

4STAR sky-scanning retrievals of aerosol intensive optical properties from multiple field campaigns with detailed comparisons of SSA reported during SEAC4RS

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Abstract

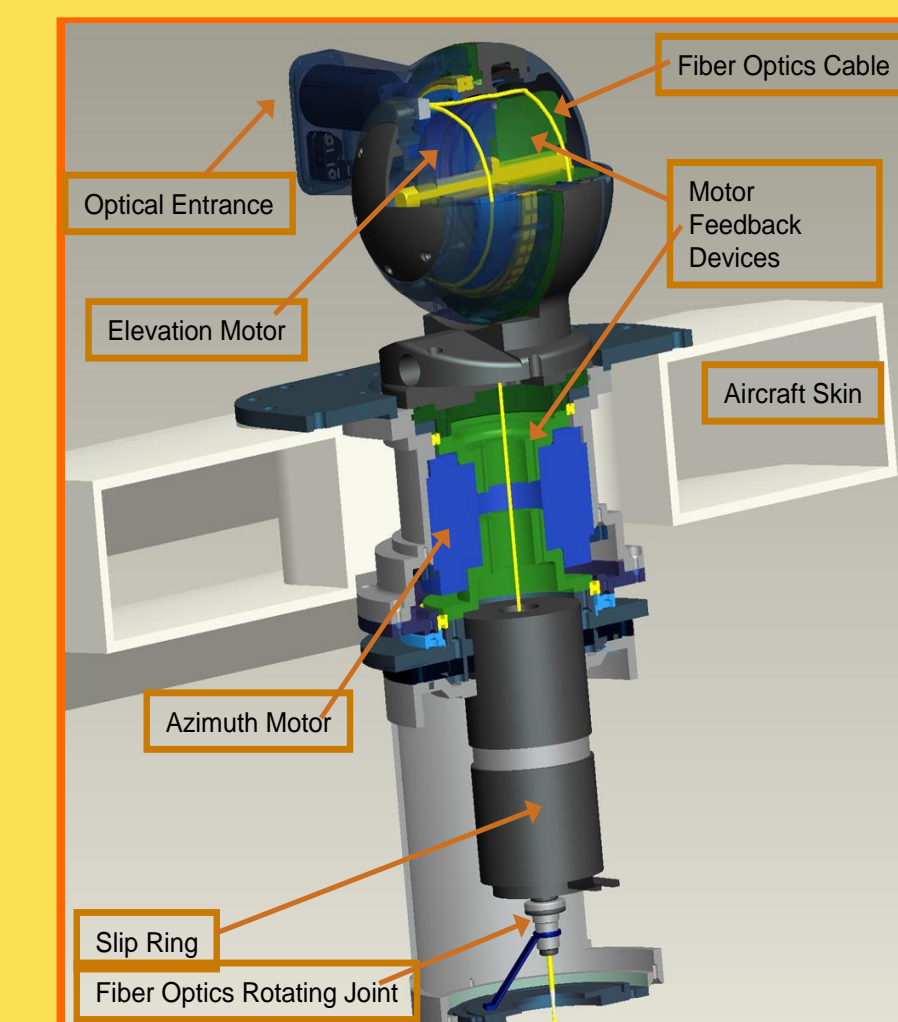
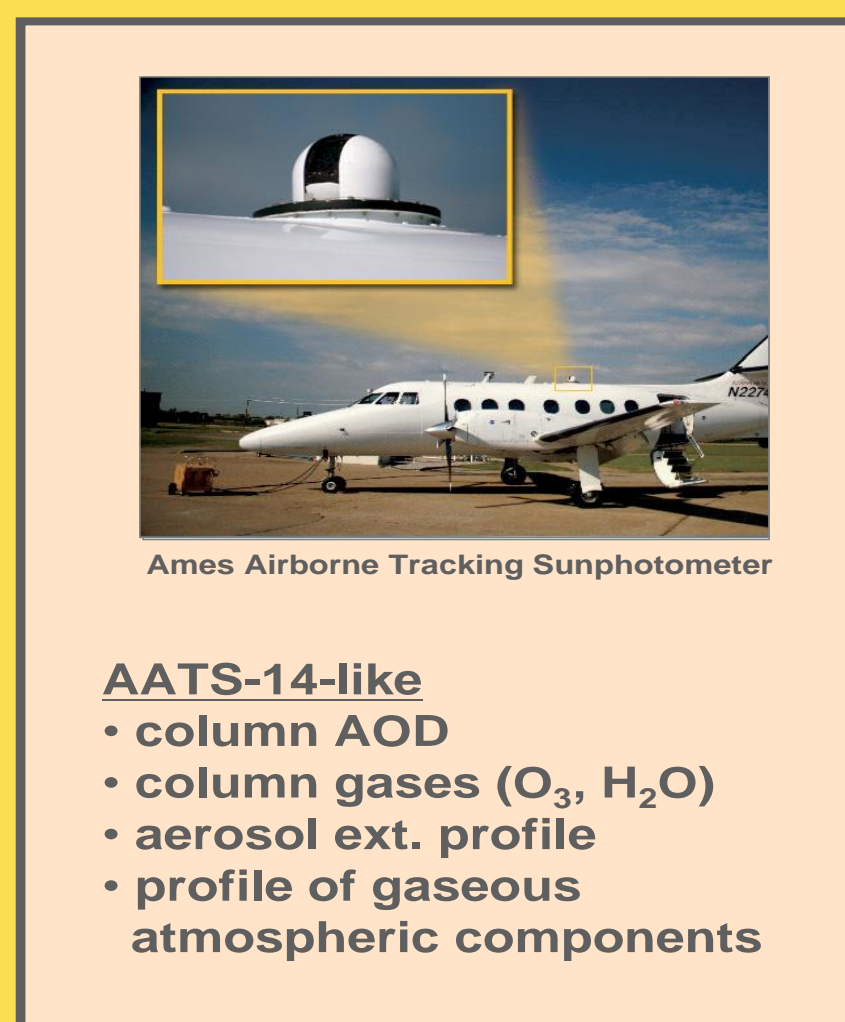
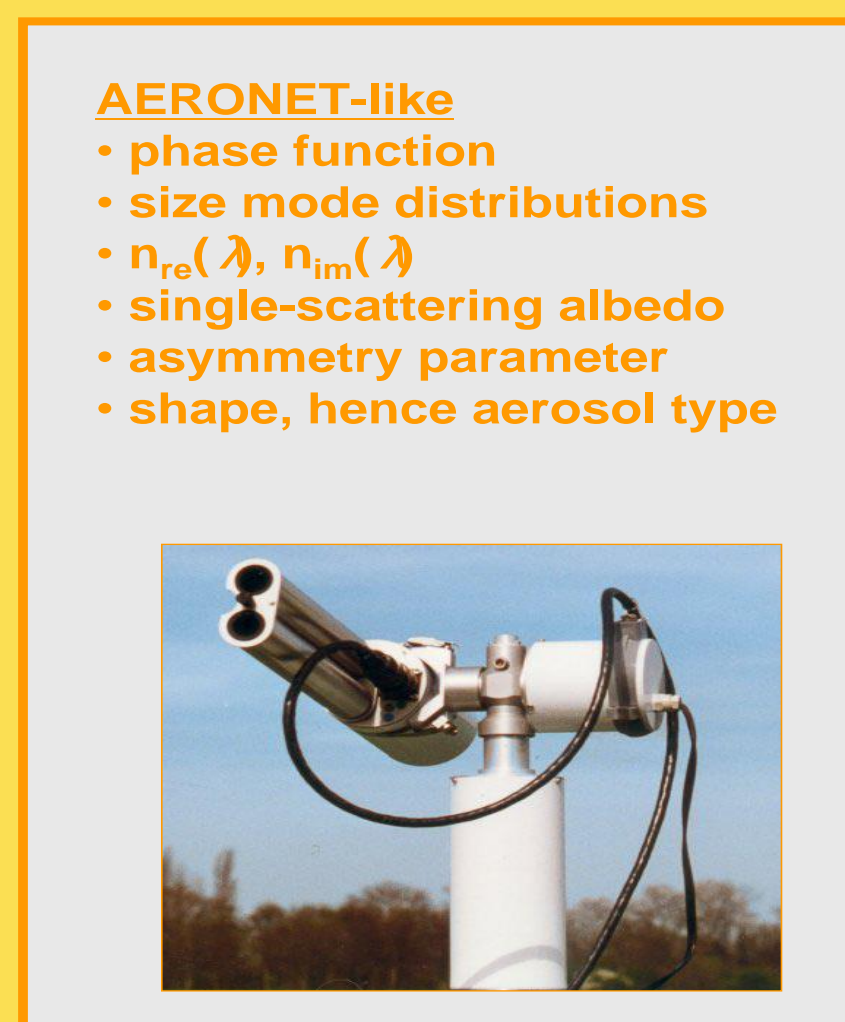
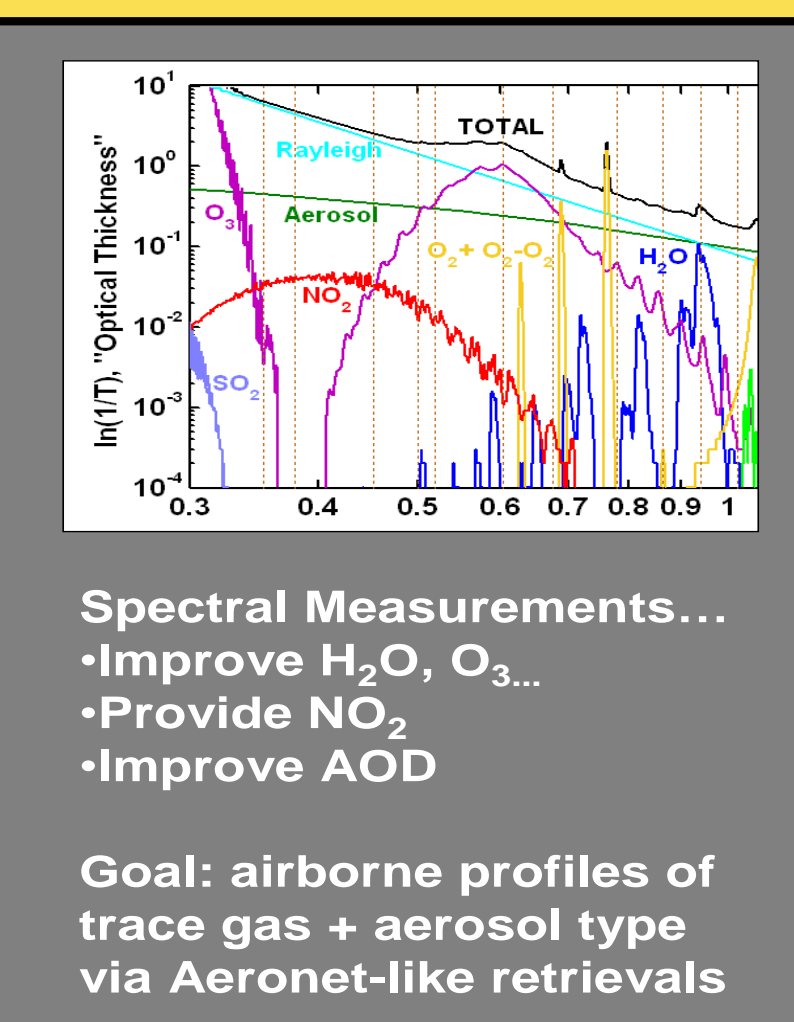
The 4STAR (Spectrometer for Sky-Scanning, Sun-Tracking Atmospheric Research) instrument combines airborne sun tracking capabilities of the Ames Airborne Tracking Sun Photometer (AATS-14) with AERONET-like sky-scanning capability and adds state-of-the-art fiber-coupled grating spectrometry to yield hyperspectral measurements of direct solar irradiance and angularly resolved sky radiance. The combination of sun-tracking and sky-scanning capability enables retrievals of wavelength-dependent aerosol optical depth (AOD), mode-resolved aerosol size distribution (SD), asphericity, and complex refractive index, and thus also the scattering phase function, asymmetry parameter, single-scattering albedo (SSA), and absorption aerosol optical thickness (AAOT).

From 2012 to 2014 4STAR participated in four major field campaigns: the U.S. Dept. of Energy's TCAP I & II campaigns, and NASA's SEAC4RS and ARISE campaigns. Establishing a strong performance record, 4STAR operated successfully on all flights conducted during each of these campaigns. Sky radiance spectra from scans in either constant azimuth (principal plane) or constant zenith angle (almucantar) were interspersed with direct beam measurements during level legs. During SEAC4RS and ARISE, 4STAR airborne measurements were augmented with flight-level albedo from the collocated Shortwave Spectral Flux Radiometer (SSFR) providing improved specification of below-aircraft radiative conditions for the retrieval.

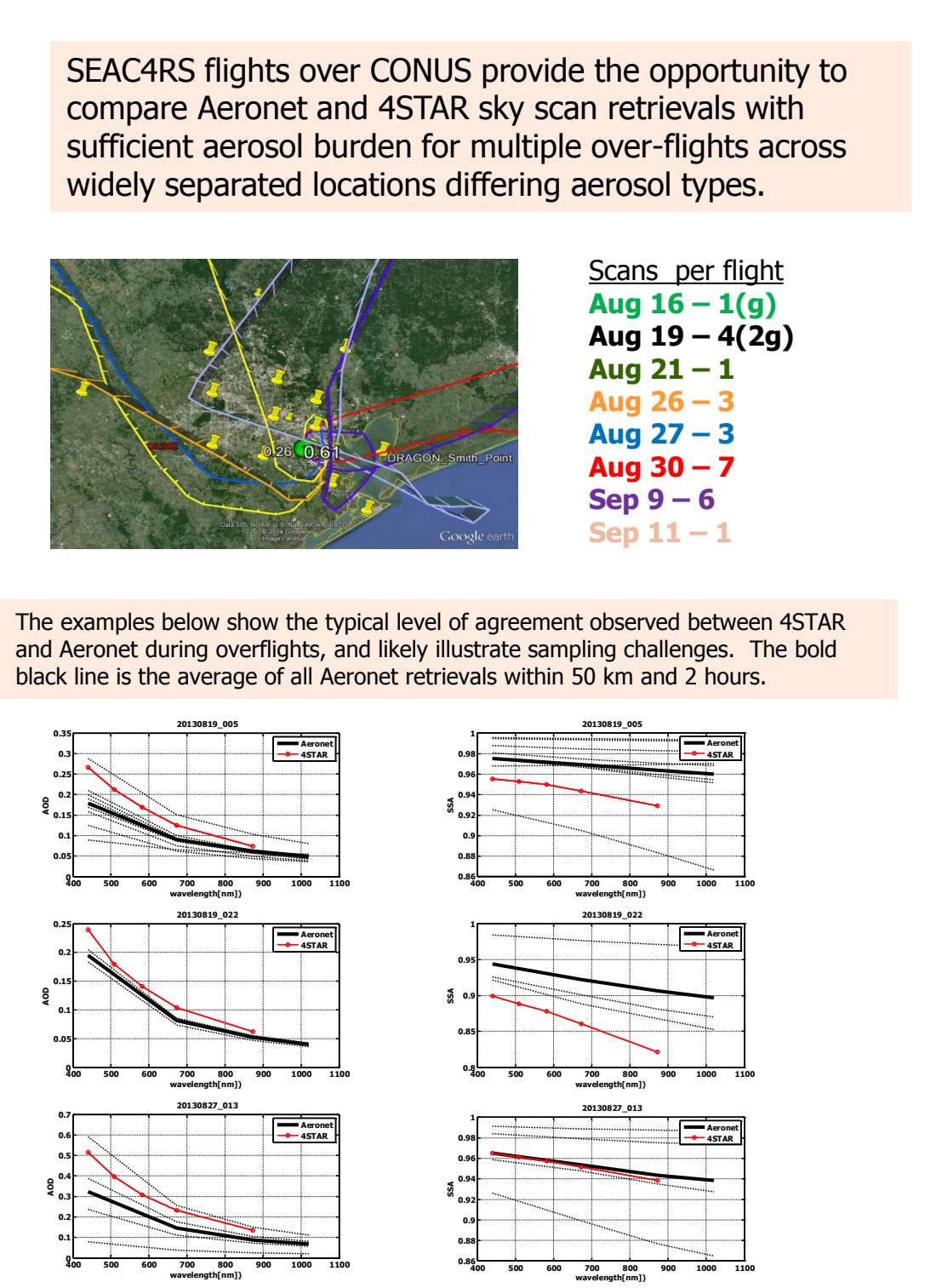
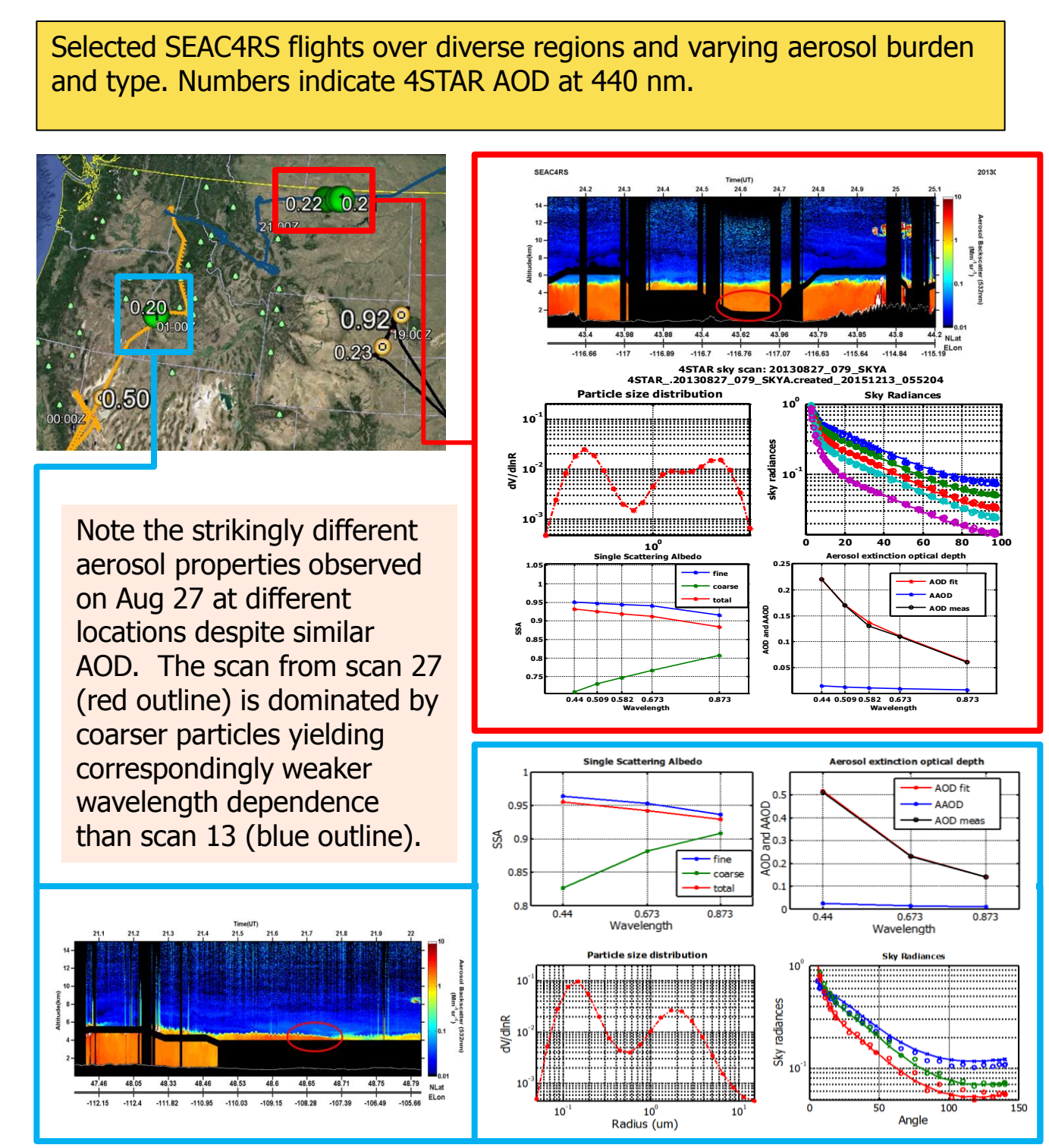
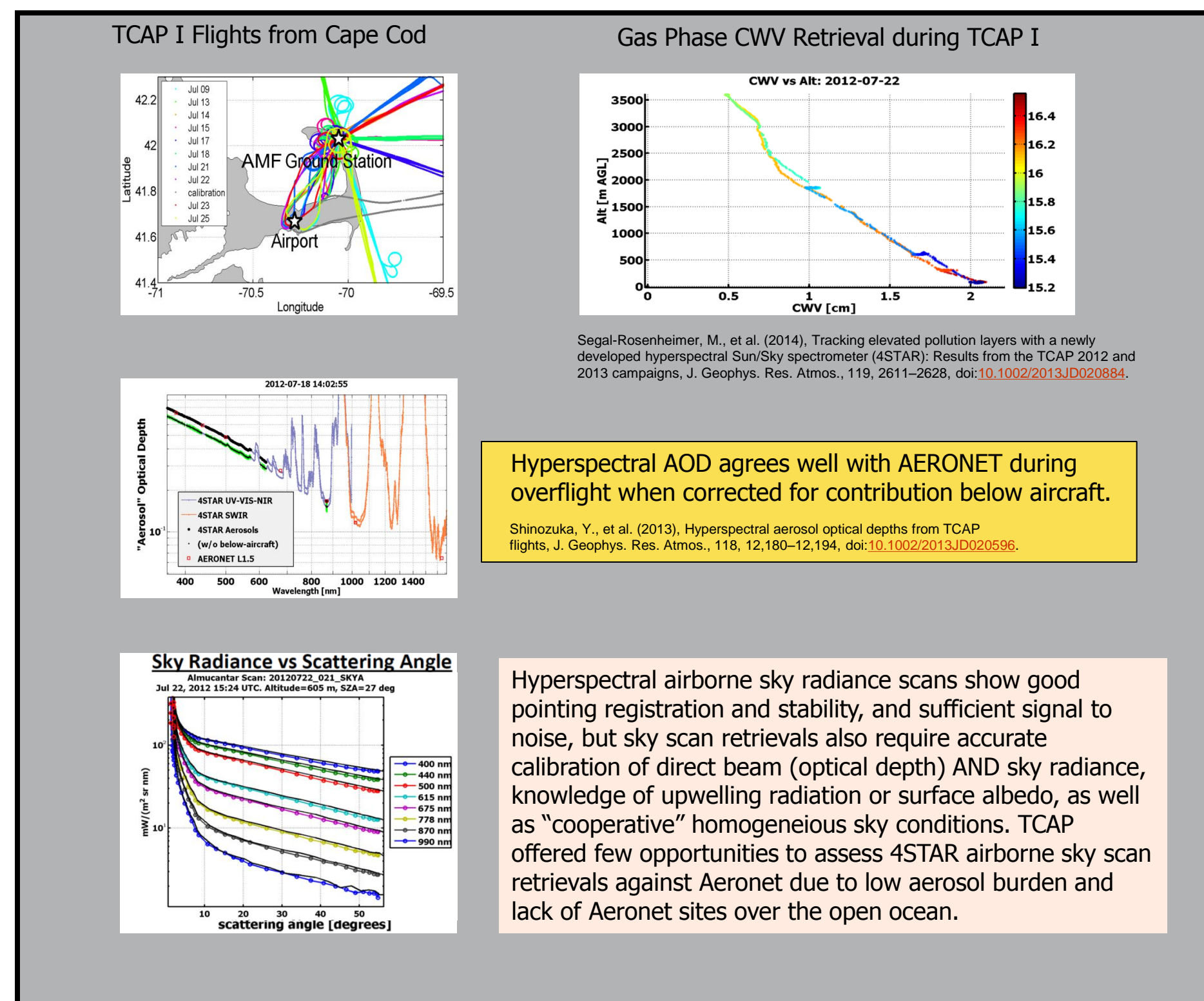
Calibrated radiances and retrieved products will be presented with particular emphasis on comparisons between ambient SSA retrievals SEAC4RS and comparisons between 4STAR and AERONET.

What is 4STAR?

Spectrometer + Sky-Scanning + Sun-Tracking = Atmospheric Research!



4STAR's record of consistent achievement and continual development in the field.
2008 MLO, Sun Photometer InterComparison Experiment MLO: Developed hyperspectral Langley. Confirmed radiance calibration.
2010/11 PNNL, 4STAR airborne hardening and flight tests: Advanced TRL. Conducted airborne Langleys, retrieved AODs over vertical profile through ramped flight.
2012 July /2013 Feb. Cape Cod, TCAP-I & II: Flawless first field campaign series. Solid operation on ALL TCAP flights. Collected direct beam, AOD & Ext, gas retr., and sky scans.
2013 (summer), SEAC4RS. Again outstanding operations. Aeronet overflights and collocation with SSFR provide means to assess sky scan retrievals.
2013 (fall/winter) Alaska, ARISE: Direct beam, sky scans, cloud retrievals, airborne Langley. Collocated with SSFR again.
2015 (winter), NAAMES, just completed.



- ### What is next for 4STAR?
- Current AITT funding to improve calibration stability and implement mechanical/optical improvements
 - Selected for KORUS-AQ 2016
 - Selected for ORACLES 2016-2020
 - Explore new calibration approach to eliminate relative bias errors between direct beam and sky radiance measurements.
 - Implement vectorized radiative transfer code to speed sky scan retrieval for N-wavelengths.
 - Hyperspectral cloud-properties retrievals in development (demonstrated in NAAMES)
 - Build more 4STARs!