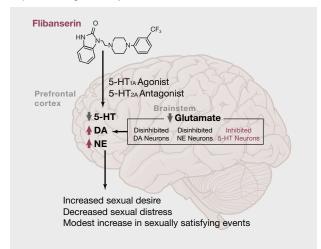
# Treatment for Hypoactive Sexual Desire

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Flibanserin acts at cortical, limbic, hypothalamic, and brainstem nuclei to inhibit serotonin release by binding to 5-HT1A autoreceptors and block postsynaptic action of serotonin at 5-HT2A receptors. This gradually disinhibits the turnover of other monoamines like dopamine and noradrenaline that are critical for sexual desire.

#### NAME

Flibanserin (Addyi)

#### APPROVED FOR

Treatment of hypoactive sexual desire disorder (HSDD) in women

Small molecule: centrally active piperazine/benzimidazol derivative

#### **MOLECULAR TARGETS**

Full agonist at 5-HT1A receptors, antagonist at 5-HT2A receptors. Reduces forskolin-stimulated cAMP and eliminates 5-HT-stimulated phosphatidyl-inositol turnover in cortex.

#### **CELLULAR TARGETS**

Reduction of serotonin-induced descending inhibition in medial prefrontal cortex, limbic regions, hypothalamus, and brainstem.

#### **EFFECTS ON TARGETS**

Disinhibition of dopamine (DA) and noradrenaline (NE) turnover within cortical, limbic, and hypothalamic regions associated with the stimulation of sexual desire.

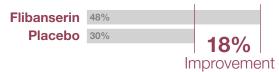
#### **DEVELOPED BY**

Boehringer Ingelheim > Sprout Pharmaceuticals > Valeant Pharmaceuticals

# Varying estimates of HSDD incidence

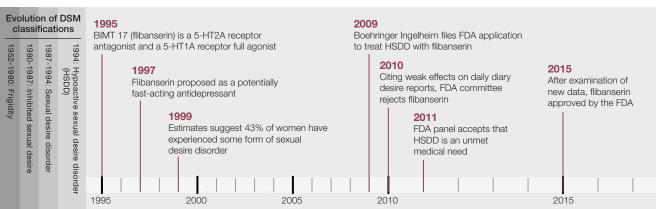


# After 24 weeks of treatment



# Also under development for HSDD





References for further reading are available with this article online: www.cell.com/cell/abstract/S0092-8674(15)01329-X

