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FDZ-Datenreport

Documentation of labour market data

The Establishment History Panel (BHP) 1975 – 2008

Handbook Version 1.0.2

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Die FDZ-Datenreporte beschreiben die Daten des FDZ im Detail. Diese Reihe hat somit eine doppelte Funktion: zum einen stellen Nutzerinnen und Nutzer fest, ob di e an gebotenen Daten für das Forschungsvorhaben geeignet sind, zum anderen dienen sie zur Vorbereitung der Auswertungen.

FDZ-Datenreporte (FDZ data reports) describe FDZ data in detail. As a result, this series of reports has a dual function: on the one hand, those using the reports can ascertain whether the data offered is suitable for their research task; on the other hand, the data can be used to prepare evaluations.

Abstract

This datareport describes the Establishment-History-Panel (BHP) 1975-2008 version 1

Keywords: German ad ministrative m icro dat a, I abour m arket dat a, e stablishment d ata, manual,

We would like to thank Dana Singula, Alexandra Schmucker, Dana Müller and Dr. Peter Jacobebbinghaus for their cooperation and support.

Data availability

The dataset described in this document is available for use by professional researchers. Further information can be found on the website http://fdz.iab.de.

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1 Introduction and Outline

1.1 Introduction

The Establishment History Panel 1975-2008 V1 is a 50% sample of all establishments throughout Germany which have at least one em ployee liable to social security as of 30th June of a given year or, since 1999, also establishments which have at least one marginal part-time employee. For establishments in western Germany the observation period is 1975 to 2008 and for establishments in eastern Germany 1991 to 2008. However, c onclusive analyses for eastern German establishments are only possible from 1993 onwards. The data source for the BHP is the Employee-History (Beschäftigten-Historik BeH) of the IAB. The data on i ndividuals contained in the BeH are a ggregated to establishment level u sing the establishment numbers. The BHP covers between 1.3 and 2.7 million establishments per year.

The individual annual waves can be linked to a panel dataset via the identifier "artificial establishment number", which can be found in the dataset.

This data report describes the variables of the weakly anonymous version of the 1975-2008 V1 BHP dataset, which is available to researchers via on-site use at the Research Data Centre (FDZ) or via remote data access. The BHP data are predominantly original data, with the sole exception that the original establishment numbers, which are direct identifiers for the different establishments, have been replaced by artificial establishment numbers. In order to protect the anonymity of the establishments still further, some variables are classified as particularly sensitive and are only disclosed on submission of a special application (see Chapter 1.2).

The Datenreport on the BHP 1975-2008 V1 is structured as follows. In addition to the introduction, Chapter 1 contains an outline of the data as well as information regarding the socalled volume structure and about data access. Chapter 1 al so contains a brief overview of the differences between this version and its predecessor BHP 1975-2006 V2.0.1 in order to make it possible for users of the older version to switch to the new one quickly. A description of the data source can be found in Chapter 2. The data preparation and data quality are discussed in Chapters 3 and 4. Chapter 5 contains detailed descriptions of the variables.

1.2 Data use

The BHP data in the weakly anonymous version may be analysed in the context of a r esearch visit at the FDZ and subsequent remote data access. It is also possible to analyse the data solely via remote data access.

In order to be able to use the data, in either case it is first necessary to submit an application to the Research Data Centre (FDZ).

The BHP is available either as a pu re 50% random sample or as a 50% random sample stratified by establishment size classes. The size classes are defined by the total number of employees in an establishment (<4, 5-9, 10-19, 20-49, 50-99, 100-199, 200-499, >=500)

In both of the sample versions the BHP data are divided into three modules. The core dataset comprises simple establishment variables such as the artificial establishment number, the federal state or the economic sector in which the establishment is active as well as details about the employee structure and the wage structure of the full-time employees. The core dataset is av ailable as yearly dat a for the years 1975 t o 2008. The yearly dat a c an be merged to form a panel dataset via the artificial establishment number. In addition to the core dataset there are two extension modules, both of which can be merged with the core dataset via the artificial establishment number. The extension module "worker flows" contains details on the annual inflows and outflows of workers. The second extension module "establishment history" contains detailed information about the entry of the establishment and its exit if applicable. Both of the extension modules require an additional application for access.

Certain variables which make it possible to identify establishments are only disclosed in their original form if this is necessary for the analysis objective and is justified explicitly in the application for data access. The variables in the core dataset which are particularly sensitive from the viewpoint of data protection legislation are

- place of work: district (ao_kreis)
- economic activity 93 sub-class of economic activity (five-digit code) (w93_5)
- economic activity 03 sub-class of economic activity (five-digit code) (w03_5)
- economic activity 08 sub-class of economic activity (five-digit code) (w08_5)

Details regarding the place of work and the economic activity are available in aggregated form in the core dataset without special application, how ever (federal state and economic activity as 3-digit codes).

1.3 Differences compared with the predecessor version

The most important difference to the preceding version is the division of the BHP into differrent subdatasets.

BHP core dataset:

The dat aset c ontains i nformation on t he es tablishment's em ployee s tructure and det ails about the wage structure of the full-time employees in the establishment. All of the data are stock data as of the reference date of 30.06 of any given year. The core dataset therefore contains the same spectrum of variables as the preceding version but has been supplemented by some additional variables and has had some variables removed. Detailed information about all of the changes made can be found in Chapter 1.3.1 and a complete list of variables in Chapter 5.

Extension file – Worker Flows:

This dataset contains details about the type and num ber of inflows and outflows of workers between the reference dates (30.6) of two consecutive years. In addition to the total number of inflows and outflows, the inflows and outflows are also shown divided according to characteristics such as gender or age. Further information about the dataset can be found in Chapter 1.3.2 and a complete list of variables in Chapter 5.

Extension file - Establishment History:

This dataset contains details about the type of establishment entry and exit. The information made available here is intended to help to distinguish genuine start-ups and closures from those merely involving spin-offs from existing establishments or cases in which an existing establishment only changes its ID. Detailed information regarding the structure of the dataset can be found in Chapter 1.3.3 and a complete list of variables in Chapter 5.

1.3.1 Core dataset (BHP)

Besides establishment variables such as the economic sector or the location of the establishment, the BHP core dataset contains details about the number of employees and the workforce structure as well as information on the wage structure of the full-time employees in the establishment. All of the data are stock data as of the reference date of 30.06 of any given year. In principle the core dataset therefore covers the spectrum of variables of the preceding version (BHP 1975-2006 V2.0.1). The data are also still filed as yearly data. When the core dataset was generated the spectrum of variables of the preceding version was altered slightly: new variables were incorporated and some existing ones were removed.

Variable label	Variable name	Background
East/ West code according to district (Kreis) code number	ow_kreis	the East/ West allocation can be generated by the user independ- ently from the information on the federal state (ao_bula)
Number of employees by nation- ality	az_gr, az_it, az_ju, az_pl, az_sp, az_tk, az_us, az_oe, az_we	user demand too low
Age structure of the employees	az15_17, az_18_24, az_25_29, az_30_44, az_45_49, az_50_54, az_55_59, az_ab60	new breakdown of age classes in order to improve comparability with other data sources
Age structure of the full-time em- ployees	az15_17_vz, az_18_24_vz, az_25_29_vz, az_30_44_vz, az_45_49_vz, az_50_54_vz, az_55_59_vz, az_ab60_vz	new breakdown of age classes in order to improve comparability with other data sources
Structure of the employees by occupational status	az_nfq	variable renamed as az_nfa

Table 1.1: Deleted variables

Table 1.2: New variables

Variable label	Variable name	Background
Classification of Economic Ac- tivities (WZ08)	w08_3, w08_5	introduction of the new classifica- tion of economic activities in the BeH from 2008 onwards
Number of employees accord- ing to the Blossfeld classifica- tion of occupations	az_bf_agr, az_bf_emb, az_bf_edi, az_bf_evb, az_bf_qmb, az_bf_qdi, az_bf_qvb, az_bf_tec, az_bf_semi, az_bf_ing, az_bf_prof, az_bf_man	increased user demand for details by occupational groups
Number of engineers and sci- entists employed	az_ingnat	increased user demand for prox- ies for research and development activity
Age structure of the employees	az_15_19, az_20_24, az_25_29, az_30_34, az_35_39, az_40_44, az_45_49, az_50_54, az_55_59, az_60_64, az_ab65	new breakdown of age classes in order to improve comparability with other data sources
Age structure of the full-time employees	az_15_19_vz, az_20_24_vz, az_25_29_vz, az_30_34_vz, az_35_39_vz, az_40_44_vz, az_45_49_vz, az_50_54_vz, az_55_59_vz, az_60_64_vz, az_ab65_vz	new breakdown of age classes in order to improve comparability with other data sources

Detailed information about the contents of the new variables can be found in the description of variables in Chapter 5.

The coding of missing values has also changed. A precise description of the coding can be found in Chapter 3.3.

1.3.2 Extension file - Worker Flows

In addition to details about the number of employees in the establishments as of the reference date of 30.6 of any given year, the BHP now also contains details of worker flows for the first time. The data distinguish between employee inflows and outflows. The inflows of a year are defined as the number of employees who were working in the establishment on the reference date of that year but were not working there on the reference date of the previous year. Analogously, the outflows of a year are defined as the number of employees who were not working in the establishment on the reference date of the particular year but were working there on the reference date of the previous year. Thus the current number of employees in a particular year, as it is found in the core data set, is obtained from the number of employees in the previous year plus all inflows minus all outflows of the current year.

Example: an establishment has 30 e mployees as of 30.6.1995. 5 employees leave the establishment between 30.6.1995 and 30.06.1996. These 5 employees are therefore the outflows for 1996. At the same time the establishment hires 7 new employees. These are the inflows for 1996. The total number of employees for 1996 is therefore 30 - 5 + 7 = 32.

Employees who join the establishment and I eave it again between two reference dates are not recorded by this flow concept based on reference dates.

Similar to the stock values in the core dataset, the inflows and out flows are broken down according to various characteristics such as age groups. Each of these breakdowns also shows the information split according to gender. Further information on the individual variables can be found in Chapter 5.

Unlike in the core dataset the worker flows are not filed as blocks of yearly data but in an aggregate file which can be merged with the individual sets of yearly data of the core dataset via the establishment number and the year. When merging this data the following features have to be taken into account:

- Establishments with no inflows or outflows in a year only appear in the core dataset.
- In an establishment's year of entry the inflows are equivalent to the employee stocks in the core data set.
- Establishments that have been closed down appear only in the worker flow dataset in the following year. The outflows listed here are equivalent to the employee stocks of the preceding year (year of exit).

The worker flows dataset is an extension file of the BHP which is only made available on application.

1.3.3 Extension file- Establishment History

Until recently it was very difficult to identify or classify establishment start-ups and establishment closures. The first and last appearance of an establishment number in the dataset as they are shown in the core dataset were used as proxies for the start-up and closure dates.

In addition to the problem that these two points in time only indicate the period during which the establishment reported employees covered by social security or marginal part-time employees, and t hey are not necessarily the times when t he establishment was set up or closed, there was also no possibility in the BHP to examine more closely the type of establishment entry or exit. Apart from the start-up of a c ompletely new establishment, the appearance of a new establishment number in the dataset can also mean that parts of an establishment have been split off or outsourced, or simply that an existing establishment has been given a new ID. (Regarding the allocation and changes of establishment numbers see Bundesagentur für Arbeit (2007:9-11).)

In a c ooperation project with the U niversity of Boston an a ttempt has now been m ade to classify establishment entries and exits more precisely on the basis of worker flows, thereby distinguishing between genuine start-ups and c losures and cases in which jobs are simply shifted. The decisive factor for the classification of establishment entries is the proportion of workers who were employed in one and the same establishment in the previous year. If this proportion is very large or if it is even 100 %, it can be assumed that the new establishment is merely an existing establishment that has been allocated a new ID. If, on the other hand, the workers are recruited from a multitude of different establishments, there is a greater like-lihood that the case is a genuine new establishment. Analogously, it applies for establishment together in the following year increases, then the likelihood of this also simply being a case of a new ID and not a closure also increases.

The data basis for the classifications described above is first the core dataset of the BHP (Establishment History Panel) with details on the first and last appearance of an establishment number, and second, an additional dataset of all worker flows for the years 1975-2004. With the aid of this information it is possible to classify establishment entries in western Germany for the period 1976-2004 and establishment entries in eastern Germany for 1992-2004. Establishment exits in western Germany can be classified for the period 1975-2003 and those in eastern Germany for 1992-2003.

A detailed description of the classification as well as first frequency counts can be found in the Methodenreport 06/2010 (Hethey, T. / Schmieder, J.F.), which can be downloaded freeof-charge from the FDZ homepage. All users who wish to work with the extension file "establishment history" are strongly recommended to read this Methodenreport.

The extension file contains all of the variables necessary for the classification, so the user can either adopt the developed classification in its original form or can modify it in certain places and adapt it to his own interests. The information on the establishment history is stored in an aggregate file, which can be merged with the individual sets of yearly data in the core dataset via the establishment number and the year in which the establishment number appeared for the first and/or the last time.

The information on the establishment history is an extension file of the BHP which is only made available on application.

1.4 Outline

Current data version	The Establishment History Panel 1975-2008 V1	
the data	Weakly anonymous, 50% random sample of establishments (simple random sample or stratified by establishment size). The data source for the BHP is the Employee History (Beschäftigten-Historik BeH) of the IAB.	

Outline of the contents	 Core dataset: establishment characteristics (e.g. artificial etablishment number, economic activity, federal state) structure of employees by gender, full-time/part-time and nationality structure of employees by occupational and vocational qualifications structure of employees by occupational status (e.g. number of trainees / apprentices / skilled workers) structure of employees by person group code structure of employees by occupational group (Blossfeld classification of occupations) employee age structure wage structure of full-time employees Extension file - Worker Flows: total number of inflows structure of inflows structure of inflows structure of outflows structure of outflows Extension file - Batablishment History entry year type of entry auxiliary variables for defining entry type exit year type of exit auxiliary variables for defining exit type
Date of territorial allo-	31.12.2008
cation	
Type of territorial allo- cation	corrected territorial allocation
Period covered	Analysis period: West: 1975 – 2008 East: 1993 - 2008
Time reference	June 30 of each year
Update frequency	Continuous
Corrections - outline	The BHP data are generated by aggregating the individual employment notifications in the BeH. They undergo hardly any corrections during the aggregation process. Only validation procedures are carried out, e.g. some variables are recoded.
File organisation	Core dataset: annual waves Extension file – Worker flows: one aggregate file Extension file - Establishment History: two aggregate files (one for establishment entries, one for establishment exits)
Number of cases	Core dataset: annual number of observations: 700,000 – 1.3 million establishments

	 Extension file – Worker Flows: annual number of observations: 600,000 – 1.0 million establishments Extension file - Establishment History: number of establishment entries: 1.15 million number of establishment exits: 1.0 million
File format and size	STATA, core dataset: each annual wave 180-390 MB, Extension file - Worker Flows: 3.5 GB , Extension file – Establishment History: 2x 50 MB SPSS and SAS available on request
Degree of anonymisa- tion	Weakly anonymous
Citation method	Establishment History Panel (BHP) 1975-2008 V1, Nuremberg 2010
Data access	On-site use at the FDZ of the BA at the IAB and subsequent remote data access or pure remote data access
Degree of anonymisa- tion	Social data - pseudonymised

1.5 Volume structure

Tab1.3: 50% s	imple random sample
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File name	File size	Number of observations
Core dataset		
bhp_7508_m06_bst_v1_1975_zufall	173 MB	645,555
bhp_7508_m06_bst_v1_2008_zufall	386 MB	1,385,538
Extension file- Worker Flows		
bhp_7508_m06_fl_v1_gast_zufall	3.5 GB	26,278,809
Extension file- Establishment History		
bhp_7508_m06_ein7604_gast_zufall	51 MB	2,377,520
bhp_7508_m06_aus7503_gast_zufall	45 MB	2,108,111

Tab1.4: 50% stratified random sample (strata: establishment size classes)

File name	File size	Number of observations
Core dataset		
bhp_7508_m06_bst_v1_1975_stratum	173 MB	645,463
bhp_7508_m06_bst_v1_2008_stratum	386 MB	1,385,467
Extension file- Worker Flows		
bhp_7508_m06_fl_v1_gast_stratum	3.5 GB	26,274,352
Extension file- Establishment History		
bhp_7508_m06_ein7604_gast_stratum	51 MB	2,377,601
bhp_7508_m06_aus7503_gast_stratum	45 MB	2,108,171

2 Data sources

2.1 Employee History (BeH) - general

The source of data regarding employment is the Employee History (Beschäftigten-Historik - BeH) of the IAB. The data basis is the integrated notification procedure for health, pension and unem ployment insurance, which came into effect as of 1 J anuary 1973 (and was extended to cover eastern Germany as of 1 January 1991) and is known by the abbreviation DEÜV (previously DEVO/DÜVO) (for further details see: Bender et al. 1996, p. 4 ff.; Werm-ter/Cramer 1988). Under this procedure employers are required to submit notifications to the responsible social security agencies concerning all of their employees covered by social security. The BeH covers all white- and blue-collar workers as well as apprentices as long as they are not exempt from social security contributions. This means that civil servants, the self-employed and regular students (see Cramer 1985) are in principle not recorded in the BeH. Since the notification procedure was changed on 1 J anuary 1999, employees in marginal part-time employment and unpai d family workers have al so been r ecorded (not contained in the data until 1 April 1999).

Every year in which an individual is in an employment relationship is depicted by at least one notification. The data are recorded by the health insurance companies, collected in a continuous file by the Federal Employment Agency (BA) and s ubsequently integrated into the History File of the IAB. The current observation period of the BeH extends from 1 January 1975 to 31 December 2008.

2.2 Establishment History (BeH) - BHP

The BHP data are generated by aggregating the employment notifications in the BeH using the establishment number. This aggregation is conducted as of the reference date of 30.06 of a year. Owing to this reference-date procedure it can occur, for example, that establishments which are closed down before the reference date do not appear in the corresponding yearly data of the BHP although valid employment notifications are still available in the BeH before 30.06. The same applies for establishments which are not founded until after the reference date. These do not appear in the BHP until a year later.

3 Data preparation

3.1 Corrections and validation procedures

In order to create the BHP, the employment notifications from the BeH, which was presented in Chapter 2, are aggregated at establishment level using the establishment number. Before the aggregation the following validation procedures are carried out:

- selection of all BeH observations that include the reference date of 30.06 of the respective year
- conversion of all earnings into euros
- deletion of multiple jobs held by one per son in one and the same establishment. Here non-marginal jobs are given priority over marginal part-time jobs. If more than one non-marginal j ob is r ecorded f or one per son in t he same establishment, the j ob with t he

higher daily wage is selected or, if the jobs have the same daily wage, the job with the longest overall duration is selected.

Following these validation procedures all employment notifications are aggregated to selected statistics at establishment level as of the reference date of 30.06 of each year on the basis of the establishment number. After the data have been aggregated they do not undergo any further validation procedures. In a small number of cases individual variables or values are recoded.

3.2 Sampling procedure

Following the validation and aggregation of the data at establishment level, which were described in Chapter 3.1, two standard samples are drawn.

Variant 1: a simple 50% random sample of all establishment numbers in the 1975-2008 period.

Variant 2: a 50% random sample of all establishment numbers in the 1975-2008 period stratified by establishment size. The establishment size classes are based on the total number of employees and are specified as follows: <5, 5-9, 10-19, 20-49, 50-99, 100-199, 200-499, 500-max. employees. The size class for an establishment is calculated from the mean value of the total number of employees across the period observed.

3.3 Missing values

In the BHP missing values are coded as follows:

Term	Value	Description	
		Values of a variable which are not systematically missing,	
No (valid) details available	.z	Example: missing information on the establishment's district code	
		A variable is not available for a certain period or a certain group of establishments.	
Systematically not avail- able	.n	Example : information on the establishment's economic activity using the WZ03 code is only available for the period 2003-2008. In all other years the establishments show the value .n for this variable.	
		Example: establishments with no full-time employees with un- known qualifications show the value .n for the gross daily wage variable for this group of employees.	

Tab 3.1: Missing values

In addition to the examples above you will find the assigned missing values for each variable in chapter five.

4 Data quality

4.1 Employee History (BeH)

As the BHP is created by aggregating employment notifications from the BeH, the quality of the BHP data is linked with that of the BeH data. The BeH has the following features:

- Due to the introduction of the employment notification procedure in the federal states of eastern Germany, the notifications for BeH observations for eastern Germany can only be assumed to be sufficiently complete from 1993 onwards. Analyses of eastern German establishments should therefore not begin before 1993.
- The considerable increase in the number of BeH observations and thus also in the number of establishments from 1999 onwards is due to the introduction of the obligation to submit employment notifications for people in marginal part-time employment from 1 April 1999 onwards.
- Within the employment notification procedure a certain time lag is unavoidable. Although changes in employment relationships have to be reported immediately and existing employment relationships have to be confirmed annually by April of the following year, some notifications actually arrive years later. The History File of the IAB is not updated continuously, however, but at certain intervals. This is done using files of employment notifications for one particular year which were submitted 36, 18, 12 or 6 months after the end of the reporting year (e.g. the 18-month file for 2007 can be created in July 2009 at the earliest). Notifications submitted more than three years late are not taken into account at the IAB, which means that a 36-month file shows a 100 % degree of completeness by definition. Thus for the generation of the BHP yearly data for 2006 and 2007 the 18-month files were used in both cases, for the 2008 y early data the 12-month file was used. It can be assumed that the number of establishments is slightly under-recorded for these three years. As the missing notifications are concentrated on a few establishments, the establishment size may be strongly biased for these establishments.
- In 1984 a change was made in the employment notification procedure. From that time
 onwards one-off payments of gross earned income were reported as part of the annual
 earnings subject to social security contributions, which leads to an increase in the average daily wage. In particular the proportion of wages and salaries above the upper earnings limit increases considerably from that year onwards (cf. Bender et al. 1996).

5 Description of the variables and characteristics

5.1 Core dataset

5.1.1 Establishment characteristics

5.1.1.1 Identifier: artificial establishment number (betnr)

Variable label	Artificial establishment number
Variable name	betnr
Data type	numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	To make the data anonymous, the original establishment numbers allo-

cated by the Federal Employment Agency are replaced by randomly generated, yet unambiguous establishment numbers. For more information on the allocation of establishment numbers see Bender et.al. (1996: 15 f. und 27-30) or Bundesagentur für Arbeit (2007:9-11).

The artificial establishment number may be used to merge the yearly data of the core dataset to create a panel dataset and to add the the extension files to the sets of yearly data of the core dataset.

5.1.1.2 Date of first appearance (grd_dat)

Variable label	Date of first appearance in the BeH files
Variable name	grd_dat
Data type	date
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable states the precise date on which the number of the respective establishment first appears in the dataset. If an establishment number is first indicated after 1975 for western Germany, or after 1990 for eastern Germany, it can be presumed that the variable represents the year in which the establishment in question was founded. However, it could also be an older establishment that has been allocated a new establishment number after a change of ownership or legal form. The employment agencies also allocate new establishment numbers in some cases when parts of companies are outsourced (for more detailed information see Bundesagentur für Arbeit (2007:9-11)). It is also possible that the establishment existed previously but had no employees covered by social security or from 1999 onwards also no marginal part-time employees. A more precise decription of the first appearance of an establishment can be obtained using the variable "eintritt" in the Extension File "Establishment History".

5.1.1.3 Date of last appearance (lzt_dat)

Variable label	Date of last appearance in the BeH files
Variable name	lzt_dat
Data type	date
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable states the precise date on which the number of the respective establisment appears in the dataset for the last time. (cf. Bender et al. 1996). If the existence of an establishment number in the BHP ends before 2006, this could be a case of closure of the establishment. However, other possi- ble causes are also a "random change of establishment number on change of ownership or legal form", an "outsourcing of parts of the company under a new number" or other administrative changes. For more detailed informa- tion, see Bender et al. 1996: 15f. and pp. 27-30 or Bundesagentur für Arbeit 2007: 9-11). A more precise decription of the last appearance of an establishment can be obtained using the variable "austritt" in the Extension File "Establishment History".

5.1.1.4 Place of work: district code (ao_kreis)

Variable label Place of work: district (Kreis)

Variable name Data type Hierarchy	ao_kreis Numerical Federal state district
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The district code for the workplace originates from the BeH. Here, the district (urban district or rural district) in which the establishment is located is specified. The 5-digit district code contains the following: the first two digits refer to the code for the German federal state, the first to third digits refer to the administrative district (Regierungsbezirk) and the first to fifth digits the district (Kreis). In states with no administrative district, the third digit is 0. To ensure consistent regional allocations across the entire observation period, the district data were recoded to the territorial allocations as of 31.12.2008, i.e. the allocation of an establishment location to a district in all calendar years is based on the boundaries existing as of 31.12.2008. As the district borders changed over time, without territorial allocation updates cases would arise in which the district code of the establishment location changes without the establishment having relocated.
Notes	Due to its particular sensitivity with regard to data protection legislation, this variable is only made available to guest researchers in non-aggregate form on application and only in well-founded cases. Otherwise only the federal state (ao_bula) is supplied as regional data.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.1.5 Place of work: federal state (Bundesland) (ao_bula)

Variable label	Place of work; federal state (Bundesland)
Variable name	ao_bula
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable indicates the German state in which the establishment is lo- cated. It is generated from the district code. The first two digits of the district code indicate the federal state.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.1.6 Classification of Economic Activities 73 (w73_3)			
Variable label	Classification of Economic Activities 73, 3-digit code		
Variable name	w73_3		
Data type	Numerical		
Hierarchy	Economic sector (1-digit code) economic group (2-digit code) economic class (3-digit code)		
Origin	BeH		
Detailed descrip	 This variable identifies the economic activity as a 3-digit code in accordance with the WS73 classification. The information is available from 1975 up to and including 2002. WS73 stands for the "Industrial Classification of Economic Activities for the Statistical Office of the Federal Employment Agency, 1973 Edition". 269 classes of activity are differentiated by means of a 3-digit code, whereby the first digit defines the economic sector, from a total of 10, and the first two digits together determine the respective group, from a total of 95. Only one code may be allocated to each establishment. Establishments are assigned to the relevant economic class on the basis of their institutional orientation. 		
Variable label F	ull description Valid from Valid until		

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.1.7 Classification of Economic Activities 93, 3-digit code, (w93_3)

Variable label	WZ93, 3-digit code
Variable name	w93_3
Data type	Numerical
Hierarchy	Economic section (1-digit code) Economic division (2-digit code) Eco- nomic group (3-digit code) Economic class (4-digit code) Economic sub- class (5-digit code)
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable identifies the economic activity as a 3-digit code in ac- cordance with the WS93 classification. The information is available from 1999 up to and including 2003. WZ93 stands for the "Industrial Classification of Economic Activities for the Statistical Office of the Federal Employment Agency, 1993 Edition". The WZ93 is based on the statistical system of eco- nomic activities in the European Community, NACE Rev.1 ("Nomenclature génerale des activités économiques dans les communautés européen- nes"),which has four structural levels, the first two of which are based in turn on the international standard ISIC Rev.3 ("International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities"). Only one code may be allocated to each establishment; the classification can be used in its full depth structure, or in a shortened form as necessary. If an establishment operates in various different economic areas, the main economic activity, i.e. the economic focus, has to be established.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	WZ93, 5-digit code
Variable name	w93_5
Data type	Numerical
Hierarchy	Economic section (1-digit code) Economic division (2-digit code) Eco- nomic group (3-digit code) Economic class (4-digit code) Economic sub- class (5-digit code)
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable identifies the economic activity as a 5-digit code in ac- cordance with the WS93 classification. The information is available from 1999 up to and including 2003. WZ93 stands for the "Industrial Classification of Economic Activities for the Statistical Office of the Federal Employment Agency, 1993 Edition". The WZ93 is based on the statistical system of eco- nomic activities in the European Community, NACE Rev.1 ("Nomenclature génerale des activités économiques dans les communautés européen- nes"),which has four structural levels, the first two of which are based in turn on the international standard ISIC Rev.3 ("International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities"). Only one code may be allocated to each establishment; the classification can be used in its full depth structure, or in a shortened form as necessary. If an establishment operates in various different economic areas, the main economic activity, i.e. the economic focus, has to be established.
Notes	Due to its particular sensitivity with regard to data protection legislation, this variable is only made available to guest researchers in non-aggregate form on application and onlyin well-founded cases. Otherwise the economic activity is provided as the 3-digit code (w93_3) only.

5.1.1.8 Classification of Economic Activities 93, 5-digit code (w93_5)
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Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.1.9 Classification of Economic Activities 03, 3-digit code (w03_3)

Variable label	WZ03, 3-digit code
Variable name	w03_3
Data type	Numerical
Hierarchy	Economic section (1-digit code) Economic division (2-digit code) Eco- nomic group (3-digit code) Economic class (4-digit code) Economic sub- class (5-digit code)
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable identifies the economic activity as a 3-digit code in ac- cordance with the WZ03 classification. The information is available from 2003 up to and including 2008. WZ03 stands for the "Industrial Classification of Economic Activities, 2003 Edition" of the Federal Statistical Office (eds.). Like the WZ93, the WZ03 is based on the statistical system of economic activities in the European Community, NACE Rev.1 (for more information on NACE Rev. 1 see variable description w93_3, w93_5). The Classifications of Economic Activities have been updated, whereby the structure of WZ93 has largely been retained. Only one code may be allocated to each establishment; the classification can be used in its full depth structure, or in a shortened form as necessary.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

If an establishment operates in various different economic areas, the main economic activity, i.e. the economic focus, has to be established.

5.1.1.10 Classification of Economic Activities 03, 5-digit code (w03_5)

Variable label	WZ03, 5-digit code
Variable name	w03_5
Data type	Numerical
Hierarchy	Economic section (1-digit code) Economic division (2-digit code) Eco- nomic group (3-digit code) Economic class (4-digit code) Economic sub- class (5-digit code)
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable identifies the economic activity as a 5-digit code in ac- cordance with the WZ03 classification. The information is available from 2003 up to and including 2008. WZ03 stands for the "Industrial Classification of Economic Activities, 2003 Edition" of the Federal Statistical Office (eds.). Like the WZ93, the WZ03 is based the statistical system of economic activi- ties in the European Community, NACE Rev.1 (for more information on NACE Rev. 1 see variable description w93_3, w93_5). The Classifications of Economic Activities have been updated, whereby the structure of WZ93 has largely been retained. Only one code may be allocated to each establishment; the classification can be used in its full depth structure, or in a shortened form as necessary. If an establishment operates in various different economic areas, the main economic activity, i.e. the economic focus, has to be established.
Notes	Due to its particular sensitivity with regard to data protection legislation, this variable is only made available to guest researchers in non-aggregate form on application and only in well-founded cases. Otherwise the economic activity is provided as the 3-digit figure (w03_3) only.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.1.11 Classification of Economic Activities 08, 3-digit code (w08_3)

Variable label	WZ08, 3-digit code
Variable name	w08_3
Data type	Numerical
Hierarchy	Economic section (1-digit code) Economic division (2-digit code) Eco- nomic group (3-digit code) Economic class (4-digit code) Economic sub- class (5-digit code)
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable identifies the economic activity as a 3-digit code in ac- cordance with the WZ08 classification. The information is available from 2008 onwards. WZ08 stands for the "Industrial Classification of Economic Activities, 2008 Edition" of the Federal Statistical Office (eds.).The WZ08 is based on the statistical system of economic activities in the European

Community, NACE Rev.2.

Only one code may be allocated to each establishment; the classification can be used in its full depth structure, or in a shortened form as necessary. If an establishment operates in various different economic areas, the main economic activity, i.e. the economic focus, has to be established.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.1.12	Classification of	f Economic	Activities 08,	5-digit code	(w08_5)
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Variable label	WZ08, 5-digit code
Variable name	w08_5
Data type	Numerical
Hierarchy	Economic section (1-digit code) Economic division (2-digit code) Eco- nomic group (3-digit code) Economic class (4-digit code) Economic sub- class (5-digit code)
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable identifies the economic activity as a 5-digit code in ac- cordance with the WZ08 classification. The information is available from 2008 onwards. WZ08 stands for the "Industrial Classification of Economic Activities, 2008 Edition" of the Federal Statistical Office (eds.).The WZ08 is based on the statistical system of economic activities in the European Community, NACE Rev.2. Only one code may be allocated to each establishment; the classification can thus be used in its full depth structure, or in a shortened form as neces- sary. If an establishment operates in various different economic areas, the main economic activity, i.e. the economic focus, has to be established.
Notes	Due to its particular sensitivity with regard to data protection legislation, this variable is only made available to guest researchers in non-aggregate form on application and only in well-founded cases. Otherwise the economic activity is provided as the 3-digit figure (w08_3) only.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.2 General employment structure

5.1.2.1 Total number of employees (az_ges)

.

Variable label	Total number of employees
Variable name	az_ges
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees of an establishment for whom a notification for social security exists on 30 June of a year. Since the

introduction of the new employment notification regulations in 1999, marginal part-time employees have also been included. The variable also includes part-time employees and dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0).

5.1.2.2 Total number of full-time employees (az_ges_vz)

Variable label	Total number of full-time employees
Variable name	az_ges_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the total number of full-time employees of an estab- lishment. It does not contain marginal part-time employees or dormant em- ployment relationships (average daily wage = 0).

5.1.2.3 Number of female employees (az_f)

Variable label	Number of female employees
Variable name	az_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of female employees in an establishment.

5.1.2.4 Number of female employees, full-time (az_f_vz)

Variable label	Number of female employees, full-time
Variable name	az_f_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of female full-time employees in an estab- lishment.

5.1.2.5 Number of German employees (az_d)

Variable label	Number of German employees
Variable name	az_d
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees of German nationality in an establishment.

5.1.2.6 Number of German employees, full-time (az_d_vz)

Number of German employees, full-time
az_d_vz
Numerical
ВеН

Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees of German nation-
	ality in an establishment

5.1.2.7 Number of employees by main occupation (az_hpt)

Variable label	Number of employees by main occupation
Variable name	az_hpt
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable indicates the number of employees whose main occupation was in a particular establishment. The main occupation is defined as that with the highest daily wage rate. Should a person have several employment notifications in different establishments at the same wage rate as of 30 June of any year, the job with the longest length of employment is counted as the main occupation. A marginal part-time job is only counted as the main occu- pation if the person has no employment subject to social security.

5.1.2.8 Number of unpaid employees (az_te0)

Variable label	Number of unpaid employees
Variable name	az_te0
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees with a gross daily wage of 0. These are dormant employment relationships. Dormant employment relationships include e.g. periods of maternity protection, periods of sickness longer than 42 days, or sabbaticals.

5.1.3 Structure of employees by educational and vocational qualifications

5.1.3.1 Number of low-qualified employees (az_gq)Variable labelNumber of low-qualified employeesVariable nameaz_gqData typeNumericalOriginBeHDetailed descriptionThis variable identifies an establishment's employees who do not possess

either an upper secondary school leaving certificate as their highest school qualification or a vocational qualification. It is formed from the B2 code, which is included in the activity code. When aggregating the data from the employee to the establishment level, the number of low-skilled employees per establishment was calculated by totalling the employees in the establishment with the value 1 in the B2 code.

> An employee's educational and vocational qualifications are specified in the employment details provided by the employer in the employment notifications.

The so-called activity code consists of 5 digits and contains the following

information:

- Digits 1-3: current occupation
- Digit 4 (B1 code): occupational status
- Digit 5 (B2 code): qualifications

Values and value labels of the B2 code:

- 1: Lower/intermediate secondary school leaving certificate or equivalent school education without completed vocational training
- 2: Lower/intermediate secondary school leaving certificate or equivalent school education with completed vocational training
- 3: Upper secondary school leaving certificate (general or subjectspecific aptitude for higher education) without vocational training
- 4: Upper secondary school leaving certificate (general or subjectspecific aptitude for higher education) with vocational training
- 5: Degree from a specialised college of higher education (Fachhochschule)
- 6: University degree
- 7: Education and training unknown, no statement possible
- 9: No response

5.1.3.2 Number of low-qualified full-time employees (az_gq_vz)

Variable label	Number of low-qualified full-time employees
Variable name	az_gq_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable identifies an establishment's full-time employees who do not possess either an upper secondary school leaving certificate as their highest school qualification or a vocational qualification. When aggregating the data from the employee to the establishment level, the number of low-skilled full- time employees per establishment was calculated by totalling the full-time employees in the establishment with the value 1 in the B2 code.

For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq.

5.1.3.3 Number of qualified employees (az_mq)

Variable label	Number of qualified employees
Variable name	az_mq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable indicates the number of employees in an establishment with either an upper secondary school leaving certificate as their highest school qualification or a vocational qualification. When aggregating the data from the employee to the establishment level, the number of qualified employees per establishment was calculated by totalling the employees in the establishment with the value "2", "3" or "4" in the B2 code.

For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq.

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Variable label	Number of qualified full-time employees
Variable name	az_mq_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable indicates the number of full-time employees in an establish- ment with either an upper secondary school leaving certificate as the highest school qualification or a vocational qualification. When aggregating the data from the employee to the establishment level, the number of qualified full- time employees per establishment was calculated by totalling the full-time employees in the establishment with the value 2, 3 or 4 in the B2 code.

5.1.3.4 Number of qualified full-time employees (az_mq_vz)

For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq.

5.1.3.5 Number of highly qualified employees (az_hq)

Variable label	Number of highly qualified employees
Variable name	az_hq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The v ariable c ontains t he num ber of e mployees in an establishment w ho have a degree f rom a specialised c ollege of hi gher ed ucation (Fachhochschule) or a uni versity degree. When aggregating the dat a f rom t he employee to the establishment level, the number of highly qualified employees in the establishment was calculated by totalling the employees with the value 5 or 6 in the B2 code.

For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq.

5.1.3.6 Number of highly qualified full-time employees (az_hq_vz)

Variable label	Number of highly qualified full-time employees
Variable name	az_hq_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable contains the number of full-time employees in an establishment who have a degree from a specialised college of higher education (Fachhochschule) or a university degree. When aggregating the dat a from the employee to the establishment level, the number of highly qualified full-time employees in the establishment was calculated by totalling the full-time employees with the value 5 or 6 in the B2 code.

For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq.

5.1.3.7 Number of employees with unknown qualifications (az_uq)

Variable label	Number of employees with unknown qualifications
Variable name	az_uq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable az_uq contains the number of employees in an establishment whose qualifications are not known. The variable az_uq contains the num-

ber of employees with the value 7 or 9 in the B2 code.

For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq.

5.1.3.8 Number of full-time employees with unknown qualifications (az_uq_vz)

Variable label	Number of full-time employees with unknown qualifications
Variable name	az_uq_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable az_uq_vz contains the number of employees with unknown qualifications who are employed full-time in an establishment. The variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establishment with the value 7 or 9 in the B2 code. For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq.

5.1.3.9 Number of employees with unknown qualifications and who are not in training (az_uq_ub)

Variable label	Number of employees with unknown qualifications and who are not in train- ing
Variable name	az_uq_ub
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable $a z_uq_ub$ contains the number of employees in an establishment whose qualifications are not k nown and who are not in training. The variable contains the number of employees with the value 7 or 9 in the B2 code and for whom the value in the information on the occupational status (B1 code) is not 0.
	For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq. For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.

5.1.3.10 Number of full-time employees with unknown qualifications and who are not in training (az_uq_ub_vz)

Variable label	Number of full-time employees with unknown qualifications and who are not in training
Variable name	az_uq_ub_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable az_uq_ub_vz contains the number of full-time employees in an establishment whose qualifications are not known and who are not in training. This is the number of full-time employees with the value 7 or 9 in the B2 code and for whom the value in the information on the occupational status (B1 code) is not 0.
	For detailed information on the B2 code see variable description az_gq. For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.

5.1.4 Structure of employees by occupational status

5.1.4.1 Number of	trainees/ap	oprentices (az_az_stib)
Variable label	Number of	trainees/apprentices by occupational status
Variable name	az_az_stib	
Data type	Numerical	
Origin	BeH	
Detailed description	who are ide value 0). Th	e az_az_stib contains the number of employees in an establishment entified as trainees/apprentices by occupational status (B1 code, here is no distinction between trainees/apprentices, interns, semi- ees and participants in further training or retraining programmes.
		ee's occupational status is indicated in the employment details pro- e employer in the employment notifications.
	mation:	ed activity code consists of 5 digits and contains the following infor-
		its 1-3: current occupation
		it 4 (B1 code): occupational status it 5 (B2 code): gualifications
	• Dig	it 5 (B2 code). qualifications
		value labels of the B1 code
	Values	Value labels
	0	Employee in vocational training (trainees, apprentices, interns)
	1	Unskilled worker
	2	Skilled worker
	3	Master craftsman, foreman (regardless of whether blue or white- collar)
	4	White-collar employee (not including white-collar master crafts- man)
	5 and 6	Values currently unassigned so not to be used
	7	Home worker, freelance home worker
	8	Part-time employee with the following weekly working hours: under 20 hours (01/01/1970 – 31/12/1978) under 15 hours (01/01/1979 – 31/12/1987) under 18 hours (from 01/01/1988)
	9	Part-time employees with the following weekly working hours: 20 hours (01/01/1970 – 31/12/1978) 15 hours (01/01/1979 – 31/12/1987) 18 hours (from 01/01/1988) or more, but still below full-time hours

5.1.4.1 Number of trainees/apprentices (az_az_stib)

5.1.4.2 Number of unskilled employees (az_nfa)

Variable label	Number of unskilled employees
Variable name	az_nfa
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in an establishment who are not employed as skilled workers and have the value 1 in the B1 code.

For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.

5.1.4.3 Number of sk	illed workers (az_ta)
Variable label	Number of skilled workers
Variable name	az_fa
Data type	Numerical
Origin	BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the num ber of skilled workers in a nestablishment. This is the total number of employees with the value 2 in the B1 code.
	For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.
5.1.4.4 Number of ma	aster craftsmen and foremen (az_mp)
Variable label	Number of master craftsmen and foremen
Variable name	az_mp
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This v ariable c ontains t he num ber of master c raftsmen and f oremen e m- ployed in an establishment, who have the value 3 in the B1 code.
	For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.
5.1.4.5 Number of wh	nite-collar employees (az_ang)
Variable label	Number of white-collar employees
Variable name	az_ang
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of white-collar employees in an estab- lishment, who have the value 4 in the B1 code.
	For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.
5.1.4.6 Number of ho	me workers and freelance home workers (az_hh)
Variable label	Number of home workers and freelance home workers
Variable name	az_hh
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This v ariable c ontains t he num ber of ho me w orkers and f reelance home workers employed by an establishment, w ho ha ve t he v alue 7 i n t he B 1 code.
	For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.
5.1.4.7 Number of em	nployees in mini part-time employment (az_ktz)
Variable label	Number of employees in mini part-time employment.
Variable name	az_ktz
Data type	Numerical

5.1.4.3 Number of skilled workers (az_fa)

Origin Detailed description	BeH This variable contains the number of part-time employees (mini part-time) in an establishment. These employees have the value 8 in the B1 code. For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.
5.1.4.8 Number of em	ployees in midi part-time employment (az_gtz)
Variable label	Number of employees in midi part-time employment.
Variable name	az_gtz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of part-time employees (midi part-time) in an establishment. These employees have the value 9 in the B1 code.
	For detailed information on the B1 code see variable description az_az_stib.

5.1.5 Structure of employees by person group

5.1.5.1 Number of trainees/ apprentices by person group (az_az_pers)

Variable label	Number of trainees/ apprentices by person group
Variable name	az_az_pers
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The variable az_az_pers contains the number of employees that are defined as trainees/ apprentices in the person group code. Trainees/ apprentices, as defined by person group code 102, are "persons who, under a traineeship agreement in accordance with the German Vocational Training Act, are un- dergoing in-firm training in a recognised training occupation. Vocational training is defined as training undergone within the framework of statutory regulations for vocational training/apprenticeships in officially recognised training occupations. Further, vocational training also includes training in occupations for which no statutory training regulations exist but for which training is standard procedure and widely recognised." (Deutsche BKK (Hrsg.) (2006: p. 43)).

5.1.5.2 Number of marginal part-time workers (az_gf)

Variable label	Number of marginal part-time workers
Variable name	az_gf
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	The number of marginal part-time employees is generated from the person group code – values 109 and 209. This variable has only been included in the dataset since 1999, as that was the year when this variable was integrated into the social security notification procedure.

5.1.6 Structure of employees by Blossfeld occupational group

Variable label	Number of employees in agricultural occupations
Variable name	az_bf_agr
Data type	Numerical
Origin	BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in agricultural occupations according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations.
	In the context of the employment notification the employer indicates the occupation held by the employee in the form of the 3-digit code from the Classification of Occupations (Klassfikation der Berufe - KldB75). This information is used to recode the data to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. This classifies the occupations into a total of 12 groups on the basis of the level of requirements for the job held and the economic sector in which this job is performed. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupation of occupations and its recoding to the KldB75 can be found in Blossfeld 1987.

5.1.6.1 Number of employees: agricultural occupations (az_bf_agr)

5.1.6.2 Number of employees: unskilled manual occupations (az_bf_emb)		
Variable label	Number of employees in unskilled manual occupations	
Variable name	az_bf_emb	
Data type	Numerical	
Origin	ВеН	
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in unskilled manual occupa- tions according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.	

5.1.6.3 Number of employees: unskilled services (az_bf_edi)

Variable label	Number of employees in unskilled services
Variable name	az_bf_edi
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in unskilled services occu- pations according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.6.4 Number of employees: unskilled commercial and administrative occupations (az_bf_evb)

Variable label	Number of employees in unskilled commercial and administrative occupa- tions
Variable name	az_bf_evb
Data type	Numerical

Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in unskilled commercial and administrative occupations according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.6.5 Number of employees: skilled manual occupations (az_bf_qmb)

Variable label	Number of employees in skilled manual occupations
Variable name	az_bf_qmb
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in skilled manual occupa- tions according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.6.6 Number of employees: skilled commercial and administrative occupations (az_bf_qvb)

Variable label	Number of employees in skilled commercial and administrative occupations
Variable name	az_bf_qvb
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in skilled commercial and administrative occupations according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.6.7 Number of employees: technicians (az_bf_tec)

Variable label	Number of employed technicians
Variable name	az_bf_tec
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employed technicians according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.6.8 Number of employees: semiprofessions (az_bf_semi)

Variable label	Number of employees in semiprofessions
Variable name	az_bf_semi
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН

This variable contains the number of employees in semiprofessions according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations.	-
Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be	
found in the variable description az_bf_agr.	

5.1.6.9 Number of employees: engineers (az_bf_ing)

Variable label	Number of employed engineers
Variable name	az_bf_ing
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employed engineers according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.6.10 Number of employees: professions (az_bf_prof)

Variable label	Number of employees in professions
Variable name	az_bf_prof
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in professions according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.6.11 Number of employees: managers (az_bf_man)

Variable label	Number of employed managers
Variable name	az_bf_man
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employed managers according to the Blossfeld classification of occupations. Detailed information on the Blossfeld classification of occupations can be found in the variable description az_bf_agr.

5.1.7 Employee age structure

5.1.7.1 Number of employees by age class (az_15_19, az_20_24, az_25_29, az_30_34, az_35_39, az_40_44, az_45_49, az_50_54, az_55_59, az_60_64, az_ab65)

Variable label	Number of employees aged 15-19
Variable name	az_15_19
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who

	are aged between 15 and 19. The age is calculated from the social security number, which contains the insured person's date of birth. It is recalculated for every cross-section as of the reference date of 30.6 of the respective year. As the calculation basis "social security number" is a mandatory field in the BeH, the variable "date of birth" and thus also the variable "age" can never show missing values.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 20-24
Variable name	az_20_24
Data type	– – Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 20 and 24. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 25-29
Variable name	az_25_29
Data type	– – Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 25 and 29. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 30-34
Variable name	az_30_34
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 30 and 34. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 35-39
Variable name	az_35_39
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 35 and 39. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.

Variable label	Number of employees aged 40-44
Variable name	az_40_44
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 40 and 44. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 45-49
Variable name	az_45_49
Data type	– – Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 45 and 49. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 50-54
Variable name	az_50_54
Data type	Numerical
Origin	BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 50 and 54. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 55-59
Variable name	az_55_59
Data type	– – Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 55 and 59. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of employees aged 60-64
Variable name	az_60_64
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged between 60 and 64. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.

Variable label	Number of employees aged 65+		
Variable name	az_ab65		
Data type	Numerical		
Origin	ВеН		
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees in the establishment who are aged 65 or above. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.		
5.1.7.2 Number of full-time employees by age class (az_15_19_vz, az_20_24_vz, az_25_29_vz, az_30_34_vz, az_35_39_vz, az_40_44_vz, az_45_49_vz, az_50_54_vz, az_55_59_vz, az_60_64_vz, az_ab65_vz)			
Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 15-19		
Variable name	az_15_19_vz		
Data type	Numerical		
Origin	ВеН		
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged between 15 and 19. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.		
Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 20-24		

Variable name	az_20_24_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establishment who are aged between 20 and 24. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.

Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 25-29
Variable name	az_25_29_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged between 25 and 29. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin Detailed description	Number of full-time employees aged 30-34 az_30_34_vz Numerical BeH This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged between 30 and 34. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 35-39
Variable name	az_35_39_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged between 35 and 39. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 40-44
Variable name	az_40_44_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged between 40 and 44. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 45-49
Variable name	az_45_49_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged between 45 and 49. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 50-54
Variable name	az_50_54_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish-

ment who are aged between 50 and 54. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin Detailed description	Number of full-time employees aged 55-59 az_55_59_vz Numerical BeH This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged between 55 and 59. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label Variable name Data type Origin Detailed description	Number of full-time employees aged 60-64 az_60_64_vz Numerical BeH This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish-
	ment who are aged between 60 and 64. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.
Variable label	Number of full-time employees aged 65+
Variable name	az_ab65_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of full-time employees in the establish- ment who are aged 65 and above. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description az_15_19.

Variable label	P25 age
Variable name	alter_p25
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the age of all employees. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description alter_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	Median age
Variable name	alter_med
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the age of all employees. The age is calculated from the social security number, which contains the insured person's date of birth. It is recalculated for every cross-section as of the reference date of 30.6 of the respective year. As the calculation basis "social security number" is a mandatory field in the BeH, the variable "date of birth" and thus also the variable "age" can never show missing values.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 age
Variable name	alter_p75
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the age of all employees. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description alter_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.7.4 Age quartiles of all full-time employees (alter_p25_vz, alter_med_vz, alter_p75_vz)

Variable label	P25 age, full-time employees
Variable name	alter_p25_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the age of all full-time employ-

ees.

Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description alter_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	Median age, full-time employees
Variable name	alter_med_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the age of all full-time employees. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description alter_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 age, full-time employees
Variable name	alter_p75_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the age of all full-time employ- ees. Detailed information on the generation of the age variables can be found in the variable description alter_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.8 Research and development activities

5.1.8.1 Number of engineers and scientists (az_ingnat)

Variable label	Number of engineers and scientists
Variable name	az_ingnat

Data type	Numerical		
Origin	ВеН		
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees with a degree from a university or a specialised college of higher education (Fachhochschule) who are employed as engineers or scientists in the establishment. This is the total number of employees with the value 5 or 6 in the B2 code (education/training) and the occupational classification 601-612 or 883. This information can be used as a proxy to measure the establishment's R & D (research and development) activities. Both education/training and the occupational classification are reported by the employer in the employment details supplied in the employment notification.		
	The so-called activity code consists of 5 digits and contains the following information:		
	Digits 1-3: current occupation		
	Digit 4 (B1 code): occupational status		
	Digit 5 (B2 code): qualifications		
	The current occupation is coded in the form of the 3-digit code (occupational classification) of the Classification of Occupations (KldB75).		
	Values and value labels of the B2 code:		
	1: Lower/intermediate secondary school leaving certificate or		
	 equivalent school education without completed vocational training 2: Lower/intermediate secondary school leaving certificate or equivalent school education with completed vocational training 3: Upper secondary school leaving certificate (general or subject- specific aptitude for higher education) without vocational training 4: Upper secondary school leaving certificate (general or subject- specific aptitude for higher education) with vocational training 5: Degree from a specialised college of higher education (Fach- 		
	hochschule)		
	6: University degree		
	 7: Education and training unknown, no statement possible 9: No response 		
	• 9. No response		
5.1.9 Wage structur	e of full-time employees		
5.1.9.1 Wage quartile te_med, te_p7	es (gross average daily wage) for all full-time employees (te_p25, 5)		
Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for full-time employees		
Variable name	te_p25		
Data type	Numerical		
Origin	ВеН		
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees. It does not include marginal part- time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). Examples of dormant employment relationships are periods of maternity		

0). Examples of dormant employment relationships are periods of maternity protection, sickness lasting longer than 42 days and sabbaticals. The values are reported in euros for all years.

Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label Median gross av	verage daily wage for full-time employees
Variable name te_med	
Data type Numerical	
Origin BeH	
Detailed descriptionThis variable co- establishment's employees or do The values areIn accordance w ers must specify tributions for a g period). Until the gross earnings a only wages reco- income threshol tributions. Since wages that are I be reported. Gro continue to be g To determine th period is divided	Intains the median of the gross average daily wage of an full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time ormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). reported in euros for all years. With the regulations for social security notifications, employ- y the employee's gross wage subject to social security con- given period of time ("Zeitraumentgelt" = wage over a given e end of 1998, employers were obliged to specify only the subject to social security contributions. This meant that the orded were those that were above the marginal part-time Id and below the upper earnings limit for social security con- e 1999, however, as part of the new notification procedure, below the marginal part-time income threshold also have to coss wages that are above the upper earnings limit, however, eapped at this level. He gross daily wage, the wage for the duration of the given d by the number of calendar days within the period and the rounded to two decimal places. These data were then ag-

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label Variable name Data type	P75 gross average daily wage for full-time employees te_p75 Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees. It does not include marginal part- time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). Examples of dormant employment relationships are periods of maternity protection, sickness lasting longer than 42 days and sabbaticals. The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.9.2 Wage quartiles for female full-time employees (te_p25_f, te_med_f, te_p75_f)

Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for female full-time employees
Variable name	te_p25_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's female full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	Median gross average daily wage for female full-time employees
Variable name	te_med_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's female full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years.

Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 gross average daily wage for female full-time employees
Variable name	te_p75_f

Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's female full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years.

Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.9.3 Wage quartiles for German full-time employees (te_p25_d, te_med_d, te_p75_d)

Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for German full-time employees
Variable name	te_p25_d
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's German full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years.
	Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in

Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label Variable name	Median gross average daily wage for German full-time employees te_med_d
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's German full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 gross average daily wage for German full-time employees
Variable name	te_p75_d
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's German full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in

Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.9.4 Wage quartiles for foreign full-time employees (te_p25_a, te_med_a, te_p75_a)

Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for foreign full-time employees
Variable name	te_p25_a
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's foreign full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	Median gross average daily wage for foreign full-time employees
Variable name	te_med_a

Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's foreign full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 gross average daily wage for foreign full-time employees
Variable name	te_p75_a
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's foreign full-time employees. It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.9.5 Wage quartiles for	low-qualified full-time employees	(te_p25_gq, te_med_gq,
te_p75_gq)		

Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for low-qualified full-time employees
Variable name	te_p25_gq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees with low educational and vocational qualifications or none at all (see variable az_gq). It does not include mar- ginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label Variable name Data type	Median gross average daily wage for low-qualified full-time employees te_med_gq Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees with low educational and vocational qualifications or none at all (see variable az_gq). It does not include mar- ginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 gross average daily wage for low-qualified full-time employees
Variable name	te_p75_gq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees with low educational and vocational qualifications or none at all (see variable az_gq). It does not include mar- ginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.9.6 Wage quartiles for qualified full-time employees (te_p25_mq, te_med_mq, te_p75_mq)

Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for qualified full-time employees	
Variable name	te_p25_mq	
Data type	Numerical	

Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees with educational or vocational quali- fications (see variable az_mq). It does not include marginal part-time em- ployees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	Median gross average daily wage for qualified full-time employees
Variable name	te_med_mq
Data type	Numerical
Origin Detailed description	BeH This variable contains the median of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees with educational or vocational qualifica- tions (see variable az_mq). It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label Variable name Data type	P75 gross average daily wage for qualified full-time employees te_p75_mq Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees with educational or vocational quali- fications (see variable az_mq). It does not include marginal part-time em- ployees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	

5.1.9.7 Wage quartiles for highly qualified full-time employees (te_p25_hq, te_med_hq, te_p75_hq)

Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for highly qualified full-time employees
Variable name	te_p25_hq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees who have a degree from a special- ised college of higher education (Fachhochschule) or a university degree (see variable az_hq). It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	Median gross average daily wage for highly qualified full-time employees
Variable name	te_med_hq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees who have a degree from a specialised college of higher education (Fachhochschule) or a university degree (see variable az_hq). It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 gross average daily wage for highly qualified full-time employees
Variable name	te_p75_hq
Data type	Numerical

Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees who have a degree from a specialised college of higher education (Fachhochschule) or a university degree (see variable az_hq). It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.1.9.8 Wage quartiles for full-time employees with unknown qualifications (te_p25_uq, te_med_uq, te_p75_uq)

Variable label	P25 gross average daily wage for full-time employees with unknown qualifi- cations
Variable name	te_p25_uq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P25 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees whose qualifications are unknown (see variable az_uq). It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	Median gross average daily wage for full-time employees with unknown qualifications
Variable name	te_med_uq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the median of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees whose qualifications are unknown (see variable az_uq). It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

Variable label	P75 gross average daily wage for full-time employees with unknown qualifi- cations
Variable name	te_p75_uq
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the P75 percentile of the gross average daily wage of an establishment's full-time employees whose qualifications are unknown (see variable az_uq). It does not include marginal part-time employees or dormant employment relationships (average daily wage = 0). The values are reported in euros for all years. Detailed information on the generation of the wage variables can be found in the variable description te_med.

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
.n	Systematically not available	01.1975	
.Z	No (valid) details available	01.1975	

5.2 Extension file – Worker flows

5.2.1 Inflows General

5.2.1.1 Total inflows (ein_1)

Variable label	Total inflows
Variable name	ein_1
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the total number of worker inflows in the respective year. The inflows of a year are defined as the number of employees who were working in the establishment on the reference date of 30.6 of that year but were not working there on the reference date of the previous year. Employ- ees who join the establishment and leave it again between two reference dates are not recorded by this flow concept based on reference dates.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

Variable label Variable name	Total inflows: female ein_1_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of inflows of female workers in the re- spective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.1.2 Inflows: female (ein_1_f)

5.2.1.3 Inflows: full-time (ein_vz)

Variable label	Inflows: full-time
Variable name	ein_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows into full-time employ- ment in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notos	This veriable is a component of the PHD extension file "worker flowe" which

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.1.4 Inflows: full-time, female (ein_vz_f)

Variable label	Inflows: full-time, female
Variable name	ein_vz_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of inflows of female workers into full-time employment in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.1.5 Total re-hirings (ein_wdr)

Variable label	Inflows of re-hired workers
Variable name	ein_wdr
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of inflows in the respective year which are cases of re-hiring.

	A case is regarded as a re-hire if the employee was working in the estab- lishment on the reference date of 30.6 of the respective year and on at least one of the reference dates (30.6) in the preceding 3 years but not on that of the previous year (employment in t, t-2 or t-3, but not in t-1). Due to the definition of re-hiring, this variable is only available from 1977 onwards.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.1.6 Re-hirings: female (ein_wdr_f)

Variable label	Inflows of re-hired workers, female
Variable name	ein_wdr_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of inflows of female workers in the re- spective year which are cases of re-hiring. A case is regarded as a re-hire if the employee was working in the estab- lishment on the reference date of 30.6 of the respective year and on at least one of the reference dates (30.6) in the preceding 3 years but not on that of the previous year (employment in t, t-2 or t-3, but not in t-1). Due to the definition of re-hiring, this variable is only available from 1977 onwards.

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.1.7 Inflows: establishment movers (ein_bw)

Variable label	Inflows: establishment movers
Variable name	ein_bw
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows in the respective year which are cases of establishment movers. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.1.8 Inflows: establishment movers, female (ein_bw_f)

Variable label	Inflows: establishment movers, female
Variable name	ein_bw_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of inflows of female workers in the re- spective year which are cases of establishment movers. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable

description ein_1.

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.2 Inflows by occupational status

5.2.2.1 Inflows: trainees / apprentices (ein_azubi_stib)

Variable label	Inflows: trainees / apprentices
Variable name	ein_azubi_stib
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows in the respective year that are trainees / apprentices. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of trainees / apprentices (B1 code = 0) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.2.2 Inflows: unskilled workers (ein_nfa)

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin	Inflows: unskilled workers ein_nfa Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows in the respective year that are unskilled workers. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of unskilled workers (B1 code = 1) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.2.3 Inflows: skilled workers (ein_fa)

Variable label	Inflows: skilled workers
Variable name	ein_fa
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows in the respective year that are skilled workers. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of skilled workers (B1 code = 2) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib .

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.2.4 Inflows: master craftsmen, foremen (ein_mp)

Variable label	Inflows: master craftsmen, foremen
Variable name	ein_mp
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows in the respective year that are master craftsmen or foremen. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of master craftsman / foreman (B1 code = 3) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.2.5 Inflows: white-collar workers (ein_ang)

Variable label	Inflows: white-collar workers
Variable name	ein_ang
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows in the respective year that are white-collar workers. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of white-collar workers (B1 code = 4) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.2.6 Inflows: mini part-time employment (ein_ktz)

Variable label	Inflows: mini part-time employment
Variable name	ein_ktz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows into mini part-time em- ployment in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of mini part-time employment (B1 code = 8) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.2.7 Inflows: mini part-time employment, female (ein_ktz_f)		
Variable label	Inflows: mini part-time employment, female	
Variable name	ein_ktz_f	
Data type	Numerical	
Origin	ВеН	
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of inflows of female workers into mini part-time employment in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of mini part-time employment (B1 code = 8) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.	
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.	
5.2.2.8 Inflows: midi	part-time employment (ein_gtz)	
Variable label	Inflows: midi part-time employment	
Variable name	ein_gtz	
Data type	Numerical	
Origin	ВеН	
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows into midi part-time em- ployment in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of midi part-time employment (B1 code = 9) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.	
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.	
5.2.2.9 Inflows: midi	part-time employment, female (ein_gtz_f)	
Variable label	Inflows: midi part-time employment, female	
Variable name	ein_gtz_f	
Data type	Numerical	
Origin	ВеН	
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of inflows of female workers into midi part-time employment in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1. Detailed information on the definition of midi part-time employment (B1 code = 9) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.	
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.	

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5.2.2.10 Inflows: marginal part-time employees (ein_gf)

Variable label	Inflows: marginal part-time employees
Variable name	ein_gf
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows into marginal part-time employment in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3 Inflows by age class

5.2.3.1 Inflows: employees aged 15 -19 (ein_15_19)	
Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 15-19
Variable name	ein_15_19
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 15 and 19 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.2 Inflows: employees aged 20 -24 (ein_20_24)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 20-24
Variable name	ein_20_24
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 20 and 24 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.3 Inflows: employees aged 25-29 (ein_25_29)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 25-29
Variable name	ein_25_29
Data type	Numerical

Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 25 and 29 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.4 Inflows: employees aged 30-34 (ein_30_34)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 30-34
Variable name	ein_30_34
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 30 and 34 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.5 Inflows: employees aged 35 - 39 (ein_35_39)

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin	Inflows: employees aged 35-39 ein_35_39 Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 35 and 39 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.6 Inflows: employees aged 40- 44 (ein_40_44)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 40-44
Variable name	ein_40_44
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 40 and 44 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which

is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.7 Inflows: employees aged 45-49 (ein_45_49)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 45-49
Variable name	ein_45_49
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 45 and 49 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.8 Inflows: employees aged 50-54 (ein_50_54)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 50-54
Variable name	ein_50_54
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 50 and 54 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.9 Inflows: employees aged 55-59 (ein_55_59)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 55-59
Variable name	ein_55_59
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 55 and 59 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.10 Inflows: employees aged 60-64 (ein_60_64)

Variable label	Inflows: employees aged 60-64
Variable name	ein_60_64

Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged between 60 and 64 in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.3.11 Inflows: employees aged 65 or above (ein_ab65)

Variable label	Inflows 65+
Variable name	ein_ab65
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker inflows aged 65 or above in the respective year. Detailed information on the definition of inflows can be found in the variable description ein_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4 Outflows, general

5.2.4.1 Total outflows (aus_1)

Variable label	Total outflows
Variable name	aus_1
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the total number of worker outflows in the respective year. The outflows of a year are defined as the number of employees who were not working in the establishment on the reference date of 30.06 of that year but were working there on the reference date of the previous year. Employees who join the establishment and leave it again between two reference dates are not recorded by this flow concept based on reference dates.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4.2 Outflows: female (aus_1_f)

Variable label	Total outflows, female
Variable name	aus_1_f

Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows of female workers in the re- spective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4.3 Outflows: full-time (aus_vz)

Variable label	Outflows: full-time
Variable name	aus_vz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows from full-time employ- ment in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4.4 Outflows: full-time, female (aus_vz_f)

Variable label	Outflows: full-time, female
Variable name	aus_vz_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows of female workers from full- time employment in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being repre- sented in the establishment in the previous year.
	Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4.5 Outflows: temporary (aus_temp)

Variable label	Outflows: temporary
Variable name	aus_temp
Data type	Numerical

Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows in the respective year that are temporary outflows. An outflow is regarded as temporary if the employee was not working in the establishment on the reference date of the 30.6 of the respective year but
	was working there on the reference date of the previous year and on the reference date of the following year (employment in t-1 and t+1 but not in t).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4.6 Outflows: temporary, female (aus_temp_f)

Variable label	Outflows: temporary, female
Variable name	aus_temp_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows of female workers in the re- spective year that are temporary outflows. An outflow is regarded as temporary if the employee was not working in the establishment on the reference date of the 30.6 of the respective year but was working there on the reference date of the previous year and on the reference date of the following year (employment in t-1 and t+1 but not in t).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which

is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4.7 Outflows: establishment movers (aus_bw)

Variable label	Outflows: establishment movers
Variable name	aus_bw
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows in the respective year that move to a different establishment. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.4.8 Outflows: establishment movers, female (aus_bw_f)

Variable label	Outflows: establishment movers, female
Variable name	aus_bw_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows of female workers in the re- spective year that move to a different establishment.

Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5 Outflows by occupational status

Variable label	Outflows: trainees / apprentices
Variable name	aus_azubi_stib
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year that are trainees / apprentices. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of trainees / apprentices (B1 code = 0) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which

is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.2 Outflows: unskilled workers (aus_nfa)

Variable label	Outflows: unskilled workers
Variable name	aus_nfa
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year that are unskilled workers. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of unskilled workers (B1 code = 1) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.3 Outflows: skilled workers (aus_fa)

Variable label	Outflows: skilled workers
Variable name	aus_fa
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year

	that are skilled workers. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the estab- lishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of skilled workers (B1 code = 2) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.4 Outflows: master craftsmen / foremen (aus_mp)

Variable label	Outflows: master craftsmen / foremen
Variable name	aus_mp
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year that are master craftsmen or foremen. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of master craftsman / foreman (B1 code = 3) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notos	This variable is a component of the PHD extension file "worker flowe", which

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.5 Outflows: white-collar workers (aus_ang)

Variable label	Outflows: white-collar workers
Variable name	aus_ang
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year that are white-collar workers. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of white-collar workers (B1 code = 4) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.6 Outflows: mini part-time employment (aus_ktz)

Variable label	Outflows: mini part-time employment
Variable name	aus_ktz
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН

Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows from mini part-time employment in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of mini part-time employment (B1 code = 8) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.7 Outflows: mini part-time employment, female (aus_ktz_f)

Variable label	Outflows: mini part-time employment, female
Variable name	aus_ktz_f
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows of female workers from mini part-time employment in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of mini part-time employment (B1 code = 8) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.8 Outflows: midi part-time employment (aus_gtz)

Variable label Variable name Data type	Outflows: midi part-time employment aus_gtz Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows from midi part-time employment in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of midi part-time employment (B1 code = 9) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.9 Outflows: midi part-time employment, female (aus_gtz_f)

Variable label Outflows: midi part-time employment, female

Variable name Data type Origin	aus_gtz_f Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of outflows of female workers from midi part-time employment in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1. Detailed information on the definition of midi part-time employment (B1 code = 9) can be found in the variable description az_az_stib.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which

is only made available to users on application.

5.2.5.10 Outflows: marginal part-time employees (aus_gf)

Variable label	Outflows: marginal part-time employees
Variable name	aus_gf
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows from marginal part- time employment in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being repre- sented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6 Outflows by age class

5.2.6.1 Outflows: employees aged 15-19 (aus_15_19)

Variable label	Outflows: employees aged 15-19
Variable name	aus_15_19
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 15 and 19 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the estab- lishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6.2 Outflows: employees aged 20-24 (aus_20_24)

Variable label	Outflows: employees aged 20-24
Variable name	aus_20_24
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 20 and 24 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.
5.2.6.3 Outflows: emp	bloyees aged 25-29 (aus_25_29)
Variable label	Outflows: employees aged 25-29
Variable name	aus_25_29
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 25 and 29 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6.4 Outflows: employees aged 30-34 (aus_30_34)

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin	Outflows: employees aged 30-34 aus_30_34 Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 30 and 34 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the estab- lishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6.5 Outflows: employees aged 35-39 (aus_35_39)

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin	Outflows: employees aged 35-39 aus_35_39 Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 35 and 39 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6.6 Outflows: employees aged 40-44 (aus_40_44)

Variable label	Outflows: employees aged 40-44
Variable name	aus_40_44
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 40 and 45 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6.7 Outflows: employees aged 45-49 (aus_45_49)

Variable label	Outflows: employees aged 45-49
Variable name	aus_45_49
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 45 and 49 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the estab- lishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6.8 Outflows: employees aged 50-54 (aus_50_54)

Variable label	Outflows: employees aged 50-54	
Variable name	aus_50_54	
Data type	Numerical	
Origin	ВеН	
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 50 and 54 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the estab- lishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.	
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.	
5.2.6.9 Outflows: employees aged 55-59 (aus_55_59)		
Variable label	Outflows: employees aged 55-59	
Variable name	aus_55_59	
Data type	Numerical	
Origin	ВеН	
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 55 and 59 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the estab- lishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.	
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.	

5.2.6.10 Outflows: employees aged 60-64 (aus_60_64)

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin	Outflows: employees aged 60-64 aus_60_64 Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged between 60 and 64 in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the estab- lishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

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Variable label	Outflows 65+
Variable name	aus_ab65
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows aged 65 or above in the respective year. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establish- ment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.6.11 Outflows: employees aged 65 and above (aus_ab65)

5.2.7 Job tenure

5.2.7.1 Outflows: job tenure < 4 years (aus_senio_1)

Variable label Variable name	Outflows: job tenure <4 years aus_senio_1
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year after 1-3 years of job tenure. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.7.2 Outflows: job tenure 4-9 years (aus_senio_2)

Variable label Variable name	Outflows: job tenure 4-9 years aus_senio_2
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year after 4-9 years of job tenure. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year. Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.

Notes This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.2.7.3 Outflows: job tenure > 9 years (aus_senio_3)

Variable label	Outflows: job tenure > 9 years
Variable name	aus_senio_3
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of worker outflows in the respective year after 10 or more years of job tenure. It must be taken into account that the value 0 can also be attributed to the employee group not being represented in the establishment in the previous year.
	Detailed information on the definition of outflows can be found in the variable description aus_1.
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "worker flows", which is only made available to users on application.

5.3 Extension file – Establishment History

5.3.1 Type of entry (eintritt)

Variable label Variable name Data type Origin	Type of entry eintritt Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains the establishment's entry status. A distinction is made between whether it is a genuine new establishment start-up or only a spin- off of part of an existing establishment or a change of establishment ID. The entry status is assigned by examining worker flows in the year of entry. Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.

FDZ_gruendung_en

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
1	ID change	01.1976	
2	Spin-off /pulled	01.1976	
3	Spin-off /pushed	01.1976	
4	New estab. (small)	01.1976	
5	New estab. (medium & large)	01.1976	
6	New estab. (chunky)	01.1976	
7	Unclear	01.1976	

5.3.2 Generated technical auxiliary variables, entry (besch, inflow, betnr_vor, besch_vor, status_vor)

Variable label	Employees in year of entry
Variable name	besch
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the total number of employees as of the reference date of the year of entry. The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's entry status (see the variable "eintritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Inflow from predecessor establishment
Variable name	inflow
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees who switch from the prede- cessor establishment to the establishment under examination (as of the reference date of the year of entry). The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's entry status (see the variable "eintritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Artificial establishment number, predecessor
Variable name	betnr_vor
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	Artificial establishment number BHP75-08 of the establishment from which most of the inflows come in the year of entry of the establishment under examination (predecessor establishment). The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's entry status (see the variable "eintritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Employees in predecessor establishment

Variable name	besch vor
Data type	– Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the total number of employees in the predecessor establishment as of the reference date of the previous year. The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's entry status (see the variable "eintritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Status of predecessor establishment
Variable name	status_vor
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains information about the status of the predecessor es- tablishment. It distinguishes whether the establishment still exists or is being closed down. The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's entry
	status (see the variable "eintritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).

5.3.3	Type of exit (austritt)	
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Variable label Variable name Data type Origin	Type of exit austritt Numerical BeH
Detailed description	This variable contains details regarding the type of exit of the establishment. It distinguishes first and foremost whether it is a genuine closure or simply a take-over by another establishment or a change of ID. The exit status is assigned by examining worker flows in the year of exit. Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.

FDZ_schließung_en

Variable label	Full description	Valid from	Valid until
1	ID change	01.1975	
2	Take-over/restructuring	01.1975	

3	Spin-off /pushed	01.1975
4	Small death	01.1975
5	Atomized death	01.1975
6	Chunky death	01.1975
7	Unclear	01.1975

5.3.4 Generated technical auxiliary variables, exit (besch, outflow, betnr_nach, besch_nach, status_nach)

Variable label	Employees in year of exit
Variable name	besch
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the total number of employees as of the reference date of the year of exit. The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's exit status (see the variable "austritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Outflows to successor establishment
Variable name	outflow
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the number of employees who switch to the success- sor establishment after the exit of the establishment under examination. The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's exit status (see the variable "austritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Artificial establishment number, successor
Variable name	betnr_nach
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	Artificial establishment number BHP75-08 of the establishment to which most of the outflows move after the exit of the establishment under examina- tion (successor establishment). The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's exit status (see the variable "austritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).

Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Employees in successor establishment
Variable name	besch_nach
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains the total number of employees in the successor es- tablishment as of the reference date of the following year. The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's exit status (see the variable "austritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.
Variable label	Status of successor establishment
Variable name	status_nach
Data type	Numerical
Origin	ВеН
Detailed description	This variable contains information about the status of the successor estab- lishment. It distinguishes whether the successor is a new establishment or one that was established previously. The variable is an auxiliary variable to determine an establishment's exit status (see the variable "austritt"). Detailed information about this procedure can be found in Hethey, Schmieder (2010).
Notes	This variable is a component of the BHP extension file "establishment his- tory", which is only made available to users on application.

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7 Table of acronyms

BA	Federal Employment Agency (Bundesagentur für Arbeit, formerly: Bundesanstalt für Arbeit)
BeH	Employee History File of the IAB
BHP	Establishment History Panel
DEÜV	Data Collection and Transmission Regulation (effective as of 1 January 1999)
DEVO	Data Collection Regulation (2nd DEVO was substituted by the Data Collection and Transmis sion Regulation on 1 January 1999)
DÜVO	Data Transmission Regulation (2nd DÜVO was substituted by the Data Collection and Transmission Regulation on 1 January 1999)
FDZ	Research Data Centre
IAB	Institute for Employment Research
NACE	Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community
SGB	German Social Code
VZ	Full-time
ΤZ	Part-time

Appendix: Employers' notification of employees subject to social security as of 01/04/1999

* Hinweise siehe Rückseite	Beim Ausfüllen mit der Schreibmasch können Sie fortlaufend schreiben; Sie brauchen die Kästchen dabei nici zu beachten!	Die hiermit angeforderten personenbezogenen daten werden unter Bea
Versicherungsnummer Name, Vorsatzwort, Namensz Vorname Straße und Hausnummer (Land) Postleitzahl	Anschrift nur bei Anmeidung und An Wohnort	Personalnummer (freiwillige Angabe)
Grund der Abgabe*	Kontrollmeldung	Sofortmeldung Namensänderung Staatsangehörigkei
Beschäftigungszeit von KV RV Beitragsgruppen*	ALV PV Angaben zur	Betriebsnummer des Arbeitgebers Personengrupper Schäftigung Ost
	Tätigkeit	Staatsangehörigkeit*
Beitragspflichtiges Bruttoar (in DM	beitsentgelt DM ohne Pfennige / Euro ohne Cent)	
		Betriebsnummer des Arbeitgebers Personengruppe* schäftigung Ost
KV RV Beitragsgruppen*	ALV PV Angaben zur Tätigkeit	Schlussel der Staatsangehörigkeit*
Beitragspflichtiges Bruttoar	Tätigkeit	Schlussel der Staatsangehörigkeit*
Beitragspflichtiges Bruttoar (in DM Namensänderung Name. Vorsatzwort, Namensz Vorname	beitsentgelt ohne Pfennige / Euro ohne Cent)	Staatsangehörigkeit*
Beitragspflichtiges Bruttoar (in DM Namensänderung Name, Vorsatzwort, Namensz Vorname Vorname	Tatigkeit beitsentgelt ohne Pfennige / Euro ohne Cent) DM tusatz, Titel (Irennung durch Kommata) Behörigkeit Schlüssel der neuen Staatsangehörigkeit	Euro
Beitragspflichtiges Bruttoar (in DM Namensänderung Name, Vorsatzwort, Namensz Vorname Vorname	Tatigkeit beitsentgelt ohne Pfennige / Euro ohne Cent) DM tusatz, Titel (Irennung durch Kommata) gehörigkeit Schlüssel der neuen Staatsangehörigkeit* ngsnummer angegeben werden kar	Euro
Beitragspflichtiges Bruttoar (in DM Namensänderung Name, Vorsatzwort, Namensz Vorname Anderung der Staatsang Wenn keine Versicherun Geburtsname Geburtsdatum	beitsentgelt ohne Pfennige / Euro ohne Cent) usatz. Titel (Trennung durch Kommata) gehörigkeit Schlussel der neuen Staatsangehorigkeit ² ngsnummer angegeben werden ka Ges mannlich hahme einer Beschäftigung von n	Euro Euro Geburtsort Geburtsort Schlussel der

Grund der Abgabe in den Meldungen nach der DEÜV

Anmeldungen

- 10 Anmeldung wegen Beginn einer Beschäftigung
- 11 Anmeldung wegen Krankenkassenwechsel 12 Anmeldung wegen Beitragsgruppenwechsel
- 13 Anmeldung wegen sonstiger Gründe/ Änderungen im Beschäftigungsverhältnis
- z.B.
- Anmeldung nach unbezahltem Urlaub oder Streik von mehr als einem Monat nach § 7 Abs. 3 Satz 1 SGB IV
- Anmeldung wegen Wechsel des Entgelt-
- Anmeldung wegen Änderung des Personen-gruppenschlüssels ohne Beitragsgruppenwechsel

Meldungen in Insolvenzfällen

- 70 Jahresmeldung für freigestellte Arbeiter 71 Meldung des Vortages der Insolvenz/
- der Freistellung 72 Entgeltmeldung zum rechtlichen Ende
- der Beschäftigung

Abmeldungen

- 30 Abmeldung wegen Beginn einer Beschäftigung
- 31 Abmeldung wegen Krankenkassenwechsel
- 32 Abmeldung wegen Beitragsgruppenwechsel
- 33 Abmeldung wegen sonstiger Gründe / Änderungen im Beschäftigungsverhältnis
- 34 Abmeldung wegen Ende einer sozial-versicherungsrechtlichen Beschäftigung nach einer Unterbrechung von länger als einem Monat
- 35 Abmeldung wegen Arbeitskampf von länger als einem Monat
- 36 Abmeldung wegen Wechsel des Entgelt-abrechnungssystems (optional)
- 40 Gleichzeitige An- und Abmeldung wegen Ende der Beschäftigung 49 Abmeldung wegen Tod

Jahresmeldung / Unterbrechungsmeldungen / sonstige Entgeltmeldungen 50 Jahresmeldung

- 51 Unterbrechnungsmeldung wegen Bezug von bzw. Anspruch auf Entgeltersatzleistungen52 Unterbrechungsmeldung wegen
- Erziehungsurlaub
- 53 Unterbrechungsmeldung wegen gesetzlicher Dienstpflich
- 54 Meldung eines einmalig gezahlten Arbeitsentgelts (Sondermeldung)

Personengruppen in den Meldungen nach der DEÜV

- 101 Sozialversicherungspflichtig Beschäftigte ohne besondere Merkmale 102 Auszubildende
- 103 Beschäftigte in Altersteilzeit
- 104 Hausgewerbetreibende
- 105 Praktikanten
- 106 Werkstudenten
- 107 Personen in Einrichtungen der Jugendhilfe oder in Werkstätten für Behinderte
- 108 Bezieher von Vorruhestandsgeld
- Bezieher von Vortunestandsgeru
 Geringtügig entlohnte Beschältigte nach § 8 Abs. 1 Nr. 1 SGB IV
 Kurztristig Beschältigte nach § 8 Abs. 1 Nr. 2 SGB IV
- 112 Mitarbeitende Familienangehörige
- in der Landwirtschaft 113 Nebenerwerbslandwirte
- 114 Nebenerwerbslandwirte saisonal beschäftigt
- 116 Ausgleichsgeldempfänger nach dem FELEG
- 118 Unständig Beschäftigte
- 119 Versicherungsfreie Altersvollrentner und Versorgungsbezieher wegen Alters 120 Personen, bei denen eine Beschäftigung
- vermutet wird (§ 7 Abs. 4 SGB IV)

Häufige Staatsangehörigkeiten

deutsch 000

ägyptisch	287	luxemburgisch	143
amerikanisch	368	marokkanisch	252
athiopisch	225	niederländisch	148
belgisch	124	norwegisch	149
britisch	168	österreichisch	151
dänisch	126	pakistanisch	461
tinnisch	128	polnisch	152
französisch	129	portugiesisch	153
ghanaisch	238	rumänisch	154
griechisch	134	schwedisch	157
indisch	436	schweizerisch	158
iranisch	439	spanisch	161
irisch	135	thailändisch	476
isländisch	136	tschechisch	164
italienisch	137	tunesisch	285
japanisch	442	türkisch	163
jugoslawisch	138	ungarisch	165
liechtensteinisch	141		

Beitragsgruppen in den Meldungen nach der DEÜV

5

Die Beitragsgruppen sind so zu verschlüsseln, dass für jeden Beschäftigten in der Reihenfolge: Krankenversicherung, Rentenversicherung, Arbeitslosenversicherung und Pflegeversicherung, die jeweils zutreffende Ziffer anzugeben ist.

Krankenversicherung (KV)

- kein Beitrag allgemeiner Beitrag 0
- erhöhter Beitrag 3
- ermäßigter Beitrag 4
- Beitrag zur landwirtschaftlichen KV Arbeitgeberbeitrag zur landwirt-5
- schaftlichen KV
- 6 Pauschalbeitrag für geringfügig Beschäftigte

freiwillige Krankenversicherung

9 Firmenzahler

Rentenversicherung (RV)

- 0 kein Beitrag 1 voller Beitrag zur ArV
- voller Beitrag zur AnV
- 3 halber Beitrag zur ArV 4

halber Beitrag zur AnV

- Pauschalbeitrag zur ArV für geringfügig Beschäftigte 6 Pauschalbeitrag zur AnV für geringfügig Beschäftigte

Arbeitslosenversicherung (ALV) 0 kein Beitrag

- voller Beitrag
- 2 halber Beitrag

Pflegeversicherung (PV)

- 0 kein Beitrag voller Beitrag
- 2 halber Beitrag

111 Personen in berufsfördernden Maßnahmen zur Rehabilitation

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