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Case report

A rare cause of emergency department visit: Euphorbia helioscopia contact dermatitis



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ABSTRACT

Emergency department visits due to dermatologic disease is quite rare. Euphorbia helioscopia is a widely distributed plant in rural areas. E. helioscopia related contact dermatitis (Irritant contact dermatitis or allergic contact dermatitis) are known however only a few case reported in literature. We are reporting on three patients with contact dermatitis from E. helioscopia. Irritant contact dermatitis was occurred only one of these cases. This case refused to wash face with water. We recommend washing the face with water after contact with E. helioscopia.

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1. Introduction

Emergency department (ED) visits due to dermatologic disease is quite rare and prevalence is about 3%. Skin and subcutaneous infection are the most common diagnosis of dermatologic diseases in ED.² Contact dermatitis caused by plants and plant products is a frequently encountered condition in daily life. This contact leads to a reaction on the skin called irritant contact dermatitis (ICD) and allergic contact dermatitis (ACD).³ Only a few case reports have been reported with contact dermatitis by Euphorbia helioscopia (EH) in the literature.^{4,5} In this case report we want to share our experience with EH contact dermatitis in ED.

2. Case presentations

Three relative four-year-old girls were admitted to our emergency department with facial redness and bullae. The girls had played with EH in a rural area (Fig. 1A). It was determined that they plucked the plant's leaf and they drew cream out of the leaf. Two of

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the girls washed their faces with tap water immediately after contact with the sap. There was facial redness in only these two cases (Figs. 1B and 2C). The third girl refused to wash immediately, but she washed her face after fifteen minutes from contact. Large bullous lesions were observed on her left cheek extending to the left chin (Fig. 2D). Laboratory results were in the normal range. No systemic or topical treatment was implemented. All lesions healed without a trace in ten days.

3. Discussion

E. helioscopia is a widely distributed plant in rural areas. Some articles report that it is used in traditional treatments.⁶ The structure of 12-Deoxyphorbol-13-phenylacetal-20-acetate is responsible for chemical irritation.^{4,7} Contact dermatitis caused by EH has not been reported as the reason for admission to ED. There is no information about what needs to be done in contact with EH. A remarkable point in this case report is that ICD developed in only one patient because she refused to wash her face with water. Washing the affected area with water is necessary after initial contact with EH. Cleaning the affected skin and using protective products are recommended for ICD and ACD treatment.8 Lowpotency topical corticosteroids, oral antihistamines, and systemic steroids may be required in severe cases.^{8,9} All lesions regressed without topical and systemic treatments in these three cases.

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Fig. 1. A: Euphorbia helioscopia plant. B: The facial redness of patient.



Fig. 2. C: The facial redness of patient. D: Large bullous lesions on left cheek extending to the left chin.

More information should be given to people to protect themselves from EH in rural areas. If there is short time passed to contact with EH before admission to the ED, contact surface can be washed with water. There is no need any drugs for treatment of EH contact dermatitis. Further studies are needed for the first intervention of EH contact dermatitis treatment.

Conflicts of interest

The author declares no conflict of interest.

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