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Scanner Observations of Selected Cool Stars\*

Theodore D. Fay, Jr.

Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Alabama

William L. Stein and Wayne H. Warren, Jr.

Department of Astronomy, Indiana University

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Send Proofs to:

William L. Stein Wayne H. Warren, Jr. Swain Hall West 319 Department of Astronomy Indiana University Bloomington, Indiana 47401

Theodore D. Fay, Jr. Box 1921 Department of Physics and Astronomy University of Alabama University, Alabama 35486

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#### ABSTRACT

Photoelectric spectral scans at 30-Å resolution of 9 dwarfs, 10 giants and 6 supergiants with spectral types GO to M5 are presented. All stars were observed every 4 Å from  $\lambda$ 3300 to  $\lambda$ 7000. Absorption features observed at this resolution coincide with? strong atomic lines of Fe I, II, Ca I, II, MgI, and Na I; vibrational bands of the electronic transitions of TiO, MgH, CaH, SiH, AlH, CN, CH, C<sub>2</sub>, OH, and NH. The dependence of the  $\lambda$ 3740 Fe I blend and the  $\lambda$ 3440 depression on temperature is discussed.

Key Words: spectrophotometry - cool stars - spectral line identification

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#### INTRODUCTION

Much of our information on the nature of cool stars depends upon a comparison of observed fluxes with those from model atmospheres. Previous spectrophotometry in the region 3300-7000 Å has been confined to studies of particular strong atomic and molecular features plus continuum points to determine temperature, gravity and abundance indicators (cf. van den Bergh and Sackman 1965; McClure and van den Bergh 1968; Spinrad and Taylor 1969). There are, however, no published continuous energy distributions of these stars from 3300 to 7000 Å available for detailed comparison with atmospheric models. The scanner observations presented here should be useful for this purpose since the relative fluxes are observed every 4 Å. It is also possible to use these scans to determine line blanketing, identify molecular features, or place narrow-band interference filters for measuring strong absorption features and continuum points in the energy distributions of similar stars.

Figures 1-6 display our scans of GO-M5 stars of different luminosities in the aforementioned wavelength range. Although the resolution is only about 30 Å, we oversample the data at 4-Å intervals both to allow more detailed comparison with models and to increase the accuracy of data reduction. Our resolution is sufficient to show strong atomic lines, molecular bands, and other continuum features. These scans should therefore indicate major sources of line opacity to be included in atmospheric models in this wavelength region.

#### OBSERVATIONS

- 4

The observations were made during 1971 and 1972 at Goethe Link Observatory using equipment previously described by Honeycutt (1971). They were reduced to flux using a method **described** by Faÿ, Honeycutt and Warren (1973) and a detailed discussion of observational errors can be found there.

Table I lists the observed energy distributions of the program stars at Hayes (1970) standard wavelengths. All stars have been observed on more than one night, some on as many as five nights. The results presented are means which have been computed by weighting according to nightly errors. For known variables we present only the best individual observations and the corresponding dates are listed in the table. The solar scan shown for comparison in Figure 1 has a resolution of 20 Å and is taken from Labs and Neckel (1968). In order to show the approximate extent of nightly variations for the bright stars, we display in Figures 3 and 6 two scans of  $\mu$  Cephei taken on different nights.

#### DISCUSSION

A. Strengths and Identifications of Atomic Line Features

We consider it worthwhile to identify the spectral features found at scanner resolution and to tabulate the strengths of these features. Identification codes for the spectral features in Figures 1-6 are given in Tables II and III. Electronic transitions of molecular bands are indicated by small Greek symbols and strong atomic lines by small Roman symbols.

Many of the atomic line identifications in Table II are Fe I lines of solar equivalent width greater than 1 Å (Moore et al. 1966). Each spectral feature at 30-Å resolution is composed of from 2-10 blended lines. Our atomic line codes are given in column 2 of the first part of Table II while the wavelengths of the lines contributing to each blend are listed in column 3. Solar equivalent widths and lower excitation potentials are given in columns 4 and 5 and are taken from Moore et al. (1966). Column 6 lists the solar identifications of the atomic line blends; there are 43 line blends of H, Fe I, Mg I, Ca I, Ca II, Mn I and Na I included in the table.

In Table IV we tabulate the strengths of some of the line blends identified in Tables II and III. Column 2 lists the wavelengths of the blends and continuum points; the remaining columns tabulate the strengths of line blends in each of the program stars in flux differences measured in magnitudes. An example of the temperature dependence of the Fe I strengths from Table IV is shown in Figure 7. The peak strength of this blend (1f,  $\lambda$ 3740) occurs at spectral type K5. The decrease in strength of the  $\lambda$ 3740 feature for spectral types later than K5 must be due to some source of opacity which absorbs more at the reference wavelength ( $\lambda$ 3680) than at  $\lambda$ 3740. Line blanketing by OH and CH is a possible source for this absorption.

Tarafdar and Vardya (1972) show that line blanketing by CH and OH is the strongest opacity source between 3000-4000 Å at temperatures cooler than 5000 K. Vardya (1966) and Greene (1972) have computed partial pressures for OH and CH. For solar abundances, Greene's results show that the partial pressure of OH increases by a factor greater than 1000 as  $\theta$  varies from 1.0 to 2.2 while the partial pressure of CH decreases by more than 10<sup>6</sup>. The computations of Tarafdar and Vardya demonstrate that OH line blanketing decreases sharply between 3500-3800 Å. Therefore we would expect that OH should absorb more at the reference wavelength than at  $\lambda$ 3740.

## B. Identifications of Molecular Bands

Table III lists the identifications of molecular line blends seen on our scans. The second part of the table defines the molecular codes used in the first part and in the figures. Each electronic transition is given a different Greek letter and/or Arabic number. The first part of the table lists the title of each electronic transition in column 1, the molecular identification code assigned in column 2 and the vibrational band and wavelength of the blend in columns 3 and 4.

Pearse and Gaydon (1963) was used as a general reference for the wavelengths of each molecule considered in Table III. We used the following references to identify the strong TiO features: Gatterer, Junkes, Salpeter and Rosen (1957), Phillips (1969, 1971), Phillips and Davis (1971), Wentink and Spindler (1972). The MgH depressions (Moore et al. 1966) are very strong on our spectra, as can be seen in Figures 1-6. Spinrad and Taylor (1969) have made scanner studies of the strengths of these and the TiO bands in this spectral region. Webber (1971) has identified and studied CaH lines at high resolution in sunspot spectra from  $\lambda 6200 - \lambda 6400$ . Vardya (1966) indicates that ratios of partial pressures of MgH/CaH are equal to 20 at  $\tau = 2/3$  for M4 V. Spinrad and Taylor (1969) have made the most recent scanner studies of the

stellar CaH depression at  $\lambda$ 6350. As seen in Figures 3-6, our observations are consistent with earlier work.

Sauval (1969) has identified the SiH (0,0) band at  $\lambda$ 4140 in sunspot spectra. In the spectrum of  $\beta$  Peg, Davis (1947) finds that next to TiO and MgH, SiH produces the strongest molecular absorption. On our stellar scans in Figures 1-3, these and other SiH bands have been identified. As expected these depressions are weak, since Vardya (1966) gives the partial pressure ratio of MgH/SiH = 30 at  $\tau = 2/3$  for M2 V.

Sotirovski (1972) claims to have identified AlH lines from 5000-7000 Å on high resolution sunspot spectra. However Wöhl (1971) has questioned these identifications. According to Davis (1947), the (0,0) transition of AlH at  $\lambda$ 4241 is one of the strongest molecular absorption features in  $\beta$  Peg while other transitions are far less conspicuous. Computations by Vardya (1966) indicate that the ratio of partial pressures of MgH to AlH in M2 V stars is about 10 at  $\tau = 2/3$ . As predicted, features coincident with AlH are at least a factor of three weaker than the MgH features on Figures 1 and 4.

The identifications of the  $4\gamma$  features have been suggested by Pesch (1972) as due to CaOH. These features are strong only in Barnard's star (BD + 4° 3561, M5 V). Triatomic molecular formation would be likely only at the highest pressures and/or lowest temperatures found in stellar atmospheres.

We now briefly review the known molecular compounds of H, C, N and O which are strong in stellar spectra: CH, OH, NH, CN and  $C_2$ . Table III indicates the wavelengths of the stronger bands of these light molecules, and some of their strengths measured from our scans are given in Table IV.

Lambert and Beer (1972) have observed strong OH absorption features in  $\alpha$  Orionis near 3 microns. These vibration-rotation bands of OH have f values ' which are a factor of 100 smaller than the electronic system. Tarafdar and Vardya (1972) have determined that OH is an important opacity source for cool stars in the wavelength range 3000-4000 Å. The bands of the  $\Delta v = -1$  sequence

of the OH molecule degrade longward of  $\lambda$ 3400. The minimum flux in the  $\lambda$ 3400 depression seems to occur on our scans near  $\lambda$ 3440 for dwarfs.

We have chosen  $\lambda$ 3540 as a reference wavelength to measure the  $\lambda$ 3440 depression because the highest flux levels between 3300-3600 Å occur at  $\lambda$ 3540. A referee has pointed out that the  $\lambda$ 3540 reference wavelength is contaminated by the  $\Delta v = \pm 1$  sequence of CN beginning at  $\lambda$ 3590. Because of this CN contamination, we have confined our analysis to the dwarf stars. For this luminosity class, the  $\lambda$ 3590 band is weakest and the dependence of CN absorption upon temperature is minimal as shown by Wing (1967). The range of OH depression strengths shown in Figure 8 exceeds the range in CN strengths given by Wing for the dwarfs. The OH strength is defined by the [0.344] - [0.354]- $\mu$  color which is expressed by -2.5 log [ $F_{\nu}$ (3440)/ $F_{\nu}$ (3540]. The solid line is the relative partial pressure ratio,  $P_{OH}/P_g$ , for  $\tau = 2/3$  as calculated by Vardya (1966). This OH feature is probably blended with atomic lines given in Table II if the [0.344] - [0.354]- $\mu$  color is less than 0.2 magnitudes.

C. Notes on Individual Stars

#### Binaries

The system  $\zeta$  Aur is a well known eclipsing binary (see e.g. Wilson 1960). We observed this variable on January 1, 1972 during total eclipse so that only the spectrum of the K4 Ib star is visible. The K4 primary's spectral energy distribution appears normal for its spectral and luminosity class as can be seen from the scans shown in Figures 3 and 6. The  $\alpha$  Her AB system is a visual pair. For this system we made an attempt to exclude the secondary from the entrance slot of the scanner by offsetting  $\alpha$  Her A from the center of the slot. Since the secondary is a single line spectroscopic binary of type GO II-III (Deutsch 1960), some contamination of the spectrum is probable

shortward of 4000 Å, but the value at each wavelength is difficult to estimate.

The  $\alpha$  Sco AB visual system has a separation of only 3" and no attempt was made to exclude the B4 V companion from the entrance slot. Spectral classification of the B4 companion was made by Stone and Struve (1954); the visual magnitude difference of primary and secondary ( $\Delta m_{vis} = 4.25$ ) is from Wierzbinski (1969). If we compare the observed energy distribution of  $\alpha$  Ori shown in Figure 3 to the energy distributions of the B stars studied by Fay et al. (1973) with the same scanner, we note that an M and B star which differ by 4.2 mag at 5500 Å would differ by less than 0.5 mag at 3800 Å. The weakening of the spectral line features in  $\alpha$  Sco at wavelengths shortward of 4000 Å is consistent with the observed visual magnitude differences and derived energy distributions for normal M2 I and B4 V stars.

### SUMMARY

Line blanketing features observed at 30-Å resolution for normal stars of spectral classes GO to M5 can be identified with known atomic or molecular line blends observed in sunspot and stellar spectra of higher resolution. We conclude that many of the atomic line strengths (especially for types later than middle K) are strongly affected at scanner resolution by molecular line blanketing from the electronic transitions of TiO, MgH, CN, CH, OH, C<sub>2</sub>, NH, CaH, AlH, and SiH. Observed strengths of the  $\lambda$ 3440-OH feature vary approximately with spectral class as do the partial OH pressures computed by Vardya (1966).

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#### FIGURE CAPTIONS

- Figure 1. Scans of G, K and M dwarfs in the range  $\lambda\lambda$ 3300-5300. Resolution is about 30 Å and data spacing is 4 Å. Identification codes are listed in Tables II and III.
- Figure 2. Same as Figure 1 for G, K and M giants.
- Figure 3. Same as Figure 1 for G, K and M supergiants.
- Figure 4. Scans of G, K and M dwarfs in the range  $\lambda\lambda 5000-7000$ . Other comments same as Figure 1.
- Figure 5. Same as Figure 4 for G, K and M giants.
- Figure 6. Same as Figure 4 for G, K and M supergiants.
- Figure 7. Strength of the Fe I depression (in mag) against spectral type. Filled circles are dwarfs, open circles giants, and open triangles supergiants.
- Figure 8. Dependence of the OH band depression (\$3440) on temperature for dwarf stars only. The solid line represents calculations by Vardya.

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## TABLE I

Stars*	3400 Å	3450Å	3500Å	3571Å	3636Å	3705 Å	3862 Å	4037Å	4168Å
$\beta$ Com $\tau$ Cet $\epsilon$ Eri 61 Cyg A 61 Cyg B GRM 1618 LA 21185 +15° 2620 +4° 3561	1.506	1 <b>.</b> 568	1.440 1.695 2.000 2.811 3.114	1.410 1.775 2.270 3.027 3.212	1 <sup>m</sup> 258 1.476 1.715 2.754 2.966 2.895	1.150 1.429 1.810 2.621 2.851 2.821	1.078 1.547 2.110 2.857 2.983 2.657	0 <sup>m</sup> 431 0.777 1.020 1.660 1.931 1.879 1.815 1.870	0 <sup>m</sup> 433 0.642 0.843 1.337 1.511 1.539 1.621 1.626
31 Com $\epsilon$ Vir $\alpha$ UMa $\alpha$ Boo $\alpha$ Hya $\alpha$ Tau $\alpha$ Cet $\delta$ Vir $\omega$ Vir $\alpha$ Her A(6/23/71)	1.797 2.174 2.647 3.171	1.779 2.205 2.758 3.206	1.710 2.090 2.579 3.004 3.915 3.730 4.071 4.151 3.982	1.681 2.306 2.785 3.258 3.990 3.938 4.266 4.129 4.036	1.599 1.792 2.255 2.691 3.523 3.502 3.796 3.709 3.515 3.195	1.336 1.665 2.119 2.568 3.429 3.451 3.587 3.610 3.461 3.068	1.225 2.268 2.421 2.931 3.779 3.594 3.571 3.480 3.317 2.926	0.665 0.950 1.187 1.506 2.152 2.238 2.379 2.303 2.163 1.759	0.563 1.043 1.238 1.445 2.065 1.968 2.081 1.905 1.717 1.402
ϵ Gem ζ Aur (1/1/72) σ CMa α Sco AB α Ori (2/5/72) μ Cep (10/31/71)			3.574	3.670 4.080 4.088	2.923 3.552 3.898 3.996	2.882 3.390 3.753 3.903	3.243 3.615 3.598 3.495 3.648 4.056	1.880 2.320 2.385 2.608 2.594 3.373	1.938 2.165 2.181 2.317 2.245 2.809

# Relative Magnitudes at Hayes Points Normalized at 5263 Å

\*Date indicated if star is variable.

TABLE I (continued)

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5Å	4464 Å	4566Å	4787Å	5000Å	5263Å	5559Å	5841Å	6057Å	6439Å	6793Å
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u></u>	0 <sup>m</sup> 242	o <sup>m</sup> lor	o <sup>m</sup> occ							<u> </u>
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-44 76	0.243	0.105	0.066	0.047	07000	-0.149	-0:187	-0.220	-0.260	-0 <sup>m</sup> 308
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20	0.334	0.229	0.107	0.065	0.000	-0.170	-0.243	-0.292	-0.378	-0.453
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	29	0.357	0.155	0.034	0.079	0.000	-0.203	-0.369	-0.427	-0.527	-0.669
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	33	0.685	0.364	0.340	0.215	0.000	-0.190	-0.279	-0.338	-0.463	-0.553
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	95	0.781	0.425	0.461	0.296	0.000	-0.495	-0.741	-0.817	-0.985	-1.055
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	02	0.781	0.422	0.461	0.345	0.000	-0.514	-0.728	-0.794	-1.038	-1.074
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	96	0.894	0.579	0.482	0.479	0.000	-0.337	-0.523	-0.604	-0.884	-0 711
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	55	0.820	0.620	0.561	0.429	0.000	~0.605	-1.005	-1.175	-1.621	-1 590
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	93	1.718	1.198	1.402	0.715	0.000	~0.083	-0.651	-0.700	-1.314	-1.148
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18	0.344	0.254	0.102	0.070	0.000	-0.194	-0.263	-0.300	-0.341	-0.200
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	82	0.450	0.336	0.126	0.103	0.000	-0.232	-0.368	-0.425	-0.530	-0-398
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20	0.552	0.386	0.137	0.080	0.000	-0.304	-0.451	-0.518	~0.505	-0.651
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	29	0.707	0.493	0.241	0.169	0.000	-0.363	-0.562	-0.676	~0.395	-0.091
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	90 -	0.945	0.658	0.290	0.133	0.000	-0.448	-0.675	-0.818	~0.054	-0.929
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16	0.945	0.611	0.431	0.272	0.000	-0.474	-0.717	_0 992	-1 092	-1.130
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	95	1.095	0.735	0.540	0.349	0.000	-0.497	-0.769	-0.882	-1.002	-1.193
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	89	1.048	0.700	0.671	0.528	0.000	-0.362	-0 487	-0.739	-1 141	-1.358
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	70	1.170	0.823	0.898	0.770	0.000	-0 259	-0 349	-0.679	-1 220	-1.057
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19	1.296	0.858	0.984	0.889	0.000	-0.443	-0.638	-0.968	-1.239	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									0.000	-1.504	-1.552
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 (	0.938	0.673	0.191	0.146	0.000	-0.429	-0.622	-0 703	-0 727	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	04 :	1.065	0.747	0.366	0.178	0.000	-0.600	-0.885	-1.052	-1 219	-0.865
2.074 1 471 1 059 0 611 0 306 0 000 0 542 0 010 0 11.210 -	87 :	1.150	0.715	0.318	0.181	0.000	-0.524	-0.755	-0.974	-1 210	-1 400
	74	1.471	1.059	0.611	0.396	0.000	-0.543	-0-813	-1.023	-1 388	-1 E24
2.008 1.394 0.952 0.556 0.376 0.000 -0.589 -0.843 -1 127 -1 442	08 3	1.394	0.952	0.556	0.376	0.000	-0.589	-0.843	-1.127	_1 442	-1 574
2.602 1.960 1.457 0.902 0.554 0.000 -0.581 -0.970 -1.267 -1.624 -1	)2 :	1.960	1.457	0.902	0.554	0.000	-0.581	-0.970	-1.267	-1.624	-1.802

TA	BLE	II
_		

Atomic Line Blends at 30 Å Resolution

		Wave-	Solar	Low				Waya	Solar	T cont	•
Blend	Atomic	length	Weg	EP	Solar	Blend	Atomic	length	Wea	+ LOW	Solar
No.	Code	Å	Å	eV	Ident.	No.	Code	Å	Ă	eV	Ident.
1	7.	2261 2				•••					
-	/4	3301.2	0.9	0.9	<b>T11, T1</b> 11	12	lg	3797.9	3.5	10.2	н 10
2	69	3380 9	0 8	0.4	хт4 <del>т</del>		or	3795.0	0.5	1.0	Fe I
-	04	3384 0	0.0	2 0			29	3799.6	0.6	1.0	Fe I
		3394.0	0.4	3,0	re 1 Mi T	·	•	3812.8	1.3	1.5	Fe I
		3394.0	0.0	0.0	NT T			3820.4	1.7	0.9	Fe I
3	65	3414 9	<u>^                                    </u>	^	NT-2 T			3825.9	1.5	0.9	Fe I
<b>.</b>	0.0	3423 6	0.0	0.0				3824.4	0.5	0.0	Fe I
		3446 2	0.5	0.0	NL I NI T			3827.8	0.9	1.6	Fe I
	1	3440.2	1 2	0.1	NL L Ro I			3834.2	0.6	1.0	Fe I
	Ta	3-1-10.0	1.6	0.0	re 1		3a	3829.3	0.9	2.7	Mg I
4	60	3450 E	07		172 <b>-</b>			3832.0	1.7	2.7	Mg I
-	00	3450.5	0.7	0.4	NI I			3838.3	1.9	2.7	Mg I
		3461.7	0.0	0.0				3835.4	2.4	10.2	H 9
		3403.9	0.5	0.1	re 1			3840.4	0.6	1.0	Fe I
· 5,	1b	3475.4	0.6	0.1	Fe I	13	. lh	3856.4	0.7	0.0	Fe T
		3476.7	0.5	0.1	Fe I		OF	3859.9	1.6	0.0	Fell
		3490.6	0.8	0.0	Fe I		2h	3872.5	0.6	1.0	Fe T
		3497.8	0.7	0.1	Fe I			3878.0	0.6	1.0	Fe T
	6đ	3493.0	0.8	0.1	Ni I			3878.6	0.7	0 0	Fe T
				•			•	3886.3	0.9	0.0	Fe T
6	6e	3510.3	0.5	0.2	Ni I			3889.0	21	10.2	H Q
		3515.1	0.7	0.1	Ni I			4		2012	11 0
		3524.5	1.3	0.0	Ni I	14	8a -	3905.5	0.9	1.9	Si I
7	1c	3565.4	1.0	1.0	Fe T	15	4.	3033 7	20		05 II 1/
		3570.1	1.4	0.9	FAT	±2	45	3733.7 3060 E	16	0.0	
		3581.2	2.1	0.9	Fe T	1	-40	3900.3	10	0.0	Call H
<i>′</i> .		3585.3	0.8	1.0	FA T	16	14	4045 0	1 2		
	•	3587.0	0.5	1 0	Fe T	10	**	4043.8	1.2	1.5	rei
			••••					4071.7	0.7	1.0	rel Ret
- 8	1d	3608.9	1.0	1.0	Fe I					2.0	19 1
		3618.8	1.4	1.0	Fe I	17	28	4101 7	3 1	10.2	TT R
•		3631.5	1.4	1.0	Fe I	- : -		ATAT!		10.2	пų .
		3647.9	1.0	0.9	Fe I	18	11	4132.0	0.4	16	Fot
							-,	4143.9	0.5	1.6	FG T
9	le	3679.6	0.5	0.0	Fe I					4.0	16 1
		3687.5	0.6	0.0	Fe I	19	5a	4226.7	1.5	0.0	CaT
		3705.6	0.6	0.0	Fe I						
						20	G	4250.8	0.4	1.6	Fe T
10	2e	3646.0			Balmer Limit			4260.5	0.6	2.4	Fet
			1		•			4271.8	0.8	1.5	Fo T
11	lf	3721.9	0.5	10.2	H 14			4254.3	0.4	0.0	Cr I
	or	3719.9	1.6	0.0	Fe I			4271.1	0.2	31	
	2f	3722.6	0.7	0.0	TiI + FeI			4274.8	0.2	0.0	
		3727.6	0.6	1.0	Fe I			4283.0	0.1	1 9	Cal
		3734.4	1.0	10.2	н 13			4302.5	0.2	1 9	Cal
		3734.9	3.0	0.9	Fe I			4307.9	0.7	1 6	Re 1
		3737.1	1.1	0.0	Fe I			4325.8	0.8	1 6	ro i
•		3743.4	0,6	1.0	Fell					*•V	
		3745.6	1.2	0.1	Fe I	21	20	4340.5	2 9	10.2	<b>U</b> ~
		3749.5	1.9	0.9	Fe I			*******	••• • •	4V.#	44 Y
		3750.1	1.4	10.2	H 12	22	11	4383 6	10	15	Po T
		3758.2	1.6	1.0	Fe I			4404 9	0 0	1 6	28 L
		3763.8	0.8	1.0	Fe I			4415 0	04	1 4	28 1 Vo 7
		3767.2	0.8	1.0	Fe I				¥•7	<b></b>	tet .
		3770.6	1 9	10.2	u 11						

TABLE II (continued)

۰.

$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Blend No.	Atomic Code	Wave- length	Solar Weq į	Low EP eV	Solar Ident.	Blend No.	Atomic Code	Wave- length Å	Solar Weq Å	Low EP eV	Solar <sup>a</sup> Ident.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23	5b	4423.3	0.1	2.1	Na I	32	1σ	4978-6	0.1	4 0	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4425.4	0.1	1.9	CaI		-4	4980 2	0.1	3 6	Nit
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4427.3	0.1	0.0	Fe I			4981 7	0.1		MI I Mi I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4435.0	0.2	1.9	CaI			4992 5	0.1	A 1	TA T
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4435.7	0.1	1.9	CaI			4002.2	0.1	4.2	Fe I Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4444.5	0.4	2.0	Feit			4303.2	0.1	4.2	re I To T
24       14       4522.5       0.1       2.8       Fe II       4991.0       0.1       0.8         4525.1       0.1       3.6       Fe I       4991.0       0.1       0.8         4526.4       0.1       3.9       Fe I       4992.0       0.1       0.8         4529.5       0.1       1.6       Ti II       5001.9       0.2       3.9         4531.2       0.1       1.5       Fe I       5001.9       0.2       3.9         4531.2       0.1       1.5       Fe I       5006.7       0.1       3.9         4534.0       0.1       1.2       Ti II       5012.0       0.2       0.8         4585.9       0.1       2.5       CaI I       5014.2       0.2       0.0         4586.6       0.1       2.5       Ca I       5014.2       0.1       3.6         4583.9       0.1       3.1       Fe I       5035.9       0.1       3.6         4584.6       0.2       2.0       Fe I       5044.8       0.1       3.6         4584.6       0.2       2.0       Fe I       5044.8       0.1       3.6         4584.6       0.1       3.2       Fe I </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>4454.8</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>1.9</td> <td>CaI</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4305.0</td> <td>0.1</td> <td>*•±</td> <td>τ<del>α</del> 1 Πο τ</td>			4454.8	0.2	1.9	CaI			4305.0	0.1	*•±	τ <del>α</del> 1 Πο τ
24       14       4522.5       0.1       2.8       Fe II       4991.1       0.1       2.8         4526.1       0.1       3.6       Fe I       4994.1       0.1       0.8         4526.4       0.1       3.9       Fe I       4994.1       0.1       0.9         4528.6       0.3       2.2       Fe I       5001.9       0.2       3.9         4531.2       0.1       1.5       Fe I       5006.1       0.2       2.8         4534.0       0.1       1.2       T II       5007.7       0.1       3.9         4549.5       0.2       2.0       FeII+TIII       5007.3       0.2       0.0         4585.9       0.1       2.5       CaI + FeI       5012.0       0.1       3.9         4585.9       0.1       2.5       Ca I       Fe I       5014.0       0.2       2.9         4583.9       0.1       3.1       FeI + Fe II       33       Ir       5035.4       0.1       3.6         4664.6       0.2       2.0       Fe I       5040.9       0.1       3.6         4707.3       0.1       3.2       Fe I       5041.8       0.1       2.9				•••				•	4900.2	0.1	3.9	re 1
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24	11	4522.5	0.1	2.8	Fo TT			4703.3	0.1	4.9	re 1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4525 1	0.1	2.6				4991.0	0.1	0.8	TII
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4526 4	0.1					.4994.1	0.1	0.9	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4520.4	0.1	2.7	re 1 Ma T			4999.5	0.1	0.8	Ti I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1	4520.0	0.3	2.2	re i mi tr			5001.9	0.2	3.9	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4523.5	0.1	1.0	TI II			5005.7	0.1	3.9	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4531.2	0.1	1.5	re 1			5006.1	0.2	2.8	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4534.0	0.1	1.2	T1 II			5007.3	0.2	0.8	Ti I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4349.3	0.2	2,0	FeII+T1II			5012.0	0.2	0.8	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26	-				-			5014.2	0.2	0.0	Ti I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	43	26	4581.4	0.2	2.5	CaI + FeI			5015.0	0.1	3.9	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4585.9	0.1	2.5	Ca I			5018.4	0.2	2.9	Fe II
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4578.6	0.1	2.5	Ca I						
26Im4637.50.13.2Fe I5035.90.11.526Im4654.60.22.0Fe I5040.90.14.34654.60.13.4Fe I5041.80.21.5273a4703.00.34.3Mg I5049.80.12.24709.00.13.2Fe I5049.80.12.24709.00.13.0Fe I5065.00.14.24710.30.13.0Fe I5065.00.14.24710.30.13.0Fe I5065.00.14.24714.40.13.4Ni I5067.70.14.2472.40.13.6Fe + Mn343b5167.31.02.74736.80.12.0Mn I351s5192.40.21.64762.40.12.0Mn I351s5192.40.21.0478.40.22.3Mn I5193.00.10.00.0292b4861.33.710.2H $\beta$ 5202.30.22.21n4871.30.22.9Fe I5206.00.20.94878.20.22.9Fe I5206.00.20.94878.20.22.9Fe I5206.00.20.54920.50.32.9Fe I5206.00.22.54920.50.32.9Fe I<			4583.9	0.1	3.1	FeI + Fe II	33	Ir	5035.4	0.1	3.6	Ni I
26Im4637.50.13.2Fe I5040.90.14.34654.60.22.0Fe I5041.00.11.04668.10.13.4Fe I5041.00.11.0273a4703.00.34.3Mg I5040.90.11.04707.30.13.2Fe I5040.90.11.04707.30.13.2Fe I5051.60.10.94707.30.13.0Fe I5066.90.14.24710.30.13.0Fe I5066.90.14.24714.40.13.6Fe + Mn343b5167.31.02.74736.80.13.2Fe5192.40.21.64762.40.12.9Mn I351s5182.61.62.7289a4754.00.12.0Mn I351s5182.61.62.74736.50.13.4Ni I5192.40.23.01.62.74782.40.22.3Mn I351s5186.70.21.64786.50.13.4Ni I5192.40.23.01.6292b4861.33.710.2H $\beta$ 5206.00.20.2104782.20.22.9Fe I5206.00.20.94890.60.22.9Fe I5206.00.32.954									5035.9	0.1	1.5	Ti T.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	26	lm	4637.5	0.1	3.2	Fe I			5040.9	0.1	4.3	Fe T
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4654.6	0.2	2.0	Fe I		•	5041.0	0.1	10	Fe T
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4668.1	0.1	3.4	Fe I	•		5041.8	0.2	1 5	Fa T
27       3a       4703.0 $0.3$ 4.3       Mg I       5051.6 $0.1$ $0.2$ 4707.3 $0.1$ $3.2$ Fe I $5065.6$ $0.1$ $4.3$ 4707.3 $0.1$ $3.2$ Fe I $5065.6$ $0.1$ $4.3$ 4707.3 $0.1$ $3.0$ Fe I $5064.6$ $0.1$ $2.9$ 4710.3 $0.1$ $3.0$ Fe I $5074.7$ $0.1$ $4.2$ 4714.4 $0.1$ $3.6$ Fe + Mn $34$ $3b$ $5167.3$ $1.0$ $2.7$ 4736.8 $0.1$ $3.6$ Fe + Mn $34$ $3b$ $5167.3$ $1.0$ $2.7$ $786.8$ $0.1$ $2.9$ Mn I $35$ $18$ $5186.7$ $0.2$ $1.6$ $4762.4$ $0.1$ $2.9$ Mn I $35$ $18$ $5191.5$ $0.2$ $3.0$ $4768.4$ $0.1$ $3.7$ $10.2$ $H\beta$ $5202.3$ $0.2$ $2.9$ $4786.5$ $0.1$ $3.4$ $Ni$ $I$	•								5049.8	01	2.2	For
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	27	3a	4703.0	0.3	4.3	Mai			5051 6	0.1	ñ 0	FOI ···
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		•	4707.3	0.1	3.2	Fe I			5065 0	0.1	4 3	Fe I '
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4709.0	0.1	2.0	rri T			5060 0	0.1	1	279 L 279 L
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		· .	4710.3	0.1	3.0	Fe T			5074 7	0.1	4.7	re 1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4714.4	0.1	3.4	NiT			30/4.1	0.1	4.4	re 1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4727.4	0.ĩ	3.6	Fe + Mn	34	31	6167 3	1 0	<b>•</b> •	M
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4736.8	0.1	3.2	To the	74	20	510/.5	1.0	4.1	Mgi + Fei
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						10			51/2./	1.3	4.1	MgI
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	28	9a	4754 0	0.1	2 0	Mm T			2783.0	1.0	2.7	MgI
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		24	4762 4	0.1	2.0		25	1 -	6100 ÷			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•		4768 4	0.1	37		35 :	18	5188./	0.2	1.6	Till+Cal
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			A702 A	0.1	2.1	re i Ma t			2131.2	0.2	3.0	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			4786 5	0.2	2.3	PUL L MI T			5192.4	0.2	3.0	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•		4/00.5	0.1	3.4	NL I			5193.0	0.1	0.0	Ti I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20	215	1061 2		10.2				5194.9	0.2	1.6	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23	15	4001.3	0.2	10.2	н р			5202.3	0.2	2.2	Fe I
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		#11	40/1.3	0.2	2.9	rei			5204.5	0.2	0.9	CrI+FeI
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			40/2.1	0.2	2.9	1.94			5206.0	0.2	0.9	Cr I
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			40/8.2	0.2	2.9	Cal + Fe I			5208.4	0.2	0.9	Cr I
4891.5       0.3       2.9       Fe I       36       1t       5227.2       0.3       1.6         30       10       4919.0       0.3       2.9       Fe I       or       5233.0       0.3       2.9         30       10       4919.0       0.3       2.9       Fe I       5d       5264.0       0.2       2.5         4920.5       0.5       2.9       Fe I       5265.6       0.1       2.5         4923.9       0.2       2.9       Fe II       5266.5       0.3       0.8         4924.8       0.1       2.2       Fe I       5269.5       0.5       0.9         31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5270.3       0.3       1.6         5273.4       0.1       2.5       5276.1       0.1       2.5       5276.1       0.1       2.9			4890.8	0.2	2.9	Fe I			•			
30       10       4919.0       0.3       2.9       Fe I       5d       5233.0       0.3       2.9         4920.5       0.5       2.9       Fe I       5d       5265.6       0.1       2.5         4923.9       0.2       2.9       Fe II       5266.5       0.3       0.8         4924.8       0.1       2.2       Fe I       5269.5       0.5       0.9         31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5270.3       0.1       3.3         5273.4       0.1       2.5       5276.1       0.1       2.5			4891.5	0.3	2.9	Fe I	36	1t	5227.2	0.3	1.6	Fe 1
30       10       4919.0       0.3       2.9       Fe I       5d       5264.0       0.2       2.5         4920.5       0.5       2.9       Fe I       5265.6       0.1       2.5         4923.9       0.2       2.9       Fe II       5266.5       0.3       0.8         4924.8       0.1       2.2       Fe I       5269.5       0.5       0.9         31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5270.3       0.3       1.6         5273.4       0.1       2.5       5276.1       0.1       2.5		_		- · -	<u>.</u>			or	5233.0	0.3	2.9	Fe I
4920.5       0.5       2.9       Fe I       5265.6       0.1       2.5         4923.9       0.2       2.9       Fe II       5266.5       0.3       0.8         4924.8       0.1       2.2       Fe I       5269.5       0.5       0.9         31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5270.3       0.3       1.6         5273.4       0.1       2.5       5276.1       0.1       2.9	30	10	4919.0	0.3	2.9	Fe I		5đ	5264.0	0.2	2.5	CaI
4923.9       0.2       2.9       Fe II       5266.5       0.3       0.8         4924.8       0.1       2.2       Fe I       5269.5       0.5       0.9         31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5273.2       0.1       3.3         5273.4       0.1       2.5       5276.1       0.1       2.9			4920.5	0.5	2.9	Fe I			5265.6	0.1	2.5	CaI
4924.8       0.1       2.2       Fe I       5269.5       0.5       0.9         31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5273.2       0.1       3.3         5273.4       0.1       2.5       5276.1       0.1       2.9			4923.9	0.2	2.9	Fe II			5266.5	0.3	0.8	TíT
31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5270.3       0.3       1.6         31       1p       4957.6       0.7       2.8       Fe I       5273.2       0.1       3.3         5270.3       0.2       0.1       3.3       5273.4       0.1       2.5         5276.1       0.1       2.9			4924.8	0.1	2.2	Fe I			5269.5	0.5	0.9	Fe T
31         1p         4957.6         0.7         2.8         Fe I         5273.2         0.1         3.3           5273.4         0.1         2.5         5276.1         0.1         2.9									5270.3	0.3	1 6	Cat + Pat
5273.4 0.1 2.5 5276.1 0.1 2.9	31	lp	4957.6	0.7	2.8	Fe I			5273_2	0.1	2 2	COL T TEL
5276.1 0.1 2.9		-					•		5273-4	0.1	ງ.ເ ງ ແ	re I
J2:00-1 0.1 2.9									5276 1	ňi	2.2	- T
5291 7 0 2 2 0									5281 7	0.2	4.7	
									5797 4	0.2	3.0	rei '

TABLE II (continued)

Blend No.	Atomic Code	Wave- length Å	Solar Weq Å	Low EP eV	Solar Ident.	Blend No.	Atomic Code	Wave- length Å	Solar Weq Å	Low EP 。 eV	•Solar Ident.
37	111	5324-0	03	3 2	Fe T	30	50	EE02 0	0.1	2 6	
		5328.0	0.4	ñã	Fol		26	- 5564.U	0.1	4.5	
		5328.5	0.2	1 6	Fo T			5566.8	0.1	2.5	
		5332.9	0.1	1 6	Fe T			5590.1	0.1	2.5	
		5339.9	0.2	3.2	Fe T			5500 /	0.1	2.5	
		5341.1	0.2	1 6	Fo T			5555.4	0.1	2.5	
				400	16 4		•	5601.3	0.1	2.7	
38	lv	5371.5	0.3	1 0	Fo T			5602.9	0.1	2.5	Cal
		5384.4	0.2	4 3	Fe I			2012.0	0.5	4.3	Ça I
		5393.2	0.2	3.2	Fe T	40	л <sup>.</sup>	5890 0	~ ~	0.0	No T
		5397.1	0.2	ñā	Fe T	40	D	5896.0	0.0	0.0	
		5400.5	0.7	· 4 . 4	FA T			7990.0	0.0	0.0	na I
		5404.1	0.2	4.3	Fe T	41	5.4	6102 7	0 1	1 9	C. T
		5405.8	0.3	1.0	Fe T		77	6122.7	0.1	1 0	
		5415.2	0.2	4.4	Fe I	•		6136 6	0.2	2.2	Ve I
		5424.0	0.2	4 3	Fe I	•		6127 7	0.1	2.4	Fe I Fo I
		5429.8	03	1 0	FA I			6141 7	0.1	2.0	Fe I
	· · ·	5434.5	0.2	ĩõ	FA T			6162 2	0.1	1.0	Co I
÷ .		5446.9	0.2	1 0	Re T		• • •	6160 6	0.2	2.7	
		5455.6	0.2	ĩõ	Fe T			0109.3	0.1	4.9	Ca I
			~ ~ ~		TO T	42	50	6439 0	07	7 F	CP T
							29	6462 6	0.2	2.2	
		•						0404.0	V.2	4.3	Cat + 1.61
						43	2=	6562 9	4 0	10.2	11

Atomic Line Code .Identification

Code	Atom
.1	Fe I
2	H(Balmer)
- 3	Mg I
4	Ca II
5	Ca I
.6	Ni I
7	Ti I
8	Si I
9	Mn I

TABLE	I	11	
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MOLECULAR BANDS AT 30-Å RESOLUTION

ELECTRONIC SYSTEM	MOLECULAR CODE	VIBRATION BAND	WAVELENGTH Å	ELECTRONIC SYSTEM	MOLECULAR CODE	VIBRATION BAND	WAVELENGTH Å
C <sup>3</sup> Δ-X <sup>3</sup> Δ	la.	3.0	4584		1.	1.0 R.	6651
(T10)	<b>.</b> .	4.1	4626		- <b>LF</b>	1 0 R	6680
		5.2	4668			1.0 R.	6713
		•				2.1 R	6746
	la	2.0	4761			3.2 R	6814
	-	3.1	4804		1. A. A.	4.3 R	6852
		4.2	4848		•	.,	009-
		•			1~	0.0 R.	7053
	1a.	1.0	4954		10	0.0 R.	7087
	•	2.1	4999			0.0 R.	7124
						1.1 R	7197
	1a.	0.0	5167			2.2 B	7270
•	<b>0</b> · .	?	5307			-,- 13	1270
		?	5356	B <sup>3</sup> ∐-X <sup>3</sup> ∆	1 <sub>Y1</sub>	1,0 R,	5 <b>847</b>
				(T10)	· •	2,1 R <sub>3</sub>	5 <b>951</b>
	la_i	0,1	5448			3,2 R	6003
	-	1,2	<b>54</b> 9 <b>7</b>			4,3 R <sub>3</sub>	6058
	la .	0.2	5760		1'	0.0 R.	6158
	-2	1.3	5810	•	- 10	008	6186
		-,-				0,0 R	6214
a <sup>1</sup> ∧-C <sup>1</sup> a	18	0.0	5600			1,1 R	6240
(T10)	r0	1,1	5631	·		1.1 R	62 76
		2,2	<b>56</b> 63			8	
	,	3,3	5697		1.1.	0.1 R.	6569
		4 4	5727		- ¥ ₽	0.1 R	6596
•		•				0.1 R	6629
A <sup>3</sup> φ-X <sup>3</sup> Δ	$1_{V_{2}}$	2.0 R	6322			1.2 R	664.9
(TIO)	- 18	3.1 R	6358			-,S	
/		4.2 R	6448	$e^{1}\Sigma - d^{1}\Sigma$	1e .	0.0	4114
		5,3 R	6512	(T10)	0° ~	~,~	7

TABLE III (continued)

ELECTRONIC SYSTEM	MOLECULAR CODE	VIBRATION BAND	WAV <b>ELENGT</b> H Å	ELECTRONIC System	MOLECULAR CODE	VIBRATION BAND	WAVELENGTH Å
D <sup>3</sup> ∏-X <sup>3</sup> ∆ (T10)	1η	0,0	3286- 3650		3a-2	0,2 R 0,2 Q	4886 4929
				· .		1,3	5031
A <sup>a</sup> ∐-X <sup>a</sup> Σ	2a1	1,0	4845	•	_		
(MgH)					3a_3	0,3	5314
	2a <sub>0</sub>	0,0 R	5211			1,4	5430
· · · · · · · ·		0,0 Q	5186				
		1,1	5182	C <sup>1</sup> ∑-A <sup>1</sup> ∏	3β <sub>0</sub>	0,0	4 <b>72</b> 3
		2,2	<b>51</b> 55	(A1H)	•.	,	
•					•		
	2a_1	0,1	5 <b>621</b>	Е <sup>1</sup> П-А <sup>1</sup> П	340	0,0	3382
	•	1,2	5559	(A1H)	·•		
		2,3	5516				
				b <sup>3</sup> ∏−a <sup>3</sup> ∏	3 8,	0,0	3810
	2a-2	0,2	6083	(A1H)	0	-	
. 9 9	<b>A a</b>		(000	-99	•		
A≝∏≞X≝∑	Zβ <sub>o</sub>	0,0 02	6920	A* <u>\</u> -X* <u>\</u>	361	1,0	3870
(CaH)		0,0 P <sub>2</sub>	7035	(SIH)			
				•	് 3 പ്	0,0 Q1	4128
ΒΞΣ-ΧΞΣ	2β <b>_1</b>	0,1	7567			0,0 Q <sub>9</sub>	4142
(CaH)						1,1	4190
	2 <sub>Yo</sub>	0,0	6346	·		2,2	4270
	<b>.</b> .						
Α' Π-Χ' Σ	3a <sub>1</sub>	1,0	4066		4γ		5550
(A1H)				(CaOH)			5730
	3α	0,0	4241				6038
	•	1,1	4357				6230
		2,2	4450		,		6415
• .	•				_		
	3α <sub>-i</sub>	0,1 R	4546	А-У-Х-Ш	5a.o	0,0	4320
		0,1Q	4576	(CH)	_	• -	
					5α	0.1	4890

 $\tilde{n}$ 

TABLE III (continued)

ELECTRONIC SYSTEM	MOLECULAR CODE	VIBRATION BAND	WAVELENGTH Å	ELECTRONIC System	MOLECULAR CODE	VIBRATION BAND	WAVELENGTH Å
B <sup>2</sup> Σ-X <sup>2</sup> Π	58	0,0	3880	A <sup>3</sup> IIg-X' <sup>3</sup> Ilu	7a.	0.0	5165
(CH)		1,1	4030	(C SWAN)		0,1	<b>563</b> 5
	58 <u>-1</u>	1,2	44 96		8a.o	1,1 Q	3370
A311-X32	60	8 1	1.922			0,0 Q	3360
(CN)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	9.2	4032			0,0 R	3302
		10 3	50/3				
		10,5	J(+)(	•	<sup>8α</sup> -1	0,1 P	3676
	60.	6.0	5129			0,1 Q	3638
	8	7.1	5239				
		8.2	5354		00e	0,2	4320
1. 	· · ·	9.3	5473	125+ 125	•		
		10.4	5598		92-1	0,1 R	3430
,	·	,+		(On)		0,1 Q	<b>34</b> 65
	6a.	5.0	5606		0~		
		6.1	5730		90 _2	0,2 R	3890
· ·		7.2	5858			0,2 Q	3933
		8.3	5993		0		
		9.4	61 32		901_3	0,3 R	4450
			0130			0,3 Q	4506
	60.	4.0	6192				
	•	5.1	6332				•
· ·		6,2	6478				•
		7.3	6631	. '			_
		8,4	6791	. '			
B <sup>2</sup> Σ-X <sup>2</sup> Σ	6 <b>6</b> 3	1,0	35 <b>90</b>	·			
(00)	6β <sub>0</sub>	0,0	3883				
	6β <b>-</b> 1	0,1	4216				
	68	0.2	4606				
		1 3					

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# TABLE III (continued)

# MOLECULAR CODE IDENTIFICATION

CODE	MOLECULE	CODE	MOLECULE		
<b>1α-</b> η	TIO	5α,β	СН		
2α.	MgH	6α,β	CN		
2β, v	CaH	7α.	C, SWAN		
3a-5	AlH	8a	ни		
3ε	SiH	9 <del>0</del> .	OH		
4γ	CaOH				

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## TABLE IV .

## LINE BLEND DEPRESSIONS IN MAGNITUDES

·									
Figure Code	Color MICRONS	β Com GOV	Sun* G2V	τ Cet G8V	¢ Eri K2V	61 Cyg K5V	61 Cyg B K7V	Groom, 1618 MOV	
6a + 8a <sub>0</sub>	[0.336] - [0.340]	0.13	0.15	0.35	0.50	0.34	0,30	<b>*</b>	
6b,d + 9a <sub>-1</sub> + 1a,b	[0.344] - [0.354]	0.20	0.28	0.36	0.50	0.50	0.60	0.7?	
lc,d + 6β <sub>1</sub>	[0.358] - [0.368]	0,30	0.40	0,38	0.50	0,72	0,50	0.4	
lf + 2f	[0,374] - [0,368]	0,14	0.29	0.29	0.57	0.70	0.50	0.4	
4a,b + 9a <sub>-2</sub>	[0.393] - [0.402]	0,70	1.00	0.75	0.85	1.05	0,80	0.79	
5a + 6β <mark>-1</mark>	[0.423] - [0.426]	0.01	0.1	0.01	0.03	0.10	0.28	0.25	
G	[0.430] - [0.436]	0.22	0.40	0,29	0.43	0.50	0.50	0.54	
1k + 3a <sub>0</sub>	[0.439] - [0.436]	0.00	0,20	0.03	0,08	0,08	0,05	0.10	
$1a_{p} + 2a_{1}$	[0.479] - [0.472]	-0.03	0.10	-0,03	-0.07	0.10	0,08	0,17	
2a <sub>0</sub> + 3b	[0.518] ~ [0.524]	0.09	0,18	0,19	0,30	0.46	0,49	<b>9,5</b> 0	
D + 1a <sub>-2</sub>	[0.589] - [0.582]	0.06	0.06	0.06	0,08	0,28	0,33	0.45	
$6\alpha_{5} + 4\beta_{0}$ + $1\gamma_{1}'$	[0.602] - [0.608]	0,02	0,00	0,02	0.03	0.05	0.05	0.02	
1%	[0.618] - [0.613]	-0.01	0.00	-0.02	-0,02	-0.02	0.03	0.03	
2 <sub>Yo</sub>	[0.638] - [0.634]	-0.01	0.00	-0.02	0.00	-0.01	0.01	0.03	

Stars (G and K Owarfs)

\*Solar scans by Labs and Neckel are at 20-Å resolution and narrow features show deeper depressions than our scans.

Stars (M dwarfs and giants)

Figure Code	Color MICRONS	La 21185 M2V	15° 2620 M2V	4° 3561 M5V	a Cet Ml.5III	ő Vír M3III	ω Vir M5III	a Her A M5Ib-II
								-0.1
$6a + 8\alpha_0$	[0.336] - [0.340]			••••	0.21	0.00	-0.1	-0,1
6b,d + 9α <sub>-1</sub> + 1a,b	[0.344] - [0.354]	1.1			0.40	0.51	0,55	0.45
lc,d + 6β <sub>1</sub>	[0.356] - [0.366]	0,3			0.68	0.69	0.7	0.8
1f + 2f	[0.374] ~ [0.368]	0.3			0.40	0.37	0.27	0,25
4a,b + 9a-2	[0.393] - [0.402]	0.77	1.0		1.29	1.25	1,15	1,34
5a + 68-1	[0.423] - [0.426]	0.5	0.3	***	0.25	0,31	0,30	0.35
G	[0.430] - [0.436]	0.27	0.33		0,54	0.43	0,35	0,32
1k + 3α <sub>0</sub>	[0.439] - [0.436]	0.0	0.01	- <b></b>	0.07	<b>0.0</b> 6	0.00	0,03
$1\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1$	[0,479] - [0,472]	0.16	0.25	0.2	0,05	0,15	0.28	0.22
'la,	[0.497] - [0.494]	0.16	0,19	0.25	0.16	0.37	0,66	1,05
2α <sub>10</sub> + 3b	[0.518] - [0.524]	0.45	0.54	0.65	0,31	0.46	0,46	0.49
D + 1a-2	[0.589] - [0.582]	0.57	0.57	0.95	0,26	0.43	0,53	0,56
$6\alpha_{5} + 4\beta_{0}$ + $1\gamma_{1}$	[0.602] - [0.608]	0.1	0.13	0.22	0.14	0,21	0,25	0.25
1 <sub>Yo</sub> '	[0.620] - [0.613]	0.42	0.45	0.90	0.30	0.55	0.70	0.68
2 Yo	[0.638] - [0.634]	0,08	0.07	0.10	-0,08	-0.12	-0.19	0.15

Stars (G and K giants)

Figure Code	Color Microns	31 Com GOIII	¢ Vir G8IIIab	a UMa KO <sup>T</sup> IIIa	a Boo K2IIIp	α Hya K3II-III	a Tau K5III
ба + 8ст <sub>о</sub>	[0.336] - [0.340]	0.1	0.15	0.21	0.17	0.1	0.2
6b,d + 9a <sub>-1</sub> + 1a,b	[0.344] - [0.354]	0.2	0.12	0.21	0.30	0.30	0,32
1c,d + $6\beta_1$	[0.358] - [0.368]	0.30	0,68	0.74	0.75	0,80	0.74
lf + 2f	[0.374] - [0.368]	0.17	0,28	0.35	0.44	0.55	0.58
4a,b + 9α <sub>-g</sub>	[0.393] - [0.400]	0.69	0.94	0.99	0.28	1.30	1.35
5α + 6β <u>-1</u>	[0.423] - [0.426]	0,02	0.03	0.06	0.07	0.21	0.25
G	[0.430] - [0.436]	0,23	0.32	0,38	0.43	0.52	0,55
$1k + 3a_0$	[0.439] ~ [0.436]	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.06	0.1
$1\alpha_2 + 2\alpha_1$	[0.479] - [0.472]	-0,05	-0.1	-0.1	-0.07	-0.1	0.06
la <sub>i</sub>	[0.497] - [0.4 <b>9</b> 4]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.06
2α <sub>0</sub> + 3b	[0.518] - [0.524]	0,07	0.11	0.14	0.20	0.26	0.30
$D + 1\alpha_{-2}$	[0.589] - [0.582]	0,06	0.06	0.1	0.04	0.1	0.21
$6\alpha_{5} + 4\beta_{0} + 1\gamma_{1}^{\prime}$	[0.602] - [0.608]	0,02	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.07	0.1
1 <sub>Yo</sub>	[0.618] - [0.613]	-0.01	-0.04	<del>0</del> 003	0.02	-0.05	0,13
<sup>2</sup> Yo	[0.638] - [0.634]	-0,03	-0.04	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	0.06
· · · ·							

Stars (supergiants)

Figure Code	Color MICRONS	6 Gem G8Ib	Ç Aur A K4Ib	σ CMa K7Ib	a Sco Ml.5Iab	α Ori M1-M2Ia-I	µ Сер Ъ M2Ia
6a + 8an	[0.386] - [0.340]	0.3	0.0				
6b,d + 9a <sub>-1</sub> + 1a,b	[0.344] - [0.354]	0.1	0.0		<b>~~</b>	0.1	
1c,d + 6β	[0.358] - [0.368]	0.70	0.85		<b>0.</b> 43	0,50	** ** *
1f + 2f	[0.374] - [0.368]	0,27	0,45		0.05	0,18	
4a,b + 9a <sub>-2</sub>	[0.393] - [0.402]	1,15	1.25	1,27	0.7	1.17	1.3
$5a + 6\beta_{-1}$	[0.423] - [0.426]	0.09	0.2	0.29	0.21	0.21	0.3
G	[0.430] - [0.436]	0,41	0,56	0.63	0.49	0.55	0.66
1k + 3a <sub>o</sub>	[0.438] - [0.432]	0,09	0.08	0.09	0.07	0,09	0.07
$1\alpha_{p} + 2\alpha_{1}$	[0.479] - [0.472]	- <b>0</b> ,17	-0.09	-0.05	-0.06	-0.03	-0,07
lai	[0.497] - [0.494]	-0,02	-0.04	0.07	0.14	0.16	0.19
$2\alpha_0 + 3b$	[0.518] - [0.524]	0.12	0.31	0,31	0.25	0.27	θ.31
D + la <sub>-2</sub>	[0.589] - [0.582]	0.06	0.06	0,27	0.26	0.33	0.33
$6\alpha_{5} + 4\beta_{0}$ + $1\gamma_{1}'$	[0.602] - [0]608]	0.04	0.08	0.12	0,16	0.16	0.18
1 <sub>Yo</sub> '	[0.618] - [0.613]	0.00	0.02	0,12	0,22	0.28	0.26
2 <sub>Yo</sub>	[0.638] - [0.634]	-0,05	-0.05	-0.12	-0,13	-0,13	-0,10



Å N G STROMS

Fig 1





Fig 2



Tig 3



ÅNGSTROMS

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Fig 5

ÅNGSTROMS 5100 5900 7100 5500 6700 6300 SUPERGIANTS GEM 6a<sub>4</sub> 10 00. 6a, 6a. AUR 6a,6a4 6a5 6a3 ا 60<sub>6</sub> . 7a-1 ، مع 7a\_1 60, CMA 5CO 51 ìų ĊEP 17 MAG 172 17, 170 10-2 1/20 1a\_1 100 5100 5500 5900 6300 6700 7100 ÅNGSTROMS

Fig. L



Fig 7

