G41B-1013 CDDIS: NASA's Archive of Space Geodesy Data and Products Supporting GGOS

Abstract: The Crustal Dynamics Data Information System (CDDIS) supports data archival of the second distribution activities for the space geodesy and geodynamics related data and products in a central archive, to maintain information about the archival of these data and information in a timely manner to a global scientific research community, and provide user based tools for the exploration and use of the archive. The CDDIS data system and its archive is a key component in several of the geometric services within the International Association of Geodesy (IAG) and its observing system the Global Geodetic Observing System (GGOS), including the International VLBI Service (ILRS), the International VLBI Service (ILRS), the International VLBI Service (ILRS), the International VLBI Service (IDS), the International VLBI Service (ILRS), the International VLBI Service (ILRS), the International VLBI Service (IDS), the International VLBI Service (ILRS). and derived products in support of the IAG services and GGOS. The system's archive continues to grow and improve as new activities are supported and enhancements to metadata describing the contents of the archive have been developed to facilitate data discovery. This poster will provide a review of the past year for the geodetic community and describe future plans for the system.

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Crustal Dynamics Data Information System

Background:

- The Crustal Dynamics Data Information System (CDDIS) is NASA's active archive of space geodesy data, products, and information (Global Navigation Satellite System/GNSS, Satellite Laser Ranging/SLR, Very Long Baseline Interferometry/VLBI, and Doppler Orbitography and Radio-positioning Integrated by Satellite/DORIS).
- The CDDIS is funded by NASA/ESDIS but cooperates extensively with the international community.
- The largest CDDIS user community comes from the services within the International Association of Geodesy (IAG).
- The contents of the CDDIS archive are utilized for geodetic studies, e.g., plate tectonics, earthquake displacements, Earth orientation, Earth's surface deformation, Earth's gravity field, etc.
- The CDDIS archive also plays an interdisciplinary role in supporting the derivation of a Terrestrial Reference Frame (the foundation for virtually all airborne, space-based and ground-based Earth observations), precise orbit determination (POD) for NASA/international missions, atmospheric studies, etc.

Archive Contents:

+ Stations in the GNSS, SLR/LLR, VLBI, and DORIS networks generate point data on a multi-day, daily, hourly, and/or sub-hourly basis

GNSS Antenna and

Space Geodesy Techniques

Current Space Geodesy Site Locations

- + GNSS: 585+ sites tracking GPS, GLONASS, and new GNSS (Galileo, QZSS, Beidou, IRNSS)
- + Laser Ranging (SLR and LLR): ~40 sites tracking 90+ satellites (including the Moon)
- + VLBI: 45 sites
- + DORIS: 58 sites tracking 6 satellites • Products:
- + Precise network station positions (for ITRF
- + Satellite orbits (for POD)
- + Station and satellite clocks (for timing)
- Earth rotation parameters
- + Positions of celestial objects (for CRF)
- Atmospheric parameters (ionosphere TEC, troposphere ZPD) ...
- Metadata information:
- + Non-standard metadata, data type speci
- + Extracted from incoming files
- + Internal access to metadata database
- **Archive Statistics:**
- File size is typically <2Mb/data "granule", <10Mb/derived product "granule"
- Archive size: ~17.5TB/190M files
- Ingest rate: ~9GB (100K files)/day Distribution rate: ~500GB (~4M files)/day
- Data (L1, L1B), products (L2) derived from these data, and information about data and
- Multi-day, daily, hourly, sub-hourly Varying latencies (minutes, hours, days)

- The CDDIS contains data and derived products from over 1500 observing sites located at about 1000 locations around the world, going back in time as far as 1975. The archive is updated with new data/product files on varying time scales, dependent on the data type, from a sub-daily
- Users require continuous access to data for generation of products on pre-determined schedules.

₹ GNSS site

SLR site
VLBI site

- The average user of the CDDIS accesses the contents of the archive through anonymous ftp by means of automated scripts executed on predefined schedules (typically sub-daily). Analysts can use this method for data transfer because they are familiar with the structure of the online archive and thus
- know what files they require, their availability schedule, and where to find them within the online structure

The CDDIS and the IAG

- CDDIS is the principle data center for the geometric supporting services created under the umbrella of the International Association of Geodesy (IAG):
- International GNSS Service (IGS)
- International Laser Ranging Service (ILRS)
- International VLBI Service for Geodesy and Astrometry (IVS)
- + International DORIS Service (IDS)
- These services function as cooperating federations dedicated to a particular type of data (e.g., GNSS, SLR, VLBI, or DORIS) • The services provide data and products on an operational basis to geodesy analysts as well as a broader scientific
- community and are examples of a successful model of community management Successful operation through cooperation of many international organizations who leverage their respective limited
- resources to all levels of service functionality The CDDIS user community primarily consists of analysts supporting the services within the International Association of
- These groups produce derived products (e.g., positions of observing stations, Earth orientation parameters, precise satellite orbits, etc.) for use by a broader scientific community.
- The CDDIS has extensive partnerships through the IAG serving as one of the primary data centers for the geometric services and its observing system, GGOS (Global Geodetic Observing System)













VLBI Antenna and

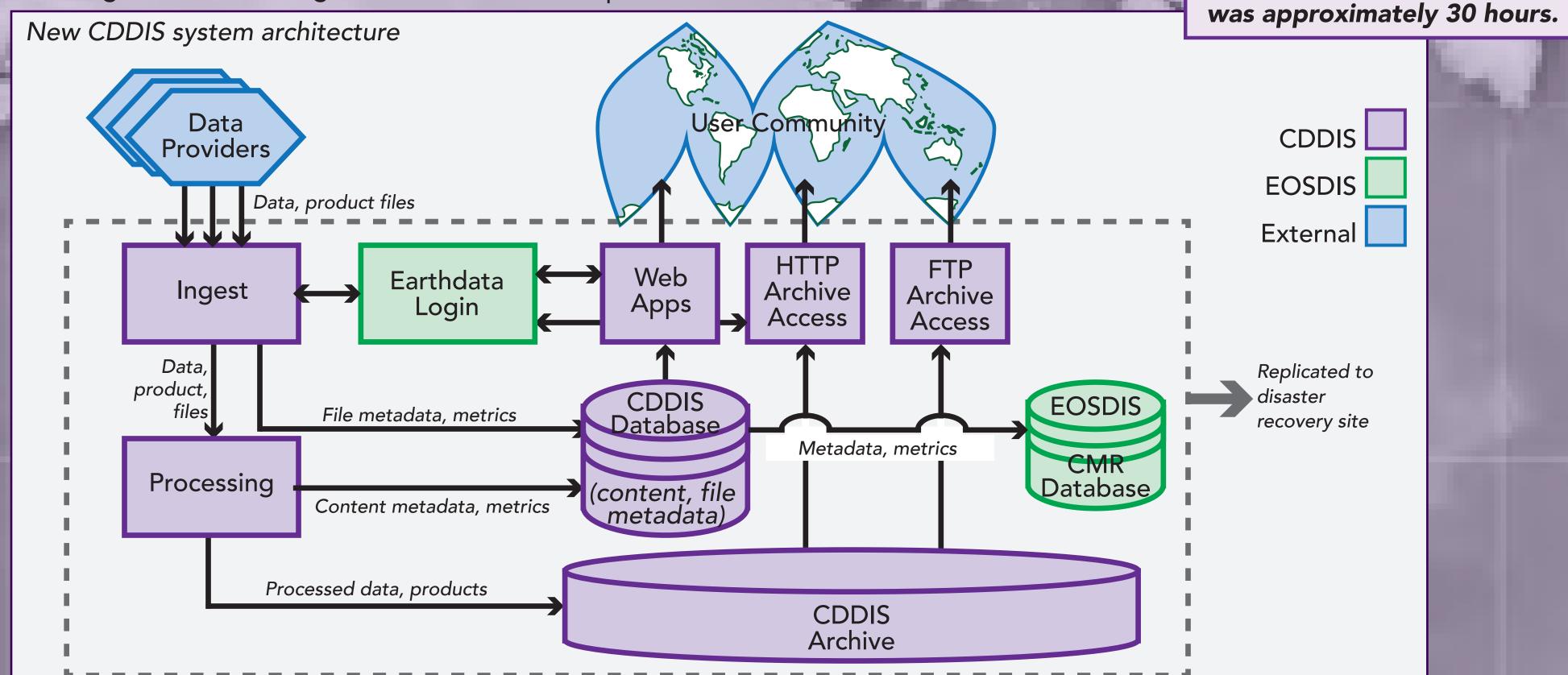
All systems located at NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt MD



What's New?

System Facilities/Architecture Improvements:

- Over the past 7 years CDDIS has experienced double-digit growth culminating in over 1.2B downloads and over 130Tb of data transferred in 2015
- On track to exceed 1.5B files and 180Tb in 2016
- Upgraded hardware procured and installed in new location providing better infrastructure (power, network connectivity, etc.) + IT infrastructure designed for 4 "nines" uptime
- + Multiple redundant 40Gb networks directly connected to the Internet
- + New system implemented with virtual machine architecture for reliability and expandability
- + Both production and disaster recovery (DR) systems located at different buildings at GSFC + Unified storage across both production and DR systems
- + File processing software re-designed for more efficient operations and additional QC



New File Upload Procedure:

Real-Time GNSS Distribution:

One of three real-time "casters"

GNSS caster

List of real-time

streams available

GNSS data

thru CDDIS

support of the IGS Real-Time Service (RTS)

Real-time system also uses EOSDIS Earthdata login

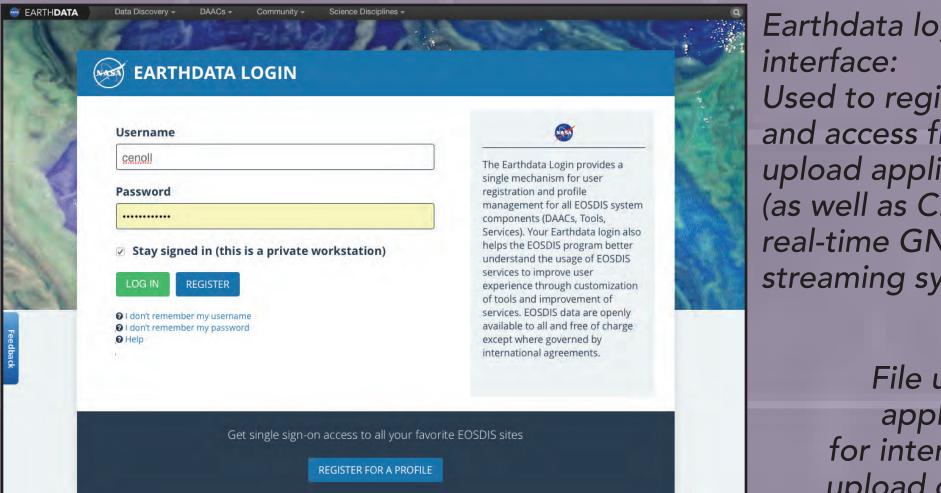
Expanding to include additional streams

- Because of NASA security restrictions, CDDIS can no longer use non-secure FTP for file uploads from data providers
- New, upgraded system was designed to use HTTP protocol for file upload Implemented both web and command line interfaces
- + Web interface for simple, interactive uploads
- + Command interface for bulk uploads and scripting; users can make simple modifications to existing scripts for uploads to the new system
- cURL is the supported program for command line access but any program that can do HTTP GET and POST is usable
- Sample code (Java, bash) provided for bulk uploading and scripting
- New system uses EOSDIS Earthdata login
- Users must first register with EOSDIS to obtain a user ID for access to upload system

CDDIS now operationally streaming real-time GNSS data and derived products in

Users must first register with EOSDIS to obtain a user ID for access to real-time

• For more information: http://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/Data_and_Derived_Products/CDDIS_File_Upload_Documentation.html



Data from over 250 global sites and 30 derived product steams

Earthdata login CDDIS N Used to register and access file upload application (as well as CDDIS streaming system) File upload application for interactive

nttp://depot.cddis.eosdis.nasa.gov/CDDIS F ileUpload/upload/

Command line program example using cURL t scripted uploa

CDDIS successfully

transitioned to this new

system architecture on

December 01, 2016;

downtime due to the transfer

Sites streaming real-time GNSS data thru CDDIS caster

> NTRIP (real-time GNSS software) client interface to CDDIS real-time caster

Supporting GGOS: Metadata

Metadata Developments at CDDIS:

- To aid in the search and discovery process, data must be organized
- Thus, accurate, complete, and consistent metadata (data about data) is a requirement for efficient accessibility

Data acquisition

Metadata describe data attributes:

- Information about the target Information about the station
- + Data quality Completeness of the data
- Gaps in data set
- Characteristics that affect reliability of data
- + Data lineage
- Provenance
- Processing input
- Tracking data through transformations/analysis/interpretations

Services

- Non-standard metadata, data type (GNSS, SLR, VLBI, DORIS) specific, extracted from incoming files (granules)
- CDDIS currently updating collection and granule level metadata to satisfy EOSDIS requirements
- + CDDIS is an EOSDIS DAAC
- + EOSDIS implementing a "Common Metadata Repository" (CMR) Single source of unified, high-quality, high-performance, and

Users

GGOS Portal

Metadata

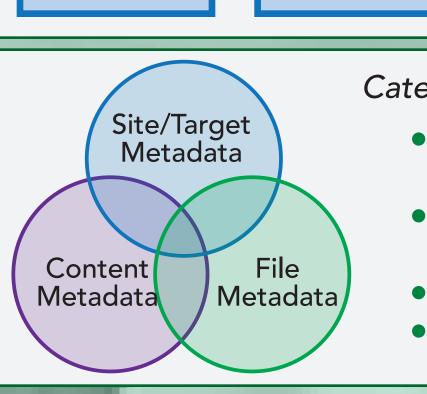
Service

Archive

(CDDIS)

- reliable Earth Science metadata + Metadata can be discovered and accessed through programmatic
- interfaces leveraging standard protocols and APIs
- + CDDIS modifying existing metadata to develop relationships with Content Metadata EOSDIS required metadata

Applications Metadata Databases CDDIS metadata Product Information process Processes Analysis Centers External



Categories of CDDIS metadata: File (granule) content (data and derived

- products) • File (granule) information (size, source,
- Site information
- Target information

GGOS Portal and Metadata:

- Requirements/uses:
- + Users
- Search/discover for data/products Find sites/targets of interest
- Data centers
- Organizing/cataloging data/product holdings
- Track provenance, usage
- Facilitate discovery
- Common to all techniques: + Things that observe (STATIONS
- Things that are observed (TARGETS)
- + Things that are transmitted/archived (DATA)
- + Things that have been analyzed/are archived (PRODUCTS)
- Each of these "things" have metadata that:
- Need to be discoverable
- + Need to be searchable
- Provided to DCs or created by DCs
- Entities flow data/products/information to data centers • Data centers ingest files/information into archive and extract relevant metadata
- Users retrieve files from archive
- Applications utilize metadata to discover data/products/information Data centers transfer metadata to other entities

What's Up Next?

- All web activities will transition fall 2016 to HTTPS per U.S. government policy
- HTTPS access to CDDIS archive
- + Archives and users continue to move away from using FTP
- + Therefore, CDDIS will implement access to it's full archive through HTTP + HTTPS access will continue to use same structure as provided through FTP
- + HTTPS access is as efficient as FTP transfer without the firewall/router issues of FTP

Metadata

Service

Archive

- + Earthdata login (see left and above) will be used for access through HTTPS + FTP access to CDDIS archive will continue but users are encouraged to explore HTTPS capabilities
- Improvements to CDDIS Site Log Viewer
- + Automated ingest to reflect site log updates + Link metadata to other applications
- Improvements to CDDIS operations
- + Streamlining archive operations across data types + Improved metadata for archive operations and data discovery

by the Crustal Dynamics Data Information System (CDDIS):

Data and products are acquired as part of NASA's Earth Science Data Systems and archived and distributed

C. Noll, The Crustal Dynamics Data Information System: A resource to support scientific analysis using space geodesy, Advances in Space Research, Volume 45, Issue 12, 15 June 2010, Pages 1421-1440, ISSN

0273-1177, DOI: 10.1016/j.asr.2010.01.018. The staff welcomes feedback on the CDDIS and in particular the ideas expressed in this poster; contact Carey Noll (Carey.Noll@nasa.gov)



