36 post-surgery using the Mann-Whitney test. Pearson correlation coefficients were calculated between utility scores and the KOOS overall, KOOS quality of life and VAS scores at each time-point. RESULTS: Significantly higher utility scores were observed in KOOS responders compared to non-responders at Months 30 (0.817 vs. 0.691, n = 17/9, p = 0.038) and 36 (0.764 vs. 0.600, n = 21/4, p = 0.015). A similar trend of borderline significance was measured at Months 30 (0.817 vs. 0.691, n = 17/9, p = 0.038) and 36 (0.764 vs. 0.600, n = 21/4, p = 0.015). A similar trend of borderline significance was measured at Months 24 (0.827 vs. 0.701, n = 17/9, p = 0.038) and 36 (0.764 vs. 0.600, n = 21/4, p = 0.015). A similar trend of borderline significance was measured at Months 24 (0.827 vs. 0.701, n = 17/9, p = 0.038) and 36 (0.764 vs. 0.600, n = 21/4, p = 0.015). A similar trend of borderline significance was measured at Months 24 (0.827 vs. 0.701, n = 17/9, p = 0.038) and 36 (0.764 vs. 0.600, n = 21/4, p = 0.015). A similar trend of borderline significance was measured at Months 24 (0.827 vs. 0.701, n = 17/9, p = 0.038) and 36 (0.764 vs. 0.600, n = 21/4, p = 0.015). A similar trend of borderline significance was measured at Months 24 (0.827 vs. 0.701, n = 17/9, p = 0.038) and 36 (0.764 vs. 0.600, n = 21/4, p = 0.015).