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Volume Title: Annals of Economic and Social Measurement, Volume 2, number 3

Volume Author/Editor: Sanford V. Berg, editor

Volume Publisher:

Volume URL: http://www.nber.org/books/aesm73-3

Publication Date: July 1973

Chapter Title: Editor's Corner

Chapter Author: Sanford V. Berg

Chapter URL: http://www.nber.org/chapters/c9901

Chapter pages in book: (p. 223 - 226)

## EDITOR'S CORNER

This issue of the Annals contains a diverse collection of articles. The lead article by Michael Grossman and Victor Fuchs extends some of the latter's pathbreaking work on The Service Economy. The authors examine the secular trend toward service employment and its effect upon aggregate productivity change over the long run and during business cycles. Computer simulations with reasonable parameter values are used to identify the quantitative importance of these effects.

The second article by Raford Boddy and Michael Gort is also in the mainstream of the NBER research tradition, as it involves the estimation of "Capital Expenditures and Capital Stocks." They compare their estimates for 1947–1963 with earlier estimates by Daniel Creamer and Bert Hickman, and obtain higher growth rates in capital stocks than the previous estimates. Although one may always question specific assumptions, the annual estimates for thirty major industry sectors for 1921–1963 should prove useful to applied researchers in this area of economic measurement and analysis.

Next, Jack Triplett and Stephen Merchant of the Bureau of Labor Statistics examine two measures of aggregate price change for consumption goods and services—the Consumer Price Index and the Implicit Price Deflator for Personal Consumption Expenditures. By using statistical tests of the relationships between the counterpart series in the two price indexes, they conclude that weighting, per se, and non-CPI indexes, are not the only sources of divergencies in the two measures. Allan Young, in his comment, questions two aspects of the Triplett-Merchant study: their selection of CPI data and the need for "matched" components to correspond exactly. In their reply, the authors reiterate their conclusion that something other than the CPI is moving components of the PCE deflator. We hope that the exchange will stimulate further work in this important area.

Thomas Sargent, in the next article, "What Do Regressions of Interest on Inflation Show?", explores whether an estimate of the distributed lag on inflation captures the speed with which expectations of inflation are formed. He concludes that the necessary restrictions for consistency are stringent, and that a long lag may be estimated even when the lag is actually short. The six equation model which he develops contains feedbacks which give this result. Sargent's article is part of a series supported by the NBER which attempt to merge advanced econometric techniques with economic theory.

This issue's Programming Software Notes contains an extended announcement of a "Microdata Processing Package" developed at the NBER and a series of notes on programs and methods for input-output analysis, several of which were written by persons affiliated with the NBER. Since Clopper Almon was willing to introduce the series of four contributions, we need not contrast them in detail here. Edward Wolf's IOPE and Gholam Mustasa and Lonnie L. Jones' RIMLOC are two programming packages designed for input-output analysis described in notes. Virginia Klema, in her "Note on Matrix Factorization," surveys alternatives to the matrix inversion techniques used in these programs.

APCHIVAL CUPY

The last contribution in this series, by Stephen Dresch and Robert Goldberg, describes IDIOM, an input-out model of the economy which has been designed to address a number of complex issues. The case of reduced military expenditures is used to illustrate the employment, output and environmental effects of alternative compensatory policies. It is clear from this series of notes that hardware, software, and advanced mathematical and analytical techniques give researchers an extremely powerful set of tools for interindustry analysis.

The two sections that follow report upon a number of NBER conference activities. Cynthia Taeuber, rapporteur for a Conference on Research and the Public Use Samples, describes the problems and potentials of the census Public Use Samples from the viewpoints of a wide variety of users. This conference, which was co-sponsored by the Conference on the Computer in Economic and Social Research and the Southern Regional Demographic Group, dealt with both analytical and technical problems encountered with these data bases. Another conference series, the NBER-NSF Conference on Econometrics and Mathematical Economics is described in the following notes, with the Seminar on Bayesian Inference in Econometrics given detailed coverage.

The last section reports on developments at the NBER Computer Research Center for Economics and Managements Science. The next issue of the Annals (contents listed below) will be devoted to papers presented at a NBER Computer Research Center Workshop. We hope that these notes on conferences and other NBER activities, as well as non-NBER research, will help keep interested researchers informed of developments in the area of computers, data retrieval.

and research methodology.

## **FORTHCOMING**

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Annals of Economic and Social Measurement

Volume 2, Number 4, October 1973

## SPECIAL ISSUE ON TIME-VARYING PARAMETERS

Edwin Kuh and David A. Belsley Barr Rosenberg

"Estimates of Time Varying Parameter Structures—An Overview"

"A Survey of Time-Varying Parameter Structures"

Random Coefficient Models

P. A. V. B. Swamy

"Criteria, Constraints and Multicollinearity in a Random Coefficient Regression Model"

Barr Rosenberg

"The Analysis of a Cross Section of Time Series by a Stochastically Convergent Parameter Regression"

Swarnjit S. Arora

"Error Component Regression Models and

Their Applications"

Systematic (non-random) Variation Models

Thomas Cooley and Edward Prescott

Edward Prescott
Stephen M. Goldfeld and

Richard Quandt David Belsley "Varying Parameter Regression: A Theory and Some Applications"

"The Estimation of Structural Shifts by Switching Regressions"

"On the Determination of Systematic Parameter Variations in the Linear Regression Model"

David Belsley

"A Test for Systematic Variates in Regression Coefficients"

Kalaman Filter Models

Alexander H. Sarris

"A Bayesian Approach to Estimation of Non-Constant Regression Parameters"

J. Phillip Cooper

"Time-Varying Regression Coefficients: A Mixed Estimation Approach and Operational Limitations of the General Markov Structure" David Belsley

"On the Applicability of the Kalman Filter to the Determination of Systematic Parameter Variation"