

Chapter 120

Report on Global Environment Competitiveness of Serbia

Serbia is a landlocked country located at the crossroads of Central and Southeast Europe, Serbia borders Hungary to the north, Romania and Bulgaria to the east, the Republic of Macedonia to the south, Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and Montenegro to the west. It covers 87.5 thousand of square kilometers and has a population of 7.26 million. Its GDP reaches \$45.82 billion in 2011. Through the index system and evaluation model, the environment competitiveness index of Serbia ranks at 108 in 133 countries.

Score:
46.07

Rank:
108

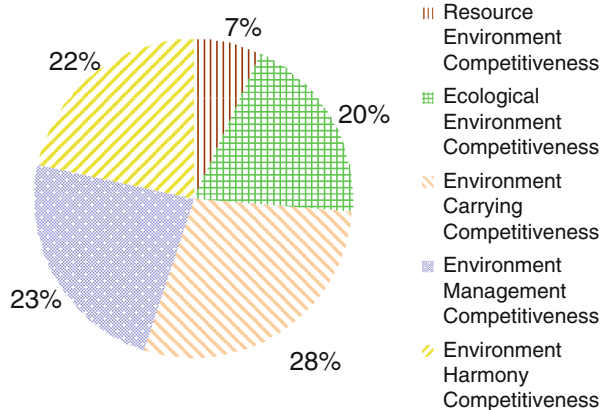


Fig. 120.1 Contribution of sub-index to GEC

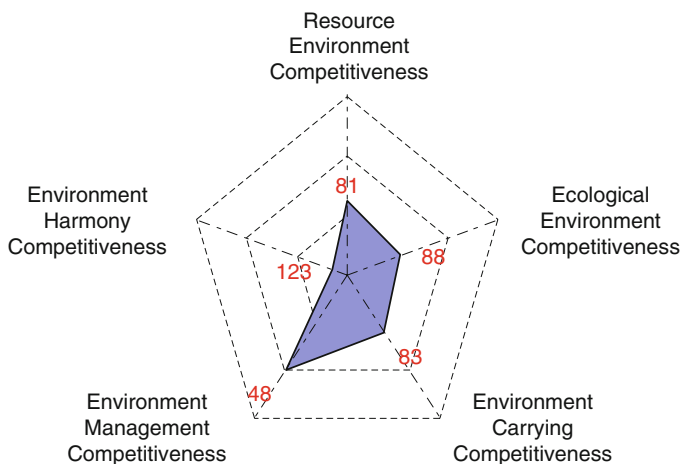


Fig. 120.2 Rank of sub-index of GEC

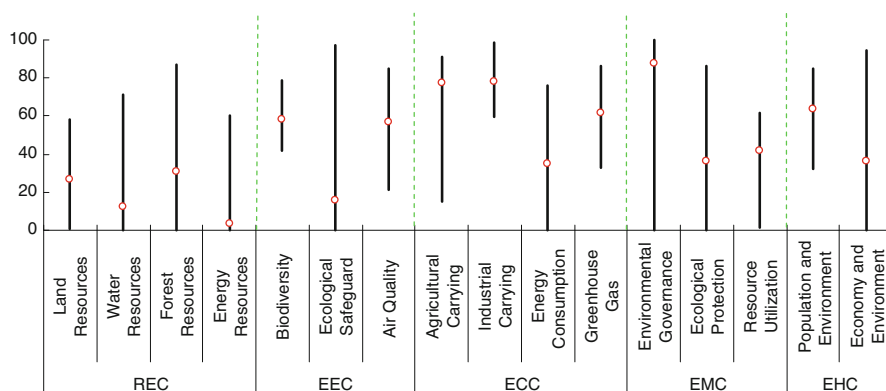


Fig. 120.3 Score and rank of the pillars of GEC

Table 120.1 Score and rank of all indicators of GEC

Indicators	Score	Rank	Indicators	Score	Rank
1 Resource Environment Competitiveness	16.07	81	Groundwater	N/A	N/A
1.1 Land Resources	26.40	15	Total internal renewable water resources	4.85	95
Land area per capita	2.15	76	1.3 Forest Resources	30.96	61
Percentage of arable land to total land area	63.88	12	Growing stock in forest and other wooded land	51.26	68
Arable land per capita	21.24	17	Proportion of land area covered by forest	36.97	55
1.2 Water Resources	12.11	76	Forest area per capita	2.65	58
Surface water	N/A	N/A	1.4 Energy Resources	3.22	94
Annual precipitation	19.38	97			

(continued)

Table 120.1 (continued)

Indicators	Score	Rank	Indicators	Score	Rank
Fossil energy	0.00	64	Energy consumption per unit of land area	99.62	88
Energy production	1.47	49	Ratio of clean energy consumption	10.95	51
Proportion of combustible renewable and waste to total energy consumption	7.10	69	Elasticity of energy consumption	14.75	24
Net energy imports of the energy consumption	8.56	71	Elasticity of electric power consumption	13.50	19
2 Ecological Environment Competitiveness	44.97	88	3.4 Greenhouse Gas Growth rate of CO ₂ emissions	61.60	66
2.1 Biodiversity	58.37	56	Growth rate of Methane emissions	62.52	31
Threatened fish species	94.81	28	Growth rate of Methane emissions	64.06	26
Threatened mammal species	96.74	30	CO ₂ emissions per unit of land area	99.41	99
Threatened plant species	99.88	30	CO ₂ emissions per unit of energy consumption	19.47	115
GEF benefits index for biodiversity	0.20	109	4 Environment Management Competitiveness	53.34	48
2.2 Ecological Safeguard	16.03	81	4.1 Environmental Governance	87.67	73
Terrestrial protected areas	16.03	90	Agricultural chemicals regulation	71.43	63
Marine protected areas	N/A	N/A	Percentage of the rural population with access to an improved water source	98.00	40
2.3 Air Quality	56.63	75	Percentage of the urban population with access to an improved water source	99.00	51
Inhalable particles (PM10)	100.00	1	4.2 Ecological Protection	36.35	57
Particulate matter (PM2.5)	80.15	86	Area of plantation and afforestation	0.23	71
Index of indoor air pollution	15.60	82	Biome protect	84.50	36
Nitrogen oxides emission	68.03	59	Overfishing of fishing resources	N/A	N/A
Sulfur dioxide emission	38.10	110	4.3 Resource Utilization	41.68	44
3 Environment Carrying Competitiveness	65.92	83	Utilization rate of water resources	N/A	N/A
3.1 Agricultural Carrying	77.46	16	Percentage of total internal renewable water resources to total water resources	N/A	N/A
Cereal yield per unit of arable land	51.78	24	Percentage of agricultural land to total land area	68.32	35
Fertilizer consumption per unit of arable land	89.18	89	Percentage of fossil fuel energy consumption to total energy consumption	15.04	82
Annual freshwater withdrawals for agriculture per unit of arable land	99.97	11			
3.2 Industrial Carrying	78.08	124			
Net exports of goods as a percentage of GDP	81.85	63			
Electric power consumption per unit of value added of industry	73.55	115			
SO ₂ emissions per unit of value added of industry	96.94	127			
Annual freshwater withdrawals for industry per value added of industry	59.99	130			
3.3 Energy Consumption	34.71	49			

(continued)

Table 120.1 (continued)

Indicators	Score	Rank	Indicators	Score	Rank
5 Environment Harmony Competitiveness	50.02	123	CO ₂ emissions per capita	82.98	92
5.1 Population and Environment	64.03	105	Energy consumption per capita	84.21	78
Percentage of population with access to Improved sanitation facilities	92.00	57	5.2 Economy and Environment	36.00	123
Motor vehicles per 1,000 people	69.14	86	Land resource utilization efficiency	0.15	53
Renewable internal freshwater resources per capita	1.40	97	Sulfur dioxide emissions per unit of GDP	18.30	128
SO ₂ emissions per capita	43.46	127	Carbon dioxide emissions per unit of GDP	54.39	122
			Energy consumption per unit of GDP	71.17	98

Table 120.2 Rank distribution of the individual indicators of GEC

Sub-index	Number of the individual indicators	Rank				
		1–10	11–30	31–60	61–100	101–133
Resource Environment Competitiveness	14	0	2	2	8	0
Ecological Environment Competitiveness	11	1	3	2	5	0
Environment Carrying Competitiveness	15	0	4	3	5	3
Environment Management Competitiveness	10	0	0	5	3	0
Environment Harmony Competitiveness	10	0	0	2	3	5
Total	60	1	9	14	24	8

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