



A small-area index of socioeconomic deprivation to capture health inequalities in France.

Submitted by Julie Bodin on Wed, 12/03/2014 - 10:16

Titre	A small-area index of socioeconomic deprivation to capture health inequalities in France.
Type de publication	Article de revue
Auteur	Havard, Sabrina [1], Deguen, Séverine [2], Bodin, Julie [3], Louis, Karine [4], Laurent, Olivier [5], Bard, Denis [6]
Editeur	Elsevier
Type	Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture
Année	2008
Langue	Anglais
Date	2008 Dec
Pagination	2007-16
Volume	67
Titre de la revue	Social Science and Medicine
ISSN	0277-9536
Mots-clés	Adolescent [7], Adult [8], Aged [9], Censuses [10], Female [11], France [12], Health Status Disparities [13], Humans [14], Male [15], Middle Aged [16], Myocardial Infarction [17], Outcome Assessment (Health Care) [18], Poverty [19], Reproducibility of Results [20], Rural Population [21], Small-Area Analysis [22], Social Class [23], Urban Population [24], Young Adult [25]
Résumé en anglais	<p>In the absence of individual data, ecological or contextual measures of socioeconomic level are frequently used to describe social inequalities in health. This work focuses on the methodological aspects of the development and validation of a French small-area index of socioeconomic deprivation and its application to the evaluation of the socioeconomic differentials in health outcomes. This index was derived from a principal component analysis of 1999 national census data from the Strasbourg metropolitan area in eastern France, at the census block level. Composed of 19 variables that reflect the multiple aspects of socioeconomic status (income, employment, housing, family and household, and educational level), it can discriminate disadvantaged urban centres from more privileged rural and suburban areas. Several statistical tests (Cronbach's alpha coefficient, convergent validity tests with other deprivation indices from the literature) provided internal and external validation. Its successful application to another French metropolitan area (Lille, in northern France) confirmed its transposability. Finally, its capacity to capture the social inequalities in health when applied to myocardial infarction data shows its potential value. This study thus provides a new tool in French public health research for characterising neighbourhood deprivation and detecting socioeconomic disparities in the distribution of health outcomes at the small-area level.</p>
URL de la notice	http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua5737 [26]

DOI 10.1016/j.socscimed.2008.09.031 [27]
Autre titre Soc Sci Med
Identifiant
(ID) PubMed 18950926 [28]

Liens

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- [27] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.socscimed.2008.09.031>
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Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)