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The spectrum of bicyclic antiautomorphisms of directed triple systems

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Abstract

A transitive triple, (a, b, c), is defined to be the set $\{(a, b), (b, c), (a, c)\}$ of ordered pairs. A directed triple system of order v, DTS(v), is a pair (D, β) , where D is a set of v points and β is a collection of transitive triples of pairwise distinct points of D such that any ordered pair of distinct points of D is contained in precisely one transitive triple of β . An antiautomorphism of a directed triple system, (D, β) , is a permutation of D which maps β to β^{-1} , where $\beta^{-1} = \{(c, b, a) | (a, b, c) \in \beta\}$. In this paper we complete the necessary and sufficient conditions for the existence of a directed triple system of order v admitting an antiautomorphism consisting of two cycles.

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1. Introduction

A Steiner triple system of order v, STS(v), is a pair (S, β) , where S is a set of v points and β is a collection of 3-element subsets of S, called *blocks*, such that any pair of distinct points of S is contained in precisely one block of β . Kirkman [8] showed that there is an STS(v) if and only if $v \equiv 1$ or $s \pmod{6}$ or $s \equiv 0$.

An *automorphism* of (S,β) is a permutation of S which maps β to itself. An automorphism, α , of (S,β) is called *cyclic* if the permutation defined by α consists of a single cycle of length v. Peltesohn [12] proved that an STS(v) having a cyclic automorphism exists if and only if $v \equiv 1$ or 3 (mod 6) and $v \neq 9$. An automorphism,

 α , of (S, β) is called *bicyclic* if the permutation defined by α consists of two cycles. Calahan-Zijlstra and Gardner [1] have shown that there exists an STS(v) admitting a bicyclic automorphism having cycles of length M and N, with $1 < M \le N$, if and only if $M \equiv 1$ or 3 (mod 6), $M \neq 9$, M|N, and $M + N \equiv 1$ or 3 (mod 6).

A transitive triple, (a,b,c), is defined to be the set $\{(a,b),(b,c),(a,c)\}$ of ordered pairs. A directed triple system of order v, DTS(v), is a pair (D,β) , where D is a set of v points and β is a collection of transitive triples of pairwise distinct points of D, called triples, such that any ordered pair of distinct points of D is contained in precisely one element of β . Hung and Mendelsohn [6] have shown that necessary and sufficient conditions for the existence of a DTS(v) are that $v \equiv 0$ or 1 (mod 3).

For a DTS(v), (D, β) , we define β^{-1} by $\beta^{-1} = \{(c, b, a) | (a, b, c) \in \beta\}$. Then (D, β^{-1}) is a DTS(v) and is called the *converse* of (D, β) . A DTS(v) which is isomorphic to its converse is said to be *self-converse*. Kang et al. [7] have shown that a self-converse DTS(v) exists if and only if $v \equiv 0$ or 1 (mod 3) and $v \neq 6$. An *automorphism* of (D, β) is a permutation of D which maps β to itself. A DTS(v) is called *cyclic* if there is an automorphism consisting of a single cycle of order v. Colbourn and Colbourn have shown that a cyclic DTS(v) exists if and only if $v \equiv 1, 4$, or 7 (mod 12) [5]. An *antiautomorphism* of (D, β) is a permutation of D which maps β to β^{-1} . Clearly, a DTS(v) is self-converse if and only if it admits an antiautomorphism.

An automorphism, α , on a DTS(v) is called d-cyclic if the permutation defined by α consists of a single cycle of length d and v-d fixed points. Necessary and sufficient conditions for the existence of a DTS(v) admitting a d-cyclic automorphism have been given by Micale and Pennisi [10]. An automorphism, α , on a DTS(v) is called f-bicyclic if the permutation defined by α consists of two cycles each of length N = (v-f)/2 and f fixed points. Micale and Pennisi [9] have given conditions for the existence of f-bicyclic directed triple systems.

An antiautomorphism, α , on a DTS(v) is called d-cyclic if the permutation defined by α consists of a single cycle of length d and v-d fixed points. Necessary and sufficient conditions for the existence of a DTS(v) admitting a d-cyclic antiautomorphism have been given by Carnes et al. [2]. We call an antiautomorphism, α , on a DTS(v) f-bicyclic if the permutation defined by α consists of two cycles each of length N=(v-f)/2 and f fixed points. A bicyclic antiautomorphism of a DTS(v) is an antiautomorphism, α , which consists of two cycles of length M and N respectively, where v=M+N. Carnes et al. [4] have shown that a necessary condition for a DTS(v) to admit a bicyclic antiautomorphism with cycles of length M and N, $1 < M \le N$, is that M|N. Carnes, Dye, and Reed gave necessary and sufficient conditions for the case where N=M [3], and for the case where N=M [4]. In this paper we consider the case where N=kM,k>2.

2. Preliminaries

If K is the length of a cycle, $K \in \{M, N\}$, we let the cycles be $(0_i, 1_i, 2_i, ..., (K-1)_i)$, $i \in \{0, 1\}$. Let $\Delta = \{0, 1, 2, ..., (K-1)\}$. We shall use all additions modulo K in the triples. For $a_i, b_j, c_k \in D$, $i, j, k \in \{0, 1\}$, $(a_i, b_j, c_k) \in \beta$, let the *orbit* of (a_i, b_j, c_k) be

 $\{((a+t)_i,(b+t)_j,(c+t)_k)|t\in\Delta,t \text{ even}\}\cup\{((c+t)_k,(b+t)_j,(a+t)_i)|t\in\Delta,t \text{ odd}\}.$ Clearly the orbits of the elements of β yield a partition of β .

We say that a collection of triples, $\bar{\beta}$, is a collection of *base triples* of a DTS(v) under α if the orbits of the triples of $\bar{\beta}$ produce β and exactly one triple of each orbit occurs in $\bar{\beta}$. Also, we say that the *reverse* of the transitive triple (a,b,c) is the transitive triple (c,b,a).

Let (S, β') be an STS(v). Let $\beta = \{(a, b, c), (c, b, a) | \{a, b, c\} \in \beta'\}$. Then (S, β) is called the *corresponding* DTS(v), and the identity map on the point set is an antiautomorphism. This yields a self-converse DTS(v) for $v \equiv 1$ or 3 (mod 6). For $v \equiv 1 \pmod 6$ the cyclic STS(v) from Peltesohn's constructions [12] has no orbit of length less than v, hence the corresponding DTS(v) admits a cyclic antiautomorphism.

In the constructions of the base triples, we use the following systems. An (A, n)-system is a collection of ordered pairs (a_r, b_r) for r = 1, 2, ..., n that partition the set $\{1, 2, ..., 2n\}$, such that $b_r = a_r + r$ for r = 1, 2, ..., n. Skolem [13] showed that an (A, n)-system exists if and only if $n \equiv 0$ or $1 \pmod{4}$. A (B, n)-system is a collection of ordered pairs (a_r, b_r) for r = 1, 2, ..., n that partition the set $\{1, 2, ..., 2n - 1, 2n + 1\}$, such that $b_r = a_r + r$ for r = 1, 2, ..., n. O'Keefe [11] showed that a (B, n)-system exists if and only if $n \equiv 2$ or $n \equiv 1, 2, ..., n$. O'Keefe [11] showed that a (B, n)-system exists if and only if $n \equiv 2$ or $n \equiv 1, 2, ..., n$. O'Keefe [12] showed that a (B, n)-system exists if and only if $n \equiv 2$ or $n \equiv 1, 2, ..., n$, where $n \equiv 1$ in the cycle of length $n \equiv 1$

3. Necessary conditions

The types of cyclic triples possible are:

- (1) Type 1: (x_0, y_0, z_0) where x_0, y_0, z_0 are in the cycle of length M,
- (2) Type 2: (x_1, y_1, z_1) where x_1, y_1, z_1 are in the cycle of length N,
- (3) Type 3: (x_0, y_1, z_1) or (y_1, x_0, z_1) or (y_1, z_1, x_0) where x_0 is in the cycle of length M and y_1, z_1 are in the cycle of length N,
- (4) Type 4: (x_0, y_0, z_1) or (x_0, z_1, y_0) or (z_1, x_0, y_0) where x_0, y_0 are in the cycle of length M and z_1 is in the cycle of length N.

Carnes et al. [4] have shown that if a DTS(v) admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism with cycles of length M and N, where 1 < M < N, and a type 4 triple occurs, then M is odd and N = 2M. Since the cases for N = 2M are settled in [4], for the remainder, we consider the cases where N = kM, k > 2, so that only triples of type 1, 2, or 3 are possible.

If a DTS(v) admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism with cycles of length M and N, where 1 < M < N, then the restriction of the permutation to the points of the cycle of length M is clearly a cyclic subsystem.

Lemma 1. If a DTS(v) admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism with cycles of length M and N, where 1 < M < N, then $M \equiv 1, 4$, or 7 (mod 12).

Proof. If M is even, then $M \equiv 4 \pmod{12}$ by Carnes et al. [2].

If M is odd, then α^2 is a cyclic automorphism of the form $(0_0, 2_0, \dots, (M-1)_0, 1_0, 3_0, \dots, (M-2)_0)$. But then $M \equiv 1$ or 7 (mod 12) by Colbourn and Colbourn [5]. \square

Lemma 2. If there exists a DTS(v) which admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism with cycles of length M and N, where 1 < M < N and N > 2M, then $M \equiv 1,4$, or 7 (mod 12) and N = kM, where $k \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$ if $M \equiv 4 \pmod{12}$ and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$ if $M \equiv 1$ or 7 (mod 12).

Proof. We need only show that $k \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$ if $M \equiv 4 \pmod{12}$ and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$ if $M \equiv 1$ or $7 \pmod{12}$.

There are [v(v-1)]/3 triples and [M(M-1)]/3 type 1 triples. The number of other triples, type 2 and 3 triples, is then [v(v-1)]/3 - [M(M-1)]/3 = [N(N+2M-1)]/3. All of these have orbits of length N, so there are [N+2M-1]/3 = [(k+2)M-1]/3 orbits. Then $(k+2)M \equiv 1 \pmod 3$ and since $M \equiv 1 \pmod 3$, we have $(k+2) \equiv 1 \pmod 3$, so that $k \equiv 2 \pmod 3$.

Now, suppose $M \equiv 1$ or 7 (mod 12). If N is odd, then $\alpha^N(x_i, y_j, z_l) = (z_l, y_j, x_i)$, so that we have an STS(v) where v = M + N. But M + N is even, a contradiction. Therefore, if M is odd, N is even and so k is even. Since k is even and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$, we have $k \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$. \square

4. $M \equiv 1 \pmod{12}$

Lemma 3. If $v = M + N, N = kM, M \equiv 1 \pmod{12}$ and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$, there exists a DTS(v) which admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism where M and N are the lengths of the cycles.

Proof. Let M = 12t + 1.

For k = 12r + 2 and r + t even, the base triples include the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, 0_{0}, \left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{0}, (s+1)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - s - 1\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t - 1,$$

$$\left(0_{0}, (6t + s + 1)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} + 6t - s\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t - 1.$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using an (A, 24rt + 2r + 2t)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M).

For k=12r+2 and r+t odd, the base triples include the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, 0_{0}, \left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{0}, (s+1)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - s - 1\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t - 2,$$

$$\left(0_{0}, (6t + s + 1)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} + 6t - s\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t.$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using a (B, 24rt + 2r + 2t)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M).

For k = 12r + 8 and r + t even, the base triples include the following:

$$\left(0_1,0_0,\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_1\right)$$
.

Also included are the following triples and their reverses:

$$\left(0_0, (s+1)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} - s - 1\right)_1\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t - 1,$$

$$\left(0_0, (6t + s + 1)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} + 6t - s\right)_1\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t - 1.$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using an (A, 24rt + 2r + 14t + 1)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M).

For k = 12r + 8 and r + t odd, the base triples include the following:

$$\left(0_1,0_0,\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_1\right).$$

Also included are the following triples and their reverses:

$$\left(0_0, (s+1)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} - s - 1\right)_1\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t - 2,$$

$$\left(0_0, (6t + s + 1)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} + 6t - s\right)_1\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t.$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using a (B, 24rt + 2r + 14t + 1)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M). \square

5. $M \equiv 4 \pmod{12}$

Lemma 4. If $v = M + N, N = kM, M \equiv 4 \pmod{12}$ and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$, there exists a DTS(v) which admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism where M and N are the lengths of the cycles.

Proof. Let M = 12t + 4 and k = 6r + 2.

For t = 0, the base triples include the following:

$$\left(0_{1}, 0_{0}, \left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{0}, 1_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 1\right)_{1}\right), \left(\left(\frac{N}{2} - 1\right)_{1}, (N - 2)_{1}, 0_{0}\right),$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{N}{2} - 3\right)_{1}, 0_{0}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 2\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 1\right)_{1}\right).$$

For r = 1, also included are the following triples and their reverses:

$$(0_1, 6_1, 11_1), (0_1, 8_1, 12_1), (0_1, 10_1, 13_1), (0_1, 7_1, 9_1).$$

For $r \ge 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_1, \left(\frac{N}{6} + s + \frac{2}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{3} - s - \frac{5}{3}\right)_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{7}{3},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_1, \left(\frac{N}{3} + s + \frac{1}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} - s - 3\right)_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{7}{3},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_1, \left(\frac{3N}{8} + s\right)_1, \left(\frac{11N}{24} - s - \frac{5}{3}\right)_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{7}{3},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_1, \left(\frac{5N}{24} + s + \frac{1}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{7N}{24} - s - \frac{1}{3}\right)_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{10}{3},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_1, \left(\frac{5N}{24} - \frac{2}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{3N}{8} - 1\right)_1 \end{pmatrix}, \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{4}{3}\right)_1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_1, \left(\frac{N}{3} - \frac{2}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{1}{3}\right)_1 \end{pmatrix}, \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 2\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{4} + 2\right)_1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 1\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{4} + 1\right)_1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

For $t \ge 1$, the base triples include the following:

$$\left(0_{1}, 0_{0}, \left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{0}, 1_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 1\right)_{1}\right), \left(\left(\frac{N}{2} - 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 1\right)_{1}, 0_{0}\right),$$

$$\left(1_{1}, 0_{0}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 2\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 3\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 2\right)_{1}\right).$$

For t = 1, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0_0, 10_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+2\right)_1 \right), \left(0_0, 9_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+3\right)_1 \right), \left(0_0, 8_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+4\right)_1 \right), \\ \left(0_0, 13_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+6\right)_1 \right), \left(0_0, 12_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+7\right)_1 \right), \left(0_0, 5_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}-5\right)_1 \right), \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{6}+s-\frac{4}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{3}-s-\frac{20}{3}\right)_1 \right) \quad \text{for } s=0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24}-\frac{7}{3}, \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{3}+s-\frac{14}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}-s-11\right)_1 \right) \quad \text{for } s=0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24}-\frac{10}{3}, \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-2\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{13}{3}\right)_1 \right), \left(0_1, \left(\frac{7N}{24}-\frac{16}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{11N}{24}-\frac{26}{3}\right)_1 \right), \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-5\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{28}{3}\right)_1 \right), \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{3}-\frac{17}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{22}{3}\right)_1 \right), \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}-9\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}-1\right)_1 \right), \left(0_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{37}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{16}{3}\right)_1 \right), \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-7\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-1\right)_1 \right), \left(0_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{34}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{19}{3}\right)_1 \right), \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-8\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-4\right)_1 \right), \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-6\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{4}-3\right)_1 \right), \\ \left(0_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{31}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{5N}{12}-\frac{25}{3}\right)_1 \right). \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

For $r \ge 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{24} + s - \frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{7N}{24} - s - \frac{19}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{19}{3},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{3N}{8} + s - 7\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{11N}{24} - s - \frac{29}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{19}{3}.$$

For $t \ge 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_0, (s+2)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} - s - 3\right)_1\right)$$
 for $s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t - 2$,

$$\left(0_0, (6t+s+4)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+6t-s\right)_1\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t-2,$$

$$\left(0_0, (6t+3)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+6t+2\right)_1\right), (0_0, (3t+1)_1, (6t+1)_1).$$

For t even, $t \ge 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{6} - 2t + s + \frac{5}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{3} - 4t - s - \frac{2}{3}\right)_1 \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{t}{2} - \frac{4}{3},$$

$$\left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{3} - 4t + s + \frac{4}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 6t - s - 2\right)_1 \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{t}{2} - \frac{7}{3},$$

$$\left(0_1, \left(\frac{3N}{8} - \frac{9t}{2} + s + 1\right)_1, \left(\frac{11N}{24} - \frac{11t}{2} - s - \frac{2}{3}\right)_1 \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - 2t - \frac{4}{3},$$

$$\left(0_1, \left(\frac{5N}{24} - \frac{5t}{2} + s + \frac{7}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{7N}{24} - \frac{7t}{2} - s - \frac{1}{3}\right)_1 \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - 2t - \frac{7}{3},$$

$$\left(0_1, \left(\frac{5N}{24} - \frac{5t}{2} + \frac{4}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{3N}{8} - \frac{9t}{2}\right)_1 \right), \left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 1\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{3} - 4t + \frac{1}{3}\right)_1 \right).$$

For $t \equiv 0 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 4$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + s + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - s + 1\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - 2,$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s - \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - 1,$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{11}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s - \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - 2,$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1} \right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1} \right).$$

For $t \equiv 2 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s - \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t - \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 4\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 2 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 6$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + 4\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s + 1\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{5}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{11}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s - \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{5}{2}.$$

For t odd, $t \ge 3$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{3} - 4t + s + \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2} - 6t - s - 2\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{t}{2} - \frac{11}{6},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{6} - 2t + s + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{3} - 4t - s - \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{t}{2} - \frac{11}{6},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{3N}{8} - \frac{9t}{2} + s - \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{11N}{24} - \frac{11t}{2} - s - \frac{13}{6}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - 2t - \frac{4}{3},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{24} - \frac{5t}{2} + s + \frac{5}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{7N}{24} - \frac{7t}{2} - s - \frac{11}{6}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - 2t - \frac{7}{3},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{7N}{24} - \frac{7t}{2} - \frac{5}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{11N}{24} - \frac{11t}{2} - \frac{7}{6}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{3} - 4t - \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t - \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 5$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s - \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{7}{4},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s - \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s - \frac{7}{2}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{7}{4},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{1}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s - \frac{11}{6}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{7}{4},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s - \frac{5}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s - \frac{29}{6}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{11}{4},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t - 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t - \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{3}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - \frac{17}{6}\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t - 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 1\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t - \frac{13}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t - \frac{7}{3}\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$, $t \ge 3$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + s + \frac{1}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - s - \frac{11}{6}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{5}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s - \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s - \frac{3}{2}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{5}{4},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + \frac{5}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s - \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{5}{4},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t - 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t - \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1} \right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} - \frac{5}{6}\right)_{1} \right).$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length M are from a cyclic DTS(M).

Let M = 12t + 4 and k = 5, so that N = 60t + 20.

For t even, the base triples include the following:

$$(0_1, 0_0, (30t+10)_1), ((6t+2)_1, 0_0, 0_1), (0_1, (3t+1)_1, (6t+2)_1),$$

For t odd, the base triples include the following:

$$(0_1, 0_0, (30t+10)_1), ((6t+2)_1, 0_0, 0_1), ((3t+1)_1, 0_1, (6t+2)_1),$$

For t = 0, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$(0_0, 1_1, 7_1), (0_1, 3_1, 8_1), (0_1, 4_1, 11_1).$$

For t = 1, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$(0_0, 1_1, 47_1), (0_0, 2_1, 46_1), (0_0, 3_1, 45_1), (0_0, 10_1, 55_1), (0_0, 11_1, 54_1),$$
 $(0_0, 12_1, 53_1), (0_0, 4_1, 9_1), (0_1, 19_1, 32_1), (0_1, 17_1, 29_1), (0_1, 16_1, 27_1),$
 $(0_1, 15_1, 25_1), (0_1, 14_1, 23_1), (0_1, 26_1, 33_1), (0_1, 24_1, 30_1), (0_1, 28_1, 31_1),$
 $(0_1, 18_1, 20_1), (0_1, 21_1, 22_1).$

For $t \ge 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$(0_0, (1+s)_1, (36t-s+11)_1)$$
 for $s = 0, 1, ..., 3t-1$,
 $(0_0, (6t+s+4)_1, (42t-s+13)_1)$ for $s = 0, 1, ..., 3t-1$,
 $(0_0, (3t+1)_1, (6t+3)_1)$,

$$(0_1, (8t+s+6)_1, (16t-s+7)_1) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, t-1,$$

$$(0_1, (16t+s+9)_1, (24t-s+9)_1) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, t-2,$$

$$(0_1, (17t+s+9)_1, (23t-s+10)_1) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, t-1,$$

$$(0_1, (9t+s+7)_1, (15t-s+7)_1) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, t-2,$$

$$(0_1, (10t+6)_1, (18t+9)_1), (0_1, (9t+6)_1, (17t+8)_1),$$

$$(0_1, (16t+8)_1, (20t+10)_1).$$

For t = 2, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$(0_1, 31_1, 52_1), (0_1, 34_1, 54_1), (0_1, 27_1, 36_1), (0_1, 29_1, 35_1), (0_1, 48_1, 53_1), (0_1, 28_1, 32_1), (0_1, 30_1, 33_1), (0_1, 49_1, 51_1), (0_1, 46_1, 47_1).$$

For t even, $t \ge 4$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$(0_{1},(10t+s+7)_{1},(14t-s+8)_{1}) \quad \text{for } s = 0,1,\dots,\frac{t}{2}-1,$$

$$(0_{1},(18t+s+10)_{1},(22t-s+10)_{1}) \quad \text{for } s = 0,1,\dots,\frac{t}{2}-2,$$

$$\left(0_{1},\left(\frac{37t}{2}+s+11\right)_{1},\left(\frac{43t}{2}-s+10\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0,1,\dots,\frac{3t}{2}-3,$$

$$(0_{1},(12t+7)_{1},(20t+12)_{1}),\left(0_{1},\left(\frac{27t}{2}+7\right)_{1},\left(\frac{43t}{2}+11\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$(0_{1},(20t+9)_{1},(20t+11)_{1}),\left(0_{1},\left(\frac{37t}{2}+9\right)_{1},\left(\frac{37t}{2}+10\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 0 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 4$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{21t}{2} + 2s + 8\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{27t}{2} - 2s + 8\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - 1, \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{21t}{2} + 2s + 7\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{27t}{2} - 2s + 5\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - 2, \\
\left(0_{1}, (12t + 5)_{1}, (12t + 8)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 2 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 6$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{21t}{2} + 2s + 8\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{27t}{2} - 2s + 8\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{2}, \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{21t}{2} + 2s + 7\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{27t}{2} - 2s + 5\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{2}, \\
\left(0_{1}, (12t + 6)_{1}, (12t + 9)_{1}\right).$$

For t odd, $t \ge 3$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$(0_{1},(10t+s+7)_{1},(14t-s+8)_{1}) \quad \text{for } s = 0,1,\dots,\frac{t}{2} - \frac{3}{2},$$

$$(0_{1},(18t+s+10)_{1},(22t-s+10)_{1}) \quad \text{for } s = 0,1,\dots,\frac{t}{2} - \frac{3}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1},\left(\frac{21t}{2} + s + \frac{15}{2}\right)_{1},\left(\frac{27t}{2} - s + \frac{13}{2}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0,1,\dots,\frac{3t}{2} - \frac{7}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1},\left(\frac{21t}{2} + \frac{13}{2}\right)_{1},\left(\frac{37t}{2} + \frac{21}{2}\right)_{1}\right),\left(0_{1},\left(\frac{27t}{2} + \frac{15}{2}\right)_{1},\left(\frac{27t}{2} + \frac{17}{2}\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$, $t \ge 5$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{37t}{2} + 2s + \frac{19}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{43t}{2} - 2s + \frac{19}{2}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{4}, \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{37t}{2} + 2s + \frac{25}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{43t}{2} - 2s + \frac{21}{2}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{7}{4}, \\
\left(0_{1}, (12t + 7)_{1}, (20t + 12)_{1}, (0_{1}, (12t + 5)_{1}, (12t + 9)_{1}), (0_{1}, (12t + 6)_{1}, (12t + 8)_{1}).\right)$$

For $t \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$, $t \ge 3$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{37t}{2} + 2s + \frac{19}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{43t}{2} - 2s + \frac{19}{2}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{5}{4}, \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{37t}{2} + 2s + \frac{25}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{43t}{2} - 2s + \frac{21}{2}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{9}{4}, \\
\left(0_{1}, (12t + 6)_{1}, (20t + 11)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, (20t + 9)_{1}, (20t + 13)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, (12t + 5)_{1}, (12t + 8)_{1}\right), \\
\left(0_{1}, (12t + 7)_{1}, (12t + 9)_{1}\right).$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length M are from a cyclic DTS(M). Let M = 12t + 4 and k = 6r + 5, $k \ge 11$.

For t even, the base triples include the following:

$$\left(0_1,0_0,\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_1\right),\left((6t+2)_1,0_0,0_1\right),\left(0_1,(3t+1)_1,(6t+2)_1\right).$$

For t odd, the base triples include the following:

$$\left(0_1,0_0,\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_1\right),((6t+2)_1,0_0,0_1),((3t+1)_1,0_1,(6t+2)_1).$$

For $t = 0, k \equiv 5 \pmod{12}$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$(0_0, 1_1, (k+2)_1),$$

$$\left(0_1, \left(\frac{2k}{3} + s + \frac{8}{3}\right)_1, \left(\frac{4k}{3} - s - \frac{2}{3}\right)_1\right)$$
 for $s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{k}{3} - \frac{11}{3}$,

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{4k}{3} + s + \frac{7}{3}\right)_{1}, (2k - s - 2)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{k}{3} - \frac{11}{3}, \\
\left(0_{1}, k_{1}, \left(\frac{5k}{3} + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{2k}{3} + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{4k}{3} + \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{4k}{3} + \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}, (2k - 1)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, (k + 2)_{1}, \left(\frac{5k}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t = 0, k \equiv 11 \pmod{12}$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{0}, 1_{1}, \left(\frac{5k}{3} + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{4k}{3} + s + \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1}, (2k - s - 2)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{k}{3} - \frac{11}{3},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{2k}{3} + s + \frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{4k}{3} - s - \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{k}{3} - \frac{11}{3},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, k_{1}, \left(\frac{5k}{3} + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{4k}{3} - \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}, (2k - 1)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{2k}{3} + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{4k}{3} + \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, (k + 1)_{1}, \left(\frac{5k}{3} - \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \ge 1$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{0}, (1+s)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2}+6t-s+1\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s=0,1,\ldots,3t-1,$$

$$\left(0_{0}, (6t+s+4)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2}+12t-s+3\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s=0,1,\ldots,3t-1,$$

$$\left(0_{0}, (3t+1)_{1}, (6t+3)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{6}-2t+s+\frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{3}-4t-s+\frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s=0,1,\ldots,\frac{N}{24}-\frac{t}{2}-\frac{11}{6},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{3}-4t+s+\frac{7}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{2}-6t-s-1\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s=0,1,\ldots,\frac{N}{24}-\frac{t}{2}-\frac{17}{6},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{24}-\frac{5t}{2}+s+\frac{17}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{7N}{24}-\frac{7t}{2}-s+\frac{7}{6}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s=0,1,\ldots,\frac{N}{24}-\frac{7t}{2}-\frac{17}{6},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{3N}{8} - \frac{9t}{2} + s + \frac{3}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{11N}{24} - \frac{11t}{2} - s + \frac{5}{6}\right)_{1} \right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{24} - \frac{7t}{2} - \frac{11}{6},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 6t + 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 8t + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1} \right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{24} - \frac{5t}{2} + \frac{11}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{3N}{8} - \frac{9t}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right)_{1} \right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{3} - 4t + \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1} \right).$$

For t = 1, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, (4k-1)_{1}, \left(\frac{20k}{3} - \frac{4}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, (4k-3)_{1}, \left(\frac{20k}{3} - \frac{13}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \\
\left(0_{1}, (4k-4)_{1}, (4k+3)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{20k}{3} - \frac{19}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{20k}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{20k}{3} - \frac{16}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{20k}{3} - \frac{7}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, (4k-2)_{1}, (4k)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, (4k+1)_{1}, (4k+2)_{1}\right).$$

For t even, $t \ge 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 6t + s + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - s + 3\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - 1,$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 8t + s + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 2t - s + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - 2,$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + s + \frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - s + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - 3,$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{11}{3}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} + \frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}\right),$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 0 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 4$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_1, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + 3\right)_1, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s + 3\right)_1\right)$$
 for $s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - 1$,

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - 2,$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 3\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 2 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 2$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + 3\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s + 3\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{2}, \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + 2s + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - 2s\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{2}, \\
\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 4\right)_{1}\right).$$

For t odd, $t \ge 3$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 6t + s + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - s + 3\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{3}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 8t + s + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 2t - s + \frac{5}{3}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{3}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + s + \frac{5}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} - s + \frac{3}{2}\right)_{1}\right) \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{2} - \frac{7}{2},$$

$$\left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{9t}{2} + \frac{3}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + \frac{13}{6}\right)_{1}\right), \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} + \frac{5}{2}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - \frac{3t}{2} + \frac{7}{2}\right)_{1}\right).$$

For $t \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$, $t \ge 5$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{7}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s + \frac{7}{6}\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{3}{4}, \\
\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{25}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s + \frac{13}{6}\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{7}{4}, \\
\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{11}{3}\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix}, \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 4\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix}, \\
\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 3\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix}.$$

For $t \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$, $t \geqslant 3$, also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{7}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s + \frac{7}{6}\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{5}{4}, \\
\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{13t}{2} + 2s + \frac{25}{6}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - \frac{7t}{2} - 2s + \frac{13}{6}\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, \frac{3t}{4} - \frac{9}{4}, \\
\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 1\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{8}{3}\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix}, \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{2}{3}\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{5N}{12} - 5t + \frac{14}{3}\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix}, \\
\begin{pmatrix}
0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 3\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix}, \left(0_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 2\right)_{1}, \left(\frac{N}{4} - 3t + 4\right)_{1}
\end{pmatrix}.$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length M are from a cyclic DTS(M). \square

6. $M \equiv 7 \pmod{12}$

Lemma 5. If $v = M + N, N = kM, M \equiv 7 \pmod{12}$ and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$, there exists a DTS(v) which admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism where M and N are the lengths of the cycles.

Proof. Let M = 12t + 7.

For k = 12r + 2, the base triples include the following and their reverses:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0_1, 0_0, \left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_1
\end{pmatrix},
\begin{pmatrix}
0_0, (s+1)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} - s - 1\right)_1
\end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t,
\begin{pmatrix}
0_0, (6t+s+4)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2} + 6t - s + 3\right)_1
\end{pmatrix} \quad \text{for } s = 0, 1, \dots, 3t.$$

For r + t even, also included are the following and its reverse:

$$\left(0_0, (9t+5)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+3t+2\right)_1\right).$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using an (A, 24rt + 14r + 2t + 1)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M).

For r + t odd, also included are the following and its reverse:

$$\left(0_0,(3t+2)_1,\left(\frac{N}{2}-3t-2\right)_1\right).$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using a (B, 24rt + 14r + 2t + 1)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M).

For k = 12r + 8, the base triples include the following:

$$\left(0_1,0_0,\left(\frac{N}{2}\right)_1\right)$$
.

Also included are the following and their reverses:

$$\left(0_0, (s+1)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}-s-1\right)_1\right)$$
 $s=0,1,\ldots,3t,$

$$\left(0_0, (6t+s+4)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+6t-s+3\right)_1\right)$$
 for $s=0,1,\ldots,3t$.

For r + t even, also included are the following and its reverse:

$$\left(0_0, (9t+5)_1, \left(\frac{N}{2}+3t+2\right)_1\right).$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using an (A, 24rt + 14r + 14t + 8)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M).

For r + t odd, also included are the following and its reverse:

$$\left(0_0,(3t+2)_1,\left(\frac{N}{2}-3t-2\right)_1\right).$$

The remaining triples in the cycle of length N are formed using a (B, 24rt + 14r + 14t + 8)-system. The triples in the cycle of length M are from the corresponding DTS(M) of a cyclic STS(M). \square

7. Conclusion

By the lemmas in the previous sections and [4], we have the following theorem.

Theorem 6. There exists a DTS(v) which admits a bicyclic antiautomorphism where v = M + N, N > M, M and N being the lengths of the cycles if and only if M = kN and

- (1) $M \equiv 1$ or 7 (mod 12) and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$,
- (2) $M \equiv 3$ or 5 (mod 6) and k = 2, or
- (3) $M \equiv 4 \pmod{12}$ and $k \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$.

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