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Erratum to: Combined effect of hydrogen sulphide donor and losartan in experimental diabetic nephropathy in rats

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The original version of this article [1] unfortunately contained mistakes to the figure legends and was missing Figure 7 (Fig. 1 here). The corrected legends are as follows:

Fig. 1 Experimental Protocol design.

Fig. 2 Effect of NaHS on blood glucose level in STZ treated rats. ^a $P < 0.05$ versus vehicle treated, ^b $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45)] treated group, ^c $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (10)] treated group, ^d $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (30)] treated group. STZ = Streptozotocin, NaHS = Sodium hydrosulphide, LOS = Losartan, DL-p = DL-propargylglycine.

Fig. 3 Effect of NaHS and losartan on Lipid Peroxidation in STZ treated rats. ^a $P < 0.05$ versus vehicle treated, ^b $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45)] treated group, ^c $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (10)] treated group, ^d $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (30)] treated group, ^e $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + LOS (5)] treated group. STZ = Streptozotocin, NaHS = Sodium hydrosulphide, LOS = Losartan, DL-p = DL-propargylglycine.

Fig. 4 Effect of NaHS and losartan on Reduced Glutathione in STZ treated rats. ^a $P < 0.05$ versus

vehicle treated, ^b $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45)] treated group, ^c $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (10)] treated group, ^d $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (30)] treated group, ^e $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + LOS (5)] treated group. STZ = Streptozotocin, NaHS = Sodium hydrosulphide, LOS = Losartan, DL-p = DL-propargylglycine.

Fig. 5 Effect of NaHS and losartan on Nitrite in STZ treated rats. ^a $P < 0.05$ versus vehicle treated, ^b $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45)] treated group, ^c $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (10)] treated group, ^d $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (30)] treated group, ^e $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + LOS (5)] treated group. STZ = Streptozotocin, NaHS = Sodium hydrosulphide, LOS = Losartan, DL-p = DL-propargylglycine.

Fig. 6 Effect of NaHS and losartan on MABP in STZ treated rats. ^a $P < 0.05$ versus vehicle treated, ^b $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45)] treated group, ^c $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (10)] treated group, ^d $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + NaHS (30)] treated group, ^e $P < 0.05$ versus [STZ (45) + LOS (5)] treated group. STZ = Streptozotocin, NaHS = Sodium hydrosulphide, LOS = Losartan, DL-p = DL-propargylglycine.

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The missing figure can be found below, with the correct figure legend:

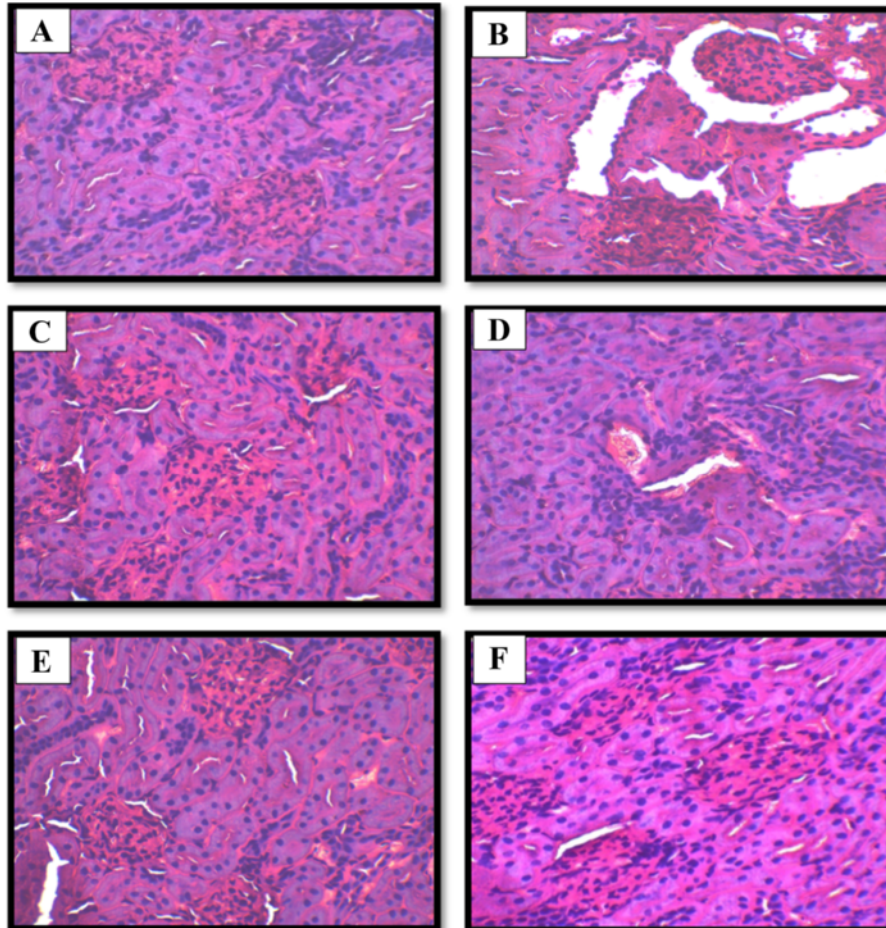


Fig. 1 Hemotoxylin-Eosin stained longitudinal section of kidneys (10x). **a** Normal control, **b** STZ treated group (45), **c** NaHS (30), **d** DL-p (10) + NaHS (30), **e** LOS, **f** NaHS (10) + Losartan (5)

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Reference

1. Kaur M, Sachdeva S, Bedi O, Kaur T, Kumar P. Combined effect of hydroden sulphide donor and losartan in experimental diabetic nephropathy in rats. *J Diabetes Metab Disord.* 2015;14:63. doi:10.1186/s40200-015-0185-7.

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