PHPS5
Therapeutic Positioning Report: New Collaborative Network of Drug Assessment in Spain - The start of F&R Based on Relative Effectiveness?
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OBJECTIVES: Therapeutic Positioning Reports (TPRs) were introduced to the Spanish F&R process in May 2013. TPRs evaluate comparative efficacy and safety and identify new targets for monitoring. The objective of this ongoing work is to describe and analyze both the metrics of the process and the contents and results of the first 33 TPRs. The objective of this study is to identify gaps in information, especially comparing the requirements from the European and Spanish Medicines Agencies (EMA/ASP) and the Ministry of Health with the aim to accelerate the F&R process and to generate a single, national relative effectiveness report avoiding additional administrative and reimbursement process.
RESULTS: From June 2013 to May 2014 the Therapeutic Positioning Coordinating Group (TPCG) has officially launched 60 TPRs plus 7 use protocols (UP) at the request of the different companies.

PHPS6
Integration of Cost-Effectiveness Assessment in the Market Access Scheme of Drugs and Medical Devices in France
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OBJECTIVES: In France, drugs and medical devices cost a significant part of health care expenditure. Several reforms have been put in place over the past years in order to limit these expenditures, in particular price cutting policies. Cost- effect assessment was integrated in France in the market access scheme of health products by the Social Security Financing Act for 2012 and is required since October 2013. This new mission was assigned to the Health Economics and Public Health Committee (CEESP) of the French National Authority for Health (HAS) and is become compulsory for innovative health products and are likely to have a significant impact on the health insurance expenditures. The objectives of this work were to see how the cost-effectiveness assessment has been integrated in France and which is its impact on the health products market access.
METHODS: The work consists in analyzing the process of the economic evaluation achieved by the HAS since October 3rd 2013. RESULTS: Economic evaluations is a step in the market access scheme. In order to respect the regulated time-frame of 90 days, it is simultaneously conducted with the medical assessment by the Transparency Commission of the HAS. For each health products, an efficiency optimization is performed by the HAS according to the gaps identified by the CEESP concerning comparators, the methodology used in the model and the size of the increment. The work consists in analyzing the process of the economic evaluation achieved by the HAS since October 3rd 2013. RESULTS: Economic evaluations is a step in the market access scheme. In order to respect the regulated time-frame of 90 days, it is simultaneously conducted with the medical assessment by the Transparency Commission of the HAS. 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