## **Erratum**

Owing to a printer's error in the article entitled "Complementary Roles of BDNF and NT-3 in Vestibular and Auditory Development" by Ernfors et al. (Neuron 14, 1153–1164), the mutants were listed incorrectly in Table 1. The corrected table appears below.

Table 1. Number of Vestibular and Spiral Ganglion Neurons in BDNF (+ -), (-/-), NT-3 (-/-), and BDNF (-/-)/NT-3 (-/-) Mutant Mice

	Vestibular Ganglion Neurons		Spiral Ganglion Neurons	
	Number of Neurons ± SEM	Percent Loss	Number of Neurons ± SEM	Percent Loss
Control (+/+) mice	2301 ± 76 (n = 3)	NA	6008 ± 253 (n = 3)	NA
BDNF (+/-) mice	$1534 \pm 53  (n = 3)$	33ª	, ,	
BDNF (-/-) mice	$408 \pm 27 (n = 3)$	79°	$5616 \pm 59 (n = 4)$	7
NT-3 (-/-) mice	$1702 \pm 150 (n = 3)$	34ª	$753 \pm 46  (n = 3)$	87°
BDNF (-/-)/NT-3 (-/-) mice	$32 \pm 24 (n = 3)$	99°	$0 \pm 0 (n = 4)$	100°

All cell counts were performed on mice at postnatal day 10–15, except the double mutant mice, which were embryonic day 18. Sections were stained with cresyl violet and neurons counted by light microscopy. Only neurons with a clear nucleus and nucleoli were counted. Counts were not corrected for split nucleoli.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> p < 0.05, Student's t test.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{b}}$  p < 0.01, Student's t test.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny c}}$  p < 0.001, Student's t test.