

N 70 41240
CR 113949

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS REPORT

10-291

THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF COMPOUNDS OF BIOCHEMICAL INTEREST IN AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Eighteenth Report on
A Survey of Thermodynamic Properties of The
Compounds of The Elements CHNOPS

CASE FILE
COPY

Technical Report
to
National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Contract No. R-138, Amendment 4
W12-758



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

The National Bureau of Standards¹ was established by an act of Congress March 3, 1901. Today, in addition to serving as the Nation's central measurement laboratory, the Bureau is a principal focal point in the Federal Government for assuring maximum application of the physical and engineering sciences to the advancement of technology in industry and commerce. To this end the Bureau conducts research and provides central national services in four broad program areas. These are: (1) basic measurements and standards, (2) materials measurements and standards, (3) technological measurements and standards, and (4) transfer of technology.

The Bureau comprises the Institute for Basic Standards, the Institute for Materials Research, the Institute for Applied Technology, the Center for Radiation Research, the Center for Computer Sciences and Technology, and the Office for Information Programs.

THE INSTITUTE FOR BASIC STANDARDS provides the central basis within the United States of a complete and consistent system of physical measurement; coordinates that system with measurement systems of other nations; and furnishes essential services leading to accurate and uniform physical measurements throughout the Nation's scientific community, industry, and commerce. The Institute consists of an Office of Measurement Services and the following technical divisions:

Applied Mathematics—Electricity—Metrology—Mechanics—Heat—Atomic and Molecular Physics—Radio Physics²—Radio Engineering²—Time and Frequency²—Astrophysics²—Cryogenics.²

THE INSTITUTE FOR MATERIALS RESEARCH conducts materials research leading to improved methods of measurement standards, and data on the properties of well-characterized materials needed by industry, commerce, educational institutions, and Government; develops, produces, and distributes standard reference materials; relates the physical and chemical properties of materials to their behavior and their interaction with their environments; and provides advisory and research services to other Government agencies. The Institute consists of an Office of Standard Reference Materials and the following divisions:

Analytical Chemistry—Polymers—Metallurgy—Inorganic Materials—Physical Chemistry.

THE INSTITUTE FOR APPLIED TECHNOLOGY provides technical services to promote the use of available technology and to facilitate technological innovation in industry and Government; cooperates with public and private organizations in the development of technological standards, and test methodologies; and provides advisory and research services for Federal, state, and local government agencies. The Institute consists of the following technical divisions and offices:

Engineering Standards—Weights and Measures — Invention and Innovation — Vehicle Systems Research—Product Evaluation—Building Research—Instrument Shops—Measurement Engineering—Electronic Technology—Technical Analysis.

THE CENTER FOR RADIATION RESEARCH engages in research, measurement, and application of radiation to the solution of Bureau mission problems and the problems of other agencies and institutions. The Center consists of the following divisions:

Reactor Radiation—Linac Radiation—Nuclear Radiation—Applied Radiation.

THE CENTER FOR COMPUTER SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY conducts research and provides technical services designed to aid Government agencies in the selection, acquisition, and effective use of automatic data processing equipment; and serves as the principal focus for the development of Federal standards for automatic data processing equipment, techniques, and computer languages. The Center consists of the following offices and divisions:

Information Processing Standards—Computer Information — Computer Services — Systems Development—Information Processing Technology.

THE OFFICE FOR INFORMATION PROGRAMS promotes optimum dissemination and accessibility of scientific information generated within NBS and other agencies of the Federal government; promotes the development of the National Standard Reference Data System and a system of information analysis centers dealing with the broader aspects of the National Measurement System, and provides appropriate services to ensure that the NBS staff has optimum accessibility to the scientific information of the world. The Office consists of the following organizational units:

Office of Standard Reference Data—Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information³—Office of Technical Information and Publications—Library—Office of Public Information—Office of International Relations.

¹ Headquarters and Laboratories at Gaithersburg, Maryland, unless otherwise noted; mailing address Washington, D.C. 20234.

² Located at Boulder, Colorado 80302.

³ Located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22151.

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS REPORT

NBS PROJECT

316.0429

4 August 1970

NBS REPORT

10 291

THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF COMPOUNDS OF BIOCHEMICAL INTEREST IN AQUEOUS SOLUTION

R. C. Wilhoit
Jing Chao
Michael Carlo

Eighteenth Report on
A Survey of Thermodynamic Properties of The
Compounds of The Elements CHNOPS

Technical Report
to
National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Contract No. R-198, Amendment 4

IMPORTANT NOTICE

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS REPORTS are usually preliminary or progress accounting documents intended for use within the Government. Before material in the reports is formally published it is subjected to additional evaluation and review. For this reason, the publication, reprinting, reproduction, or open-literature listing of this Report, either in whole or in part, is not authorized unless permission is obtained in writing from the Office of the Director, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C. 20234. Such permission is not needed, however, by the Government agency for which the Report has been specifically prepared if that agency wishes to reproduce additional copies for its own use.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

FOREWORD

A study at the National Bureau of Standards (NBS), of which this is the eighteenth progress report, has been undertaken to meet the need of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) for thermodynamic information on biologically related materials important to the space program for several reasons. Among these reasons are the necessity of inferring the maximum account of useful chemistry of incompletely accessible environments, for which only limited information is available, the possibility of the occurrence of organic compounds naturally synthesized under primitive conditions, and the possibility of theoretically recovering part of the pre-biological history of the earth.

This program is being carried out under the technical supervision of Dr. George Jacobs of NASA, and with the consultation of Dr. Harold Morowitz of the Yale University, Department of Molecular Biology and Biophysics, and Dr. C. W. Beckett of the NBS. The contract (Contract No. R-138) was initiated 1 May 1964 and extended by Amendments 1, 2, 3, and 4. This report covers a portion of work under Amendment 4.

This report is the result of work done under NBS Contract CST-2012 for the National Bureau of Standards by a group working under the direction of Professor R. C. Wilhoit in the Thermodynamics Research Center; Texas A and M University, College Station, Texas. It covers work done in the interval May 1, 1969 to January 31, 1970, and comprises the contents of the final technical report supplied in fulfillment of that contract April 10, 1970. Tables 3-18 were revised June 12 and July 7, 1970 as noted in footnotes.

George T. Armstrong

George T. Armstrong, Chief
Thermochemistry Section

This report describes a portion of a long range project for the selection and tabulation of the thermodynamic properties of organic compounds of biological importance being conducted jointly by the Thermochemistry Section of the Division of Physical Chemistry of the National Bureau of Standards and the Thermodynamics Research Center at Texas A&M University. A method of representing the properties of binary systems, which insures thermodynamic consistency, is described and applied to the systems consisting of methanol, ethanol, n-propanol, iso-propanol, and n-butanol with water. Tables of a selected list of thermodynamic properties are presented at temperatures of 10°, 25°, and 40°C. An extensive bibliography and compound index to the thermodynamic properties of organic compounds in aqueous solution is also included.

I. Thermodynamic Properties of Binary Systems

A large amount of experimental data on the properties of binary systems derived from volumetric, calorimetric, and phase equilibria studies may be found in the published scientific literature. Such properties of any given system are not independent but are interrelated by various thermodynamic requirements. An extensive literature exists on methods of testing experimental data for thermodynamic consistency*. All of the common experimental properties can be related to the Gibbs energy of mixing of the components, and to its various derivatives with respect to concentration, temperature, and pressure. Data generated in this way are inherently thermodynamically consistent. Conversely, a variety of observed properties can be manipulated to yield information on the Gibbs energy of mixing.

These principles have been exploited to develop a procedure for generating tables of smoothed properties derived from a variety of observed data. The Gibbs energy of mixing is represented by a mathematical function of concentration and temperature involving several parameters characteristic of a particular pair of components which define a binary system. The parameters are adjusted by a least squares procedure to best represent the original data.

The calculations are based on the excess Gibbs energy of mixing, rather than the total Gibbs energy of mixing.†

$$G^E = \frac{\Delta Gm^r - \Delta Gm^i}{(n_1 + n_2)} = \frac{\Delta Gm^r - RT(n_1 \ln X_1 + n_2 \ln X_2)}{(n_1 + n_2)} \quad (1)$$

*see G. N. Lewis and M. Randall, "Thermodynamics", revised by K. S. Pitzer and L. Brewer, Mc-Graw-Hill Book Co., New York, 1961; E. Hala, J. Pick, V. Fried and O. Vilim, "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium", Pergamon Press, New York, 1958; and H. C. Van Ness, "Classical Thermodynamics of Non-Electrolyte Solutions", Pergamon Press, New York, 1964 for discussions of thermodynamic principles of this problem

† A Glossary of mathematical symbols is given on page 8

The following equation was selected to represent the excess Gibbs energy

$$G^E = X_1 X_2 \theta_1 = X_1 X_2 (A + BX_2 + CX_2^2 + DX_2^3) \quad (2)$$

This may be transformed to the equivalent form

$$\begin{aligned} G^E &= X_1 X_2 [(8A + 4B + 2C + D) + (4B + 4C + 3D)(X_2 - X_1) \\ &\quad + (2C + 3D)(X_2 - X_1)^2 + D(X_2 - X_1)^3]/8 \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

The parameters A, B, C, and D are taken as functions of temperature according to

$$\begin{aligned} A &= a_1 + a_2 T + a_3 T \ln T + a_4 T^2 \\ B &= b_1 + b_2 T + b_3 T \ln T + b_4 T^2 \\ C &= c_1 + c_2 T + c_3 T \ln T + c_4 T^2 \\ D &= d_1 + d_2 T + d_3 T \ln T + d_4 T^2 \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

This choice of function makes the excess enthalpy of mixing a quadratic function of temperature and the excess heat capacity a linear function of temperature.

$$H^E = X_1 X_2 \theta_4 = G^E - T \left(\frac{\partial G^E}{\partial T} \right)_{P, X_1, X_2} = X_1 X_2 (A' + B' X_2 + C' X_2^2 + D' X_2^3) \quad (5)$$

$$C_p^E = X_1 X_2 \theta_5 / T = - T \left(\frac{\partial^2 G^E}{\partial T^2} \right)_{P, X_1, X_2} = X_1 X_2 (A'' + B'' X_2 + C'' X_2^2 + D'' X_2^3) \quad (6)$$

where

$$A' = a_1 - a_3 T - a_4 T^2 \quad (7)$$

and

$$A'' = - a_3 - 2a_4 T \quad (8)$$

with similar expressions for B', C', D', B'', C'', and D''. In the following equations subscript 1 indicates the solvent (water) and subscript 2 the solute (alcohol). The heat of solution of one mole of solute is therefore given by

$$\Delta H_s = H^E / X_2 = X_1 \theta_4 \quad (9)$$

and the heat of solution in an infinite amount of solvent (standard state in solution) is

$$\Delta H_s^\circ = - L_2^\circ = A' \quad (10)$$

Equations for the following properties can be derived from G^E and its derivatives.

$$RT \ln \lambda_1 - X_2^2 \theta_2 - G^E + X_2 \frac{\partial G^E}{\partial X_2} \Big|_T = X_2^2 [A + B + 2(B-C)X_2 + 3(C-D)X_2^2 + 4DX_2^3] \quad (11)$$

$$RT \ln \lambda_2 - X_1^2 \theta_3 - G^E + X_1 \frac{\partial G^E}{\partial X_1} \Big|_T = X_1^2 [A + 2BX_2 + 3CX_2^2 + 4DX_2^3] \quad (12)$$

$$RT \ln \gamma_2 = RT \ln \lambda_2 + RT \ln X_1 - A$$

λ_1 and λ_2 are the activity coefficients of the solvent and solute respectively, which are related to the corresponding activities by

$$\lambda_1 = a_1/X_1 \quad \text{and} \quad \lambda_2 = a_2/X_2 \quad (13)$$

where the standard states are the pure components. Equations (11) and (12) are the Margules equations of fourth order. γ_2 is the activity coefficient of the solute,

$$\gamma_2 = a^{1/m} \quad (14)$$

in which the standard state is the hypothetical ideal solution at unit molality. In aqueous solutions the molality, m , is related to the mole fraction of the solute by

$$m = 55.56 X_2 / (1 - X_2)$$

To the extent that the virial equation with two terms adequately represents the P-V-T behaviour of the gaseous phase, the partial pressure of the solvent and solute in equilibrium with the liquid phase are given by

$$P_1 = Y_1 P_t = X_1 \lambda_1 P_t^* \exp[(P_1^* - P_t) \beta_1] \quad (15)$$

$$P_2 = Y_2 P_t = X_2 \lambda_2 P_t^* \exp[(P_2^* - P_t) \beta_2] \quad (16)$$

where β_1 and β_2 are the corresponding second virial coefficients. The freezing point depression, $\delta = T_0 - T$, is related to the activity of the solvent by

$$RT \ln a_1 = - \frac{(L_1 + \Delta H_m)}{RT_{0,T}} \delta + \frac{(C_1 - C_1 + \Delta C_m)}{RT_{0,T}} \delta^2 \quad (18)$$

ΔH_m is the heat of fusion of the solvent and ΔC_m the change in heat capacity of the solvent on melting. The osmotic coefficient is closely related to the activity of the solvent.

$$\Phi = - \frac{1000}{M_1 m} \ln \lambda_1 \quad (19)$$

The various types of enthalpy functions for binary solutions are

$$\Phi L_2 = H^E/X_2 + L_2^* - X_1 \theta_4 + L_2^* \quad (20)$$

$$\Phi L_1 = H^E/X_1 - X_2 \theta_4 \quad (21)$$

$$\bar{L}_1 = H^E + \left(\frac{\partial H^E}{\partial X_1} \right)_T X_2 = X_2^2 \left(\theta_4 - X_2 \frac{d\theta_4}{dX_2} \right) = X_2^2 [A' - B' + 2(B' - C')X_2 + 3(C' - D')X_2^2 + 4D'X_2^3] \quad (22)$$

$$\bar{L}_2 = H^E + \left(\frac{\partial H^E}{\partial X_2} \right)_T X_1 + L_2^* = X_1^2 \left(\theta_4 - \frac{d\theta_4}{dX_2} \right) - A' = X_1^2 (A' + 2B'X_2 + 3C'X_2^2 + 4D'X_2^3) - A' \quad (23)$$

The heat capacity functions are

$$\Phi C_1 = C_1^* + C_p^E/X_1 = C_1^* + X_2 \theta_5 / T \quad (24)$$

$$\Phi C_2 = C_2^* + C_p^E/X_2 = C_2^* + X_1 \theta_5 / T \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{C}_1 &= C_1^* + C_p^E + X_1 \left(\frac{\partial C_p^E}{\partial X_1} \right)_T = C_1^* + \frac{X_2^2}{T} \left(\theta_5 - X_1 \frac{d\theta_5}{dX_2} \right) \\ &= C_1^* + X_2^2 [A'' - B'' + 2(B'' - C'')X_2 + 3(C'' - D'')X_2^2 + 4D''X_2^3] \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{C}_2 &= C_2^* + C_p^E + X_2 \left(\frac{\partial C_p^E}{\partial X_2} \right)_T = C_2^* + \frac{X_1^2}{T} \left(\theta_5 + X_2 \frac{d\theta_5}{dX_2} \right) \\ &= C_2^* + X_2^2 [A'' + 2B''X_2 - 3C''X_2^2 + 4D''X_2^3] \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

The heat capacity of one mole of solution is

$$C_p = X_1 \bar{C}_1 + X_2 \bar{C}_2 = X_1 C_1^* + X_2 C_2^* + C_p^E \quad (28)$$

Thus each of the five functions θ_j ($j = 1-5$), which are defined in equations (2), (5), (6), (11), and (12), can be calculated from the observed properties of the systems. They can also be represented mathematically in terms of the 16 parameters in equation (4). These can all be put in the compact form

$$\theta_j = \sum_{i=1}^{16} p_i u_{ij}(X_2, T) \quad (29)$$

where the p_i are the 16 parameters, $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, b_1, b_2, \dots, d_4$, and the $u_{ij}(X_2, T)$ are the appropriate functions of mole fraction and temperature. The 16 parameters are evaluated so as to obtain the "best" fit between calculated and observed properties by the least squares criterion. Let θ_{jk} be the value of the function θ_j calculated from the k -th experimental measurement and $u_{ijk}(X_2, T)$ be the corresponding value of the function u_{ij} at this point. The parameters, p_i , are adjusted so as to minimize the sum

$$S = \sum_{k=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^5 W_k \left[\sum_{i=1}^{16} p_i u_{ijk}(X_2, T) - \theta_{jk} \right]^2 \quad (30)$$

Since the parameters appear in equations (29) and (30) as linear functions this calculation can be carried out with the usual linear least squares procedure.

The five functions θ_j are treated as a single dependent variable and the functions u_{ij} are the 16 independent variables.

The W_k in equation (30) are weighting factors associated with each observed data point. They are taken to be proportional to the reciprocals of the uncertainties in the corresponding values of θ_{jk} . These are calculated from estimates of the uncertainties of the original observed data, taking into account the mathematical relation between the properties and the θ_{jk} .

Although this procedure insures thermodynamic consistency the thermodynamic properties calculated from the 16 parameters be realistic only if the original data are adequate and if the function in equation (2) is sufficiently flexible to follow the properties of the real system. The Gibbs energy of mixing is seldom, if ever, measured directly. The properties commonly observed are related to various derivatives of G^E . For example, activity coefficients and other properties obtained from phase equilibria involve the derivative of G^E with respect to concentration. Calorimetric measurements of enthalpy changes at constant temperature are related to the derivative of G^E with respect to temperature, and heat capacity measurements are related to the second derivative with respect to temperature. Thus the original data must not only be accurate but must also be well distributed over a wide range of temperature and concentration. As a minimum it is necessary to have either phase equilibrium data and enthalpy data at closely spaced intervals over a range of concentration for at least one temperature or phase equilibrium data at several temperatures. In practice it is very difficult to obtain reliable enthalpy and heat capacity properties from phase equilibrium data alone. It is best to have all three types of properties at various temperatures and concentrations. However the usual situation is that the bulk of the phase equilibrium data are concentrated along the normal boiling and freezing point lines, while most of the enthalpy and heat capacity data are obtained in the vicinity of room temperature.

Equations (2) and (4) were chosen to represent the excess Gibbs energy of mixing because of the relative mathematical simplicity of the derivatives with respect to temperature and concentration, and also because of their convenience in carrying out least squares calculations. Many other equations which have the proper characteristics have been suggested in the literature. Aqueous solutions, especially those containing alcohols, acids, and ketones, demonstrate very complex behaviour. It was found, in fact, that this equation was not adequate for alcohols above ethanol, and may not be adequate even for ethanol. Although equation (2) can be made more flexible by expanding it to higher powers of X_2 , it appears that 16 parameters is about the highest practical limit. Increasing the number of parameters imposes more rigorous requirements on the accuracy and distribution of the data and increases the possibility of spurious results in regions not covered by the data. More parameters also increase the effect of truncation errors in the calculation, and this can be a significant problem even in double precision mode.

For those cases in which a single set of parameters is not adequate equations (2) and (4) can still be taken as the basis for calculating thermodynamic properties by separating the data into limited regions of temperature and composition. Sets of parameters can then be calculated independently for each region. However unless additional provisions are made the values of G^E and its derivatives calculated from different sets of parameters will not be the same at the boundary between two regions. This will give discontinuities in the thermodynamic properties at these boundaries. Although methods of forcing the equality of the dependent variable and its derivatives at such boundaries have been described for least squares calculations these would be difficult to apply here, and have not, as yet, been attempted. Theoretically the amount of such discontinuities can be reduced by carrying out a series of calculations for neighboring regions in which data calculated from one set of parameters is used as input for calculating the other set of parameters. This can be repeated until the discontinuity is reduced to the point where it is no longer significant.

The parameters in equations (2) and (4) were calculated in this manner for the binary systems consisting of the five alcohols from methanol to n-butanol and water. The calculations were carried out on an IBM 360/65 computer. Double precision arithmetic, equivalent to about 15 decimal digits, was used on the critical parts of the calculation. Additional programs were written to compare the calculated and observed properties and to generate tables of thermodynamic properties at regular intervals of temperature and pressure. Table 1 identifies the sources of data used in the final calculations. These were obtained by searching the published literature and selecting what appeared to be the best values. A series of preliminary least squares calculations were then made and the calculated properties were compared to the original ones. Additional screening was then carried out to remove large discrepancies in the data. Ranges of temperature and concentration covered by the final set of data are shown schematically in Figures 1 and 2. For this purpose the data is grouped into three main types: activity and phase equilibrium data, enthalpy data including heats of solution and dilution, and heat capacity data. Equation (2) does not generate reliable thermodynamic properties outside the regions of temperature and concentration covered by the original data.

Tables 2 and 3 summarize the results of the least squares calculations. Table 2 gives the following information for each kind of property entered into the calculations: number of values, average absolute value, and root mean square deviation (R. M. S. deviation). The root mean square deviation of any property, z , is defined as

$$\text{R. M. S. deviation} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (z_k - z_c)^2}{n}} \quad (31)$$

where n is the number of data points, z_k , the k -th observed value of the property and z_c the calculated value. Comparison of the R. M. S. deviation with the average absolute value gives some indication of how well the calculated values agree with the observed data.

Values of several properties calculated at selected molalities and at temperatures of 10°, 25°, and 40°C are reported in Tables 4-18. These properties were calculated from the parameters in Table 3 for the corresponding concentration range. Since the dilute region is of more importance for biochemical applications it is given in greater detail than the concentrated region. Table 19 gives certain auxiliary data for the pure alcohols which were used in the calculations.

On the basis of intermolecular interactions water is more similar to methanol than it is to any of the other alcohols. Thus the properties of the water-methanol system are simpler and more regular than they are for the other systems. As the number of carbon atoms in the alcohol molecule increases the solubility in water decreases. While methanol, ethanol, and the two propanols are all completely miscible with water n-butanol and the higher alcohols are only partially miscible. The rapid change in the slope of the thermodynamic properties with respect to concentration for n-propanol and iso-propanol in the range of 0.1 to 0.2 mole fraction reflects the close approach to the formation of two phases in these systems. Because of its simpler behaviour and because of the large amount of accurate experimental data available the agreement between observed and calculated values is better for methanol-water than for any of the other systems. Data for the ethanol-water system are also quite extensive, and, except for the heats of solution at low concentration, the agreement between observed and calculated values is fairly good. It is probable that it would be necessary to separate the water-ethanol data into two concentration regions to obtain a better fit. Properties for the systems of the two propanols with water cannot be represented, even, approximately, by a single set of parameters. Therefore separate sets of parameters were calculated for low and high concentration regions for these systems. The boundaries occur at 9.8 molal for n-propanol and 14 molal for iso-propanol. Values of G^E and H^E calculated from the low concentration parameters were used as input data in calculating the high concentration parameters. However, as can be seen in Tables 10-15 there are still some distinct discontinuities at the boundaries. These are especially large for enthalpy and heat capacity. This reflects the fact that there are not many good calorimetric measurements for the high concentrations, and, since these properties involve the first and second derivatives of phase equilibrium data with respect to temperature, small errors in phase equilibrium data cause large uncertainties in enthalpy and heat capacity.

The n-butanol-water system separates into two phases, identified as the water-rich, and the alcohol-rich phases. The compositions of the two phases at equilibrium depend on the temperature but are approximately 1.4 molal and 42 molal respectively. Thermodynamics requires that the activity of each component be equal in the two phases at equilibrium. Thus activities of water and alcohol calculated from the parameters for the water-rich phase were entered as data in calculating the parameters for the alcohol-rich phase. Since only phase equilibrium data were available for the alcohol-rich phase, and these were mostly confined to the temperatures of 25-30° and along the normal boiling point curve the values of enthalpy and heat capacity calculated for the alcohol-rich phase are not reliable.

Glossary of Terms and Symbols

A, A', A'' Parameters defined by equations (2), (7), and (8)

a₁, a₂, a₃, a₄ Parameters in equation (4)

a₁ Relative activity of the solvent, standard state the pure solvent

a₂ Relative activity of the solute, standard state the pure solute

a₂* Relative activity of the solute, standard state the hypothetical ideal solution at unit molality

B, B', B'' Parameters defined by equations (2), (7), and (8)

b₁, b₂, b₃, b₄ Parameters in equation (4)

C, C', C'' Parameters defined by equations (2), (7), and (8)

c₁, c₂, c₃, c₄ Parameters in equation (4)

C_p^E excess heat capacity, cal deg⁻¹ mol⁻¹

C_p heat capacity of the mixture, cal deg⁻¹ mol⁻¹

\overline{C}_1 partial molal heat capacity of the solvent in solution, cal deg⁻¹ mol⁻¹

C₁^{*} heat capacity of the pure solvent, cal deg⁻¹ mol⁻¹

\overline{C}_2 partial molal heat capacity of the solute in solution, cal deg⁻¹ mol⁻¹

C₂^{*} heat capacity of the pure solute, cal deg⁻¹ mol⁻¹

D, D', D'' Parameters defined by equations (2), (7), and (8)

d₁, d₂, d₃, d₄ Parameters in equation (4)

G^E excess Gibbs energy of mixing, cal mol⁻¹ of solution

ΔG_m^r Gibbs energy of mixing of real solution, cal mol⁻¹ of solution

ΔG_m^i Gibbs energy of mixing of ideal solution, cal mol⁻¹ of solution

ΔG_s Gibbs energy of solution, cal mol⁻¹ of solute

H^E excess enthalpy of mixing

ΔH_s enthalpy of solution, cal mol⁻¹ of solute

ΔH_s° enthalpy of solution at infinite dilution, cal mol⁻¹ of solute

ΔH_d enthalpy of dilution, cal mol⁻¹ of solute

ΔH_m heat of fusion of pure solvent, cal mol⁻¹ of solvent

h specific heat of the solution, cal deg⁻¹ mol⁻¹

\overline{L}_1 relative partial molal enthalpy of the solvent, $\overline{H}_1 - H_1^\circ$, standard state is the pure solvent, cal mol⁻¹

\overline{L}_2 relative partial molal enthalpy of the solute, $\overline{H}_2 - H_2^\circ$, standard state is the solute at infinite dilution, cal mol⁻¹

L_2^*	relative partial molal enthalpy of the pure solute, cal mol ⁻¹
M_1	molecular weight of the solvent
m	molality of the solute, mol kg ⁻¹
n_1	amount of solvent in units of moles
n_2	amount of solute in units of moles
P_t	total vapor pressure of the solution, mmHg
P_1	partial pressure of the solvent vapor in equilibrium with the solution,
P_1^*	vapor pressure of the pure solvent, mmHg
P_2	partial pressure of the solute vapor in equilibrium with the solution
P_2^*	vapor pressure of the pure solute, mmHg
R	gas constant, 1.98717 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
T	temperature °K
T_o	freezing point of the pure solvent, 273.15°K
u_i	functions in equation (27)
W_k	weighting factor of k-th data point
X_1	mole fraction of the solvent in the liquid phase
X_2	mole fraction of the solute in the liquid phase
Y_1	mole fraction of the solvent in the vapor phase
Y_2	mole fraction of the solute in the vapor phase
β_1	second virial coefficient of the gaseous solvent
β_2	second virial coefficient of the gaseous solute
δ	freezing point depression of the solution, °K
λ_1	activity coefficient of the solvent, mole fraction basis
λ_2	activity coefficient of the solute, mole fraction basis
γ_2	activity coefficient of the solute, molal basis
$\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3, \theta_4, \theta_5$	functions defined by equations (2), (5), (6), (11), and (12)
Φ	osmotic coefficient
ΦC_1	apparent molal heat capacity of the solvent, cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
ΦC_2	apparent molal heat capacity of the solute, cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
ΦL_1	relative apparent molal enthalpy of the solvent, cal mol ⁻¹
ΦL_2	relative apparent molal enthalpy of the solute, cal mol ⁻¹

Table 1

Identification of Sources of Data Entered into the Least Squares Fit for
 the Thermodynamic Properties of Alcohol-Water Systems
 (numbers refer to the citations in the bibliography)

Methanol

activity and phase equilibrium data: 89, 131, 184, 221, 338, 426, 567, 609
 enthalpy data: 9, 18, 45, 53, 64, 338, 354, 358, 458
 heat capacity data: 64, 338

Ethanol

activity and phase equilibrium data: 49, 124, 131, 146, 293, 338, 380, 408, 609
 enthalpy data: 9, 18, 22, 53, 64, 68, 263, 338, 351, 358
 heat capacity data: 64, 338, 484

n-Propanol, low concentration range

activity and phase equilibrium data: 87, 89, 195, 241, 338, 417, 490, 609
 enthalpy data: 9, 18, 22, 23, 39, 64, 142, 294, 263, 338, 351
 heat capacity data: 64, 338

n-Propanol, high concentration range

activity and phase equilibrium data: 89, 195, 241
 enthalpy data: 39, 194
 heat capacity data: 64

iso-Propanol, low concentration range

activity and phase equilibrium data: 79, 89, 338, 569, 609, 615
 enthalpy data: 9, 18, 142, 263, 301, 338, 351, 354
 heat capacity data: 301, 338

iso-Propanol, high concentration range

activity and phase equilibrium data: 79, 569, 615
 enthalpy data: 301, 354
 heat capacity data: 301

n-Butanol, water-rich phase

activity and phase equilibrium data: 87, 89, 172, 260, 338, 469, 526, 535, 588
 enthalpy data: 9, 18, 23, 263, 338, 351
 heat capacity data: 338

n-Butanol, alcohol-rich phase

activity and phase equilibrium data: 87, 172, 260, 469, 526, 535

Table 2. Thermodynamic Properties of Binary Systems of Alcohols and Water
Summary of Least Squares Fitting Computations

Solute	Methanol	Ethanol	n-Propanol	n-Propanol	iso-Propanol	iso-Propanol	n-Butanol	n-Butanol
Data Set Number	11	7	10	12	6	8	5	6
Number of data points	406	421	178	176	192	167	116	73
Range of Data								
molality	0 - ∞	0 - ∞	0 - 9.8	9.8 - ∞	0 - 14	14 - ∞	0 - 1.4	42 - ∞
temperature, °C	-10 - 100	-8 - 100	-4 - 95	0 - 95	-7 - 99	+10 - 81	-3 - 99	+25 - 115
Comparison of Calculated with Observed Data								
Property: activity of solute, a_2								
number of points	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	15
avg. abs. value							0.368	0.822
R. M. S. deviation							0.009	0.017
Property: activity coefficient of the solute, λ_2								
number of points	9	0	12	29	1	0	1	0
avg. abs. value	1.09		6.65	1.41	7.70		52.9	
R. M. S. deviation	0.037		0.661	0.122	1.39		2.2	
Property: logarithm of activity coefficient, $\ln \lambda_2$								
number of points	0	0	2	8	0	0	0	0
avg. abs. value			2.106	0.607				
R. M. S. deviation			0.720	0.189				
Property: vapor pressure of the solute, P_2 , mm								
number of points	10	7	5	6	16	30	2	2
avg. abs. value	130.1	23.4	9.07	16.8	53.0	115.2	3.92	5.68
R. M. S. deviation	1.90	1.08	0.71	1.97	6.50	5.78	0.15	0.64
Property: mole fraction of solute in the vapor phase, Y_2								
number of points	71	118	6	11	37	86	23	41
avg. abs. value	0.538	0.463	0.294	0.561	0.373	0.675	0.168	0.431
R. M. S. deviation	0.016	0.037	0.016	0.063	0.028	0.030	0.009	0.011

Table 2. (continued)

	Methanol	Ethanol	n-Propanol	n-Propanol	iso-Propanol	iso-Propanol	n-Butanol	n-Butanol
property: activity of the solvent, a_1								
number of points	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	15
avg. abs. value							0.990	0.765
							0.003	0.099
property: activity coefficient of the solvent, λ_1								
number of points	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
avg. abs. value	1.093							
R. M. S. deviation	0.037							
property: freezing point depression, δ °C								
number of points	50	51	29	0	41	0	44	0
avg. abs. value	3.187	2.035	1.558		2.100		0.765	
R. M. S. deviation	0.129	0.025	0.288		0.294		0.016	
property: excess enthalpy of mixing, H^E , cal mol ⁻¹ of solution								
number of points	120	108	43	82	29	26	10	0
avg. abs. value	149.8	106.2	79.4	52.6	127.4	52.1	46.7	
R. M. S. deviation	56.8	38.8	8.47	17.9	6.8	16.4	0.76	
property: $H^E/(X_1 X_2)$, cal mol ⁻¹								
number of points	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
avg. abs. value	1810.4	2610.2						
R. M. S. deviation	26.7	393.1						
Property: heat of solution, ΔH_s , cal mol ⁻¹ of solute								
number of points	1	6	17	0	12	0	14	0
avg. abs. value	1754.0	2406.3	2330.8		2936.0		2199.9	
R. M. S. deviation	17.9	386.4	135.6		110.9		95.8	
Property: Relative partial molal enthalpy, \bar{L}_1 , cal mol ⁻¹								
number of points	9	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
avg. abs. value	301.7	157.1						
R. M. S. deviation	63.6	61.4						

Table 2. (continued)

	Methanol	Ethanol	n-Propanol	n-Propanol	iso-Propanol	iso-Propanol	n-Butanol	n-Butanol
Property: relative apparent molal enthalpy, ΦL_2 , cal mol $^{-1}$								
number of points	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
avg. abs. value	86.0							
R. M. S. deviation	11.7							
Property: heat of dilution, ΔH_d , cal mol $^{-1}$ of solute								
number of points	13	10	10	0	14	0	0	0
avg. abs. value	12.0	10.3	26.1		562.3			
R. M. S. deviation	2.39	3.88	0.73		184.3			
Property: specific heat of the solution, h , cal deg $^{-1}$ g $^{-1}$								
number of points	56	78	24	35	0	0	0	0
avg. abs. value	0.843	0.874	1.021	0.784				
R. M. S. deviation	0.011	0.021	0.032	0.135				
Property: heat capacity of the solution, C_p , cal deg $^{-1}$ mol $^{-1}$								
number of points	40	28	30	0	42	25	20	0
avg. abs. value	18.9	20.2	21.1		21.9	33.8	19.5	
R. M. S. deviation	0.27	0.58	1.15		0.61	5.19	0.29	

Table 3
Numerical Values of Parameters in Equation (4) from Least Squares Calculation

	Methanol	Ethanol	Ethanol	n-Propanol	n-Propanol	iso-Pro- panol	iso-Pro- panol	n-Butanol	n-Butanol
range of molality	0 - ∞	0 - 14	14 - ∞	0 - 9.8	9.8 - ∞	0 - 14	14 - ∞	0 - 1.4	42 - ∞
$a_1 \times 10^{-4}$	-1.426567	-2.681153	-2.070652	-3.325973	-2.325295	-1.484272	-5.699351	-4.403041	-1430.150
$a_2 \times 10^{-3}$	0.4176052	0.7907417	0.5659524	0.9712568	0.6947976	0.2442485	1.914527	1.348754	481.4916
$a_3 \times 10^{-2}$	-0.6958054	-1.311920	-0.9211317	-1.598260	-1.143315	-0.3229585	-3.263401	-2.241216	-822.5050
$a_4 \times 10^{-1}$	0.9243762	1.655038	1.037934	1.876236	1.340342	-0.2274581	4.713144	2.804970	1177.142
$b_1 \times 10^{-4}$	7.719469	10.66938	8.947881	-54.41441	13.87444	-42.49051	21.74846	-0.4838133	5714.614
$b_2 \times 10^{-3}$	-2.630878	-4.328703	-2.607274	18.45489	-4.635242	14.00195	-7.294363	-5.314063	-1903.342
$b_3 \times 10^{-2}$	4.513264	7.699229	4.337329	-31.48880	7.909143	-23.72127	12.45070	11.46905	3243.711
$b_4 \times 10^{-1}$	-6.681843	-13.96788	-5.473378	43.93384	-11.49799	31.63783	-17.91006	-39.94453	-4574.678
$c_1 \times 10^{-4}$	-12.63566	-0.9577277	-12.63447	1028.317	-25.30840	170.5421	-33.64971	7487.429	-6461.206
$c_2 \times 10^{-3}$	4.570578	11.24613	3.797507	-339.0889	8.683906	-25.00656	11.17430	-2587.888	2113.520
$c_3 \times 10^{-2}$	-7.915154	-23.33056	-6.373694	576.1530	-14.90952	30.30118	-19.00695	4438.648	-3587.365
$c_4 \times 10^{-1}$	12.17517	69.93882	8.488408	-794.4296	22.34831	67.19030	26.50370	-6468.076	4931.160
$d_1 \times 10^{-4}$	6.341995	-16.82243	5.803186	-3671.861	15.45912	137.4587	17.48412	0.000000	1572.777
$d_2 \times 10^{-3}$	-2.396337	-25.08110	-1.781041	1202.870	-5.377262	-173.4256	-5.729617	0.000000	-494.8280
$d_3 \times 10^{-2}$	4.173638	54.34871	3.004988	-2041.646	9.258728	344.1377	9.705559	0.000000	832.3319
$d_4 \times 10^{-1}$	-6.541940	-179.2110	-4.121087	2802.490	-14.06200	-914.7098	-13.09524	0.000000	-1077.016

TABLE 4
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM METHANOL-WATER AT 10°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Activity of solute γ_2	Act.Coeff.	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s	Heat of solution ΔH_s	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-2105.1*	-1975.0*	0.0	0.0	18.06	35.98	
0.02	0.9996	0.9997	-4867.8	-1973.2	-0.0	3.6	18.06	35.92	
0.05	0.9991	0.9993	-4353.3	-1970.6	-0.0	8.9	18.06	35.82	
0.10	0.9982	0.9985	-3963.8	-1966.1	-0.0	17.8	18.06	35.66	
0.15	0.9973	0.9978	-3735.7	-1961.7	-0.0	26.6	18.06	35.50	
0.20	0.9964	0.9971	-3574.2	-1957.3	-0.1	35.4	18.06	35.34	
0.30	0.9946	0.9956	-3346.4	-1948.5	-0.1	52.8	18.07	35.03	
0.40	0.9928	0.9941	-3185.0	-1939.8	-0.3	70.1	18.07	34.72	
0.50	0.9911	0.9926	-3059.8	-1931.1	-0.4	87.3	18.07	34.42	
0.60	0.9893	0.9912	-2957.7	-1922.4	-0.6	104.3	18.07	34.12	
0.70	0.9875	0.9897	-2871.4	-1913.9	-0.8	121.1	18.08	33.83	
0.80	0.9858	0.9882	-2796.6	-1905.3	-1.0	137.9	18.08	33.54	
0.90	0.9840	0.9867	-2730.8	-1896.8	-1.2	154.5	18.08	33.26	
1.00	0.9823	0.9853	-2671.9	-1888.4	-1.5	170.9	18.09	32.98	
1.20	0.9788	0.9823	-2570.2	-1871.6	-2.2	203.4	18.10	32.43	
1.40	0.9754	0.9793	-2484.3	-1855.1	-2.9	235.3	18.11	31.91	
1.60	0.9719	0.9763	-2410.0	-1838.7	-3.8	266.6	18.13	31.30	
1.80	0.9685	0.9733	-2344.6	-1822.5	-4.7	297.5	18.14	30.90	
2.00	0.9651	0.9703	-2286.2	-1806.5	-5.7	327.8	18.16	30.42	
2.50	0.9568	0.9628	-2162.8	-1767.2	-8.7	401.3	18.20	29.28	
3.00	0.9486	0.9553	-2062.3	-1729.1	-12.2	471.7	18.26	28.23	
4.00	0.9326	0.9401	-1904.9	-1655.9	-20.5	603.6	18.37	26.37	
5.00	0.9171	0.9249	-1783.7	-1586.7	-30.3	724.5	18.50	24.78	
6.00	0.9023	0.9096	-1685.7	-1521.3	-41.3	835.8	18.64	23.43	
7.00	0.8879	0.8943	-1603.5	-1459.5	-53.1	936.8	18.77	22.28	
8.00	0.8741	0.8791	-1533.0	-1400.9	-65.7	1029.7	18.90	21.30	
9.00	0.8608	0.8640	-1471.4	-1345.5	-77.7	1114.7	19.03	20.48	
10.00	0.8479	0.8489	-1416.9	-1293.0	-92.0	1192.8	19.15	19.78	
12.00	0.8237	0.8194	-1323.8	-1196.3	-118.9	1328.7	19.36	18.70	
14.00	0.8012	0.7907	-1246.8	-1109.3	-145.5	1442.5	19.53	17.95	
16.00	0.7804	0.7629	-1181.5	-1031.1	-171.1	1537.6	19.67	17.44	
18.00	0.7610	0.7362	-1125.0	-960.6	-195.4	1616.9	19.77	17.10	
20.00	0.7430	0.7106	-1075.6	-897.0	-217.9	1682.9	19.84	16.91	
30.00	0.6694	0.6002	-896.5	-657.9	-302.5	1876.8	19.82	16.91	
40.00	0.6150	0.5157	-781.7	-507.7	-345.1	1946.2	19.50	17.42	
50.00	0.5724	0.4510	-700.4	-409.6	-359.0	1963.9	19.12	17.89	
60.00	0.5373	0.4007	-639.2	-343.3	-356.0	1961.0	18.78	18.23	
80.00	0.4808	0.3286	-551.7	-263.5	-329.1	1939.9	18.31	18.62	
100.00	0.4353	0.2796	-490.8	-219.8	-299.0	1921.2	18.07	18.77	
150.00	0.3493	0.2059	-394.1	-168.5	-260.5	1902.9	17.98	18.82	
200.00	0.2883	0.1642	-334.7	-144.3	-268.9	1905.4	18.09	18.78	
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	-1161.8	1975.0	17.50	18.75	

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 12, 1970

TABLE 5
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM METHANOL-WATER AT 25°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Act.Coeff. of solute γ_2	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-2118.4*	-1737.3*	0.0	0.0	18.00	33.85
0.02	0.9996	0.9994	-5027.5	-1736.0	-0.0	2.7	18.00	33.80
0.05	0.9991	0.9986	-4485.9	-1733.9	-0.0	6.8	18.00	33.73
0.10	0.9982	0.9971	-4075.9	-1730.6	-0.0	13.5	18.00	33.61
0.15	0.9973	0.9957	-3836.0	-1727.2	-0.0	20.3	18.00	33.49
0.20	0.9964	0.9943	-3666.1	-1723.8	-0.0	27.0	18.00	33.37
0.30	0.9946	0.9915	-3426.7	-1717.1	-0.1	40.3	18.00	33.14
0.40	0.9929	0.9887	-3257.1	-1710.4	-0.2	53.6	18.00	32.91
0.50	0.9911	0.9859	-3125.7	-1703.8	-0.3	66.8	18.00	32.68
0.60	0.9893	0.9831	-3018.6	-1697.1	-0.4	79.9	18.01	32.46
0.70	0.9876	0.9803	-2928.1	-1690.5	-0.6	92.9	18.01	32.24
0.80	0.9859	0.9776	-2849.8	-1684.0	-0.8	105.8	18.01	32.02
0.90	0.9841	0.9748	-2780.9	-1677.4	-1.0	118.7	18.01	31.81
1.00	0.9824	0.9721	-2719.3	-1670.9	-1.2	131.5	18.02	31.60
1.20	0.9790	0.9667	-2612.9	-1657.9	-1.7	156.7	18.03	31.18
1.40	0.9756	0.9613	-2523.3	-1645.1	-2.3	181.7	18.04	30.78
1.60	0.9722	0.9560	-2445.8	-1632.4	-2.9	206.3	18.05	30.39
1.80	0.9689	0.9507	-2377.7	-1619.8	-3.7	230.6	18.06	30.02
2.00	0.9656	0.9455	-2316.9	-1607.3	-4.5	254.5	18.07	29.65
2.50	0.9574	0.9327	-2188.8	-1576.5	-6.9	313.0	18.10	28.78
3.00	0.9495	0.9202	-2084.9	-1546.4	-9.6	369.5	18.14	27.98
4.00	0.9341	0.8960	-1922.5	-1488.2	-16.4	476.6	18.24	26.53
5.00	0.9194	0.8728	-1798.3	-1432.6	-24.5	576.2	18.34	25.28
6.00	0.9053	0.8506	-1698.1	-1379.6	-33.6	668.8	18.44	24.20
7.00	0.8917	0.8294	-1614.6	-1328.9	-43.7	754.7	18.55	23.27
8.00	0.8788	0.8090	-1543.2	-1280.6	-54.4	834.2	18.66	22.47
9.00	0.8663	0.7895	-1481.0	-1234.5	-65.7	907.9	18.77	21.78
10.00	0.8544	0.7707	-1426.1	-1190.6	-77.3	976.0	18.87	21.19
12.00	0.8318	0.7354	-1332.9	-1108.7	-101.2	1097.0	19.05	20.24
14.00	0.8109	0.7028	-1256.0	-1034.2	-125.3	1200.0	19.22	19.54
16.00	0.7916	0.6726	-1191.1	-966.5	-148.9	1287.4	19.35	19.03
18.00	0.7736	0.6446	-1135.2	-904.9	-171.5	1361.5	19.46	18.67
20.00	0.7567	0.6187	-1086.3	-848.8	-192.9	1424.0	19.55	18.42
30.00	0.6869	0.5136	-909.7	-633.7	-276.6	1615.3	19.70	18.05
40.00	0.6336	0.4385	-796.5	-494.9	-322.5	1690.0	19.57	18.25
50.00	0.5906	0.3828	-716.0	-402.5	-340.9	1713.2	19.35	18.52
60.00	0.5544	0.3401	-654.9	-339.2	-342.2	1714.7	19.12	18.76
80.00	0.4950	0.2793	-566.9	-261.8	-321.7	1698.7	18.74	19.07
100.00	0.4471	0.2380	-505.2	-218.9	-295.4	1682.4	18.48	19.23
150.00	0.3576	0.1756	-406.0	-167.9	-259.6	1665.5	18.20	19.36
200.00	0.2954	0.1400	-344.7	-143.8	-267.7	1667.8	18.13	19.38
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	-1167.4	1737.3	17.81	19.39

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 12, 1970

TABLE 6
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM METHANOL-WATER AT 40°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Act.Coeff. γ_2	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-2142.6*	-1541.2*	0.0	0.0	17.98	31.66
0.02	0.9996	0.9992	-5198.1	-1540.2	-0.0	2.1	17.98	31.62
0.05	0.9991	0.9981	-4629.3	-1538.6	-0.0	5.3	17.98	31.58
0.10	0.9982	0.9962	-4198.9	-1536.0	-0.0	10.5	17.98	31.50
0.15	0.9973	0.9943	-3947.0	-1533.3	-0.0	15.8	17.98	31.42
0.20	0.9964	0.9924	-3768.7	-1530.7	-0.0	21.0	17.98	31.34
0.30	0.9946	0.9886	-3517.6	-1525.5	-0.1	31.4	17.98	31.18
0.40	0.9929	0.9849	-3339.8	-1520.2	-0.2	41.8	17.98	31.03
0.50	0.9911	0.9812	-3202.1	-1515.0	-0.2	52.2	17.99	30.88
0.60	0.9894	0.9775	-3089.8	-1509.8	-0.3	62.5	17.99	30.73
0.70	0.9876	0.9738	-2995.1	-1504.7	-0.5	72.8	17.99	30.58
0.80	0.9859	0.9702	-2913.1	-1499.5	-0.6	83.0	17.99	30.44
0.90	0.9842	0.9665	-2841.1	-1494.4	-0.8	93.1	17.99	30.29
1.00	0.9825	0.9630	-2776.7	-1489.2	-0.9	103.3	18.00	30.15
1.20	0.9791	0.9558	-2665.5	-1479.0	-1.3	123.3	18.00	29.87
1.40	0.9757	0.9488	-2571.9	-1468.9	-1.8	143.3	18.01	29.60
1.60	0.9724	0.9419	-2491.1	-1458.8	-2.3	163.0	18.01	29.34
1.80	0.9691	0.9351	-2420.2	-1448.7	-2.9	182.5	18.02	29.08
2.00	0.9659	0.9283	-2356.9	-1438.8	-3.6	201.8	18.03	28.83
2.50	0.9579	0.9118	-2223.7	-1414.1	-5.5	249.2	18.06	28.22
3.00	0.9502	0.8959	-2115.9	-1389.9	-7.8	295.4	18.08	27.66
4.00	0.9352	0.8654	-1948.0	-1342.7	-13.4	384.0	18.15	26.63
5.00	0.9210	0.8369	-1820.1	-1297.2	-20.1	467.5	18.22	25.72
6.00	0.9075	0.8100	-1717.3	-1253.3	-27.9	545.9	18.30	24.92
7.00	0.8946	0.7847	-1631.9	-1211.2	-36.5	619.5	18.38	24.21
8.00	0.8823	0.7609	-1559.2	-1170.6	-45.8	688.4	18.47	23.58
9.00	0.8706	0.7384	-1496.0	-1131.7	-55.6	752.6	18.55	23.03
10.00	0.8593	0.7171	-1440.4	-1094.4	-65.9	812.6	18.64	22.54
12.00	0.8382	0.6779	-1346.3	-1024.2	-87.2	920.3	18.80	21.72
14.00	0.8187	0.6427	-1269.1	-959.8	-108.9	1013.3	18.95	21.08
16.00	0.8006	0.6110	-1204.0	-900.7	-130.5	1093.1	19.08	20.57
18.00	0.7837	0.5822	-1148.2	-846.5	-151.4	1161.5	19.21	20.18
20.00	0.7680	0.5560	-1099.5	-796.8	-171.3	1219.9	19.31	19.87
30.00	0.7018	0.4547	-924.3	-603.6	-251.5	1402.9	19.63	19.14
40.00	0.6498	0.3858	-812.1	-476.4	-297.9	1478.2	19.70	19.02
50.00	0.6066	0.3361	-732.1	-390.6	-318.4	1504.0	19.63	19.09
60.00	0.5695	0.2986	-671.1	-331.2	-322.3	1508.2	19.51	19.22
80.00	0.5078	0.2455	-582.4	-257.9	-307.0	1496.3	19.21	19.45
100.00	0.4577	0.2094	-519.7	-216.7	-284.5	1482.4	18.94	19.62
150.00	0.3651	0.1547	-418.0	-167.2	-254.4	1468.1	18.48	19.84
200.00	0.3018	0.1233	-354.9	-143.5	-264.9	1471.3	18.23	19.92
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	-1167.3	1541.2	18.17	19.97

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 12, 1970

TABLE 7
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM ETHANOL-WATER AT 10°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent	Act.Coeff. a_1	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-1635.1*	-2933.6*	0.0	0.0	18.06	63.11
0.02	0.9996	0.9987	-4398.1	-2932.3	-0.0	2.6	18.06	63.09
0.05	0.9991	0.9967	-3844.0	-2930.3	-0.0	6.7	18.06	63.07
0.10	0.9982	0.9936	-3495.2	-2926.8	-0.0	13.8	18.06	63.03
0.15	0.9973	0.9904	-3267.8	-2923.2	-0.0	21.3	18.06	62.98
0.20	0.9964	0.9874	-3106.9	-2919.5	-0.1	29.3	18.06	62.93
0.30	0.9947	0.9814	-2880.6	-2911.7	-0.1	46.2	18.06	62.79
0.40	0.9929	0.9758	-2720.4	-2903.3	-0.2	64.6	18.07	62.63
0.50	0.9912	0.9703	-2596.5	-2894.5	-0.4	84.5	18.07	62.44
0.60	0.9894	0.9650	-2495.5	-2885.2	-0.6	105.6	18.07	62.23
0.70	0.9877	0.9600	-2410.4	-2875.4	-0.9	128.0	18.07	61.99
0.80	0.9860	0.9551	-2336.8	-2865.3	-1.2	151.6	18.08	61.73
0.90	0.9843	0.9504	-2272.1	-2854.6	-1.6	176.3	18.08	61.44
1.00	0.9826	0.9459	-2214.3	-2843.6	-2.0	202.1	18.08	61.14
1.20	0.9793	0.9374	-2114.6	-2820.5	-3.1	256.7	18.10	60.47
1.40	0.9759	0.9294	-2030.6	-2795.8	-4.5	314.9	18.12	59.73
1.60	0.9726	0.9220	-1958.2	-2769.9	-6.1	376.3	18.14	58.92
1.80	0.9693	0.9151	-1894.5	-2742.7	-8.1	440.6	18.16	58.06
2.00	0.9661	0.9086	-1837.6	-2714.4	-10.4	507.2	18.19	57.15
2.50	0.9581	0.8939	-1717.8	-2639.5	-17.5	682.3	18.29	54.69
3.00	0.9502	0.8809	-1620.5	-2559.6	-26.6	865.4	18.43	52.04
4.00	0.9347	0.8580	-1468.2	-2390.0	-50.2	1239.5	18.78	46.49
5.00	0.9199	0.8369	-1351.2	-2214.2	-79.5	1602.2	19.22	41.00
6.00	0.9058	0.8154	-1256.6	-2038.9	-112.3	1934.0	19.72	35.92
7.00	0.8927	0.7922	-1177.9	-1869.3	-145.9	2221.3	20.24	31.50
8.00	0.8806	0.7667	-1110.9	-1709.4	-177.5	2455.6	20.72	27.92
9.00	0.8699	0.7385	-1053.1	-1562.3	-204.3	2631.5	21.13	25.28
10.00	0.8606	0.7077	-1002.9	-1430.0	-223.9	2746.6	21.41	23.62
12.00	0.8470	0.6398	-920.5	-1215.5	-232.6	2794.1	21.45	23.33
14.00	0.8352	0.5818	-856.5	-1068.1	-237.9	2808.6	20.87	25.86
16.00	0.8238	0.5357	-804.4	-943.9	-263.6	2904.1	21.18	24.72
18.00	0.8142	0.4947	-761.2	-838.3	-284.1	2971.5	21.43	23.90
20.00	0.8061	0.4586	-724.6	-748.2	-299.9	3017.8	21.62	23.34
30.00	0.7777	0.3318	-603.6	-455.0	-324.9	3079.8	21.92	22.58
40.00	0.7566	0.2601	-534.9	-308.7	-300.4	3041.7	21.61	23.06
50.00	0.7348	0.2157	-489.3	-230.3	-261.5	2993.6	21.10	23.70
60.00	0.7107	0.1859	-455.6	-185.2	-223.9	2955.5	20.57	24.24
80.00	0.6575	0.1483	-406.7	-139.6	-170.6	2912.3	19.71	24.93
100.00	0.6039	0.1251	-370.9	-117.8	-145.7	2896.6	19.16	25.27
150.00	0.4895	0.0917	-308.8	-91.5	-149.4	2897.4	18.59	25.54
200.00	0.4068	0.0730	-267.1	-76.4	-181.8	2907.7	18.47	25.58
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	-339.0	2933.6	17.17	25.64

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 12, 1970,

TABLE 8
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM ETHANOL-WATER AT 25°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Act.Coeff. of solute γ_2	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s	Heat of solution ΔH_s	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol $^{-1}$	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol $^{-1}$	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg $^{-1}$ mol $^{-1}$	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg $^{-1}$ mol $^{-1}$
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-1580.3*	-2408.8*	0.0	0.0	18.00	59.40
0.02	0.9996	0.9985	-4489.7	-2407.5	-0.0	2.7	18.00	59.42
0.05	0.9991	0.9962	-3948.5	-2405.4	-0.0	6.8	18.00	59.45
0.10	0.9982	0.9923	-3539.2	-2402.0	-0.0	14.0	18.00	59.49
0.15	0.9973	0.9886	-3300.0	-2398.4	-0.0	21.3	18.00	59.53
0.20	0.9964	0.9848	-3130.8	-2394.7	-0.1	29.0	18.00	59.55
0.30	0.9947	0.9775	-2892.8	-2387.1	-0.1	45.1	18.00	59.57
0.40	0.9929	0.9703	-2724.6	-2379.1	-0.2	62.2	18.00	59.56
0.50	0.9912	0.9632	-2594.6	-2370.8	-0.4	80.3	18.00	59.51
0.60	0.9895	0.9563	-2488.8	-2362.2	-0.6	99.3	18.00	59.44
0.70	0.9878	0.9495	-2399.6	-2353.3	-0.8	119.1	18.00	59.33
0.80	0.9861	0.9428	-2322.7	-2344.1	-1.1	139.7	18.00	59.20
0.90	0.9844	0.9363	-2255.1	-2334.6	-1.4	161.1	18.00	59.04
1.00	0.9828	0.9299	-2194.7	-2324.8	-1.8	183.2	18.01	58.86
1.20	0.9795	0.9174	-2090.9	-2304.4	-2.7	229.5	18.02	58.42
1.40	0.9763	0.9053	-2003.7	-2283.1	-3.8	278.2	18.03	57.89
1.60	0.9731	0.8936	-1928.7	-2260.9	-5.2	329.1	18.04	57.29
1.80	0.9700	0.8822	-1862.9	-2237.8	-6.8	381.8	18.07	56.01
2.00	0.9669	0.8712	-1804.4	-2214.1	-8.7	436.1	18.09	55.87
2.50	0.9594	0.8451	-1681.9	-2151.8	-14.4	577.1	18.18	53.80
3.00	0.9522	0.8206	-1583.3	-2086.4	-21.6	723.0	18.29	51.47
4.00	0.9385	0.7758	-1431.0	-1949.3	-40.2	1017.6	18.61	46.43
5.00	0.9258	0.7352	-1316.1	-1809.1	-63.1	1300.7	19.02	41.31
6.00	0.9140	0.6976	-1224.9	-1670.4	-88.6	1558.5	19.50	36.54
7.00	0.9031	0.6625	-1150.0	-1536.8	-114.7	1781.8	19.98	32.40
8.00	0.8932	0.6292	-1087.1	-1411.2	-139.4	1964.5	20.42	29.11
9.00	0.8842	0.5976	-1033.2	-1295.7	-160.5	2103.0	20.78	26.77
10.00	0.8762	0.5674	-986.6	-1191.7	-176.3	2195.9	21.00	25.47
12.00	0.8629	0.5108	-910.0	-1021.9	-185.6	2245.5	20.88	26.02
14.00	0.8516	0.4634	-849.6	-902.2	-197.9	2291.1	20.53	27.64
16.00	0.8418	0.4233	-800.8	-799.0	-219.1	2369.9	20.82	26.56
18.00	0.8334	0.3888	-760.3	-711.3	-236.0	2425.3	21.05	25.78
20.00	0.8261	0.3591	-726.2	-636.5	-248.9	2463.2	21.24	25.22
30.00	0.7986	0.2585	-613.0	-393.4	-268.8	2512.8	21.62	24.32
40.00	0.7754	0.2033	-547.7	-272.6	-248.1	2480.5	21.42	24.62
50.00	0.7507	0.1693	-503.5	-207.8	-216.1	2441.0	21.02	25.12
60.00	0.7238	0.1463	-470.2	-170.5	-185.8	2410.2	20.58	25.56
80.00	0.6669	0.1171	-420.9	-132.4	-144.5	2376.7	19.84	26.16
100.00	0.6113	0.0989	-384.3	-113.7	-127.5	2365.9	19.33	26.48
150.00	0.4959	0.0725	-320.2	-89.8	-140.0	2370.8	18.73	26.76
200.00	0.4135	0.0576	-277.2	-75.5	-174.7	2381.9	18.54	26.82
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	-350.8	2408.8	17.31	26.90

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 12, 1970.

TABLE 9
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM ETHANOL-WATER AT 40°C

Molality <i>m</i>	Activity of solvent <i>a</i> ₁	Activity of solute <i>γ</i> ₂	Act.Coeff.	Gibbs Energy of solution $ΔG_s$ cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution $ΔH_s$ cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-1550.1*	-1958.5*	0.0	0.0	17.98	55.90	
0.02	0.9996	0.9982	-4605.9	-1956.9	-0.0	3.3	17.98	55.95	
0.05	0.9991	0.9956	-4037.6	-1954.4	-0.0	8.2	17.98	56.03	
0.10	0.9982	0.9911	-3607.9	-1950.3	-0.0	16.6	17.98	56.15	
0.15	0.9973	0.9867	-3356.9	-1946.1	-0.0	25.0	17.98	56.27	
0.20	0.9964	0.9824	-3179.4	-1941.9	-0.1	33.7	17.98	56.37	
0.30	0.9947	0.9737	-2929.8	-1933.3	-0.1	51.2	17.98	56.55	
0.40	0.9929	0.9652	-2753.5	-1924.6	-0.3	69.3	17.98	56.68	
0.50	0.9912	0.9568	-2617.4	-1915.7	-0.4	87.8	17.98	56.78	
0.60	0.9895	0.9485	-2506.7	-1906.6	-0.6	106.6	17.98	56.85	
0.70	0.9878	0.9403	-2413.5	-1897.4	-0.8	125.9	17.98	56.88	
0.80	0.9862	0.9322	-2333.1	-1888.1	-1.1	145.5	17.98	56.88	
0.90	0.9845	0.9242	-2262.6	-1878.6	-1.4	165.5	17.98	56.84	
1.00	0.9829	0.9162	-2199.7	-1869.1	-1.7	185.8	17.98	56.78	
1.20	0.9797	0.9007	-2091.7	-1849.6	-2.6	227.2	17.98	56.57	
1.40	0.9766	0.8856	-2001.1	-1829.7	-3.6	269.7	17.99	56.26	
1.60	0.9735	0.8709	-1923.3	-1809.4	-4.7	312.9	18.00	55.85	
1.80	0.9705	0.8565	-1855.4	-1788.7	-6.1	356.9	18.02	55.36	
2.00	0.9676	0.8424	-1795.1	-1767.8	-7.6	401.4	18.04	54.80	
2.50	0.9605	0.8088	-1669.3	-1714.4	-12.2	514.1	18.11	53.10	
3.00	0.9537	0.7773	-1568.7	-1660.0	-17.8	627.5	18.21	51.10	
4.00	0.9413	0.7196	-1414.9	-1549.7	-31.8	850.3	18.49	46.56	
5.00	0.9300	0.6685	-1300.6	-1440.2	-48.7	1059.4	18.88	41.82	
6.00	0.9198	0.6230	-1211.0	-1334.0	-67.4	1248.0	19.32	37.36	
7.00	0.9105	0.5824	-1138.2	-1232.9	-86.5	1411.4	19.77	33.51	
8.00	0.9020	0.5461	-1077.6	-1138.4	-104.7	1546.7	20.17	30.49	
9.00	0.8943	0.5136	-1026.1	-1051.5	-120.9	1652.6	20.48	28.47	
10.00	0.8872	0.4843	-981.7	-972.9	-133.8	1728.5	20.64	27.51	
12.00	0.8746	0.4341	-908.9	-842.2	-146.2	1792.8	20.35	28.92	
14.00	0.8641	0.3919	-851.0	-745.3	-162.0	1855.6	20.23	29.61	
16.00	0.8554	0.3560	-804.4	-660.8	-179.0	1918.8	20.50	28.60	
18.00	0.8479	0.3257	-765.9	-589.2	-192.4	1962.7	20.73	27.85	
20.00	0.8413	0.2999	-733.5	-528.3	-202.6	1992.4	20.92	27.30	
30.00	0.8145	0.2152	-625.7	-331.5	-216.4	2027.4	21.36	26.26	
40.00	0.7895	0.1696	-562.6	-234.6	-197.7	1998.2	21.28	26.37	
50.00	0.7626	0.1416	-519.1	-183.2	-170.9	1965.1	20.99	26.73	
60.00	0.7336	0.1227	-485.8	-153.8	-146.5	1940.3	20.64	27.08	
80.00	0.6740	0.0985	-435.8	-123.6	-115.5	1915.0	20.01	27.59	
100.00	0.6171	0.0832	-398.2	-108.4	-105.8	1908.9	19.54	27.88	
150.00	0.5012	0.0609	-332.0	-87.7	-127.5	1918.0	18.92	28.17	
200.00	0.4191	0.0484	-287.5	-74.3	-165.6	1930.2	18.66	28.26	
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	-359.6	1958.5	17.50	28.36	

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 12, 1970,

TABLE 10
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *n*-PROPANOL-WATER AT 10°C

Molality <i>m</i>	Activity of solvent <i>a</i> ₁	Activity of solute <i>γ</i> ₂	Act.Coeff.	Gibbs Energy of solution $ΔG_s$ cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution $ΔH_s$ cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-972.9*	-3047.5*	0.0	0.0	18.06	85.17	
0.02	0.9996	0.9975	-3736.3	-3048.1	0.0	-1.1	18.06	85.61	
0.05	0.9991	0.9938	-3222.7	-3048.8	0.0	-2.3	18.06	86.24	
0.10	0.9982	0.9877	-2834.7	-3049.5	0.0	-2.9	18.05	87.23	
0.15	0.9973	0.9817	-2608.1	-3049.7	-0.0	-2.0	18.06	88.16	
0.20	0.9964	0.9759	-2448.1	-3049.4	-0.0	0.6	18.06	89.03	
0.30	0.9947	0.9645	-2223.3	-3047.1	-0.1	10.1	18.05	90.57	
0.40	0.9930	0.9536	-2064.8	-3042.9	-0.1	25.4	18.04	91.89	
0.50	0.9913	0.9430	-1942.5	-3036.8	-0.3	46.1	18.03	92.97	
0.60	0.9896	0.9328	-1843.1	-3028.8	-0.6	72.0	18.02	93.85	
0.70	0.9880	0.9230	-1759.5	-3019.0	-0.9	102.8	18.02	94.52	
0.80	0.9863	0.9135	-1687.4	-3007.6	-1.4	138.1	18.01	94.99	
0.90	0.9847	0.9043	-1624.3	-2994.5	-2.0	177.7	18.01	95.28	
1.00	0.9831	0.8953	-1568.0	-2979.9	-2.8	221.4	18.00	95.39	
1.20	0.9799	0.8782	-1471.3	-2946.2	-4.7	319.9	18.01	95.13	
1.40	0.9768	0.8620	-1390.3	-2907.2	-7.3	431.6	18.03	94.27	
1.60	0.9738	0.8466	-1320.7	-2863.2	-10.7	554.6	18.07	92.89	
1.80	0.9708	0.8318	-1259.9	-2814.8	-14.7	687.2	18.12	91.04	
2.00	0.9679	0.8177	-1206.0	-2762.4	-19.6	827.8	18.20	88.78	
2.50	0.9608	0.7843	-1093.3	-2616.7	-34.8	1204.2	18.49	81.72	
3.00	0.9541	0.7528	-1003.3	-2455.0	-54.4	1599.3	18.91	73.25	
4.00	0.9420	0.6928	-865.7	-2105.1	-103.2	2375.0	20.08	54.65	
5.00	0.9320	0.6334	-764.4	-1749.5	-156.9	3039.7	21.49	37.27	
6.00	0.9245	0.5731	-686.8	-1416.6	-203.5	3513.5	22.78	24.14	
7.00	0.9201	0.5119	-626.5	-1128.1	-230.1	3743.8	23.57	17.34	
8.00	0.9194	0.4506	-579.6	-899.9	-223.6	3699.1	23.44	18.21	
9.00	0.9229	0.3907	-543.8	-743.4	-171.7	3363.3	22.00	27.51	
10.00	0.9279	0.3409	-516.5	-658.6	-102.2	2956.4	20.15	38.54	
12.00	0.9246	0.2892	-476.6	-555.1	-122.2	3057.6	20.56	36.46	
14.00	0.9224	0.2505	-447.0	-469.0	-138.6	3128.1	20.91	34.99	
16.00	0.9207	0.2207	-424.3	-397.1	-151.5	3176.0	21.18	33.96	
18.00	0.9193	0.1971	-406.2	-336.8	-161.1	3207.4	21.40	33.25	
20.00	0.9179	0.1782	-391.4	-286.1	-167.6	3226.7	21.56	32.78	
30.00	0.9087	0.1215	-344.8	-127.4	-168.5	3231.8	21.84	32.10	
40.00	0.8944	0.0934	-318.2	-54.3	-143.3	3192.1	21.75	32.23	
50.00	0.8765	0.0766	-299.3	-18.3	-113.7	3155.4	21.68	32.33	
60.00	0.8566	0.0654	-284.5	0.4	-87.7	3129.0	21.71	32.30	
80.00	0.8149	0.0510	-261.4	16.6	-52.6	3100.5	22.09	32.00	
100.00	0.7738	0.0421	-243.6	22.6	-34.5	3089.2	22.65	31.66	
150.00	0.6806	0.0298	-211.1	27.4	-19.0	3081.9	23.88	31.09	
200.00	0.6028	0.0232	-188.1	28.8	-9.4	3078.9	24.45	30.91	
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	429.7	3047.5	12.53	31.60	

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 24, 1970,

TABLE 11
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *n*-PROPANOL-WATER AT 25°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Act.Coeff. γ_2	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-883.2*	-2286.1*	0.0	0.0	18.00	81.65
0.02	0.9996	0.9973	-3792.9	-2283.8	-0.0	4.7	18.00	81.99
0.05	0.9991	0.9933	-3252.2	-2280.2	-0.0	12.0	18.00	82.49
0.10	0.9982	0.9867	-2843.8	-2274.0	-0.0	24.7	18.00	83.27
0.15	0.9973	0.9801	-2605.4	-2267.6	-0.1	38.1	17.99	84.01
0.20	0.9965	0.9735	-2437.1	-2260.9	-0.1	52.3	17.99	84.69
0.30	0.9947	0.9605	-2200.9	-2246.9	-0.2	82.5	17.99	85.90
0.40	0.9930	0.9475	-2034.4	-2232.1	-0.4	115.4	17.98	86.93
0.50	0.9913	0.9347	-1906.2	-2216.3	-0.7	150.6	17.97	87.77
0.60	0.9897	0.9219	-1802.2	-2199.8	-1.1	188.0	17.97	88.44
0.70	0.9881	0.9093	-1714.9	-2182.4	-1.6	227.6	17.96	88.94
0.80	0.9865	0.8969	-1639.9	-2164.4	-2.1	269.0	17.96	89.29
0.90	0.9849	0.8845	-1574.2	-2145.6	-2.8	312.3	17.95	89.49
1.00	0.9834	0.8723	-1515.8	-2126.2	-3.6	357.3	17.95	89.54
1.20	0.9804	0.8483	-1416.0	-2085.5	-5.4	451.6	17.96	89.25
1.40	0.9775	0.8248	-1332.8	-2042.6	-7.8	551.1	17.98	88.49
1.60	0.9747	0.8019	-1262.0	-1997.7	-10.6	654.8	18.01	87.30
1.80	0.9720	0.7796	-1200.5	-1951.1	-13.8	761.8	18.06	85.73
2.00	0.9692	0.7578	-1146.3	-1902.9	-17.6	871.3	18.12	83.84
2.50	0.9636	0.7059	-1034.9	-1777.5	-28.9	1150.7	18.36	77.96
3.00	0.9583	0.6576	-947.8	-1647.1	-42.7	1429.7	18.71	70.95
4.00	0.9496	0.5713	-819.1	-1382.8	-75.5	1951.3	19.67	55.66
5.00	0.9431	0.4977	-728.5	-1128.5	-110.0	2378.9	20.82	41.42
6.00	0.9386	0.4354	-661.6	-898.3	-139.0	2673.9	21.88	30.71
7.00	0.9358	0.3828	-610.8	-702.8	-154.9	2812.0	22.52	25.19
8.00	0.9346	0.3384	-571.4	-549.4	-150.3	2779.5	22.40	25.96
9.00	0.9345	0.3009	-540.4	-443.5	-118.1	2571.1	21.22	33.63
10.00	0.9352	0.2694	-516.3	-381.5	-73.4	2312.1	19.75	42.38
12.00	0.9334	0.2267	-479.0	-307.3	-87.5	2383.5	20.12	40.47
14.00	0.9323	0.1953	-451.8	-245.8	-98.9	2432.3	20.45	39.06
16.00	0.9315	0.1714	-431.1	-194.6	-107.6	2464.7	20.74	38.01
18.00	0.9307	0.1528	-414.8	-151.9	-113.7	2484.9	20.98	37.23
20.00	0.9298	0.1379	-401.6	-116.2	-117.6	2496.2	21.17	36.65
30.00	0.9203	0.0940	-359.7	-7.1	-112.1	2486.5	21.73	35.34
40.00	0.9038	0.0726	-334.8	39.7	-86.0	2445.2	21.94	35.00
50.00	0.8833	0.0597	-316.5	59.7	-55.9	2407.9	22.08	34.83
60.00	0.8612	0.0511	-301.6	67.6	-28.5	2380.1	22.24	34.67
80.00	0.8164	0.0400	-277.8	69.6	12.7	2346.9	22.68	34.33
100.00	0.7736	0.0331	-259.1	66.0	38.7	2330.6	23.18	34.02
150.00	0.6788	0.0234	-224.7	55.8	71.2	2315.6	24.21	33.54
200.00	0.6003	0.0182	-200.4	48.4	89.0	2309.8	24.74	33.37
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	388.8	2286.1	18.08	33.70

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 24, 1970.

TABLE 12
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *n*-PROPANOL-WATER AT 40°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Act.Coeff. γ_2	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-829.7*	-1609.1*	-0.0	0.0	17.98	78.42
0.02	0.9996	0.9968	-3886.1	-1604.6	-0.0	9.2	17.98	78.67
0.05	0.9991	0.9919	-3318.4	-1597.7	-0.0	22.9	17.98	79.04
0.10	0.9982	0.9839	-2889.9	-1586.2	-0.0	45.9	17.98	79.61
0.15	0.9973	0.9759	-2640.0	-1574.7	-0.1	68.8	17.98	80.15
0.20	0.9965	0.9678	-2463.6	-1563.3	-0.2	91.8	17.98	80.65
0.30	0.9947	0.9519	-2216.4	-1540.3	-0.4	137.8	17.97	81.53
0.40	0.9931	0.9361	-2042.6	-1517.3	-0.7	183.9	17.97	82.27
0.50	0.9914	0.9203	-1808.9	-1494.3	-1.0	229.9	17.97	82.87
0.60	0.9898	0.9047	-1800.7	-1471.3	-1.5	275.8	17.96	83.33
0.70	0.9882	0.8893	-1710.0	-1448.3	-2.0	321.7	17.96	83.67
0.80	0.9867	0.8740	-1632.2	-1425.3	-2.6	367.4	17.95	83.89
0.90	0.9851	0.8589	-1564.3	-1402.4	-3.3	412.9	17.95	83.99
1.00	0.9837	0.8439	-1504.1	-1379.5	-4.1	458.2	17.95	83.99
1.20	0.9808	0.8146	-1401.4	-1333.9	-5.9	548.2	17.96	83.68
1.40	0.9781	0.7860	-1316.3	-1288.6	-8.0	636.9	17.97	83.00
1.60	0.9755	0.7583	-1244.1	-1243.6	-10.3	724.1	18.00	82.01
1.80	0.9731	0.7315	-1181.8	-1199.0	-13.0	809.7	18.04	80.72
2.00	0.9708	0.7055	-1127.2	-1154.8	-15.8	893.5	18.09	79.19
2.50	0.9656	0.6446	-1016.1	-1046.7	-23.9	1093.6	18.28	74.50
3.00	0.9612	0.5893	-930.5	-942.6	-33.1	1278.6	18.56	68.96
4.00	0.9545	0.4949	-806.9	-748.4	-52.9	1595.5	19.32	56.97
5.00	0.9501	0.4196	-722.4	-576.3	-72.1	1833.0	20.21	45.87
6.00	0.9473	0.3604	-661.7	-429.0	-87.0	1985.3	21.03	37.57
7.00	0.9454	0.3141	-616.4	-308.3	-94.5	2050.2	21.52	33.34
8.00	0.9439	0.2781	-581.3	-215.1	-91.4	2028.5	21.42	34.01
9.00	0.9422	0.2502	-553.2	-149.7	-75.2	1923.0	20.48	40.06
10.00	0.9398	0.2285	-529.8	-106.7	-49.7	1778.3	19.39	46.52
12.00	0.9389	0.1914	-493.8	-56.7	-58.4	1822.5	19.74	44.79
14.00	0.9384	0.1644	-467.7	-16.0	-64.9	1850.6	20.05	43.43
16.00	0.9381	0.1440	-448.1	17.3	-69.3	1867.0	20.34	42.36
18.00	0.9377	0.1282	-432.7	44.5	-71.7	1874.9	20.60	41.51
20.00	0.9369	0.1157	-420.3	66.8	-72.4	1876.8	20.84	40.82
30.00	0.9265	0.0790	-380.5	129.3	-56.4	1842.8	21.68	38.89
40.00	0.9078	0.0612	-356.1	149.1	-24.9	1792.8	22.18	38.07
50.00	0.8849	0.0505	-337.4	151.6	8.8	1751.0	22.53	37.64
60.00	0.8608	0.0433	-321.8	147.3	39.6	1719.8	22.82	37.35
80.00	0.8131	0.0340	-296.6	132.7	87.8	1680.9	23.32	36.95
100.00	0.7687	0.0281	-276.4	118.3	120.8	1660.4	23.76	36.68
150.00	0.6725	0.0199	-239.4	91.7	167.3	1638.9	24.59	36.29
200.00	0.5938	0.0156	-213.3	75.0	193.0	1630.6	25.09	36.13
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	432.2	1609.1	23.68	36.10

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JUNE 24, 1970.

TABLE 13
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM iso-PROPANOL-WATER AT 10°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a ₁	Act.Coeff. of solute γ ₂	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG _s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH _s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, L̄ ₁ cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, L̄ ₂ cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, C̄ ₁ cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, C̄ ₂
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-1397.4*	-3874.5*	0.0	0.0	18.06	79.56
0.02	0.9996	1.0000	-4160.0	-3875.6	0.0	-2.1	18.06	79.94
0.05	0.9991	1.0001	-3645.3	-3877.0	0.0	-4.7	18.06	80.50
0.10	0.9982	1.0003	-3255.5	-3878.9	0.0	-7.8	18.06	81.41
0.15	0.9973	1.0006	-3027.2	-3880.4	0.0	-9.5	18.06	82.28
0.20	0.9964	1.0009	-2865.4	-3881.4	0.0	-9.7	18.06	83.11
0.30	0.9946	1.0016	-2637.1	-3881.8	-0.0	-5.9	18.05	84.67
0.40	0.9928	1.0024	-2475.0	-3880.4	-0.1	3.3	18.04	86.09
0.50	0.9910	1.0035	-2349.2	-3877.3	-0.2	17.6	18.03	87.38
0.60	0.9892	1.0046	-2246.4	-3872.3	-0.4	36.9	18.02	88.53
0.70	0.9874	1.0059	-2159.4	-3865.7	-0.7	60.8	18.01	89.57
0.80	0.9856	1.0073	-2083.9	-3857.5	-1.0	89.2	17.99	90.48
0.90	0.9838	1.0088	-2017.4	-3847.7	-1.5	121.8	17.98	91.28
1.00	0.9820	1.0104	-1957.7	-3836.4	-2.2	158.4	17.97	91.97
1.20	0.9784	1.0138	-1854.4	-3809.5	-3.8	242.6	17.95	93.04
1.40	0.9748	1.0173	-1766.9	-3777.3	-6.1	340.4	17.93	93.71
1.60	0.9712	1.0210	-1690.9	-3740.2	-9.1	450.1	17.93	94.03
1.80	0.9676	1.0246	-1623.7	-3698.5	-12.8	570.3	17.93	94.02
2.00	0.9640	1.0282	-1563.5	-3652.7	-17.2	699.7	17.94	93.70
2.50	0.9551	1.0365	-1435.7	-3522.3	-31.6	1054.6	18.02	91.78
3.00	0.9462	1.0427	-1330.9	-3373.4	-50.8	1440.3	18.18	88.54
4.00	0.9292	1.0459	-1165.5	-3038.3	-101.4	2243.7	18.76	79.35
5.00	0.9136	1.0323	-1038.4	-2678.9	-163.5	3010.4	19.66	68.32
6.00	0.9002	0.9996	-936.8	-2319.6	-228.6	3669.6	20.77	57.07
7.00	0.8896	0.9480	-854.3	-1979.5	-287.2	4172.7	21.98	46.76
8.00	0.8826	0.8798	-786.7	-1673.0	-329.6	4488.4	23.12	38.24
9.00	0.8798	0.7992	-731.7	-1410.8	-346.1	4598.4	24.07	32.07
10.00	0.8815	0.7111	-687.4	-1200.7	-328.1	4494.7	24.65	28.60
12.00	0.9011	0.5314	-626.1	-956.1	-157.8	3648.4	24.24	30.49
14.00	0.8897	0.4791	-587.2	-843.1	-198.1	3816.9	22.33	39.24
16.00	0.8826	0.4319	-553.5	-739.4	-220.7	3901.0	22.68	37.95
18.00	0.8760	0.3933	-525.6	-650.7	-239.4	3962.0	22.92	37.15
20.00	0.8700	0.3612	-502.1	-574.6	-254.3	4005.6	23.08	36.69
30.00	0.8447	0.2575	-422.7	-322.2	-285.3	4080.1	23.04	36.72
40.00	0.8244	0.2008	-375.8	-191.6	-274.4	4063.7	22.56	37.48
50.00	0.8069	0.1650	-344.1	-118.6	-248.4	4031.7	22.27	37.85
60.00	0.7911	0.1403	-320.8	-75.2	-219.9	4002.8	22.30	37.82
80.00	0.7610	0.1085	-288.0	-29.7	-171.3	3963.7	23.17	37.14
100.00	0.7309	0.0890	-265.2	-8.3	-136.9	3942.2	24.55	36.29
150.00	0.6536	0.0624	-227.7	12.6	-87.5	3919.5	27.90	34.77
200.00	0.5802	0.0486	-202.7	19.4	-57.5	3909.8	30.02	34.08
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	369.5	3874.5	17.49	34.38

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JULY 7, 1970,

TABLE 14
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *iso*-PROPANOL-WATER AT 25°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Act.Coeff. γ_2	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-1283.9*	-3191.8*	0.0	0.0	18.00	82.80
0.02	0.9996	1.0000	-4192.9	-3190.2	-0.0	3.2	18.00	83.11
0.05	0.9991	1.0000	-3650.9	-3187.7	-0.0	8.2	18.00	83.57
0.10	0.9982	0.9999	-3240.6	-3183.4	-0.0	17.4	18.00	84.31
0.15	0.9973	0.9997	-3000.3	-3178.7	-0.0	27.5	17.99	85.00
0.20	0.9964	0.9995	-2830.0	-3173.8	-0.1	38.5	17.99	85.67
0.30	0.9946	0.9989	-2589.9	-3162.9	-0.2	63.1	17.99	86.88
0.40	0.9928	0.9981	-2419.6	-3150.9	-0.4	91.0	17.98	87.96
0.50	0.9911	0.9971	-2287.6	-3137.9	-0.6	122.1	17.97	88.90
0.60	0.9893	0.9958	-2179.8	-3123.7	-1.0	156.2	17.96	89.72
0.70	0.9875	0.9944	-2088.8	-3108.5	-1.4	193.1	17.96	90.42
0.80	0.9858	0.9927	-2010.0	-3092.3	-1.9	232.6	17.95	91.00
0.90	0.9840	0.9908	-1940.6	-3075.2	-2.6	274.7	17.94	91.46
1.00	0.9823	0.9888	-1878.6	-3057.2	-3.3	319.2	17.94	91.82
1.20	0.9788	0.9841	-1771.6	-3018.6	-5.2	414.6	17.93	92.24
1.40	0.9754	0.9786	-1681.4	-2976.8	-7.6	517.7	17.93	92.29
1.60	0.9721	0.9725	-1603.5	-2932.2	-10.6	627.6	17.93	91.99
1.80	0.9688	0.9657	-1535.2	-2884.9	-14.1	743.2	17.95	91.38
2.00	0.9656	0.9582	-1474.4	-2835.3	-18.3	863.5	17.98	90.50
2.50	0.9578	0.9372	-1346.7	-2702.6	-31.1	1179.7	18.12	87.25
3.00	0.9504	0.9130	-1244.2	-2560.2	-47.4	1508.0	18.34	82.85
4.00	0.9372	0.8578	-1087.0	-2258.9	-88.5	2160.6	19.03	71.93
5.00	0.9260	0.7965	-970.9	-1952.5	-136.5	2755.1	19.99	59.99
6.00	0.9171	0.7325	-881.4	-1657.3	-184.9	3245.3	21.11	48.71
7.00	0.9104	0.6684	-810.7	-1385.8	-226.3	3600.2	22.21	39.27
8.00	0.9060	0.6062	-754.1	-1147.3	-253.2	3801.1	23.13	32.48
9.00	0.9039	0.5472	-708.4	-948.5	-258.6	3837.8	23.67	28.88
10.00	0.9040	0.4922	-671.5	-794.2	-236.0	3707.3	23.69	28.77
12.00	0.9107	0.3954	-617.6	-629.7	-85.0	2955.3	21.52	39.46
14.00	0.9033	0.3499	-581.4	-553.4	-142.4	3202.8	21.16	41.24
16.00	0.8976	0.3133	-550.6	-478.4	-160.6	3270.5	21.40	40.34
18.00	0.8924	0.2839	-525.3	-413.6	-176.2	3321.6	21.56	39.81
20.00	0.8874	0.2598	-504.0	-357.2	-189.2	3359.6	21.66	39.53
30.00	0.8640	0.1839	-432.1	-165.6	-221.3	3435.6	21.56	39.69
40.00	0.8427	0.1436	-388.9	-63.3	-216.5	3428.9	21.22	40.23
50.00	0.8231	0.1183	-358.9	-5.9	-193.6	3400.9	21.10	40.39
60.00	0.8048	0.1008	-336.4	27.4	-163.6	3370.5	21.27	40.23
80.00	0.7705	0.0783	-304.0	58.6	-101.0	3320.5	22.26	39.45
100.00	0.7370	0.0644	-280.9	69.0	-46.0	3286.3	23.62	38.61
150.00	0.6548	0.0453	-241.9	68.9	51.6	3241.6	26.70	37.20
200.00	0.5789	0.0353	-215.6	61.5	111.4	3222.3	28.56	36.60
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	356.3	3191.8	16.79	36.94

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JULY 7, 1970.

TABLE 15
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *iso*-PROPANOL-WATER AT 40°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Act.Coeff. γ_2	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-1205.0*	-2498.8*	0.0	0.0	17.98	86.80
0.02	0.9996	0.9996	-4260.4	-2495.1	-0.0	7.4	17.98	87.05
0.05	0.9991	0.9989	-3691.5	-2489.5	-0.0	18.5	17.98	87.40
0.10	0.9982	0.9977	-3260.8	-2480.2	-0.0	37.4	17.98	87.96
0.15	0.9973	0.9963	-3008.8	-2470.7	-0.1	56.7	17.98	88.49
0.20	0.9964	0.9949	-2830.3	-2461.1	-0.1	76.3	17.98	88.98
0.30	0.9946	0.9917	-2578.8	-2441.5	-0.3	116.6	17.97	89.85
0.40	0.9929	0.9881	-2400.8	-2421.5	-0.6	158.1	17.97	90.59
0.50	0.9911	0.9841	-2263.0	-2401.1	-0.9	200.8	17.97	91.19
0.60	0.9894	0.9797	-2150.7	-2380.3	-1.4	244.6	17.96	91.67
0.70	0.9876	0.9751	-2056.0	-2359.1	-1.9	289.4	17.96	92.03
0.80	0.9859	0.9701	-1974.2	-2337.5	-2.5	335.1	17.95	92.27
0.90	0.9842	0.9647	-1902.3	-2315.6	-3.2	381.7	17.95	92.41
1.00	0.9826	0.9591	-1838.2	-2293.4	-4.0	429.1	17.95	92.44
1.20	0.9793	0.9471	-1727.9	-2248.1	-6.0	525.9	17.96	92.21
1.40	0.9761	0.9342	-1635.4	-2201.7	-8.3	625.0	17.97	91.62
1.60	0.9730	0.9204	-1556.0	-2154.4	-11.0	725.8	17.99	90.71
1.80	0.9699	0.9059	-1486.6	-2106.4	-14.1	827.8	18.03	89.51
2.00	0.9670	0.8908	-1425.2	-2057.7	-17.6	930.6	18.08	88.05
2.50	0.9601	0.8511	-1297.7	-1934.0	-28.1	1188.2	18.27	83.48
3.00	0.9538	0.8098	-1196.7	-1808.9	-40.6	1441.8	18.54	77.92
4.00	0.9432	0.7267	-1045.5	-1560.3	-70.6	1917.5	19.34	65.26
5.00	0.9351	0.6478	-937.3	-1322.3	-103.6	2326.2	20.38	52.42
6.00	0.9290	0.5765	-856.4	-1102.6	-135.2	2647.0	21.50	41.12
7.00	0.9248	0.5141	-793.9	-907.0	-160.8	2866.8	22.50	32.54
8.00	0.9219	0.4605	-744.7	-739.4	-175.8	2978.9	23.18	27.49
9.00	0.9199	0.4151	-705.2	-602.8	-175.9	2980.8	23.33	26.45
10.00	0.9185	0.3771	-672.8	-498.8	-157.4	2873.7	22.77	29.69
12.00	0.9155	0.3194	-623.1	-391.4	-52.1	2348.2	18.85	49.19
14.00	0.9122	0.2768	-588.6	-338.4	-103.3	2570.0	20.03	43.99
16.00	0.9078	0.2466	-559.5	-283.4	-118.8	2627.3	20.16	43.50
18.00	0.9035	0.2226	-535.8	-235.0	-132.5	2672.4	20.24	43.23
20.00	0.8993	0.2031	-515.9	-192.3	-144.5	2707.5	20.28	43.12
30.00	0.8780	0.1429	-448.9	-41.9	-178.4	2787.0	20.13	43.43
40.00	0.8561	0.1116	-408.2	41.5	-177.6	2786.7	19.94	43.75
50.00	0.8347	0.0921	-379.3	88.3	-155.4	2759.5	19.98	43.70
60.00	0.8141	0.0787	-357.2	114.3	-121.7	2725.6	20.29	43.39
80.00	0.7748	0.0614	-324.3	134.3	-43.5	2663.2	21.40	42.52
100.00	0.7373	0.0507	-300.3	135.4	31.8	2616.5	22.74	41.69
150.00	0.6486	0.0358	-258.9	117.1	173.7	2551.6	25.55	40.40
200.00	0.5700	0.0280	-230.6	97.2	259.3	2524.0	27.15	39.89
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	333.4	2498.8	16.14	40.26

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JULY 7, 1970,

TABLE 16
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *n*-BUTANOL-WATER AT 10°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a ₁	Act.Coeff. of solute γ ₂	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG _S cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH _S cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, L̄ ₁ cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, L̄ ₂ cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, C̄ ₁ cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, C̄ ₂ cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000	-196.0*	-3058.9*	0.0	0.0	18.06	105.31
0.02	0.9996	1.0017	-2958.1	-3061.1	0.0	-4.1	18.06	106.03
0.05	0.9991	1.0038	-2442.8	-3063.7	0.0	-8.7	18.06	107.00
0.10	0.9982	1.0062	-2052.2	-3066.8	0.0	-12.3	18.06	108.32
0.15	0.9973	1.0073	-1823.3	-3068.2	0.0	-10.8	18.06	109.32
0.20	0.9964	1.0070	-1661.2	-3067.8	-0.0	-4.3	18.06	109.25
0.30	0.9946	1.0024	-1433.1	-3062.2	-0.1	23.7	18.06	109.81
0.40	0.9929	0.9927	-1272.3	-3049.9	-0.4	71.1	18.07	108.36
0.50	0.9912	0.9780	-1148.7	-3031.2	-1.0	137.5	18.09	105.48
0.60	0.9896	0.9588	-1049.1	-3006.0	-1.8	222.6	18.13	101.21
0.70	0.9881	0.9354	-966.3	-2974.6	-3.0	326.0	18.20	95.57
0.80	0.9868	0.9082	-896.0	-2937.0	-4.7	447.1	18.29	88.60
0.90	0.9855	0.8777	-835.5	-2893.4	-6.8	585.8	18.42	80.32
1.00	0.9844	0.8444	-782.8	-2843.7	-9.5	741.5	18.58	70.77
1.10	0.9834	0.8094	-737.6	-2789.3	-12.7	910.2	18.78	60.19
54.88	1.0348	0.0168	-221.3	-2265.1	-2454.3	3276.2	370.18	-299.07
60.00	1.9674	0.0083	-238.4	-2375.5	5118.4	-4051.6	111.95	-49.22
80.00	12.0547	0.0014	-445.1	-6098.7	27172.3	-21892.7	-681.04	590.82
100.00	27.6220	0.0007	-674.9	-10686.6	38178.5	-28819.1	-1132.46	873.92
150.00	18.8963	0.0005	-1024.0	-18092.5	36927.1	-28698.1	-1303.63	966.24
200.00	3.4258	0.0007	-1139.2	-20824.3	19222.5	-23100.2	-876.59	832.14
250.00	0.5019	0.0009	-1149.8	-21354.5	-1731.1	-17911.3	-294.09	688.09
300.00	0.0827	0.0010	-1117.5	-20936.4	-21802.0	-13843.6	292.32	569.30
INF	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	-248142.0	3058.9	7543.08	40.03

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JULY 7, 1970

TABLE 17
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *n*-BUTANOL-WATER AT 25°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a ₁	Activity of solute γ ₂	Act.Coeff.	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG _S	Heat of solution ΔH _S	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2
				cal mol ⁻¹	cal mol ⁻¹	cal mol ⁻¹	cal mol ⁻¹	cal deg ⁻¹	mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000		-68.7*	-2142.9*	0.0	0.0	18.00	76.17
0.02	0.9996	1.0016		-2977.2	-2139.2	-0.0	7.5	18.00	77.00
0.05	0.9991	1.0034		-2434.7	-2133.5	-0.0	18.8	18.00	78.15
0.10	0.9982	1.0052		-2023.5	-2124.1	-0.0	37.7	17.99	79.83
0.15	0.9973	1.0054		-1782.8	-2114.6	-0.1	56.7	17.99	81.23
0.20	0.9964	1.0040		-1612.3	-2105.1	-0.1	75.7	17.99	82.33
0.30	0.9946	0.9966		-1372.7	-2086.1	-0.3	114.0	17.98	83.71
0.40	0.9929	0.9833		-1204.1	-2067.0	-0.6	152.5	17.98	83.97
0.50	0.9913	0.9645		-1075.0	-2047.8	-0.9	191.3	17.99	83.16
0.60	0.9898	0.9405		-971.2	-2028.5	-1.3	230.2	18.01	81.28
0.70	0.9883	0.9119		-885.3	-2009.2	-1.7	269.4	18.04	78.36
0.80	0.9871	0.8793		-812.7	-1989.8	-2.2	308.8	18.09	74.43
0.90	0.9859	0.8432		-750.6	-1970.3	-2.9	348.5	18.17	69.51
1.00	0.9849	0.8044		-697.0	-1950.7	-3.5	388.3	18.27	63.61
1.07	0.9844	0.7758		-663.7	-1937.0	-4.1	416.2	18.36	58.92
53.06	1.0198	0.0165		-133.7	-1862.6	-0.2	280.6	277.95	-188.69
60.00	1.2094	0.0124		-141.1	-2201.5	5701.5	-5333.1	1.88	83.03
80.00	1.6636	0.0072		-189.7	-4869.5	17284.2	-14718.8	-601.25	570.30
100.00	1.8573	0.0053		-236.9	-7663.4	22462.5	-17988.5	-926.80	774.75
150.00	1.5295	0.0039		-299.5	-11818.6	19465.7	-16878.8	-988.22	814.20
200.00	1.0118	0.0033		-312.9	-13162.1	7896.8	-13210.8	-597.13	690.95
250.00	0.6615	0.0029		-306.7	-13268.9	-4961.9	-10024.4	-100.29	568.00
300.00	0.4500	0.0026		-293.6	-12872.6	-16971.5	-7589.7	388.10	469.05
INF	0.0000	0.0000		0.0	0.0	145545.0	2142.9	6173.19	42.31

* STANDARD STATE VALUES

JULY 7, 1970

TABLE 18
THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES OF THE SYSTEM *n*-BUTANOL-WATER AT 40°C

Molality m	Activity of solvent a_1	Activity of solute γ_2	Act.Coeff.	Gibbs Energy of solution ΔG_s cal mol ⁻¹	Heat of solution ΔH_s cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solvent, \bar{L}_1 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Enthalpy solute, \bar{L}_2 cal mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solvent, \bar{C}_1 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	Partial Molal Heat Capacity solute, \bar{C}_2 cal deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹
0.00	1.0000	1.0000		15.6*	-1353.1*	0.0	0.0	17.98	93.50
0.02	0.9996	1.0004		-3039.6	-1342.7	-0.0	20.7	17.98	94.42
0.05	0.9991	1.0006		-2470.3	-1327.5	-0.0	50.5	17.98	95.75
0.10	0.9982	0.9998		-2049.3	-1303.2	-0.1	97.5	17.98	97.80
0.15	0.9973	0.9976		-1787.2	-1280.0	-0.2	140.8	17.97	99.66
0.20	0.9964	0.9939		-1608.9	-1258.0	-0.3	180.6	17.97	101.32
0.30	0.9947	0.9825		-1358.7	-1217.6	-0.6	249.8	17.96	104.06
0.40	0.9930	0.9659		-1183.0	-1181.8	-1.0	305.2	17.94	106.05
0.50	0.9914	0.9445		-1048.6	-1150.6	-1.3	347.1	17.93	107.29
0.60	0.9809	0.9187		-940.7	-1124.0	-1.6	375.9	17.93	107.81
0.70	0.9885	0.8891		-851.4	-1101.7	-1.8	391.8	17.93	107.61
0.80	0.9872	0.8561		-776.0	-1083.8	-1.8	395.0	17.94	106.73
0.90	0.9861	0.8202		-711.6	-1070.3	-1.7	385.9	17.97	105.16
0.95	0.9855	0.8003		-681.1	-1064.8	-1.5	376.2	17.99	104.05
49.52	0.9440	0.0190		-61.3	-1034.5	1248.1	-1080.4	199.60	-98.04
50.00	0.9335	0.0191		-60.9	-1048.8	1421.9	-1274.2	184.42	-81.11
60.00	0.7527	0.0198		-41.0	-1603.7	4637.2	-4540.5	-108.15	215.74
80.00	0.5574	0.0189		21.6	-3151.4	8597.3	-7763.3	-521.43	550.24
100.00	0.4865	0.0165		78.5	-4449.6	9836.0	-8556.1	-721.11	676.03
150.00	0.5318	0.0106		161.1	-6109.6	6739.7	-7250.4	-672.78	662.62
200.00	0.7392	0.0072		189.4	-6489.8	765.8	-5349.2	-317.63	550.21
250.00	1.0674	0.0052		194.0	-6374.8	-5284.7	-3848.3	93.54	448.37
300.00	1.5035	0.0041		188.7	-6082.8	-10705.8	-2748.9	483.91	369.25
INF	0.0000	0.0000		0.0	0.0	-63514.0	1353.1	4803.29	45.05

* STANDARD STATE VALUES
JULY 7, 1970

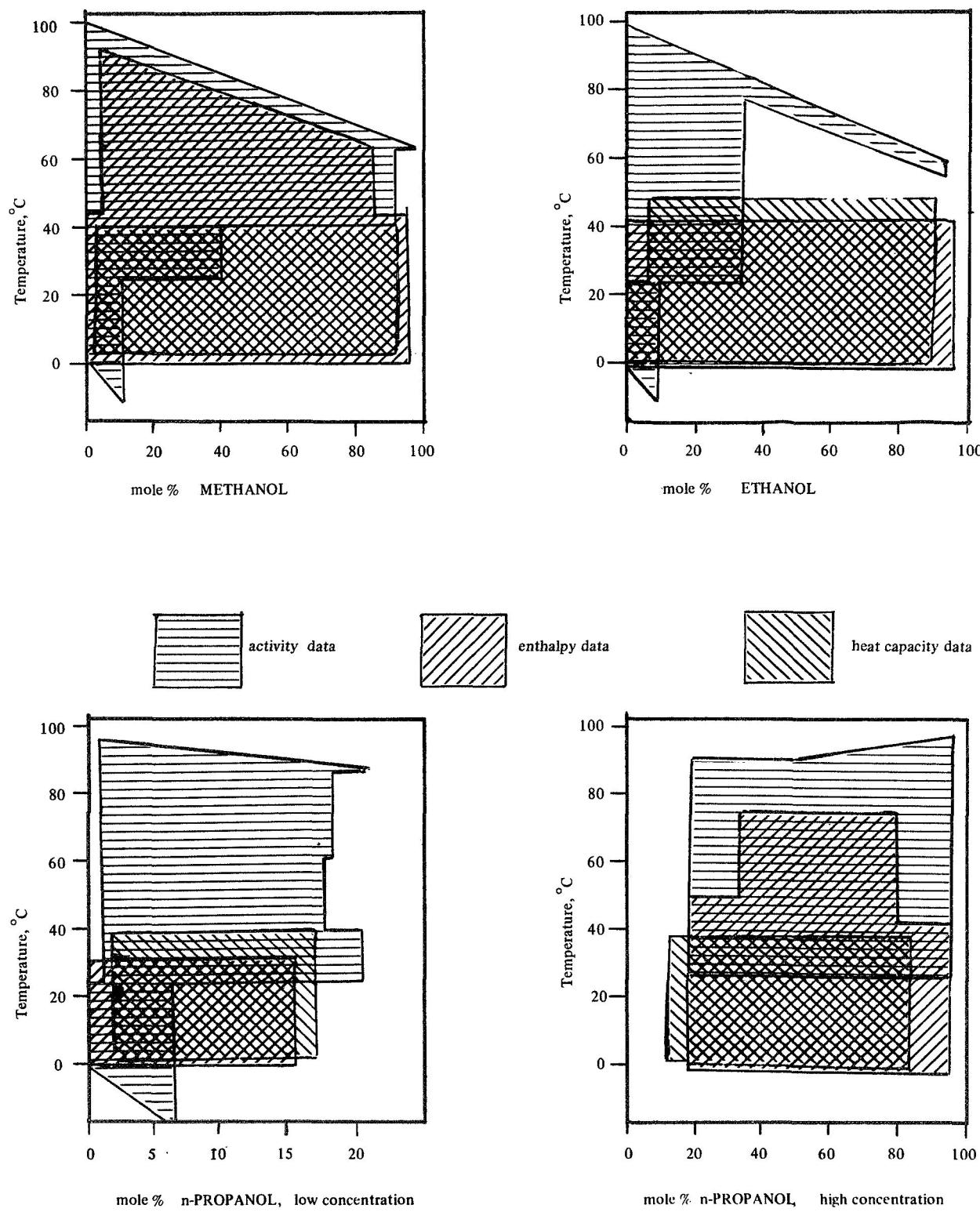


Figure 1. Temperature and Concentration Ranges of Experimental Data

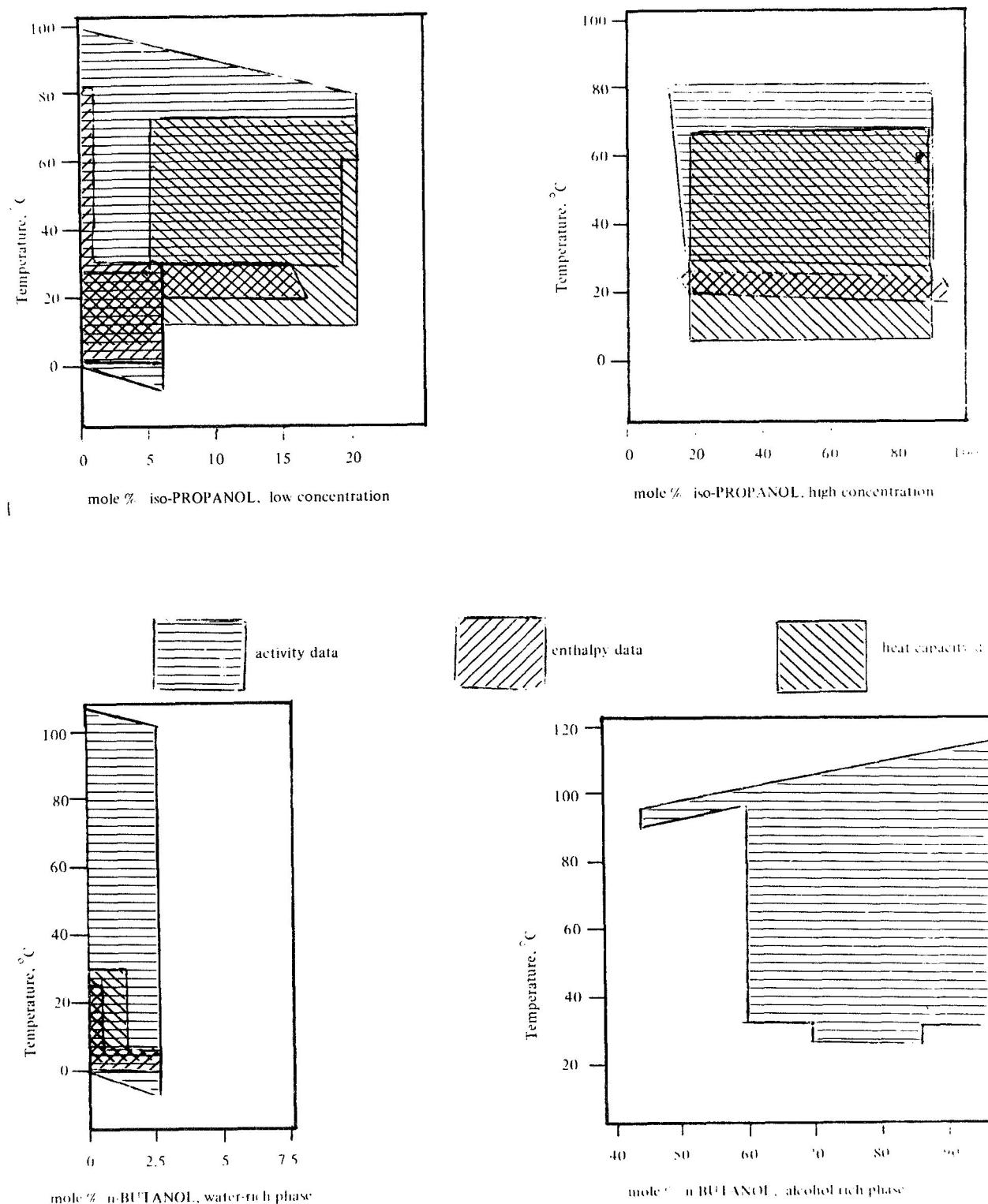


Figure 2. Temperature and Concentration Ranges of Experimental Data

Table 19
Auxiliary Data for the Pure Components

Temper- ature °C	P_1^* mmHg*	C_p^* , cal deg^{-1} mol^{-1}	$-\beta$, cm^3 mol^{-1}	P_2^* mmHg*	C_p^* , cal deg^{-1} mol^{-1}	$-\beta$, cm^3 mol^{-1}	P_2^* mmHg*	C_p^* , cal deg^{-1} mol^{-1}	$-\beta$, cm^3 mol^{-1}
water									
10	9.2	18.05		54.1	18.75		24.0	25.64	
15	12.8	18.02		72.3	18.96	2215	32.9	26.04	
20	17.5	18.00	1314	95.6	19.17	1980	44.6	26.46	3436
25	23.6	18.00	1194	125.0	19.39	1778	59.8	26.90	2981
30	31.8	17.99	1092	161.8	19.63	1603	79.2	27.36	2604
40	55.3	17.99	930	263.2	19.97	1320	135.0	28.36	2026
50	92.6	18.00	811	413.5	20.57	1102	221.6	29.46	1615
60	149.4	18.02	720	629.8	21.22	933	351.9	30.65	1318
70	233.8	18.04	651	932.4	21.92	801	542.2	31.93	1100
80	355.3	18.07	597			695	813.0	33.31	937
90	525.9	18.11	555				1189.3	34.78	813
100	760.0	18.15	522						717
n-propanol									
10		31.6	4078	17.1	34.1	3965		40.03	
15	10.5	32.3	3746	24.0	35.0	3556		40.77	
20	14.9	33.0	3415	33.1	35.8	3147		41.51	
25	20.9	33.7	3140	45.2	36.8	2828	6.2	42.31	3940
30	28.7	34.5	2894	60.8	37.6	2552	8.9	43.12	3670
40	52.4	36.1	2479	106.7	40.3	2105	17.8	45.05	3057
50	91.2	37.9	2143	179.5	42.5	1763	33.2	47.08	2617
60	152.2	39.8	1769	290.5	44.6	1497	59.0	49.18	2263
70	244.8	41.7	1643	456.0	46.3	1288	100.1	51.30	1974
80	380.7	43.6	1454	693.7	48.0	1122	162.9	53.45	1737
90	574.6		1296	1027.			255.8		1539
100	844.		1161				388.7		1373
iso-propanol									
n-butanol									

*Constants in the Antoine Vapor Pressure Equation, $\log P = A - B/(C + t)$

	A	B	C
water, 0-30°C	8.184254	1791.3	238.1
water, 30-40°C	8.139399	1767.262	234.10
water, 40-50°C	8.088677	1739.351	234.10
water, 50-60°C	8.046420	1715.429	232.14
water, 60-70°C	8.011630	1695.167	230.41
water, 70-80°C	7.984559	1678.948	228.97
water, 80-90°C	7.963429	1665.924	227.77
water, 90-100°C	7.948396	1656.390	226.86
methanol, -14-65°C	7.89750	1474.08	229.13
methanol, 65-110°C	7.97328	1515.14	232.85
ethanol, -2-100°C	8.32109	1718.10	237.52
n-propanol, 2-120°C	7.84767	1499.21	204.64
iso-propanol, 0-101°C	8.11778	1580.92	219.61
n-butanol, 15-131°C	7.47680	1362.39	178.77

II. Bibliography

The bibliography on pages 34 to 80 lists references to numerical data on the thermodynamic properties of aqueous solutions of organic compounds of importance in biochemistry. It was compiled through a search of the world's scientific literature for the period 1895 to 1969. Properties considered include phase equilibrium data such as vapor pressure, vapor-liquid compositions, freezing point, boiling point, and solubility; calorimetric data such as heats of solution, dilution, and chemical reactions in solution and heat capacity; reversible cell potentials, acid and basic dissociation constants; and equilibrium constants of enzyme catalyzed reactions. Emphasis was placed on binary systems although some important ternary systems were included. We believe the list includes all significant data for simple organic compounds such as formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, acetone, C₁ - C₄ alcohols and mono- and dicarboxylic acids, certain hydroxy- and keto-acids, amino acids, sugars and related polyhydroxy alcohols, and urea. It is not complete for compounds of more complicated structure such as heterocyclic nitrogen compounds and their derivatives, nucleotides and nucleosides. Macromolecules are not included. A compound index is given on pages 81 to 90.

Note that several reference numbers have been skipped in the bibliography because the corresponding references were deleted from the list.

Bibliography

Aqueous Solutions of Organic Compounds

1. S. A. J. Abelwhite, C. H. Bowden and E. V. Cooke, Chemistry & Industry, 1146 (1952), "An Improved Method for the Determination of Vapor-Liquid Equil. Data"
2. T. Ackermann and F. Schreiner, Z. Elektrochem. 62, 1143 (1958), "Heat Capacity and Entropy of Fatty Acids and their Ions in Aqueous Solution"
3. B. Adell, Z. Physik. Chem., A186, 27 (1940), "The Dissociation of Acetic Glycolic, and Malonic Acids in Glycerol-Water Mixtures"
4. H. Adkins, R. M. Elofson, A. G. Rossow, and C. C. Robinson, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 71, 3622 (1949), "Oxidation Potentials of Aldehydes and Ketones"
5. J. C. Ahluwalia, F. J. Millero, R. N. Goldberg, and L. G. Hepler, J. Phys. Chem. 70, 319 (1966), "Cryoscopic and Colorimetric Investigation of Betaine and Betaine Hydrochloride"
6. R. A. Alberty, J. Biol. Chem. 244, 3290 (1969), "Standard Gibbs Free Energy, Enthalpy, and Entropy Changes as a Function of pH and pMg for Several Reactions Involving Adenosine Phosphates"
7. R. A. Alberty, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 91, 3899 (1969), "Maxwell Relations for Thermodynamic Quantities of Biochemical Reactions"
8. E. W. Aldrich and D. W. Querfeld, Ind. Eng. Chem., 23, 708 (1931), "Freezing and Boiling Points of Ternary Systems: Ethanol-Methanol-Water"
9. D. M. Alexander and D. J. T. Hill, Australian J. Chem. 22, 347 (1969), "The Heats of Solution of Alcohols in Water"
10. W. B. Altsheler, E. D. Unger, and P. Kolachov, Ind. Eng. Chem., 43, 2559 (1951), "Still for Liquid-Vapor Equilibria. Data on Systems Ethanol-Water and Acetic Acid-Water"
11. A. I. Altsybeeva, V. P. Belousov, and A. G. Morachevskii, Khim. i Termodinam. Rastvorov, Leningr. Gos. Univ. 1964, pp. 145-64, "Thermodynamic Properties of Alcohol-Water Solutions"
12. B. Anderson and F. Groenlund, Acta. Chem. Scand. 19, 723 (1965), "Determination of the Enthalpy of the Fructose Mutarotation by Reaction Calorimetry"

13. O. M. Angelidis, Chim. Anal. (Paris) 50, 118 (1968), "Computing the Mixture of Ethyl Alcohol with Water"
14. C. S. Annis, and D. D. Eley, Biochem. J., 53, 34 (1953), "Acetyl-choline 2. The Heat of Hydrolysis"
15. S. A. Arbaev, Vchenye Zapiski Biol. -Pach. Tak. Kirgiz. Univ., 1958, No. 7, 189 "Solubility Polytherm of the Ternary System Sodium Chloride -Sucrose -Water I"
16. H. Arm, Helv. Chim. Acta, 45, 1803 (1962) "Heat of Mixing and Refractive Indexes of the Binary System Water-tert-butyl Alcohol at 25°C"
17. J. W. Armitage and P. Gray, Trans. Faraday Soc., 58, 1746 (1962), "Temperature Coefficient of Latent Heat and the Curvature of the Vapor Pressure Line of Formic Acid, Acetic Acid, and Other Dissociating Vapors"
18. E. M. Arnett, W. B. Kover, and J. V. Carter, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 91, 4028 (1969), "Heat Capacities of Organic Compounds in Solution. I. Low Molecular Weight Alcohols in Water"
19. E. M. Arnett and D. R. McKelvey, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 88, 2598 (1966), "Enthalpies of Transfer for Water to Dimethyl Sulfoxide for Some Ions and Molecules"
20. E. S. Arnista, L. F. Greenberg, M. Barr, and L. F. Tica, J. Am. Pharm. Assoc. 45, 45 (1956), "The System: Sorbitol-Sucrose-Water"
21. J. R. Aspland, A. Johnson, and R. H. Peters, J. Chem. Soc. B10, 1041 (1967), "Equilibria in Water-Ethanol Mixtures"
22. R. Aveyard and A. S. C. Lawrence, Trans. Faraday Soc., 60, 2265 (1964), "Calorimetric Studies on n-Aliphatic Alcohol + Water and n-Aliphatic Alcholo + Water Detergent Systems"
23. R. Aveyard and R. W. Mitchell, Trans. Faraday Soc., 64, 1757 (1968), "Heat of Solution in Water of the Liquid Methylene Group at 25°C"
24. E. M. Baker, R. E. Chaddock, R. A. Lindsay, and R. C. Werner, Ind. Eng. Chem. 31, 1263 (1939), "Equilibrium Between Liquid and Vapor in the System EtOH-CELLOSOLVE-H₂O"
25. E. M. Baker, R. D. H. Hubbard, J. H. Hugnet, and S. S. Michalowski, Ind. Eng. Chem., 31, 1260 (1939), "Equilibrium in the Systems Ethanol-Water, Ethanol-Celloslove, and Cellosolve-Water"

26. G. N. Bakhtyukova, Y. A. Demidova, N. V. Kiryakov, I. P. Ulyukin, and V. M. Shleinikov, Zh. Prikl. Khim., 40, 610 (1967), "Freezing Points of Acetone, Methyl Alcohol, and N-Methylpyrrolidone Aqueous Solutions"
27. C. E. Ballou, Biochem. Prep., 5, 66 (1957), "D-Glyceric Acid-2-phosphate"
28. F. Barry, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 42, 1911 (1920), "A Calorimetric Procedure for Determining the Heats of Slow Reactions II. The Calorimetry of a Slow Reaction. The Heat of Inversion of Sucrose by Acid"
29. R. G. Bates and R. G. Canham, J. Res. Natl. Bur. Stds. 47, 343 (1951), "Resolution of the Dissociation Constants of d-Tartaric Acid from 0 to 50°C"
30. R. C. Bates and G. D. Pinching, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 71, 1274 (1949), "Resolution of the Dissociation Constants of Citric Acid at 0 to 50°C, and Determination of Certain Related Thermodynamic Functions"
31. R. G. Bates and G. D. Pinching, J. Res. Natl. Bur. Std., 43, 519 (1949), "Dissociation Constants of Weak Bases from Electromotive Force Measurements of Solutions of Partially Hydrolyzed Salts"
32. C. R. Bauer and C. L. Gemmill, Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 35, 110 (1952), "The Heat Produced by the Enzymic Action of Sucrose-Invertase and Urea-Urease System"
33. R. Bauman, Z. Elektrochem. 58, 801, (1954), "Heat of Dilution of Aqueous Succinic Acid Solution at Great Dilution"
34. G. Baume and W. Borowski, J. Chim. Phys. 12, 276 (1914), "Qualitative Investigation of Volatile Systems. Freezing Point Curve for the Systems Formed by HCl and Methyl Alcohols with Methyl Chloride and by Methyl Alcohol with Water"
35. W. G. Beare, G. A. McVicar, and J. B. Ferguson, J. Phys. Chem., 34, 1310 (1930), "The Determination of Vapor and Liquid Compositions in Binary Systems. II. Acetone-Water at 25°C"
36. A. H. Beebe, K. E. Coulter, R. A. Lindsay, and E. M. Baker, Ind. Eng. Chem., 34, 1501 (1942), "Equilibria in Ethanol-Water System at Pressures Less than Atmospheric"
37. R. P. Bell and J. C. Clurrie, Trans. Faraday Soc., 48, 439 (1952), "Hydration of Acetaldehyde in Aqueous Solution"

38. R. P. Bell and W. B. T. Miller, Trans. Faraday Soc., 59, 1147 (1963), "Dissociation Constants of Formic acid and Formic Acid-d"
39. V. P. Belousov, Vestnik Leningrad Univ. 16, No. 4, Ser. Fiz. i Khim. No. 1, 144 (1961), "Heats of Mixing of Liquids I. Calorimeter Construction and Determination of the Heats of Mixing of Propyl Alcohol and Water"
40. V. P. Belousov and A. G. Morachevskii, Khim. i Termodinam. Rastvorov, Leningr. Gos. Univ., 1964, pp. 119-44, "Calculation of Thermodynamic Functions Based on Liquid-Water Equilibrium Data for Nonelectrolyte Solutions"
41. V. P. Belousov and E. P. Sokolova, Vestn. Leningrad Univ., 21, Ser. Fiz. Khim. No. 3, 90 (1966), "Heats of Mixing of Liquids. IV. Heats of Mixing in Acetone-Water, Methyl Ethyl Ketone-Water and Cyclohexanone-Water"
42. O. I. Belova and L. T. Varfolomeeva, Tr. Frunzensk. Politekhn. Inst., 1962, 49 "Solubility of Potassium and Sodium Chlorides in Sucrose Solutions"
43. H. A. Benesi, L. S. Mason, and A. L. Robinson, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 68, 1755 (1946), "Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of α - and β -Alanine at 25°C"
44. R. Benjamin, PhD. Thesis, Bruxelles, 1932, "About the Freezing Points of Aqueous Solutions of Methanol and Ethanol"
45. L. Benjamin and G. C. Benson, J. Phys. Chem. 67, 858 (1963), "A Deuterium Isotope Effect on the Excess Enthalpy of Methanol-Water Solutions"
46. K. Bennewitz and L. Kratz, Phys. Z., 37, 496 (1936), "The Specific Heat of Nonelectrolytes in Solution and the Influence of the Dielectric Constant of the Solvent on the Vibrational State of the Molecules"
47. T. H. Benzinger and R. Hems, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 42, 896 (1956), "Reversibility and Equilibrium of the Glutaminase Reaction Observed Calorimetrically to Find the Free Energy of Adenosine Triphosphate Hydrolysis"
48. T. H. Benzinger, C. Kitzinger, R. Hems, and K. Burton, Biochem. J., 71, 400 (1959), "Free Energy Changes of the Glutaminase Reaction and the Hydrolysis of the Terminal Pyrophosphate Bond of Adenosine Triphosphate"
49. C. Berg and A. C. McKinnis, Ind. Eng. Chem., 40, 1309 (1948), "Effect of Temperature on Liquid Phase Activity Coefficients"

50. A. G. Bergman and M. N. Kuznetsova, J. Gen. Chem. (U. S. S. R.), 9, 637 (1939), "Physicochemical Analysis of the Reaction between Organic Amines and Acids II. Thermal Analysis of the Ternary System Urea-Acetic Acid-Water"
51. E. Berner, Chem. Ber., 66, 1917 (1933), "The Cryoscopic Behavior of Alcohol in Aqueous Solution"
52. S. A. Bernhard, J. Biol. Chem., 218, 961 (1956), "Ionization Constants and Heats of Dissociation of Tris (hydroxy methyl) aminomethane"
53. G. L. Bertrand, F. J. Millero, C.-H. Wu, and L. G. Hepler, J. Phys. Chem., 70, 699 (1966), "Thermochemical Investigations of the Water-Ethanol and Water-Methanol Solvent Systems I. Heats of Mixing, Heats of Solution, and Heats of Ionization of Water"
54. S. Bezzi and A. Iliceto, Ricerca Sci., 19, 999 (1949), "The System Formaldehyde-Water I. Constitution of Aqueous Solutions of Formaldehyde and their Stability II. Distillation of Aqueous Solutions of Formaldehyde and the Gas-Liquid Phase Equilibria"
55. J. S. Binford, Jr., and Dennis M. Holloway, J. Mol. Biol., 31, 91 (1968), "Heats of Base Pair Formation with Adenine and Uracil Analogs"
56. F. Blacet, P. Leighton, and E. Bartlett, J. Phys. Chem., 35, 1935 (1931), "The Specific Heat of Five Pure Organic Liquids and of Ethyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
57. C. Black, Ind. Eng. Chem., 51, 211 (1959), "Multicomponent Vapor-Liquid Equilibria from Binary Data"
58. E. W. Blair and W. Ledbury, J. Chem. Soc., 127, 26 (1925), "The Partial Formaldehyde Vapor Pressures of Aqueous Solutions of Formaldehyde. Part I."
59. V. P. Blidin and T. G. Golovanova, Zhur. Obshchey Khim., 28, 2926 (1958), "Polytherm of the Ternary System of Urea-Citric Acid-Water"
60. M. Bobtelsky and R. D. Larisch, J. Chem. Soc., 1950, 3612, "The Heat of Solution of Halides, Sulfuric Acid, Oxalic Acid, Sodium Hydroxide, and Urea in Ethyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
61. O. D. Bonner and W. H. Breazeale, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 10, 325 (1965), "Osmotic and Activity Coefficients of Some Nonelectrolytes"
62. H. Borsook, E. L. Ellis, and H. M. Huffman, J. Biol. Chem., 117, 281 (1937), "Sulphydryl Oxidation-Reduction Potentials Derived from Thermal Data"
63. W. Borzani, Anais Assoc. Quim. Brasil, 6, 34 (1947), "Equation of Characteristic Hyperbolas in Cryoscopy of Concentrated Solutions"

64. E. Bose and A. Müller, Z. Physik. Chem., 58, 586 (1907), "Determination of Specific Heats of Alcohols, and Mixtures of Water and Alcohols"
65. F. Bosnjakovic and J. A. Grumbt, Forsch. Gebiete Ingenieurw., 2A, No. 12, 421 (1931), "Enthalpy of Liquid Ethyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
66. V. E. Bower and R. A. Robinson, J. Phys. Chem., 67, 1524 (1963), "The Thermodynamics of the Ternary System Urea-Sodium Chloride-Water at 25°C"
67. V. E. Bower and R. A. Robinson, J. Phys. Chem., 67, 1540 (1963), "The Isopiestic Vapor Pressure Measurements of the Ternary System Sorbitol-Sodium Chloride-Water at 25°C"
68. J. A. Boyne and A. G. Williamson, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 12, 318 (1967), "Enthalpies of Mixing of Ethanol and Water at 25°C"
69. J. Brazauskiene, K. Miscenko, and J. Ciparis, Lietuvos TSR Aukstuju Molsyklu Mokalo Darbai, Chem. ir Chem. Technol., 6, 141 (1965), "The Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium in Propionic Acid-Water System under Isothermal Conditions (40, 50, 60°C)"
70. G. Bregig and R. Bayer, Z. Physik. Chem., 130, 1 (1927), "The Vapor Pressure of Binary Systems. Methyl Alcohol-Water"
71. K. R. Brower, J. Peslak, Jr., and J. Elrod, J. Phys. Chem., 73, 207 (1969), "Correlation of Molecular Flexibility with Volume and Heat of Mixing of Organic Solutes with Water and Glycol-Water Mixture"
72. A. C. Brown and D. J. G. Ives, J. Chem. Soc., 1608 (1962), "tert-Butanol-Water System"
73. H. D. Brown, W. J. Evans, and A. M. Altschul, Life Sci., 3, 1487 (1964), "Analysis by Differential Calorimetry of ATPase Activity in Potato Apyrase and Red Blood Cell Ghosts"
74. H. D. Brown, W. J. Evans, and A. M. Altschul, Biochim. Biophys. Acta, 94, 302 (1965), "Applications of Calorimetry, Schema for the Continuous Observation of the Movement of Glucose Across Biological Membranes"
75. H. D. Brown, N. J. Neucere, A. M. Altschul, and W. J. Evans, Life Sci., 4, 1439 (1965), "Activity Patterns of Purified ATPase from Arachis Hypogaea"
76. I. Brown and A. H. Ewald, J. Sci. Res. Ser. A; Phys. Sci., 3, 306 (1950), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibria I. The Systems Carbon-Tetrachloride-Cyclohexane and Water-Acetic Acid"
78. W. S. Brown and D. S. Martin, U. S. At. Energy Comm., ISC-235 (1951), "Activity Coefficient of Aqueous Methanol Solutions"

79. A. S. Brunjes and M. J. P. Bogart, Ind. Eng. Chem., 35, 255 (1943), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria for Commercially Important Systems of Organic Solvents. The Binary Systems Ethanol-n-Butanol, Acetone-Water, and Isopropanol-Water"
80. F. H. Bruns, E. Noltmann, and A. Willemse, Biochem. Z., 330, 411 (1958), "Phosphomannose Isomerase I. Concentration of the Enzyme from Yeast and Separation of Phosphoglucose Isomerase by Column Chromatography on Hydroxylapatite"
81. C. A. Bunton and H. Chaimovich, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 88, 4082 (1966), "The Hydrolysis of Glucose-6-phosphate"
82. K. Burton and T. H. Wilson, Biochem. J., 54, 86 (1953), "The Free Energy Changes for the Reduction of Diphosphopyridine Nucleotide and the Dehydrogenation of L-Maleate and L-Glycerol-1-phosphate"
83. C. R. Bury and D. G. Davies, J. Chem. Soc., 2413 (1932), "Specific Heats of Aqueous Solutions of HCOOH, CH₃COOH, CH₃CH₂COOH and CH₃(CH₂)₂COOH"
84. I. N. Bushmakin and K. I. Kuchinskaya, Trudy Gosudarst. Opyt. Zavoda Sintet. Kauchuka, Litera B. IV. Synthetic Rubber 1935, 160, "Vapor Pressure of Acetaldehyde Solution in Water"
85. I. N. Bushmakin and N. V. Lutugina, J. Appl. Chem. USSR, 29, 1267 (1956), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium for Acetic Acid-Water and Butyl Acetate-Acetic Acid-Ethyl Acetate Systems"
86. I. N. Bushmakin and N. V. Lutugina, Vestnik. Leningrad Univ., 13, No. 10, Ser. Fiz. i. Khim. No. 2, 75 (1958), "Equilibria Liquid-Liquid and Liquid-Vapor for the System Water-Acetic Acid-Butyl Acetate"
87. J. A. V. Butler, Trans. Faraday Soc., 33, 229 (1937), "The Energy and Entropy of Hydration of Organic Compounds"
88. J. A. V. Butler, C. N. Ramchandani, and D. W. Thomson, J. Chem. Soc., 280 (1935), "The Solubility of Non-Electrolytes Part I. The Free Energy of Hydration of Some Aliphatic Alcohols"
89. J. A. V. Butler, D. W. Thomson, and W. H. MacLennan, J. Chem. Soc., 674 (1933), "The Free Energy of Normal Aliphatic Alcohols in Aqueous Solution. Part I. The Partial Vapor Pressures of Aqueous Solutions of Methyl, n-Propyl and n-Butyl Alcohols."
90. S. Sh. Byk, I. J. Serebrennaya, and P. R. Shcherbakova, Khim. Prom. 1963, 507, "Isothermal Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium in the System Water-Acetaldehyde"

91. E. Calvet, J. Chim. Phys., 30, 140 (1933), "Direct Thermochemical Measurements in Organic Chemistry. Velocity and Heat of Saponification of Amides. II. Measurements Performed and Results Obtained"
92. A. N. Campbell and J. M. T. M. Gieskes, Can. J. Chem., 43, 1004 (1965), "Heats of Mixing and Heat Capacities in the System: Acetic Acid-Chloroform-Water at 25°"
93. W. J. Canady, H. M. Papee and K. J. Laidler, Trans. Faraday Soc., 54, 502 (1958), "Microcalorimetric Studies of Heats of Neutralization and Ionization of Some Weak Acids in Highly Dilute Aqueous Solutions"
94. P. K. Cannan and A. Shore, Biochem. J., 22, 924 (1928), "The Creatine-Creatinine Equilibrium. The Apparent Dissociation Constants of Creatine and Creatinine"
95. J. S. Carey and W. K. Lewis, Ind. Eng. Chem., 24, 882 (1932), "Studies in Distillation Liquid-Vapor Equilibria of Ethyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
96. B. H. Carroll and J. H. Mathews, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 46, 30 (1924), "A Calorimeter for Heats of Mixing at Elevated Temperatures"
97. H. R. Carveth, J. Phys. Chem., 3, 193 (1899), "The Composition of Mixed Vapors I."
98. J. Cathala, Ann. Genie Chim., 2, 200 (1963), "Ebullioscopy"
99. J. Cathala, D. Hardic, and R. Lellerc, Bull. Soc. Chim. France, 17, 1129 (1950), "Dynamic Ebulliometer"
100. L. Cavallaro and A. Indelli, Gazz. Chim. Ital., 85, 993 (1955), "Cryoscopic Measurements on Aqueous Solutions of Some Carbonic Acid Derivatives"
101. L. Cavallaro and A. Indelli, Gazz. Chim. Ital., 88, 369 (1958), "Molecular Interactions of Organic Substances in Aqueous Solutions III. Pyrocatechol, Resorcinol, and Hydroquinine"
102. H. M. Chadwell and F. W. Politi, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 60, 1291 (1938), "The Freezing Points of Concentrated Aqueous Solutions of Urea, Urethan, and Acetamide"
103. N. V. Chalov and M. A. Sholina, Lesokhim. Prom., 3, No. 8, 39 (1940), "Equilibrium Between Liquid and Vapor in Aqueous Methyl Alcohol Solutions of Low Concentration"
104. D. F. Charles, Intern. Sugar J., 62, 126 (1960), "Solubility of Pure Sucrose in Water"

105. A. C. Chatterji and R. P. Rastogi, J. Indian Chem. Soc., 28, 597 (1951), "Variation of Vapor Pressure of Supersaturated Solutions with Temperature. Part I."
106. A. C. Chatterji and R. P. Rastogi, J. Indian Chem. Soc., 31, 63 (1954), "Dependence of Activity of Solvent in Supersaturated Aqueous Solutions of Electrolytes on Temperature"
107. Z. P. Chesheva and K. N. Oseled'ko, Colloid. J. (U. S. S. R.), 5, 875 (1939), "Determination of the Vapor Pressure of Aqueous Solutions"
108. B. Choffe and L. Asselineau, Rev. Inst. Franc. Petrole et Ann. Combustibles Liquides, 11, 948 (1956), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibria between Acetone, i-Propanol and Water at the Pressure of 760 mm of Mercury"
109. B. Choffe and L. Asselineau, Rev. Ins. Franc. Petrole et Ann. Combustibles Liquides, 12, 565 (1957), "Study of the Liquid-Vapor Equilibria Between Acetone i-Propanol, and Water under 760 mm of Mercury Pressure"
110. J. J. Christensen and R. M. Izatt, J. Phys. Chem., 66, 1030 (1962), "Thermodynamics of Proton Dissociation in Dilute Aqueous Solution II. Heats of Proton Dissociation from Ribonucleotides and Related Compounds Determined by a Thermometric Titration Procedure"
111. J. J. Christensen, R. M. Izatt, and L. D. Hansen, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 89, 213 (1967), "Thermodynamics of Proton Ionization in Dilute Aqueous Solution VII. ΔH° and ΔS° Values for Proton Ionization from Carboxylic Acids at 25°C"
113. J. J. Christensen, J. L. Oscarson and R. M. Izatt, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 90, 5949 (1968), "Thermodynamics of Proton Ionization in Dilute Aqueous Solution X. $\Delta G^\circ(pK)$, ΔH° , and ΔS° Values for Proton Ionization from Several Monosubstituted Carboxylic Acids at 10, 25, and 40°C"
114. A. O. Christie and D. J. Crisp, J. Appl. Chem. (London), 17, 11 (1967), "Activity Coefficients of the Normal Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Aliphatic Amines in Aqueous Solution"
115. E. M. Ciferri and A. Ciferri, Congr. Intern. Ind. y Aliment., 10th Congr. Madrid, 2 1311 (1954), "Sucrose-Raffinose-Water System"
116. A. M. Clark, Trans. Faraday Soc., 42, 742 (1946), "New General Equation for the Liquid-Vapor Relations of Binary Systems. III. Relation between Temperature or Pressure and Composition"
117. B. M. Clarke, Physik. Z., 6, 154 (1905), "About the Heats of Mixing of Ethanol and n-Propanol with Water"

118. H. Classen, Cetr. Zuckerind., 44, 444 (1936), "Boiling Point Elevation in Sucrose Solutions"
119. E. Coates, P. G. Gardam, and B. Rigg, Trans. Faraday Soc., 62, 2577 (1966), "Micro-ionization Constants for Tyrosine"
120. E. J. Cohn, T. L. McMeekin, J. T. Edsall, and J. H. Weare, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 56, 2270 (1934), "Studies in the Physical Chemistry of Amino Acids, Peptides and Related Substances II. The Solubility of α -Amino Acid in Water and In Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
121. E. J. Cohn, T. L. McMeekin, J. D. Terry, and M. N. Blanchard, J. Phys. Chem., 43, 169 (1939), "Studies in the Physical Chemistry of Amino Acids, Peptides, and Related Substances XII."
122. R. Cohen-Adad, Publ. Sci. Univ. Alger., Ser. B, Sci. Phys., 1, 85 (1955), "Physicochemical Studies of Aqueous Solutions of Urea I. Ionic Properties of Urea Solutions"
123. L. W. Carnell and R. E. Montonna, Ind. Eng. Chem., 25, 1331 (1933), "Studies in Distillation. II. Liquid-Vapor Equilibria in the Systems Ethanol-Water, Methanol-Water and Acetic Acid-Water"
124. N. E. Costa and J. M. Tarrazo, Ann. Soc. Esp. Fis. Quim., B48, 397 (1952), "Distillation of Binary Liquid Mixtures. I. Determination of Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium"
125. T. L. Cottrell, G. W. Drake, D. L. Levi, K. J. Tully, and J. H. Wolfenden, J. Chem. Soc., 1016 (1948), "The Thermochemistry of Solutions Part V. The Heats of Ionization of Some Organic Acids"
126. T. L. Cottrell and J. H. Wolfenden, J. Chem. Soc., 1019 (1948), "The Thermochemistry of Solutions Part VI. The Heats of Ionization of Succinic Acid"
127. L. Credali. L. Mortillaro, G. Galiazzo, M. Russo, and C. de Checchi, Chim. Ind. (Milan), 47, 732 (1965), "Vapor Pressure for the Solid-Liquid System Water-Formaldehyde"
128. H. D. Crockford, W. F. Little, and W. A. Wood, J. Phys. Chem., 61, 1674 (1957), "Electromotive-Force Studies in Aqueous Solutions of Hydrochloric Acid and D-Fructose"
129. J. L. Czeisler and E. E. Schrier, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 14, 6 (1969), "Activity Coefficients in Aqueous Carboxylic Acid-Sodium Carboxylate Solutions"
130. G. Dahlgren and F. A. Long, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 82, 1303 (1960), "Relative Hydrogen Bonding of Deutrium I. Ionization Constants of Maleic and Furmaric Acids and of Their Monoethyl Esters in H_2O and D_2O "

131. P. Dalager, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 14, 298 (1969), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria of Binary Systems of Water with Methanol at Extreme Dilution of the Alcohols"
132. L. H. Dalman, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 59, 2547 (1937), "The Solubility of Citric and Tartaric Acids in Water"
133. S. Darling, Acta Physiol. Scand., 10, 150 (1945), "Kinetic and Thermo-dynamic Investigations on the Transamination Process"
134. S. Darling, Nature, 160, 403 (1947), "Computation of the Free Energy of α -Ketoglutarate and Pyruvate from Constants of the Transamination Process"
135. S. P. Datta and A. K. Grzybowski, J. Chem. Soc., 6004 (1963), "The Ionization Constant of the Carboxyl Group of Creatine"
136. S. P. Datta, A. K. Grzybowski, and B. A. Weston, J. Chem. Soc., 792 (1963), "The Acid Dissociation Constants of the Protonated Form of Tri(hydroxymethyl)methylamine"
137. N. K. Davidenko, Zh. Neorgan. Khim., 9, 1781 (1964), "Determination of the Third Dissociation Constant of Tartaric Acid by the Solubility Method"
138. M. Davies and D. K. Thomas, J. Phys. Chem., 60, 41 (1956), "Isopiestic Studies of Aqueous Dicarboxylic Acids Solution"
139. D. S. Davis, Ind. Chemist, 37, 528 (1961), "Vapor Pressure of Aqueous Acetone"
140. W. M. Dehn, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 39, 1399 (1917), "Comparative Solubilities in Water, in Pyridine, and in Aqueous Pyridine"
141. A. O. Delzenne, Chem. Eng. Data, 3, 224 (1958), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Data for the Ternary System Methanol-Ethanol-Water"
142. W. Dimmling and E. Lange, Z. Elektrochem., 55, 322 (1951), "Heats of Dilution and Solution of n-Propyl Alcohol and iso-Propyl Alcohol in Water at 25°C"
143. A. A. Dobrinskaya, V. G. Markovich, and M. B. Neiman, Izvest. Akad. Nauk SSSR, Otdel. Khim. Nauk, 1953, 434, "Thermochemical Investigations of Solution Pressures and Compositions of Vapors of Binary Systems of Acetaldehyde and Water"
144. A. Dobry, J. S. Fruton, and J. M. Sturtevant, J. Biol. Chem., 195, 149 (1952), "Thermodynamics of Hydrolysis of Peptide Bonds"

145. A. Dobry and J. M. Sturtevant, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 195, 141 (1952), "Heats of Hydrolysis of Amide and Peptide Bonds"
146. H. J. E. Dobson, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 127, 2866 (1925), "The Partial Pressures of Aqueous Ethyl Alcohol"
147. B. F. Dodge, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, 22, 89 (1930), "Note on the Methanol Equilibrium"
148. A. Doroshevskii, *J. Phys. Chem. (U. S. S. R.)*, 41, 958 (1909), "About the Heat Capacities of Aqueous Solutions of Methanol, Propanol, and i-Butanol"
149. A. Doroszewsky and E. Polansky, *Z. Phys. Chem.*, 73, 192 (1910), "Study of Vapor Pressure of Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
150. A. Doroshevskii and R. R. Rakovskii, *J. Phys. Chem. (U. S. S. R.)*, 40, 860 (1908), "About the Heat Capacities of Aqueous Solutions of Ethanol"
151. H. G. Drickamer, G. G. Brown, and R. R. White, *Trans. Am. Inst. Chem. Engrs.*, 41, 555 (1945), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria in Phenol-Hydrocarbon Systems"
152. M. Duboux, *J. Chim. Phys.*, 19, 179 (1921), "Calculation of the Second Dissociation Constants of Dibasic Acids from Concentration of H Ions"
153. K. A. Dulitskaya, *Zh. Obsch. Khim.*, 15, 9 (1945), "Vapor Pressures of Binary Systems I."
154. K. A. Dulitskaya, *Zh. Obsch. Khim.*, 15, 22 (1945), "The Influence of a Third Nonvolatile Component on the Partial Pressures in the Binary Systems II."
155. P. J. Dunlop and L. J. Gosting, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 75, 5073 (1953), "The Diffusion of Glycolamide in Water at 25° by the Gouy Interference Method"
156. M. S. Dunn and J. G. Weiner, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 117, 381 (1937), "Quantitative Investigation of Amino Acids and Peptides III. Apparent Acid Dissociation Constants in Aqueous Formaldehyde Solution"
157. W. J. Dunning, H. C. Evans, and M. Taylor, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 2363 (1951), "The Vapor Pressures of Concentrated Aqueous Sucrose Solutions up to the Pressure of 760 mm"
158. W. J. Dunning and W. J. Shutt, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 34, 1192 (1938), "Interaction between Solutes and Polar Solvents I. Electrolytes"
159. W. J. Dunning and W. J. Shutt, *Ibid.*, "II. Polar Molecules"

160. J. Durell, M. Rawitscher, and J. M. Sturtevant, *Biochim. Biophys. Acta*, 56, 552 (1962), "The Synthesis of Methionine by Enzymic Trans-methylation VIII. Enthalpy Changes in the Methyl-Transfer from Betaine and S-Methylmethionine Bromide"
161. C. A. Durruty, *Anales Soc. Quim. Argentina*, 19, 227 (1931), "The Catalytic Action of Hydrochloric Acid on the System Acetic Acid-Ethyl Alcohol-Ethyl Acetate-Water"
162. E. P. Egan, Jr., and B. B. Luff, *J. Chem. Eng. Data*, 11, 192 (1966), "Heat of Solution, Heat Capacity, and Density of Aqueous Urea Solutions at 25°C"
164. G. Edgar and H. E. Shiver, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 47, 1179 (1925), "The Equilibrium between Creatine and Creatinine in Aqueous Solution. The Effect of Hydrogen Ion"
165. H. E. Eduljee, V. N. Kumarkrishnarao, and M. N. Rao, *J. Chem. Eng. Data*, 3, 44 (1958), "Correlation of Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Data for Acetone-Water System"
166. E. Ellenbogen, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 74, 5198 (1952), "Dissociation Constants of Peptides I. A Survey of the Effect of Optical Configuration"
167. E. Ellenbogen, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 78, 369 (1956), "Dissociation Constants of Peptides IV. The Isomeric Alanylalanines"
168. H. D. Ellerton and P. J. Dunlop, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 70, 1831 (1966), "Activity Coefficients for the Systems Water-Urea and Water-Urea-Sucrose at 25°C from Isopiestic Measurements"
169. H. D. Ellerton and P. J. Dunlop, *Aust. J. Chem.*, 20, 2263 (1967), "Osmotic Coefficients, Density and Relative Viscosity Data for Aqueous Solutions of Thiourea at 25°C"
170. H. D. Ellerton, G. Reinfelds, D. E. Mulcahy, and P. J. Dunlop, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 68, 398 (1964), "Activity, Density, and Relative Viscosity Data for Several Amino Acids, Lactamide, and Raffinose in Aqueous Solution at 25°C"
171. S. R. M. Ellis and E. P. Bahari, *Brit. Chem. Eng.*, 1, 210 (1956), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium at Low Concentrations + Acid-Water; Nitric Acid-Water"
172. S. R. M. Ellis and R. D. Garbett, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, 52, 385 (1960), "A New Equilibrium Still for the Study of Partially Miscible Systems"
173. S. R. M. Ellis, J. M. Thwaites, *Birmingham Univ. Chem. Eng.*, 6, No. 3, 78 (1955), "A Small Capacity Equilibrium Still"

174. C. Enders and S. Sigurdsson, Naturwissenschaften, 31, 92 (1943), "The Existence and Significance of Sugar-Triose Equilibria"
175. L. E. Erickson and R. A. Alberty, J. Phys. Chem., 63, 705 (1959), "Kinetics and Mechanism of the Base-Catalyzed Hydration of Fumarate and Malate"
176. R. C. Ernst, C. H. Watkins, and H. H. Ruwe, J. Phys. Chem., 40, 627 (1936), "The Physical Properties of the Ternary System Ethyl Alcohol-Glycerol-Water"
177. P. N. Evans, Ind. Eng. Chem., 8, 260 (1916), "Boiling and Condensing Points of Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
178. P. N. Evans, Ind. Eng. Chem., 13, 168 (1921), "Vapor-Compositions of Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
179. D. H. Everett, D. A. Landsman, and B. R. W. Pinsent, Proc. Roy. Soc. (London), 215, 403 (1952), "The Thermodynamics of Ionization of Some Fatty Acids"
180. V. A. Evtushenko and G. V. Makhnova, Zh. Prikl. Khim., 35, 747 (1962), "Solubility of Mannitol"
181. M. Ewert, Bull. Soc. Chim. Belg., 45, 493 (1936), "Research on Theory of Concentrated Solutions, XIII. Aqueous Solutions of Organic Compounds"
182. M. Ewert, Bull. Soc. Chim. Belg., 46, 90 (1937), "Theory of Concentrated Solutions. XV. Freezing of Aqueous Solution of Organic Compounds"
183. W. A. Felsing and M. May, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 70, 2904 (1940), "The Ionization Constants of Butyric Acid in Isopropyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures from 0 to 40°"
184. J. B. Ferguson and W. S. Funnell, J. Phys. Chem., 33, 1 (1929), "The Determination of Vapor and Liquid Compositions in Binary Systems I. Methyl Alcohol-Water"
185. M. W. Fey, C. M. Weil, and J. B. Segur, Ind. Eng. Chem., 43, 1435 (1951), "Solubility of Sucrose in Aqueous Glycerol and Propylene Glycol"
186. C. Finbak, Avhandl. Norske Videnskaps. Adad Oslo. I. Matnaturv. Klasse 1945, No. 10, 53 pp., "Structure of Liquids - Some Physical Constants of Binary Solutions"
187. V. Fischer, Helv. Phys. Acta, 6, 42 (1933), "Thermodynamics of Mixtures with an Application to Ethanol-Water"
188. W. W. Forrest, H. Gut freund, and J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 78, 1349 (1956), "The Effect of Ionic Strength on the Heat of Hydrolysis of Benzoyl-L-Arginamide"

189. A. R. Fowler and H. Hunt, Ind. Eng. Chem., 33, 90 (1941), "The System Nitromethane-n-Propanol-Water, Vapor-Liquid Equilibria in the Ternary and Three Binary Systems"
190. F. Frank and B. Watson, J. Sci. Instrum. [2], 1, 940 (1968), "Differential Calorimeter for the Measurement of Heats of Solution at High Dilutions"
191. C. Frenzel, R. Burian, and O. Haas, Z. Elektrochem., 41, 419 (1935), "Heats of Dilution and Osmotic Pressures of Nonelectrolytes"
192. K. Freudenhagen and H. Liebster, Z. Physik. Chem., 162A, 449 (1932), "The Partial Pressure and Distribution Numbers of Acetic Acid Over its Aqueous Solution at 25°C"
193. R. Fricke, Z. Elektrochem., 35, 631 (1929), "Thermodynamic Behaviour of Concentrated Solutions"
194. F. Frignet, M. Ratouis, and M. Dodé, Bull. Soc. Chim. Fr., 2458 (1967), "Experimental Device for Measuring the Heat of Mixing of Volatile Liquids by Means of the Calvet Microcalorimeter. Application to the Water-Propanol System"
195. T. W. Gadwa, Thesis, 1936, from J. Timmermans, "The Physico-Chemical Constants of Binary Systems in Concentrated Solutions," Vol. 4, Interscience Publishers, Inc., New York, 1960, p. 209
196. H. Gal and E. Werner, Bull. Soc. Chim. France, 47, 158 (1887), "Notes on the Heats of Neutralization of Maleic and Citric Acids and the Pyroracemic Derivatives. Remarks on the Numbers Obtained"
197. F. H. Garner, S. R. M. Ellis, and C. J. Pearce, Chem. Eng. Sci., 3, 48 (1954), "Extraction of Acetic Acid from Water. III. Binary Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Data"
198. L. Garwin and P. O. Haddad, Ind. Eng. Chem., 45, 1558 (1953), "System AcOH-H₂O-Dimethylaniline. Liquid Phase Behaviour and Analysis"
199. M. L. G. Van Gasselt, TNO Nieuws, 21, 13 (1966), "Apparatus for Measuring the Saturated Vapor Pressures of Pure Liquids and Solutions at Temperatures up to 450° and Pressures up to 30 Bars"
200. G. Gehloff, Z. Physik. Chem., 98, 252 (1921), "The Relation Between Heat of Solution and Heat of Fusion of Organic Substances"
201. A. Giacalone, Z. Physik. Chem., A188, 1 (1941), "Relations Among Surface Tension, Internal Pressure, Vapor Tension and Osmotic Pressure. A Contribution to the Study of Solutions"

202. A Giacalone, Gazz. Chim. Ital., 72, 370 (1942), "Regularities in the Vapor Tension of Organic Substances Belonging to a Homologous Series"
203. A. Giacalone, F. Accascina, and G. Carnesi, Gazz. Chim. Ital., 72, 109 (1942), "Surface Activity. VIII. Surface Activity and Vapor Pressures of Aqueous Solutions of Aliphatic Acids"
204. J. M. T. M. Gieskes, Can. J. Chem., 43, 2448 (1965), "Thermodynamic Excess Functions in the Systems Acetic Acid-Water and Acetic Acid-Chloroform"
205. S. J. Gill and E. L. Farquhar, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 96, 3039 (1968), "Equilibria of Weak Complexes by Solution Calorimetry"
206. R. Gilmont and D. F. Othmer, Ind. Eng. Chem., 36, 1061 (1944), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions. H₂O-AcOH System at Atmospheric and Subatmospheric Pressures"
207. A. Glagoleva, J. Gen. Chem. (U.S.S.R.), 6, 1769 (1936), "Heat of Formation in the System Formic Acid-Water"
208. A. Glagoleva, Byull. Vsesoyuz. Khim. Obshchestva im. D. I. Mendeleeva, 1939, No. 3-4, 41, Khim. Referat. Zhur. 1939, No. 8, 15, "Physical-Chemical Analysis of the System Formic Acid-Water"
209. A. Glagoleva, Zh. Obshch. Khim., 11, 765 (1941), "The Equilibrium System Formic Acid-Water"
210. A. Glagoleva, J. Gen. Chem. (U.S.S.R.), 11, 768 (1941), "Heat of Vaporization of the System Formic Acid-Water"
211. A. Glagoleva and S. I. Cherbov, J. Gen. Chem. (U.S.S.R.), 6, 685 (1936), "Study of the Heat Capacity of Formic Acid and of its Aqueous Solutions"
212. F. Goelles, Monatsh. Chem., 95, 1656 (1964), "Examination and Calculation of Thermodynamic Data from Experimental Measurements V. Mathematics of the System Water-Acetone"
213. A. Z. Golik and V. P. Solomoko, Ukrain Khim. Zhur., 24, 734 (1958); 25, 40 (1959), "Physical Properties of the System Water-Acetone-Alcohol. I. The Water-Acetone Ethanol System; II. The Water-Acetone-Butanol System"
214. H. Goller and E. Wicke, Angew. Chem. 19B, 117 (1947), "The Thermodynamics of Dilute Alcohol-Water Mixtures. Vapor Pressures, Activities, Heats of Mixing"
215. R. W. L. Goodwin, Confectionery Manuf., 3, 484 (1958), "Properties of Sugar Solutions"

216. G. Gorin, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 78, 767 (1956), "The Ionization of Cysteine"
217. G. Gorin and C. W. Clary, Arch. Biochem. Biophys., 90, 40 (1960), "The Relative Ionizations of the Mercapto and Amino Groups in Cysteine"
218. L. Goudard, C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris, Ser. C, 262, 1827 (1966), "Microcalorimetric Determination of the Heats of Dilution of 2,3-Butanediol, Ethylene Glycol, 1,2-Propanediol, and Glycerol"
219. L. Goudard and A. Grangette, C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris, Ser. C, 263, 10 (1966), "Microcalorimetric Study in the Neutralization of Various Amino Acids"
220. M. A. Grafius and J. B. Neilans, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 77, 3389 (1955), "Apparent Dissociation Constants of Cysteine Derivatives"
221. S. J. Green and R. E. Vener, Ind. Eng. Chem., 47, 103 (1955), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium of Formic Acid-Methanol-Water"
222. J. P. Greenstein, J. Biol. Chem., 93, 479 (1931), "Studies of the Peptides of Trivalent Amino Acids I. Titration Constants of Histidyl-Histidine and Aspartyl-Aspartic Acid"
223. J. Griswold and C. B. Burford, Ind. Eng. Chem., 41, 2347 (1949), "Separation of Synthesis Mixtures; Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium of Acetone-Methanol-Water"
224. J. Griswold, J. D. Haney, and V. A. Klein, Ind. Eng. Chem., 35, 701 (1943), "Ethanol-Water System. Vapor-Liquid Properties at High Pressures"
225. D. W. Grover, Chem. Ind. (London), 690 (1940), "Vapor Pressure of Glycerin"
226. D. W. Grover and J. M. Nicol, J. Soc. Chem. Ind., 59, 175 (1940), "The Vapor Pressure of Glycerin Solutions at 20°"
227. A. K. Grzybowski and S. P. Datta, J. Chem. Soc., 187 (1964), "The Ionization Constant of the Protonated Form of Creatinine"
228. F. T. Gucker, Jr., and T. W. Allen, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 64, 191 (1942), "The Densities and Specific Heats of Aqueous Solutions of dl- α -Alanine and Lactamide"
229. F. T. Gucker, Jr., and F. D. Ayres, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 59, 447 (1937), "The Specific Heat of Aqueous Sucrose Solutions at 20 and 25° and the Apparent Molal Heat Capacity of Non-electrolytes"

230. F. T. Gucker, Jr., and F. D. Ayres, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 59, 2152 (1937), "The Specific Heats of Aqueous Solutions of Urea from 2° to 40° and the Apparent Molal Heat Capacity of Urea"
231. F. T. Gucker, Jr., and W. L. Ford, J. Phys. Chem., 45, 309 (1941), "The Apparent and Partial Molal Heat Capacities and Volumes of Glycine and Glycolamide II"
232. F. T. Gucker, Jr., W. L. Ford, and C. E. Moser, J. Phys. Chem., 43, 153 (1939), "The Apparent and Partial Molal Heat Capacities and Volumes of Glycine and Glycolamide"
233. F. T. Gucker, Jr., H. B. Pickard, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 62, 1464 (1940), "The Heats of Dilution, Heat Capacities, and Activities of Urea in Aqueous Solutions from the Freezing Point to 40°C "
234. F. T. Gucker, Jr., H. B. Pickard, and W. L. Ford, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 62, 2698 (1940), "The Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Glycine and Glycolamide and other Thermodynamic Properties of Glycine at 25° "
235. F. T. Gucker, Jr., H. B. Pickard, and R. W. Planck, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 61, 459 (1939), "A New Micro-Calorimeter. The Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Sucrose at 20° and 30° and Their Heat Capacities at 25° "
236. R. Haase, Z. Elektrochem., 56, 51 (1952), "Concentration Dependence of Thermodynamic Functions for Dilute Binary Nonelectrolyte Solutions"
237. F. L. Hahn and R. Klockmann, Z. Physik. Chem., Abt. A, 146, 373, (1930), "The Determination of the Equilibrium Constant of a Chemical Reaction by Potentiometric Titration"
238. M. W. Hall and Edgar L. Piret, Ind. Eng. Chem., 41, 1277 (1949), "Distillation Principles of Formaldehyde Solutions. State of Formaldehyde in the Vapor Phase"
239. W. J. Hamer, J. O. Burton, and S. F. Acree, J. Res. Natl. Eur. Stds., 24, 269 (1940), "Second Ionization Constant and Related Thermodynamic Quantities for Malonic Acid from 0 to 60° "
240. L. D. Hansen, B. D. West, E. J. Baca, and C. L. Blank, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 90, 6588 (1968), "Thermodynamics of Proton Ionization from Some Substituted 1, 2, 3-Triazoles in Dilute Aqueous Solution"
241. R. S. Hansen and F. A. Miller, J. Phys. Chem., 58, 193 (1954), "Determination of Activities of Binary Solutions of Volatile Liquids"

242. R. S. Hansen, F. A. Miller, and S. D. Christian, J. Phys. Chem., 59, 391 (1955), "Activity Coefficients of Compounds in the System Water-Acetic Acid, Water-Propionic Acid, and Water-Butyric Acid at 25°"
243. D. O. Hanson and M. V. Winkle, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 5, 30 (1960), "Relation of Binary Heats of Mixing and Distribution of Ketone Between Phases in Some Ketone-Water-Solvent Ternaries"
244. W. D. Harkins and R. W. Wampler, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 53, 850 (1931), "The Activity Coefficients and the Adsorption of Organic Solutes. I. n-Butanol in Aqueous Solution by the Freezing Point Method"
245. H. Harned, J. Phys. Chem., 43, 275 (1939), "Experimental Studies of the Ionization of Acetic Acid"
246. H. S. Harned and R. W. Ehlers, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 55, 2379 (1933), "Dissociation Constants of Acetic Acid from 0° to 60°"
247. H. S. Harned and N. D. Embree, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 56, 1042 (1934), "The Ionization Constant of Formic Acid from 0 to 60°"
248. H. S. Harned and L. D. Fallon, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 61, 3111 (1939), "The Second Ionization Constant of Oxalic Acid from 0 to 50°C"
249. H. S. Harned and F. C. Hickey, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 59, 1284 (1937), "The Ionization of Acetic Acid in Aqueous Sodium Chloride Solutions from 0 to 40°"
250. H. S. Harned and F. C. Hickey, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 59, 1289 (1937), "The Hydrolysis of the Acetate Ion in Sodium Chloride Solutions"
251. H. S. Harned and G. M. Murphy, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 53, 8 (1931), "The Temperature Coefficient of Dissociation of Acetic Acid in KCl and NaCl Solutions"
252. H. S. Harned and R. O. Sutherland, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 56, 2039 (1934), "The Ionization Constant of n-Butyric Acid from 0 to 60°C"
253. A. B. Hastings and D. D. Van Slyke, J. Biol. Chem., 53, 269 (1922), "The Determination of the Three Dissociation Constants of Citric Acid"
254. J. K. Haywood, J. Phys. Chem., 3, 317 (1899), "Some Boiling Point Curves"
255. W. Heiman and K. Wisser, Ann., 653, 23 (1962), "Reduction-Oxidation Behaviour of Ascorbic Acid"
256. J. E. Heitz, Am. J. Enol. Viticult., 11, 19 (1960), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria for Acetaldehyde-Ethanol-Water Mixtures"

257. B. C. Hendricks, J. H. Dorsey, R. LeRoy, and A. G. Moseley, Jr., J. Phys. Chem., 34, 418 (1930), "A Modified Vacuum-Walled Adiabatic Calorimeter"
258. B. C. Hendricks, W. H. Steinbach, Jr., R. H. LeRoy, and A. G. Moseley, Jr., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 56, 99 (1934), "Heat of Solution of Sugars in Water"
259. B. C. Hendricks and W. H. Steinbach, J. Phys. Chem., 42, 335 (1938), "The Thermal Chemistry of d-Glucose and Other Glucose Sugars in Sodium Hydroxide Solution"
260. D. Hessel and G. Geiseler, Z. Physik. Chem. (Leipzig) 229, 199 (1965), "Pressure Dependence of the Hetero-Azeotropic System n-Butanol-Water"
261. H. E. Higbie, Ind. Eng. Chem., 47, 17 (1955), "Thermal Calculations for Sugar Process Engineers"
262. H. Higbie and G. Stedman, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 72, 3799 (1950), "Heat of Solution of Sucrose in Water at 25°"
263. D. J. Y. Hill, Ph.D. Thesis, University of Queensland, 1965, from E. M. Arnett, W. B. Kover, and J. V. Carter, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 91, 4028 (1969)
264. T. L. Hill, J. Phys. Chem., 48, 101 (1944), "Relative Free Energies and Dissociation Constants of Microscopic Ions"
265. M. Hirata and S. Suda, Kagaku Kogaku 31, 759 (1967), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium under Pressurized Conditions; Experimental Apparatus and Methane-Water System"
266. H. Hirobe, J. Fac. Sci. Imp. Univ. Tokyo [I] 1, 155 (1926), "Thermochemical Studies"
267. K. Hiromi, K. Takahashi, Z. Hamauzu, and S. Ono, J. Biochem. (Tokyo), 59, 469 (1966), "Kinetic Studies on Glucamylase III. Influence of pH on the Rates of Hydrolysis of Maltose and Panose"
268. Y. Hirose, M. Ino, H. Hiraiwa, and H. Hirata, Kagaku Kogaku 31, 123 (1967), "A Rapid Method of Determining the Activity Coefficient at Infinite Dilution"
269. D. I. Hitchcock, J. Phys. Chem., 62, 1337 (1958), "The Ionization Constants of Isocitric Acid"
270. J. Hollo and T. Lengyel, Fette, Seifen, Anstrichmittel 63, 433 (1961), "The Evaporation of Water from Aqueous Glycerol"

271. H. P. Hopkins, Jr., C. H. Wu, and L. G. Hepler, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 69, 2244 (1965), "Thermochemistry of Aqueous Aminosulfonic Acids. Sulfamic and Sulfanilic Acids and Taurine"
272. W. M. Hoskins, M. Randall, and C. L. A. Schmidt, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 88, 215 (1930), "The Conductance and Activity Coefficients of Glutamic Acid and Aspartic Acids and Their Monosodium Salts"
273. J. Hrubisik, *Listy Cukrovar.*, 73, 107 (1957), "Solubility of Sucrose in Water According to Kaganov"
274. R. Hruba and V. Kasjanov, *Listy Cukrovar*, 56, 345 (1938), "The Solubility of Sucrose"
275. C. S. Hudson, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 26, 1065 (1904), "The Hydration of Milk Sugar in Solution"
276. C. S. Hudson, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 30, 1767 (1908), "Further Studies on the Forms of Milk-Sugar"
277. C. S. Hudson and F. C. Brown, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 30, 960 (1908), "The Heats of Solution of Three Forms of Milk Sugar"
278. F. M. Hunter, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 22, 194 (1926), "Latent Heat of Dilution of Can Sugar Solutions"
279. J. O. Hutchens, K. M. Figlio, and S. M. Granta, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 238, 1419 (1963), "An Isopiestic Comparison Method for Activities. The Activities of L-Serine and L-Arginine Hydrochloride"
280. A. Iliceto, *Gazz. Chim. Ital.*, 81, 786 (1951), "The Water-Formaldehyde System IV. Heat of Polymerization"
281. A. Iliceto, *Gazz. Chim. Ital.*, 83, 18 (1953), "The System Water-Formaldehyde V. Preparation of Pure Solutions of Formaldehyde and the Separation and Redissolution of Polyoxymethylenes"
282. A. Iliceto, *Chimica e Industria (Milan)*, 36, 523 (1954), "The System Water-Formaldehyde VII. Distillation of Aqueous Formaldehyde Solution"
283. A. Iliceto, *Gazz. Chim. Ital.*, 84, 536 (1954), "The System Water-Formaldehyde VI. Equilibrium Conditions of the Liquid and Gaseous Phases"
284. A. Iliceto and S. Bezzi, *Chim.e Ind. (Milan)*, 42, 728 (1960), "System Water-Formaldehyde VIII. Decomposition Pressure of Polyoxymethylene and Equilibria between Solid, Liquid, and Gaseous Phases"

285. I. Iodvalkyte, S. Garlauskaite, and J. Ciparis, Lietuvos Zemes Ukio Akad. Moksliniai Darbai, 12, 129 (1965), "Liquid-Vapor Phase Equilibrium in the Systems Formic Acid-Water and Formic Acid-Water-Salt under Isothermal Conditions (40, 50, and 60°C)"
286. R. J. Irving, L. Nelander, and I. Wadso, Acta Chem. Scand., 18, 769 (1964), "Thermodynamics of the Ionization of Some Thiols in Aqueous Solutions"
287. T. Ito and F. Yoshida, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 8, 315 (1963), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria of Water-Lower Fatty Acid Systems"
288. D. J. G. Ives, J. Chem. Soc., 313 (1933), "The Dissociation of HOAc"
289. R. M. Izatt, J. H. Rytting, L. D. Hansen, and J. J. Christensen, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 88, 2641 (1966), "Thermodynamics of Proton Dissociation in Dilute Aqueous Solution V. An Entropy Titration Study of Adenosine, Pentoses, Hexoses, and Related Compounds"
290. L. Jager, J. Nyvet, H. Kacova, S. Karacek, and F. Micek, Chem. Prumysl 15, 366 (1965), "Some Physicochemical Properties of Urea Solutions"
291. W. P. Jencks and M. Gilchrist, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 86, 4651 (1964), "The Free Energies of Hydrolysis of Some Esters and Thiol Esters of Acetic Acid"
292. A. I. Johnson, W. F. Furter, and T. W. Barry, Canad. J. Technol., 32, 179 (1954), "A Phase Equilibrium Study of the System n-Octane-Water-Propionic Acid"
293. C. A. Jones, E. M. Schoenborn, and A. P. Colburn, Ind. Eng. Chem., 35, 666 (1943), "Equilibrium Still for Miscible Liquids Data on Ethylene Dichloride-Toluene and Ethanol-Water"
294. I. Jones and F. G. Soper, J. Chem. Soc., 133 (1936), "The Effect of Temperature on the Ionization Constants of Some Dibasic Acids"
295. J. Jordan and W. H. Dumbaugh, Jr., Bull. Chem. Thermodynamics, No. 2, 9 (1959), "Enthalpies and Entropies of Ionization of Acids in Aqueous Solution"
296. N. R. Joseph, J. Biol. Chem., 130, 203 (1939), "Interaction of Amino Acids and Salts III. The Determination of the Activities of Calcium, Barium, and Strontium Chloride in Amino Acid Solution by Means of Electrodes of the Third Kind"
297. M. A. Kabayama, D. Patterson, and L. Piche, Can. J. Chem., 36, 557 (1958), "The Thermodynamics of Mutarotation of Some Sugars I. Measurement of the Heat of Mutarotation by Microcalorimetry"

298. I. M. Kaganskii, G. S. Mukhlya, V. M. Kharlamova, and V. A. Naumov, *Zh. Prikl. Khim.*, 37, 1111 (1964), "Solubility in the Urea-Phosphoric Acid-Water System"
299. H. Kakinuma, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 45, 1045 (1941), "The Solubility of Urea in Water"
300. W. Kangro, A. Groeneveld, *Z. Physik. Chem. (Frankfurt)*, 32, 110 (1962), "Concentrated Aqueous Solutions I"
301. T. Katayama, *Kagaku Kogaku*, 26, 361 (1962), "Heats of Mixing, Liquid Heat Capacities, and Enthalpy-Concentration Charts for Methanol-Water and Isopropanol-Water Systems"
302. T. Katayama, *Kagaku Kogaku* 26, 490 (1962), "Thermodynamical Test of Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Data by Use of Heat of Mixing. Activity Coefficients of Methanol-Water and Isopropanol-Water Systems"
303. L. I. Katzin and E. Gulyas, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 64, 1739 (1960), "Dissociation Constants of Tartaric Acid with the Aid of Polarimetry"
304. E. Kauer and H. J. Bitterich, *Z. Physik. Chem. (Leipzig)*, 235, 205 (1967), "Thermodynamics of Heats of Vaporization of Mixtures. I. Calculation of Heat of Vaporization from Pure Components"
305. E. Kauer, R. Kind, G. Bock, and H. J. Bitterich, *Z. Physik. Chem. (Leipzig)*, 235, 218 (1967), "Thermodynamics of Heats of Vaporization of Mixtures. II. A Combination-Durchfluzz-Calorimeter for Equilibrium Determination of Heat of Vaporization, Molar Heat and Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium of Mixtures"
306. W. A. Kaye and G. S. Parks, *J. Chem. Phys.*, 2, 141 (1934), "The Partial Pressures of Formic and Acetic Acids above Some Aqueous Solutions and Their Partial Molal Free Energies at 1.0 Molal Concentration"
307. F. J. Kelly, R. A. Robinson, and R. H. Stokes, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 65, 1958 (1961), "The Thermodynamics of the Ternary System Mannitol-Sodium Chloride-Water at 25° from Solubility and Vapor Pressure Measurements"
308. T. H. C. Kelly, *J. Appl. Chem. (London)*, 4, 401 (1954), "Phase Equilibria in Sugar Solution I. Ternary System of Water-Sucrose-Inorganic Salts. II. Ternary Systems of Water-Sucrose-Hexose. III. Ternary Systems of Water-Hexose-Inorganic Salts. IV. Ternary System of Water-Glucose-Fructose. V. Conclusion."
309. T. H. C. Kelly, *Ibid.*, 5, 66 (1955), "VI The Quaternary Systems Sucrose-Fructose-Potassium Chloride-Water"

310. T. H. C. Kelly, Ibid, 69, "VII. The Quaternary System Sucrose-Glucose-Potassium Chloride-Water"
311. T. H. C. Kelly, Ibid, 120, "VIII. The Quaternary System Sucrose-Fructose-Glucose-Water"
312. T. H. C. Kelly, Ibid, 170, "X. The Quinary System Sucrose-Glucose-Fructose-Potassium Chloride-Water"
313. T. H. C. Kelly, Ibid, 123, "IX. The Quaternary System Glucose-Fructose-Potassium Chloride-Water:
314. F. H. C. Kelley, Sugar J., 20, 14, 28 (1958), "The Solubility of Sucrose"
315. J. Kenttaman, E. Tommila, and M. Martii, Ann. Acad. Sci. Fennicae, Ser. AII, No. 93, 1959, "Thermodynamic Properties of the System tert-Butanol + Water"
316. J. A. A. Ketelaar and B. O. Loopstra, Rev. Trav. Chim., 74, 113 (1955), "Interaction Between Urea and Carboxylic Acids in Solutions. The Ternary Systems Water-Urea-Valeric Acid and Water-Urea-3-Methylbutyric Acid (Isovaleric Acid)"
317. D. B. Kayes, Ind. Eng. Chem., 25, 569 (1933), "Liquid-Vapor Composition Curves of Acetic Acid-Water"
318. S. E. Kharin and V. M. Perelygin, Izv. Vysshikh Uchebn. Zavedenii, Pishchevaya Tekhnol. 1964, 101, "Equilibrium of Water-Ethyl Alcohol-Sucrose Solutions with Its Vapor at the Boiling Temperature"
319. S. E. Kharin and V. M. Perelygin, Izv. Vysshikh Uchebn. Zavedenii, Pishchevaya Tekhnol. 1964, 129, "Influence of Pressure on the Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium of the Water-EtOH-Sucrose System"
320. S. E. Kharin and V. M. Perelygin, Izv. Vysshikh Uchebn. Zavedenii, Khim. i Khim. Tekhnol., 8, 564 (1965), "Liquid-Vapor Phase Equilibria in the System Water-Ethanol-Acetaldehyde Boiling at Atmospheric Pressure"
321. S. E. Kharin, V. M. Perelygin, and G. P. Remizov, Izv. Vyssh. Ucheb. Zaved. Pishch. Tekhnol. 126 (1967), "Effect of Temperature on the Equilibrium of Water-Alcohol Solution with Its Vapor"
322. S. E. Kharin, V. M. Perelygin, and G. P. Remizov, Izv. Vyssh. Ucheb. Zaved., Pishch. Tekhnol., 132 (1967), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium of Water-Ethanol Solutions"
323. W. Kiessling, Biochem. J., 273, 103 (1934), "The Titration Curve of a 3-Carbon Phosphoric Acid Ester and of Inosine Pyrophosphate"

324. G. Kilde and W. F. K. Wynne-Jones, Trans. Faraday Soc., 49, 243 (1953), "The Mutarotation and Electrolytic Dissociation of Glucose in Alkaline Solution"
325. E. J. Kilmartin and A. V. Hook, Sugar 45, No. 10, 34 (1950), "Heats of Crystallization of Sucrose from Water Solutions"
326. E. J. King, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 73, 155 (1951), "The Ionization Constants of Glycine and the Effect of Sodium Chloride upon its Second Ionization"
327. E. J. King, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 75, 2204 (1953), "The Ionization Constants of Taurine and Its Activity Coefficient in Hydrochloric Acid Solutions from Electromotive Force Measurements"
328. E. J. King, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 76, 1006 (1954), "The Thermodynamics of Ionization of Amino Acids I. The Ionization Constants of γ -Aminobutyric Acid"
329. E. J. King, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 79, 6151 (1957), "The Thermodynamics of Ionization of Amino Acids IV. The First Ionization Constant of Some Glycine Peptides"
330. A. N. Kirgintsev and A. V. Luk'yanov, Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR Otd. Khim. Nauk, 1962, 1479, "The Vapor Pressure of Water in the System Water-Glycerol at 25°"
331. E. Kirschbaum and F. Gerstner, Z. Ver. Dtsch. Ing. Beih., Verfahrenstehl. 10 (1939), "Equilibrium Curves and Boiling and Condensation Lines of Ethyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures under Reduced Pressures"
332. A. T. Kister and D. C. Waldman, J. Phys. Chem. 62, 245 (1958), "Heat of Mixing of Acetone with Water and with Methanol"
333. C. Kitzinger and T. Benzinger, Z. Naturforsch., 10b, 375 (1955), "Microcalorimetric Determination of the Heat of Hydrolysis of Adenosinetriphosphate"
334. C. Kitzinger and R. Hems, Biochem. J., 71, 395 (1959), "Enthalpies of Hydrolysis of Glutamine and Asparagine and of Ionization of Glutamic and Aspartic Acids"
335. R. L. Klaus and H. C. V. Ness, Chem. Eng. Progr. Symp. Ser. 63, 88 (1967), "The Orthogonal Polynomial Representation of Thermodynamic Excess Functions"
336. T. Kleinert, Beih. Z. Ver. Dtsch. Chem., 2 (1933), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium of Ethanol-Water Mixtures at Temperatures of 120° to 180°"

337. Tz. M. Klibanova and M. B. Neumann, *J. Phys. Chem. (U. S. S. R.)*, 4, 1 (1933), "Thermochemical Studies of Solutions III. Heat of Formation of Aqueous Solutions of Acetic Acid at Various Temperatures"
338. W. Knight, Ph.D. Thesis, Princeton University, 1962, "Thermodynamics of Aqueous Solutions of Alcohols and p-Dioxane"
339. M. Kobel and W. A. Roth, *Biochem. Z.*, 203, 158 (1928), "The Heats of Combustion and Solution of Dihydroxyacetone"
340. V. B. Kogan, D. Brazauskiene, J. Ciparis, and E. G. Komarova, *Zh. Prikl. Khim. (Leningrad)*, 41, 1055 (1968), "Methods for Verifying Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium Data for Binary Systems with Chemical Interaction of Components"
341. K. Kojima, M. Kato, H. Sunaga, and S. Hashimoto, *Kagaku Kogaku*, 32, 337 (1968), "Simple Method for Measuring the Condensation Curve of a Binary System"
342. K. Kojima, K. Tochigi, H. Seki, and K. Watase, *Kagaku Kogaku*, 32, 149 (1968), "Determination of Vapor-Liquid Equilibria from Boiling Point Curves"
343. E. Kordes, *Z. Anorg. Allgen. Chem.*, 181, 203 (1929), "Vapor Pressure Lowering in Concentration Solutions of Two Volatile Components"
344. G. Kortuem and K. A. Steiner, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. English*, 6, 1087 (1967), "Irregularities in the Partial Molar Enthalpies of Mixing of Water and Water Alcohol Mixtures at Constant Temperature"
345. G. Kortüm, W. Vogel, and K. Andrussov, "Dissociation Constants of Organic Acids in Aqueous Solution," Butterworths, London (1961).
346. A. I. Krasil'shchikov and S. S. Trainina, *Zh. Fiz. Khim.*, 13, 281 (1939), "Activity of Urea in Aqueous Solution"
347. H. A. Krebs, *Biochem. J.*, 54, 78 (1953), "Equilibrium Constants of the Furmarase and Aconitase Systems"
348. H. A. Krebs, *Biochem. J.*, 54, 82 (1953), "Equilibria in Transamination Systems"
349. I. R. Krichevskii and Y. S. Kazarnovskii, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 57, 2171 (1935), "Partial Molal Quantities in an Infinitely Dilute Solution"
350. M. S. Krishnadas and M. V. Pai, *J. Chem. Eng. Data*, 10, 97 (1965), "Equilibria in the Oxalic Acid-Tartaric Acid-Water System"

351. C. Y. Krishnan and H. L. Friedman, to be published, from E. M. Arnett, W. B. Kover, and J. V. Carter, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 91, 4028 (1969).
352. S. Kuroiwa and Matao Nakamura, *Kogyo Kagaku Zasshi*, 65, 1598 (1962), "The Vapor Pressure of Concentrated Solutions of Glucose and Starch Hydrolyzates and the Dissociation Pressure of Glucose Hydrate"
353. A. L. Laland, *Bull. Soc. Chim. France* [5], 1, 236 (1934), "The Ternary System Water-Ethyl Alcohol-Ethyl Ether I. Freezing Temperatures"
354. R. F. Lama and B. C.-Y. Lu, *J. Chem. Eng. Data*, 10, 216 (1965), "Excess Thermodynamic Properties of Aqueous Alcohol Solutions"
355. J. D. Lambert, *Discussions Faraday Soc.*, 1953, No. 15, 226, "Association in Polar Vapor and Binary Vapor Mixtures"
356. V. De Landsberg, *Bull. Soc. Chim. Belg.*, 49, 21 (1940), "Calculation of the Vapor Pressure of Binary Liquid Mixtures"
357. W. M. Langdon and D. B. Keyes, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, 34, 938 (1942), "Vapor-liquid Equilibria Data on EtOH-H₂O and isoPrOH-H₂O"
358. E. Lange and H. G. Markgraf, *Z. Elektrochem.*, 54, 73 (1950), "Heats of Dilution of Nonelectrolytes in Aqueous Solution"
359. E. Lange and W. Miederer, *Z. Elektrochem.*, 61, 403 (1957), "Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Lactic Acid, Hexahydrobenzoic Acid, Boric Acid, and Thiourea at Low Temperature"
360. E. Lange and K. Möhring, *Z. Elektrochem.*, 57, 660 (1953), "Integral Heats of Dilution of Some Nonelectrolytes in Water and In Octamethyl-tetrasiloxan at Low Concentrations"
361. N. A. Lange and M. H. Sinks, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 52, 2602 (1930), "The Solubility Specific Gravity, and Index of Refraction of Aqueous Solutions of Fumaric, Maleic, and i-Malic Acids"
362. E. Larsson, *Z. Anorg. Allgen. Chem.*, 140, 292 (1924), "The Electrolytic Dissociation Constants of Dibasic Acids II. The Second Dissociation Constants of Some Acids"
363. E. Larsson, *Svensk. Kem. Tids.*, 41, 130 (1929), "The Influence of Salts on the Molecular Activity of Acetic Acid"

364. E. Larsson, Z. Physik. Chem., A159, 306 (1932), "Electrolytic Dissociation of Acids in Salt Solutions II. Dissociation Constants of Fatty Acids with Branched Carbon Chains, and Activity Relations of Their Ions in Sodium Chloride and Potassium Chloride Solutions"
365. E. Larsson, Z. Physik. Chem., A159, 315 (1932), "Electrolytic Dissociation of Acids and Salt Solutions V. Dissociation Constants of Aliphatic Unsaturated Acids and Activity Relations of Their Ions in Sodium and Potassium Chloride Solutions"
366. E. Larsson and B. Adel, Z. Physik. Abt. A, 156, 353 (1931), "The Electrolytic Dissociation of Acids in Salt Solutions I. The Dissociation Constants of Acetic Acid and the Activities of Its Ions in Solutions of Some Alkali and Alkaline Earth Chlorides"
367. E. Larsson and B. Adel, Z. Physik. Chem. Abt. A, 156, 381 (1931), "The Electrolytic Dissociation of Acids in Salt Solutions II. The Dissociation Constants of Some Fatty Acids and the Activities of Their Ions in NaCl and KCl Solutions"
368. W. D. Larson and W. S. Tomiscek, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 61, 65 (1939), "The Activity Coefficients of the Undissociated Part of Weak Acids I. Acetic Acid in Potassium Acetate Solutions"
369. M. Lazniewski, Bull. Acad. Polon. Sci. Ser. Sci. Chem. Geol. et Geograph., 7, 163 (1959), "Dynamic Microcalorimetry II. Determination of a Variable Heat Effect"
370. N. V. Lebedev, Sb. Tr. Gos. Nauchn.-Issled. Gidrolizn. i Sul'fitno-Spirt. Prom., 8, 144 (1960), "The Analysis of the Chemical Diagram of the System Glucose-Sodium Chloride-Water"
371. N. V. Lebedev and A. A. Bannikova, Sb. Tr. Gos. Nauchn.-Issled. Inst. Gidrolizn. i Sul'fitno-Spirt. Prom., 8, 126 (1960), "Chemical Diagram of the Systems Glucose-Sodium Chloride-Water"
372. R. B. Lebo, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 43, 1005 (1921), "Properties of Mixtures of iso-Propyl Alcohol and Water"
373. W. Ledbury and E. W. Blair, J. Chem. Soc., 127, 2832 (1925), "The Partial Formaldehyde Vapor Pressures of Aqueous Solutions of Formaldehyde Part II."
374. C. S. Leung and E. Grunwald, J. Phys. Chem., 74, 687 (1970), Temperature Dependence of ΔC_p° for the Self-Ionization of Water and for the Acid Dissociation of Acetic Acid and Benzoic Acid in Water"
375. B. J. Levien, J. Phys. Chem., 59, 640 (1955), "A Physico-chemical Study of Aqueous Citric Acid Solutions"

376. R. M. Levu, Ind. Eng. Chem., 33, 928 (1941), "Calculation of Partial Pressures of Binary Mixtures"
377. P. Leydet, C. R. Acad. Sci., Paris, Ser. C, 265, 1016 (1967), "Method for Determining Partial Molar Enthalpies"
378. S. Lindenbaum, J. Phys. Chem., 70, 814 (1966), "Thermodynamics of Aqueous Solutions of Tetra-n-alkylammonium Halides. Enthalpy and Entropy of Dilution"
379. A. B. Lindenberg, Compt. Rend., 226, 721 (1948), "Increase of the 'Sensitivity to Displacement' of Methyl Ketones in Dilute Salt Solution as a Function of Aliphatic Chain Length"
380. C. U. Linderstrom-Lang and F. Vaslow, J. Phys. Chem., 72, 2645 (1968), "The Isotope Effect on the Vapor Pressures of $H_2O-C_2H_5OH$ and $D_2O-C_2H_5OD$ Mixtures"
381. N. D. Litvinov, J. Phys. Chem. (USSR), 14, 562 (1940), "Pressure of Saturated Vapors of Two Volatile Liquids Mixed in Arbitrary Proportions II. Comparison of Experimental and Calculated Values"
382. N. D. Litvinov, Zavodskaya Lab., 9, 583 (1940), "Apparatus for Measuring by the Static Method the Pressure of Saturated Vapor of Liquids and Liquid Mixtures"
383. N. D. Litvinov, Nauch. Dokl. Vysshei Shkoly, Khim. i Khim. Tekhnol. No. 1, 13 (1959), "Applicability of Margules Equation in the Calculation of the Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium in Binary Mixtures"
384. C. Y. Liu, Ph.D. Thesis, Louisiana State University, 1968, "Thermodynamic Properties and Energy Functions of Solutions"
385. J. Llopis and D. Ordonez, J. Electroanal. Chem., 5, 129 (1963), "Thermodynamic Study of the Dissociation of Glutamic Acid"
386. A. Loewenstein and J. D. Roberts, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 82, 2705 (1960), "The Ionization of Citric Acid Studied by the Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Technique"
387. E. H. Loomis, Z. Physik. Chem., 32, 578 (1900), "Freezing Points of Aqueous Solutions of Non-Electrolytes"
388. J. M. Los and L. B. Simpson, Rec. Trav. Chim., 76, 267 (1957), "The Mutarotation and Ionization of D-Glucose in Alkaline Solution II."
389. T. M. Lowry and G. F. Smith, J. Phys. Chem., 33, 9 (1929), "The Mutarotation of Galactose"
390. A. Luszczak, Östrr. Chem. Ztg., 49, 132 (1948), "The Determination of the Saturation Pressure by the Psychrometric Method"

391. P. Lyle, Intern. Sugar J., 41, 390 (1939), "Heat of Solution of Sucrose"
392. F. A. MacDougall and D. R. Blumer, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 55, 2236 (1933), "Activity of Each Component in Aqueous Solutions of Sulfuric Acid and Acetic Acid"
393. F. H. McDowall, New Zealand J. Sci. Technol., 37, 1 (1955), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Measurement by a Continuous Method"
394. D. A. MacInnes and J. M. Braham, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 39, 2110 (1917), "Heats of Dilution I. A Calorimeter for Measuring Heats of Dilution. II. The Heat of Dilution of Three Normal Ethyl Alcohol"
395. W. F. Magie, Phys. Rev., 9, No. 2, 65 (1899), "The Specific Heat of Solutions Which Are Not Electrolytes"
396. W. F. Magie, Phys. Rev., 13, No. 2, 91 (1901), "The Specific Heat of Solutions Which are Not Electrolytes II."
397. G. N. Malcolm and J. S. Rowlinson, Trans. Faraday Soc., 53, 921 (1957), "The Thermodynamic Properties of Aqueous Solution of Polyethylene Glycol, Polypropylene Glycol and Dioxane"
398. J. Marek, Collection, Czechoslov. Chem. Communs., 20, 1490 (1955), "Effect of Association on Liquid-Vapor Equilibria II. Correlation of Equilibria of Binary Mixtures Containing Acetic Acid at Atmospheric Pressure"
399. J. Marek, Collection, Czech. Chem. Communs., 21, 269 (1956), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria in Mixtures Containing an Associating Substance III. Binary and Ternary Systems in Water-Acetic Acid and Acetic Anhydride at 400 mm Hg"
400. A. W. Martin and H. V. Tartar, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 59, 2672 (1937), "The Ionization Constant of Lactic Acid, 0-50°, from Conductance Measurements"
401. L. S. Mason, W. F. Offutt, and A. L. Robinson, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 71, 1463 (1949), "The Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Four Amino Acids at 25°C"
402. L. S. Mason and A. L. Robinson, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 69, 889 (1947), "The Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Four Amino Butyric Acids"
403. M. May and W. A. Felsing, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 73, 406 (1951), "The Ionization Constants of β -Alanine in Water and Isopropyl Alcohol Mixtures"
404. J. H. C. Merkel, Rec. Trav. Chim., 56, 811 (1937), "Solubility of Dicarboxylic Acids"

405. I. Michaels and K. Münz, *Pharm. Acta. Helv.*, 24, 58 (1949), "Infusion Solution"
406. D. G. Miller, *Ind. Eng. Chem. Fundamentals*, 2, 78 (1963), "Reduced Forst-Kalkwarf Vapor-Pressure Equation"
407. M. Milosavjevic and A. F. Damanski, *Glosnik. Hem. Drustva, Beograd.*, 27, 321 (1962), "Behaviour of L-Ascorbic Acid in Solution II."
408. L. J. Minnick and M. Kilpatrick, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 43, 259 (1939), "Acid Base Equilibria in Aqueous and Non-aqueous Solutions"
409. A. G. Mitchell and W. F. K. Wynne-Jones, *Discussions Faraday Soc.*, 1953, No. 15, 161, "Thermodynamic and Other Properties of Solutions Involving Hydrogen Bonding"
410. H. H. Mobius, *J. Prakt. Chem.*, 2, 95 (1955), "The Heat of Mixing and Miscibility of Acetone, Benzene, and Water"
411. R. W. Money and C. W. Davis, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 28, 609 (1932), "The Extent of Dissociation of Salts in Water Part IV. Bi-valent Salts"
412. R. L. Moore and W. A. Felsing, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 69, 2420 (1947), "The Ionization Constants of Propionic Acid in Isopropyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures from 0 to 40°"
413. L. Mortillaro, G. Galiazzo, and S. Bezzi, *Gazz. Chim. Ital.*, 94, 109 (1964), "The Equilibria Between Solid, Liquid, and Gaseous Phases in the Heterogeneous System Water-Formaldehyde"
414. D. S. Morton, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 33, 393 (1929), "Distribution of Acetone through a Rubber Membrane"
415. C. F. Mundel, *Z. Phys. Chem.*, 85, 435 (1913), "Experimental Determination and Theoretical Calculation of Small Vapor Pressure at Low Temperatures"
416. S. Muralimakov and P. B. Rao, *J. Chem. Eng. Data*, 12, 494 (1967), "Ternary Liquid Equilibria of the Water-Phosphoric Acid-1-Butanol, Butyl Acetate or Methyl Ethyl Ketone Systems at 35°C"
417. P. S. Murti and M. V. Winkle, *J. Chem. Eng. Data*, 3, 72 (1958), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria for Binary Systems of Methanol, Ethyl Alcohol, 1-Propanol, and 2-Propanol with Ethyl Acetate and 1-Propanol-Water"
418. O. S. Musailov, B. A. Dunai, and N. P. Komar, *Zh. Anal. Khim.*, 23, 157 (1968), "Ionization of Thioglycolic Acid"

419. M. B. Neiman, Zh. Obshch. Khim., 2, 1 (1932), "Thermochemical Investigation of Solutions. I. Investigation of the Heat Capacity of Binary Systems of Acetic Acid Plus Water at Different Temperatures"
420. M. B. Neiman and I. A. Kurlyankin, Zh. Obshch. Khim., 2, No. 4-5, 317 (1932), "Thermochemical Investigations of Solutions. II. Heat Capacities of Aqueous Solutions of Ethylene Glycol at Various Temperatures"
421. M. B. Neumann, J. Gen. Chem. (U.S.S.R.), 2, 1 (1932), "The Thermochemistry of Solutions I. Heat Capacity of Binary System Acetic Acid-Water at Various Temperatures"
422. M. B. Neumann, Z. Physik. Chem. Abt. A, 158, 258 (1932), "Heat Capacities of the System Acetic Acid-Water at Various Temperatures"
423. D. E. Nicholson, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 5, 309 (1960), "Integral Heats of Mixing of Water and Acetone at 90°C"
424. L. F. Nims, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 58, 987 (1936), "The Ionization Constant of Glycolic Acid from 0 to 50°"
425. L. F. Nims and P. K. Smith, J. Biol. Chem., 101, 401 (1933), "The Ionization of dl-Alanine from Twenty to Forty-five Degrees"
426. E. C. Novella and J. M. Tarraso, Anales Real Soc. Espan. Fis y Quim., 48B, 397 (1952), Publs. Inst. Quim. "Alonso Barba" 6, 100 (1952), "Modified Distillation of Binary Liquid Mixtures. I. Experimental Technique for the Determination of Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium"
427. W. A. Noyes and R. R. Warfle, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 23, 463 (1901), "The Boiling Point Curve for Mixtures of Ethanol and Water"
428. J. Ocón and C. Taboada, Anales Real Soc. Espan. Fis. y Quim. (Madrid), 55B, 263-76 (1959), "Heats of Mixing. I. Description of a Calorimeter for Liquids"; *ibid.*, 243-54, "II. The System Methanol-Water at Elevated Temperatures"; *ibid.*, 255-62, "The System Methanol-Water at the Boiling Point, as Derived from the Vapor-Liquid Equilibria"
429. S. Ono, Z. Hamauzu, K. Takahashi, and K. Hiromi, Abstr. 15th Symposium on Enzyme Chemistry, Osaka, Japan, p. 111 (1963), "Polarimetric and Thermometric Studies of Glucoamylase-Catalyzed Hydrolysis. Maltose, Phenyl- β -maltoside, and Panose"
430. S. One, K. Hiromi, and K. Takahashi, J. Biochem. (Tokyo) 57, 799 (1965), "Calorimetric Studies on Hydrolysis of Glucosides I. Heats of Hydrolysis of Maltose, and Phenyl- β -maltoside"

431. R. V. Orye and J. M. Prausnitz, Ind. Eng. Chem., 57, 18 (1965), "Multicomponent Equilibria with the Wilson Equation"
432. D. F. Othmer, Ind. Eng. Chem., Anal. Ed., 4, 232 (1932), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions."
433. D. F. Othmer, Ind. Eng. Chem., 35, 614 (1943), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions"
434. D. F. Othmer and R. F. Benenati, Ind. Eng. Chem., 37, 299 (1945), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions - Aqueous Solutions of Acetone, Methanol, and Methyl Ethyl Ketone and Other Systems with Acetic Acid as One Component"
435. D. F. Othmer, M. M. Chudgar, and S. L. Levy, Ind. Eng. Chem., 44, 1872 (1952), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions. Binary and Ternary Systems of Acetone, Methyl Ethyl Ketone, and Water"
436. D. F. Othmer, W. P. Moeller, S. W. Englund, and R. G. Christopher, Ind. Eng. Chem., 43, 707 (1951), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions - Pressure Equilibrium Still for Studying H₂O-AcOH Systems"
437. D. F. Othmer and F. R. Morley, Ind. Eng. Chem., 38, 751 (1946), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions - Apparatus for Determinations Under Pressure"
438. D. F. Othmer, S. J. Silvis, and A. Spiel, Ind. Eng. Chem., 44, 1864 (1952), "Composition of Vapors from Boiling Binary Solutions. Pressure Equilibrium Still for Studying Water-Acetic Acid System"
439. L. Ovedikion, Bull. Soc. Chim. France, 1966, 2570, "Thermodynamic Values of Ionization Constants of Amino Acids in Aqueous Solution"
440. B. B. Owen, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 56, 24 (1934), "Dissociation Constants of Glycine at Various Temperatures"
441. I. P. Palash and S. E. Kharin, Izv. Vysshikh Uchebn. Zavedenii, Pishchevaya Tekhnol., 1966, 36, "Na Saccharates and the Dissociation Constant of Sucrose"
442. G. S. Parks and K. E. Manchester, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 74, 3435 (1952), "The Heats of Solution of Erythritol, Mannitol, and Dulcitol. Combustion Values for Liquid Polyhydroxy Alcohols"
443. H. N. Parton and R. C. Gibbons, Trans. Faraday Soc., 35, 542 (1939), "The Thermodynamic Dissociation Constants of Oxalic Acid"

444. R. C. Payn and E. P. Perman, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 25, 599 (1925), "Vapor Pressure and Heat of Dilution Part VI. Heat of Dilution of Hydrochloric Acid, Sodium Hydroxide, and Acetic Acid"
445. K. J. Pedersen, *Acta. Chem. Scand.*, 6, 243 (1952), "The Dissociation Constants of Pyruvic and Oxaloacetic Acid"
446. W. H. Perkin, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 51, 362 (1887), "On Tartaric and Racemic Acids and the Magnetic Rotation of Their Ethereal Salts"
447. E. P. Perman and T. Lovett, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 22, 1 (1926), "Vapor Pressure and Heat of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions I. Vapor Pressures of Aqueous Solutions of Urea"
448. J. Perreau, *Compt. Rend.*, 211, 67 (1940), "The Differential Heat of Solution or of Mixing of Some Substances in Their Dilute Acetone Solutions"
449. J. Perreau, *Compt. Rend.*, 210, 293 (1940), "Variation at Constant Temperature as a Function of Concentration of the Differential Heat of Solution of Normal Organic Substances in Dilute Aqueous Solution"
450. R. S. Petrova and V. N. Stabnikov, *Pishchevaya Prom., Min. Vysshego i Sreduego Spets. Obrazov. Ukr. SSR, Mezhvedomstv. Resp. Nauchn.-Tekhn. Sb.* 1, 151 (1965) "Generalized Equations for the Determination of the Heat Capacity and Viscosity of Water-Ethanol Solutions"
451. J. H. Pettit, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 3, 347 (1899), "Minimum Boiling Points and Vapor Composition"
452. K. L. Piggott, *J. S. African Chem. Inst.*, 12, 29 (1959), "Water Vapor Pressure-Temperature Relation for Saturated Aqueous Solutions of Urea"
453. A. Pihl and L. Eldjarn, *Acta Chem. Scand.*, 11, 1083 (1957), "Equilibrium Constants of Thiol-Disulfide Systems. The Relative Oxidation-Reduction Potential of Cysteine-Glutathione"
454. G. D. Pinching and R. G. Bates, *J. Res. Natl. Bur. Stds.*, 40, 405 (1948), "Second Dissociation Constant of Oxalic Acid from 0 to 50° and the pH of Certain Oxalate Buffer Solutions"
455. E. L. Piret and M. W. Hall, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, 40, 661 (1948), "Distillation Principles of Formaldehyde Solutions. Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium and Effect of Partial Condensation"
456. A. C. Plewes, *Chemistry in Can.*, 2, No. 5, 19 (1950), "A Study of Latent Heats of Vaporization of Binary Aqueous Mixtures"

457. A. C. Plewes, R. M. Butler, and K. Pugi, Can. J. Technol., 34, 152 (1956), "Thermodynamic Properties of Acetic Acid-Water"
458. A. C. Plewes, D. A. Jardine, and R. M. Butler, Can. J. Technol., 32, 133 (1954), "Integral Heats of Vaporization of Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
459. R. J. Podolsky and M. F. Morales, J. Biol. Chem., 218, 945 (1956), "The Enthalpy Change of Adenosine Triphosphate Hydrolysis"
460. V. A. Polosin and N. N. Tarasova, Doklady Moskov Sel'skakhoz. Akad. im K. A. Timiryaseva, Nauch. Konf., 1958, No. 34, 231, "The Polytherm of the Three-Component System Urea-Sodium Chloride-Water Between -23° and +40°"
461. K. A. Popov, Compt. Rend., 240, 735 (1955), "The Thermodynamics of Dilute Solutions. Case of Two Components and One Phase, The Temperature and Pressure Remaining Constant"
464. G. Povarnina and A. V. Markova, J. Soc. Phys.-Chim. Russe 59, 381 (1924) "Physical Equilibrium in the System Acetic Acid-Water"
465. E. Pozner and A. Kh. Amirkhanov, J. Phys. Chem. (U.S.S.R.) 15, 1137 (1941) "The System Water-Glucose as a Case of Ideal Solubility"
467. N. A. Pushin and A. A. Glagoleva, J. Chem. Soc., 121, 2813 (1922), "Equilibrium in Systems Composed of Water and Alcohol: Methanol, Pinacol, Glycol, and Erythritol"
468. N. A. Ramaiah and S. S. Katiyar, Proc. Ann. Congr. Sugar Technol. Assoc. India 29, 77 (1961), "The Ionization of Sucrose, Glucose, and Fructose"
469. M. Randall and H. P. Weber, J. Phys. Chem., 44, 917 (1940), "The Activity of the Constituents in Mixtures of n-Butyl Alcohol and Water at 30°C"
470. K. A. N. Rao and G. N. Gupta, J. Indian Chem. Soc., Ind. & News Ed., 3, 49 (1940) "Cane Molasses II. Solubility of Sugars in Aqueous Salt Solutions"
471. K. S. Rao, M. V. R. Rao, and C. V. Rao, J. Sci. Ind. Res. (India), 20B, 283 (1961) "Ternary Liquid Equilibria: Acetone-Water-Heptanol and Acetone-Water-n-Octanol Systems"
472. F. Ratkovics, Magy. Kem. Folyoirat 72, 279 (1966), "Gas-Chromatographic Investigation of the Liquid-Phase Association Equilibria of Alcohols"

473. A. A. Ravdel and V. V. Danilov, Izv. Vyssh. Ucheb. Zaved., Khim. Khim. Tekhnol. 11, 642 (1968), "Determination of Vapor Pressure Over Some Binary Solutions"
474. M. Rawitscher, I. Wadso, J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 83, 3180 (1961), "Heats of Hydrolysis of Peptide Bonds"
475. M. M. Richards, J. Biol. Chem., 122, 727 (1938), "The Effect of Glycine Upon the Activity Coefficient of Glycine, Egg Albumin, and Carboxyhemoglobin"
476. T. W. Richards and F. T. Gucker, Jr., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 47, 1876 (1925), "An Improved Differential Methods for the Exact Determination of Specific Heats of Aqueous Solutions, Including Results for Various Salts and Organic Acids"
477. T. W. Richards and F. T. Gucker, Jr., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 51, 712 (1929), "The Heats of Dilution of Sodium Hydroxide, Acetic Acid, and Sodium Acetate, and Their Bearing on Heat Capacities and Heat of Neutralization"
478. T. W. Richards and B. J. Mair, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 51, 737 (1929), "The Heat of Neutralization of Acetic Acid"
479. T. W. Richards and B. J. Mair, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 51, 740 (1929), "A Study of the Thermochemical Behaviour of Weak Electrolytes"
480. R.M. Rieder and A.R. Thompson, Ind. Eng. Chem., 41, 2905 (1949), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria Measured by A Gillespie Still - Ethyl Alcohol-Water System"
481. A. Rius and J.L. Otero de La Gandara, Anales Real Soc. Espan. Fis y Quim., 47B, 865 (1951), "New Apparatus to Determine Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium Diagrams in Systems with Two Liquid Phases at the Boiling Point"
482. G. Rivenc, Mem. Services Chim. Etat., 38, 311 (1953), "Thermodynamic Study of Temperature-Vapor Composition and of Temperature-Liquid Composition Curves for Acetic Acid-Water at 760mm"
483. S. L. Rivkin and M. R. Shingarev, Teplofiz. Vysokikh Temperatur Akad. Nauk SSSR, 2, 39 (1964), "The Heat Capacity of Ethyl Alcohol Solutions in Water in the Supercritical Region of the State Parameters"
484. S. L. Rivkin and A. N. Vinnikova, Teploenergetika, 11, 59 (1964), "Heat Capacity of Aqueous Solutions of Ethyl Alcohol at Temperatures Between 25 and 50°C"
485. R.A. Robinson and V.E. Bower, J. Chem. Eng. Data, 10, 246 (1965), "Osmotic and Activity Coefficients of Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane and its Hydrochloride in Aqueous Solution at 25°C"

486. R.A.Robinson, P.K.Smith, and E.R.B.Smith, Trans.Faraday Soc., 38, 63 (1942), "The Osmotic Coefficients of Some Organic Compounds in Relation to Their Chemical Constitution"
487. R.A.Robinson and R.H.Stokes, J.Phys.Chem., 65, 1954 (1961), "Activity Coefficients in Aqueous Solutions of Sucrose, Mannitol, and Their Mixtures"
488. R.A.Robinson and R.H.Stokes, J.Phys.Chem., 66, 506 (1962), "Activity Coefficients of Mannitol and Potassium Chloride in Mixed Aqueous Solutions at 25°"
489. T.Rosenberg, Acta Chem.Scand., 2, 740 (1948), "A Thermodynamic Investigation on the Racemization of Tartaric Acid"
490. H.K.Ross, Ind.Eng.Chem., 46, 601 (1954), "Cryoscopic Studies. Concentrated Solutions of Hydroxy Compounds"
491. R.D.Rowe and G.S.Parks, J.Chem.Phys., 14, 383 (1946), "Studies on Glass XVIII. The Heats of Solution of Crystalline and Glassy Glucose. The Heat of Mutarotation of α -Glucose"
492. P.V.Ryselberghe, Bull.Sci.Acad.Roy.Belg., 20, 354 (1934), "Activity Coefficient and Osmotic Coefficient of Aqueous Solutions of Acetic Acid at the Freezing Point"
493. V.E.Sabinin, V.P.Belowsov, and A.G.Morachevskii, Izv.Vyssh.Ucheb.Zaved., Khim. Khim.Tekhn., 9, 889 (1966), "Heat of Miscibility and Heat of Evaporation in an Acetic Acid-Water System"
494. W.Sakai, J.Soc.Chem.Ind., Japan, 43, suppl.binding, 131 (1940), "The Study of Urea II. The Vapor Pressure of Saturated Solutions of Urea"
495. S.P.Samaddar and S.K.Nandi, Trans.Indian Inst.Chem.Engrs., 2, 29 (1948-9), "Distillation in the Presence of Added Components,"
496. C.Sandonnini, Atti Accad.Lincei, [6] 1, 448 (1925), "Certain Physico-chemical Properties of Mixtures of Water and Acetone"
497. C.Sandonnini and G.Gerosa, Gazz.Chim.Ital., 55, 916 (1925), "The Separation of Some Liquid Mixtures by the Action of Salts"
498. C.Sandonnini, Atti Accad.Lincei [6] 4, 63 (1926), "Heat of Mixing Water with Acetic Acid and with Isopropyl Alcohol"
499. G.Saracco and E.S.Marcletti, Ann.Chim.(Rome), 48, 1357 (1958), "Influence of the C-Atom Chain on the Solubility of a Homologous Series in Water"

500. M. Sarnowski and B. Baranowski, Electrolytes, Proc. Symp., Trieste, Yugoslavia 1959, 187 (1962), "Debeye's Salt-Effect Theory Applied to Aqueous Solutions of Electrolytes and Urea I. Electrolytes with Common Anion and Cation of Various Valences"
501. G. Saville and H. A. Gundry, Trans. Faraday Soc., 55, 2036 (1959), "The Heats of Combustion, Solution, and Ionization of Lactic Acid"
502. B. Saxton and L. S. Darken, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 62, 846 (1940), "The Ionization Constants of Weak Acids at 25° from Conductance Measurements. A Method of Extrapolating the Data"
503. G. Scatchard, W. J. Hamer, and S. E. Wood, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 60, 3061 (1938), "Isotonic Solutions I. The Chemical Potential of Water in Aqueous Solutions of Sodium Chloride, Potassium Chloride, Sulfuric Acid, Sucrose, Urea and Glycerol at 25°"
504. G. Scatchard and S. S. Prentiss, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 56, 1486 (1934), "Freezing Points of Aqueous Solutions. VII. Ethyl Alcohol, Glycine, and Their Mixtures"
505. J. S. Schellman, Compt. Rend. Lab. Carlsberg Ser. Chim., 29, 223 (1955), "Thermodynamics of Urea Solutions and the Heat of Formation of the Peptide Hydrogen Bond"
506. J. A. Schellman, Compt. Rend. Lab. Carlsberg Ser. Chim., 29, 230 (1955), "Stability of Hydrogen Bonded Peptide Structures in Aqueous Solutions"
507. F. Schreiner and E. Wicke, Bull. Chem. Thermodynamics, No. 2, 63 (1959), "Specific Heats of Aqueous Solutions of Formic Acid, Acetic Acid, and Propionic Acid"
508. H. Schuberth, Monatsber. Deut. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 9, 41 (1967), "New Dynamic Equilibrium Apparatus and Its Testing with the Systems Methanol/Water, Nitromethane/Water, and Water/n-Butanol"
509. E. Schulek, J. Trampler, L. I. Konkoly-Thege, and E. Pungar, Mikrochim. Acta 1, 22 (1959), "Vapor Analysis of Multicomponent Systems VI. Determination of the Partial Pressure of Ethanol over Ethano-Water-Sucrose Mixtures"
510. J. E. Schumacher and H. Hunt, Ind. Eng. Chem., 34, 701 (1942), "Nitromethane-Isopropyl Alcohol-Water System. Vapor-Liquid Equilibria in the Ternary System and in the Three Related Binary Systems"
511. E. Sebastian and L. Lacquaniti, Chem. Eng. Sci., 22, 1155 (1967), "Acetic Acid-Water System Thermodynamic Correlation of Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Data"

512. J. B. Segur and C. S. Miner, Jr., *Agr. Food Chem.*, 1, 567 (1953), "Solubility of Sucrose and Dextrose in Aqueous Glycerol"
513. E. L. Sexton and M. S. Dunn, *J. Phys. Colloid Chem.*, 51, 648 (1947), "Solubility of Certain Amino Acids in Aqueous Solutions of Amino Acids and Peptides"
514. R. Show and J. A. V. Butler, *Proc. Roy. Soc.*, 129A, 519 (1930), "The Behaviour of Electrolytes in Mixed Solvents Part II. The Effect of Lithium Chloride on the Activities of Water and Alcohol in Mixed Solutions"
515. Yu. N. Sheinker and E. M. Pereseleni, *Zh. Fiz. Khim.*, 26, 1103 (1952), "Phase Equilibrium of Liquid and Vapor in Some Binary Systems at Reduced Pressure"
516. H. S. Simms, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 32, 1121 (1928), "The Effect of Salts on Weak Electrolytes I. Dissociation of Weak Electrolytes in the Presence of Salts"
518. E. R. B. Smith and R. A. Robinson, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 38, 70 (1942), "The Vapor Pressures and Osmotic Coefficients of Solutions of the Sodium Salts of a Series of Fatty Acids at 25°"
519. E. R. B. Smith and P. K. Smith, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 117, 209 (1937), "The Activity of Glycine in Aqueous Solution at Twenty Five Degrees"
520. E. R. B. Smith and P. K. Smith, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 132, 47 (1940), "Thermodynamic Properties of Solutions of Amino Acids and Related Substances IV. The Effect of Increasing Dipolar Distances on the Activities of Aliphatic Amino Acids in Aqueous Solution at Twenty Five Degrees"
521. P. K. Smith and E. R. B. Smith, *J. Biol. Chem.* 132, 57 (1940), "Thermodynamic Properties of Solutions of Amino Acids and Related Substances V. The Activities of Some Hydroxy- and N-Methylamino Acids and Proline in Aqueous Solution at Twenty Five Degrees"
522. E. R. B. Smith and P. K. Smith, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 146, 187 (1942), "Thermodynamic Properties of Solutions of Amino Acids and Related Substances VIII. The Ionization of Glycylglycine, ϵ -Aminocaproic acid and Aspartic Acid in Aqueous Solution from One to Fifty Degrees"
523. P. K. Smith, A. T. Gorham, and E. R. B. Smith, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 144, 737 (1942), "Thermodynamic Properties of Solutions of Amino Acids and Related Substances VII. The Ionization of Some Hydroxyl-amino Acids and Proline in Aqueous Solution from One to Fifty Degrees"

524. P. K. Smith, A. C. Taylor, and E. R. B. Smith, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 122, 109 (1937), "Thermodynamic Properties of Solutions of Amino Acids and Related Substances III. The Ionization of Aliphatic Amino Acids in Aqueous Solutions from One to Fifty Degrees"
525. R. A. Smith, J. R. Stamer, and I. C. Gunsalus, *Biochem. Biophys. Acta*, 19, 567 (1956), "Ciutrase and Isocitrase Reactions: Equilibria-Energetics"
526. T. E. Smith and R. F. Bonner, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, 41, 2867 (1949), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Still for Partially Miscible Liquids"
527. H. C. S. Sneathlage, *Rec. Trav. Chim.*, 71, 699 (1952), "On the Heat of Electrolytic Dissociations of Acetic Acid and of the First H-Ion of Citric Acid in Aqueous Solutions"
528. E. P. Sokovova and A. G. Morachevskii, *Vestn. Leningrad Univ.*, 22, *Fiz. Khim. No. 3*, 110 (1967), "Thermodynamic Properties of Acetone-Water System"
529. D. F. Stedman, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 24, 289 (1928), "The Vapor Equilibrium of Aqueous Glycerine Solutions"
530. F. P. Stein and J. J. Martin, *Chem. Eng. Progr. Symp. Ser.*, 59, 112 (1963), "Integral Isobaric Heat of Vaporization of Mixtures"
531. J. H. Stern and J. D. Kulluk, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 73, 2795 (1969), "Thermodynamics of Aqueous Mixtures of Electrolytes and Nonelectrolytes. VIII. Transfer of Sodium Chloride from Water to Aqueous Urea at 25°C"
532. D. Stigter, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 64, 118 (1960), "Interactions in Aqueous Solutions II. Osmotic Pressures and Osmotic Coefficients of Sucrose and Glucose Solutions"
533. V. N. Stobnikov and O. G. Muravskaya, *Trudy Kiev. Tekhnol. Inst. Pishchevoi Prom. No. 13*, 201-8 (1953); *Referat. Zhur. Khim.*, Abstr. No. 50156, 1956; "Heat Content of Water-Alcohol Mixtures"
534. D. I. Stock and C. W. Davies, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 1371 (1949), "The Calorimetric Measurements of pH and the Dissociation Constants of the Malonates of Some Divalent Metals"
535. J. S. Stockhardt and C. M. Hull, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, 23, 1438 (1931), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria and Boiling-Point Composition Relations for Systems n-Butanol-Water and Isobutanol-Water"
536. R. H. Stokes, *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 50, 565 (1954), "Activity Data for Aqueous Glycolamide Solutions at 25°C"
537. R. H. Stokes, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 70, 1199 (1966), "Osmotic Coefficients of Concentrated Aqueous Urea Solutions from Freezing-Point Measurements"

538. R. H. Stokes, J. Phys. Chem., 70, 2126 (1966), "Interactions in Aqueous Nonelectrolyte Solutions I. Solute-Solvent Equilibrium"
540. R. Stuchey, Arch. Wärmewirt., 13, 210 (1932), "Specific Heat and Heat Content of Ethanol-Water Mixtures"
541. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 59, 1528 (1937), "Calorimetric Investigation of Organic Reactions I. Apparatus and Method. The Inversion of Sucrose and the Decomposition of Diacetone Alcohol"
542. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 62, 1879 (1940), "The Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Glycine at 25°C"
543. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 63, 88 (1941), "Calorimetric Investigation of Organic Reactions III. The Heats of Ionization of Glycine at 25 °C"
544. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Phys. Chem. 45, 127 (1941), "A New Calorimeter. The Mutarotation of α - and β -d-Glucose"
545. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 64, 762 (1942), "Calorimetric Investigations of Organic Reactions IV. The Heats of Ionization of dl-Alanine at 25 °C"
546. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 75, 2016 (1953), "Heats of Hydrolysis of Amide and Peptide Bonds"
547. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 77, 255 (1955), "The Heats of Hydrolysis of p-Nitrophenylphosphate"
548. J. M. Sturtevant, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 77, 1495 (1955), "The Heat of Hydrolysis of Poly-L-Lysine"
549. K. Sulaimanokalov, N. Duishenlieva, and M. K. Chermashentseva, Issled Uzaimodeistviya Macheviny s. Neorgan. Soidin., Adad. Nauk Kirg. SSR, Inst. Neorgan. i Fiz. Khim. 1964, 95, "The Solubility, Density and Viscosity in Urea-Sodium Fluoride and Chloride Systems"
550. V. Svoboda, V. Hynek, and J. Pick, Collect. Czech. Chem. Commun., 33, 2584 (1968), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium XXXVIII. Simultaneous Determination of Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium and Integral Isobaric Evaporation Heat of a Mixture"
551. W. Swietoslawski, J. Phys. Chem., 37, 701 (1933), "On the Ebullioscopic Method for Determining the Equilibrium Constant of Esterification"
552. S. Szapiro, Zeszyty Nauk. Politech. Lodz. No. 2 Chem. No. 1, 5 (1954), "Isobaric Equilibrium between Liquid and Vapor in Two Component Systems I"

553. Ibid., 29 "II. Analytical Method for the Solution of an Equation Expressing Isobaric Equilibrium vs. Composition of Vapor"
554. W. Taegener, Deut. Zuckerind., 61, 681 (1936), "The Specific Heat of Sugar Solutions"
555. L. C. Tao, Ind. Eng. Chem. Fundamentals, 2, 159 (1963), "Calculating Vapor Composition of a Partially Soluble Binary System"
556. D. N. Tarasenkov, Z. Angew. Chem., 41, 704 (1928), "Freezing Point of Ethyl Alcohol-Water Mixtures"
557. A. E. Taylor, J. Phys. Chem., 4, 355 (1900), "Vapor-Pressure Relations in Mixtures of Two Liquids. II"
558. J. B. Taylor, Trans. Faraday Soc., 53, 1198 (1957), "Water Solubilities and Heats of Solution of Short-Chain Cellosic Oligosaccharides"
560. J. B. Taylor and J. S. Rowlinson, Trans. Faraday Soc., 51, 1183 (1955), "Thermodynamic Properties of Aqueous Solutions of Glucose"
561. J. Thamsen, Acta Chem. Scand., 6, 270 (1952), "The Acidic Dissociation Constants of Glucose, Mannitol, and Sorbitol, as Measured by Means of the Hydrogen Electrode and the Glass Electrode at 0° and 18°"
562. N. Tikhomiroff, F. Pultrini, F. Heitz, and M. Gilbert, Compt. Rend., 261, 334 (1965), "The Use of the Calvet Microcalorimeter for the Determination of the Heat and Rate of Crystallization"
563. C. J. Tressler, W. I. Zimmerman, and C. O. Willits, J. Phys. Chem., 45, 1242 (1941), Boiling Point Elevation of Sucrose Solutions"
565. D. S. Tseklis and A. N. Kofman, Zh. Fiz. Khim., 31, 100 (1957), "Phase Equilibria in the Water-Acetaldehyde-Methanol System"
566. S. Uchida and H. Kato, J. Soc. Chem. Ind. (Japan), 37, 525B (1934), "Distillation Properties of Methanol-Water Mixtures. I. Specific Gravity of Methanol-Water Mixtures at Various Temperatures; II. Equilibrium Boiling Diagram of Methanol-Water Mixtures"
567. S. Uchida, S. Ogawa, M. Hirata, G. Shimada, and S. Shimokawa, Chen. Eng. (Japan), 17, 191 (1953), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria of the System Acetone-Methanol-Water I. Vapor-Liquid Equilibria in Three Binary Systems"
568. V. V. Udovenko and L. G. Fatkulina, Zh. Fiz. Khim., 26, 1438 (1952), "Vapor Pressure of Three-Component Systems (I) System EtOH-1, 2-Dichloroethane-Benzene, (II) System of EtOH-1, 2-Dichloroethane-Water"

569. V. V. Udovenko and T. F. Mazanko, *Zh. Fiz. Khim.*, 41, 1615 (1967), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium in the Isopropyl Alcohol-Water and Isopropyl-Benzene Systems"
570. H. Uedaira and H. Uedaira, *Bull. Chem. Soc., Japan*, 42, 2137 (1969), "Activity Coefficients of Aqueous Xylose and Maltose Solutions"
571. H. Uedaira and H. Uedaira, *Bull. Chem. Soc., Japan*, 42, 2140 (1969), "Diffusion Coefficients of Xylose and Maltose in Aqueous Solution"
572. V. A. Unkovskaya, *J. Russ. Phys. Chem. Soc.*, 45, 1099 (1913), "Cryoscopic Examination of Solutions of Diethylene Ether in Water"
573. A. Urmaniczy, *Magyar Chem. Folyoirat*, 39, (1933), "Dissociation Constants of Formic and Acetic Acids in Concentrated Salt Solutions"
574. W. E. Vaughn and F. C. Collinx, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, 34, 885 (1942), "P-V-T-x Relations of the System Propane-Isopentane"
575. G. Vavrinecz, *Elemezesi Ipar*, 9, 270 (1955), *Hung. Tech. Abstr.* 8, No. 2, Abstra. No. 104 (1956), "The Physicochemistry of Sucrose. Solubility of Sucrose in Pure Water from 0 to 100 °C"
576. G. Vavrinecz, *Cukoripar* 11, 326 (1958), "Solubility of Sucrose in Pure Water"
577. G. Vavrinecz, *Cukoripar* 13, 182 (1960), "The Solubility of Sucrose I. Should the Herzfeld or Grut Table Be Used?"
578. G. Vavrinecz, *Cukoripar* 13, 248 (1960), "Solubility of Sucrose II. Solubility Curve"
579. G. Vavrinecz, *Z. Zuckerind.*, 12, 481 (1962), "A New Table on the Water Solubility of Pure Sucrose"
580. G. Vavrinecz, *Cukoripar*, 17, 37, 64, 161, 193 (1964), "A New Concentration Table for Aqueous Sucrose Solutions"
581. M. Vega and J. R. Alvarez Gonzalez, *Anales Real Soc. Espan. Fis. Quim. (Madrid)*, Ser. B, 61, 831 (1965), "New Boiling Apparatus for the Determination of the Equilibrium Diagrams of Partially Miscible Liquid-Vapor Mixtures"
582. Rao C. Venkata, M. V. R. Achraya, and R. M. Narasinga, *Trans. Indian Inst. Chem. Engrs.*, 2, 6 (1948-9), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium of Non-Ideal Solutions. II. EtOH-H₂O"
583. A. Venkataraman, R. J. Rao, and C. V. Rao, *Chem. Eng. Sci.*, 7, 102 (1957), "Ternary Liquid Equilibria. System: Acetone-Water-Esters"

584. A. Venkataratnam, R. J. Rao, and C. V. Rao, *J. Sci. Ind. Res.* (India), 17B, 108 (1958), "Ternary Liquid Equilibria. Acetone-Water-Butanol and Acetone-Water-Hexanol Systems"
585. J. Venskevicius and B. Bernatonis, *Lietuvos TSR Aukstuju Mokyklu Mokslo Darbai Chem. ir Chem. Tech.*, 6, 113 (1965), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium at Normal and Low Pressures of Ethanol-Water and Ethanol-Water-Ethyl Acetate Systems"
586. L. Verhoeve, *Meded Vlaam. Chem. Ver.*, 29, 105 (1967), "Ebulliometric Determination of the Composition of Various Azeotropes"
587. A. A. Vernon, *J. Chem. Ed.*, 16, 20 (1939), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium for a Two Component System"
588. S. V. Vijayaraghavan, P. K. Deshpande and N. R. Kuloor, *Indian J. Technol.*, 2, 249 (1964), "Isobaric Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium Studies on n-Butanol-Water System"
589. O. Vilim, E. Hala, V. Fried, and J. Pick, *Chem. Listy*, 47, 166 (1953), "Liquid-Vapor Equilibria VIII. A New Flow Equilibrium Still for the Determination of Liquid-Vapor Equilibria"
590. K. P. Volkov and E. O. Savost'yanov, *Univ. Etat Kiev.*, *Bull. Sci., Rec. Chim.* No. 3, 103, 119 (1937), "Vapor Pressure of a Saturated Sucrose Solution at Low Temperatures"
591. V. N. Vostrikova, M. E. Aerov, R. E. Gurovich, and R. M. Solomatina, *Zh. Prikl. Khim.*, 40, 683 (1966), "Investigation of Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium in the System Ethyl Alcohol-Water in the Region of Low Concentrations"
592. M. S. Vrevskii, *J. Russ. Phys. Chem. Soc.*, 42, 702 (1911), "Composition and Vapor Tension of Solutions III. Influence of Temperature on the Composition of the Vapor of Solutions"
593. M. S. Vrevskii, *J. Russ. Phys. Chem. Soc.*, 43, 1446 (1912), "Composition and Vapor Tension of Solutions V. Variation of Partial Pressures with the Temperature of Solutions and Mechanical Mixtures"
594. A. A. Vvedenskii and Y. A. Timin, *Novosti Neft. i Gaz. Tekhn. Neftepererabotka i Neftekhim.*, No. 11, 31 (1961), "Heat Capacities of Aliphatic Alcohols"

596. J. Wade and R. W. Merriman, *J. Chem. Soc.*, 99, 997 (1911), "Influence of Water on the Boiling Point of Ethyl Alcohol at Pressures Above and Below Atmospheric Pressure"
597. I. Wadso, *Acta Chem. Scand.*, 12, 630 (1958), "Heats of Hydrolysis of Some Alkyl Acetates"
598. I. Wadso, *Acta Chem. Scand.*, 14, 561 (1960), "Heats of Hydrolysis of Phenyl Acetate and Phenylthioacetate"
599. I. Wadso, *Acta Chem. Scand.*, 14, 903 (1960), "Heats of Hydrolysis of N-Acetylated Imadazole, 1, 2, 4-Triazole, and Tetrazole"
600. I. Wadso, *Acta Chem. Scand.*, 16, 479 (1962), Heats of Hydrolysis of N-Acetyl Imadazole and Butyl Acetamide in Aqueous Solution"
601. I. Wadso, *Acta Chem. Scand.*, 16, 487 (1962), "Heats of Hydrolysis of Acetates and Thiolacetates in Aqueous Solutions"
602. I. Wadso, *Svensk Kem. Tidskr.*, 74, 121 (1962), "Enthalpy Changes Accompanying the Hydrolysis of Some O-, S-, and N-Acetyl Compounds"
603. I. Wadso, *Pure Appl. Chem.*, 8, 179 (1964), "Biochemical Calorimetry"
604. I. Wadso, *Acta Chem. Scand.*, 20, 536 (1966), "Thermochemical Properties of Diacetamide, N-Butyldiacetamide, and N-Phenylacetamide"
605. A. W. Walde, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 43, 431 (1939), "Calculation of Heat of Reaction from Equilibrium Constants at Two Temperatures. Some New Heats of Ionization of Organic Acids"
606. W. E. Wallace, W. L. Offutt, and A. L. Robinson, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 65, 347 (1943), "The Heats of Dilution of Aqueous Solutions of Glycine at 25°C"
607. M. Walser, *J. Phys. Chem.*, 65, 159 (1961), "Ion Association V. Dissociation Constants for Complexes of Citrate with Sodium, Potassium, Calcium, and Magnesium Ions"
608. A. Watanabe, H. Kamio, and T. Itoh, *Japan J. Pharm. Chem.*, 20, 238 (1948), "Physicochemical Study of D-Glucose"
609. T. J. Webb and C. H. Lindsley, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 56, 874 (1934), "The Cryoscopic Study of Certain Aliphatic Alcohols"

610. Wen-Yang Wen and Chun-Meei L. Chen, J. Phys. Chem., 73, 2895 (1969), "Activity Coefficients for Two Ternary Systems: Water-Urea-Tetramethylammonium Bromide and Water-Urea Tetraethylammonium Bromide at 25°C"
612. C. M. White, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 58, 1620 (1936), "Study of the Heat Capacity of Aqueous Solutions of Urea and Mannite"
613. P. White and G. C. Benson, J. Phys. Chem., 64, 599 (1960), "The Heat Capacity of Aqueous Potassium Octanoate Solutions"
614. R. M. Willey and E. H. Harder, Ind. Eng. Chem., Anal. Ed., 7, 349 (1935), "Apparatus for the Study of Liquid-Vapor Equilibrium Compositions"
615. A. Wilson and E. L. Simons, Ind. Eng. Chem., 44, 2214 (1952), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium, 2-Propanol-Water System"
616. A. Winkelmann, Z. Physik. Chem., A60, 626 (1907), "The Calorimetric Studies of H. E. Bose"
617. W. S. Wise and E. B. Nicholson, J. Chem. Soc., 1955, 2714, "The Solubilities and Heats of Crystallization of Sucrose and Methyl- α -D-Glucoside in Aqueous Solution"
618. D. P. Wrathall, R. M. Izatt, and J. M. Christensen, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 86, 4779 (1964), "Thermodynamics of Proton Dissociation in Aqueous Solutions III. L-Cysteine, S-Methyl-L-Cysteine and Mercaptoacetic Acid. Determinations of Cysteine Microconstants from Calorimetric Data"
619. M. Wrewsky, Z. Physik. Chem., 81, 1 (1912), "The Composition and Pressure of the Vapor of Binary Fluid Mixtures"
620. R. Wurmser and S. Filitti-Wurmser, J. Chim. Phys., 33, 577 (1936), "On the Equilibrium between Isopropyl Alcohol and Acetone in the Presence of Alcoholdehydrase. The Oxidation Potential of the System -CHOH - \rightleftharpoons -CO -"
621. R. Wurmser and N. Mayer-Reich, Compt. Rend., 196, 612 (1933), "On the Equilibrium between Lactic and Pyruvic Acids"
622. V. V. Yanovskii and P. A. Arkhangelskii, Zh. Sakharnoi Prom., 2, 614 (1928), "The Heat Capacity of Pure Sugar Solutions"
623. V. V. Yanovskii and P. A. Arkhangelskii, Zh. Sakharnoi Prom., 3, 511 (1929), "The Heat Capacity of Technical Sugar Solutions and Crystalline Sugars"

624. M. Yorizane and S. Yoshimura, Hiroshima Daigaku Kogakubu Kenkyu Hokoku, 14, 93 (1966), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibrium at Atmospheric Pressure for the Ternary System i-Propanol-Water-Acetone"
625. R. York and R. C. Holmes, Ind. Eng. Chem., 34, 345 (1942), "Vapor-Liquid Equilibria of the System Acetone-Acetic Acid-Water"
626. F. E. Young, J. Phys. Chem., 61, 616 (1957), "D-Glucose-Water Phase Diagram"
627. S. Young and E. C. Fortey, J. Chem. Soc., 81, 717 (1902), "The Properties of Mixtures of the Lower Alcohols with Water"
628. F. E. Young and F. T. Jones, J. Phys. Colloid Chem., 53, 1334 (1949), "Sucrose Hydrates. The Sucrose-Water Phase Diagram"
629. F. E. Young, F. T. Jones, and H. J. Lewis, J. Phys. Chem., 56, 1093 (1952), "D-Fructose-Water Phase Diagram"
630. Y. V. Zel'tser, Fermentnaya i Spirit. Prom., 32, 11 (1966), "Heat of Mixing of Ethanol-Water Solutions"
631. A. K. Zhdanov and K. G. Nigai, Sh. Obshchei Khim., 26, 2123 (1956), "Solubility in the Potassium Chloride-Glucose-Water System at 25°"
632. C. A. Zittle and C. L. A. Schmidt, J. Biol. Chem., 108, 161 (1935), "Heats of Solution, Heats of Dilution, and Specific Heats of Aqueous Solutions of Certain Amino Acids"

Thermodynamic Properties of Aqueous Solutions of Organic Compounds
Compound Index

- Acetaldehyde
4, 37, 82, 84, 90, 143, 256, 420, 564
- Acetamide
91, 102, 395, 449
- Acetic Acid
1, 2, 3, 10, 17, 23, 50, 76, 83, 85, 86, 92, 93, 98, 99, 111, 113, 116, 123, 129, 151, 171
179, 186, 192, 193, 197, 198, 203, 204, 206, 232, 242, 245, 246, 249, 250, 251, 287
288, 295, 306, 317, 337, 340, 343, 363, 366, 368, 374, 392, 398, 399, 406, 408, 419
421, 422, 434, 436, 438, 444, 457, 461, 464, 477, 478, 481, 482, 492, 498, 507, 511
516, 527, 573, 574, 589, 600, 625
- β -Acetomidoethyl Thiolactate
601
- β -Acetomidoethyl Acetate
601
- Acetone
4, 19, 26, 35, 41, 57, 71, 79, 87, 108, 109, 139, 165, 212, 213, 223, 243, 268, 332, 342
355, 379, 384, 410, 414, 423, 434, 435, 437, 471, 496, 528, 530, 557, 567, 583, 584, 620
624, 625
- Acetylcholine
14, 291
- N-Acetylimadazole
599, 600
- cis-Aconitic Acid
347
- Adenine
110
- Adenosine
110, 289
- Adenosine Diphosphoric Acid
6, 7, 110
- Adenosine Monophosphoric Acid
110, 289
- Adenosine Triphosphoric Acid
6, 7, 47, 48, 52, 110, 291, 333, 459, 547
- Adenylylpyrophosphoric Acid
323
- α -Alanine
43, 111, 113, 120, 140, 228, 296, 425, 486, 524, 545, 632
- β -Alanine
43, 113, 403, 520

- Alanylalanine
166
- Alanylglycine
166
- α -Aminobutyric Acid
113, 120, 170, 402, 524
- β -Aminobutyric Acid
402, 520, 524
- γ -Aminobutyric Acid
328, 402, 520
- α -Aminoisobutyric Acid
120, 402, 524
- Arabinose
174, 289, 538
- Arginine
166, 279, 632
- Ascorbic Acid
256, 407
- Asparagine
121, 334, 632
- Aspartic Acid
111, 222, 272, 334, 516, 522, 632
- Aspartylaspartic Acid
222
- Benzotriazole
240
- Benzoyl-L-Arginamide
188
- Betaine
5, 521
- n-Butanol
9, 11, 18, 19, 22, 23, 71, 87, 88, 89, 116, 117, 172, 213, 243, 260, 263, 268, 338, 351
406, 416, 469, 499, 508, 526, 535, 555, 584, 588, 594, 609
- sec-Butanol
11, 71, 88, 338
- tert-Butanol
9, 11, 16, 18, 71, 72, 88, 263, 315, 351
- Butyl Acetamide
600
- Butyl Acetate
85, 86, 416, 597

- n-Butyric Acid
23, 71, 83, 93, 98, 110, 111, 113, 125, 179, 183, 203, 242, 252, 367, 433, 499, 502, 605
- Caproic Acid
367, 499
- Cellobiose
297, 557
- Cellotetraose
557
- Cellotriose
557
- Citraconic Acid
196, 362
- Citric Acid
30, 132, 196, 200, 253, 295, 347, 375, 386, 476, 479, 516, 525, 527, 607
- Creatine
94, 135, 164
- Creatinine
94, 164, 227
- 1-Cyclohexyluracil
55
- Cysteine
62, 216, 217, 220, 453, 618
- Cystine
62, 121
- 2-Deoxyglucose
289
- 2-Deoxyribose
289
- Diacetamide
604
- Dihydroxyacetone
339
- Dihydroxyacetone Phosphoric Acid
323
- Dimethylurea
61
- Diphosphoglyceric Acid
323
- β, β' -Dithiolactic Acid
62
- Dulcitol
442

- Erythritol
61, 140, 442, 467
- Ethanethiol
286
- Ethanol
8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 36, 44, 49, 53, 56, 60, 61, 64, 68, 87, 95, 117
123, 124, 131, 141, 146, 149, 150, 187, 190, 213, 214, 224, 241, 254, 256, 263, 293, 318
319, 320, 321, 322, 331, 335, 336, 338, 341, 342, 344, 349, 351, 353, 354, 355, 357, 358
377, 380, 384, 393, 394, 395, 406, 409, 415, 420, 422, 426, 427, 444, 448, 450, 472, 480
483, 484, 490, 495, 504, 509, 514, 540, 556, 568, 582, 585, 591, 594, 596, 609, 614, 630
- Ethyl Acetate
71, 85, 161, 291, 499, 551, 597
- 9-Ethyladenine
55
- Ethyl Pyruvate
4
- Ethylene Glycol
218, 420, 467
- Formaldehyde
4, 54, 58, 127, 238, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 373, 413, 455
- Formamide
91, 300
- Formic Acid
2, 17, 38, 83, 93, 98, 111, 129, 179, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 221, 247, 285, 287, 306, 343
356, 367, 432, 495, 502, 507, 515, 573, 587
- Fructose
12, 128, 289, 308, 309, 311, 312, 313, 468, 470, 629
- Fructose-6-Phosphoric Acid
80
- Fumaric Acid
111, 130, 175, 196, 347, 361
- Galactose
140, 174, 258, 289, 389
- Glucose
28, 46, 61, 81, 174, 191, 215, 257, 258, 259, 289, 297, 308, 310, 312, 313, 324, 352, 370
371, 388, 395, 405, 449, 465, 468, 470, 491, 512, 532, 538, 544, 557, 560, 561, 608, 626
631
- Glucose-6-Phosphoric Acid
81, 289
- Glutamic Acid
264, 272, 334, 385, 513, 632
- Glutamine
47, 48, 334

- Glutaric Acid
111, 138, 294, 295, 345, 404
- Glutathione
453
- Glyceric Acid
196
- D-Glyceric Acid-2-phosphate
27
- Glycerol
46, 87, 153, 176, 185, 193, 218, 225, 226, 270, 330, 356, 360, 395, 449, 490, 495, 503
529, 538
- α -Glycerylmonophosphoric Acid
323
- β -Glycerylmonophosphoric Acid
323
- Glycine
110, 113, 120, 121, 159, 166, 170, 231, 232, 234, 296, 326, 440, 475, 504, 516, 519, 537
542, 543, 545, 632
- Glycolamide
155, 231, 232, 234, 536
- Glycolic Acid
3, 111, 113, 408, 424
- Glycylalanine
166, 329
- Glycylasparagine
329
- Glycylglycine
170, 329, 459, 522
- Glycylleucine
329
- Glycylserine
329
- n-Heptanoic Acid
23, 367, 499
- n-Heptanol
88
- n-Hexanoic Acid
23, 125, 499
- n-Hexanol
23, 88, 499, 584
- Hexosediphosphoric Acid
323

- Hippuric Acid
140
- Histidine
166, 222, 632
- Histidylhistidine
222
- Hydroquinone
101
- Hydroxyproline
521, 523, 632
- Inosinepyrophosphoric Acid
323
- iso-Butyric Acid
93, 110, 113, 125, 367
- iso-Butanol
18, 71, 88, 148
- iso-Citric Acid
269, 347
- Isoleucine
524
- iso-Propanol
9, 18, 71, 79, 82, 87, 108, 109, 142, 183, 214, 263, 301, 302, 338, 342, 351, 354, 357
372, 490, 498, 510, 530, 569, 609, 615, 620, 624
- iso-Propyl Acetate
597
- iso-Valeric Acid
125, 316, 367
- Itaconic Acid
196, 362
- α -Ketoglutaric Acid
134
- Lactamide
170, 228
- Lactic Acid
359, 400, 501, 621
- Lactose
140, 276, 277, 297
- Leucine
120, 166, 524, 632
- Levulinic Acid
605
- Lysine
166, 264, 632

- Lysylalanine
166
- Lysyllysine
166
- Lyxose
289
- Maleic Acid
111, 130, 138, 196, 361, 362
- Malic Acid
138, 152, 175, 347, 361
- Malonic Acid
3, 111, 138, 239, 295, 354, 362, 404, 516, 534
- Maltose
140, 174, 267, 297, 429, 430, 570, 571
- Mannitol
107, 140, 180, 307, 442, 449, 487, 488, 538, 561, 612
- Mannose
298
- Mannose-6-phosphoric Acid
80
- Mercaptoacetic Acid
62, 286, 291, 618
- Mesaconic Acid
196, 362
- Methanol
8, 9, 11, 18, 19, 22, 26, 34, 44, 45, 53, 64, 70, 71, 87, 89, 103, 123, 131, 141, 147, 148
149, 181, 182, 184, 221, 223, 265, 268, 301, 302, 335, 338, 341, 342, 354, 355, 358
367, 377, 384, 406, 422, 426, 428, 434, 437, 458, 467, 490, 508, 517, 565, 566, 567
594, 609, 619
- Methionine
632
- S-Methyl-L-cysteine
618
- Methyl- α -D-glucoside
617
- Methyl Ethyl Ketone
71, 416, 434
- Norleucine
120, 401, 524
- Norvaline
401, 513, 524
- n-Octanol
88
- Oxalic Acid
111, 248, 295, 345, 350, 362, 404, 411, 443, 454, 516

- Oxaloacetic Acid
133, 134, 348, 445, 525
- Paraldehyde
71
- n-Pentanol
23, 88, 499, 594
- Phenol
71
- Phenyl Acetate
598¹
- Phenyl Thioacetate
598
- Phosphoglyceraldehyde
323
- Phosphoglyceric Acid
323
- Phosphopyruvic Acid
323
- Potassium Octanoate
613
- Proline
521, 523, 524, 632
- n-Propanol
9, 11, 18, 19, 22, 23, 39, 40, 64, 71, 87, 89, 142, 148, 149, 189, 194, 195, 214, 236, 241
263, 268, 338, 341, 342, 351, 377, 406, 415, 417, 422, 490, 550, 552, 553, 609, 619
- Propionic Acid
2, 23, 69, 83, 93, 98, 111, 129, 129, 203, 242, 287, 292, 340, 367, 412, 433, 507, 605
- Purine
205
- Pyrocatechol
101
- Pyruvic Acid
133, 134, 348, 368, 445, 621
- Raffinose
115, 170
- Resorcinol
101
- Ribose
289
- Ribose Phosphoric Acid
110, 289
- Sarcosine
160, 521

- Serine 279, 521, 632
- Sodium Acetate 2, 91, 129, 477, 518
- Sodium Aspartate 272
- Sodium Butyrate 518
- Sodium Formate 2, 129, 486, 518
- Sodium Glutamate 272
- Sodium Glycerophosphate 405
- Sodium Lactate 405
- Sodium Maleate 486
- Sodium Propionate 2, 129, 518
- Sorbitol 67, 538, 561
- Succinic Acid 33, 111, 126, 138, 152, 294, 295, 404, 516
- Sucrose 15, 20, 28, 32, 42, 104, 107, 115, 118, 157, 174, 185, 191, 215, 229, 235, 257, 258, 261, 262, 273, 274, 278, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 318, 319, 325, 369, 391, 441, 449, 468, 470, 486, 487, 503, 509, 512, 532, 538, 541, 554, 562, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 590, 617, 622, 623, 628
- Tartaric Acid 29, 132, 137, 152, 295, 303, 350, 446, 476, 486, 489
- Taurine 271, 327, 632
- Thioacetic Acid 286
- Thioglycollic Acid 418
- β -Thiolactic Acid 62, 286
- Thiourea 100, 168, 359
- Threonine 111, 521
- 1, 2, 3-Triazole 240

Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane
31, 52, 136, 333, 459, 485, 538, 547

Tyrosine

119

Valeric Acid

316, 467, 499

Valine

120, 170, 401, 524, 632

Urea

32, 46, 50, 60, 63, 66, 100, 102, 105, 106, 122, 140, 158, 159, 191, 193, 205, 230, 233
290, 298, 299, 300, 316, 346, 390, 395, 447, 449, 452, 460, 494, 500, 503, 505, 506, 531
537, 538, 610, 612

n-Valeric Acid

23, 316

Xylose

174, 289, 297, 570, 571

