

Hybrid poly(lactic acid)/nanocellulose/nanoclay composites with synergistically enhanced barrier properties and improved thermomechanical resistance - DTU Orbit (09/11/2017)

Hybrid poly(lactic acid)/nanocellulose/nanoclay composites with synergistically enhanced barrier properties and improved thermomechanical resistance

Poly(lactic acid) (PLA)-based hybrid nanocomposites (PLA, nanoclay and nanocellulose) were prepared by reinforcing neat PLA with commercially available nanoclay (Cloisite C30B) and nanocellulose, in the form of either partially acetylated cellulose nanofibres (CNFs) or nanocrystalline cellulose. Composites with 1 or 5 wt% of nanocellulose, in combination with 1, 3 and 5 wt% of nanoclay, were prepared, and their barrier properties were investigated. It was found that the combination of clay and nanocellulose clearly resulted in synergistic behaviour in terms of the oxygen transmission rate (OTR) through a reduction of up to 90% in OTR and a further reduction in the water vapour transmission rate of up to 76%. In addition, the nanocomposite films showed improved thermomechanical resistance and improved crystallisation kinetics while maintaining high film transparency. This makes the hybrid PLA/CNF/C30B nanocomposites a very promising material for food packaging applications. © 2016 Society of Chemical Industry

General information

State: Published

Organisations: Department of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, The Danish Polymer Centre, University of British Columbia, Grenoble-INP Pagora

Authors: Trifol Guzman, J. (Intern), Plackett, D. (Ekstern), Sillard, C. (Ekstern), Szabo, P. (Intern), Bras, J. (Ekstern), Daugaard, A. E. (Intern)

Pages: 988-995

Publication date: 2016

Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information

Journal: Polymer International

Volume: 65

Issue number: 8

ISSN (Print): 0959-8103

Ratings:

BFI (2017): BFI-level 1

Web of Science (2017): Indexed Yes

BFI (2016): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2016): CiteScore 2.24 SJR 0.699 SNIP 0.778

Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes

BFI (2015): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2015): SJR 0.743 SNIP 0.898 CiteScore 2.4

BFI (2014): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2014): SJR 0.779 SNIP 0.953 CiteScore 2.31

Web of Science (2014): Indexed yes

BFI (2013): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2013): SJR 0.818 SNIP 1.251 CiteScore 2.52

ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes

BFI (2012): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2012): SJR 0.78 SNIP 1.039 CiteScore 2.09

ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes

Web of Science (2012): Indexed yes

BFI (2011): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2011): SJR 0.809 SNIP 1.072 CiteScore 2.21

ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes

Web of Science (2011): Indexed yes

BFI (2010): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.999 SNIP 0.969

BFI (2009): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2009): SJR 1.107 SNIP 0.965

BFI (2008): BFI-level 1

Scopus rating (2008): SJR 0.961 SNIP 1.008

Scopus rating (2007): SJR 0.89 SNIP 1.009

Scopus rating (2006): SJR 0.868 SNIP 1.058

Scopus rating (2005): SJR 0.804 SNIP 0.828

Scopus rating (2004): SJR 0.748 SNIP 0.865

Scopus rating (2003): SJR 0.785 SNIP 0.819

Scopus rating (2002): SJR 0.808 SNIP 0.932

Scopus rating (2001): SJR 0.82 SNIP 0.934

Scopus rating (2000): SJR 0.658 SNIP 0.817

Scopus rating (1999): SJR 0.784 SNIP 1.039

Original language: English

Cellulose nanofibres (CNF), Nanoclay, Poly(lactic acid) (PLA), Nanocomposites, Barrier properties, Thermomechanical properties

Electronic versions:

Hybrid_poly_lactic_acid_nanocellulose_nanoclay_composites_manuskript.pdf. Embargo ended: 08/06/2017

Supporting_Information_Hybrid_poly.pdf. Embargo ended: 07/06/2017

DOIs:

10.1002/pi.5154

Source: FindIt

Source-ID: 277733428

Publication: Research - peer-review › Journal article – Annual report year: 2016