Gene Array Expression Profiling in Acne Lesions Reveals Marked Upregulation of Genes Involved in Inflammation and Matrix Remodeling

Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2007) 127, 1825; doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700763

Correction to: Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2006) 126:1071-79. doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700213

Information regarding the deposition of gene array data was omitted from this article. The information has been deposited with GEO (ID no. 4675) and can be found at http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE6475. The authors regret the omission.

Adenosine Stimulates Fibroblast Growth Factor-7 Gene Expression Via Adenosine A2b Receptor Signaling in Dermal Papilla Cells

Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2007) 127, 1825; doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700906

Correction to: Journal of Investigative Dermatology advance online publication, 15 February 2007; doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700728

In the publication by Iino et al., the author affiliations are incorrect. The correct list of authors and their affiliations appears below. The authors regret the error.

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Stratum-Specific Expression of Human Transferrin Receptor Increases Iron in Mouse Epidermis

Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2007) 127, 1825; doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700933

Correction to: Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2006) 126, 648-652. doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700127

In the publication by Milstone et al., the unit on the ordinate for both Figures 1d and 2d should be μg/g instead of μg/mg. The authors regret the error.

Epidermal Deletion of Rac1 Causes Stem Cell Depletion, Irrespective of whether Deletion Occurs during Embryogenesis or Adulthood

Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2007) 127, 1825; doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700932

Correction to: Journal of Investigative Dermatology (2007) 127, 1555-1557. doi:10.1038/sj.jid.5700738

In the publication by Benitah and Watt, an error has occurred in paragraph 7 of the text: We intercrossed K5Cre<sup>homo/Rac1<sup>flox</sup>/wt</sup> mice to obtain K5Cre<sup>homo/Rac1<sup>flox</sup>/flox</sup> animals. Only 21 out of 224 mice born from the crosses were K5Cre/Rac1<sup>flox/flox</sup>, corresponding to 9% of live births, rather than the expected Mendelian ratio of 25%. This suggests that the genotype resulted in some embryonic lethality.

The text should read: We crossed male K5Cre<sup>het</sup> with female Rac1<sup>flox/flox</sup> mice to obtain K5Cre<sup>het</sup>/Rac1<sup>flox/wt</sup> animals. We then crossed male K5Cre<sup>het</sup>/Rac1<sup>flox/wt</sup> mice with female Rac1<sup>flox/flox</sup> animals to obtain K5Cre<sup>het/Rac1<sup>flox/flox</sup></sup> mice. Only 21 out of 224 live-born animals from this cross were K5Cre<sup>het/Rac1<sup>flox/flox</sup></sup>, corresponding to 9% of live births, rather than the expected Mendelian ratio of 25%. This suggests that the genotype resulted in some embryonic lethality.

The authors regret the error.