

## AUTHORS' CORRIGENDUM

10.1111/j.1469-0691.2004.924.x

**European recommendations for antimicrobial resistance surveillance**

G. Cornaglia<sup>1</sup>, W. Hryniewicz<sup>2</sup>, V. Jarlier<sup>3</sup>, G. Kahlmeter<sup>4</sup>, H. Mittermayer<sup>5</sup>, L. Stratchounski<sup>6</sup> and F. Baquero<sup>7</sup>, on behalf of the ESCMID Study Group for Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance (ESGARS)

*Clin Microbiol Infect* 2004; 10: 349–383

The following corrected version of Table 22 is published at the request of the authors.

**Table 22.** Antibiotics suggested as surveillance antibiotics for *Haemophilus influenzae*

Surveillance antibiotic	Predictive for:	Main resistance mechanisms
Ampicillin	Amoxicillin	Penicillinase
Amoxicillin-clavulanate		PBP modification and/or penicillinase
Cefotaxime	Ceftriaxone	ESBL
	Cefixime	
Nalidixic acid	Fluoroquinolones	Topoisomerase mutation
Azithromycin	Clarithromycin	Efflux
Co-trimoxazole		Change in enzyme target
Tetracycline		Efflux
		Ribosomal protection
Chloramphenicol		Chloramphenicol acetyltransferase

ESBL, extended-spectrum  $\beta$ -lactamase; PBP, penicillin-binding protein.