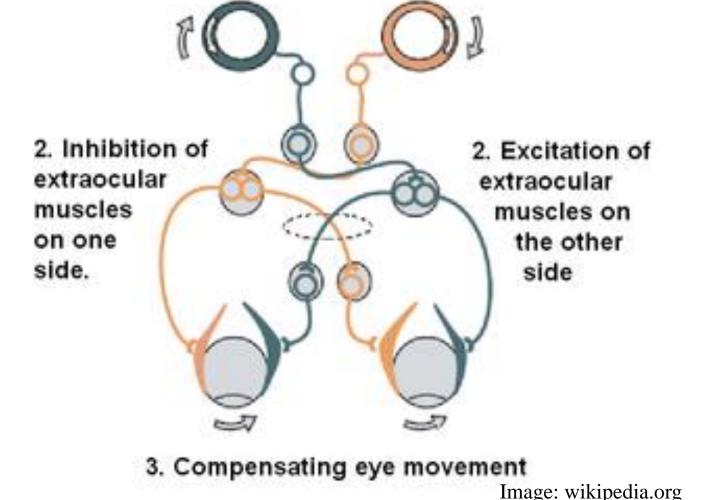
INTRODUCTION



Adaptation to microgravity

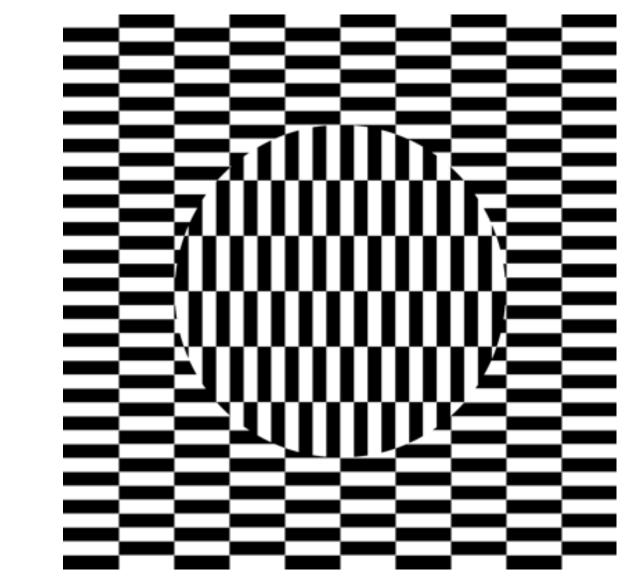


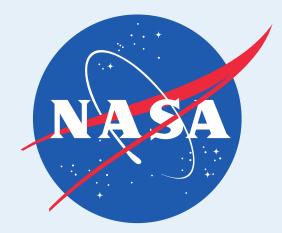
1. Detection of rotation



Re-adaptation of vestibulo-ocular reflex (VOR)

Crew report oscillopsia and blurred vision





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Estimate retinal slip with Dynamic Visual Acuity (DVA) test

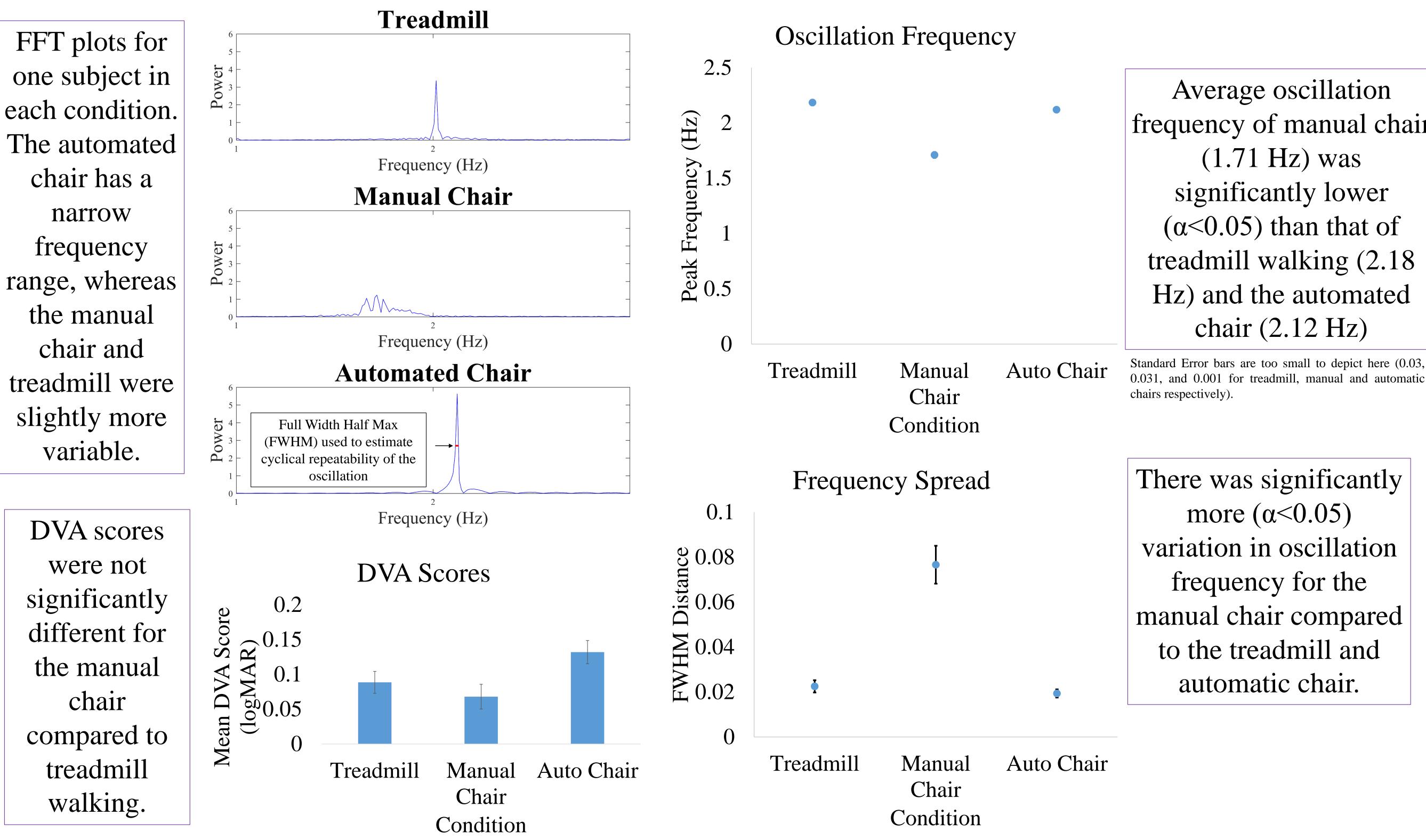
Due to the deconditioned state of crewmembers in the initial hours after landing, it is safer and more practical to perform a vision test while seated in a chair versus walking on a treadmill.

The purpose of this study was to validate the ability of a manually operated oscillating chair to produce the oscillatory frequency and displacement equivalent of walking on a treadmill at a 4 mph pace.

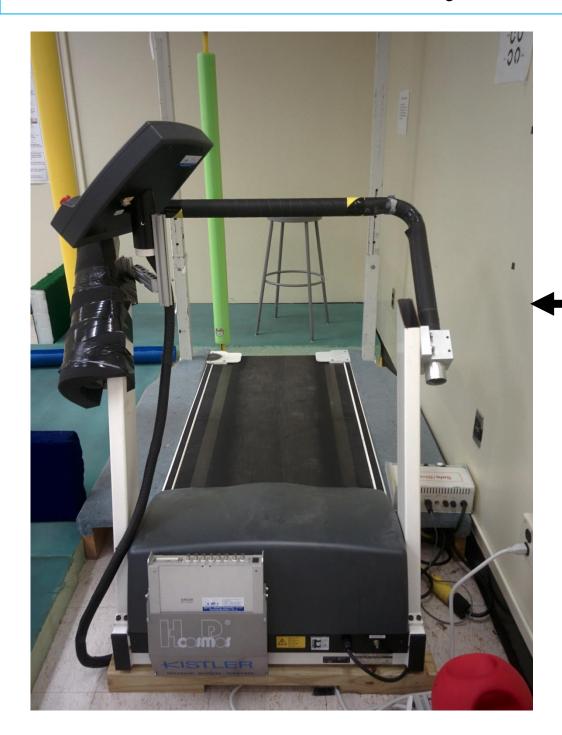
METHODS

Healthy, subjects (n=14)non-astronaut performed three static (seated) and three dynamic (walking/oscillated) visual acuity tests. For all conditions the subject was asked to discern and verbally report the direction gap of Landolt-C optotypes of varying sizes. Subjects were outfitted with accelerometers (sampling rate = 128 Hz) on their head, trunk and lumbar spine. Dynamic Visual Acuity (DVA) was assessed as the difference in logMAR values between static and dynamic conditions.

A fast Fourier transform (FFT) was performed on the vertical trunk acceleration to compare the RESULTS peak and spread of the distribution of oscillation frequencies for each oscillating condition.



Average oscillation frequency of manual chair (1.71 Hz) was significantly lower ($\alpha < 0.05$) than that of treadmill walking (2.18 Hz) and the automated



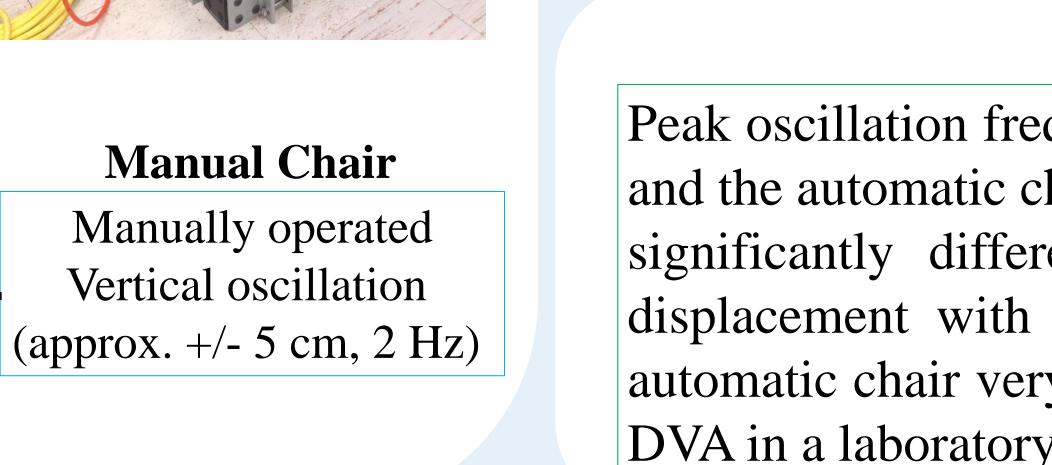
Automated Chair

Motor driven Vertical oscillation (+/- 5 cm, 2 Hz)

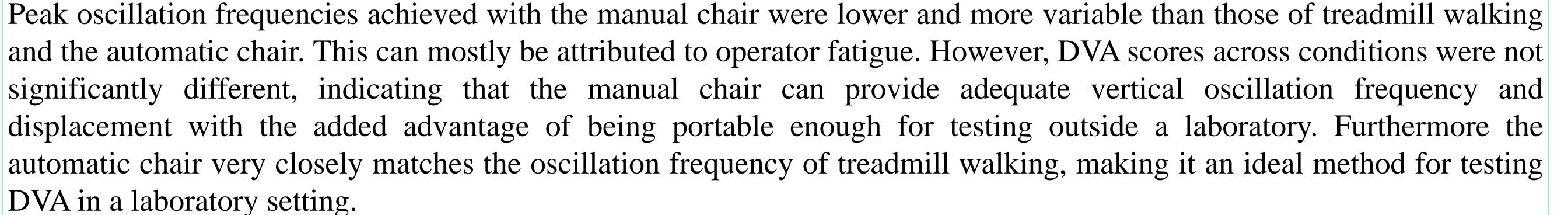


Treadmill Walk at 4 mph pace Vertical oscillation (approx. +/-5 cm, 2 Hz)









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