(NASA-TM+X-73164)WIND-TUNNEL INVESIIGATIONN77-12999OF A LARGE-SCALE MODEL OF A LIFF-CRUISE FANV/STOL AIRCHAFT WITH LATENDED LIFT-CRUISENCELLESV/STOL AIRCHAFT WITH LATENDED LIFT-CRUISEUnclassG3/U2 56947

# NASA TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

NASA TM X-73,164

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WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF A LARGE-SCALE MODEL OF A LIFT/CRUISE FAN V/STOL AIRCRAFT WITH EXTENDED LIFT/CRUISE NACELLES

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August 1976



1. Report No. NASA TM X-73,164	3. Recipient's Catalog No.					
4. Title and Subtitle WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATION	6. Report Date					
A LIFT/CRUISE FAN V/STOL LIFT/CRUISE NACELLES	AIRCRAFT WITH EXTENDED	6. Performing Organization Code				
7. Author(s) Bruno J. Gambucci, Kiyosh	ni Aoyagi, and	8. Performing Organization Report No A=6727				
L. Stewart Rolls		10. Work Unit No.				
9. Performing Organization Name and Address		505-10-35				
Ames Research Center Moffett Field, California	a 94035	11. Contract or Grant No.				
		13. Type of Report and Period Cove ed				
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address		Technical Memorandum				
National Aeronautics and Washington, D. C. 20546	Space Administration	14. Sponsoring Agency Code				
15. Supplementary Notes						
16. Abstract						
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17. Key Words (Suggested by Author(s))	1	18. Distribution Statemen	t				
Lift/cruise fan V/STOL Powered lift		Unlimited					
		STAR Category	- 02				
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (of	this page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price*			
Unclassified	Unclass	assified 95 \$4.75					

\*For sale by the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161

# NOTATION

Ъ	wing span, m (ft)
с <sub>р</sub>	drag coefficient about the wind axis, $\frac{D}{qS}$
C <sub>D</sub> ram	ram drag coefficient about the body axis, $\frac{w_0}{gqS}$
c	rolling-moment coefficient about the stability axis, $\frac{l}{qSb}$
с <sub>г</sub>	lift coefficient about the wind axis, $\frac{L}{qS}$
C <sub>m</sub>	pitching-moment coefficient about the stability axis at 0.25 $\overline{c}$ , $\frac{m}{qS\overline{c}}$
c <sub>n</sub>	yawing-moment coefficient about the stability axis, $\frac{n}{qSb}$
с <sub>у</sub>	side-force coefficient about the stability axis, $\frac{y}{qS}$
с	wing-chord parallel to the plane of symmetry, m (ft)
ē	mean aerodynamic chord, $\frac{2}{s} \int_{0}^{b/2} c^2 dy$ , m (ft)
D	drag, N (1b)
FA	static axial force, N (1b)
F g	gross thrust with $\delta_{cn} = 0^{\circ}$ , N (1b)
F <sub>N</sub>	static normal force, N (1b)
g	acceleration of gravity, 9.81 $m/sec^2$ (32.2 ft/sec <sup>2</sup> )
i <sub>t</sub>	horizontal tail incidence angle, deg
L	total lift on the model, N (1b)
L	rolling moment, N·m (ft-1b)
m	pitching moment, N·m (ft-1b)
n	yawing moment, N·m (ft-1b)
Po	standard absolute pressure, 101352.9 $N/m^2$ (14.7 psi)
۲s	free-stream static pressure, $N/m^2$ (lb/ft <sup>2</sup> )

q	free-stream dynamic pressure, $N/m^2$ (lb/ft <sup>2</sup> )
rpm/√0	corrected fan rotational speed
5	wing area, m <sup>2</sup> (ft <sup>2</sup> )
Т	fan thrust with forward speed, N (lb)
T <sub>S</sub>	fan static thrust, N (1b)
vo	free-stream velocity, m/sec (ft/sec)
vj	fan exit velocity, m/sec (ft/sec)
W	fan inlet weight rate of flow, kg/sec (lb/sec)
х	chordwise distance from wing leading edge, %c
у	side force, N (1b)
Υ <sub>L</sub>	lower surface distance from wing chord plane, %c
Υ <sub>U</sub>	upper surface distance from wing chord plane, %c
α	angle of attack, deg
β	angle of sideslip, deg
β <sub>v</sub>	lift fan exit louver deflection angle, deg
δ	relative static pressure, $\frac{r_s}{P_s}$
<sup>δ</sup> ail	aileron deflection, deg
δ <sub>cn</sub>	lift/cruise fan exhaust duct geometric angle, deg
δ <sub>f</sub>	trailing-edge flap deflection, deg
δj	fan exhaust flow static turning angle, $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{r_N}{r_A}\right)$ , deg
δ <sub>R</sub>	rudder deflection, deg
η	percent of wing semispan or static turning efficiency, $\frac{\sqrt{F_N^2 + F_A^2}}{F_g}$
θ	ratio of ambient temperature to standard temperature (519° R)
θj	lift/cruise fan exhaust flow static turning angle, deg

# Subscripts

ail	aileron
t	fan exit
R	rudder
S	static conditions
u	uncorrected data

WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF A LARGE-SCALE MODEL OF A LIFT/CRUISE

# FAN V/STOL AIRCRAFT WITH EXTENDED LIFT/CRUISE NACELLES

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#### SUMMARY

An investigation was conducted in the Ames 40- by 80-Foot Wind Tunnel to determine the aerodynamic characteristics of a large-scale model of a lift/ cruise fan V/STOL aircraft. The model was equipped with three fans, one mounted in the forward section of the fuselage in a lift mode, and two mounted on top of a wing adjacent to the fuselage in a lift/cruise mode.

The data that were obtained include longitudinal and lateral-directional characteristics of the model, with the horizontal tail on and off, for both the powered-lift and cruise configurations. Lateral-directional characteristics were obtained with the horizontal and vertical tail sections removed. Powered-lift data were obtained at several wind-tunnel velocities and at several lift/ cruise fan thrust vector angles by varying the position of the hooded deflectors from 0° (the cruise condition) to 90°.

#### INTRODUCTION

The NASA/Navy Lift/Cruise Fan Aircraft Technology Program is a cooperative effort between NASA and the Navy; its purpose is to establish a firm technology base for the design of lift/cruise fan V/STOL multimission aircraft for both military and civilian applications. The program may include the design, fabrication, and flight test of a research and technology aircraft that uses a lift/cruise fan propulsion system. Currently underway are design studies (refs. 1 and 2), wind-tunnel tests of small- and large-scale models (ref. 3), and systems evaluation tests and simulation to develop the base required for the design of a research and technology aircraft. This report contains the results of a large-scale wind-tunnel test of a lift/cruise fan aircraft model typical of one of several configurations being investigated as candidate configurations for a research and technology aircraft. The tests were conducted in the Ames Research Center 40- by 80-Foot Wind Tunnel.

The large-scale lift/cruise fan V/STOL model used in this test was a modification of a model used in the test reported in reference 3. The model lift/cruise nacelles of the previous tests were modified to simulate the length requirement for a typical lift/cruise mechanical drive propulsion system. The model was powered by three lift fans, each of which was driven by a gas generator. Data were obtained for two modes of operation, powered lift and cruise. For the cruise-mode operation, only the two generators over the wing-mounted lift/cruise fans were powered; the forward fan was covered. Static tests planned for the hove: mode will be the subject of a separate report.

The longitudinal force and moment characteristics of the model, as well as its lateral-directional characteristics, are presented for both modes of operation. Results for powered lift were obtained at a constant fan speed over a range of wind-tunnel velocities; the cruise configuration were run at three lift/cruise fan exit velocities and at constant wind-tunnel speed. In the interest of an expedient release of the accumulated data, the test data are not analyzed here; their analyses will be the subject of future reports.

#### MODEL DESCRIPTION

Photographs of the model mounted in the Ames 40- by 80-Foot Wind Tunnel are shown in figure 1. Geometric details and pertinent dimensions are presented in figure 2. The model was equipped with adjustable flaps, ailerons, horizontal stabilizer, and rudder. The horizontal and vertical tail sections are removable. The ailerons and horizontal tail were remotely controlled.

### Lift/Cruise Fan Nacelles

The lift/cruise fan nacelles of the model described in : ference 3 were extended forward to simulate a !ift/cruise fan mechanical drive propulsion system (i.e., the gas generator mounted in line and directly aft of the fan, thus necessitating a long nacelle). A cross-sectional view of the nacelle is shown in figure 2(c). For expediency, the lift/cruise fan gas generator inlets were not altered when the fan nacelles were extended (see fig. 2(a) and fig. 3). The nacelles were extended approximately 1.25 m (4.2 ft) for the test reported herein.

#### Wing

The wing aspect ratio was 4.5, the taper ratio was 0.30, and the sweep along the quarter chord line was 25°. An NACA 4416 airfoil sect is the basic wing section at the exposed root. This became a modified in ritical airfoil with wing station (0.442n) and tip having a thickness-to-color ratio of 0.14 and 0.08, respectively. The wing incidence was  $3.23^{\circ}$  at the exposed root and  $-2.77^{\circ}$  at the theoretical tip; this resulted in a wing twist of 6°. Wing airfoil ordinates are presented in table 1.

# Flaps and Ailerons

The wing control surfaces consisted of plain flaps and ailerons, both hinged at the wing 75 percent chord line and with a constant percent chord radius. A typical cross section of the control surfaces is shown in figure 2(d). Although the flaps and ailerons had a built-in seal, the gap between them and the shroud was taped for all runs except the aileron sweeps which required remote aileron operation. The flaps could be set at discrete deflection positions, but for this investigation, the only deflection used was 15°. The ailerons had a deflection range of  $\pm 25^{\circ}$ .

#### Empennage

The horizontal tail was an NACA 64AO series airfoil section with a thickness-to-chord ratio at the root of 0.10 and of 0.08 at the tip. The all-movable horizontal tail could be remotely actuated and had an incidence range of  $\pm 20^{\circ}$ .

The vertical tail had an NACA 65A010 airfoil section and was equipped with a movable rudder. For most tail-off tests, only the horizontal tail was removed. A limited amount of testing was conducted with both the horizontal and vertical sections removed.

#### Propulsion System

The model was equipped with three 36-in. diam. General Electric X-376 turbo-tip fans with a design pressure ratio of 1.1. As shown in figure 2(a), one lift fan was mounted in the forward fuselage section with the thrust axis tilted 15° forward with respect to the horizontal plane. Two lift/cruise fans were mounted in nacelles on the upper surface of the wing adjacent to the fuselage. Each of these fans was powered by a modified T58-8B gas generator. The relationship between the fans and gas generators is shown by the schematic in figure 3.

Thrust vectoring of the forward fan was obtained by a cascade of 14 0.102-m (0.333 ft) chord plain louvers that were mounted at the duct exit as shown in figure 2(b). These louvers were remotely operated and varied from 103° to complete closure (0°). Two yaw vectoring vanes were located below the louvers and 0.235 m (0.771 ft) symmetrically off the model centerline. The vanes had a chord of 0.298 m (0.978 ft) and could be deflected  $\pm 20^{\circ}$ . For the cruise configuration ( $\delta_{cn} = 0^{\circ}$ ), the inlet and the exit of the forward lift fan were covered for most cases with the exit louvers and yaw vanes removed.

Thrust vectoring of the lift/cruise fans was obtained by using the same hooded deflectors and cruise nozzle (0°) of reference 4. Geometric angles of 90°, 71°, 56°, and 38° were obtained by removing or adding circular sections as shown in figure 2(c). Two yaw vectoring vanes were located at the hooded deflector exit and could be deflected  $\pm 20^{\circ}$  as shown in figure 2(b). The nozzle geometric area of the hooded deflector was 0.7678 m<sup>2</sup> (1190 in.<sup>2</sup>). When the cruise nozzle was used, the nozzle geometric area was 0.6937 m<sup>2</sup> (1075 in.<sup>2</sup>).

For the cruise configuration, the nozzle with the  $0^{\circ}$  geometric angle was used. This nozzle configuration was used without the yaw vanes.

# TESTS AND PROCEDURE

Longitudinal force and moment data were obtained at discrete lift/cruise fan exit nozzle deflections for model angle of attack and wind-tunnel speed ranges with the horizontal tail on and off. Lateral-directional data were obtained for a range of sideslip angles at model angles of attack of  $0^{\circ}$ ,  $8^{\circ}$ , and 16°. A summary of the principal test variables for the powered-lift configuration is presented as follows:

q67.032 to 952.817 N/m² (1.4 to 19.9 psf) $\delta_{cn}$  $90^{\circ}$  to  $38^{\circ}$  $\alpha_{u}$  $-4^{\circ}$  to  $24^{\circ}$  $\beta$  $-12^{\circ}$  to  $4^{\circ}$  $i_{t}$  $-10^{\circ}$  to  $20^{\circ}$ Fan rpm/ $\sqrt{9}$ 3600 (nominal)

Similar data were obtained for the cruise configuration. A summary of the variables for this mode of operation is presented below:

q	1699.749 N/m <sup>2</sup> (35.5 psf)
δ <sub>cn</sub>	٥°
αu	-4° to 32°
ß	-12° to 4°
i.t	-10° to 20°
Fan $rpm/\sqrt{\theta}$	2700 to 1600 (nominal)

When either the angle of attack or angle of sideslip was varied in the data acquisition process, the fan rpm, wind-tunnel dynamic pressure, flap deflection, and fan exit nozzle deflection were held constant. In the cruise configuration, data were obtained with the forward fan inlet and exit covered. All the data were obtained with the nose gear extended.

# CORRECTIONS

Force and moment data with the lift fans windmilling (power off) were corrected for wind-tunnel wall constraints in the following manner:

$$\alpha = \alpha_{u} + 0.410C_{L_{u}}$$

$$C_{D} = C_{D_{u}} + 0.0071(C_{L_{u}})^{2}$$

$$C_{m} = C_{m_{u}} + 0.0112C_{L_{u}} \text{ (only with the horizontal tail on)}$$

None of the power-on data (i.e., lift fans driven by the gas generators) was corrected for wind-tunnel wall constraints. Corrections have not been applied for the effects of the exposed tips on the model support struts or for ram drag.

# PRESENTATION OF DATA

Static fan performance (i.e., at wind-tunnel free-stream dynamic pressure of zero q = 0 psf) for the lift/cruise and forward fans is presented in figures 4 through 6. Lift/cruise fan deflector static turning and turning efficiency are presented in figure 7. In figure 8, the variation of jet velocity ratio with wind-tunnel velocity is presented for the three fans. The variation of jet velocity ratio with the angle of attack and fan rpm for the cruise configuration is presented in figure 9. Windmilling characteristics of the lift/cruise fans at various thrust vector angles and for the forward lift fan are presented in figure 10. The variation of fan thrust at forward speed to static fan thrust ratio with angle of attack at several jet velocity ratios is presented in figure 11. Variation of ram drag coefficient with angle of attack at several jet velocity ratios for each fan (three fans) is presented in figure 12. The variation of lift, drag, and pitching moment coeffic.ents with jet velocity ratio of 0° angle of attack are presented in figure 13 for three fan and lift/cruise fan operations.

An index to all the figures presenting the basic aerodynamic data is given in table 2. For ease of presentation, the aerodynamic data have been divided into two parts: namely, powered lift and cruise. The longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics of the model in the powered-lift mode, with the horizontal tail on and off the model, are presented in figures 14 and 15. The aerodynamic characteristics of the model with the rudder deflected 23° are presented in figure 16. The effect of differential aileron deflection on the model longitudinal and lateral characteristics is presented in figure 17. The lateral-directional characteristics of the model with sideslip are presented in figure 18 with the horizontal tail off and in figure 19 with the horizontal and vertical tails off. Horizontal tail sweep effects on the model longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics are presented in figures 20, 21, 22, and 23. Other data, such as the effect of total differential aileron deflection and lift/cruise fan exit nozzles with the forward fan covered and its exit louvers closed ( $\beta_V = 0^\circ$ ), are presented in figures 24 and 25.

Longitudinal characteristics for the cruise with the horizontal tail on and off are presented in figures 26 and 27. Also presented are the model longitudinal and lateral characteristics with a sideslip of 8° in figure 28. Cruise-mode model longitudinal characteristics with the flaps and ailerons deflected are presented in figure 29. The variation of side force, yawingmoment, and rolling-moment coefficients with sideslip are presented in figure 30.

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STATION	EXPOSED ROONNA	DT (0.221ŋ) CA 4416	WING STATIC MODIFIED, SUPERC	DN (0.442n) CRITICAL, t = 14%	THEORETICAL TIP (0.941n) MODIFIED, SUPERCRITICAL, t = 8%			
X, %c	Y <sub>U</sub> , Ze	Y <sub>U</sub> , Zc Y <sub>L</sub> , Zc		Y <sub>L</sub> , %c	Y <sub>U</sub> , %c	Y <sub>L</sub> , Z <sub>c</sub>		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1.25	3.275	-1.909	2.471	-2.467	1.422	-1.435		
2.5	4.448	-2.645	3.233	-3.218	1.836	-1.840		
5.0	6.123	-3.486	4.126	-4.069	2.307	-2.334		
7.5	7.371	-3.957	4.729	-4.653	2.641	-2.678		
10.0	8.363	-4.245	5.208	-5.099	2.902	-2.944		
15.0	9.888	-4.459	5.945	-5.756	3.293	-3.335		
20.0	10.933	-4.427	6.481	-6.177	3.569	-3.598		
25.0	11.648	-4.245	6.876	-6.433	3.768	-3.766		
30.0	12.000	-4.000	7.165	-6.560	3.904	-3.682		
40.0	12.000	-3.467	7.478	-6.435	4.029	-3.837		
50.0	11.232	-2.901	7.494	-5.753	3.988	-3.531		
60.0	9.920	-2.283	7.229	-4.503	3.788	-2.766		
70.0	8.139	-1.653	6.662	-2.786	3.420	-1.465		
80.0	5.920	-1.099	5.685	-1.091	2.829	-0.084		
90.0	3.285	-0.608	3.980	-0.194	1.843	+0.496		
95.0	1.781	-0.384	2.616	-0.210	1.090	+0 72		
100.0	0.171	-0.171	0.496	-0.447	0.108	0.214		
L.E. RADIUS, <b>Z</b> CHORD LENGTH,	c 2.8 m 2.4 ft) (8.2	222 09 31)	3. 2. (6.	041 049 723)	1.154 0.891 (2.922)			

TABLE 1 - LARGE SCALE LIFT/CRUISE FAN AIRCRAFT MODEL AIRFOIL ORDINATES

		L	q		δ <sub>f</sub> ,	δ <sub>ai</sub> ,	δ <sub>en</sub> ,	β	± <sub>r</sub> ,	δ <sub>R</sub> ,	β,	Fan Ri	?M/V0	
Run No.	Figure	Figure psf N/m <sup>2</sup>	N/m <sup>2</sup>	∝, deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	Fwd. Fan	Wing Fans	Remarks
4 5 7	14(a)	3.23 7.09 7.13	154.7 339.5 341.4	-4 to 20	15	10	90	90	0	0	0	3600 3602 Windmilling	'1600 3602 Windmilling	Longitudinal data
3	14(b)	1.28	61.3				<b>!</b>	1				3590	3590	
36 37 39	14(c)	3.21 7.05 7.04	153.7 337.6 337.1				71	55				3619 3612 Windmilling	3619 3612 Windmilling	
35	14(d)	1.27	60.8				1	1				3609	3609	
24 25 22 27	14(e)	3.15 6.94 12.12 12.12	150.8 332.3 580.3 580.3			r I	56   	43				3595 3606 3598 Windmilling	3595 3606 3598 Windmitling	ł
47 48 49 51	14(f)	7.12 12.33 19.39 19.20	340.9 590.4 923.6 919.3				38   	T				3601 3612 3615 Windmilling	3601 3612 3615 Windmilling	
101 102 103	15(a)	3.39 7.13 7.24	162.3 341.4 346.7	-4 to 16			90	90 ,	OFF -			3620 3514 Windmilling	3620 3614 Windmilling	Horizontal tail off
100	15(b)	1.35	64.6	<u> </u>			1	7		{ }		3604	3604	
104 105 106 107	15(c)	3.32 7.09 12.30 12.30	159.0 339.5 588.9 588.9	-4 to 20			56	43				3606 3616 3619 Windmilling	3606 3616 3619 Windmilling	
63 64 65 66	16(a)	7.22 12.31 19.25 19.24	345.7 589.4 921.7 921.2	0 to 24 0 to 16 0 to 24			38		0	23		3607 3619 3609 Windmilling	3607 3619 3609 Windmilling	Longitudinal data

TABLE 2 - LIST OF BASIC DATA FIGURES

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TABLE	2	-	LIST	OF	BASIC	DATA	FIGURES		CONTINUED
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	<b></b>			<u> </u>				<i>°</i>					awa <sup>r</sup> a	
Run No.	Figure	q	1 N/m <sup>2</sup>	≃ <sub>u</sub> , deg	°f' deg	ail'	°en*	Pv <sup>a</sup> deg	L deg	R*	D, deo	Fan s	Wing Fame	Rezarka
53 64 65 66	16(b)	7.22 12.31 19.25 19.24	345.7 589.4 921.2 921.2	0 to 24 0 to 16 0 to 24	15	10	38	43	0	23	0	3607 3619 3609 Windm	3607 3619 3609 111ing	Lateral data
60 62	17(a)	6.96 12.22	333.2 585.1			-25/25				0		3607 3606	3607 3606	Differential Aileron
60 62	17(b)	6.96 12.22	333.2 585.1									3607 3606	3607 3606	
11 12 13 14	18(a)	1.21 3.27 7.09 7.14	57.9 156.6 339.5 341.9	0		10	90   	90   			4 to -12	3598 3602 3607 Windm	3398 3602 3607 illing	Sideslip
42	18(b)	1.17	56.0				71	55	]			3611	3611	
33 32 34	18(c)	3.25 12.19 12.32	155.6 583.7 589.9				56	43				3605 3599 Winde	3605 3599 milling	
52 53 54 55	18(d)	7.30 12.31 19. <b>2</b> 6 19.24	349.5 589.4 922.2 921.2				38					3604 3610 3610 UIndu	3604 3610 3610 illing	
108 109 110	19	3.22 7.09 12.30	159.0 339.5 588.9				56 		OFF	OFF	T	3604 3611 3608	3604 3611 36C	Horizontal and Vertical tail off
9 10	20(a)	3.23 7.09	154.7 339.5				90	90	-10 to 20	0	0	3601 3610	3601 3610	Tail Sweeps
8	20(b)	1.32	63.2	I I								3590	3590	
9 10	20(c)	3.19 6.94	152.7 332.3	8	ł							3596 3611	3596 3611	

I				q		δ,,	δ.,,,	δ,,	β.,	1,,	δ <sub>R</sub> ,	β	Fan R	PM/VO	
	Run No.	Figure	psf	N/m <sup>2</sup>	α, deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	Fwd. Fan	Wing Fans	Kemarks
		20(d)	1.29	- 61.8	8	15	10	90	90	-10 to 20	ø	0	3589	3589	Tail Sweeps
	9 10	20(e)	3.14	150.3 336.1	16 								359 <del>6</del> 3604	3596 3604	
	8	20(f)	1.29	61.8	¥ I			ľ	1			[ [ ]	3609	3609	
	41	21(a)	3.11 6.87	149.0 328.9	0			71	55				3609 3614	3609 3614	
	41	21(b)	1.14	54.7				l Y	<u>t</u>				3616	3616	
	28 29 30	22 (a)	3.15 6.98 12.16	150.8 334.2 582.2	, v			56	43				3595 3605 3609	3595 3605 3600	
01	28 29 30	22(b)	3.14 7.00 12.15	150.3 335.2 581.7	8								3601 3605 3606	3601 3605 3606	
	28 29 30	22(c)	3.13 6.93 12.08	149.9 331.8 578.4	16								3598 3602 3606	3598 3602 3606	
	58 5 <b>9</b> 50	23	7.12 12.32 19.28	340.9 589.9 923.1	0			38					3598 3600 36 <b>20</b>	3598 3600 36 <b>20</b>	
	60 62	24(a)	6.96 12.22	333.2 585.1			25,'-25 co -25/25			0			3607 3606	3607 3606	Differential Aileron
	60 62	24(b)	6.96 12.22	333.2 585.1			ł						3607 3606	3607 3606	
	19 43 45	25(a)	3.26 3.01 7.18	156.1 144.1 343.8	-4 to 20		10	56 7i 38	0				Inlet Covered	3610 3619 3623	Forward Fan Inlet Covered Variable ô
	16	25(b)	1.32	63.0	1 ł	1 1	1	90	] ł_	1	ľ			3599	

TABLE 2 - LIST OF BASIC DATA FIGURES - ~ TTINUED



# TABLE 2 - LIST OF BASIC DATA FIGURES - CONCLUDED

			P			δ <sub>f</sub> ,	δ <sub>a11</sub> ,	δ.,,	ß.,	1,	δ <sub>R</sub> ,	β	Fan R	РМ/√Ө	
Run	No.	Figure	psf	N/m <sup>2</sup>	"u <sup>,</sup> deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	deg	, deg	deg	Fwd. Fan	Wing Fans	Remarks
8	30 33 77 37	26(a)	34.22 16	638.5	0 to 32 † -4 to 32 0 to 32	0	0	0	Removed	-20 -10 0 10	0	0	Covered	2717	Cruise Mode Fervard Fan Inlet and Exit Covered
	31 35 78 38	26 <b>(b)</b>	34.21 16	638.0	-4 to 32 0 to 32					-20 -10 0 10				2158	
2 6 7 8	34 36 79 39	26(c)	34.18 16	636.5	-4 to 32 0 to 32					-20 -10 0 10				1599	
	97 99 98	27	34.21 16	638.0	-4 to 32					OFF		Y		2709 2157 1592	Horizontal tail off
9	95	28(a)	34.23 16	638.9	4 to 32					0		8		271.3	Sidesl;; Forward Fan Inlet and Exit Covered
	70 71	28(b) 29	1 34.24 16	639-5	-4 to 32 -4 to 20	15	· -		0 <b>1</b>			0 <b>†</b>		2695 1591	Forward Fan Inlet Covered
9	90 91 93	30(a)	34.26 16	640.4	0 8 16	0	0		Removed			4 to -12		2712	Sideslip Forward Fan Inlet and Exit Covered
	90 92 94	30(b)	34.19 16 34.09 16 34.18 16	637.0 632.2 636.5	С 8 16			r	ł	ł			ł	1615	













Figure 2.- Geometric details of the model.

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(b) Forward fan details.

Figure 2.- Continued.





(c) Lift/cruise fan details.

Figure 2.- Continued.



(d) Details of a typical plain flap/aileron section.





Figure 3.- Schematic of the model showing gas generator and turbo-tip fan relationship.



Figure 4.- Variation of static thrust with lift/cruise fan rpm;  $\delta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\omega = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $q = 0 N/m^2$  (psf).



Figure 5.- Resultant static thrust and static turning angle with combined lift/cruise fan and forwaxd fan operation; nominal  $rpm/\sqrt{0} = 3600$ ,  $\alpha_u = 0^\circ$ ,  $q = 0 N/m^2$  (psf).



Figure 6.- Variation of resultant static thrust and static turning angle with forward fan  $\beta_v$ ;  $\alpha_u = 0^\circ$ .



Figure 7.- Lift/cruise fan deflector static turning efficiency;  $\alpha_u = 0^\circ$ .



(a) Forward lift fan.

Figure 8.- The variation of jet velocity ratio with wind-tunnel dynamic pressure for the powered-lift model configuration; nominal fan  $rpm/\sqrt{9} = 3600$ .





Figure 8.- Continued.



(c) R/H lift/cruise fan.

Figure 8.- Concluded.



# (a) L/H lift/cruise fan.

Figure 9.- Variation of jet velocity ratio with corrected fan rpm and model angle of attack, cruise configuration; nominal  $q = 1699.7 \text{ N/m}^2$  (35.5 psf),  $\beta = 0^\circ$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 0^\circ$ ,  $\delta_f = 0^\circ$ .

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(b) R/H lift/cruise fan.

Figure 9.- Concluded.



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(a)  $\delta_{cn} = 75^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $q = 341.4 \text{ N/m}^2$  (7.13 psf).

Figure 10.- Windmilling characteristics of the model fans.



(b) 
$$\delta_{cn} \approx 71^{\circ}$$
,  $\beta_{v} \approx 55^{\circ}$ ,  $q \approx 337.1 \text{ N/m}^2$  (7.04 psf).

Figure 10.- Continued.



(c) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 56^{\circ}$$
,  $\beta_v = 43^{\circ}$ ,  $q = 580.3 \text{ N/m}^2$  (12.12 psf).

Figure 10.- Continued.



(d)  $\delta_{cn} = 38^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 43^{\circ}$ ,  $q = 919.3 \text{ N/m}^2$  (19.20 psf)

Figure 10.- Concluded.






Figure 11.- Continued.



(e) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 0^{\circ}$$

Figure 11.- Continued.



(f) Forward fan

Figure 11.- Concluded.

POOR QUALITY



(a)  $\delta_{cn} = 90^{\circ}$ 

Figure 12.- Variation of ram drag with angle of attack with forward fan and lift/cruise fan operation.





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(c)  $\delta_{cn} = 56^{\circ}$ Figure 12.- Continued.





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(e)  $\delta_{cn} = 0^{\circ}$ 

Figure 12.- Continued.





(g) Forward fan,  $\beta_v = 55^\circ$ Figure 12.- Continued.



(h) Forward fan,  $\beta_v = 43^\circ$ 

Figure 12.- Concluded.





(a) Variation of  $C_{L}$  with  $V_{o}/V_{j}$ , with three fans operating.

Figure 13.- The effect of jet velocity ratio on longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics;  $\alpha_u = 0^\circ$ , horizontal tail on,  $\delta_f = 15^\circ$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 0^\circ$ .



(b) Variation of  $C_D$  and  $C_m$  with  $V_O/V_j$ , with three fans operating. Figure 13.- Continued.





(c) Variation of  $C_L$  with  $V_0/V_j$ ; lift/cruise fans operation only with forward fan inlet covered,  $\beta_V = 0^\circ$ .

Figure 13.- Continued.



(d) Variation of  $C_D$  and  $C_m$  with  $V_0/V_j$ ; lift/cruise fans operation only with forward fan inlet covered,  $\beta_v = 0^\circ$ .

Figure 13.- Concluded.



(a) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 90^\circ$$
,  $\beta_v = 90^\circ$ 

Figure 14.- Longitudinal characteristics of the model with three fans operating and with the horizontal tail installed;  $\delta_f = 15^\circ$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^\circ$ ,  $i_t = 0^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 0^\circ$ ,  $\delta_R = 0^\circ$ .

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(b) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 90^\circ$$
,  $\beta_v = 90^\circ$ 

Figure 14.- Continued.



(c)  $\delta_{cn} = 71^\circ$ ,  $\beta_v = 55^\circ$ 

Figure 14.- Continued.

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(d) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 71^\circ$$
,  $\beta_v = 55^\circ$ 

Figure 14.- Continued.

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(e) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 56^{\circ}, \beta_{v} = 43^{\circ}$$

Figure 14.- Continued.

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(f) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 38^\circ$$
,  $\beta_v = 43^\circ$ 

Figure 14.- Concluded.

С С



(a) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 90^{\circ}, \beta_{v} = 90^{\circ}$$

Figure 15.- Longitudinal characteristics of the model with three fans operating; horizontal tail off,  $\delta_f = 15^\circ$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^\circ$ ,  $\delta_R = 0^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 0^\circ$ .





(b) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 90^\circ$$
,  $\beta_v = 90^\circ$ 

Figure 15.- Continued.



(c)  $\delta_{cn} = 56^\circ$ ,  $\beta_v = 43^\circ$ 

Figure 15.- Concluded.



(a) Longitudinal characteristics

Figure 16.- Aerodynamic characteristics of the model with three fans operating and the rudder deflected;  $\delta_{\rm R} = 23^{\circ}, \ \delta_{\rm cn} = 38^{\circ}, \ \beta_{\rm v} = 43^{\circ}, \ \delta_{\rm f} = 15^{\circ}, \ \delta_{\rm ail} = 10^{\circ}, \ \beta = 0^{\circ}, \ i_{\rm t} = 0^{\circ}.$ 



(b) Lateral characteristics

Figure 16.- Concluded.

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(a) Longitudinal characteristics

Figure 17.- The effect of differential aileron deflection on the model aerodynamic characteristics with three fans operating;  $\delta_{ail} = -25^{\circ}/25^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{cn} = 38^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 43^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 15^{\circ}$ ,  $i_{t} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ .

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2 <b>2</b>			

(b) Lateral characteristics

Figure 17.- Concluded.



(a)  $\delta_{cn} = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $\alpha_{u} = 0^{\circ}$ 

Figure 18.- Variation of side-force, yawing-moment, and rolling-moment coefficients with sideslip and with three fans operating;  $\delta_f = 15^\circ$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^\circ$ ,  $i_t = 0^\circ$ ,  $\delta_R = 0^\circ$ .

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(b)  $\delta_{cn} \approx 71^\circ$ ,  $\beta_v = 55^\circ$ ,  $\alpha_u = 0^\circ$ 

Figure 18.- Continued.



(c) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 56^{\circ}, \ \beta_{v} = 43^{\circ}, \ \alpha_{u} = 0^{\circ}$$

Figure 18.- Continued.



(d) 
$$\delta_{cn} = 38^\circ$$
,  $\beta_v = 43^\circ$ ,  $\alpha_u = 0^\circ$   
Figure 18.- Concluded.



Figure 19.- Variation of side-force, yawing-moment, and rolling-moment coefficients with sideslip, and with three fans operating; horizontal and vertical tails off,  $\delta_{cn} = 56^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 43^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^{\circ}$ ,  $\alpha_{u} = 0^{\circ}$ .

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(a) 
$$\alpha_{u} = 0$$

Figure 20.- The effect of tail incidence on the longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics with three fans operating;  $\delta_{cn} = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ .



(b)  $\alpha_u = 0^\circ$ 

Figure 20.- Continued.


(c)  $\alpha_u = 8^\circ$ 

Figure 20.- Continued.



(d)  $\propto_{u} = 8^{\circ}$ 

Figure 20.- Continued.



(e) 
$$\alpha_u = 16^\circ$$

Figure 20.- Continued.



(f) ∝ = 16° u = 16° Figure 20.- Concluded.

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Figure 21.- The effect of tail incidence on the longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics with three fans operating;  $\delta_{cn} = 71^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 55^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ .



(b)  $\alpha_{\rm u} = 0^{\circ}$ 

Figure 21.- Concluded.

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Figure 22.- The effect of tail incidence on the longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics with three fans operating;  $\delta_{cn} = 56^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 43^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ .



(b)  $\alpha_{u} = 8^{\circ}$ 

Figure 22.- Continued.

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Figure 22.- Concluded.



Figure 23.- The effect of tail incidence on the longitudinal aerodynamic characteristics with three fans operating;  $\delta_{\rm CR} = 38^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{\rm V} = 43^{\circ}$ ,  $\alpha_{\rm U} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $f = 15^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{\rm ail} = 10^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{\rm R} = 0^{\circ}$ .

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(a) Longitudinal characteristics

Figure 24.- The effect of total differential aileron deflection on the model aerodynamic characteristics with three fans operating;  $\delta_{cn} = 38^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta_{v} = 43^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 15^{\circ}$ ,  $i_{t} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\alpha_{u} = 0^{\circ}$ .



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(b) Lateral characteristics

Figure 24.- Concluded.



(a) 
$$\delta_{cn} = variable$$

Figure 25.- Longitudinal characteristics of the model with the lift/cruise fan exit nozzles deflected to discrete positions, forward fan inlet covered and exit louvers at  $\beta_v = 0^\circ$ ,  $\delta_f = 15^\circ$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 0^\circ$ 





(a) Cruise fan  $rpm/\sqrt{\theta} = 2717$ 

Figure 26.- Longitudinal characteristics of the model in the cruise configuration; forward fan inlet and exit covered,  $\delta_{cn} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $q = 1638.5 \text{ N/m}^2$  (34.22 psf).



(b) Cruise fan  $rpm/\sqrt{\theta} = 2158$ 

Figure 26.- Continued.



(c) Cruise fan  $rpm/\sqrt{\theta} = 1599$ 

Figure 26.- Concluded.



Figure 27.- Longitudinal characteristics of the model in the cruise configuration with the horizontal tail off; forward fan inlet and exit covered,  $\delta_{cn} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\beta = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $q = 1638.0 \text{ N/m}^2$  (34.21 psf).



(a) Longitudinal characteristics

Figure 28.- Aerodynamic characteristics of the model with sideslip of 8°; forward fan inlet and exit covered,  $\delta_{cn} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{f} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $i_{t} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $\delta_{R} = 0^{\circ}$ ,  $q = 1638.9 \text{ N/m}^2$  (er.23 psf).



(b) Lateral characteristics

Figure 28.- Concluded.

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Figure 29.- Longitudinal characteristics of the model with the flaps and ailerons deflected;  $\delta_f = 15^\circ$ ,  $\delta_{ail} = 10^\circ$ , forward fan inlet covered and with the exit louvers at  $f_v = 0^\circ$ ,  $\delta_c = 0^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 0^\circ$ ,  $i_t = 0^\circ$ ,  $\delta_R = 0^\circ$ ,  $q = 1639.5 \text{ N/m}^2$  (34.24 psf).

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(a) Cruise fan  $rpm/\sqrt{\theta} = 2712$ 

Figure 30.- Variation of side-force, yawing-moment, and rolling-moment coeffi-cients with sideslip; forward fan inlet and exit covered, δ = 0°, δ<sub>f</sub> = 0°, δ = 0°, i<sub>t</sub> = 0°, δ<sub>R</sub> = 0°, q = 1640.4 N/m<sup>2</sup> (34.26 psf).

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(b) Cruise fan rpm/ $\sqrt{\theta}$  = 1615

Figure 30.- Concluded.