

ERRATUM

Open Access



Erratum to: Conformational changes and translocation of tissue-transglutaminase to the plasma membranes: role in cancer cell migration

Ambrish Kumar¹, Jianjun Hu², Holly A. LaVoie³, Kenneth B. Walsh⁴, Donald J. DiPette^{5*} and Ugra S. Singh¹

Erratum

Unfortunately, the original version of this article [1] contained an error in Fig. 1. In Fig. 1A the images in column 2 row 1, column 3 row 1 and column 1 row 6 are duplicated in column 1 row 5, column 3 row 5 and column 3 row 6, respectively. This duplication does not affect the results, findings, interpretation, conclusions, or the scientific basis of the article. The graph and statistical analysis related to the photomicrograph in Fig. 1A are correct and taken from the correct images. The correct version of Fig. 1 is below.

As Dr. Ugra Singh is no longer at the University of South Carolina, the corresponding author has been changed to Dr Donald J DiPette (Donald.dipette@uscmed.sc.edu) in the author details above.

* Correspondence: Donald.dipette@uscmed.sc.edu

⁵Department of Internal Medicine, School of Medicine, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC, USA

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



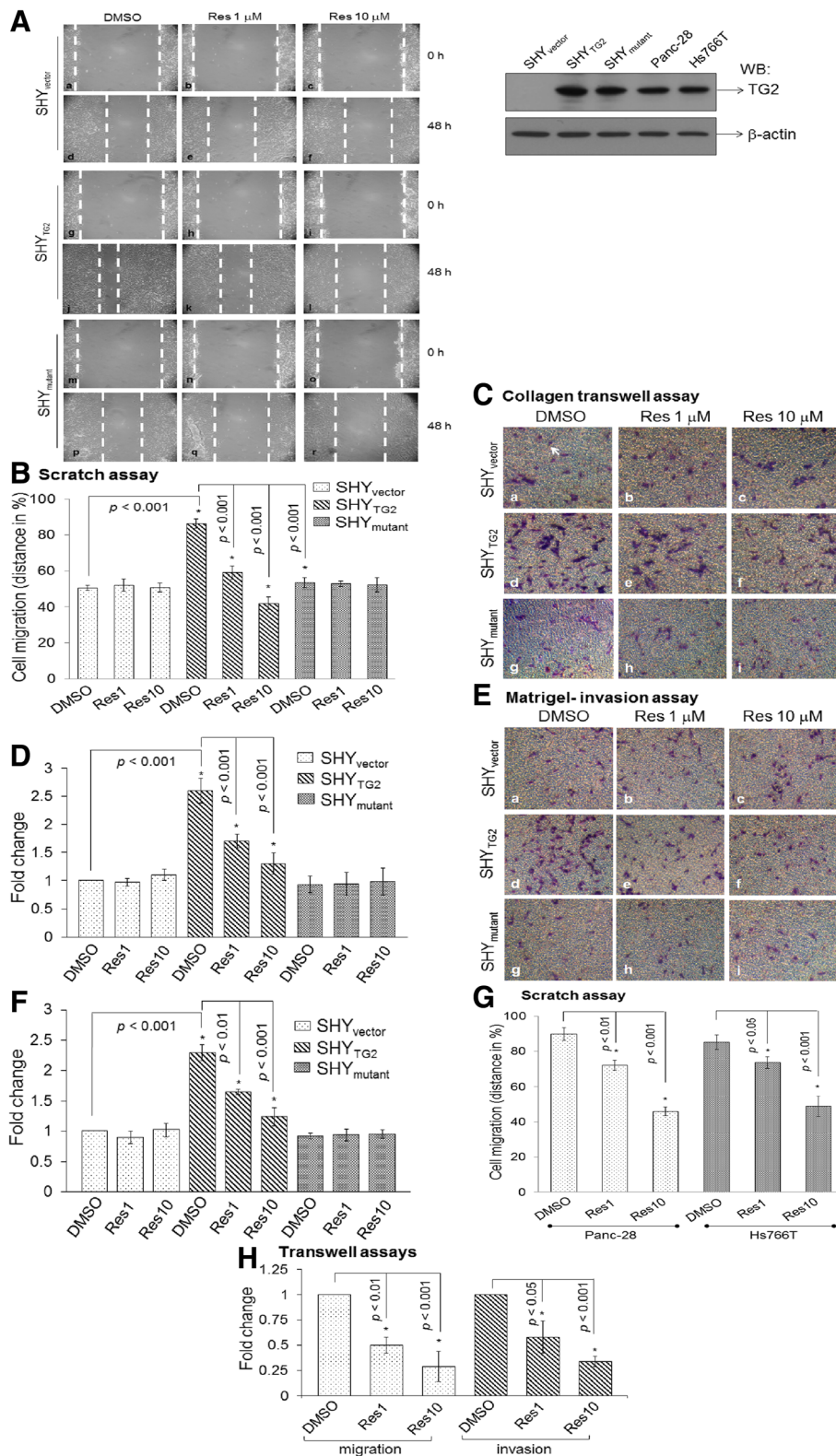


Fig. 1 (See legend on next page.)

(See figure on previous page.)

Fig. 1 Cell migration and invasion assays. **A** Representative images from the scratch assays showing the migration of SHY_{vector}, SHY_{TG2}, and SHY_{mutant} cells. Mytomycin C treated cells were preincubated with resveratrol (1 μ M and 10 μ M) for 24 h; a scratch was made and further incubated with resveratrol. At 0 h and 48 h after scratch, cells were photographed. Dotted lines represent the edge of migrated cells in the scratch. Upper right panel: Western blot for TG2 protein using 10 μ g total cell extract from SHY_{vector}, SHY_{TG2}, SHY_{mutant}, Panc-28, and Hs766T cells. **B** The distance covered by cells in the original empty area was measured and plotted in %. Bars represent mean \pm SD of three independent experiments. **p* value < 0.05. **C-E** Images from collagen-transwell and matrigel-transwell assays. After 48 h with or without resveratrol treatment, cells were trypsinized and seeded on collagen-transwell (**C**) or matrigel-transwell inserts in the presence of resveratrol (**E**). After 15 h, migrated cells on the lower side of inserts were stained with Hema-3 stain (arrow), counted from ten random fields and plotted (**D** and **F**). Bars are mean \pm SD of at least three independent experiments and **p* value < 0.05. **G** Bar diagram represents the migration of Panc-28 and Hs766T cells in scratch assays in the presence of resveratrol as performed with SH-SY5Y cells. Migrated cells into the original empty area were photographed and plotted. Bars are mean \pm SD of three independent experiments. **p* value < 0.05. **H** Migration and invasion assays for Panc-28 cells were carried out as with neuroblastoma cells in transwell inserts. Migrated/invaded cells were counted from 10 random fields and plotted. Bars are mean \pm SD of three independent experiments. **p* value < 0.05

Author details

¹Department of Pathology, Microbiology and Immunology, School of Medicine, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC 29209, USA.

²Department of Computer Science and Engineering, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC, USA. ³Department of Cell Biology and Anatomy, School of Medicine, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC, USA.

⁴Department of Pharmacology, Physiology and Neuroscience, School of Medicine, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC, USA. ⁵Department of Internal Medicine, School of Medicine, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC, USA.

Received: 14 July 2016 Accepted: 14 July 2016

Published online: 08 August 2016

Reference

1. Kumar A, Hu J, LaVoie HA, Walsh KB, DiPette DJ, Singh US. Conformational changes and translocation of tissue-transglutaminase to the plasma membranes: role in cancer cell migration. *BMC Cancer*. 2014;14:256. doi:10.1186/1471-2407-14-256.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and we will help you at every step:

- We accept pre-submission inquiries
- Our selector tool helps you to find the most relevant journal
- We provide round the clock customer support
- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- Inclusion in PubMed and all major indexing services
- Maximum visibility for your research

Submit your manuscript at
www.biomedcentral.com/submit

