Monitoring pig movement at the slaughterhouse using optical flow and modified angular histograms - DTU Orbit (08/11/2017)

Monitoring pig movement at the slaughterhouse using optical flow and modified angular histograms

We analyse the movement of pig herds through video recordings at a slaughterhouse by using statistical analysis of optical flow (OF) patterns. Unlike the previous attempts to analyse pig movement, no markers, trackers nor identification of individual pigs are needed. Our method handles the analysis of unconstrained areas where pigs are constantly entering and leaving. The goal is to improve animal welfare by real-time prediction of abnormal behaviour through proper interventions. The aim of this study is to identify any stationary pig, which can be an indicator of an injury or an obstacle. In this study, we use the OF vectors to describe points of movement on all pigs and thereby analyse the herd movement. Subsequently, the OF vectors are used to identify abnormal movements of individual pigs. The OF vectors, obtained from the pigs, point in multiple directions rather than in one movement direction. To accommodate the multiple directions of the OF vectors, we propose to quantify OF using a summation of the vectors into bins according to their angles, which we call modified angular histograms. Sequential feature selection is used to select angle ranges, which identify pigs that are moving abnormally in the herd. The vector lengths from the selected angle ranges are compared to the corresponding median, 25th and 75th percentiles from a training set, which contains only normally moving pigs. We show that the method is capable of locating stationary pigs in the recordings regardless of the number of pigs in the frame.

General information

State: Published Organisations: Department of Applied Mathematics and Computer Science , Statistics and Data Analysis, Danish Meat Research Institute Authors: Gronskyte, R. (Intern), Clemmensen, L. K. H. (Intern), Hviid, M. S. (Ekstern), Kulahci, M. (Intern) Pages: 19-30 Publication date: 2016 Main Research Area: Technical/natural sciences

Publication information

Journal: Biosystems Engineering Volume: 141 Issue number: January ISSN (Print): 1537-5110 Ratings: BFI (2017): BFI-level 1 Web of Science (2017): Indexed Yes BFI (2016): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2016): SJR 0.738 SNIP 1.573 CiteScore 2.64 Web of Science (2016): Indexed yes BFI (2015): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2015): SJR 0.856 SNIP 1.64 CiteScore 2.41 BFI (2014): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2014): SJR 0.894 SNIP 1.753 CiteScore 2.17 BFI (2013): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2013): SJR 0.785 SNIP 1.739 CiteScore 2.1 ISI indexed (2013): ISI indexed yes BFI (2012): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2012): SJR 0.887 SNIP 1.655 CiteScore 1.95 ISI indexed (2012): ISI indexed yes BFI (2011): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2011): SJR 0.752 SNIP 1.393 CiteScore 1.71 ISI indexed (2011): ISI indexed yes BFI (2010): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2010): SJR 0.719 SNIP 1.124 BFI (2009): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2009): SJR 0.718 SNIP 0.955 BFI (2008): BFI-level 1 Scopus rating (2008): SJR 0.799 SNIP 1.501 Scopus rating (2007): SJR 0.67 SNIP 1.309 Web of Science (2007): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2006): SJR 0.767 SNIP 1.649

Web of Science (2006): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2005): SJR 0.641 SNIP 1.4 Web of Science (2005): Indexed yes Scopus rating (2004): SJR 0.581 SNIP 1.092 Scopus rating (2003): SJR 0.487 SNIP 1.01 Scopus rating (2002): SJR 0.709 SNIP 1.062 Scopus rating (2001): SJR 0.652 SNIP 1.182 Scopus rating (2000): SJR 0.593 SNIP 1.377 Scopus rating (1999): SJR 0.55 SNIP 1.182 Original language: English Optical flow, Support Vector Machines, Modified angular histograms, Abnormal movement detection DOIs: 10.1016/j.biosystemseng.2015.10.002 Source: FindIt Source-ID: 276876640 Publication: Research - peer-review > Journal article - Annual report year: 2016