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SATELLITE GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL REMOTE SENSING OF ICELAND

Richard S. Williams, Jr. U. S. Geological Survey Reston, Virginia 22090

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1 March 1974

Type II Progress Report for the Period 1 September 1973 - 28 February 1974

Prepared for:

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Figure 2A. Technical Report Standard Title Page. This page provides the data elements required by DoD Form DD-1473, HEW Form OE-6000 (ERIC), and similar forms. 8

INT: 2090-72

#### Type II Progress Report ERTS-1

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#### a. Title: Satellite Geological and Geophysical Remote Sensing of Iceland

ERTS-A Proposal No.: SR 651

b. GSFC ID No. of P.I.: IN 079

c. Statement and explanation of <u>any</u> problems that are impeding the progress of the investigation:

Two problems still persist in reaching all of the research objectives of this experiment. The first is the discontinuous coverage of Iceland, which when combined with persistent cloudiness, limits usable cloud-free imagery of Iceland on a seasonal basis. For example, even though each area in Iceland is imaged 3 days in a row (because of orbital spacing at a latitude of 65°N.), and all of Iceland is imaged in 10 successive days every 18 days, in 1-1/2 years (1 September 1972 - 1 March 1974) of potential image acquisition, only 20 percent of the possible image-acquisition days were used. This does not count the months of December and January for 1972-1973 or 1973-1974. During this period there were about 220 days for possible data acquisition. There were 45 separate days of at least one image acquired which can be subdivided into 14 single days, 5 double-day sequences, 2 triple-day sequences, 1 quadruple-day sequence, and 2 quintuple-day sequences during these 1-1/2 months. Five frames (north to south) could have been collected each image-acquisition day for a potential total of 1100 frames. Only 10 percent of the total, 114 individual frames, were acquired or 51 percent of the potential total for 45 days of actual data acquisition. This can be subdivided into 16 days of 1 frame, 6 days of 2 frames, 8 days of 3 frames, 13 days of 4 frames, and 2 days of 5 frames. In addition, of the total of 114 individual frames, 52 (46 percent) are usable for analysis. Even with the limited coverage, however, usable imagery exists for each of the following months: September (4 frames), October (7 frames), and November (1 frame), 1972; January (2 frames), February (6 frames), March (7 frames), May (2 frames), July (8 frames), August (4 frames), September (4 frames), and October (6 frames), 1973. Although generally, only for four or five frames, all were acquired on the same day during one orbital pass.

Of 24 frames of different ERTS imagery which completely cover Iceland, in only 15 cases is there usable imagery which covers the same area more than once. Because it takes 29 different frames to completely cover Iceland, five areas, particularly in the northwestern part of the country, had no usable ERTS imagery ever acquired.

The reason for presenting all of this statistical data is to show the limited coverage of Iceland and the distribution of usable imagery. The absence or paucity of ERTS data of Iceland during the spring and early summer months (March, April, May, and June 1973) has impacted most severely on those experiments which lack data during the spring - when many aspects of the environment are undergoing dynamic environmental change (e.g., change in snowcover, vegetation growth, river flooding, sea ice buildup, etc.). The latter experiment was the most severely affected by less than maximum number of frames on orbital passes and minimal coverage of northwestern Iceland. This is because sea ice usually makes its closest approach to Iceland in the northwest, and because of the lack of coverage (limited number of frames) north of Iceland.

The limited coverage of Iceland was the result of a number of factors: tape recorder limitations, priorities assigned to other test sites, lack of timely weather data, restrictions on minimum sun angle necessary for data acquisition, and command-and-control limitations of the ERTS-1 spacecraft.

Even with all these limitations on acquisition of ERTS data of Iceland, I should like to point out that NDPF has done a superb job in scheduling the available imagery. NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center is to be commended for carrying out a difficult job and providing the data which has formed the basis for a number of new research findings from the Iceland experiment.

Some difficulty has developed in getting color composites from User Services. Requests made on Data Request Forms have been turned down because of "poor quality" of the imagery. Yet when I have ordered color composites of the same scenes from General Electric (Beltsville, Md.) to meet the research objectives of the experiment, superb color composites have been made for me. There is a problem here in defining "poor quality" which must be resolved. There also seems to be a deterioration in quality of color composites from NASA, particularly the preparation of transparencies and prints which are far too dark, thus masking important data. The color composites have been very important to many of the results from the Iceland experiment. It appears that someone in NASA has come to the totally erroneous, ill-conceived, and unfortunate conclusion that color composites are of little value. Nothing could be farther from the truth. Improvement in quality of color composites is a must!

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d. Discussion of the accomplishments during the reporting period and those planned for the next reporting period:

1. Most of the reporting period was directed at analysis of data, presentation of results to different forums, and preparation of papers for publication. All ERTS-1 imagery of Iceland, which was acquired during the reporting period has been catalogued, annotated, and studied.

2. Papers were presented before four different scientific groups: a) presentation of research findings before the special NASA review of the status of experiments for each ERTS-1 investigator (Oct. 1973); b) presentation of the initial results of the ERTS experiment in Iceland before the National Academy of Sciences' Committee on Polar Research (Oct. 1973); c) presentation of a paper on the geological importance of ERTS imagery of Vatnajökull, Iceland, to the Geological Society of America Annual Meetings (Nov. 1973); d) presentation of preliminary results of the ERTS experiment of Iceland before the American Society of Photogrammetry's Symposium on Management and Utilization of Remote Sensing Data (Oct. 1973).

3. Summaries were submitted and papers are under preparation for the Ninth International Symposium on Remote Sensing of Environment (Apr. 1974) and the International Society of Glaciology's Symposium on Remote Sensing in Glaciology (Sep. 1974).

4. Two lectures on ERTS were presented to the Department of Geology, State University of New York (College at Cortland) (Nov. 1973), and one lecture to the American-Scandinavian Foundation on the value of ERTS to environmental studies of Iceland (Feb. 1974).

5. Two days were spent at Johnson Space Center, Houston, Texas, reviewing all of the color and color infrared aerial photography and aerial thermography of Iceland which was acquired in August 1973. Analysis of the aerial data will be incorporated into the analysis of ERTS imagery later in the project. As a result of this trip, a two-day trip was made to Lamont Geological Observatory to meet with Dr. Guðmundur Pálmason, one of the Icelandic co-investigators, who is on a visiting professorship to Columbia University. A review of the aerial photography, aerial thermography, and ERTS imagery was carried out at that time.

6. One day visits to the EROS Program of the U. S. Geological Survey were made by Prof. Magnús Magnússon, Director of the University of Iceland's Science Institute in Reykjavík, Iceland, and Mr. Steingrímur Hermannsson, M. P., and Director of the (Icelandic) National Research Council, in January and February, respectively, to review the status of and progress with the ERTS project in Iceland. Tentative plans were made to hold a remote sensing seminar in Iceland later in the year on the basis of research results from the ERTS imagery and with other remotely sensed data (aerial photography and thermography, weather satellite imagery, etc.) resulting from the principal investigator's geological remote sensing research projects in Iceland, beginning in 1966.

7. Special black and white and color enlargements were made of selected ERTS images of Iceland and distributed to the co-investigators for analysis. Enlargements were made to exact 1:500,000 and 1:250,000 scales from NDPF negatives (3rd generation). Special black and white enlargements (as much as 1:84,225) have been made of certain phenomena of Iceland for comparison with depiction of such features on published maps. Good results on coastal features and glaciological features, because of their high contrast [e.g., waves breaking on coast of island or along coast (white fringe separating dark water from dark beach), bright white of glaciers when compared with surrounding terrain] has been achieved.

8. For the next, and final six months of the ERTS-1 experiment of Iceland, emphasis will be placed on preparation of scientific papers and orthoimage maps of Iceland. Research emphasis will be placed on the mapping of glaciological phenomena. The following activities, including trips, will be carried out during the next six months:

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a) Preparation of a paper, "Environmental Studies of Iceland with ERTS-1 Imagery," for the Ninth Environmental Symposium on Remote Sensing of Environment, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan (15-19 Apr. 1974).

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b) Preparation of a paper, "Glaciological Studies in Iceland with ERTS-1 Imagery," for the International Society of Glaciology's Symposium on Remote Sensing in Glaciology, Cambridge, England (16-20 Sep. 1974).

c) Participation in a NATO Advanced Study Institute, "Geodynamics of Iceland and the North Atlantic Area," Reykjavík, Iceland. Also research with Icelandic co-investigators. (30 Jun. - 13 Jul. 1974).

d) Member of a glaciological expedition onto Vatnajökull (icecap) to make field observations of glaciological features mapped on ERTS-1 imagery. Also research with Icelandic co-investigators. (29 May - 8 June 1974).

e) Presentation of "Iceland Seminar and Workshop on Remote Sensing of the Environment," in Reykjavík, Iceland, with particular emphasis on the use of ERTS-1 imagery to the monitoring of the natural resources and environment of Iceland. Also research with Icelandic co-investigators. (3-12 Sep. 1974).

f) Preparation of a false-color (MSS), uncontrolled, orthoimage mosaic of Iceland (1:1,000,000-scale).

g) Preparation of 1:250,000-scale controlled,
 orthoimage mosaic maps of the largest icecaps in Iceland
 (3 sheets, contiguous to each other) in association with
 the Icelandic Geodetic Survey (Landmælingar Íslands).

h) Preparation of 1:500,000-scale, controlled, orthoimage mosaic map of Iceland in 3 types: band 5 (summer), band 7 (summer), and band 7 (winter) in association with the Icelandic Geodetic Survey (Landmælingar Íslands).

e. Discussion of significant scientific results and their relationship to practical applications or operational problems including estimates of the cost benefits of any significant results:

ERTS imagery provides sufficient resolution to discern two effects of geothermal activity at the Namafjall geothermal area: snowmelt anomalies and, on MSS color composites, delineation of altered ground. The primary axes of the

fallout pattern of tephra from Hekla's 1970 volcanic eruption can be mapped where sufficient depth of deposition destroyed the vegetation. Lava flows from Askja's 1961 volcanic eruption and Hekla's 1970 volcanic eruption, and new land created by the 1973 volcanic eruption on Heimaey can be mapped. Low sun-angle imagery (<10°) of snowcovered terrain has permitted the mapping of new structural and volcanic features beneath the glacial ice in the active zones of Iceland. Coastline changes on the islands of Surtsey (erosion) and Heimaey (before, during, and after cessation of volcanic activity) can be mapped from 1:100,000-scale enlargements. The changing size of sediment plumes from glacial rivers on the south coast give a qualitative indication of seasonal changes in melting rates of glaciers. ERTS imagery has been shown to be especially amenable to portrayal of the entire areal extent of most glaciers and icecaps at different points in time, thereby accurately showing changes with time of glaciological phenomena. Surging glaciers, collapse features in icecaps caused by subglacial volcanic (?) and geothermal activity and resulting jökulhlaups, and variations in size of glacier-margin lakes have all been successfully mapped in Iceland from ERTS imagery. In addition to the previous delineation of four distinct vegetation types on MSS color composites (forested areas, cultivated areas, grasslands, and reclaimed areas) and barren areas (absence of color), a fifth vegetation class has been added: lichen-covered bedrock. The high latitude of Iceland permits considerable stereoscopic coverage on side-lapping ERTS imagery with features with relief as little as 100 m discernible. This ability to study landforms, vegetation distribution, occurrence of snowcover, glaciers, and geologic structure stereoscopically generally permits a more precise analysis to be made of these phenomena. [1C, 2D, 2I (photogrammetry), 3C, 3F, 3I, 3K, 4D, 4G, 4H, 5D, 5H, 10A (Iceland)]

f. A listing of published articles, and/or papers, preprints, in-house reports, abstracts of talks, that were released during the reporting period:

#### Papers Published

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Williams, R. S., Jr., Böðvarsson, Ágúst, Friðriksson, Sturla, Pálmason, Guðmundur, Rist, Sigurjón, Sigtryggsson, Hlynur, Sæmundsson, Kristján, Thorarinsson, Sigurður, and Thorsteinsson, Ingvi, 1973, Iceland: Preliminary results of geologic, hydrologic, oceanographic, and agricultural studies with ERTS-1 imagery: in <u>Proceedings</u> of Symposium on Management and Utilization of Remote <u>Sensing Data</u>, American Society of Photogrammetry, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, p. 17-35.

Williams, R. S., Jr., and Pálmason, Guðmundur, 1973, Námafjall geothermal area, Iceland: Preliminary analysis of ERTS-1 image #1229-12142: Special Report No. 1 to NASA, Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, Md., under ERTS-1 experiment SR 651, Satellite Geological and Geophysical Remote Sensing of Iceland, 5 p.

- Williams, R. S., Jr., Böðvarsson, Ágúst, Friðriksson, Sturla, Pálmason, Guðmundur, Rist, Sigurjón, Sigtryggsson, Hlynur, Sæmundsson, Kristján, Thorarinsson, Sigurður, and Thorsteinsson, Ingvi, 1973, Iceland: Preliminary results of geologic, hydrologic, oceanographic, and agricultural studies with ERTS-1 imagery: Special Report No. 2 to NASA, Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, Md., under ERTS-1 experiment SR 651, Satellite Geological and Geophysical Remote Sensing of Iceland; Reprint of paper published in <u>Proceedings of Symposium on Management and Utilization of Remote Sensing Data, American Society of Photogrammetry (1973), p. 17-35.</u>
- Williams, R. S., Jr., Thorarinsson, Sigurður, and Sæmundsson, Kristján, 1973, Vatnajökull area, Iceland: New volcanic and structural features on ERTS-1 imagery: Special Report No. 3 to NASA, Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, Md., under ERTS-1 experiment SR 651, Satellite Geological and Geophysical Remote Sensing of Iceland; Reprint of abstract published in Geological Society of America Abstracts with Programs, 1973 Annual Meetings, v. 5, no. 7, October, p. 864-865.

#### Papers in Press

- Williams, R. S., Jr., and Thorarinsson, Sigurður, 1973, ERTS-1 image of Vatnajökull area: General comments: Jökull, v. 23, (in press).
- Thorarinsson, Sigurður, Sæmundsson, Kristján, and Williams, R. S., Jr., 1973, ERTS-1 image of Vatnajökull: Analysis of glaciological, structural, and volcanic features: <u>Jökull</u>, v. 23 (in press).
- Williams, R. S., Jr., Böövarsson, Ágúst, Friöriksson, Sturla, Pálmason, Guðmundur, Rist, Sigurjón, Sigtryggsson, Hlynur, Sæmundsson, Kristján, Thorarinsson, Sigurður, and Thorsteinsson, Ingvi, 1974, Environmental Studies of Iceland with ERTS-1 imagery (abs.): in Summaries of Ninth Symposium on Remote Sensing of Environment, Univ. of Mich., Ann Arbor, Mich., (in press)

Williams, R. S., Jr., Böðvarsson, Ágúst, Friðriksson, Sturla, Pálmason, Guðmundur, Rist, Sigurjón, Sigtryggsson, Hlynur, Sæmundsson, Kristján, Thorarinsson, Sigurður, and Thorsteinsson, Ingvi, 1974, Environmental Studies of Iceland with ERTS-1 imagery: in Proc. Fifth Symposium on Remote Sensing of Environment, Univ. of Mich., Ann Arbor, Mich., (in press)

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Williams, R. S., Jr., Böðvarsson, Rist, Sigurjón, Sæmundsson, Kristján, and Thorarinsson, Sigurður, 1974, Glaciological studies in Iceland with ERTS-1 imagery: <u>in</u> Summaries of Symposium on Remote Sensing in Glaciology, Intl. Glaciol. Soc., Cambridge, England (in press)

#### Presentations

- Williams, R. S., Jr., 1973, Potential usefulness of satellite imagery for the study of rift zones, with particular reference to Iceland: Meeting of Inter-Union Commission of Geodynamics, Rpt. of Working Group 4 Meeting, Session on Reviews of State of Knowledge Regarding Iceland and Neighborhood, Reykjavík, Iceland, 16 July.
- Williams, R. S., Jr., 1973, Interim results from ERTS-1 experiment, "Satellite geological and geophysical remote sensing of Iceland:" Report presented to the Geology Review Panel of NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, Maryland, 24 October.
- Williams, R. S., Jr., 1973, USGS Iceland imagery survey: Lecture presented to Committee on Polar Research, National Academy of Sciences (NRC), as one of 7 papers on "ERTS Imagery in Arctic Regions," Boulder, Colorado, 26 October.
- Williams, R. S., Jr., Boðvarsson, Ágúst, Friðriksson, Sturla, Pálmason, Guðmundur, Rist, Sigurjón, Sigtryggsson, Hlynur, Sæmundsson, Kristján, Thorarinsson, Sigurður, and Thorsteinsson, Ingvi, 1973, Iceland: Preliminary results of geologic, hydrologic, oceanographic, and agricultural studies with ERTS-1 imagery: Symposium on Management and Utilization of Remote Sensing Data, American Society of Photogrammetry, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, 30 October.
- Williams, R. S., Jr., Thorarinsson, Sigurður, and Sæmundsson, Kristján, 1973, Vatnajökull area, Iceland: New volcanic and structural features on ERTS-1 imagery: Geological Society of America, 1973 Annual Meetings, Dallas, Texas, 14 November.

- Williams, R. S., Jr., 1973, Iceland: Preliminary results of geologic, hydrologic, oceanographic, and agricultural studies with ERTS-1 imagery: Lecture presented to Department of Geology, State University of New York (College at Cortland), Cortland, New York, 29 November.
- Williams, R. S., Jr., 1973, ERTS-1: A new window on our planet: Lecture presented to Department of Geology, State University of New York (College at Cortland), Cortland, New York, 29 November.
- Williams, R. S., Jr., 1974, Environmental Studies of Iceland from Space: Lecture presented to the Washington, D. C. Chapter of the American-Scandinavian Foundation, St. John's Episcopal Church, Chevy Chase, Maryland, 13 February.
- g. Recommendation concerning practical changes in operations, additional investigative effort, correlation of effort and/or results as related to maximum utilization of the ERTS system:

The repetitive ERTS-1 imagery (MSS) acquisition over Iceland has created a large cataloging problem. For that reason a geographic matrix for Iceland was created. The attached revised and updated matrix shows how each image (and repetitive images of the same area) has been arbitrarily given a specific geographic name. Successive images differ only in their date (season) and in the amount of cloud cover (obscuration).

I have also enclosed a table showing the dates of potential 1974 coverage of Iceland with the ERTS-1 satellite. As I have noted previously, the arbitrary geographic matrix for ERTS-1 imagery of Iceland becomes a series of "quadrangle maps," easily correlative with existing map and aerial photographic coverage. NASA should consider holding the orbit more closely over time (more frequent correction) and holding the "framing" to the same area. In this way successive ERTS-1 (for a specific satellite) images would become "maps" of specific areas. The study of dynamic phenomena could be more easily carried out, particularly computer-assisted "change-detection" mapping. I would also like to reiterate another recommendation to NASA for maximum use of the ERTS spacecraft in geologic studies. One of the best ERTS images of Iceland was acquired in mid-winter, when the ground was snow covered, and the sun angle was 7°. Subtle details of geologic structure and volcanic landforms, both within and outside the margins of icecaps, were revealed. NASA should give strong consideration to acquiring ERTS imagery, under low sun angle conditions (down to 5° or even less) at high latitudes. Either mid-winter or on an ascending (evening) orbit during mid-summer (1 June to 1 August) in Iceland would produce low-sun angle imagery of great value to structural and geomorphic studies.

Although it is probably too late to be incorporated into the ERTS-1 data acquisition procedures, a major improvement in getting more timely weather data for ERTS-2 should be sought. Closer association with NOAA would perhaps be desirable in planning data acquisition over foreign areas. Not only would more timely weather data permit more cloudfree coverage of foreign areas, but it would also result in more imagery as well.

Future ERTS spacecraft (post-ERTS-2) should have a greater command-and-control capability, particularly for stored commands, and greater tape recorder capability to assure maximum coverage of foreign areas. Repetitive coverage of most foreign areas has been quite low compared with North America (tape recorder, command-and-control, and advance weather data limitations vs. real-time data acquisition). This is probably causing a very real bias in the results of research with ERTS imagery.

One of the great advantages of the ERTS spacecraft, a capability not equalled by any other satellite, civilian or military, is the systematic routine and repetitive coverage with high-resolution imagery of North America. While this extraordinary capability is being exploited over North America spacecraft limitations are preventing, in most cases, coverage of dynamic phenomena outside the United States. In most areas one-time, cloud-free coverage is the best that can be hoped for. It will probably require data from ERTS-2 to emphasize the great value of ERTS to record dynamic change of environmental phenomena, not just in North America, but throughout the globe. I suspect that this capability of ERTS will be underrepresented on ERTS-1 reports of areas outside North America. I suspect that even for North American

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studies, contract periods may have expired before new data on environmental change could be incorporated into final reports. One of the aspects of the Iceland experiment, and somewhat disconcerting, is that available imagery of a particular area was always being changed by new and different views. No two views of the same area were ever quite the same. I'm certain that this ability to study an area which is undergoing constant change requires an entirely new approach to scientific analysis of environmental phenomena. It will be some time, I expect, before the procedures and methodology to evaluate dynamic phenomena will be fully developed simply because environmental scientists have never had such research opportunities before.

## h. A listing by date of any changes in Standing Order Forms:

None

i. ERTS Image Descriptor Forms:

Thirty-three forms (24 new) are provided as an attachment to this report.

j. Listing by date of any changed Data Request Forms submitted to Goddard Space Flight Center/NDPF during the reporting period:

A request for black and white prints and for color composites and prints was ordered on Data Request Forms which were submitted to Fred Gordon on 2 January 1974. Some difficulty has arisen with orders for color composites in that some have not been received. Because of the need to meet research objectives, funds have been spent to have some of the missing color composites made up by General Electric (Beltsville, Md.). Good results have been obtained from GE, even when User Services has stated that the imagery is of "too poor quality" to be made into a color composite.

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+	B1	B2	B3 SKAGI	B4 EYJAFJÖR <del>D</del> UR	B5 TJÖRNES	b6 AXARFJÖRÐUR	B7 MELRAKKAS- LÉTTA	B8 LANGANES	B9 LANGANES- GRUNN	B10 -
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#### ICELAND

### Potential 1974 Coverage with ERTS-1

(5 Frames North-to-South: 13-17) (10 Orbits East-to-West: 7, 21, 35, 49, 63, 77, 91, 105, 119, 133)

	(EAST)								(WEST)
7	21	35	49	63	77	91	105	119	133
23 Jan	24 Jan	25 Jan	26 Jan	27 Jan	28 Jan	29 Jan	30 Jan	31 Jan	1 Feb
10 Feb	11 Feb	12 Feb	13 Feb	14 Feb	15 Feb	16 Feb	17 Feb	18 Feb	19 Feb
28 Feb	1 Mar	2 Mar	3 Mar	4 Mar	5 Mar	6 Mar	7 Mar	8 Mar	9 Mar
18 Mar	19 Mar	20 Mar	21 Mar	22 Mar	23 Mar	24 Mar	25 Mar	26 Mar	27 Mar
5 Apr	6 Apr	7 Apr	8 Apr	9 Apr	10 Apr	11 Apr	12 Apr	13 Apr	14 Apr
23 Apr	24 Apr	25 Apr	26 Apr	27 Apr	28 Apr	29 Apr	30 Apr	1 May	2 May
11 May	12 May	13 May	14 May	15 May	16 May	17 May	18 May	19 May	20 May
29 May	30 May	31 May	l Jun	2 Jun	3 Jun	4 Jun	5 Jun	6 Jun	7 Jun
16 Jun	17 Jun	18 Jun	19 Jun	20 Jun	21 Jun	22 Jun	23 Jun	24 Jun	25 Jun
4 Jul	5 Jul	6 Jul	7 Jul	8 Jul	9 Jul	10 Jul	11 Jul	12 Jul	13 Jul
22 Jul	23 Jul	24 Jul	25 Jul	26 Jul	27 Jul	28 Jul	29 Jul	30 Jul	31 Jul
9 Aug	10 Aug	11 Aug	12 Aug	13 Aug	14 Aug	15 Aug	16 Aug	17 Aug	18 Aug
27 Aug	28 Aug	29 Aug	30 Aug	31 Aug	1 Sep	2 Sep	3 Sep	4 Sep	5 Sep
14 Sep	15 Sep	16 Sep	17 Sep	18 Sep	19 Sep	20 Sep	21 Sep	22 Sep	23 Sep
2 Oct	3 Oct	4 Oct	5 Oct	6 Oct	7 Oct	8 Oct	9 Oct	10 Oct	11 Oct
20 Oct	21 Oct	22 Oct	23 Oct	24 Oct	25 Oct	26 Oct	27 Oct	28 Oct	29 Oct
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Richard S. Williams, Jr. U. S. Geological Survey 13 February 1974

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PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR _	Richard S.	Williams,	Jŗ.	· · ·	N
GSFC	IN 079			······	L
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geold	ogical Surv	ey	·	•
PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT		LY USED DESCI	RIPTORS	DESCRIPTO	rs
1372-12080-4 1372-12080-5 1372-12080-7 FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WI COLUMN HEADING SPACES N	LL OCCUR FR	EQUENTLY, Y	4 /BITE TH	EEO Active Glaci Advancing Shorel EEO Braided Stre Lake Cinder Cone Coast Coastal Plain Coastline Crater EEO Lateral Mora EEO End Moraines EEO Medial Morai Fault Lava EEO Glacier Littoral Drift Maar Moraine Nunatak EEO Outwash Plai Sediment Snow Vegetation Volcano Bay Baymouth Bar Cape Cartography Desert Grassland Highway Lagoon Morainal Lake	ines ines nes
ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DES	CRIPTORS, WRI	MAIL TO	NDPF CODE BLDG	THE DESCRIPTORS USER SERVICES 563 23 ROOM E413	COLUMN).
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•	DATE1	November	1973		•	NDPF USE	
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	PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORR	icnard S.	Williams	, Jr.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ID	
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•	PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENT	LY USED DE	SCRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTO	RS	
Ì	1372-12080-В				Rangeland		$\mathbf{I}$
	-572 22000 5	. `		· · ,	Forest		
·					Littoral Drift		
			•		Pasture		I
		йа <b>ч</b>			Sediment	•	ŀ
			Í		Vegetation		
		to the			Reclamation Tes		ł
	1372-12074-5	•	ŀ		Glacier Margin : Active glacier		1
	1372-12074-7		[	· ·	Caldera	(surging)	
÷					Cartography-	•	· .
		`			Crater		· ·
		_			Medial Moraine		ł –
				-	Glacie <del>r</del>		
l					Grassland		ł
		at sa	· ·		Lake		ŀ
ļ	•			•	Moraine		
		• .	-		Mountain	I	
					Outwash Plain	I	l
· · ·		•			River Sediment	· · · ·	l
		•.			Snow		l I
			•	· ·	Snow Pack	• .	
					Vegetation	<u>.</u>	ľ
		· · · · · ·		•	Volcano	· · -	[
		•			Desert		l
				:	Island	· · · · · )	<b>.</b> .
	1070 10074 -				Lava		<b>!</b> .
	1372-12074-В				Rangeland	• •	
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	COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW	AND USE	A CHECK ( \	🖊 ) MARK I	IN THE APPROPRIAT	E PRODUCT	
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# ERTS IMAGE DESCRIPTOR FORM (See Instructions on Back)

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PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR GSFC ORGANIZATION	Richard S IN 079 U. S. Geo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>.                                    </u>	ID
DRGANIZATION		<u> </u>			
:	U. S. Geo			•	· .
		logical S	Survey		
PRODUCT ID	FREQUENTL	Y USED DES	CRIPTORS*	•	
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTOR	S
1372-12083-4	, ,			EEO Active Glacie	er
1372-12083-5			•	Advancing Shoreli	ne
1372-12083-7		1		Braided Stream	
		•		EEO Caldera	
				EEO Lateral Morai	nes
	1 1			Coast	
		•		Coastal Plain	
	l l			Coastline	
	l. I		. ,	Crater	
				End Moraine	•
	ľ, i			Grassland	
	•		-	EEO Glacier	
				Cartography Cape	
	<i>,</i>	. *		EEO Moraine	•
		•		EEO Outwash Plain	• *
•			•	Snow	•
		·		Lake	
				Maar	
				Moraine	
				Nunatak	-
•			• <u>.</u>	Sediment ·	~
•				Vegetation	•
		ł		Bay	··
				Baymouth Bar	
			•	Highway	÷
1372-12083-в	-		-	Rangeland	•••
				Forest	
				Littoral Drift	
				Pasture	
				Sediment	
				Vegetation	
•				Morainal Lake	
	1 1	1		Reclamation Test	Plot

ERTS IMAGE	DESCRIPTOR	FORM
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DATE <u>1 January 1974</u> PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR <u>R</u>	ichard S.	Williams,	Jr.		D N ID
GSFCI	N 079				L
ORGANIZATIONU	. S. Geol	ogical Sur	vey		·
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PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENT	LY USED DESC	CRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTO	RS
1392-12182-5 .	、 、			Cape	
1392-12182-7	1			Coast	
1392-12182-В	· · ·	[		Coast Line	
-				EEO Crater (Shi EEO Fault (Tran	
	l Č			Rift Fracture Z	
				Fiord	
				Floodplain	
				Grassland	
		• .		Harbor Highway	•
				Island	<b>ب</b> ر . -
			:	Lake	
				Lava	•
				Dunes	
				EEO Mountain (M Pasture	oberg)
	•			Peninsula	· ·
				Rangeland	
	· · ·			River	
				Advancing shore	line
	· · ·			Snow	₽ +-
				Snowpack Vegetation	
				Volcano	
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*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL	OCCUR FR	EQUENTLY,	WRITE TH	E DESCRIPTOR TER	MS IN THES
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ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCH	IPTORS, WR	TE THE TE	RM UNDER	R THE DESCRIPTORS	COLUMN).
		MAIL TO	NDPF	USER SERVICES	
		-	CODE	563	
• .		•	BLDG NASA	23 ROOM E413	
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CIPAL INVESTIGATORR I ANIZATIONU PRODUCT ID CLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT) 392-12185-4 392-12185-5	IN 079		rvey	·	N
PRODUCT ID CLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT) 392-12185-4	. S. Geol			1 	
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PRODUCT ID CLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT) 392-12185-4					<u> </u>
CLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENT	LY USED DES	SCRIPTORS*	T	
392-12185-4		1			
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392-12185-5				EEO Active Glacid	er
		]		Caldera	·
392-12185-6			1	EEO Crater	1
392-12185-7				Forest	•
		•		EEO End Moraine	· · · · ·
Continued)				Fault	
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			<i>.</i>	Advancing Shoreli	ine
•				Bays	•
				EEO Baymouth Bar	.4
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				Coast	
	· · ·			Coast line	
				EEO Ice Caps	·
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	<b>i</b> , , , , <b>i</b>				-0/
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				Highway	
	392-12185-B Continued)				2392-12185-B Continued) EEO End Moraine Fault Floodplain Geology Geothermal Area Glacier Cape EEO Cirques Lakes EEO Moraine EEO Nunatak River Snow Volcano Snowpack Dunes Advancing Shoreld Bays EEO Baymouth Bar Coast Coast line EEO Ice Caps EEO Mountain (Mób Dessert Fiord Grassland Rangeland

	{See In	nstructions of	n Back)		
DATE 1	January	1974		D	
	•				
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORR	ichard S.	williams	, Jr		<u> </u>
GSFCI	N 079	-			•.
ORGANIZATIONU	• SGeo1	ogical Su		• • •	
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PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENT	LY USED DES	CRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTORS	<b>]</b> .
			·		4
1392-12185-4 1392-12185-5 1392-12185-6 1392-12185-7 1392-12185-B	-			Island Lagoon Lava Littoral Drift Peninsula Sediment	
				Vegetation	•
			•		
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*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRI	AND USE A	CHECK (~	/) MARK 1	N THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT	].
ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRI	, IOUS, MKI	MAIL TO	NDPF CODE BLDG NASA	USER SERVICES 563 23 ROOM E413 GSFC IBELT, MD. 20771	

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DRGANIZATION U.	S. Geological	Survey		· ·
PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENTLY USED	D DESCRIPTORS.	DESCRIPTOF	as
1392-12191-4	<b></b>			
1392-12191-4 1392-12191-5 1392-12191-6 1392-12191-7 1392-12191-B (Continued)			EEO Active Glact Advancing ShoreJ EEO Braided Stre EEO Caldera Cinder Cone Coast	line
			Coastal Plain Coastline EEO Crater EEO End Moraine	
			Fault Lake EEO Glacier (Ice Graben EEO Moraine EEO Outwash Plai	
			Snow EEO Volcano EEO Active Volca Lava EEO Tectonic Fis Snowpack	no
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			EEO Snowline Cape Peninsula Cartography Island EEO Vegetation Grassland Rangeland	
		,	Pasture EEO Tephra (Volca Fallout Pattern Sediment	n
OR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW D LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRI	AND USE A CHEC PTORS, WRITE TH	K (~) MARK E TERM UNDE L TO NDPF CODE BLDG NASA	IN THE APPROPRIATE R THE DESCRIPTORS USER SERVICES 563 23 ROOM E413	

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`	D AND PRODUCT)			·	DESCRIPTOR	
1392-1219		×.			Rift Zone	
1392-1219			· ·		EEO Nunatak	
1392-1219			ł		Morainal Lake	
1392-1219					Littoral Drift	
1392-1219	Т-В	-	1 ·		Lagoon	* • * <sup>**</sup>
			· ·		Highway	
	• • • •	1	· ·		EEO Geothermal a	
	•				EEO Shield Volca	
	• • • •		]		EEO Móberg Ridge	S
				· .	Fiord Desert —	•
	•				Forest	·
	· · ·				EEO Bayhead Bar	• .
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					Bay	
	•				Dune	
	•				Coastal Dunes	
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ID LINES. (FO)	ANG SPACES NOW	IPTORS WP	A CHECK (N ITE THE TE	Z) MARK I	N THE APPROPRIATE	PRODUCT
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				NASA		
				GREEN	IBELT, MD. 20771	

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(See Instructions on Back)

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR       Richard S. Williams, Jr.         GSFC       IN 079         ORGANIZATION       U. S. Geological Survey         INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCTI       FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*       DESCRIPTORS         I392-12194-5       Advancing shoreline       Cape         1392-12194-5       Cartography       Cinder cone         Crater       Island       Lava         Volcano       Volcano       Volcano		January 1974		D				
ORGANIZATION       U. S. Geological Survey         PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)       FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*       DESCRIPTORS         1392-12194-5 1392-12194-6 1392-12194-B       Advancing shoreline Cape Cartography Cinder cone Crater Island Lava								
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)DESCRIPTORS1392-12194-5 1392-12194-6 1392-12194-BAdvancing shoreline Cape Cartography Cinder cone Crater Island Lava	ORGANIZATION U. S. Geological Survey							
1392-12194-6 1392-12194-B Cartography Cinder cone Crater Island Lava			SCRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTORS				
Lava	1392-12194-6	~		Cape Cartography Cinder cone Crater				
				Lava				
			· · ·					

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DATE	1 March 1974	NDPF USE ONLY
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR _	Richard S. Williams, Jr.	N
GSFC	IN 079	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	

PRODUCT ID				
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS
1304-12315-4 1304-12315-5 1304-12315-7				Bay Baymouth Bar River Coast
				Lake Lagoon Marsh Pasture Peninsula Grassland
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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NDPF USER SERVICES
CODE 563
BLDG 23 ROOM E413
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301-982-5406

GSFC 37-2 (7/72)

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DATE	1 March 1974	NDPF USE ONLY
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR _	Richard S. Williams, Jr.	N
GSFC	IN 079	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	

PRODUCT ID		FREQUENT	LY USED DE	SCRIPTORS*			
(INCLUDE BAND AND P	RODUCT)					DESCRIPTORS	
1304-12310 1304-12310					Ice	Floe	
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

MAIL TO	NDPF USER SERVICES
	CODE 563
	BLDG 23 ROOM E413
•	NASA GSFC
•	GREENBELT, MD. 20771
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(See Instructions on Back)

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	l March 1974 Richard S. Williams, Jr IN 079	NDPF USE ONLY D N ID
ORGANIZATION	J. S. Geological Survey	, 
PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTORS
*(1048-12082-4) *(1048-12082-5) *(1048-12082-7) *(1048-12082-7)		EEO Active Glacier Advancing Shoreline Braided Stream

*(1048-12082-7) *(1048-12082-B)			Braided Stream Caldera
			EEO Lateral Moraine
*Partial image only.			Coast
No actual number			Coastal Plain
exists. I've			Coastline
assigned a fictitious	3		Crater
number to it.			EEO End Moraine
			Grassland
			Cartography
			EEO Glacier
			Sediment
			Maar
			EEO Moraine
			EEO Outwash Plain
			Snow
			Laké
· •			Cape
			Nunatak
i i i			Vegetation ·
-		-	Bay
			Baymouth Bar
			Highway
			Rangeland
			Forest
			Littoral Drift
			Pasture
	· · ·		Sediment
			Morainal Lake
			Reclamation Test Plot
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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MAIL TO	NDPF USER SERVICES CODE 563
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	1 March 1974	• • –	· · ·	D
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	Richard S. Will.	lams, Jr	•	ID
GSFC	IN 079			L
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geologica	Survey		
PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENTLY USED DES	CRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTOF	is
<pre>*(1083-12023-4) *(1083-12023-5) *(1083-1202307) *(1083-12023-B) *Partial image only. No actual number exists. I've assigned a fictitious number to it.</pre>		н н н <u>н</u> <u>н</u> <u>н</u> <u>н</u> <u>н</u> <u>н</u> <u>н</u> <u>н</u> <u>н</u>	EO Active Gla (Ice cap) EO Advancing EO Surging Gl Graided Stream Oraine Utwash Plain now rassland angeland asture ay arbor aymouth Bar ape artography oast oastal Plain	Glacier acier
		C O 면 면 년 년 년 년 명 값	oast Line esert EO Medial Mor EO Glacier agoon ake ittoral Drift ediment EO Morainal L EO Glacier Ma (Ice-dammed) iver egetation	ake rgin
FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRI	AND USE A CHECK (~	WRITE THE	DESCRIPTOR TERM THE APPROPRIATE THE DESCRIPTORS ( SER SERVICES 33 ROOM E413 SFC ELT, MD. 20771	PRODUCT

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(See Instructions on Back)

DATE	1 March 1974	NDPF USE ONLY
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	Richard S. Williams, Jr.	N
GSFC	IN 079	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	· .

PRODUCT ID	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*		CRIPTORS*		
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS	
1229-12145-4 1229-12145-5 1229-12145-6 1229-12145-7				EEO Active Glacier EEO Caldera EEO Crater Echelon Fault	
				EEO End Moraine Fault Frozen Lake Geology Geothermal Area	
				Glacier Graben Ice EEO Moraine EEO Nunatak	
				River Snow Volcano Coast Coastal Plain Coast Line	
				Cinder Cone Highway Ice-Dammed Lake EEO Outwash Plain Rift Zone EEO Crater Row EEO Móberg Ridges	

\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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(See Instructions on Back)

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DATE	1 March 1974	D
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR _	Richard S. Williams, Jr.	N
GSFC	IN 079	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	

Ī	PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DE	SCRIPTORS*	
	(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS
	1195-12262-4 1195-12262-5		-		Volcano Island
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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DATE	1 March 1974	NDPF USE ONLY
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GSFC	IN 079	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	

PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DES	CRIPTORS*		
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS	
1194-12195-7		•		EEO Crater in Shield	
				Volcano Tectonic Fissures (Gján)	
		- - -		River	
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FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

MAIL TO NDPF USER SERVICES CODE 563 BLDG 23 ROOM E413 NASA GSFC GREENBELT, MD. 20771 301-982-5406

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(See Instructions on Back)

DATE	1 March 1974	D
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR _	Richard S. Williams, Jr.	N
GSFC	IN 079	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	

PRODUCT ID		FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*				
(INCLUDE BAND AND PR	ODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS	
1088-12312-4 1088-12312-5 1088-12312-6 1088-12312-7 1088-12312-B	-	- -			Baymouth Bar Braided Stream Cape Coast Coastal Dune	
					Coastal Dune Coast Line Tectonic Fissures (Gjay) Harbor	
			-		Lake Highway Lagoon Littoral Drift	
•					Snow Pasture Vegetation Grassland Rift Zone	
· .	-			-	River Sediment	
				-		
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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MAIL TO	NDPF USER SERVICES
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•	NASA GSFC
	GREENBELT, MD. 20771
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	Richard :	s. Willia	me ir.		D N
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR					ID
G\$FC	IN 079				L
ORGANIZATION	U. S.,Geo	ological	Survey		
PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT		TLY USED DES	CRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTOR	rS
1086-12195-5 1086-12195-7 1086-12195-B				Active Glacie Caldera Crater Glacier Rangeland Lake EEO Lava Morainal Lake Snow Volcano	r
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
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FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WI COLUMN HEADING SPACES N ID LINES (FOR OTHER DESC	OW AND USE .	A CHECK ( 🗸	( ) MARK I	N THE APPROPRIATE	PRODUCT
ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DES	RIPTORS, WH	RITE THE TEI MAIL TO	NDPF U CODE 9 BLDG 2 NASA 0	JSER SERVICES 563 23 ROOM E413 GSFC BELT, MD. 20771	OLUMN).

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DATE	1 March 1974	D
PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR _	Richard S. Williams, Jr.	- ID
GSFC	IN 079	•
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	- · · ·

PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DES	SCRIPTORS*		
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRI	TORS
1462-12054-7				Caldera Lake Snow	
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( </ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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DATE	l March 1974	NDPF USE ONLY
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ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	

PRODUCT ID	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*		CRIPTORS*		
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS	
1372-12080-4 1372-12080-5 1372-12080-7	· ·			EEO Active Glacier Advancing Shoreline EEO Braided Streams	
· .				Lake Cinder Cone	
				Coast Coastal Plain Coast Line	
				EEO Crater EEO Lateral Moraines	
		•		EEO End Moraines EEO Medial Moraines Fault	
				Lava EEO Glacier Littoral Drift	
· ·			-	Maar Moraine Nunatak	
				EEO Outwash Plain Sediment	
				Snow Vegetation Volcano	
				Bay EEO Baymouth Bar	
				Cape Cartography Desert	
	· .			Grassland Highway	
			•	Lagoon Morainal Lake EEO Rift Zone	

\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORR	ichard S	S. Willia	ms, Jr.	•	N	<del>;-</del>
GSFCI	N 079		<u> </u>			
ORGANIZATIONU	. S. Geo	logical	Survey	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENT	LY USED DESC	RIPTORS*	DESCRIP	TORS	
(CONTINUED)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1372-12080-4 1372-12080-5 1372-12080-7				Harbor EEO Outlet G River EEO Geotherm EEO Caldera EEO Ice Cap Rangeland Forest Pasture		

Reclamation Test Plot EEO Glacier Margin

EEO Ice-Dammed Lake EEO Surging Glacier

Lake

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EEO Snow Line

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ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	

PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DES	CRIPTORS*	DECODINTORS
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS
1426-12073-4				EEO Active Glacier
1426-12073-5				Advancing Shoreline
1426-12073-7				Braided Stream
1426-12073-B				Caldera
				EEO Lateral Moraines
	i . :			Coast .
				Coastal Plain
				Coast Line
				Crater
				End Moraine
				Grassland
				EEO Glacier
				Cartography
	·			Cape
				EEO Moraine
				EEO Outwash Plain
				Lake
				Maar
	1. A.			Moraine
			,	Nunatak
				Sediment
-				Vegetation
				Bay
		[		Baymouth Bar
	j			Highway
				Rangeland
				Forest
· ·		· ·		Littoral Drift
	•			Pasture
•	ĺ			Sediment
		1		Vegetation
				Morainal Lake
		ļ		Reclamation Test Plot
			ł	Nectamation Test Plot

FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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#### ERTS IMAGE DESCRIPTOR FORM (See Instructions on Back)

 DATE
 1 March 1974
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 PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR
 Richard S. Williams, Jr.
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PRODUCT ID	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*		SCRIPTORS*	
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS
1426-12064-4 1426-12064-5 1426-12064-6 1426-12064-7 1426-12064-B				EEO Active Glacier EEO Móberg Mountain Braided Stream EEO Caldera Desert
				Coast Coastal Plain Coastline EEO Crater End Moraine Vegetation
				Sediment EEO Glacier River Rangeland EEO Moraine Outwash Plain
				Snow Volcano EEO Advancing Glacier EEO Lava Cape
				Cartography Grassland Lake Littoral Drift EEO Ice Margin Lake
				Seothermal Área Dune Snowpack

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GSFC	IN 079	. Ľ	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey		

PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DE	SCRIPTORS*	
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS
1249-12260-5 1249-12260-6 1249-12260-7				Bay Head Bar Bay Head Beach Cape Coast
				Coast Line Dormant Vegetation Fiord Frozen Lake Harbor
•		- - -		Ice Lake Lagoon Peninsula River Snow
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		· ·		
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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PRODUCT ID	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*	
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)		DESCRIPTORS
1356-12194-4 1356-12194-5 1356-12194-6 1356-12194-7		Active glacier Advancing shoreline Braided Stream Cartography Coast Coastal Plain Coast Line Peninsula End Moraine Glacier Grassland Lagoon Lake Littoral Drift Morainal Lake
		Moraine Moraine Mountain EEO Nunatak Outwash Plain River Sediment Snow Snow Pack Vegetation Rangeland Pasture Baymouth Bar Coastal Dune

\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK (✓) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCHIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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PRODUCT ID	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*	
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PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR _	Richard S. Williams, Jr.	
DATE	l March 1974	D

(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	<b> </b>	ļ		DESCRIPTORS
1356-12192-5 1356-12192-7	· .	· ,		Active Glacier Cape
		- -		Peninsula Coast
· · · · ·	· • •			Coast Line Fiord
				Lake Geology
				Island Glacier
				River Snow
1356-12192-B	, ,			Rangeland
				Grassland Vegetation
		,		
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		UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN
MAIL	то	NDPF USER SERVICES CODE 563 BLDG 23 ROOM E413 NASA GSFC GREENBELT, MD. 20771 301-982-5406

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RINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	Richard S	. William	s, Jr.		N
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RGANIZATION	U. S. Geo	logical S	urvey	· · · · ·	
PRODUCT ID		LY USED DESCR	IPTORS*	DESCRIPTOR	s
1356-12185-4 1356-12185-5 1356-12185-6 1356-12185-7				Bay Bay Head Beach Braided Stream Cape Coast Coast Line Rangeland Harbor Island Lagoon Lake Littoral Drift Peninsula Liver Sediment Snow	
· · ·			· .		

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PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DESCRIPTORS*	
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)			DESCRIPTORS
1449-12351-4 1449-12351-5 1449-12351-6 1449-12351-7			Bay Baymouth Bar Crater Coast Coast Line
			Lake Lagoon Marsh Mountain Nunatak Pasture Peninsula Highway Snow EEO Stratovolcano Glacier Volcano
	- · ·		

\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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	ORGANIZATIONU	. S. Geo	ological	Survey	<del></del>	
•	PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DES	CRIPTORS*		]
	(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTOR	S
	1449-12344-4 1449-12344-5 1449-12344-6 1449-12344-7				Bayhead Bar Bay Cape Coast	. , .
					Coastal Plain Coast Line Crater Fiord Glacier Island Kelp	
					Lagoon Lake Marsh Nunatak Pasture Peninsula	
	· ·				Highway Snow Volcano	
			-			
				•		
L •	*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCP.	/ AND USE A	\ CHECK (∽	() MARK I RM UNDER NDPF CODE BLDG NASA	N THE APPROPRIATE THE DESCRIPTORS O USER SERVICES 563 23 ROOM E413 GSFC IBELT, MD. 20771	PRODUCT

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DATE	1 March 1974	NDPF USE ONLY
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GSFC	IN 079	
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	
PRODUCT ID	EREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS	

PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENT	LY USED DE	SCRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTORS	
			<b></b>		
1446-12180-5 1446-12180-7				EEO Volcano Advancing Shoreline	
				Harbor Bay	
				Cape Coast	
				Coast Line Crater	
				Vegetation Island	
		·		Lava	
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\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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ſ	PRODUCT ID	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*			· · · ·	
	(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS	
	1446-12180-4 1446-12180-5 1446-12180-6 1446-12180-7				EEO Active Glacier Advancing Shoreline EEO Braided Stream EEO Caldera	
					Maar Coast Coastal Plain Coast Line EEO Crater EEO End Moraine	
					Nunatak River EEO Glacier Vegetation Littoral Drift	
		<b></b>	· .		EEO Moraine Snow EEO Volcano Sediment	
					Lagoon Baymouth Bar Bay Harbor Flood Plain	
			· · ·		Grassland Rangeland Pasture Highway	
		•			Island Lava	

\*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( $\checkmark$ ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN).

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ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey		

PRODUCT ID	FREQUENT	LY USED DE	SCRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTORS
(INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)				DESCRIPTORS
1446-12173-7				Caldera
				Cape
	х. 			Cirque
	r I			EEO Hanging Valley
.:	· ·			Coast Coast Line
				Coast Line
			1	EEO Crater (Tephra
				Ring)
		1		EEO Moberg Mountain
		•		Lake ·
			ļ	EEO Geothermal Area
	· .		· ·	(Snow melt pattern Glacier
				Island
				Lagoon
	· ,		· ·	Peninsula
				Snow
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DATE	1 March 1974	NDPF USE ONLY
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GSFC	IN 079	· ·
ORGANIZATION	U. S. Geological Survey	•

PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*		CRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTORS	
1431-12351-7				Fiord Coastline Snow Kelp Island Coast	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR	ichard S. Williams, Jr.	N			
GSFCI	N 079				
	. S. Geological Survey				
PRODUCT ID (INCLUDE BAND AND PRODUCT)	FREQUENTLY USED DESCRIPTORS*	DESCRIPTORS			
1432-12405-5 1432-12405-6 1432-12405-7		Fiord Coastline Snow Kelp Island Lagoon Cape			
		Coast Glacier Highway			
*FOR DESCRIPTORS WHICH WILL OCCUR FREQUENTLY, WRITE THE DESCRIPTOR TERMS IN THESE COLUMN HEADING SPACES NOW AND USE A CHECK ( ) MARK IN THE APPROPRIATE PRODUCT ID LINES. (FOR OTHER DESCRIPTORS, WRITE THE TERM UNDER THE DESCRIPTORS COLUMN). MAIL TO NDPF USER SERVICES CODE 563 BLDG 23 ROOM E413 NASA GSFC 74 GREENBELT, MD. 20771 301-982-5406					

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