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THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT HOUSTON

M. D. ANDERSON HOSPITAL AND TUMOR INSTITUTE

DEPARTMENT OF BIOMATHEMATICS

(NASA-CR-141666) A DATA STORAGE, RETRIEVAL  
AND ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR ENDOCRINE RESEARCH  
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A DATA STORAGE, RETRIEVAL  
AND  
ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR ENDOCRINE RESEARCH

Prepared Under Contract NAS 9-13042

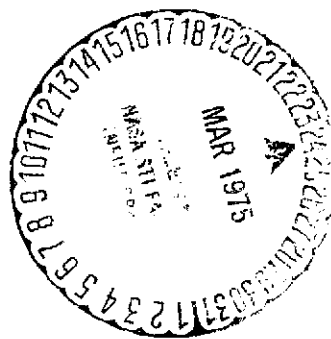
by

Lawrence E. Newton

and

Dennis A. Johnston, Ph.D.

for



NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

JOHNSON SPACE CENTER

ENDOCRINE LABORATORY

October, 1974

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THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED BY TYPEWRITER

01 4 JSC	01 7 PROGRAM NO J263	JSC COMPUTER PROGRAM ABSTRACT				01 14 DATE (MMDDYY) 11 27 74	
01 20 TITLE OF PROGRAM (62 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM) Storage, Retrieval and Analysis System for Endocrine Research			01 72 SYMBOLIC NAME (9 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM)		PARENT PROGRAM		
					02 14 CATEGORY	02 16 SITE	
					02 19 PROGRAM NO		
02 26 CAT-EGORY J	02 27 LANGUAGE NO. 1 FØR4	02 32 LANGUAGE NO. 2	02 37 KEY WORDS (8 MAXIMUM SEPARATED BY COMMAS) SKYLAB, ENDOCRINOLOGY, COMPUTER PROGRAM, INFORMATION				
RETRIEVAL, BIOASSAY, DATA MANAGEMENT, BIOMEDICAL DATA, BIOMETRICS							
WHOM TO CONTACT ABOUT THE PROGRAM				05 48 STATUS		05 49	
05 14 CONTACT (LAST NAME) Moseley	05 28 SITE JSC	05 31 ORGN CODE DB8	05 39 PROJECT NO - -	05 45 NASA CENTER JSC	<input type="checkbox"/> A. UNDER DEVELOPMENT <input type="checkbox"/> B. OPERATIONAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C. COMPLETED		
				<input type="checkbox"/> A. THIS PROGRAM IS NOT FOR SHARING <input type="checkbox"/> B. LIMITED SHARING (SEE ABSTRACT)			
DATES		05 58 REVISION CODE		TIME AND COST FOR DEVELOPMENT			
05 50 INITIATED MMY 07 72	05 54 COMPLETED MMY 11 74	<input type="checkbox"/> A. REVISION <input type="checkbox"/> B. CANCELLATION		05 59 MAN-MONTHS	05 64 MACHINE HOURS	05 69 COMPUTER TYPE CDC 6000	
				59 60 61 62 63	64 65 66 67 68	05 74 TOTAL COST (DOLLARS) 2,000,000	
						74 75 76 77 78 79 80	
CARD NUMBER	COLUMN	ABSTRACT				ELITE MARGIN	PICA MARGIN
06		This retrieval system builds, updates, retrieves, and					
07		performs basic statistical analyses on blood, urine, and					
08		diet parameters for the M071 and M073 Skylab and Apollo					
09		experiments. This system permits data entry from cards					
10		to build an indexed sequential file. Programs are easily					
11		modified for specialized analyses. This system was developed					
12		under Contract NAS 9-13042 by the Department of					
13		Biomathematics, M. D. Anderson Hospital and Tumor Institute.					
14		Principal Investigator - Dennis A. Johnston, Ph.D.					
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RELATED DOCUMENTATION (66 CHARACTERS MAXIMUM SEPARATE EACH REF BY COMMAS)							
42							

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

One major purpose of the Skylab program was to determine man's adaptability to prolonged spaceflight. NASA experiment M-073 was designed to consider man's response in the areas:

- a. Fluid/electrolyte balance;
- b. Regulation of calcium metabolism;
- c. Regulation of metabolic processes; and a
- d. General endocrine/metabolic adaption to a prolonged space environment.

A more detailed description of these studies may be found in Leach [1].

Contract NAS 9-13042 was negotiated to assist the NASA Endocrine Laboratory in the analysis of M-073. It was apparent from the outset of the contract that a storage and retrieval system would be necessary to maintain and statistically analyse the large amounts of diverse data which needed to be analysed. The original system was developed on a Xerox Data Systems Sigma 5 [2] and permitted simplified updating procedures and basic statistical analyses and graphs by astronaut of any selected parameter available on the system.

When M. D. Anderson converted from the XDS Sigma 5 to a Control Data Cyber 73, the system was converted also. This system

is documented in this report. The CDC version offers improved file handling abilities, improved throughput due to the increased speed and disk capabilities, and an ease of program change here-to-fore unavailable. This permits rapid and comprehensive analysis of all or selected parameters using general purpose programs with few modifications required. The method of modification is given in Section 7.

## 2. INPUT DATA FORMATS

All data input into the system is made via punched cards. Seventeen data forms have been developed for this purpose. Copies of these forms are listed in Appendix A. Form 0 is used to enter acceptable sample numbers, type of sample, and record time of collection. Forms 1, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 are for parameters obtained from urine type samples. Forms 2, 3, and 5 are used for blood samples. Form 13 is used to record daily weight and water consumption; and Form 15 is used to record daily diet information. Form 14 is used for all updates and changes to all other forms except Form 13 which is updated using Form 14A. It should be noted that sample numbers refer to one and only one sample of either urine or blood (but not both) and that only the appropriate forms and update form type can be filled out using that sample number.

Decimal points are not required or recommended on the forms. Fields are integer unless an implied decimal point is indicated between card columns. For example, an entry of 0120 for EPI (epinephrine) on Form 1 would indicate a value of 12.0  $\mu\text{gm}$  per total volume of sampled urine. Observe then that leading zeros are not required but that trailing zeros are preferred to guarantee the correct positioning of the number.

In this system, no zero, negative values, or totally blank data is valid. Instead, if data is not available or less than determin-

able, then one of the following codes are used:

- 1 -- Test not performed
- 2 -- Value is less than determinable
- 3 -- Value to follow on update
- 4 -- Calculated as combined values
- 5 -- Less than a 24 hour period.

These entries should be justified as if they were data values. For example, use -020 for a less than determinable on EPI on Form 1.

These are an indication to the computer system, as well as the user, as to why the datum is not present. A value of -2 will be interpreted by the computer as a test value of 0. Any other code will be printed on output but not included as an actual test value.



### 3. BUILDING AN INITIAL DATA FILE

Program Build is used to create an initial set of data files. Card number 76 in this program controls the function of the program. This card must set INITIAL=0 to create new files. Since this program then expects to create new files on mass storage the user must insure that none of the files to be built exist. See Section 3.1 for a sample deck.

There are four files required in the retrieval system and it is necessary that each of the files contain at least one record. File RA1 is the sample directory file and is a random file with the sample number as the key for each record. There must be one and only one record in this file for every sample. This file is built from sample directory cards which are punched from form zero. The sample directory cards must be in order of increasing sample number. For each sample number in file RA1 there must be a record with a corresponding sample number in either RA2, the Urine file, or RA3, the Blood file, but a given sample number must not appear in both RA2 and RA3. Both RA2 and RA3 are keyed on sample number.

Within files RA2 and RA3, each record is composed of data from one or more data cards. During creation of a file, it is not possible to replace an existing record, therefore, only one type of card for each file is permissible. It is suggested that only card forms 0, 1, 2 and 13 appear in a creation deck and that at least one of each of

these appear. The simplest way is to include only one of each card type in the initial creation, however, this will not produce an efficient file structure. Refer to section 2 for form numbers.

The build program will make few checks on the cards, but will print an error message if addition of an existing sample number is attempted. The program TYPL0K described later will perform further file integrity checks.

The fourth file, RA4, is the daily parameter file. This file is not associated with the sample directory. The key for each record in the file is the study number concatenated with the Julian date from the daily parameter card. The cards for this file (13 cards only) must be in ascending study order and ascending date within study.

A card with 99 in columns 1 and 2 or an end of file terminates the program.

### 3.1 Sample deck to build a new file (CREATE deck)

```
NASA,CM600000.  
ACCOUNT,AN12318.  
GET,OPL=BUILDPL.  
MODIFY,LO=CET,F.  
FTN,I.  
LGO.  
SAVE,RA1.  
SAVE,RA2.  
SAVE,RA3.  
SAVE,RA4.  
PACK,ZZZZEF.  
COPYSBF,ZZZZEF,OUTPUT  
EXIT.  
PACK,ZZZZEF.  
COPYSBF,ZZZZEF,OUTPUT.  
7/8/9 (EOR)  
*IDENT UPDT  
*DECK BUILD  
*D 76  
7/8/9 (EOR)  
      (Deck of data cards punched from forms  
      in the order described in Section 3)  
6/7/8/9 (EOI)
```

#### 4. UPDATING AN EXISTING FILE

Program BUILD is used to update existing files. Source card number 76 must be set INITIAL=1 to update existing files. Any valid card in any order may be used to update a file.

Sample directory or daily parameter records, card codes 00 and 13, may be added, but existing records of this type cannot be replaced unless previously deleted. Sample directory records may be updated by use of 14 cards, and a daily parameter record may be updated by use of 14A cards.

Any complete record may be deleted by use of a 98 card. This will delete a record by file number and key.

All other record types may be added, or all of the information within a record which is contained on one card may be replaced by entering the card, or any field may be changed by use of a 14 card. The retrieval index shows which values within a record are contained on a particular card form and the value index to be used on a 14 card.

##### 4.1 Checking Files

The program BUILD does not cross check the urine, blood and sample directory files. Program TYPELOK performs a number of cross

checks on these files and prints some tables showing the actual number of data points within the files. The output of this program is necessarily condensed and therefore intended as a programmers maintenance tool only.

#### 4.2 Sample deck to modify an existing file (UPDATE deck)

```
NASA,CM60000.  
ACCOUNT,AN12318.  
GET,OPL=BUILDPL.  
MODIFY,LO=GET,F.  
FTN,I,L=0.  
GET,RA1.  
GET,RA2.  
GET,RA3.  
GET,RA4.  
LGO.  
REPLACE,RA1.  
REPLACE,RA2.  
REPLACE,RA3.  
REPLACE,RA4.  
PACK,ZZZZEF.  
COPYSBF,ZZZZEF,OUTPUT.  
EXIT.  
PACK,ZZZZEF.  
COPYSBF,ZZZZEF,OUTPUT.  
7/8/9  
*IDENT UPDT  
*DECK BUILD  
*D 77  
7/8/9  
        (Deck of cards for additions or  
        modifications)  
6/7/8/9
```

## 5. HOW TO RETRIEVE AND PROCESS THE DATA

The program is logically in two parts, the first part retrieves the data, the second part performs the analysis on the data. Data is retrieved for one mission (study) over one or more ranges of consecutive dates and for one test. Data is retrieved for man 1, 2, and 3 in order, and data for each individual is passed to the second part of the program one man at a time. Those statistical analyses which require data for all men simultaneously must modify a section of the statistics routine to save the necessary data. See section 7.

A basic series of statistical tests are performed for each man and varies depending on the available data. Data is sectioned into preflight, inflight and post flight time periods. All analyses assume date is the independent variable and test value the dependent variable.

The program requires a series of data cards to control the data retrieval and all data is retrieved from the four files described in sections 3 and 4. Appendix E shows the control card functions.

To retrieve data it is necessary to select the mission (study), the test type, the dates and the test name. By reference to Table E.3, the codes for the 5 available studies and the 9 test types may be found. Reference to Table B1 will show the code number index for the various tests. It is necessary to know which type of sample was used for a given test. For instance, to obtain the information on Blood insulin, test number 304, it is necessary to realize that only blood sample types are meaningful. Blood sample types are codes 5, 6, 7 or 9 from Table E.3. It is possible to retrieve on all 4 possibilities and the program will generate a separate report for each type indicating the empty types. Program TYPLOK will produce a table of the number of entries by sample, type and study. The TYPLOK printout currently shows that for Skylab 3 (study 3) and Blood insulin (test 304) that only plasma samples (type 5) were evaluated. It is then necessary to know the Julian dates of interest. Table E.3 shows the inclusive Julian dates of the various studies. By referring to these tables and the control card descriptions the following cards will retrieve the desired information.

JOB DATE 1300	Job card requesting date vs data Run number 1300 greater than 1000 indicates plots
STUDY EACH 3	Study 3 (Skylab 3)
DATE ALL	All days
TYPE EACH 5	Only type 5 (Plasma) samples are available
TEST EACH 304	Test 304 (Insulin)
END	End of Job
EOF	End of Control Cards.

## 6. DESCRIPTION OF THE BASIC STATISTICAL ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Several basic statistical tests, contrasts, and comparisons are made routinely when the statistical analysis of a test is requested. These analyses are performed on each astronaut separately. Appendix C contains a sample analysis for urinary calcium for the Commander of Skylab III. The analyses are performed on the Commander, Pilot and Support Pilot (or support person if requested) in order and consist of:

1. A diagnostic heading which contains:
  - a. Retrieval parameters LSTUDY (number of study selected), LMAN (astronaut number), JOB (job type), LTYPE (sample type), NSMP and NDATA (number of samples retrieved), and LTEST (test number). These are described in more detail in section 5.
  - b. Data actually retrieved include MTVOL (total volumes retrieved, --zero if no volumes retrieved), MDATE (Julian sample dates), LHIT (sample numbers), XDATE (test results in sample). Corresponding rows and columns of these four arrays correspond. That is, on this analysis, no total volume was retrieved for Julian Date 188 which had urine sample number 1443 and calcium reading of 8.2.
2. Listing of the data retrieved. The data is listed with Julian Date versus sample value separated into preflight, inflight



and post flight, respectively. Means, standard deviations, and sample sizes for each time period are listed. Data points exceeding the 95% tolerance region (above +2 standard deviations from the overall mean) are denoted with a single "+" sign, above 99% (+2.5 std. dev.) with "++", below 95% (-2 std. dev.) with "-" and below 99% (-2.5 std. dev.) with "--".

3. The means, standard deviations, and standard errors are summarized by time with the overall values also given.
4. A one-way analysis of variance is performed using preflight, inflight, and postflight as the three groups in the analysis. When only two of the groups are available, the analysis of variance is performed on the two groups. An analysis of variance table is given as well as the statement of statistical significance.

19.070 is significant at the .1 percent level for the CDR in the example of Appendix C. This means that the F-ratio of the test is significant at .1% or that the pre-, in-, and post flight readings of calcium are different at the 99.9% significance level. Normally, a 1% or 5% is considered statistically significant.

If the F-ratio is significant at the 5% or smaller level, then

standard contrasts of pre- to in-, in- to post-, and pre- to post flight are performed with an F-ratio and level given for each contrast. For the CDR in Appendix C, inflight is statistically significantly different from both preflight and post flight but pre- and post flight are not significantly different from each other. Examination of the values of the means would then interpret the differences as a statistically significant increase in calcium in the urine inflight with a statistically significant return to normal preflight levels post flight.

The analysis of variance was performed using the IMSL [3] routine ACRDAN. Mean squares and F-ratios are calculated by the program. Significance levels are calculated by the STATCAT [4] routines FISH and PHI. The contrasts are calculated using the IMSL [3] routine ACTRST.

5. Non-parametric tests of the Wilcoxon/Kruskal-Wallis type using preflight, inflight, and post flight as the three groups in the analysis. When only two of the groups are available, the tests are performed on the two groups. The groups are pooled, ordered in increasing order, and each observation is scored. The scores are summed by group and then combined giving the weighted score WSCORE. A level is given in the manner of the one way analysis of variance. For the CDR in Appendix C, we have a WSCORE of 38.985 which is significant at the .1% level (99.9% significance) and consequently statistically significant.

Contrasts are also performed when the test is significant at the 5% level or less. The contrasts are Wilcoxon two sample statistical tests. The ordering, Wilcoxon-type signed ranks, the ranked score  $W$ , the standard deviation and the asymptotic normal score are all given. Since the hypothesis could be either one-sided (calcium inflight is higher than calcium preflight) or two-sided (calcium inflight is different than calcium preflight), both one- and two-sided levels are given.

The routine which yields the ordered arrays and scores for both the combined analyses is the Kruskal-Wallis routine of Lee and Desu [5]. The selection of which data to use is performed by the control program.

6. Plots of the data are also produced on request (see Appendix E for request formats). The plots produced for urinary calcium on Skylab III are shown in Appendix C.

## 7. MODIFYING THE PROGRAM FOR SPECIAL ANALYSIS

For performing various special analyses, the program must be modified to accommodate the analysis program. Since all of the data for each astronaut is available in the subroutine STAT, usually all modifications are made only in STAT. Restructuring the data and calling of necessary routines is done from STAT.

Generally, the specialized nature of various analyses requires a programmer with some familiarity with both this retrieval and analysis program and the program to do the special analysis. As an aid to this method of program modification, all program modifications are made using a CDC system called MODIFY. By using this system it is possible to keep one copy of the standard program with all updates included and use MODIFY to create each special program as it is needed without disturbing the base program.

The subroutine STAT receives all of the data for one man at a time. The following variables and their meaning are those normally used by a special program:

LMAN(1)	Current man number
NOBS	Total data points
NNN(1)	Number data points in preflight
NNN(2)	Number data points inflight
NNN(3)	Number data points in post flight
X	Data array in date order
MDATE	Array of corresponding dates
ICASE	0 No tests or no preflight
	1 Preflight only
	2 Pre- and inflight only
	3 All
	4 Pre and post flight only

These values and arrays are good only immediately after statement 330 in STAT. Note that bad values have been edited out and certain following subroutines rearrange the data.

Two examples of program modifications are included in the program listings. The card decks used to create these modifications are listed with the resulting programs in Appendix D. The statistical details of the examples are given in [6].

8. REFERENCES

1. Leach, Carolyn S., "Skylab Endocrine-Metabolic Studies", to appear in Aerospace Medicine.
2. Giese, R. P., A Data Storage and Retrieval System for Endocrine Research, Contract NAS 9-13042, Department of Biomathematics, M. D. Anderson Hospital and Tumor Institute, 6723 Bertner, Houston, Texas, December, 1973.
3. IMSL Library 3 Reference Manual, Third Edition, International Mathematical and Statistical Library, Inc., 6200 Hillcroft, Houston, Texas, December, 1973.
4. Johnston, D. A. and Smith, E. O., STAT-CAT -- A Statistical Catalog of Subroutines and Function Subroutines, Revision 1, Computation and Analysis Division, Johnson Space Center, Program Sharing nos. C-MS-C057, M71-50067, February, 1971.
5. Lee, E. T., and Desu, M. M., "A Computer Program for Comparing K Samples With Right-Censored Data", Computer Programs in Biomedicine, 2 (1972).
6. Johnston, Dennis A., Statistical Analysis of Skylab III, Contract NAS 9-13042, Department of Biomathematics, M.D. Anderson Hospital and Tumor Institute, 6723 Bertner, Houston, Texas, November, 1974.



APPENDIX A - Data Coding Forms







































APPENDIX B - Retrieval Index

## APPENDIX B

The following table lists:

INDX	A Test Number for Each Test
INDX1	Record Type (B=Blood, U=Urine)
INDX2	Name of Test
INDX3	Word Number of Record
INDX4	Form Number where Data was Punched (See Appendix E for use)
INDX5	Field Number of Input Form (See Appendix E for use)

TABLE B.1 RETRIEVAL INDEX

RETRIEVAL INDEX

INDX	INDX1	INDX2	INDX3	INDX4	INDX5	
TEST NUMBER	RECORD TYPE	NAME	WORD NUMBER OF RECORD	FORM NO.	FIELD NO.	U/L BOUND
300	B	HYDRO	2	2	3	
301	B	ALDO	3	2	4	
302	B	HGH	4	2	5	
303	B	ANGIO	5	2	6	
304	B	INSULIN	6	2	7	
305	B	T4	7	2	8	
306	B	ACTH	8	2	9	
307	B	ADH	9	2	10	
321	B	TESTOS	10	2	11	
308	B	PTH	11	3	3	
309	B	CAL	12	3	4	
310	B	VIT.C.	13	3	5	
311	B	TSH	14	3	6	
312	B	OSMO	15	5	3	
313	B	Na	16	5	4	
314	B	K	17	5	5	
315	B	Mg	18	5	6	
316	B	PO <sub>4</sub>	19	5	7	
317	B	Ca	20	5	8	
318	B	Cl	21	5	9	
319	B	Gl <sub>u</sub>	22	5	10	
320	B	TP	23	5	11	
322	(not used)					
323	(not used)					

TABLE B.1 RETRIEVAL INDEX (Continued)

## RETRIEVAL INDEX

INDX	INDX1	INDX2	INDX3	INDX4	INDX5	
TEST NUMBER	RECORD TYPE	NAME	WORD NUMBER OF RECORD	FORM NO.	FIELD NO.	U/L BOUND
400	U	EPI	2	1	3	
401	U	NOREPI	3	1	4	
402	U	ADH	4	1	5	
403	U	HYDRO	5	1	6	
404	U	ALDO	6	1	7	
405	U	17OH	7	1	8	
503	U	5HIAA	8	1	9	
406	U	OSMO	9	4	3	
407	U	Na	10	4	4	
408	U	K	11	4	5	
409	U	Mg	12	4	6	
410	U	PO <sub>4</sub>	13	4	7	
411	U	Ca	14	4	8	
412	U	Cl	15	4	9	
413	U	H	16	4	10	
414	U	Sp.Gr.	17	4	11	
415	U	Creat	18	4	12	
416	U	Uric Acid	19	4	13	
417	U	B	20	6	3	
418	U	Si	21	6	4	
419	U	Fe	22	6	5	
420	U	Al	23	6	6	
421	U	Mo	24	6	7	
422	U	Cu	25	6	8	
423	U	Zn	26	6	9	
424	U	Ti	27	6	10	
425	U	Ni	28	6	11	
426	U	Sr	29	6	12	
427	U	Cr	30	6	13	
428	U	B1	31	6	14	
429	U	Mn	32	6	15	
430	U	Li	33	6	16	
431	U	Rb	34	6	17	
432	U	PO	35	7	3	
433	U	AND	36	7	4	
434	U	ETIO	37	7	5	
435	U	DHEA	38	7	6	
436	U	11=O AND	39	7	7	
437	U	11=O ETIO	40	7	8	
438	U	11OH AND	41	7	9	
439	U	11OHETIO	42	7	10	
440	U	TOTAL	43	7	11	

TABLE B.1 RETRIEVAL INDEX (Continued)

## RETRIEVAL INDEX

INDX	INDX1	INDX2	INDX3	INDX4	INDX5	
TEST NUMBER	RECORD TYPE	NAME	WORD NUMBER OF RECORD	FORM NO.	FIELD NO.	U/L BOUND
441	U	Lys	44	8	3	
442	U	His	45	8	4	
443	U	NH <sub>3</sub>	46	8	5	
444	U	Arg	47	8	6	
445	U	Hyp	48	9	3	
446	U	Asp	49	9	4	
447	U	Thr	50	9	5	
448	U	Ser	51	9	6	
449	U	Glu	52	9	7	
450	U	Pro	53	9	8	
451	U	Gly	54	9	9	
452	U	Ala	55	9	10	
453	U	Cys/2	56	9	11	
454	U	Val	57	9	12	
455	U	Met	58	9	13	
456	U	Ile	59	9	14	
457	U	Leu	60	9	15	
458	U	Tyr	61	9	16	
459	U	Phe	62	9	17	
460	U	Hlys	63	10	3	
461	U	γ-AB	64	10	4	
462	U	ORN	65	10	5	
463	U	ETH	66	10	6	
464	U	NH <sub>3</sub>	67	10	7	
465	U	Lys	68	10	8	
466	U	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -His	69	10	9	
467	U	His	70	10	10	
468	U	3-CH <sub>3</sub> -His	71	10	11	
469	U	ANS	72	10	12	
470	U	Try	73	10	13	
471	U	Cre	74	10	14	
472	U	Car	75	10	15	
473	U	Arg	76	10	16	
474	U	Pser	77	11	3	
475	U	Petn	78	11	4	
476	U	Tar	79	11	5	
477	U	Urea	80	11	6	
478	U	Hyp	81	11	7	
479	U	Asp	82	11	8	
480	U	Thr	83	11	9	
481	U	Ser	84	11	10	
482	U	AspNH <sub>2</sub>	85	11	11	

TABLE B.1 RETRIEVAL INDEX (Continued)

## RETRIEVAL INDEX

INDX	INDX1	INDX2	INDX3	INDX4	INDX5	
TEST NUMBER	RECORD TYPE	NAME	WORD NUMBER OF RECORD	FORM NO.	FIELD NO.	U/L BOUND
483	U	GluNH <sub>2</sub>	86	11	12	
484	U	Sar	87	11	13	
485	U	Pro	88	11	14	
486	U	Glu	89	11	15	
487	U	Cit	90	11	16	
488	U	GlcNH <sub>2</sub>	91	11	17	
489	U	Gly	92	12	3	
490	U	Ala	93	12	4	
491	U	αAA	94	12	5	
492	U	αAB	95	12	6	
493	U	Val	96	12	7	
494	U	Cys/2	97	12	8	
495	U	Cyt	98	12	9	
496	U	Met	99	12	10	
497	U	Ile	100	12	11	
498	U	Leu	101	12	12	
499	U	Tyr	102	12	13	
500	U	Phe	103	12	14	
501	U	β-Ala	104	12	15	
502	U	β-Aib	105	12	16	
514	U	VolVDR	116	15	12	
515	U Diet	Ca1	117	15	3	
516	U Diet	Prot	118	15	4	
517	U Diet	Ca	119	15	5	
518	U Diet	P	120	15	6	
519	U Diet	Na	121	15	7	
520	U Diet	Mg	122	15	8	
521	U Diet	K	123	15	9	
522	U Diet	H <sub>2</sub> O	124	15	10	
523	U	Weight	125		11	

## APPENDIX C - Sample Basic Statistical Analysis

NASA MSC ENDOCRINE DATA RETREIVAL PROGRAM. 400

LSTUDY 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 LMAN 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 JOB JOB DATE 3400 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0 -0  
 LTYPE 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

NSMP = 101 NDATA = 101  
 LOATE

LTEST 411

MTVOL  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

MDATE  
 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197  
 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207  
 208 209 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216  
 217 218 219 220 221 222 267 268 268 269  
 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279  
 280 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259  
 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 261 282 237  
 238 239 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248  
 249 250 266 283 223 224 225 226 227 228  
 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 240 284  
 285

LHIT  
 1443 1454 1469 1475 1481 1516 1521 1528 1537 1539  
 1545 1551 1562 1584 1590 1601 1602 1612 1615 1626  
 1627 1683 1684 1688 1691 1694 1697 1700 1703 1706  
 1709 1712 1715 1718 1721 1724 1759 1761 1771 1774  
 1775 1790 1793 1798 1799 1805 1806 1809 1812 1815  
 1818 1821 1824 1827 1830 1833 1836 1839 1842 1845  
 1848 1851 1854 1857 1860 1863 1866 1869 1898 1899  
 1902 1905 1908 1911 1914 1917 1920 1923 1926 1929  
 1932 1935 1938 1941 1944 1947 1950 1953 1956 1959  
 1962 1965 1968 1971 1974 1977 1980 1983 1986 1991  
 1994

XDATA  
 8.200000 8.000000 6.200000 8.700000 6.800000 5.000000 5.600000 6.000000  
 6.700000 7.700000 7.800000 6.800000 5.900000 7.100000 7.800000 9.500000  
 6.200000 6.700000 7.400000 5.700000 8.200000 7.500000 14.100000 10.300000  
 6.600000 9.800000 8.300000 7.900000 9.100000 9.100000 11.000000 9.400000

8.600000 8.800000 9.800000 10.000000 4.500000 10.200000 3.100000 9.100000  
 7.000000 10.400000 8.500000 5.500000 7.200000 8.800000 11.000000 9.800000  
 7.500000 7.900000 9.400000 10.800000 11.000000 10.300000 19.800000 11.900000  
 8.800000 11.600000 11.200000 9.500000 10.500000 10.400000 10.300000 8.400000  
 11.700000 10.700000 12.900000 6.700000 6.900000 9.700000 7.800000 11.800000  
 11.100000 10.500000 9.200000 10.000000 11.800000 10.400000 11.400000 9.200000  
 9.100000 10.500000 -5.000000 9.100000 10.500000 10.700000 14.300000 9.100000  
 12.700000 10.800000 10.200000 8.600000 11.800000 9.600000 12.000000 12.300000  
 10.100000 10.900000 11.500000 7.800000 8.800000

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STUDY, 3 SKYLAB 3

74/04/26.

TEST, 411 CA

MAN, 1 CDR

TYPE, 1

JULIAN DATE	MEG/IV	
188	6.2000	
189	6.0000	
190	6.2000	
191	6.7000	
192	6.8000	
193	5.0000	
194	5.6000	
195	6.0000	
196	6.7000	
197	7.7000	
198	7.8000	
199	6.8000	
200	5.9000	
201	7.1000	
202	7.8000	
203	9.5000	
204	6.2000	
205	6.7000	
206	7.4000	
207	5.7000	
208	8.2000	
209	7.5000	
209	14.1000	++

MEAN = 7.374      SF = 1.832      N = 23

210	10.3000	
211	6.6000	
212	9.8000	
213	8.3000	
214	7.9000	
215	9.1000	
216	9.1000	
217	11.0000	+
218	9.4000	
219	8.6000	
220	6.8000	
221	9.8000	
222	10.0000	
223	10.5000	+
224	10.7000	+
225	14.3000	++
226	9.1000	
227	12.7000	++
228	10.8000	+
229	10.2000	
230	8.6000	
231	11.8000	++
232	9.6000	

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MEAN =	10.238	SI =	2.200	N = 60
269	9.1000			
270	7.0000			
271	10.4000			
272	8.5000			
273	5.5000			
274	7.2000			
275	6.8000			
276	11.0000			
277	9.3000			
278	7.5000			
279	7.9000			
280	9.4000			
281	6.7000			
282	6.9000			
283	9.1000			
284	7.8000			
285	8.5000			
266	9.1000			
267	4.5000			
268	10.2000			
269	3.1000			
270	10.4000			
271	10.5000			
272	9.5000			
273	11.2000			
274	11.6000			
275	8.8000			
276	11.9000			
277	19.8000			
278	10.3000			
279	10.4000			
280	10.5000			
281	9.5000			
282	11.2000			
283	11.6000			
284	8.8000			
285	11.9000			
286	12.9000			
287	10.3000			
288	11.0000			
289	10.6000			
290	10.9000			
291	9.1000			
292	9.2000			
293	11.4000			
294	10.4000			
295	11.3000			
296	10.4000			
297	11.3000			
298	10.0000			
299	9.2000			
300	10.5000			
301	11.1000			
302	11.5000			
303	11.8000			
304	7.8000			
305	9.7000			
306	10.9000			
307	10.1000			
308	12.3000			
309	12.0000			

SKIP

MEAN = 8.318 SD = 1.442 N = 17

-----  
 PARAMETRIC STATISTICS.

SUMMARY

SAMPLE	N	MEAN	SD	SE
PRE	23	7.374	1.832	.382
IN	60	10.238	2.200	.284
POST	17	8.318	1.442	.350
SUM	100	9.253	2.350	.235

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE TABLE.

	DF	SS	MS	F
TREAT	2	154.3	77.2	19.070
ERROR	97	392.5	4.0	---
TOTAL	99	546.9	5.5	---

19.070 IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE .1 PERCENT LEVEL

CONTRAST F

PRE-IN 23.317 IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE .1 PERCENT LEVEL.  
 IN-POST 10.484 IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE .2 PERCENT LEVEL.  
 PRE-POST 2.531 IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE 11.5 PERCENT LEVEL.

-----  
 NON-PARAMETRIC STATISTICS.

I	OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE	SCORES
1	3.1	2	-99.
2	4.5	2	-97.
3	5.0	1	-95.
4	5.5	3	-93.
5	5.6	1	-91.
6	5.7	1	-89.
7	5.9	1	-87.
8	6.0	1	-85.
9	6.2	1	-82.
10	6.2	1	-82.
11	6.6	2	-79.
12	6.7	1	-75.
13	6.7	1	-75.
14	6.7	3	-75.
15	6.8	1	-70.

16	6.8	1	-70.
17	6.9	3	-67.
18	7.0	3	-65.
19	7.1	1	-63.
20	7.2	3	-61.
21	7.4	1	-59.
22	7.5	1	-56.
23	7.5	3	-56.
24	7.7	1	-53.
25	7.8	3	-48.
26	7.8	1	-48.
27	7.8	1	-48.
28	7.8	2	-48.
29	7.9	3	-42.
30	7.9	2	-42.
31	8.0	1	-39.
32	8.2	1	-36.
33	8.2	1	-36.
34	8.3	2	-33.
35	8.4	2	-31.
36	8.5	3	-29.
37	8.6	2	-26.
38	8.6	2	-26.
39	8.7	1	-23.
40	8.6	2	-18.
41	8.8	2	-18.
42	8.8	3	-18.
43	8.8	3	-18.
44	9.1	2	-8.
45	9.1	3	-8.
46	9.1	2	-8.
47	9.1	2	-8.
48	9.1	2	-8.
49	9.1	3	-8.
50	9.2	2	0.
51	9.2	2	0.
52	9.4	3	4.
53	9.4	2	4.
54	9.5	1	8.
55	9.5	2	8.
56	9.6	2	11.
57	9.7	2	13.
58	9.8	2	17.
59	9.8	3	17.
60	9.8	2	17.
61	10.0	2	22.
62	10.0	2	22.
63	10.1	2	25.
64	10.2	2	28.
65	10.2	2	28.
66	10.3	2	33.
67	10.3	2	33.
68	10.3	2	33.
69	10.4	2	39.
70	10.4	3	39.
71	10.4	2	39.
72	10.5	2	45.
73	10.5	2	45.
74	10.5	2	45.
75	10.7	2	50.

76	10.7	2	50.
77	10.6	2	54.
78	10.8	2	54.
79	10.9	2	58.
80	10.9	2	58.
81	11.0	2	63.
82	11.0	2	63.
83	11.0	3	63.
84	11.1	2	67.
85	11.2	2	69.
86	11.4	2	71.
87	11.5	2	73.
88	11.6	2	75.
89	11.7	2	77.
90	11.8	2	81.
91	11.8	2	81.
92	11.8	2	81.
93	11.9	2	85.
94	12.0	2	87.
95	12.3	2	89.
96	12.7	2	91.
97	12.9	2	93.
98	14.1	1	95.
99	14.3	2	97.
100	19.8	2	99.

SAMPLE	W(I)	N(I)
1	-1259.	23.
2	1724.	60.
3	-465.	17.

B = 131171.95      T = 333106.

WSCORE = 38.985

38.985 IS SIGNIFICANT WITH PROBABILITY LESS THAN .100 PERCENT LEVEL

CONTRAST PRE-IN

I	OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE	SCORES
1	3.1	2	-82.
2	4.5	2	-80.
3	5.0	1	-78.
4	5.6	1	-76.
5	5.7	1	-74.
6	5.9	1	-72.
7	6.0	1	-70.
8	6.2	1	-67.
9	6.2	1	-67.
10	6.6	2	-64.
11	6.7	1	-61.
12	6.7	1	-61.
13	6.8	1	-57.
14	6.8	1	-57.
15	7.1	1	-54.
16	7.4	1	-52.

51

17	7.5	1	-50.
18	7.7	1	-48.
19	7.8	2	-44.
20	7.8	1	-44.
21	7.8	1	-44.
22	7.9	2	-40.
23	8.0	1	-38.
24	8.2	1	-35.
25	8.2	1	-35.
26	8.3	2	-32.
27	8.4	2	-30.
28	8.6	2	-27.
29	8.6	2	-27.
30	8.7	1	-24.
31	8.8	2	-21.
32	8.8	2	-21.
33	9.1	2	-15.
34	9.1	2	-15.
35	9.1	2	-15.
36	9.1	2	-15.
37	9.2	2	-9.
38	9.2	2	-9.
39	9.4	2	-6.
40	9.5	1	-3.
41	9.5	2	-3.
42	9.6	2	0.
43	9.7	2	2.
44	9.8	2	5.
45	9.8	2	5.
46	10.0	2	9.
47	10.0	2	9.
48	10.1	2	12.
49	10.2	2	15.
50	10.2	2	15.
51	10.3	2	20.
52	10.3	2	20.
53	10.3	2	20.
54	10.4	2	25.
55	10.4	2	25.
56	10.5	2	30.
57	10.5	2	30.
58	10.5	2	30.
59	10.7	2	35.
60	10.7	2	35.
61	10.8	2	39.
62	10.8	2	39.
63	10.9	2	43.
64	10.9	2	43.
65	11.0	2	47.
66	11.0	2	47.
67	11.1	2	50.
68	11.2	2	52.
69	11.4	2	54.
70	11.5	2	56.
71	11.6	2	58.
72	11.7	2	60.
73	11.8	2	64.
74	11.8	2	64.
75	11.8	2	64.
76	11.9	2	68.

77	12.0	2	70.
78	12.3	2	72.
79	12.7	2	74.
80	12.9	2	76.
81	14.1	1	78.
82	14.3	2	80.
83	19.8	2	82.

W            ST. DEV.    ASYMPTOTIC  
                                                           WSCORE  
 -1089.    196.53            -5.54  
 -5.54 IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE            .2 PERCENT LEVEL +TWO TAILED TEST  
 -5.54 IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE            .1 PERCENT LEVEL -ONE TAILED TEST

CONTRAST IN-POST

I	OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE	SCORES
1	3.1	2	-76.
2	4.5	2	-74.
3	5.5	3	-72.
4	6.6	2	-70.
5	6.7	3	-68.
6	6.9	3	-66.
7	7.0	3	-64.
8	7.2	3	-62.
9	7.5	3	-60.
10	7.8	3	-57.
11	7.8	2	-57.
12	7.9	3	-53.
13	7.9	2	-53.
14	8.3	2	-50.
15	8.4	2	-48.
16	8.5	3	-46.
17	8.6	2	-43.
18	8.6	2	-43.
19	8.6	3	-37.
20	8.6	2	-37.
21	8.6	3	-37.
22	8.6	2	-37.
23	9.1	2	-27.
24	9.1	2	-27.
25	9.1	2	-27.
26	9.1	3	-27.
27	9.1	2	-27.
28	9.1	3	-27.
29	9.2	2	-19.
30	9.2	2	-19.
31	9.4	3	-15.
32	9.4	2	-15.
33	9.5	2	-12.
34	9.6	2	-10.
35	9.7	2	-8.
36	9.8	2	-4.
37	9.8	3	-4.

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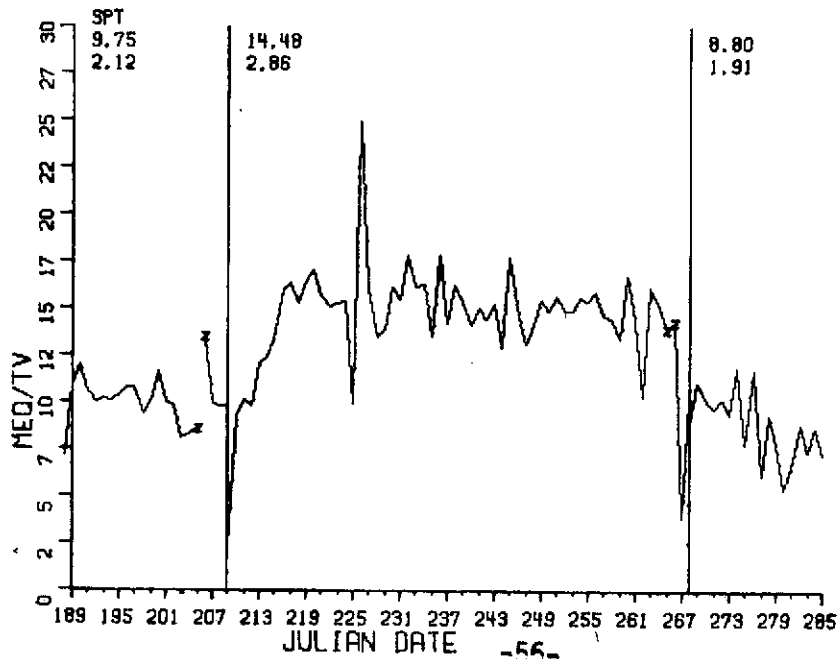
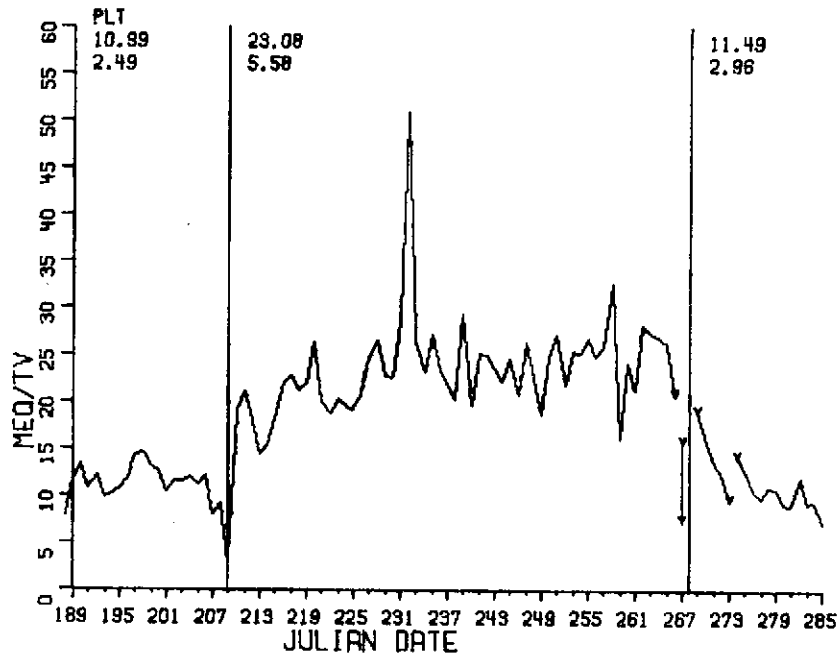
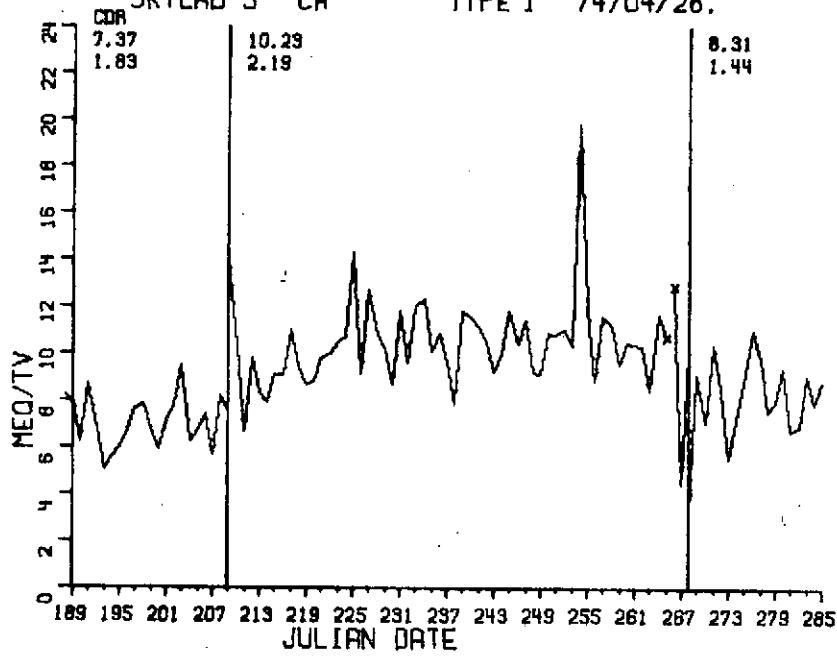






SKYLAB 3 CA

TYPE 1 74/04/26.



## APPENDIX D - Examples of Program Modifications

D.1 Program BUILD for creating and updating  
the data files as described in Sections  
3 and 4

```

PROGRAM BUILD(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE1=INPUT)
C RA1=SAMPLE DIRECTORY *** RA2=URINE FILE *** RA3=BLOOD FILE
C *** RA4=DAILY FILE ***
EXTERNAL ERROR1
EXTERNAL ERROR2
EXTERNAL ERROR3
EXTERNAL ERROR4
COMMON FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)
COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IUR(125),IBL(35),IBUFF(30),KEE,KEF,
+ INITIAL,ICODE
DIMENSION INDX(136),INDX1(136),INDX2(136),INDX3(136),
. INDX4(136),INDX5(136)
DIMENSION KARD( 8), ITEMP(35), IUDATE(4), XTEMP(35)
INTEGER KEY(2), KYE(3)
EQUIVALENCE (ITEMP(1),XTEMP(1))
EQUIVALENCE (IUDATE(4),XUDATE)
EQUIVALENCE (KEE,KEY(2)),(KEF,KYE(3))
DATA ICDT/4458/
DATA (INDX(I),I=1,136)/400,401,402,403,404,405,503,406,407,408,409,BUILD
. 410, BUILD
1 411,412,413,414,415,416,417,418,419,420,421,422,423,424,425,426,BUILD
2 427,428,429,430,431,432,433,434,435,436,437,438,439,440,441,442,BUILD
3 443,444,445,446,447,448,449,450,451,452,453,454,455,456,457,458,BUILD
4 459,460,461,462,463,464,465,466,467,468,469,470,471,472,473,474,BUILD
5 475,476,477,478,479,480,481,482,483,484,485,486,487,488,489,490,BUILD
6 491,492,493,494,495,496,497,498,499,500,501,502,300,301,302,303,BUILD
7 304,305,306,307,321,308,309,310,311,312,313,314,315,316,317,318,BUILD
. 319, BUILD
8 320,514,515,516,517,518,519,520,521,522,523/ BUILD
DATA(INDX1(I),I=1,136)/104*1RU,22*1KB,10*1RU/ BUILD
DATA (INDX2(I),I=1, 70)/
.8HHYDRO .8HALDO .8H17OH .8H5HIAA .8HOSMO .8HNA BUILD
. 8HK BUILD
.8HMG .8HPO4 .8HCA .8HCL .8HI .8HSP.GR. BUILD
.8HCREAT .8HURICACID.8HB .8HSI .8HFE .8HAL BUILD
.8HMO .8HCU .8HZN .8HTI .8HWI .8HSR BUILD
.8HCR .8HBL .8HPN .8HLI .8HRB .8HPD BUILD
.8HAND .8HETIO .8HDEHA .8H11=CARL .8H11=UETIO,8H11OHAND BUILD
.8H11OHETIO,8HTOTAL MG,8HLYS .8HHIS .8HNH3 .8HARG BUILD
.8HHYP .8HASP .8HTHR .8HSEK .8HGLU .8HPRO BUILD
.8HGLY .8HALA .8HCYS/2 .8HVAL .8HMET .8HILE BUILD
.8HLEU .8HTYR .8HPHE .8HILYS .8HGAMMA-AB,8HORN BUILD
.8HETH .8HNH3 .8HLYS .8H1-CH-HIS,8HHIS .8H3-CH-HIS/BUILD
DATA (INDX2(I),I=71,126)/ BUILD
.8HANS .8HTRY .8HCRE .8HCAR .8HARG .8HPSER BUILD
.8HPLTN .8HTAK .8HUREA .8HHYP .8HASP .8HTHR BUILD
.8HSEK .8HASP NH2 .8HGLUNH2 .8HSAR .8HPRO .8HGLU BUILD
.8HCIT .8HGLCNH2 .8HGLY .8HALA .8HALPHA-AA,8HALPHA-AB,BUILD
.8HVAL .8HCYS/2 .8HCYT .8HMET .8HILF .8HLEU BUILD
.8HTYR .8HPHE .8HBETA-ALA,8HBETA-AID,8HHYDRO .8HALDO BUILD
.8HHGH .8HANGIC .8HINSULIN .8HT4 .8HACTH .8HADH BUILD
. 8HTESTOS BUILD
.8HPTH .8HCAL .8HVIT.D. .8HTSH .8HOSMO .8HNA BUILD
.8HK .8HMG .8HPO4 .8HCA .8HCL .8HGLU BUILD
.8HTOTAL P / BUILD
DATA (INDX3(I),I=1,136)/2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17, BUILD
1 18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38, BUILD
2 39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50,51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59, BUILD
3 60,61,62,63,64,65,66,67,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,79,80, BUILD
4 81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,90,91,92,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,100, BUILD

```

```

5 101,102,103,104,105,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19, BUILD
6 20,21,22,23,116,117,118,119,120,121,122,123,124,125/ BUILD
DATA (INDX4(I),I=1,136) /7*1,11*4,15*6,9*7,4*8,15*9,14*10, BUILD
1 15*11,14*12,9*2,4*3,9*5,10*15/ BUILD
DATA (INDX5(I),I=1,136) /3,4,5,6,7,8,9,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13, BUILD
1 3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,3,4, BUILD
2 5,6,3,4, BUILD
3 5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13, BUILD
4 14,15,16,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,3,4,5,6,7,8,9, BUILD
5 10,11,12,13,14,15,16,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,3,4,5,6, 3,4,5,6,7,8,9, BUILD
6 10,11,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12/ BUILD

```

C  
C

```

IEER = 0
SET INITIAL 1 FOR EXISTING FILES 0 FOR NEW FILES

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C

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INITIAL = 0
CALL FILEIS(FITRA1,3LIFN,3LRA1,3LWSA,IBUF,2LRL,350,2LKA,KEE, BUILD
+ 2LKP,0,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI) BUILD
CALL FILEIS(FITRA2,3LIFN,3LRA2,3LWSA,IBUR,2LRL,1250,2LKA,KEE, BUILD
+ 2LKP,0,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI) BUILD
CALL FILEIS(FITRA3,3LIFN,3LRA3,3LWSA,IBL,2LRL,350,2LKA,KEE, BUILD
+ 2LKP,0,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI) BUILD
CALL FILEIS(FITRA4,3LIFN,3LRA4,3LWSA,IBUFF,2LRL,300,2LKA,KEE, BUILD
+ 2LKP,0,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LEPL,0) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LEPL,0) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LEPL,0) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,3LEPL,0) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,2LEX,ERROR1) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,2LEX,ERROR2) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,2LEX,ERROR3) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,2LEX,ERROR4) BUILD
IF(INITIAL.EQ.1) GO TO 106 BUILD
CALL RANDOM(0,@RA1@,35,5,7,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
CALL RANDOM(0,@RA2@,125,5,7,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
CALL RANDOM(0,@RA3@,32,5,7,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
CALL RANDOM(0,@RA4@,30,5,11,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,2LRR,5) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,2LRR,5) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,2LRR,5) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,2LRR,5) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LMR,350) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LMR,1250) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LMR,350) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,3LMR,300) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LMRL,350) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LMRL,1250) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LMRL,350) BUILD
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,3LMRL,300) BUILD
CALL OPENM(FITRA1,3LNEW) BUILD
CALL OPENM(FITRA2,3LNEW) BUILD
CALL OPENM(FITRA3,3LNEW) BUILD
CALL OPENM(FITRA4,3LNEW) BUILD
GO TO 40 BUILD

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106 CONTINUE BUILD
C 106 CALL RANDOM(4,@RA1@,35,5,7,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
C CALL RANDOM(4,@RA2@,125,5,7,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
C CALL RANDOM(4,@RA3@,32,5,7,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
C CALL RANDOM(4,@RA4@,30,5,11,100S,100S,ICODE,LOC) BUILD
CALL OPENM(FITRA1,3LI-0) BUILD

```

CALL OPENM(FITRA2,3LI-0)	BUILD
CALL OPENM(FITRA3,3LI-0)	BUILD
CALL OPENM(FITRA4,3LI-0)	BUILD
40 DO 30 I=1,35	BUILD
30 ITEMP(I)=0	BUILD
ICODE = 0	BUILD
IF(INITIAL.EQ.0) ICODE = ICDT	BUILD
READ(1,105) IFORM,KARD	BUILD
105 FORMAT(I2,7A10,A8)	BUILD
IF(EOF(1).NE.0) GO TO 99	BUILD
IF(IFORM.EQ. 0) GO TO 1000	BUILD
IF(IFORM.EQ.99) GO TO 99	BUILD
IF(IFORM.EQ.98) GO TO 98	BUILD
GO TO(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15),IFORM	BUILD
C	BUILD
C SAMPLE DIRECTORY CARD	BUILD
1000 IEND=24	BUILD
DECODE(80,115,KARD) (ITEMP(I),I=1,12),XTEMP(13),(ITEMP(I),I=14,24)	BUILD
115 FORMAT(I4,I1,I3,I1,I2,I4,3I2,I4,I3,I5,F4.1,I4,9A4,A1)	BUILD
GO TO 35	BUILD
C DELETE A RECORD WITH KFY AND FILE NUMBER	BUILD
C FFKKKKF	BUILD
98 DECODE(6,198,KARD) ITEMP(1),ITEMP(2)	BUILD
198 FORMAT(I4,I1)	BUILD
KEE=ITEMP(1)	BUILD
ICODE=0	BUILD
GO TO (801,802,803,804),ITEMP(2)	BUILD
801 CALL DLTE(FITRA1)	BUILD
GO TO 808	BUILD
802 CALL DLTE(FITRA2)	BUILD
GO TO 808	BUILD
803 CALL DLTE(FITRA3)	BUILD
GO TO 808	BUILD
804 KLF=ITEMP(1)	BUILD
CALL DLTE(FITRA4)	BUILD
808 IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 40	BUILD
PRINT 298,ITEMP(1),ITEMP(2)	BUILD
298 FORMAT(* ERROR ON DELETION - KEY * I10,* FILE *,I10)	BUILD
GO TO 310	BUILD
C	BUILD
C URINE HORMONES CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
1 IEND=8	BUILD
K=2	BUILD
DECODE(80,16,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,8)	BUILD
16 FORMAT(I4,5F4.1,2F3.1)	BUILD
GO TO 60	BUILD
C	BUILD
C PLASMA HORMONES SHORT TERM CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
2 IEND = 10	BUILD
K=2	BUILD
DECODE(80,17,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,10)	BUILD
17 FORMAT(I4,2F4.1,F3.1,F4.2,F4.1,F3.1,F4.1,F5.2,F5.1)	BUILD
GO TO 50	BUILD
C	BUILD
C PLASMA HORMONES LONG TERM CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
3 IEND=5	BUILD
K=11	BUILD

DECODE(80,18,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,5)	BUILD
18 FORMAT(I4,F5.1,3F4.1)	BUILD
GO TO 50	BUILD
C	BUILD
C URINE CHEMISTRIES CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
4 IEND=12	BUILD
K=9	BUILD
DECODE(80,19,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,12)	BUILD
19 FORMAT(I4,3F4.0,F4.1,F4.0,F3.1,F4.0,F5.1,F4.3,2F4.0)	BUILD
GO TO 60	BUILD
C	BUILD
C BLOOD CHEMISTRIES CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
5 IEND=10	BUILD
K=15	BUILD
DECODE(80,20,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,10)	BUILD
20 FORMAT(I4,2F4.1,4F3.1,F3.0,F4.0,F3.1)	BUILD
GO TO 50	BUILD
C	BUILD
C TRACE METALS CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
6 IEND=16	BUILD
K=20	BUILD
DECODE(80,21,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,16)	BUILD
21 FORMAT(I4,2F4.2,F4.3,F4.2,F4.4,F4.3,F4.2,F4.3,F4.4,F4.3,	BUILD
F4.4,F4.3,F4.4,F6.4,F5.4)	BUILD
GO TO 60	BUILD
C	BUILD
C 17KETO STEROIDS CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
7 IEND=10	BUILD
K=35	BUILD
DECODE(80,22,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,10)	BUILD
22 FORMAT(I4,8F5.3,F4.2)	BUILD
GO TO 60	BUILD
C	BUILD
C TOTAL AMINO ACIDS BASIC CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
8 IEND=5	BUILD
K=44	BUILD
DECODE(80,23,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,5)	BUILD
23 FORMAT(I4,4F5.2)	BUILD
GO TO 60	BUILD
C	BUILD
C TOTAL AMINO ACIDS ACID AND NEUTRAL CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
9 IEND=16	BUILD
K=48	BUILD
DECODE(80,24,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,16)	BUILD
24 FORMAT(I4,F4.2,4F5.2,F4.2,F6.2,3F5.2,F4.2,2F5.2, 2F4.2)	BUILD
GO TO 60	BUILD
C	BUILD
C FREE AMINO ACIDS BASIC CARD	BUILD
C	BUILD
10 IEND=15	BUILD
K=63	BUILD
DECODE(80,25,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,15)	BUILD
25 FORMAT(I4,F5.2,2F4.2,F6.2, 2F5.2,3F6.2,F4.2,F5.2,F7.2,2F4.2)	BUILD
GO TO 60	BUILD



C		BUILD
C	FREE AMINO ACIDS ACID AND NEUTRAL CARD 1	BUILD
C		BUILD
	11 IEND=16	BUILD
	K=77	BUILD
	DECODE(80,26,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,16)	BUILD
	26 FORMAT(I4,2F5.2,F6.2,F5.2,F4.2,4F5.2,F6.2,3F5.2,2F4.2)	BUILD
	GO TO 60	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	FREE AMINO ACIDS ACID AND NEUTRAL CARD 2	BUILD
C		BUILD
	12 IEND=15	BUILD
	K=92	BUILD
	DECODE(80,27,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=2,15)	BUILD
	27 FORMAT(I4,F6.2,13F5.2)	BUILD
	GO TO 60	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	DAILY PARAMETERS CARD	BUILD
C		BUILD
	13 IEND = 20	BUILD
	DECODE(80,28,KARD) ITEMP(1),ITEMP(2),(XTEMP(I),I=3,8),	BUILD
	(ITEMP(I),I=9,20)	BUILD
	28 FORMAT(I1,I3,3F5.2,3F4.0,11A4,A3)	BUILD
	GO TO 70	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	UPDATE CARD	BUILD
C		BUILD
	14 DECODE(80,29,KARD) (IUPDATE(I),I=1,3),XUPDATE,ISTY	BUILD
	29 FORMAT(I4,I2,I2,F15.7,I1)	BUILD
	GO TO 80	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	DIET PARAMETER CARDS	BUILD
C		BUILD
	15 IEND = 11	BUILD
	K = 116	BUILD
	DECODE(80,215,KARD) ITEMP(1),(XTEMP(I),I=3,11),XTEMP(2)	BUILD
	215 FORMAT(I4,F4.0,F4.1,6F4.0,F5.2,F4.0)	BUILD
	GO TO 60	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	PROCESS SAMPLE DIRECTORY CARDS	BUILD
C		BUILD
	35 KEY(2)=ITEMP(1)	BUILD
	ITEMP(25)=1RU	BUILD
	IF(ITEMP(4).GT.4.AND.ITEMP(4).LT.8.OR.ITEMP(4).EQ.9) ITEMP(25)=1RU	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(1,@RA1@,IRUF,35,KEY,37S,37S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 37	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA1)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 37	BUILD
	PRINT 34,KEY(2)	BUILD
	34 FORMAT(@ATTEMPT TO ADD EXISTING SAMPLE NO. TO SAMPLE DIR.@,I4)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 1	BUILD
	37 IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 38	BUILD
	36 PRINT 39,ICODE,KEY(2)	BUILD
	39 FORMAT(@RA1 ERROR@,08,5X,I4)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 2	BUILD
	38 CONTINUE	BUILD
C	38 CALL RANDOM(2,@RA1@,ITEMP,35,KEY,36S,36S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	DO 33 I=1,35	BUILD

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	IBUF(I) = ITEMP(I)	BUILD
33	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1033	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA1)	BUILD
	GO TO 1034	BUILD
1033	CALL REPLC(FITRA1)	BUILD
1034	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 36	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	PROCESS BLOOD DATA CARDS	BUILD
C		BUILD
	50 KEY(2)=ITEMP(1)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(1,@RA3@,IBL,32,KEY,53S,53S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 53	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA3)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 53	BUILD
51	DO 52 J=2,IEND	BUILD
	IBL(K)=ITEMP(J)	BUILD
52	K=K+1	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(2,@RA3@,IBL,32,KEY,55S,55S,ICODE,ILOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1053	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA3)	BUILD
	GO TO 1054	BUILD
1053	CALL REPLC(FITRA3)	BUILD
1054	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 55	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
	53 IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 57	BUILD
	55 PRINT 54,ICODE,KEY(2)	BUILD
	54 FORMAT(@RA3 ERROR@,08,5X,I4)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 3	BUILD
	57 IBL(1)=ITEMP(1)	BUILD
	DO 58 I=2,32	BUILD
	58 IBL(I)=0	BUILD
	GO TO 51	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	PROCESS URINE DATA CARDS	BUILD
C		BUILD
	60 KEY(2)=ITEMP(1)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(1,@RA2@,IUR,125,KEY,63S,63S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 63	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA2)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 63	BUILD
61	DO 62 J=2,IEND	BUILD
	IUR(K)=ITEMP(J)	BUILD
62	K=K+1	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(2,@RA2@,IUR,125,KEY,65S,65S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1063	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA2)	BUILD
	GO TO 1064	BUILD
1063	CALL REPLC(FITRA2)	BUILD
1064	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 65	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
63	IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 67	BUILD

	65 PRINT 64,ICODE,KEY(2)	BUILD
	64 FORMAT(@RA2 ERROR@,08,5X,14)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 4	BUILD
	67 IUR(1)=ITEMP(1)	BUILD
	DO 68 I=2,125	BUILD
	68 IUR(I)=0	BUILD
	GO TO 61	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	PROCESS DAILY PARAMETERS	BUILD
C		BUILD
	70 DECODE(4,71,KARD) KYE(3)	BUILD
	71 FORMAT(I4)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(1,@RA4@,IFUF,30,KYE,77S,77S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 77	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA4)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 77	BUILD
	PRINT 75,KYE(2),KYE(3)	BUILD
	75 FORMAT(1H1,@ATTEMPT TO ADD EXISTING DAY TO DAILY FILE@,14,5X,14)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 15	BUILD
	77 IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 78	BUILD
	73 PRINT 74,ICODE,KYE(2),KYE(3)	BUILD
	74 FORMAT(1H1,@RA4 ERROR@,08,5X,14,5X,14)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 5	BUILD
	78 CONTINUE	BUILD
C	78 CALL RANDOM(2,@RA4@,ITEMP,30,KYE,73S,73S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	DO 79 I=1,30	BUILD
	IUFF(I) = ITEMP(1)	BUILD
	79 CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1073	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA4)	BUILD
	GO TO 1074	BUILD
	1073 CALL REPLC(FITRA4)	BUILD
	1074 CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 73	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	PROCESS UPDATE CARDS	BUILD
C		BUILD
	80 IF(IUDATE(2).EQ.0) GO TO 200	BUILD
	IF(IUDATE(2).EQ.13) GO TO 220	BUILD
	DO 81 I=1,136	BUILD
	IF(INDX4(I).EQ.IUDATE(2).AND.INDX5(I).EQ.IUDATE(3)) GO TO 83	BUILD
	81 CONTINUE	BUILD
	PRINT 82,IFORM,(IUDATE(I),I=1,3),XUDATE	BUILD
	82 FORMAT(@NO UPDATE MATCH ON FORM AND FIELD@,5X,12,5X,14,2(5X,12),	BUILD
	5X,F15.7)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 6	BUILD
	83 IHIT=I	BUILD
	KEY(2)=IUDATE(1)	BUILD
	IWKD=INDX3(IHIT)	BUILD
	IF(INDX1(IHIT).EQ.1RR) GO TO 88	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(1,@RA2@,IUR,125,KEY,84S,84S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 84	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA2)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 84	BUILD

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	IUR(IWRD)=IUDATE(4)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(2,@RA2@,IUP,125,KEY,85S,85S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1083	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA2)	BUILD
	GO TO 1084	BUILD
1083	CALL REPLC(FITRA2)	BUILD
1084	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 85	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
84	IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 87	BUILD
85	PRINT 86,ICODE,KEY(2)	BUILD
86	FORMAT(@RA2 ERROR ON UPDATE@,08,5X,I4)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 7	BUILD
88	CONTINUE	BUILD
C	88 CALL RANDOM(1,@RA3@,IBL,32,KEY,92S,92S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 92	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA3)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 92	BUILD
	IBL(IWRD)=IUDATE(4)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(2,@RA3@,IBL,32,KEY,93S,93S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1093	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA3)	BUILD
	GO TO 1094	BUILD
1093	CALL REPLC(FITRA3)	BUILD
1094	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 93	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
92	IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 87	BUILD
93	PRINT 94,ICODE,KEY(2)	BUILD
94	FORMAT(@RA3 ERROR ON UPDATE@,08,5X,I4)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 8	BUILD
87	PRINT 95,ICODE,KEY(2),XUDATE	BUILD
95	FORMAT(@RA2 OR RA3 SAMPLE NUMBER MISSING ON UPDATE@, 08,5X,I4,3X,F15.7)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 9	BUILD
200	KEY(2) = IUDATE(1)	BUILD
	IHIT = IUDATE(3) - 1	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(1,@RA1@,ITEMP,35,KEY,216S,216S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 216	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA1)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 216	BUILD
	IBUF(IHIT) = XUDATE	BUILD
	IF(IHIT.EQ.13) IBUF(IHIT) = IUDATE(4)	BUILD
	IF(IHIT.EQ.13) ITEMP(IHIT) = IUDATE(4)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(2,@RA1@,ITEMP,35,KEY,217S,217S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1213	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA1)	BUILD
	GO TO 1214	BUILD
1213	CALL REPLC(FITRA1)	BUILD
1214	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 217	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
216	IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 230	BUILD
217	PRINT 218,ICODE,KEY(2)	BUILD

218	FORMAT(@RA1 ERROR ON UPDATE@,08,5X,I4)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 12	BUILD
220	KYE(3) = IUDATE(1) + 1000 * ISTD	BUILD
	IHIT = IUDATE(3) - 1	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(1,@RA4@,ITEMP,30,KYE,221S,221S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 221	BUILD
	CALL GET(FITRA4)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 221	BUILD
	IBUFF(IHIT) = IUDATE(4)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(2,@RA4@,ITEMP,30,KYE,222S,222S,ICODE,LOC)	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.EQ.0) GO TO 1223	BUILD
	ICODE = 0	BUILD
	CALL PUT(FITRA4)	BUILD
	GO TO 1224	BUILD
1223	CALL REPLC(FITRA4)	BUILD
1224	CONTINUE	BUILD
	IF(ICODE.NE.0) GO TO 222	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
221	IF(ICODE.EQ.ICDT) GO TO 240	BUILD
222	PRINT 223,ICODE,KYE(2),KYE(3)	BUILD
223	FORMAT(IH1,@RA4 ERROR ON UPDATE@,08,5X,I4,5X,I4)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 13	BUILD
240	PRINT 241,ICODE,KYE(2),KYE(3),XUDATE	BUILD
241	FORMAT(@RA4 DAY AND STUDY MISSING ON UPDATE@,	BUILD
	08,5X,I4,5X,I4,5X,F15.7)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 14	BUILD
230	PRINT 231,ICODE,KEY(2),XUDATE	BUILD
231	FORMAT(@RA1 SAMPLE NUMBER MISSING ON UPDATE@,08,5X,I4,5X,F15.7)	BUILD
	GO TO 310	BUILD
C	STOP 16	BUILD
C		BUILD
C	CLOSE FILES AND SAVE	BUILD
C		BUILD
99	CONTINUE	BUILD
C	99 CALL RANDOM(3,@RA1@)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(3,@RA2@)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(3,@RA3@)	BUILD
C	CALL RANDOM(3,@RA4@)	BUILD
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA1)	BUILD
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA2)	BUILD
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA3)	BUILD
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA4)	BUILD
	PRINT 300	BUILD
300	FORMAT(17HUPDATE COMPLETE.)	BUILD
	STOP 10	BUILD
100	PRINT 101,ICODE, JCODE	BUILD
101	FORMAT(@ OPEN OR UPDATE BEGIN ERROR@,5X,08,2X,08)	BUILD
C	STOP 11	BUILD
310	PRINT 400,IFORM,KARD	BUILD
400	FORMAT(I4,19A4,A2)	BUILD
	GO TO 40	BUILD
	END	BUILD
	SUBROUTINE ERROR1	ERROR1
	COMMON FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)	ERROR1
	COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IUR(125),IBL(35),IBUFF(30),KEE,KEF,	ERROR1
	+ INITIAL,ICODE	ERROR1
	ICODE = IFETCH(FITRA1,3LIRS)	ERROR1

CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LIRS,0)	ERROR1
IF(ICODE.EQ.0.OR.ICODEF.EQ.445B) RETURN	ERROR1
PRINT 100,ICODE	ERROR1
100 FORMAT(* RA1 ERROR*,010)	ERROR1
RETURN	ERROR1
END	ERROR1
SUBROUTINE ERROR2	ERROR2
COMMON FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)	ERROR2
COMMON /SISBUF/ IEUF(35),IUR(125),IBL(35),IBUFF(30),KEE,KEF,	ERROR2
+ INITIAL,ICODE	ERROR2
ICODE = IFETCH(FITRA2,3LIRS)	ERROR2
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LIRS,0)	ERROR2
IF(ICODE.EQ.0.OR.ICODEF.EQ.445B) RETURN	ERROR2
PRINT 100,ICODE	ERROR2
100 FORMAT(* RA2 ERROR*,010)	ERROR2
RETURN	ERROR2
END	ERROR2
SUBROUTINE ERROR3	ERROR3
COMMON FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)	ERROR3
COMMON /SISBUF/ IEUF(35),IUR(125),IBL(35),IBUFF(30),KLE,KEF,	ERROR3
+ INITIAL,ICODE	ERROR3
ICODE = IFETCH(FITRA3,3LIRS)	ERROR3
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LIRS,0)	ERROR3
IF(ICODE.EQ.0.OR.ICODEF.EQ.445B) RETURN	ERROR3
PRINT 100,ICODE	ERROR3
100 FORMAT(* RA3 ERROR*,010)	ERROR3
RETURN	ERROR3
END	ERROR3
SUBROUTINE ERROR4	ERROR4
COMMON FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)	ERROR4
COMMON /SISBUF/ IEUF(35),IUR(125),IBL(35),IBUFF(30),KEE,KEF,	ERROR4
+ INITIAL,ICODE	ERROR4
ICODE = IFETCH(FITRA4,3LIRS)	ERROR4
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,3LIRS,0)	ERROR4
IF(ICODE.EQ.0.OR.ICODEF.EQ.445B) RETURN	ERROR4
PRINT 100,ICODE	ERROR4
100 FORMAT(* RA4 ERROR*,010)	ERROR4
RETURN	ERROR4
END	ERROR4

ORIGINAL PAGE IS  
OF POOR QUALITY

D.2 Program TYPLOK is used to determine the  
content and integrity of the data files  
See Sections 3 and 4

```

PROGRAM TYPELOK(INPUT,OUTPUT)
EXTERNAL ERROR
COMMON FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35),IERR,IFILE
COMMON UTYPE(125,5,5),BTYPE(25,4,5)
COMMON MAN(3,125)
INTEGER UTYPE,BTYPE,TYPE
DIMENSION IBUF(35),XBUF(35),IBUF2(125),XBUF2(125)
DIMENSION IBUF3(35),XBUF3(35)
EQUIVALENCE (IBUF3(1),XBUF3(1))
EQUIVALENCE (IBUF(1),XBUF(1)),(IBUF2(1),XBUF2(1))
CALL FILEIS(FITRA1,3LIFN,3LRA1,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5
+ ,3LMRL, 350,3LMNR, 350,3LWSA, IBUF)
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LRL,0)
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,2LEX, ERROR)
CALL OPENM(FITRA1,3LI-0)
CALL REWMD(FITRA1)
CALL FILEIS(FITRA2,3LIFN,3LRA2,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5
+ ,3LMRL,1250,3LMNR,1250,3LWSA,IBUF2)
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LRL,0)
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,2LEX, ERROR)
CALL OPENM(FITRA2,5LINPUT)
CALL FILEIS(FITRA3,3LIFN,3LRA3,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5
+ ,3LMRL, 350,3LMNR, 350,3LWSA, IBUF3)
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LRL,0)
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,2LEX, ERROR)
CALL OPENM(FITRA3,5LINPUT)
DO 11 I=1,3
DO 11 J=1,125
11 MAN(I,J)=0
DO 4 M=1,5
DO 5 J=1,125
DO 5 I=1,5
5 UTYPE(J,I,M)=0
DO 6 J=1,25
DO 6 I=1,4
6 BTYPE(J,I,M)=0
4 CONTINUE
KSAV=0
ISTART=0
9 IENR=0
IFILE=1
CALL GETM(FITRA1)
IF(IFETCH(FITRA1,2LFP).EQ.100B) GO TO 40
IF(IERR.NL.0) STOP 1
IF(KEY.EG.IBUF(1)) GO TO 10
PRINT 601,KEY,IBUF(1)
601 FORMAT(* MISMATCH KEY *,020,1X,020)
GO TO 9
10 IF(ISTART.NE.0) GO TO 20
ISTART=1
GO TO 21
20 IF(KSAV +1.EQ.KEY) GO TO 22
21 PRINT 602,KSAV,KSAV,KEY,KEY
602 FORMAT(* KEY SEQUENCE - PREVIOUS *,05,I5,* CURRENT *,05,I5)
22 KSAV=KEY
C FIND WHICH RECORD AND FILE TO READ
TYPE=IBUF(5)
IF((IBUF(5).GE.1.AND.IBUF(5).LE.4).OR.IBUF(5).EQ.6) GO TO 25
IF((IBUF(5).GE.5.AND.IBUF(5).LE.7).OR.IBUF(5).EQ.9) GO TO 35
PRINT 603

```



```

603 FORMAT(* INCORRECT TYPE - ASSUME URINE(RA2)*)
    PRINT 609,KEY,(IBUF(I),I=1,5)
609 FORMAT(1H+,T40,*KEY=*,05,* SAMPLE=*,I5,* STUDY=*,I2,* DATE=*,I4,*
    1MAN=*,I2,* TYPE=*,I2)
25 CONTINUE
    MFLAG=0
    IERR=0
    IFILE=2
    CALL GET(FITRA2)
    IF(IERR.NE.0) GO TO 7
    IF(TYPE.LT.1.OR.TYPE.GT.9)GO TO 26
    IF(TYPE.EQ.8) TYPE=5
    M=IBUF(2)
    IF(M.GE.1.AND.M.LE.5) GO TO 12
    PRINT 703,(IBUF(I),I=1,5)
703 FORMAT(* INCORRECT STUDY*,5I10)
    GO TO 26
12 CONTINUE
C   PRIME CREW TEST
    IF(IBUF(4).GT.3) GO TO 26
    DO 3 I=2,125
C   USEABLE DATA TEST
    IF(XBUF2(I).EQ.0) GO TO 3
    IF(M.EQ.3) MAN(IBUF(4),I)=MAN(IBUF(4),I)+1
    IF(XBUF2(I).LT.0..AND.YBUF2(I).NE.-2.) GO TO 3
    UTYPE(I,TYPE,M)=UTYPE(I,TYPE,M)+1
3   CONTINUE
    GO TO 26
7   CONTINUE
    IF(IERR.EQ.445B) GO TO 27
    PRINT 604,IERR,KEY
604 FORMAT(* RA2 ERROR *,020,* KEY *,020)
    GO TO 26
27  PRINT 605
    PRINT 609,KEY,(IBUF(I),I=1,5)
    MFLAG=1
605 FORMAT(* MISSING URINE RECORD *)
26  IERR=0
    IFILE=3
    CALL GET(FITRA3)
    IF(IERR.EQ.445B) GO TO 9
    IF(IERR.NE.0) PRINT 606,IERR
606  FORMAT(* ERROR ON RA3 AT 26 *,020)
    PRINT 607,KEY,IBUF3(1),(XBUF3(I),I=2,35)
607  FORMAT(* BLOOD RECORD IN URINE TYPE *,020,I5/4(4X,10F12.3/))
    IF(MFLAG.EQ.0) PRINT 620,KEY,IBUF2(1),(XBUF2(I),I=2,125)
620  FORMAT(* URINE RECORD *,020,I5/13(4X,10F12.3/))
    GO TO 9
35  IERR=0
    IFILE=3
    MFLAG=0
    CALL GET(FITRA3)
    IF(IERR.NE.0) GO TO 8
    IF(TYPE.LT.1.OR.TYPE.GT.9) GOT O 36
    TYPE=IBUF(5)-4
    IF(TYPE.EQ.5) TYPE=4
    M=IBUF(2)
    IF(M.GE.1.AND.M.LE.5) GO TO 13
    PRINT 703,(IBUF(I),I=1,5)
    GO TO 36

```

```

13 CONTINUE
C   PRIME CREW TEST
   IF (IBUF(4).GT.3) GO TO 36
   DO 2 I=2,25
C   USEABLE DATA TEST
   IF (XBUF3(I).EQ.0) GO TO 2
   IF (XBUF3(I).LT.0. .AND. YBUF3(I).NE.-2.) GO TO 2
   BTYPE(I,TYPE,M)=BTYPE(I,TYPE,M)+1
2  CONTINUE
   GO TO 36
8  CONTINUE
   IF (IERR.EQ.445P) GO TO 37
   PRINT 614,IERR,KEY
614 FORMAT(* RAS ERROR *.020,* KEY *.020)
   GO TO 36
37 PRINT 615
   PRINT 609,KEY,(IBUF(I),I=1,5)
615 FORMAT(* MISSING FLOOD RECORD *)
   MFLAG=1
36 IERR=0
   IFILE=2
   CALL GET(FITRA2)
   IF (IERR.EQ.445B) GO TO 9
   IF (IERR.NE.0) PRINT 616,IERR
616 FORMAT(* ERROR ON RA2 AT 36 *.020)
   PRINT 617,KEY,IBUF2(1),(XBUF2(I),I=2,125)
617 FORMAT(* URINE RECORD IN BLOOD TYPE *.020,I5/13(4X,10F12.3/))
   IF (MFLAG.EQ.0) PRINT 621,KEY,IBUF3(1),(XBUF3(I),I=2,35)
621 FORMAT(* BLOOD RECORD *.020,I5/4(4X,10F12.3/))
   GO TO 9
40 CONTINUE
   PRINT 602,KEY,KEY
   CALL REWIND(FITRA2)
41 IERR=0
   IFILE=2
   CALL GETN(FITRA2)
   IF (IFETCH(FITRA2,2LFP).EQ.100B) GO TO 50
   IERR=0
   IFILE=1
   CALL GET(FITRA1)
   IF (IERR.EQ.445B) PRINT 618,KEY,KEY
618 FORMAT(* MISSING RA1 RECORD FROM RA2 *.020,I10)
   GO TO 41
50 CALL REWIND(FITRA3)
51 IERR=0
   IFILE=3
   CALL GETN(FITRA3)
   IF (IFETCH(FITRA3,2LFP).EQ.100B) GO TO 60
   IERR=0
   IFILE=1
   CALL GET(FITRA1)
   IF (IERR.EQ.445B) PRINT 619,KEY,KEY
619 FORMAT(* MISSING RA1 RECORD FROM RA3 *.020,I10)
   GO TO 51
60 CONTINUE
   PRINT 801,(I,I=1,5)
801 FORMAT(1H1,I46,*URINE DATA SAMPLE COUNT*/T55,*STUDY*/T20,92(*-*)/
15(20X,I2)/5(18X,*TYPE*)/5X,5(2X,20(*-*)/6X,5(*
2 8 *)/* TEST*)
   DO 62 I=2,125

```

```

K=1+398
IF(I.EQ.8) K=503
IF(I.GT.8.AND.I.LT.106) K=K-1
PRINT 701,K,((QTYPE(I,J,M),J=1,5),M=1,5)
62 CONTINUE
701 FORMAT((15,5(2X,5I4)))
PRINT 610
610 FORMAT(*1 COUNT OF URINE SAMPLE DATA POINTS BY MAN AND TEST*)
PRINT 608,MAN
608 FORMAT(3I5,2X,3I5,2X,3I5,2X,3I5,2X,3I5)
PRINT 802,(1,I=1,5)
802 FORMAT(1H1,T44,*BLOOD DATA SAMPLE COUNT*/T53,*STUDY*/T17,76(*-*)/
15(16X,I2)/5(14X,*TYPE*)/5X,5(2X,16(*-*)/6X,5(* 5 6 7 9 *
2)/* TEST*)
DO 61 I=2,25
K=I+298
IF(I.EQ.10) K=321
IF(I.GT.10.AND.I.LT.24) K=K-1
PRINT 702,K,((BTYPE(I,J,M),J=1,4),M=1,5)
61 CONTINUE
702 FORMAT((15,5(2X,4I4)))
CALL CLOSEM(FITRA1)
CALL CLOSEM(FITRA2)
CALL CLOSEM(FITRA3)
END
SUBROUTINE ERROR
COMMON FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35),IERR,IFILE
GO TO (100,200,300,400) IFILE
100 IERR = IFETCH(FITRA1,3LIRS)
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LIRS,0)
GO TO 500
200 IERR = IFETCH(FITRA2,3LIRS)
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LIRS,0)
GO TO 500
300 IERR = IFETCH(FITRA3,3LIRS)
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LIRS,0)
GO TO 500
400 IERR = IFETCH(FITRA4,3LIRS)
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,3LIRS,0)
500 IF(IERR.EQ.0) RETURN
PRINT 601,IFILE,IERR
601 FORMAT(* RA*,I1,* ERROR*,010)
RETURN
END

```

**D.3 Program RETD for performing a basic analysis of the data**

```

PROGRAM RETD(INPUT,OUTPUT)
C MAIN PROGRAM
COMMON XDATA(100),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
C COMMON /INDEX/INDX(124),INDX1(124),INDX2(248),INDX3(124)
COMMON /HITBLK/LHIT(100),MDATE(100),ISAV(16),MTVOL(100)
COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),
* LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA
COMMON/RG/ DATESC(3,5),IVV(4), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), NNN(3),SSE(3)
COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEY,KYE,
+ MFUNC,IFILE,IERR
COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)
C START,LAUNCH,SPLASH DOWN
DATA DATESC/180.,208.,265.,114.,144.,172.,189.,209.,268.,
X 283.,320.,404., 290.,342.,354./
C SL4 SPLASH DOWN IS 39 FEB 8 1974
IOPLOT = 0
KSKIP = 0
C IFFF IS LOOP CONTROL TO ALLOW OVERLAY
IFFF = -1
1 CALL RET
CALL STAT
GO TO 1
END
SUBROUTINE LINE(X,Y,N,M,L,LL)
C X IS THE DATE. (IMDEPENDENT VARIABLE)
C Y IS THE DATA. (DEPENDENT VARIABLE)
C IFLAG = 13 LAST POINT NOT VALID
C JFLAG = 13 LAST POINT VALID
C ISFLAG IS THE NUMBER OF POINTS PLOTTED.
DIMENSION X(1), Y(1)
DATA D/0.04/
IFLAG = 0
JFLAG = 0
ISFLAG = 0
IP = 3
IF(N - 1) 9,1,1
1 DO 6 I=1,N
II = I*M - M + 1
XP = (X(II) - X(N + M))/X(N + 2*M)
YP = (Y(II) - Y(N + M))/Y(N + 2*M)
C CHECK TO SEE IF POINT VALUE IS VALID.
IF(Y(II)) 3,13,23
3 IY = -Y(II) + 0.5
IF(IY - 2) 13,14,13
C THIS IS ZERO ON THE GRAPH.
14 YP = -Y(N+1)/Y(N+2*M)
GO TO 23
C INVALID POINT.
13 IFLAG = 13
GO TO 6
C VALID POINT. CHECK FOR CONTINUOUS DATE.
23 JFLAG = 13
IF(ISFLAG) 25,25,24
24 IF(X(II) - X(II-M) - 1.5) 25,35,35
25 IF(IFLAG) 35,26,35
C PLOT THIS PEN DOWN.
26 CALL PLOT(XP,YP,IP)
ISFLAG = ISFLAG + 1
IP = 2
GO TO 6

```

C	DISCONTINUOUS GRAPH, PLOT AN X ON EACH END OF LINE.	LINE
35	CALL WHERE(U,V,F)	LINE
	IFLAG = 0	LI
	KFLAG = JFLAG*ISFLAG	LI
	IF(KFLAG) 16,17,16	LINE
16	CALL SYMBOL(U,V,D,LL,0.0,-1)	LINE
	ISFLAG = ISFLAG + 1	LINE
17	CALL SYMBOL(XP,YP,D,LL,0.0,-1)	LINE
	IP = 2	LINE
	ISFLAG = ISFLAG + 1	LINE
6	CONTINUE	LINE
	KFLAG = IFLAG*JFLAG	LINE
	IF(KFLAG) 9,9,29	LINE
29	CALL WHERE(U,V,F)	LINE
	CALL SYMBOL(U,V,D,LL,0.0,-1)	LINE
	ISFLAG = ISFLAG + 1	LINE
9	RETURN	LINE
	END	LINE
	SUBROUTINE AXIS (X,Y,BCD,NC,SIZE,THETA,YMIN,DY,NDEC,NLAB,NTIC)	AXIS
	DIMENSION G(2), H(11)	AXIS
	DATA G/.8,.56/	AXIS
	DATA H/.56,.4,.28,.2,.14,.1,.07,.05,.035,.025,.0175/	AXIS
	AC = NC	AXIS
	SIG=SIGN(1.0,AC)	AXIS
2	NAC=IABS(NC)	AXIS
	TH=THETA*0.017453294	AXIS
	IF(NLAB.LE.0) NLAB = 1	AXIS
	IF(NTIC.LE.0) NTIC = 1	AXIS
	FNLAB = NLAB	AX
	N = SIZE*FNLAB + 0.1	AX
C	N = SIZE + 0.50	AXIS
	CTH = COS (TH)	AXIS
	STH = SIN (TH)	AXIS
	CTN = CTH/FNLAB	AXIS
	STN = STH/FNLAB	AXIS
	TN = N	AXIS
	N1 = N + 1	AXIS
	N2 = N1/2	AXIS
	ADY=ABS(DY/FNLAB)	AXIS
C	ADY=ABS(DY)	AXIS
	STAT=YMIN	AXIS
	EXP = 0.0	AXIS
	IF ( ADY ) 9,18,9	AXIS
9	IF ( ADY -100.0 ) 10,12,12	AXIS
12	ADY = ADY / 10.0	AXIS
	STAT=STAT/10.0	AXIS
	EXP = EXP + 1.0	AXIS
	GO TO 9	AXIS
14	ADY = ADY * 10.0	AXIS
	STAT=STAT*10.0	AXIS
	EXP = EXP - 1.0	AXIS
10	IF ( ADY - 1.00 ) 14,18,18	AXIS
C	10 IF ( ADY - 0.01 ) 14,18,18	AXIS
C	18 XA = X - (.20 * SIG - .05) *STH - .0857 * CTH	AXIS
	18 XA = X - (H(NLAB+1) * SIG - H(NLAB+5)) *STH - .0857 * CTH	AXI
C	YA = Y + (.20 * SIG - .05) * CTH - .0857 * STH	AXI
	YA = Y + (H(NLAB+1) * SIG - H(NLAB+5)) * CTH - .0857 * STH	AXIS
	I = 0	AXIS
25	I = I + 1	AXIS
C	CALL NUMBER (XA,YA,0.1,STAT,THETA,2)	AXIS

	CALL NUMBER (XA,YA,H(NLAB+3),STAT,THETA,NDEC)	AXIS
	STAT=STAT+SIGN(ADY,DY)	AXIS
C	XA = XA + CTH	AXIS
	XA = XA + CTN	AXIS
C	YA = YA + STH	AXIS
	YA = YA + STN	AXIS
	IF(I - N2) 25,31,26	AXIS
26	IF(I - N1) 25,60,60	AXIS
31	TNC = NAC + 7	AXIS
C	XC = X + (SIZE / 2.0 -.06 * TNC)*CTH - (-.07 + SIG *.36)* STH	AXIS
	XC = X + (SIZE / 2.0 -H(NLAB+4) * TNC)*CTH	AXIS
1-	(-H(NLAB+4) + SIG *(H(NLAB) + H(NLAB+3)))* STH	AXIS
C	YC = Y + (SIZE / 2.0 -.06 * TNC)*STH + (-.07 + SIG *.36)* CTH	AXIS
	YC = Y + (SIZE / 2.0 -H(NLAB+4) * TNC)*STH	AXIS
1+	(-H(NLAB+4) + SIG *(H(NLAB) + H(NLAB+3)))* CTH	AXIS
C	CALL SYMBOL (XC,YC,0.14,BCD,THETA,NAC)	AXIS
	CALL SYMBOL (XC,YC,H(NLAB+2),BCD,THETA,NAC)	AXIS
	XC = XC + ((TNC -6.0) * 0.12)* CTH	AXIS
	YC = YC + ((TNC -6.0) * 0.12)* STH	AXIS
	IF (EXP) 35,50,35	AXIS
C	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC,YC,0.14,@(X10 )@ ,THETA,7)	AXIS
C	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC,YC,H(NLAB+2),@(X10 )@ ,THETA,7)	AXIS
35	CALL SYMBOL (XC,YC,H(NLAB+2),7H(X10 ),THETA,7)	AXIS
C	XC = XC + .48 * CTH -.07 * STH	AXIS
	XC=XC+.38*CTH-H(NLAB+4)*STH	DEC10
C	YC = YC + .48 * STH +.07 * CTH	AXIS
	YC=YC+.38*STH+H(NLAB+4)*CTH	DEC10
C	40 CALL NUMBER (XC,YC,0.10,EXP,THETA,-1)	AXIS
40	CALL NUMBER (XC,YC,H(NLAB+3),EXP,THETA,-1)	AXIS
50	GO TO 25	AXIS
60	FNTIC = NTIC	AXIS
	NT = N*NTIC	AXIS
	TN = NT	AXIS
	CTH = CTN/FNTIC	AXIS
	STH = STN/FNTIC	AXIS
	XB = X + TN*CTH	AXIS
	YB = Y + TN*STH	AXIS
	XDELT = - H(6 - NTIC) * SIG * STH	AXIS
	YDELT = H(6 - NTIC) * SIG * CTH	AXIS
	XA = XB + XDELT + XDELT	AXIS
C	XA = XB- 0.1 * SIG * STH	AXIS
	YA = YB + YDELT + YDELT	AXIS
C	YA = YB+ 0.1 * SIG * CTH	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XA,YA,3)	AXIS
	XA = XA - XDELT	AXIS
	YA = YA - YDELT	AXIS
C	DO 20 I =1,N	AXIS
	DO 20 I =1,N	AXIS
	DO 20 II =1,NTIC	AXIS
	IF(II.LT.NTIC) GO TO 45	AXIS
	XX = XDELT	AXIS
	YY = YDELT	AXIS
	GO TO 46	AXIS
45	XX = 0.	AXIS
	YY = 0.	AXIS
46	CONTINUE	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XB,YB,2)	AXIS
	XC = XB - CTH	AXIS
	YC = YB - STH	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XC,YC,2)	AXIS







CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LERL,20)	RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,2LEX, ERROR)	RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA1,3LI-0)	R
CALL REWND(FITRA1)	R
CALL FILEIS(FITRA2,3LLFN,3LRA2,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5	RET
+ ,3LMRL,1250,3LMNR,1250,3LWSA, T)	RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LERL,0)	RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,2LEX, ERROR)	RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA2,5LINPUT)	RET
CALL REWND(FITRA2)	RET
CALL FILEIS(FITRA3,3LLFN,3LRA3,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5	RET
+ ,3LMRL, 350,3LMNR, 350,3LWSA, T)	RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LERL,0)	RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,2LEX, ERROR)	RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA3,5LINPUT)	RET
CALL REWND(FITRA3)	RET
CALL FILEIS(FITRA4,3LI FN,3LRA4,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5	RET
+ ,3LMRL, 300,3LMNR, 300,3LWSA,T)	RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,3LERL,0)	RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,2LEX, ERROR)	RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA4,5LINPUT)	RET
CALL REWND(FITRA4)	RET
IFFF = 0	RET
C	RET
C INITIALIZE COUNTER FLAGS FOR THE FIRST PASS OF	RET
C ANY GIVEN RETREIVAL	RET
C	RET
201 ISFLG = 1	RET
IDFLG = 1	R
IMFLG = 1	R
ITPFLG = 1	RET
ITTFLG = 1	RET
IFFF = 1	RET
C	RET
C READ ONE DATA CARD	RET
C	RET
1 READ 200,(ISAV(I),I=1,16)	RET
200 FORMAT(A4,1X,A4,1X,14I5)	RET
C	RET
C DETERMINE CARD TYPE AND COUNTER SEQUENCE	RET
C	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HJOB ) GO TO 19	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HSTUD.AND.ISFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 5	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HSTUD.AND.ISFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 45	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HDATE.AND.IDFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 6	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HDATE.AND.IDFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 46	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HMAN .AND.IMFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 7	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HMAN .AND.IMFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 47	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTYPE.AND.ITPFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 8	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTYPE.AND.ITPFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 48	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTEST.AND.ITTFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 9	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTEST.AND.ITTFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 49	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HEND ) GO TO 40	RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HEOF ) GO TO 99	RET
C	RET
C BUILD RETREIVAL CRITERIA ARRAYS	R
C	RET
5 JSTALL=0	RET
IS = 0	RET
ISFLG = 0	RET

	45 CALL SETCRI(LSTUDY,IS,JSTALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LSTUDY(I),I=1,5),IS,JSTALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	6 JDTALL=0	RET
	ID = 0	RET
	IDFLG = 0	RET
	46 CALL SETCRI(LDATE,ID,JDTALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LDATE(I),I=1,10),ID,JDTALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	7 MANALL=0	RET
	IM = 0	RET
	IMFLG = 0	RET
	47 CALL SETCRI(LMAN,IM,MANALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LMAN(I),I=1,9),IM,MANALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	8 JTPALL=0	RET
	ITP = 0	RET
	ITPFLG = 0	RET
	48 CALL SETCRI(LTYPE,ITP,JTPALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LTYPE(I),I=1,10),ITP,JTPALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	9 JTTALL=0	RET
	ITT = 0	RET
	ITTFLG = 0	RET
	49 CALL SETCRI(LTEST,ITT,JTTALL)	RET
	ITT=1	RET
C	IF(JTTALL.EQ.1) ITT = 124	RET
	LSTART = ISAV(3)	RET
	LSTOP = ISAV(4)	RET
	IF(LSTOP.EQ.0) LSTOP=LSTART	DEC10
	GO TO 1	RET
	19 DO 119 I=1,16	RET
119	JOB(I)=ISAV(I)	RET
	IF(IOPLT.EQ.0.AND.JOB(3).GE.1000) CALL PLOTS(14HNASA ENDOCRINE,	RET
	1 14)	RET
	IF(JOB(3).GE.1000) IOPLT = 999	RET
	IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HVOLU)GOTO1	DEC10
	JOB(2)=4HDATE	DEC10
	PRINT 601	DEC10
601	FORMAT(* UNKNOWN JOB PARAMETER DATE ASSUMED*)	DEC10
	GO TO 1	RET
C		RET
C	BUILD HIT ARRAY OF SAMPLE NUMBERS	RET
C		RET
	40 CONTINUE	RET
	LT = LSTART - 1	RET
C		RET
C	DO 4321 LT=LSTART,LSTOP	RET
140	IF(IFFF - 2) 145,240,145	RET
145	LT = LT + 1	RET
C		RET
	IF(LT - LSTOP) 150,150,4321	RET
150	LM = 0	RET
	IFFF = 2	RET
C	IF(KOT.EQ.0) CALL SSWTCH(1,KK1)	RET
C	IF(KKT.EQ.1) GO TO 999	RET
	LTEST(1) = LT	RET
C	DO 4321 LM=1,3	RET
240	LM = LM + 1	RET
	IF(LM - 3) 250,250,245	RET

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245	IFFF = 1	RET
	GO TO 140	RET
250	LMAN(1) = LM	R
	IH = 1	R
C	REWIND 1	RET
	CALL REWIND(FITRA1)	RET
C		RET
C	THE KEYED (RA1) SAMPLE DIRECTORY FILE IS TREATED AS A SEQUENTIAL	RET
C	FILE DURING THE SEARCH FOR SAMPLES WHICH SATISFY	RET
C	THE INPUT CRITERIA	RET
C		RET
C	10 BUFFER IN(1,1)(IBUF(1),IBUF(14))	RET
	10 CALL GETN(FITRA1)	RET
	IF(IFETCH(FITRA1,2LFP).EQ.100B) GO TO 23	RET
	2 IF(JSTALL.EQ.1) GO TO 12	RET
	DO 11 I=1,IS	RET
	IF(IBUF(2).EQ.LSTUDY(I)) GO TO 12.	RET
	11 CONTINUE	RET
	GO TO 10.	RET
	12 IF(JDTALL.EQ.1.AND.JOB(2).EQ.4HVOLU) GO TO 44	RET
C		RET
C	CHECK FOR SIMULTANEOUS @ALL@ AND DATE @SAVE@ OPTION	RET
C		RET
	IF(JDTALL.EQ.1.AND.(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH))GO TO 41	RET
	DO 13 I=1,IS	RET
	IF(IBUF(3).EQ.LDATE(I)) GO TO 14	RET
	13 CONTINUE	RET
	GO TO 10	RET
	41 MDSAV = IBUF(3)	R
	GO TO 44	R
C		RET
C	CHECK FOR DATE SAVE OPTION	RET
C		RET
	14 IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH) MDSAV=LDATE(I)	RET
	44 IF(MANALL.EQ.1) GO TO 16	RET
	DO 15 I=1,IM	RET
	IF(IBUF(4).EQ.LMAN(I)) GO TO 16	RET
	15 CONTINUE	RET
	GO TO 10	RET
	16 IF(JTPALL.EQ.1) GO TO 18	RET
	DO 17 I=1,ITP	RET
	IF(IBUF(5).EQ.LTYPE(I)) GO TO 18	RET
	17 CONTINUE	RET
	GO TO 10	RET
C		RET
C	CHECK FOR MASTER SAMPLE NUMBER	RET
C		RET
	18 IF(IBUF(14).EQ.0) GO TO 21	RET
	MIH = IH-1	RET
	DO 20 I=1,MIH	RET
	IF(LHIT(I).EQ.IBUF(14)) GO TO 10	RET
	20 CONTINUE	RET
	LHIT(IH)=IBUF(14)	RET
C	PRINT 220,(LHIT(I),I=1,10)	RFI
C	220 FORMAT(5X,5HLHIT2,5X,10I10)	R
	GO TO 22	RET
	21 LHIT(IH)=IBUF(1)	RET
C	PRINT 221,(LHIT(I),I=1,10)	RET
C	221 FORMAT(5X,5HLHIT1,5X,10I10)	RET

```

C
C IF DATE SAVE OPTION WAS SPECIFIED FILL DATE ARRAY CORRESPONDING
C TO SAMPLE NUMBER HIT ARRAY
C
C 22 IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OP.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH) MDATE(IH)=MDSAV
C
C IF TOTAL VOLUME SAVE OPTION WAS SPECIFIED FILL VOLUME ARRAY
C CORRESPONDING TO SAMPLE NUMBER HIT ARRAY
C
C IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HVOLU.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH)MTVOL(IH)=IBUF(10)
C IH=IH+1
C IF(IH.LE.101) GO TO 10
C 23 NSMP = IH - 1
C IF(NSMP.LE.100) GO TO 35
C PRINT 30
C 30 FORMAT(1H1,17HHIT FILE OVERFLOW )
C STOP 30
C
C 35 CALL RETRVE
C PRINT 300, LSTUDY,LMAN,JOB,LTYPE,NSMP,NDATA
C 300 FORMAT(1H0,6HLSTUDY,10I10,/,2X,4HLMAN,9I10,/,/,
C . 1X,4HJOB ,A4,5X,A4,5X,14I6,/,6H LTYPE,20I5,/,/,
C . 1X,7HNSMP = ,15,10X,6HNDATA = ,15)
C PRINT 301,(LDATE(I),I=1,10)
C 301 FORMAT(6H LDATE /,(10I10))
C PRINT 302,(LTEST(I),I=1,10)
C 302 FORMAT(6H LTEST ,(10I10))
C PRINT 306,(MTVOL(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 306 FORMAT(1H0,5HMTVOL,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 303,(MDATE(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 303 FORMAT(1H0,5HMDATE,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 304,(LHIT(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 304 FORMAT(/ ,6H LHIT ,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 305,(XDATA(I),I=1,NDATA)
C 305 FORMAT(1H0,5HXDATA,/, (8F15.6))
C PRINT 300, LSTUDY,LMAN,JOB,LTYPE,NSMP,NDATA
C 300 FORMAT(1H1,6HLSTUDY,10I10,/,2X,4HLMAN,9I10,/,/,
C . 4HJOB ,A4,5X,A4,5X,14I6,/,5HLTYPE,20I5,/,/,
C . 7HNSMP = ,15,10X,8HNDATA = ,15,/)
C PRINT 301,(LDATE(I),I=1,10)
C 301 FORMAT(5HLDATE /,(10I10))
C PRINT 302,(LTEST(I),I=1,10)
C 302 FORMAT(5HLTEST ,(10I10))
C PRINT 306,(MTVOL(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 306 FORMAT(1H1,5HMTVOL,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 303,(MDATE(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 303 FORMAT(1H1,5HMDATE,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 304,(LHIT(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 304 FORMAT(/,5HLHIT ,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 305,(XDATA(I),I=1,NDATA)
C 305 FORMAT(1H1,5HXDATA,/, (8F15.6))
C
C
C -----RET
C RETURN RET
C CALL STAT RET
C 4321 CONTINUE RET
C IFFF = 0 RET
C
C -----RET
C

```



```

COMMON /HITBLK/LHIT(100),MDATE(100),ISAV(16),MTVOL(100)          REDUCE
COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),  RETRVE
      LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA                   RETRVE
COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEE,KYE,    RETRVE
+      MFUNC,IFILE,IERR                                          RETRVE
COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)        RETRVE
DIMENSION XTEMP(125)                                           RETRVE
INTEGER KEY(2)                                                  RETRVE
EQUIVALENCE (T,XTEMP)                                          RETRVE
EQUIVALENCE (KEE,KEY(2))                                       RETRVE
DATA (INDX(I),I=1,136)/400,401,402,403,404,405,503,406,407,408,409,DEC10
. 410,                                                           DEC10
1 411,412,413,414,415,416,417,418,419,420,421,422,423,424,425,426,DEC10
2 427,428,429,430,431,432,433,434,435,436,437,438,439,440,441,442,DEC10
3 443,444,445,446,447,448,449,450,451,452,453,454,455,456,457,458,DEC10
4 459,460,461,462,463,464,465,466,467,468,469,470,471,472,473,474,DEC10
5 475,476,477,478,479,480,481,482,483,484,485,486,487,488,489,490,DEC10
6 491,492,493,494,495,496,497,498,499,500,501,502,300,301,302,303,DEC10
7 304,305,306,307,321,308,309,310,311,312,313,314,315,316,317,318,DEC10
. 319,                                                           DEC10
8 320,514,515,516,517,518,519,520,521,522,523/                DEC10
DATA (INDX3(I),I=1,136)/2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17, DEC10
1 18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38, DEC10
2 39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50,51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59, DEC10
3 60,61,62,63,64,65,66,67,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,79,80, DEC10
4 81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,90,91,92,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,100, DEC10
5101,102,103,104,105,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,DEC10
6 20,21,22,23,116,117,118,119,120,121,122,123,124,125/      DEC10
DATA ICDT/445B/                                               RETRVE
M=1                                                            RETRVE
KSAV=0                                                         RETRVE
IERR=0                                                         RETRVE
OO 27 K=1,NSMP                                               RETRVE
DO 27 I=1,ITT                                                 RETRVE
C
C IDENTIFY TEST NUMBER IN INDEX                               RETRVE
C
DO 24 J=1,136                                                 DEC10
IF(LTEST(I).EQ.INDX(J)) GO TO 25                             DEC10
24 CONTINUE                                                  DEC10
STOP @INVALID TEST NUMBER@                                  DEC10
25 IJ=J                                                       DEC10
LREC=INDX3(IJ)                                              DEC10
IF(LTEST(I) -400) 41,31,31                                  RETRVE
31 INDX1 = 1RU                                              RETRVE
GO TO 50                                                     RETRVE
41 INDX1 = 1RB                                              RETRVE
C
C PICK UP KEY FROM HIT ARRAY OF SAMPLE NUMBERS              RETRVE
C
50 KEY(2)=LHIT(K)                                           RETRVE
C
C DETERMINE IF DATA NEEDED IS FROM CURRENT RECORD          RETRVE
C
IF(KEY(2).EQ.KSAV) GO TO 26                                  RETRVE
C
C CHECK FOR URINE OR BLOOD FILE                             RETRVE
C
29 IF(INDX1(IJ).EQ.1RU) GO TO 28                             RETRVE
29 IF(INDX1.EQ.1RU) GO TO 28                                RETRVE

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C      CALL RANDOM(1,@RA3@,XTEMP,32,KEY,100 ,100 ,ICODE,LOC)          RETRVE
      CALL GET(FITRA3)          RETRVE
      LOC = 3                   RETRVE
      IFILE = 3                 RETRVE
      IF(IERR.NE.0) GO TO 100   RETRVE
      GO TO 26                   RETRVE
C 28 CALL RANDOM(1,@RA2@,XTEMP,125,KEY,100 ,100 ,ICODE,LOC)          RETRVE
28 CALL GET(FITRA2)          RETRVE
      LOC = 2                   RETRVE
      IFILE = 2                 RETRVE
      IF(IERR.NE.0) GO TO 100   RETRVE
C
C
C
C 26 LREC=INDX3(IJ)            RETRVE
26 XDATA(M)=XTEMP(LREC)      RETRVE
30 M=M+1                      RETRVE
      IF(M.GT.100) GO TO 110    RETRVE
      KSAV=KEY(2)              RETRVE
27 CONTINUE                  RETRVE
C
C
C NDATA = NUMBER OF DATA VALUES RETREIVED          RETRVE
C
C
      NDATA=M-1
      RETURN
100 IF(IERR .EQ.ICDT) GO TO 105
      PRINT 101,IERR ,KEY(2)
101 FORMAT(1H ,19HRANDOM ERROR-RETRVE,08,5X,I4)
      STOP 100
105 PRINT 104,KEY(2)
104 FORMAT(1H ,27HSAMPLE NO. NOT FOUND-RETRVE,5X,I4)
      XDATA(M)=-1.
      IERR=0
      GO TO 30
110 PRINT 111
111 FORMAT(1H1,43HDATA BUFFER FULL BEFORE ALL DATA RETREIVED )
      STOP 110
      END
      SUBROUTINE STAT
      COMMON XDATA(100),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
      COMMON /HITBLK/LHIT(100),MDATE(100),ISAV(16),MTVOL(100)
      COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),
      LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA
      COMMON/RG/ DATESC(3,5),IVV(4), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), NNN(3),SSE(3)
      REAL KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, NITS
      DIMENSION ISIG(2)
      DIMENSION X(1)
      DIMENSION LTEXT(120), MTEXT(120), XOUT(120)
      DIMENSION NDF(3), S(3), P(3), TM(3), WTV(3), XMS(3), IPP(3),IP2(3)
      DIMENSION ID1(120), ID2(120), LK(3)
      EQUIVALENCE(X,XDATA)
      DATA ID1/120*1/, LK/3*0/
      DATA IPP/4HPRE , 4HIN , 4HPOST/
      DATA IP2/8HPRE-IN , 8HIN-POST , 8HPRE-POST/

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DO 240 I=1,NOSLTS
IF(MDATE(I).LE.DATESC(2,IG)) IVV(2) = I
IF(MDATE(I).LE.DATESC(3,IG)) IVV(3) = I
240 XUATA(I) = XOUT(I)
DO 133 I=1,3
NFIRST = IVV(I) + 1
NLASt = IVV(I + 1)
CALL MESIG(LTEXT,NFIRST,NLAST,SMEAN,SIGMA,NN)
SSMEAN(I) = SMEAN
SSIGMA(I) = SIGMA
NNN(I) = NN
133 CONTINUE
NFIRST = 1
NLASt = NOSLTS
CALL MESIG(LTEXT,NFIRST,NLAST,SMEAN,SIGMA,NN)
C
C IF THERE ARE 2 OR MORE PRE-FLIGHT OBSERVATIONS THE EXTREME VALUES
C ARE FLAGED ON THE BASIS OF PRE-FLIGHT MEAN AND STD. DEV.
C OTHERWISE THE TOTAL MEAN AND STD. DEV. ARE USED.
C
IF(NNN(1) - 2) 134,136,136
134 SSG = SIGMA
SSM = SMEAN
GO TO 137
136 SSG = SSIGMA(1)
SSM = SSMEAN(1)
137 T01 = 2.3263*SSG
T05 = 1.6449*SSG
DO 166 II=1,3
IFIRST = IVV(II)+ 1
ILAST = IVV(II + 1)
IF(IFIRST - ILAST) 162,166,166
162 DO 165 I=IFIRST,ILAST
MTEXT(I) = IBLANK
IF(X(I)) 164,165,153
153 DELTA = X(I) - SSM
IF(DELTA) 155,154,157
154 IF(X(I).LE.2.0) GO TO 164
DELTA = SSM
GO TO 156
155 DELTA = -DELTA
156 IF(DELTA.GE.T05) MTEXT(I) = IMINUS
IF(DELTA.GE.T01) MTEXT(I) = IMMI
GO TO 164
157 IF(DELTA.GE.T05) MTEXT(I) = IPLUS
IF(DELTA.GE.T01) MTEXT(I) = IPPL
164 PRINT 400,MDATE(I), X(I), LTEXT(I), MTEXT(I)
165 CONTINUE
PRINT 900,SSMEAN(II), SSIGMA(II), NNN(II)
166 CONTINUE
IF(JOB(3) - 1000) 150,145,145
145 IF(NN) 150,150,146
146 CALL STPLOT(LOOP,NOBS,NSLOT,IWORD,KSTUDY,KTYPE,KMAN,KTEST,SMEAN,
X SIGMA)
150 CONTINUE
C
C ICASE = 0 NO TESTS
C ICASE = 1 PREFLIGHT ONLY
C ICASE = 2 PRE AND INFLIGHT ONLY
C ICASE = 3 ALL

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C	ICASE = 4	PRE AND POSTFLIGHT ONLY	STAT
C			STAT
	IF(NNN(1)-1) 170,170,171		DEC10
170	NT = 0		STAT
	ICASE = 0		STAT
	GO TO 999		DEC10
171	SSE(1) = SSIGMA(1)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(1)))		STAT
	PRINT 3000, NNN(1), SSMEAN(1), SSIGMA(1), SSE(1)		STAT
3000	FORMAT(20(4H----)/23H PARAMETRIC STATISTICS.//2H SUMMARY/		STAT
	X39H0SAMPLE N MEAN SD SE/4HOPKE, I6, 3F11.3)		STAT
	IF(NNN(2)-1) 172,172,176		DEC10
172	IF(NNN(3)-1) 173,173,174		DEC10
173	NT = 1		STAT
	ICASE = 1		STAT
	GO TO 999		DEC10
174	SSE(3) = SSIGMA(3)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(3)))		STAT
	PRINT 3010, NNN(3), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), SSE(3)		STAT
	NT = 2		STAT
	ICASE = 4		STAT
C			STAT
C	FOR CASE 4 FIX NNN AND X FOR ACRDAN		DEC10
	IF(NNN(2).EQ.1) GO TO 175		DEC10
	NNN(2)=NNN(3)		DEC10
	GO TO 180		DEC10
C	NNN(2) IS 1 MOVE X		DEC10
175	CONTINUE		DEC10
	NNN1=NNN(1)+1		DEC10
	NSLTM1=NOSLTS-1		DEC10
	DO 179 I=NNN1,NSLTM1		DEC10
	X(I)=X(I+1)		DEC10
179	CONTINUE		DEC10
	NNN(2)=NNN(3)		DEC10
	GO TO 180		DEC10
C	CHANGE THIS LATER		STAT
C			STAT
176	SSE(2) = SSIGMA(2)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(2)))		STAT
	PRINT 3020, NNN(2), SSMEAN(2), SSIGMA(2), SSE(2)		STAT
3020	FORMAT(4H0IM, I6, 3F11.3)		STAT
	IF(NNN(3)-1) 177,177,178		DEC10
177	NT = 2		STAT
	ICASE = 2		STAT
	GO TO 180		STAT
178	SSE(3) = SSIGMA(3)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(3)))		STAT
	PRINT 3010, NNN(3), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), SSE(3)		STAT
3010	FORMAT(5H0POST, I5, 3F11.3)		STAT
	NT = 3		STAT
	ICASE = 3		STAT
180	CONTINUE		STAT
	SE = SIGMA/SQRT(FLOAT(NN))		STAT
	PRINT 3030, NN, SMEAN, SIGMA, SE		STAT
3030	FORMAT(4F ---, 10(4H----)/4H SUM, I6, 3F11.3)		STAT
C			STAT
C	GET RID OF NEGATIVE VALUES		STAT
C	I RANGES OVER ALL POINTS.		STAT
C	J RANGES OVER VALID POINTS.		STAT
C			STAT
	J = 1		STAT
	DO 330 I=1, NOSLTS		STAT
	IF(X(I)) 310, 330, 320		STAT
310	IF(X(I) + 2.0) 330, 315, 330		STAT

```

315 X(J) = 0.0
      J = J + 1
      GO TO 330
320 X(J) = X(I)
      J = J + 1
330 CONTINUE
      CALL ACRDAN(X, NT, NNN, TM, WTV, S, GM, NDF, IER)
      N1 = NDF(1)
      N2 = NDF(2)
      S1 = S(1)
      S2 = S(2)
      CALL FFOUT(S1,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)
      DO 193 IMS=1,3
193  XMS(IMS) = S(IMS)/NDF(IMS)
      PRINT 3090
3090 FORMAT(1X)
      PRINT 3100
3100 FORMAT(28HOANALYSIS OF VARIANCE TABLE, /35H0          DF          SS
      X  MS          F /35H          ----          ----          ----          ---)
      PRINT 3200, NDF(1), S(1), XMS(1), FVAL
3200 FORMAT(6H TREAT, I4, F10.1, F10.1, F8.3)
      PRINT 3300, NDF(2), S(2), XMS(2)
3300 FORMAT(6HOERROR, I4, F10.1, F10.1, 6H --- /4H ----, 9(4H----))
      PRINT 3400, NDF(3), S(3), XMS(3)
3400 FORMAT(6H TOTAL, I4, F10.1, F10.1, 6H --- )
      PRINT 3800, FVAL, PRFVAL
3800 FORMAT(11H0,F7.3, 23H IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE ,F5.1, 14H PERCENT LEV
1EL)
      IF(NT-2) 999,850,824
824 IF(PR FVAL - 5.0) 625,825,850
825 N1 = 1
      PRINT 3500
3500 FORMAT(14HOCONTRAST F )
      P(1) = 1
      P(2) = -1
      CALL ACTRST(TM, NNN, 3, 1, P, 1, Q, SQ)
      CALL FFOUT(SQ,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)
      PRINT 3600,IP2(1), IP2(2), FVAL, PRFVAL
3600 FORMAT(1H0, 2A4, F8.3, 23H IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE ,F5.1,
X15H PERCENT LEVEL.)
      P(1) = 0
      P(2) = 1
      P(3) = -1
      CALL ACTRST(TM, NNN, 3, 1, P, 1, Q, SQ)
      CALL FFOUT(SQ,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)
      PRINT 3600,IP2(3), IP2(4), FVAL, PRFVAL
      P(1) = 1
      P(2) = 0
      CALL ACTRST(TM, NNN, 3, 1, P, 1, Q, SQ)
      CALL FFOUT(SQ,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)
      PRINT 3600,IP2(5), IP2(6), FVAL, PRFVAL
850 CONTINUE
851 NP = 0
      DO 855 I=1,NT
      NCDC = NNN(I)
      DO 855 J=1,NCDC
      NP = NP + 1
855 ID2(NP) = I
      IF(ICASE.EQ.2) GO TO 861
      IF(ICASE.EQ.4) GO TO 860

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310	IX1 = -XDATA(I) + 0.5	OTEST
	IF(IXT - 2) 315,312,315	OTEST
312	LTEXT(I) = IZ	OTEST
	NN = NN + 1	OTEST
	RETURN	OTE
315	LTEXT(I) = ISS	OTE
	RETURN	OTEST
410	LTEXT(I) = INV	OTEST
	RETURN	OTEST
510	NN = NN + 1	OTEST
	LTEXT(I) = IBLANK	OTEST
	SUM = SUM + XDATA(I)	OTEST
	SSG = SSG + XDATA(I)*XDATA(I)	OTEST
	RETURN	OTEST
	END	OTEST
	SUBROUTINE UERTST	UERTST
	RETURN	UERTST
	END	UERTST
	SUBROUTINE STPLOT(LOOP,NOBST,NSLOT,IWORD,KSTUDY,KTYPE,KMAN,KTEST,	STPLOT
X	SMEAN,SIGMA)	STPLOT
	COMMON XDATA(100),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOY,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP	REDUCE
	COMMON /HITBLK/LHIT(100),MDATE(100),ISAV(16),MTVGL(100)	REDUCE
	COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),	STPLOT
	LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA	STPLOT
	DIMENSION YDATE(200),XP(3)	REDUCE
	COMMON/RG/ DATESC(3,5),IVV(4), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), NNN(3)	STPLOT
C	REAL*8 MSTUDY,MTYPE,MMAN,MTEST	STPLOT
	REAL MSTUDY,MTYPE,MMAN,MTEST	STPLOT
	REAL KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, NITS	STPLOT
	DIMENSION NSMAN(7)	STPLOT
	EQUIVALENCE(YDATE,T)	STPLOT
	DATA NSMAN/4,9,8,0,1,2,3/	STPLOT
	IF(NOBST - 1) 911,911,1	STPLOT
1	MFIRST = MDATE(1)	STPLOT
	DO 10 II=1,NOBST	STPLOT
	IF(MDATE(II) - MFIRST) 9,10,10	STPLOT
9	MFIRST = MDATE(II)	STPLOT
10	YDATE(II) = MDATE(II)	STPLOT
	J1 = NOBST + 1	STPLOT
	J2 = NOBST + 2	STPLOT
	CALL SCALE(XDATA, 3.0,NOBST,1)	STPLOT
C	XDATA(NOBST + 1) = 0.0	STPLOT
	IF(XDATA(J2)) 911,911,11	STPLOT
11	IG = LSTUDY(1)	STPLOT
	YDATE(NOBST + 1) = DATESC(1,IG)	STPLOT
	YDATE(NOBST + 2) = 24.0	STPLOT
	UP = (DATESC(2,IG) - DATESC(1,IG))/YDATE(NOBST + 2)	STPLOT
	DOWN=(DATESC(3,IG) - DATESC(1,IG))/YDATE(NOBST + 2)	STPLOT
	XP(1) = 0.1	STPLOT
	XP(2) = 0.1+ UP	STPLOT
	XP(3) = 0.1+ DOWN	STPLOT
	NTIC = 3	STPLOT
	CALL TEXT(LSTUDY(1), LTYPE(1), LMAN(1), LTEST(1),	STPLOT
X	KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, NITS)	STPLOT
	KS = KSKIP - KSKIP/3*3	STPLOT
	IF(KS) 208,108,208	STPLOT
C 108	CALL PLOT(4.25,10.5,-3)	STPLOT
108	CALL PLOT(8.50,10.5,-3)	STPLOT
	FPN = LTYPE(1)	STPLOT
	CALL SYMBOL(0.30, -.4, 0.10, KSTUDY , 0.0, 8)	STPLOT

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CALL SYMBOL(1.20,-.4,0.10,KTEST , 0.0, 8)
CALL SYMBOL(2.00,-.4,0.10,4HTYPE, 0.0, 4)
CALL NUMBER(2.40,-.4,0.10,FPN,0.0,-1)
CALL SYMBOL(2.60,-.4,0.10,1WORD,0.0,10)
208 CALL PLOT(0.0,-3.5,-3)
CALL AXIS(0.0,0.0,12H JULIAN DATE,
J -12, 4.0,00.0,YDATE(J1),YDATE(J2),-1,4,3)
C CALL AXIS (X,Y,RC,NC,SIZE,THETA,YMIN,DY,DD,DEC,NLAB,NTIC)
C CALL AXIS(0.0,0.0,16H DATA VALUE,16,3.0, 90.0, Y(J1),Y(J2))
CALL AXIS(0.0,0.0,NITS , 8,3.0, 90.0, XDATA(J1),
1 XDATA(J2), -1, 4, 1)
FPN = LMAN(1)
CALL SYMBOL(0.10,3.01,0.07,KMAN, 0.0, 3)
DO 308 JJ=1,3
KG = 4 - JJ
CALL NUMBER(XP(KG), 2.89, 0.07, SSMEAN(KG), 0.0, 2)
308 CALL NUMBER(XP(KG), 2.77, 0.07, SSIGMA(KG), 0.0, 2)
CALL PLOT(UP,0.0,3)
CALL PLOT(UP,3.0,2)
CALL PLOT(DOWN,3.0,3)
CALL PLOT(DOWN,0.0,2)
708 LL = NSMAN(LMAN(1))
CALL LINE(YDATE,XDATA,NORST,1, 0,LL)
811 CONTINUE
KSKIP = KSKIP + 1
911 RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE TEXT(LSTUDY,LTYPE,LMAN,LTEST,NSTUDY,NTYPE,NMAN,NTEST,
1 NITS)
C REAL*8 KSTUDY,MSTUDY(6),KTEST,MURN(124),MELD(24),MITS(124),
REAL KSTUDY,MSTUDY(5),KTEST,MURN(124),MELD(24),MITS(124),
1MISE(24),KTYPE,MTYPE(15),MM,KITS
REAL NSTUDY, NTYPE, NMAN, NTEST, KMAN, MMAN(9), NITS
DATA MSTUDY/8HSMEAT ,8HSKYLAB 2,8HSKYLAB 3,8HSKYLAB 4,8HAPOLLO17TEXT
1/
DATA MMAN/4HCDR ,4HPLT ,4HSPT ,4HC1 ,4HC2 ,4HC3 ,4HC4 ,
X4HC5 ,4HC6 /
DATA (MURN(I),I=1,107)
X /8HEPI ,8HNOREPI ,8HADH ,8HHYDRO ,8HALDO ,
X8H170H ,8HOSMO ,8HNA ,8HK ,8HMG ,8HPO4 ,
X8HCA ,8HCL ,8HH ,8HSP.GR. ,8HCREAT ,8HURICACIU,
X8HB ,8HSI ,8HFE ,8HAL ,8HMO ,8HCU ,
X8HZN ,8HTI ,8HNI ,8HSR ,8HCR ,8HBL ,
X8HMN ,8HLI ,8HRD ,8HPD ,8HAND ,8HETIO ,
X8HDHEA ,8H11=0 AND,8H11=0ETIO,8H11OH AND,8H11OHETIO,8HTOTAL ,
X8HLYS ,8HHIS ,8HMH3 ,8HARG ,8HHYP ,8HASP ,
X8HTHR ,8HSER ,8HGLU ,8HPRO ,8HGLY ,8HALA ,
X8HCYS/2 ,8HVAL ,8HMET ,8HILE ,8HLEU ,8HTYR ,
X8HPHE ,8HHLYS ,8HGAMMA-AB,8HORN ,8HETH ,8HMH3 ,
X8HLYS ,8H1-CH3HIS,8HHIS ,8H3-CH3HIS,8HANS ,8HTRY ,
X8HCRE ,8HCAR ,8HARG ,8HPSER ,8HPETN ,8HTYR ,
X8HDUREA ,8HHYP ,8HASP ,8HTHR ,8HSER ,8HASP NH2 ,
X8HGLU NN2 ,8HSAR ,8HPRO ,8HGLU ,8HCIT ,8HGLC NH2 ,
X8HGLY ,8HALA ,8HALPHA-AA,8HALPHA-AB,8HVAL ,8HCYS/2 ,
X8HCYT ,8HMET ,8HILE ,8HLEU ,8HTYR ,8HPHE ,
X8HB-ALA ,8HB-AIB ,8HSHIAA ,8H ,8H ,8h /JAN25
DATA (MURN(I),I=108,124)/
X8H ,8H ,8H ,8H ,8H ,8H ,
X8H ,8H ,8HCALORIES,8HPROTEIN ,8HDIET CA ,8HDIET P ,
X8HDIET NA ,8HDIET MG ,8HDIET K ,8HDIET H2O,8HWEIGHT /

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C      NC          TOTAL NO OF CENSORED OBS          KRUSWAL
C      JOP=1      PRINT INFO                          KRUSWAL
C      =0        DO NOT PRINT                         KRUSWAL
C      NCOND     NO OF SAMPLES                       KRUSWAL
C      NUNCEN(I) NO OF UNCENSORED OBS IN SAMPLE I    KRUSWAL
C      NCEN(I)   NO OF CENSORED OBS IN SAMPLE I     KRUSWAL
C      DIMENSION XY(600), ID1(600), ID2(600), NU(6), NC(6) KRUSWAL
C      DIMENSION R1( 600),R2( 600)                  KRUSWAL
C
C      MAXIMUM NO. OF SAMPLES = 6.                  KRUSWAL
C      TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS ALLOWED = 600.  KRUSWAL
C      K = NO. OF SAMPLES                           KRUSWAL
C
C      ORDER OBS. IN ASCENDING ORDER                KRUSWAL
C
C      CALL SORT2(XY,N,ID1,ID2)                      KRUSWAL
C      COMPUTATION OF R1                             KRUSWAL
C      STEPS 1 AND 2 : RANK FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, OMITTING RIGHT CENSORED KRUSWAL
C      VALUES. ASSIGN NEXT HIGHER RANK TO RIGHT    KRUSWAL
C      CENSORED VALUES                             KRUSWAL
C
C      IRANK=0
C      DO 90 I=1,N
C      IF (ID1(I).EQ.0) GO TO 101
C      IRANK=IRANK+1
C      R1(I)=IRANK
C      GO TO 90
C 101 R1(I)=IRANK+1
C 90  CONTINUE
C
C      STEP 3 : REDUCE THE RANK OF TIED OBSERVATIONS TO THE LOWEST KRUSWAL
C      RANK FOR THE VALUE                             KRUSWAL
C
C      K1=N-1
C      L1=1
C 12  IF (XY(L1).NE.XY(L1+1)) GO TO 11
C      JEMP=ID1(L1)*ID1(L1+1)
C      IF(JEMP .EQ. 0) GO TO 11
C      R1(L1+1)=R1(L1)
C      IF (L1.EQ.K1) GO TO 13
C      L1=L1+1
C      GO TO 12
C 11  IF (L1.EQ.K1) GO TO 13
C      L1=L1+1
C      GO TO 12
C 13  CONTINUE
C
C      COMPUTATION OF R2
C      STEP 1 : RANK FROM RIGHT TO LEFT
C
C      DO 14 I=1,N
C 14  R2(I)=N-I+1
C
C      STEP 2 : REDUCE THE RANK OF TIED OBSERVATIONS TO THE LOWEST RANK KRUSWAL
C      FOR THE VALUE                                 KRUSWAL
C
C      L1=N
C 22  IF (XY(L1).NE.XY(L1-1)) GO TO 21
C      JEMP=ID1(L1)*ID1(L1-1)

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ORIGINAL PAGE IS  
OF POOR QUALITY





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C
201 DO 201 I=1,K
    W(I)=0.
    DO 202 IJ=1,N
      I=ID2(IJ)
202 W(I)=W(I)+R1(IJ)
    T=0.
    DO 203 IJ=1,N
203 T=T+R1(IJ)**2
    B=0.
    PRINT 300
300 FORMAT(1H0,@SAMPLE@,8X,@W(I)@,10X,@N(I)@)
    DO 204 I=1,K
      UC=NU(I)+NC(I)
      PRINT 301, I,W(I),UC
301 FORMAT(1H ,3X,I1,7X,F8,0,7X,F5,0)
204 B=B+(W(I)**2/UC)
      PRINT 302, B,T
302 FORMAT(1H0,@B =@,F12.2,5X,@T =@,F10,0)
      WSCORE=(B/T)*FLOAT(N-1)
C
C WSCORE HAS CHI-SQUARE DISTRIBUTION WITH (K-1) D. F.
C
    WS=WSCORE
    XK=K-1
    XM=WS/2.
    IC=XK/2.
    SWS=SQRT(WS)
    EM=1./EXP(XM)
    PRINT 205, WSCORE
205 FORMAT(1H0,@WSCORE = @,F7.3)
    XK2=XK/2.
    IF ((XK2-FLOAT(IC)).NE.0) GO TO 500
    SUM=0.
    PROD=1.
    DO 1 I=1,IC
      IF (I.GT.1) GO TO 2
      XI=1
      GO TO 3
2 XI=I-1
3 PROD=XI*PROD
      TERM=XM**(I-1)/PROD
1 SUM=SUM+TERM
      CPROB=SUM*EM
      P=100.*CPROB
      IF (P.LT.0.1000) GO TO 10
      PRINT 206, WSCORE,P
206 FORMAT(1H0,F7.3,@ IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE @,F5.1,@ PERCENT LEVEL@)
      GO TO 1000
10 P=0.10
      PRINT 12, WSCORE,P
12 FORMAT(1H0,F7.3,@ IS SIGNIFICANT WITH PROBABILITY LESS THAN @,F7.3AKSPL
1,@ PERCENT LEVEL@)
      GO TO 1000
500 GAMH=1.7724536509
      TERM=SQRT(XM)/(0.5*GAMH)
      SUM=TERM
      NR=(XK-3.)/2.
      IF(NR.EQ.0) GO TO 502
      DO 501 I=1,NR

```

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X1=I
TERM=TERM*2.*X/(2.*X+1.)
501 SUM=SUM+TERM
502 CHISG=(SUM*EM)*100.
P2=100.*2.*(1.-PROB(SWS))
P=P2+CHISG
IF (P.LT.0.0005) GO TO 14
PRINT 206, WSCORE,P
GO TO 1000
14 P=0.001
PRINT 12, WSCORE,P
1000 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
FUNCTION PROB(X)
C
C THIS FUNCTION ROUTINE COMPUTES
C DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION(X) IF X GE 0
C 1 - DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION(X) IF X LT 0
C OF A S1. NORMAL VARIABLE USING APPROXIMATION 26.2.19 P.932
C HANDBOOK OF MATH. FUNCTIONS
C DATA D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6/.0498673470,.0211410061,.0032776263,.000036
10036,.0000488906,.0000053830/
IF (X) 20,30,40
30 PROB=0.5
RETURN
20 X1=-X
GO TO 50
40 X1=X
50 A=1.+X1*(D1+X1*(D2+X1*(D3+X1*(D4+X1*(D5+X1*D6))))
PROB=1.-0.5*A**(-16)
60 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FFOUT(S1, S2, N1, N2,FDAT, PRB)
FDAT = (S1/N1)/(S2/N2)
PRB= FISH(FDAT,N1,N2)
PRB = (1.0 - PRB)*100.
IF(PRB - 0.1) 1,2,2
1 PRB = 0.1
2 RETURN
END
FUNCTION FISH(F,N1,N2)
LOGICAL E1,E2,E3
IF (N1.GE.100.AND.N2.GE.100) GOTO 9
C-----FISH
C INITIALIZATION AND SETTING OF LOGICAL SWITCHES TO .TRUE. IF
C THE DEGREES OF FREEDOM ARE EVEN
C-----FISH
E1=.FALSE.
E2=.FALSE.
E3=.FALSE.
IF(MOD(N1,2).EQ.0) E1=.TRUE.
IF(MOD(N2,2).EQ.0) E2=.TRUE.
X=N2/(N2+N1*F)
IF(.NOT.(E1.OR.E2)) GO TO 5
IF(E1.AND..NOT.E2) GO TO 1
IF(.NOT.E1.AND.E2) GO TO 2
IF(N1.LE.N2) GO TO 1
C-----FISH

```

```

C   INITIALIZATION FOR SECOND DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN AND LESS THAN FISH
C   FIRST DEGREE OF FREEDOM IF IT TOO IS EVEN FISH
C-----FISH
  2 I=N1 FISH
    N1=N2 FISH
    N2=1 FISH
    X=1.0-X FISH
    E3=.TRUE. FISH
C-----FISH
C   INITIALIZATION FOR FIRST DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN AND LESS THAN FISH
C   SECOND DEGREE OF FREEDOM IF IT IS EVEN FISH
C-----FISH
  1 Y=1.0-X FISH
C-----FISH
C   CALCULATION OF PROBABILITY FOR AT LEAST ONE DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN FISH
C-----FISH
  FISH=0.0 FISH
  H=SQRT(X**N2) FISH
  M=N1/2-1 FISH
  MCDC = M + 1 FISH
  DO 3 ICDC=1,MCDC FISH
    I = ICDC - 1 FISH
    FISH=FISH+H FISH
  3 H=(H*Y*(N2+2.*I))/(2.*(I+1.)) FISH
    IF(E3) GO TO 4 FISH
C-----FISH
C   ADJUST CALCULATED PROBABILITY IF ITS ONES COMPLEMENT WAS FISH
C   CALCULATED ORIGINALLY FISH
C-----FISH
  FISH=1.0-FISH FISH
  RETURN FISH
  4 I=N1 FISH
    N1=N2 FISH
    N2=I FISH
    RETURN FISH
C-----FISH
C   CALCULATION OF THE PROBABILITY FOR BOTH DEGREES OF FREEDOM ODD FISH
C-----FISH
  5 Y=1.0-X FISH
    H=.63661977*SQRT(X*Y) FISH
    FISH=.63661977*ACOS(SQRT(X)) FISH
    IF(N2.EQ.1) GO TO 8 FISH
    M=N2-2 FISH
    DO 6 I=1,M,2 FISH
      FISH=FISH+H FISH
  6 H=H*X*(I+1)/(I+2) FISH
  8 IF(N1.EQ.1) RETURN FISH
    H=H*N2 FISH
    M=N1-2 FISH
    DO 7 I=1,M,2 FISH
      FISH=FISH-H FISH
  7 H=H*Y*(N2+I)/(I+2) FISH
    RETURN FISH
  9 D1=N1 FISH
    D2=N2 FISH
    DT=(D1/D2)*F FISH
    DN=SQRT((2.*D2-1.)*DT)-SQRT(2.*D1-1.) FISH
    X=DN/SQRT(1.+DT) FISH
    FISH=PHI(X) FISH
    RETURN FISH

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D.4 Control cards and modification deck for  
modifying program RETD to perform  
analysis of variance

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NASARET,CM20000,T1000.
ACCOUNT,AN12318,.
GET,RTREVE.
GET(ANFILE)
RFL,70000.
MODIFY,F,P=RTREVE,LO=CET.
SETCORE(0)
FTN,I,L=0,PL=50000,T.
ATTACH,FTNIMSL/UN=LB12345.
GET,FTNPLT/UN=AN12005.
GET,RA1.
GET,RA2.
GET,RA3.
GET,RA4.
RFL,110000.
MODE(1)
LOAD,LGO,FTNIMSL,FTNPLT.
EXECUTE.
PACK,ZZZZZEF.
COPYSBF,ZZZZZEF,OUTPUT.
EXIT.
PACK,ZZZZZEF.
COPYSBF,ZZZZZEF,OUTPUT.

```

NEWTON

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-
*CREATE ANFILE
*IDENT APR24
*DECK STAT
*D 75
    IVV(1)=IVV(2)=IVV(3)=0
*D 108
    IF(IFIRST-ILAST)162,163,166
    163 PRINT 401
    401 FORMAT(* SINGLE VALUE NOT ANALYZED*)
*DECK MESIG
*D 6
    IF(NFIRST-NLAST) 10,10,90
*IDENT SETWRK
*DECK KRUSWAL
*D 1
    SUBROUTINE KRUSWAL(XIN,ID1,ID2IN,N,NCEN,JOP,K,NU,NC,IP?)
*D 22
    DIMENSION XIN(1),ID1(1),ID2IN(1),NU(6),NC(6),XY(120),ID2(120)
*I 28
C    MOVE INCOMING ARRAYS TO WORK ARRAYS
    DO 10 I=1,N
    XY(I)=XIN(I)
    ID2(I)=ID2IN(I)
    10 CONTINUE
*IDENT FIX
*DECK RETD
*D 1
    PROGRAM RETD(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE6=OUTPUT)
*DECK STAT
*MODNAME DEC10
*D 8,19
*D 23
*D 25
*D 26
    IF(ICASE.EQ.2) GO TO 998
*MODNAME STAT

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*I 190
  IF(ICASE.EQ.4) 710,711
710 IF(NNN(2).EQ.1) GO TO 712
  GO TO 713
712 NNN1=NNN(1)+1
  NSLTM1=J-1
  DO 179 I=NNN1,NSLTM1
179 X(I)=X(I+1)
713 NNN(2)=NNN(3)
  NNN(3)=0
711 CONTINUE
*I 219
  P(3)=0
*D 222,223
  PRINT 3600,IP2(1),FVAL,PRFVAL
3600 FORMAT(1H0,A8,F8.3,23H IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE ,F5.1,
*D 230
  PRINT 3600,IP2(2),FVAL,PRFVAL
*D 235
  PRINT 3600,IP2(3),FVAL,PRFVAL
*D 262
  L=NNN(1)+NNN(2)+J
*I 265
  NP=NNN(1)+NNN(3)
  NNN(2)=NNN(3)
*I 267
  998 CONTINUE
*IDENT FIX2
*DECK STAT
*I 155
  NN=NN-NNN(2)
*I 165
  NN=NN-NNN(3)
*D 247
  CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,NT,NNN,LK,LK)
*D 252
  IPI=2
  CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,2,NNN,LK,IPI)
*D 257
  IPI=3
  CALL KRUSWAL(X(IST),ID1(IST),ID2(IST),NP,0,1,2,NNN(2),LK,IPI)
*D 267
  IPI=3
  IF(ICASE.EQ.4) IPI=2
  CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,2,NNN,LK,IPI)
*DECK KRUSWAL
*D 113
  CALL TWOSPL(R1,ID2,N,NU,NC,IP2)
*DECK TWOSPL
*D 1
  SUBROUTINE TWOSPL(R1,ID2,N,NU,NC,IP2)
*D 8
  IF(ID2(I).EQ.IP2) GO TO 26
*IDENT XREDUC
*DECK RETD
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
  COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
  COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV(16),MTVOL(150)

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*DECK RET
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPL0T,IFFF,K0T,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*D 3
IF(IH.LE.151) GO TO 10
*D 4
IF(NSMP.LE.150) GO TO 35
*DECK SETCRI
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*DECK RETRVE
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPL0T,IFFF,K0T,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*D 3
IF(M.GT.150) GO TO 110
*DECK STAT
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPL0T,IFFF,K0T,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*DECK OTEST
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPL0T,IFFF,K0T,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*DECK STPLOT
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPL0T,IFFF,K0T,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*IDENT ANOV1
*DECK STAT
*I 6
COMMON Y(3,3,80),N(3,3),A(4,4),B(4,4),AP(3),Q(3),W(3),V(3),WW(3),
1VV(3),NSUMI(3),SUMYI(3),NSUMJ(3),SUMYJ(3),SUMYIJ(3,3),TAUHAT(3),
2 BETHAT(3),THAT(3),BHAT(3)
COMMON/AOV2NE/IDEN(8),NAMET,NAMEB,IWT,SUMSQX,TAU,MNSQT,FRATIO,
1 IERR,ERROR,MNSQE,SST,MNSST,FSST,INT,TIN,TINT,FINI,ITHI,WIHT,
2 WIT,NSUM,SUMSQY,SUMSQT,BETA,MNSQB,FRATB,ERRORB,MNSQBE,SSB,MNSSB,
3 FSSB,BIN,BINT,FINB,PERAT,PFSST,PFINT,PERATB,PFSSB,PFINB
*I 7
REAL MNSSB,MNSST,MNSQB,MNSQBE,MNSQT,MNSQE
DIMENSION DEN(8)
DIMENSION KOE(3)
EXTERNAL TWOWT,TWOAVT,TWOAVB
*I 12
EQUIVALENCE (IDEN,DEN)
*MODNAME FIX
*I 10
ITOT=JTOT=3
IF(ICASE.EQ.2.OR.ICASE.EQ.4) ITOT=2
IB=LMAN(1)

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K1=0
DO 699 IT=1,ITOT
K=N(IT,IB)=NNN(IT)
DO 702 I=1,K
702 Y(IT,IB,I)=X(I+K1)
K1=K+K1
699 CONTINUE
*MODNAME FIX
*I 20
IF(IB.EQ.3) 701,999
701 MAXT=MAXB=3
MAXT1=MAXT+1
MAXB1=MAXB+1
NAMET=4HTIME
NAMEB=5HASTRO
IWT=1
DEN(1)=KSTUDY
DEN(2)=KTEST
IDEN(8)=3HALL
IF(ICASE.EQ.2) IDEN(8)=IP2(1)
IF(ICASE.EQ.4) IDEN(8)=IP2(3)
DO 703 J=1,JTOT
DO 704 I=1,ITOT
KK=N(I,J)
PRINT 705,(Y(I,J,K),K=1,KK)
705 FORMAT(F12.4)
704 CONTINUE
703 CONTINUE
PRINT 1000,JOB(3)
CALL ANOV2NE(MAXT,MAXB,ITOT,JTOT,A,B,AP,Q,N,W,V,WW,VV,Y,NSUMI,
1 SUMYI,NSUMJ,SUMYJ,SUMYIJ,TAUHAT,BETHAT,THAT,BHAT,SUMIJ,MAXT1,
2 MAXB1)
IF(IWT.LT.0) GO TO 999
ALPHA=.05
797 FORMAT(/////@0 RANKED MEAN CONTRASTS(S-METHOD) ON @,A@,
2 @ ASSUMING NO INTERACTION@/
3 @ AT THE @,F5.3,@ SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL @///)
798 FORMAT(@1@,8A10)
799 FORMAT(/////@0 RANKED MEAN CONTRASTS(S-METHOD) ON @,A@,
2 @ AT THE @,F5.3,@ SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL @///)
WRITE(6,798) IDEN
WRITE(6,797) NAMET,ALPHA
CALL SCHEFE(ITOT,TAUHAT,WIT,ITHT,ALPHA,KOE,WW,TWOAVT)
WRITE(6,799) NAMET,ALPHA
CALL SCHEFE(ITOT,THAT,WIT,ITHT,ALPHA,KOE,WW,TWOWT)
WRITE(6,797) NAMEB,ALPHA
CALL SCHEFE(JTOT,BETHAT,WIT,ITHT,ALPHA,KOE,VV,TWOAVB)
WRITE(6,799) NAMEB,ALPHA
CALL SCHEFE(JTOT,BHAT,WIT,ITHT,ALPHA,KOE,VV,TWOWT)

```

```

-
JOB DATE 300
STUDYEACH 3
DATE ALL
TYPE EACH 1
TEST EACH 436
END
EOF
-

```

```

JOB DATE 3300
TEST RANGE 410 412

```

D.5 Analysis of Variance program as  
contained in file ANFILE

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113 FORMAT(40 ***** WITHIN CELL ERROR IS 2.615.6.0 ... PROCESSING ABORANOV
2TEL ***** 2) ANOV
1WT=-1 ANOV
RETURN ANOV
112 W11=WITH1/FLOAT(ITOT) ANOV
C ANOV
C FIND THE MATRIX A AND AUGMENT IT TO ASTAR, A NONSINGULAR ANOV
C MATRIX IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER ANOV
C ANOV
C ASTAR = A (ITOT X ITOT) 1 (ITOT X 1) ANOV
C ANOV
C 1-(1 X ITOT) 0 (1 X 1) ANOV
C ANOV
15 DO 3 IR = 1, ITOT ANOV
DO 3 IS = 1, ITOT ANOV
A(IR, IS) = 0.0 ANOV
DO 3 J = 1, JTOT ANOV
5 A(IR, IS) = A(IR, IS) + FLOAT(N(IR, J)*R(IS, J)) / FLOAT(NSUMI(J)) ANOV
A(IR, IS) = -A(IR, IS) ANOV
IF (11.EQ.IS) A(IR, IS)=FLOAT(NSUMJ(IR))+A(IR, IS) ANOV
3 CONTINUE ANOV
C ANOV
C ANOV
DO 7 I = 1, ITOT ANOV
A(ITOTP1, I) = 1.0 ANOV
A(I, ITOTP1) = 1.0 ANOV
C ANOV
C FINISH CALCULATION OF Q ANOV
Q(I) = SURYJ(I) - Q(I) ANOV
X1(I,1)=Q(I) ANOV
7 CONTINUE ANOV
C ANOV
C STORE Q IN A(ITOTP1, 1:ITOTP1) ANOV
C ANOV
A(ITOTP1, ITOTP1) = 0.0 ANOV
C ANOV
C CALL MATRIX INVERSION SUBROUTINE ON A ANOV
C ANOV
CALL MATINV(A, ITOTP1, X1, 0, DET, MAXT1) ANOV
C ANOV
C CALCULATE TAU ANOV
C ANOV
DO 8 I = 1, ITOT ANOV
TAUHAT(I) = 0.0 ANOV
DO 8 J = 1, ITOT ANOV
8 TAUHAT(I) = TAUHAT(I) + A(I, J)*Q(J) ANOV
C ANOV
TAU = 0.0 ANOV
DO 9 I = 1, ITOT ANOV
9 TAU = TAU + TAUHAT(I)* Q(I) ANOV
C ANOV
C CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO MU AND BETA, UNADJUSTED ANOV
C ANOV
SUMSQX = 0.0 ANOV
DO 10 J = 1, JTOT ANOV
10 SUMSQX = SUMSQX + SURYI(J) * SURYI(J) /FLOAT(NSUMI(J)) ANOV
C ANOV
C AND PEAK SQUARE DUE TO TAU ANOV
C ANOV
MNSQT = TAU/FLOAT(ITOT1) ANOV
C ANOV

```

```

C          CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO ERROR                                ANOV
ERROR = SUMSQY - SUMSQX - TAU                                                ANOV
IF(ERROR.GT.0) GO TO 100                                                       ANOV
WRITE(6,101) ERROR                                                             ANOV
101 FORMAT(@0 ***** ERROR SUM OF SQUARES IS @,G15.6,@ ... PROCESSING ANOV
2BOKTED ***** @)
IWT=-2                                                                           ANOV
RETURN                                                                           ANOV
100 MNSQE=ERROR/FLOAT(IERR)                                                    ANOV
C          FROM WHICH AN F-RATIO WITH                                          ANOV
C          (ITOT - 1) AND (NSUM - JTOT - ITOT + 1)                             ANOV
C          DEGREES OF FREEDOM                                                  ANOV
C
FRATIO = MNSQT / MNSQE                                                         ANOV
PFRAT = FISH(FRATIO,ITOT1,IERR)                                               ANOV
WRITE(6,2009)IDEN                                                             ANOV
WRITE (6, 2002)                                                                ANOV
WRITE(6,2004) NAMEB,JTOT,SUMSQX                                               ANOV
WRITE(6,2005) NAMET,ITOT1,TAU,MNSQT,FRATIO,PFRAT                             ANOV
WRITE (6, 2006) IERR, ERROR, MNSQE                                           ANOV
SSS=0.                                                                           ANOV
SST=0.                                                                           ANOV
WT=0.                                                                           ANOV
DO 14 I=1,ITOT                                                                ANOV
SSR=0.                                                                           ANOV
WW(I)=0.                                                                        ANOV
DO 13 J=1,JTOT                                                                ANOV
SSR=SSR + V(J)*SUMYIJ(J,J)                                                   ANOV
13 WW(I)=WW(I) + V(J)*V(J)/FLOAT(N(I,J))                                     ANOV
WW(I)=1./WW(I)                                                                ANOV
WT=WT + WW(I)                                                                  ANOV
SSS=SSS + WW(I)*SSR                                                           ANOV
SST=SST + WW(I)*SSR*SSR                                                       ANOV
14 THAT(I)=SSR-SUMIJ                                                         ANOV
SST=SST - SSS*SSS/WT                                                         ANOV
MNSST=SST/FLOAT(ITOT1)                                                       ANOV
IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 16                                                         ANOV
FSST=MNSST/WIT                                                                ANOV
PFSST = FISH(FSST,ITOT1,ITHT)                                                 ANOV
16 WRITE(6,2014) NAMET,ITOT1,SST,MNSST,FSST,PFSST                           ANOV
TIN=ERROR-WIHT                                                                ANOV
TINT=TIN/FLOAT(INT)                                                           ANOV
IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 17                                                         ANOV
FINT=TINT/WIT                                                                ANOV
PFINT = FISH(FINT,INT,ITHT)                                                   ANOV
17 WRITE(6,2012) INT,TIN,TINT,FINT,PFINT                                       ANOV
WRITE(6,2013) ITHT,WIHT,WIT                                                  ANOV
WRITE (6, 2003) NSUM, SUMSQY                                                  ANOV
WRITE(6,2016) NAMET,(TAUHAT(I),I=1,ITOT)                                     ANOV
WRITE(6,2011) NAMET,(THAT(I),I=1,ITOT)                                       ANOV
WRITE(6,2010) NAMET,DET                                                       ANOV
C
C          CALCULATE AOV TABLE FOR ADJUSTED BETA EFFECTS                     ANOV
C
DO 53 IR= 1,JTOT                                                              ANOV
DO 53 IS = 1,JTOT                                                              ANOV
B(IR,IS) = 0.                                                                  ANOV
DO 55 J= 1, ITOT                                                              ANOV
55 B(IR,IS) = B(IR,IS) + FLOAT(N(J,IR)*N(J,IS)) / FLOAT(NSUMJ(J))         ANOV

```

	B(IR,IS) = -B(IR,IS)	ANOV
	IF(IR.EQ.IS) B(IR,IS) = FLOAT(NSUMI(IR)) + B(IR,IS)	ANOV
53	CONTINUE	ANOV
	DO 52 J= 1, JTOT	ANOV
	P(J) = 0.	ANOV
	DO 52 I = 1, ITOT	ANOV
	P(J) = P(J) + FLOAT(N(I,J)) * SUMYJ(I)/FLOAT(NSUMJ(I))	ANOV
52	CONTINUE	ANOV
	DO 57 J=1, JTOT	ANOV
	B(JTCTP1, J) = 1.	ANOV
	B(J, JTCTP1) = 1.	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	FINISH CALCULATION OF P	ANOV
	P(J) = SUMYI(J) - P(J)	ANOV
	X1(J,1)=P(J)	ANOV
57	CONTINUE	ANOV
	B(JTCTP1, JTCTP1) = 0.	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	CALL MATRIX INVERSION SUBROUTINE ON B	ANOV
C		ANOV
	CALL MATINV(B, JTCTP1, X1, 0, DET, MAXB1)	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	CALCULATE BETA	ANOV
C		ANOV
	DO 58 I = 1, JTOT	ANOV
	BETHAT(I) = 0.	ANOV
	DO 58 J = 1, JTOT	ANOV
58	BETHAT(I) = BETHAT(I) + B(I, J)*P(J)	ANOV
C		ANOV
	BETA = 0.	ANOV
	DO 59 J = 1, JTOT	ANOV
59	BETA = BETA + BETHAT(J)*P(J)	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO MU AND TAB, UNADJUSTED	ANOV
C		ANOV
	SUMSQT = 0.	ANOV
	DO 60 I = 1, ITOT	ANOV
60	SUMSQT = SUMSQT + SUMYJ(I) * SUMYJ(I) /FLOAT(NSUMJ(I))	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO ERROR	ANOV
	ERRORB = SUMSGY - SUMSQT - BETA	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	AND MEAN SQUARE DUE TO BETA	ANOV
	MNSQB = BETA/FLOAT(JTOT1)	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	AND DUE TO ERROR	ANOV
	IF(ERRORB.GT.0.) GO TO 160	ANOV
	WRITE(6,101) ERRORB	ANOV
	IWT=-3	ANOV
	RETURN	ANOV
160	MNSQPE=ERRORB/FLOAT(IERR)	ANOV
C		ANOV
C	AND F-RATIO	ANOV
	FRATE = MNSQB / MNSQPE	ANOV
	PFRATE = FISH(FRATE, JTCT1, IERR)	ANOV
	WRITE(6,2009) IDEN	ANOV
	WRITE(6,2002)	ANOV
	WRITE(6,2004) MAMET, ITCT, SUMSQT	ANOV
	WRITE(6,2005) NAMEB, JTCT1, BETA, MNSQB, FRATE, PFRATE	ANOV
	WRITE(6,2006) IERR, ERRORB, MNSQBE	ANOV

```

WT=0.
SSB=0.
SSS=0.
DO 64 J=1, JTOT
SSR=0.
VV(J)=0.
DO 63 I=1, ITOT
SSR=SSR + SUMYIJ(I,J)*W(I)
63 VV(J)=VV(J) + W(I)*W(I)/FLOAT(N(I,J))
VV(J)=1./VV(J)
WT=WT + VV(J)
SSS=SSS + VV(J)*SSR
SSB=SSB + VV(J)*SSR*SSR
64 BHAT(J)=SSR-SUMIJ
SSB=SSB-SSS*SSS/WT
MNSSB=SSB/FLOAT(JTOT1)
IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 66
FSSB=MNSSB/WIT
PFSSB = FISH(FSSB, JTOT1, ITHT)
66 WRITE(6,2014) NAMEB, JTOT1, SSB, MNSSB, FSSB, PFSSB
BIN=ERRORB-WITHT
BINT=BIN/FLOAT(INT)
IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 65
FINB=BINT/WIT
PFINB = FISH(FINB, INT, ITHT)
65 WRITE(6,2012) INT, BIN, BINT, FINB, PFINB
WRITE(6,2013) ITHT, WITHT, WIT
WRITE(6,2003) NSUM, SUMSQY
WRITE(6,2016) NAMEB, (BHAT(J), J=1, JTOT)
WRITE(6,2011) NAMEB, (BHT(J), J=1, JTOT)
WRITE(6,2010) NAMEB, DET
RETURN
2002 FORMAT(@0@, 40X, @UNBALANCED TWO-WAY ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE@///
21H , 18X, 2HSV, 19X, 2HDF, 19X, 2HSS, 19X, 2HMS, 20X, 1HF,
317X, @PROB F@)
2003 FORMAT (1H0, 10X, 5HTOTAL, 20X, 15, 15X, 615.7)
2004 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @MU, @, A8, 13X, 15, 15X, 615.7/11X, @ (UNADJUSTED) @)
2005 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, A8, @ (ADJ.) @, 10X, 15, 15X, 3(615.7, 5X), 615.7
2 /11X, @ASSUME ADDITIVE@)
2006 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @ERROR@, 20X, 15, 15X, 2(615.7, 5X)/11X, @ADDITIVE@)
2009 FORMAT(1H1 ////////////// 30X, 8A10)
2010 FORMAT (////////, 1X, A8, @ EFFECT MATRIX DETERMINANT = @, 615.7)
2011 FORMAT(////////10X, @ESTIMATES OF @, A8, @ EFFECTS@/(1X, 6G20.7))
2012 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @INTERACTION@, 14X, 15, 15X, 3(615.7, 5X), 615.7)
2013 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @WITHIN CELL ERROR@, 8X, 15, 15X, 2(615.7, 5X))
2014 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, A8, @ (ADJ.) @, 11X, 15, 15X, 3(615.7, 5X), 615.7
2 /11X, @ (WEIGHTED) @)
2016 FORMAT(////////10X, @ESTIMATES OF @, A8, @ EFFECTS ASSUMING NO INTERACT
2ION@/(1X, 6G20.7))
END
SUBROUTINE MATINV(A, N, F, M, DETERM, MAX)
DIMENSION IPIVOT(21), A(MAX, 10), B(10, 1), INDEX(21, 2),
2 PIVOT(21)
EQUIVALENCE (IKOW, JROW), (ICOLUM, JCOLUM), (AMAX, T, SWAP)
C INITIALIZATION
10 DETERM=1.0
15 DO 20 J=1, N
20 IPIVOT(J)=0
30 DO 550 I=1, N
C SEARCH FOR PIVOT ELEMENT

```

40	AMAX=0.0	MATV
45	DO 105 J=1,N	MATV
50	IF (IPIVOT(J)-1) 60, 105, 60	MATV
60	DO 100 K=1,N	MATV
70	IF (IPIVOT(K)-1) 80, 100, 740	MATV
80	IF (ABS(AMAX)-ABS(A(J,K)))85,100,100	MATV
85	IROW=J	MATV
90	ICOLUM=K	MATV
95	AMAX=A(J,K)	MATV
100	CONTINUE	MATV
105	CONTINUE	MATV
110	IPIVOT(ICOLUM)=IPIVOT(ICOLUM)+1	MATV
C	INTERCHANGE ROWS TO PUT PIVOT ELEMENT ON DIAGONAL	MATV
130	IF (IROW-ICOLUM) 140, 260, 140	MATV
140	DETERM=-DETERM	MATV
150	DO 200 L=1,N	MATV
160	SWAP=A(IROW,L)	MATV
170	A(IROW,L)=A(ICOLUM,L)	MATV
200	A(ICOLUM,L)=SWAP	MATV
205	IF (M) 260, 260, 210	MATV
210	DO 250 L=1, M	MATV
220	SWAP=B(IROW,L)	MATV
230	B(IROW,L)=B(ICOLUM,L)	MATV
250	B(ICOLUM,L)=SWAP	MATV
260	INDEX(I,1)=IROW	MATV
270	INDEX(I,2)=ICOLUM	MATV
310	PIVOT(I)=A(ICOLUM,ICOLUM)	MATV
320	DETERM=DETERM*PIVOT(I)	MATV
C	DIVIDE PIVOT ROW BY PIVOT ELEMENT	MATV
330	A(ICOLUM,ICOLUM)=1.0	MATV
340	DO 350 L=1,N	MATV
350	A(ICOLUM,L)=A(ICOLUM,L)/PIVOT(I)	MATV
355	IF (M) 380, 380, 360	MATV
360	DO 370 L=1,M	MATV
370	B(ICOLUM,L)=B(ICOLUM,L)/PIVOT(I)	MATV
C	REDUCE NON-PIVOT ROWS	MATV
380	DO 550 L1=1,N	MATV
390	IF(L1-ICOLUM) 400, 550, 400	MATV
400	T=A(L1,ICOLUM)	MATV
420	A(L1,ICOLUM)=0.0	MATV
430	DO 450 L=1,N	MATV
450	A(L1,L)=A(L1,L)-A(ICOLUM,L)*T	MATV
455	IF (M) 550, 550, 460	MATV
460	DO 500 L=1,M	MATV
500	B(L1,L)=B(L1,L)-B(ICOLUM,L)*T	MATV
550	CONTINUE	MATV
C	INTERCHANGE COLUMNS	MATV
600	DO 710 I=1,N	MATV
610	L=N+1-I	MATV
620	IF (INDEX(L,1)-INDEX(L,2)) 630, 710, 630	MATV
630	JROW = INDEX(L,1)	MATV
640	JCOLUM=INDEX(L,2)	MATV
650	DO 705 K=1,N	MATV
660	SWAP=A(K,JROW)	MATV
670	A(K,JROW)=A(K,JCOLUM)	MATV
700	A(K,JCOLUM)=SWAP	MATV
705	CONTINUE	MATV
710	CONTINUE	MATV
740	RETURN	MATV
	END	MATV

```

FUNCTION TWOAVT(EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)
COMMON DUM(357),Y(729),A(4,4),B(4,4)
TWOAVT=SQRT(EMS*JSUB*FISHIN(ALPHA,JSUB,N2)*(A(II,II)-2.*A(II,IS)
2      +A(IS,IS)))
RETURN
END
FUNCTION TWOAVB(EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)
COMMON DUM(357),Y(729),A(4,4),B(4,4)
TWOAVB=SQRT(EMS*JSUB*FISHIN(ALPHA,JSUB,N2)*(B(II,II)-2.*B(II,IS)
2      +B(IS,IS)))
RETURN
END
FUNCTION TWOWT (EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)
DIMENSION W(1)
TWOWT=SQRT(EMS*JSUB*FISHIN(ALPHA,JSUB,N2)*(1./W(II) + 1./W(IS)))
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SCHEFE(K,TMEANS,EMS,N2,ALPHA,KOE,W,FDUM)
C
C SCHEFFE'S CONTRASTS FOR SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES IN MEANS
C
C K=NUMBER OF MEANS TO BE TESTED TMEANS=VECTOR OF MEANS TO BE TESTED
C EMS=ERROR MEAN SQUARE (DENOMINATOR OF F TEST)
C N2 =ERROR DEGREES OF FREEDOM
C FDUM IS A DUMMY EXTERNALLY DEFINED FUNCTION TO CALCULATE CONTRAST
C FOR STANDARD OUTPUT (K.LE.10) ALL MEANS HAVING THE SAME LINE UNDER THE
C STATISTACALLY THE SAME.
DIMENSION TMEANS(K),PRINT(20),KOE(1),W(1)
DATA BLANK /6H          /,XLINE / 6HXXXXXX /
ISAVE2=0
C RANK MEANS FROM LOW TO HIGH
CALL ORDERM(TMEANS,K,KOE)
WRITE(6,51) (KOE(I),I=1,K)
51 FORMAT(@ @,10(6X,12,4X))
WRITE(6,53)(TMEANS(I),I=1,K)
53 FORMAT(1X ,10G12.6)
C DO COMPARISONS
ISTOP=K
25 ISM1=ISTOP-1
DO 24 I=1,20
24 PRINT(1)=BLANK
DO 30 I=1,ISM1
ISAVE=I
JSUB=ISM1-I+1
29 IF(ISAVE2.EQ.I )GO TO 31
RANGE = TMEANS(ISTOP)-TMEANS(I)
II=KOE(I)
IS=KOE(ISTOP)
S=FDUM(EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)
IF(RANGE-S) 34,34,30
30 CONTINUE
31 ISTOP=ISTOP-1
IF(ISTOP.EQ.1)GO TO 99
GO TO 25
34 IF(K.LE.10)GO TO 35
WRITE(6,33)ALPHA,(TMEANS(KKK),KKK=ISAVE,ISTOP)
33 FORMAT(@ @ THE FOLLOWING MEANS ARE STATISTICALLY THE SAME AT THE @
2      ,F5.3,@ ALPHA LEVEL@,/, (10G12.6))
GO TO 39
35 DO 37 I=ISAVE,ISTOP

```

	II=2*I	SCHEFE
	PRINT(II-1) = XLINE	SCHEFE
37	PRINT(II) = XLINE	SCHEFE
	WRITE(6,52)(PRINT(KK),KK=1,20)	SCHEFE
38	IF(ISAVE.EQ.1)GO TO 99	SCHEFE
	ISAVE2=ISAVE	SCHEFE
	GO TO 31	SCHEFE
99	RETURN	SCHEFE
52	FORMAT(@ @,20A6)	SCHEFE
	END	SCHEFE
	SUBROUTINE ORDERM(X,N,KOE)	ORDER
	DIMENSION X(N) ,KOE(N)	ORDER
	NN=N	ORDER
	K1=2	ORDER
	DO 80 I=1,NN	ORDER
80	KOE(I)=I	ORDER
4	DO 99 I=K1,NN	ORDER
	IF(X(I).LT.X(I-1)) GOTO 76	ORDER
99	CONTINUE	ORDER
	RETURN	ORDER
76	DO 82 K= 1,NN	ORDER
	IF(X(I).LT.X(K)) GO TO 84	ORDER
82	CONTINUE	ORDER
84	Z=X(I)	ORDER
	KK=KOE(I)	ORDER
	I1=I-1	ORDER
	DO 86KJ=K,I1	ORDER
	J=K+I1-KJ	ORDER
	KOE(J+1)=KOE(J)	ORDER
86	X(J+1)=X(J)	ORDER
	X(K)=Z	ORDER
	KOE(K)=KK	ORDER
	K1=I+1	ORDER
	IF(K1.GT.NN) RETURN	ORDER
	GOTO 4	ORDER
	END	ORDER
	FUNCTION FISHIN(ALPHA,N1,N2)	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
C	CALCULATES THE INVERSE @F@ VALUE GIVEN THE CONFIDENCE COEFFICIENT	FISHIN
C	ALPHA AND THE DEGREES OF FREEDOM(N).	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
	Y1=N1	FISHIN
	Y2=N2	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
C	ADJUST FOR DEGREES OF FREEDOM EQUAL TO 1	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
	IF(N1.EQ.1) Y1=2	FISHIN
	IF(N2.EQ.1) Y2=2	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
C	CALL PHINV TO GET INVERSE NORMAL VALUE OF 1.-ALPHA	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
	X=PHINV(1.-ALPHA)	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
C	COMPUTE LAMDA VALUE	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
	Y=(X**2-3.)/6.	FISHIN
	IC=0	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN
C	COMPUTE THE INITIAL APPROXIMATION TO THE INVERSE @F@ FUNCTION	FISHIN
C	-----	FISHIN



```

Y1=1./(Y1-1.)
Y2=1./(Y2-1.)
H=2./(Y1+Y2)
X=X+SORT(H+Y)/H-(Y1-Y2)*(Y+5./6.-2./(3.*H))
X=EXP(2.*X)
C-----FISHIN
C COMPUTE THE CONSTANT TO THE PDF DISTRIBUTION, TESTING FOR N1 AND/OR N2 FISHIN
C ODD OR EVEN. FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
G=1. FISHIN
IB1=2 FISHIN
IF(MOD(N1,2).EQ.0) GO TO 1 FISHIN
G=1.7724539 FISHIN
IB1=1 FISHIN
1 IB2=2 FISHIN
IF(MOD(N2,2).EQ.0) GO TO 2 FISHIN
G=G*1.7724539 FISHIN
IB2=1 FISHIN
2 IB3=2 FISHIN
IF(MOD(N1+N2,2).EQ.0) GO TO 3 FISHIN
G=G/1.7724539 FISHIN
IB3=1 FISHIN
3 IF((IB1+IB2).NE.2) G=2.*G FISHIN
IF((N1+N2).LE.3) GO TO 5 FISHIN
ND=N1+N2-2-IB3 FISHIN
ND1 = ND + 1 FISHIN
DO 4 II=1,ND1*2 FISHIN
I = II - 1 FISHIN
IF((IB1+I).LE.(N1-2)) G=G*(IB1+I) FISHIN
IF((IB2+I).LE.(N2-2)) G=G*(IB2+I) FISHIN
4 G=G/(IB3+I) FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C COMPUTE THE VALUE OF FISHIN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
5 Y2=N2/(N2+N1*X) FISHIN
Y1=1.-Y2 FISHIN
Y=1.+(G*(1.-ALPHA-FISH(X,N1,N2)))/SQRT(Y1**N1*Y2**N2) FISHIN
FISHIN=X*Y FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C IF FISHIN IS NEGATIVE, RESET FISHIN TO .5*LAST APPROXIMATION(X). FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
IF(Y.LT.0.) FISHIN=.5*X FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C IF THE ABSOLUTE VALUE OF THE DIFFERENCE IS LESS THAN .5E-6, RETURN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
IF(ABS(X/FISHIN-1.).LT.(.5E-6)) GO TO 7 FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C IF THE RELATIVE VALUE OF THE DIFFERENCE IS LESS THAN .5E-6, RETURN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
IF(ABS(X-FISHIN).LT.(.5E-6)) GO TO 7 FISHIN
IC=IC+1 FISHIN
IF(IC.GT.100) RETURN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C SET THE APPROXIMATION EQUAL TO FISHIN AND CONTINUE TO ITERATE FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
X=FISHIN FISHIN
GO TO 5 FISHIN
7 RETURN FISHIN
END FISHIN
FUNCTION PHINV( P ) PHINV

```



D.6 Program RETD as modified to perform  
the basic analysis plus an analysis  
of variance



C	DISCONTINUOUS GRAPH, PLOT AN X ON EACH END OF LINE.	LINE
35	CALL WHERE(U,V,F)	LINE
	IFLAG = 0	LINE
	KFLAG = JFLAG*ISFLAG	LINE
	IF(KFLAG) 16,17,16	LINE
16	CALL SYMBOL(U,V,D,LL,P,0,-1)	LINE
	ISFLAG = ISFLAG + 1	LINE
17	CALL SYMBOL(XP,YP,D,LI,0,0,-1)	LINE
	IP = 2	LINE
	ISFLAG = ISFLAG + 1	LINE
6	CONTINUE	LINE
	KFLAG = IFLAG*JFLAG	LINE
	IF(KFLAG) 5,9,29	LINE
29	CALL WHERE(U,V,F)	LINE
	CALL SYMBOL(U,V,D,LL,P,0,-1)	LINE
	ISFLAG = ISFLAG + 1	LINE
9	RETURN	LINE
	END	LINE
	SUBROUTINE AXIS (X,Y,BCD,BC,SIZE,THETA,YMIN,DI,NDEC,NLAB,NTIC)	AXIS
	DISPERSION G(2), H(11)	AXIS
	DATA G/.8,.56/	AXIS
	DATA H/.56,.4,.28,.2,.14,.1,.07,.05,.035,.025,.0175/	AXIS
	AC = BC	AXIS
	SIG=SIGN(1.0,AC)	AXIS
2	HAC=IABS(BC)	AXIS
	TH=THETA*0.017453294	AXIS
	IF(NLAB.LE.0) FLAB = 1	AXIS
	IF(NTIC.LE.0) NTIC = 1	AXIS
	FNLAB = NLAB	AXIS
	N = SIZE+FNLAB + 0.1	AXIS
C	N = SIZE + 0.50	AXIS
	CTH = COS (TH)	AXIS
	STH = SIN (TH)	AXIS
	CTH = CTH/FNLAB	AXIS
	STH = STH/FNLAB	AXIS
	TH = PI	AXIS
	N1 = N + 1	AXIS
	N2 = N1/2	AXIS
	ADY=ABS(DY/FNLAB)	AXIS
C	ADY=ABS(DY)	AXIS
	STAT=YMIN	AXIS
	EXP = 0.0	AXIS
	IF ( ADY ) 9,18,9	AXIS
9	IF ( ADY -100.0 ) 10,12,12	AXIS
12	ADY = ADY / 10.0	AXIS
	STAT=STAT/10.0	AXIS
	EXP = EXP + 1.0	AXIS
	GO TO 9	AXIS
14	ADY = ADY * 10.0	AXIS
	STAT=STAT*10.0	AXIS
	EXP = EXP - 1.0	AXIS
10	IF ( ADY - 1.00 ) 14,18,18	AXIS
C	10 IF ( ADY - 0.01 ) 14,18,18	AXIS
C	18 XA = X - (.20 * SIG - .05) * STH - .0857 * CTH	AXIS
18	XA = X - (H(NLAB+1) * SIG - H(NLAB+5)) * STH - .0857 * CTH	AXIS
C	YA = Y + (.20 * SIG - .05) * CTH - .0857 * STH	AXIS
18	YA = Y + (H(NLAB+1) * SIG - H(NLAB+5)) * CTH - .0857 * STH	AXIS
	I = 0	AXIS
25	I = I + 1	AXIS
C	CALL NUMBER (XA,YA,0.1,STAT,THETA,2)	AXIS

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	CALL NUMBER (XA, YA, H(NLAB+3), STAT, THETA, NDEC)	AXIS
	STAT=STAT+SIGN(ADY, DY)	AXIS
C	XA = XA + CTH	AXIS
	XA = XA + CTN	AXIS
C	YA = YA + STH	AXIS
	YA = YA + STN	AXIS
	IF (1 - N2) 25, 31, 26	AXIS
26	IF (1 - N1) 25, 60, 60	AXIS
31	TNC = NAC + 7	AXIS
C	XC = Y + (SIZE / 2.0 - .06 * TNC) * CTH - (-.07 + SIG *.36) * STH	AXIS
	XC = X + (SIZE / 2.0 - H(NLAB+4) * TNC) * CTH	AXIS
	1- (-H(NLAB+4) + SIG * (H(NLAB) + H(NLAB+3))) * STH	AXIS
C	YC = Y + (SIZE / 2.0 - .06 * TNC) * STH + (-.07 + SIG *.36) * CTH	AXIS
	YC = Y + (SIZE / 2.0 - H(NLAB+4) * TNC) * STH	AXIS
	1+ (-H(NLAB+4) + SIG * (H(NLAB) + H(NLAB+3))) * CTH	AXIS
C	CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, 0.14, BCD, THETA, NAC)	AXIS
	CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, H(NLAB+2), BCD, THETA, NAC)	AXIS
	XC = XC + ((TNC - 6.0) * 0.12) * CTH	AXIS
	YC = YC + ((TNC - 6.0) * 0.12) * STH	AXIS
	IF (EXP) 35, 50, 35	AXIS
C	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, 0.14, @ (X10 ) @ , THETA, 7)	AXIS
C	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, H(NLAB+2), @ (X10 ) @ , THETA, 7)	AXIS
C	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, H(NLAB+2), 7H(X10 ) , THETA, 7)	AXIS
C	XC = XC + .48 * CTH - .07 * STH	AXIS
	XC = XC + .38 * CTH - H(NLAB+4) * STH	DEC10
C	YC = YC + .48 * STH + .07 * CTH	AXIS
	YC = YC + .38 * STH + H(NLAB+4) * CTH	DEC10
C	40 CALL NUMBER (XC, YC, 0.10, EXP, THETA, -1)	AXIS
	40 CALL NUMBER (XC, YC, H(NLAB+3), EXP, THETA, -1)	AXIS
	50 GO TO 25	AXIS
60	FNTIC = NTIC	AXIS
	NT = N*NTIC	AXIS
	TN = NT	AXIS
	CTH = CTN/FNTIC	AXIS
	STH = STN/FNTIC	AXIS
	XB = X + TN*CTH	AXIS
	YB = Y + TN*STH	AXIS
	XDELT = - H(6 - NTIC) * SIG * STH	AXIS
	YDELT = H(6 - NTIC) * SIG * CTH	AXIS
	XA = XB + XDELT + YDELT	AXIS
C	XA = XB - 0.1 * SIG * STH	AXIS
	YA = YB + YDELT + XDELT	AXIS
C	YA = YB + 0.1 * SIG * CTH	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XA, YA, 3)	AXIS
	XA = XA - XDELT	AXIS
	YA = YA - YDELT	AXIS
C	DO 20 I = 1, N	AXIS
	DO 20 I = 1, N	AXIS
	DO 20 II = 1, NTIC	AXIS
	IF (II.LT.NTIC) GO TO 45	AXIS
	XX = XDELT	AXIS
	YY = YDELT	AXIS
	GO TO 46	AXIS
45	XX = 0.	AXIS
	YY = 0.	AXIS
46	CONTINUE	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XB, YB, 2)	AXIS
	XC = XB - CTH	AXIS
	YC = YB - STH	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XC, YC, 2)	AXIS

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C      XA = XA - CTH
      XA = XA - CTH + XX
C      YA = YA - STH
      YA = YA - STH + YY
      CALL PLOT (XA,YA,2)
      XA = XA - XX
      YA = YA - YY
      XB = XC
20     YB = YC
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE SCALE (X,S,F,K)
C
C      WHERE- X IS THE NAME OF THE ARRAY OF DATA TO BE SCANNED FOR MAXIMUM
C              AND MINIMUM VALUES. AN ADJUSTED MINIMUM VALUE WILL BE
C              STORED IN X(N+K+1). AN ADJUSTED DX(MAX.-MIN.) WILL BE
C              STORED IN X(N+K+K+1).
C              S IS THE LENGTH OVER WHICH THIS DATA IS TO BE PLOTTED.
C              N IS THE NUMBER OF DATA POINTS IN THE ARRAY X.
C              K IS THE REPEAT CYCLE OF A MIXED ARRAY. (NORMALLY 1)
C
      DIMENSION X(2)
      IT = 13
      NP = N * K
      L = NP + 1
      J = NP + K + 1
C      XMAX = X(1)
C      X(L) = X(1)
      DO 2 I=1, NP, K
      IF(X(I)) 2,2,3
2     CONTINUE
3     XMAX = X(1)
C      X(L) = X(1)
      X(L) = 0.0
      DO 10 I = 1, NP, K
      IF(X(I)) 22,10,23
22    ITEST = 2.5 - X(I)
      IF(ITEST) 10,24,10
24    X(L) = 0.0
      IT = 0
      GO TO 10
23    IF (XMAX-X(I)) 5,6,6
5     XMAX = X(I)
6     IF (X(L)-X(I))10,10,7
7     X(L) = X(I)
10   CONTINUE
      DX = (XMAX - X(L)) / S
      IF (DX) 31,31,30
31    X(J) = 1.0
      X(L) = X(L) - 0.5
      RETURN
30    IDX = ALOG10 (DX)
      IXMN = X(L) * 10.0 ** (-IDX)
      IF (X(L))32,33,34
32    IXMN = X(L) * 10.0 ** (-IDX) - 0.99
34    X(L) = IXMN
      X(L) = X(L) * 10.0 ** IDX
33    DX = ALOG10 ((XMAX-X(L))/S)
      IDX = DX
      XMAX = IDX

```

```

DX=10.0**(LX-XMAX)
XMAX = 1.0
41 IF (DX-1.0) 40,20,11
40 DX = LX * 10.0
   IDX = IDX - 1
   GO TO 41
11 XMAX=2.0
   IF (DX-2.0) 20,20,12
12 XMAX = 4.0
   IF (DX-4.0) 20,20,13
13 XMAX=5.0
   IF (DX-5.0) 20,20,14
14 XMAX=8.0
   IF (DX-8.0) 20,20,15
15 XMAX=10.0
20 X(J) = XMAX * 10.0 ** IDX
   IF (IT) 49,49,39
39 CONTINUE
   IMAX = XMAX + 0.00001
   IXM = X(L) * 10.0 ** (-IDX)
   IBOU = IXM/IMAX*IMAX
   X(L) = IBOU
   X(L) = X(L) * 10.0 ** IDX
   GO TO 59
49 CONTINUE
   X(L) = 0.0
59 CONTINUE
   RETURN
   END
SUBROUTINE RET

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C
C MSC ENDOCRINE DATA RETREIVAL PROGRAM
C FIRST LOOK STATISTICS PROGRAM.
C
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
C COMMON /INDEX/IDX(124),INDX1(124),INDX2(248),INDX3(124)
COMMON/HITPLK/LHIT(150),NDATE(150),ISAV(16),MTVOL(150)
COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),
* LTYPE(20),IIF,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA
C COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEY,KYE,
COMMON /SISBUF/ JBUF(35),JBL(125),JUR(35),JBUFF(30),KEY,KYE,
+ MFUNC,IFILE,IERR
COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)
DIMENSION IBUF(14)
EQUIVALENCE(IBUF,T)
EXTERNAL ERROR
C
C RA1=SAMPLE DIRECTORY *** RA2=URINE FILE *** RA3=BLOOD FILE
C *** RA4=DAILY FILE ***
C
C PLACE KEYED FILES IN UPDATE MODE EXCLUDING @RA1@ WHICH IS
C TO BE USED AS A SEQUENTIAL SEARCH FILE
C ASSIGNED TO FORTRAN UNIT NO. 1
C
IF (IFFF) 31,201,140
C 31 CALL RANDOM(4,@RA2@,125,5,7,100,100,ICODE,LOC)
31 CONTINUE
CALL FILEIS(FITRA1,3LIFN,3LRA1,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5
+ ,3LMRL,350,3LMNR,350,3LWSA,T)

```





	45 CALL SETCRI(LSTUDY,IS,JSTALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LSTUDY(I),I=1,5),IS,JSTALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	6 JDTALL=0	RET
	ID = 0	RET
	IDFLG = 0	RET
	46 CALL SETCRI(LDATE, ID, JDTALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LDATE(I),I=1,16),ID,JDTALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	7 MANALL=0	RET
	IM = 0	RET
	IMFLG = 0	RET
	47 CALL SETCRI(LMAN,IM,MANALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LMAN(I),I=1,9),IM,MANALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	8 JTPALL=0	RET
	ITP = 0	RET
	ITPFLG = 0	RET
	48 CALL SETCRI(LTYPE,ITP,JTPALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LTYPE(I),I=1,10),ITP,JTPALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	9 JTTALL=0	RET
	ITT = 0	RET
	ITTFLG = 0	RET
	49 CALL SETCRI(LTEST,ITT,JTTALL)	RET
	ITT=1	RET
C	IF(JTTALL.EQ.1) ITT = 124	RET
	LSTART = ISAV(3)	RET
	LSTOP = ISAV(4)	RET
	IF(LSTOP.EQ.0) LSTOP=LSTART	DEC
	GO TO 1	RET
	19 DO 119 I=1,16	RET
119	JOB(I)=ISAV(I)	RET
	IF(IOPLOT.EQ.0.AND.JOB(3).GE.1000) CALL PLOTS(14HNASA ENDOCRINE,	RET
	1 14)	RET
	IF(JOB(3).GE.1000) IOPLLOT = 999	RET
	IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOOTH.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HVOLU)GOTO1	DEC10
	JOB(2)=4HDATE	DEC10
	PRINT 601	DEC10
601	FORMAT(* UNKNOWN JOB PARAMETER DATE ASSUMED*)	DEC10
	GO TO 1	RET
C		RET
C	BUILD HIT ARRAY OF SAMPLE NUMBERS	RET
C		RET
	40 CONTINUE	RET
	LT = LSTART - 1	RET
C		RET
C	DO 4321 LT=LSTART,LSTOP	RET
140	IF(IFFF - 2) 145,240,145	RET
145	LT = LT + 1	RET
C		RET
	IF(LT - LSTOP) 150,150,4321	RET
150	LM = 0	RET
	IFFF = 2	RET
C	IF(KOT.EQ.0) CALL SSWTCH(1,KKT)	RET
C	IF(KKT.EQ.1) GO TO 999	RET
	LTEST(1) = LT	RET
C	DO 4321 LM=1,3	RET
240	LM = LM + 1	RET
	IF(LM - 3) 250,250,245	RET



```

C
C IF DATE SAVE OPTION WAS SPECIFIED FILL DATE ARRAY CORRESPONDING
C TO SAMPLE NUMBER HIT ARRAY
C
C 22 IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH) MDATE(IH)=MDSAV
C
C IF TOTAL VOLUME SAVE OPTION WAS SPECIFIED FILL VOLUME ARRAY
C CORRESPONDING TO SAMPLE NUMBER HIT ARRAY
C
C IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HVOLU.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH)MTVOL(IH)=IBUF(10)
C IH=IH+1
C IF(IH.LE.151) GO TO 10
23 NSMP = IH - 1
C IF(NSMP.LE.150) GO TO 35
C PRINT 30
30 FORMAT(1H1,17HHIT FILE OVERFLOW )
C STOP 30
C
C 35 CALL RETRVE
C PRINT 300, LSTUDY, LMAN, JOB, LTYPE, NSMP, NDATA
300 FORMAT(1H0,6HLSTUDY,10I10,/,2X,4HLMAN,9I10,/,
. 1X,4HJOB ,A4,5X,A4,5X,14I6,/,6H LTYPE,20I5,/,
. 1X,7HNSMP = ,I5,10X,8HNDATA = ,I5)
C PRINT 301,(LDATE(I),I=1,10)
301 FORMAT(6H LDATE /,(10I10))
C PRINT 302,(LTEST(I),I=1,10)
302 FORMAT(6H LTEST ,(10I10))
C PRINT 306,(MTVOL(I),I=1,NSMP)
306 FORMAT(1H0,5HMTVOL,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 303,(MDATE(I),I=1,NSMP)
303 FORMAT(1H0,5HMDATE,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 304,(LHIT(I),I=1,NSMP)
304 FORMAT(/ ,6H LHIT ,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 305,(XDATA(I),I=1,NDATA)
305 FORMAT(1H0,5HXDATA,/, (8F15.6))
C PRINT 300, LSTUDY, LMAN, JOB, LTYPE, NSMP, NDATA
C 300 FORMAT(1H1,6HLSTUDY,10I10,/,2X,4HLMAN,9I10,/,
C . 4HJOB ,A4,5X,A4,5X,14I6,/,5HLTYPE,20I5,/,
C . 7HNSMP = ,I5,10X,8HNDATA = ,I5,/)
C PRINT 301,(LDATE(I),I=1,10)
C 301 FORMAT(5HLDATE /,(10I10))
C PRINT 302,(LTEST(I),I=1,10)
C 302 FORMAT(5HLTEST ,(10I10))
C PRINT 306,(MTVOL(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 306 FORMAT(1H1,5HMTVOL,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 303,(MDATE(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 303 FORMAT(1H1,5HMDATE,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 304,(LHIT(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 304 FORMAT(/,5HLHIT ,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 305,(XDATA(I),I=1,NDATA)
C 305 FORMAT(1H1,5HXDATA,/, (8F15.6))
C
C
C
C -----RET
C RETURN RET
C CALL STAT RET
4321 CONTINUE RET
C IFFF = 0 RET
C -----RET
C

```

C		RET
C	REWIND 1	RET
	CALL REWIND(FITRA1)	RET
	GO TO 201	RET
C	888 PRINT 8800	RET
	8800 FORMAT(15H FILE 1 REWOUND)	RET
	RETURN	RET
	99 CONTINUE	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA1)	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA2)	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA3)	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA4)	RET
	IF(IOPLOT) 199,199,999	RET
	999 CALL STOPPLT	RET
	PRINT 900	RET
	900 FORMAT(19HONORMAL END OF JOB.)	RET
	STOP 2000	RET
	199 STOP 1	RET
	END	RET
	SUBROUTINE SETCRI(LBUF,JNDX,LALL)	SETCRI
C	THIS SUBROUTINE STORES INFORMATION FROM ONE DATA CARD INTO THE	SETCRI
C	CORRESPONDING CRITERIA ARRAY	SETCRI
C		SETCRI
C	COMMON /INDEX/JNDX(124),INDX1(124),INDX2(248),INDX3(124)	SETCRI
	COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MUATL(150),ISAV(16),MTVOL(150)	XREDUC
	COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),	SETCRI
	LTYPE(20),IIP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA	SETCRI
	COMMON /SISBUF/ IPUF(35),JBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEY,KYE,	SETCRI
	+ MFUNC,IFILE,IERR	SETCRI
	COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)	SETCRI
	DIMENSION LBUF(1)	SETCRI
	IF(ISAV(2).EQ.4HALL .OR. ISAV(2).EQ.4H ) GO TO 1	SETCRI
	JNDX = JNDX + 1	SETCRI
	LBUF(JNDX)=ISAV(3)	SETCRI
	IF(ISAV(2).EQ.4HEACH) GO TO 3	SETCRI
	INXT=ISAV(3)+1	SETCRI
	2 IF(INXT.GT.ISAV(4)) RETURN	SETCRI
	JNDX = JNDX + 1	SETCRI
	LBUF(JNDX)=INXT	SETCRI
	INXT=INXT+1	SETCRI
	GO TO 2	SETCRI
	3 DO 5 I=4,16	SETCRI
	IF(ISAV(I).EQ.0) RETURN	SETCRI
	JNDX = JNDX + 1	SETCRI
	LBUF(JNDX)=ISAV(I)	SETCRI
	5 CONTINUE	SETCRI
	RETURN	SETCRI
	1 LALL=1	SETCRI
	RETURN	SETCRI
	END	SETCRI
	SUBROUTINE RETRVE	RETRVE
C		RETRVE
C	THIS SUBROUTINE RETREVES THOSE DATA VALUES FROM THE BLOOD OR	RETRVE
C	URINE FILES WHICH SATISFY THE INPUT CRITERIA	RETRVE
C	THE DATA VALUES ARE STORED IN ARRAY XDATA	RETRVE
C		RETRVE
C	COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP	XREDUC
C	COMMON /INDEX/INDX(124),INDX1(124),INDX2(248),INDX3(124)	RETRVE
C	COMMON /INDEX/INDX(136),INDX3(136)	DEC10

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COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),
      LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA
COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEE,KYE,
+ MFUNC,IFILE,IERR
COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)
DIMENSION XTEMP(125)
INTEGER KEY(2)
EQUIVALENCE (T,XTEMP)
EQUIVALENCE (KEE,KEY(2))
DATA(INDX(I),I=1,136)/400,401,402,403,404,405,503,406,407,408,409,
. 410,
1 411,412,413,414,415,416,417,418,419,420,421,422,423,424,425,426,
2 427,428,429,430,431,432,433,434,435,436,437,438,439,440,441,442,
3 443,444,445,446,447,448,449,450,451,452,453,454,455,456,457,458,
4 459,460,461,462,463,464,465,466,467,468,469,470,471,472,473,474,
5 475,476,477,478,479,480,481,482,483,484,485,486,487,488,489,490,
6 491,492,493,494,495,496,497,498,499,500,501,502,300,301,302,303,
7 304,305,306,307,321,308,309,310,311,312,313,314,315,316,317,318,
. 319,
8 320,514,515,516,517,518,519,520,521,522,523/
DATA (INDX3(I),I=1,136)/2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,
1 18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,
2 39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50,51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59,
3 60,61,62,63,64,65,66,67,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,79,80,
4 81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,90,91,92,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,100,
5101,102,103,104,105,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,
6 20,21,22,23,116,117,118,119,120,121,122,123,124,125/
DATA ICDT/445B/
M=1
KSAV=0
IERR=0
DO 27 K=1,NSMP
DO 27 I=1,ITT
C
C IDENTIFY TEST NUMBER IN INDEX
C
DO 24 J=1,136
IF(LTEST(I).EQ.INDX(J)) GO TO 25
24 CONTINUE
STOP @INVALID TEST NUMBER@
25 IJ=J
LREC=INDX3(IJ)
IF(LTEST(I) -400) 41,31,31
31 INDX1 = 1RU
GO TO 50
41 INDX1 = 1RB
C
C PICK UP KEY FROM HIT ARRAY OF SAMPLE NUMBERS
C
50 KEY(2)=LHIT(K)
C
C DETERMINE IF DATA NEEDED IS FROM CURRENT RECORD
C
IF(KEY(2).EQ.KSAV) GO TO 26
C
C CHECK FOR URINE OR BLOOD FILE
C
29 IF(INDX1(IJ).EQ.1RU) GO TO 28
29 IF(INDX1.EQ.1RU) GO TO 28

```



	DIMENSION KOE(3)	ANOV1
	EXTERNAL TWOVT,TWOAVT,TWOAVB	ANOV1
	DIMENSION ISIG(2)	STAT
	DIMENSION X(1)	STAT
	DIMENSION LTEXT(120), MTEXT(120), XOUT(120)	STAT
	DIMENSION NDF(3), S(3), P(3), TM(3), WTV(3), XMS(3), IPP(3), IP2(3)	STAT
	DIMENSION ID1(120), ID2(120), LK(3)	STAT
	EQUIVALENCE (IDEN,DEN)	ANOV1
	EQUIVALENCE(X,XDATA)	STAT
	DATA ID1/120*1/, LK/3*0/	STAT
	DATA IPP/4HPRE , 4HIN , 4HPOST/	STAT
	DATA IP2/8HPRE-1N , 8HIN-POST , 8HPRE-POST/	STAT
C		STAT
C	FILL OUTPUT ARRAY	STAT
C		STAT
	DATA ISTAR/1H*/ , IBLANK/1H / , ISAVE/4HSAVE/	STAT
	DATA IPLUS/1H+/, IMINUS/1H-/, IPPL/2H++/, IMMI/2H--/	STAT
	DATA IDATE/4HDATE/, IVOLU/4HVOLU/, IBOTH/4HBOOTH/	STAT
	NOBS = NDATA	STAT
1	IF(NOBS - 1) 999,999,2	STAT
2	LOOP = ITT	STAT
	IDATEF = 0	STAT
	IVOLUF = 0	STAT
	IF(JOB(2).EQ.IDATE) IDATEF = 3	STAT
	IF(JOB(2).EQ.IVOLU) IVOLUF = 3	STAT
	IF(JOB(2).NE.IBOTH) GO TO 3	STAT
	IDATEF = 3	STAT
	IVOLUF = 3	STAT
3	KKK = NOBS/LOOP	STAT
	CALL TEXT(LSTUDY(1), LTYPE(1), LMAN(1), LTEST(1),	STAT
	X KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, NITS)	STAT
	CALL DATE(IWORD)	STAT
	PRINT 1000, JOB(3)	STAT
1000	FORMAT(1H1,20X,42HNASA MSC ENDOCRINE DATA RETREIVAL PROGRAM.,I7/)	STAT
	PRINT 500, LSTUDY(1), KSTUDY,IWORD	STAT
500	FORMAT(7H0STUDY.,I2,2X, A8,20X,A10)	STAT
	PRINT 600, LTEST(1), KTEST,LMAN(1), KMAN	STAT
600	FORMAT(6H0TEST.,I3,2X A8 ,20X,4HMAN.,I4,2X, A8)	STAT
	PRINT 700,(LTYPE(I),I=1,ITP)	DEC10
700	FORMAT(6H0TYPE.,20I3)	DEC10
	PRINT 800, NITS	STAT
800	FORMAT(15H0JULIAN DATE , A8)	STAT
C	DO 150 L=1,LOOP	STAT
	L = 1	STAT
	LOOP = 1	STAT
	DO 210 II=LOOP,NOBS,LOOP	STAT
	I = II + L - LOOP	STAT
	IPLACE = II/LOOP	STAT
210	XOUT(IPLACE) = XDATA(I)	STAT
C		STAT
C	SORT BY DATE	STAT
C		STAT
	NOSLTS = NOBS/LOOP	STAT
	NM1 = NOSLTS - 1	STAT
	DO 230 I=1,NM1	STAT
	IMAX = 9999	STAT
	ISUB = I	STAT
	DO 220 J=1,NOSLTS	STAT
	IF(IMAX-MDATE(J)) 220,220,211	STAT
211	IMAX = MDATE(J)	STAT



	ISUB = J	STAT
220	CONTINUE	STAT
	ITEMP = MDATE(ISUB)	STAT
	TEMP = XOUT(ISUB)	STAT
	MDATE(ISUB) = MDATE(I)	STAT
	XOUT(ISUB) = XOUT(I)	STAT
	MDATE(I) = ITEMP	STAT
	XOUT(I) = TEMP	STAT
230	CONTINUE	STAT
	IG = LSTUDY(1)	STAT
	IVV(1)=IVV(2)=IVV(3)=0	APR24
	IVV(4) = NOSLTS	STAT
	DO 240 I=1,NOSLTS	STAT
	IF(MDATE(I).LE.DATESC(2,IG)) IVV(2) = I	STAT
	IF(MDATE(I).LE.DATESC(3,IG)) IVV(3) = I	STAT
240	XDATA(I) = XOUT(I)	STAT
	DO 133 I=1,3	STAT
	NFIRST = IVV(I) + 1	STAT
	NLAST = IVV(I + 1)	STAT
	CALL MESIG(LTEXT,NFIRST,NLAST,SMEAN,SIGMA,NN)	STAT
	SSMEAN(I) = SMEAN	STAT
	SSSIGMA(I) = SIGMA	STAT
	NN(I) = NN	STAT
133	CONTINUE	STAT
	NFIRST = 1	STAT
	NLAST = NOSLTS	STAT
	CALL MESIG(LTEXT,NFIRST,NLAST,SMEAN,SIGMA,NN)	STAT
C		STAT
C	IF THERE ARE 2 OR MORE PRE-FLIGHT OBSERVATIONS THE EXTREME VALUES	STAT
C	ARE FLAGED ON THE BASIS OF PRE-FLIGHT MEAN AND STD. DEV.	STAT
C	OTHERWISE THE TOTAL MEAN AND STD. DEV. ARE USED.	STAT
C		STAT
	IF(NNN(1) - 2) 134,136,136	STAT
134	SSG = SIGMA	STAT
	SSM = SMEAN	STAT
	GO TO 137	STAT
136	SSG = SSG(1)	STAT
	SSM = SSM(1)	STAT
137	T01 = 2.3263*SSG	STAT
	T05 = 1.6449*SSG	STAT
	DO 166 II=1,3	STAT
	IFIRST = IVV(II)+ 1	STAT
	ILAST = IVV(II + 1)	STAT
	IF(IFIRST-ILAST)162,163,166	APR24
163	PRINT 401	APR24
401	FORMAT(* SINGLE VALUE NOT ANALYZED*)	APR24
162	DO 165 I=IFIRST,ILAST	STAT
	MTEXT(I) = IBLANK	STAT
	IF(X(I)) 164,165,153	STAT
153	DELTA = X(I) - SSM	STAT
	IF(DELTA) 155,154,157	STAT
154	IF(X(I).NE.2.0) GO TO 164	STAT
	DELTA = SSM	STAT
	GO TO 156	STAT
155	DELTA = -DELTA	STAT
156	IF(DELTA.GE.T05) MTEXT(I) = IMINUS	STAT
	IF(DELTA.GE.T01) MTEXT(I) = IMMI	STAT
	GO TO 164	STAT
157	IF(DELTA.GE.T05) MTEXT(I) = IPLUS	STAT
	IF(DELTA.GE.T01) MTEXT(I) = IPPL	STAT

164	PRINT 400, MDATE(I), X(I), LTEXT(I), MTEXT(I)	STAT
165	CONTINUE	STAT
	PRINT 900, SSMEAN(II), SSIGMA(II), NNN(II)	STAT
166	CONTINUE	STAT
	IF(JOB(3) - 1000) 150, 145, 145	STAT
145	IF(NN) 150, 150, 146	STAT
146	CALL STPLOT(LOOP, NOBS, NSLOT, IWORD, KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, SMEAN, x SIGMA)	STAT
150	CONTINUE	STAT
C		STAT
C	ICASE = 0 NO TESTS	STAT
C	ICASE = 1 PREFLIGHT ONLY	STAT
C	ICASE = 2 PRE AND INFLIGHT ONLY	STAT
C	ICASE = 3 ALL	STAT
C	ICASE = 4 PRE AND POSTFLIGHT ONLY	STAT
C		STAT
	IF(NNN(1)-1) 170, 170, 171	DEC1
170	NT = 0	STAT
	ICASE = 0	STAT
	GO TO 999	DEC1
171	SSE(1) = SSIGMA(1)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(1)))	STAT
	PRINT 3000, NNN(1), SSMEAN(1), SSIGMA(1), SSE(1)	STAT
3000	FORMAT(20(4H----)/23H PARAMETRIC STATISTICS.//8HOSUMMARY/ X39HOSAMPLE N MEAN SD SE/4HOPRE, I6, 3F11.3)	STAT
	IF(NNN(2)-1) 172, 172, 176	DEC1
172	IF(NNN(3)-1) 173, 173, 174	DEC1
173	NT = 1	STAT
	ICASE = 1	STAT
	GO TO 999	DEC1
174	SSE(3) = SSIGMA(3)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(3)))	STAT
	PRINT 3010, NNN(3), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), SSE(3)	STAT
	NT = 2	STAT
	ICASE = 4	STAT
	NN=NN-NNN(2)	FIX2
C		STAT
	GO TO 180	DEC1
C	CHANGE THIS LATER	STAT
C		STAT
176	SSE(2) = SSIGMA(2)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(2)))	STAT
	PRINT 3020, NNN(2), SSMEAN(2), SSIGMA(2), SSE(2)	STAT
3020	FORMAT(4H0IN, I6, 3F11.3)	STAT
	IF(NNN(3)-1) 177, 177, 178	DEC1
177	NT = 2	STAT
	ICASE = 2	STAT
	NN=NN-NNN(3)	FIX2
	GO TO 180	STAT
178	SSE(3) = SSIGMA(3)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(3)))	STAT
	PRINT 3010, NNN(3), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), SSE(3)	STAT
3010	FORMAT(5H0POST, I5, 3F11.3)	STAT
	NT = 3	STAT
	ICASE = 3	STAT
180	CONTINUE	STAT
	SE = SIGMA/SQRT(FLOAT(NN))	STAT
	PRINT 3030, NN, SMEAN, SIGMA, SE	STAT
3030	FORMAT(4H ---, 10(4H----)/4H SUM, I6, 3F11.3)	STAT
C		STAT
C	GET RID OF NEGATIVE VALUES	STAT
C	I RANGES OVER ALL POINTS.	STAT
C	J RANGES OVER VALID POINTS.	STAT
C		STAT

J = 1	STAT
DO 330 I=1,NOSLTS	STAT
IF(X(I)) 310,330,320	STAT
310 IF(X(I) + 2.0) 330,315,330	STAT
315 X(J) = 0.0	STAT
J = J + 1	STAT
GO TO 330	STAT
320 X(J) = X(1)	STAT
J = J + 1	STAT
330 CONTINUE	STAT
IF(ICASE.EQ.4) 710,711	FIX
710 IF(NNN(2).EQ.1) GO TO 712	FIX
GO TO 713	FIX
712 NNN1=NNN(1)+1	FIX
NSLTM1=J-1	FIX
DO 179 I=NNN1,NSLTM1	FIX
179 X(I)=X(I+1)	FIX
713 NNN(2)=NNN(3)	FIX
NNN(3)=0	FIX
711 CONTINUE	FIX
ITOT=JTOT=3	ANOVI
IF(ICASE.EQ.2.OR.ICASE.EQ.4) ITOT=2	ANOVI
IB=LMAN(1)	ANOVI
K1=0	ANOVI
DO 699 IT=1,ITOT	ANOVI
K=N(IT,IB)=NNN(IT)	ANOVI
DO 702 I=1,K	ANOVI
702 Y(IT,IB,I)=X(I+K1)	ANOVI
K1=K+K1	ANOVI
699 CONTINUE	ANOVI
CALL ACRDAN(X, NT, NNN, TM, WTV, S, GM, NDF, IER)	STAT
N1 = NDF(1)	STAT
N2 = NDF(2)	STAT
S1 = S(1)	STAT
S2 = S(2)	STAT
CALL FFOUT(S1,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)	STAT
DO 193 IMS=1,3	STAT
193 XMS(IMS) = S(IMS)/NDF(JMS)	STAT
PRINT 3090	STAT
3090 FORMAT(1X)	STAT
PRINT 3100	STAT
3100 FORMAT(28HOANALYSIS OF VARIANCE TABLE./35H0           DF           SS	STAT
X  MS       F./35H       ----       ----       ----)	STAT
PRINT 3200, NDF(1), S(1), XMS(1), FVAL	STAT
3200 FORMAT(6H TREAT, I4, F10.1, F10.1, F8.3)	STAT
PRINT 3300, NDF(2), S(2), XMS(2)	STAT
3300 FORMAT(6HOERROR, I4, F10.1, F10.1, 6H --- /4H ---, 9(4H----))	STAT
PRINT 3400, NDF(3), S(3), XMS(3)	STAT
3400 FORMAT(6H TOTAL, I4, F10.1, F10.1, 6H --- )	STAT
PRINT 3800, FVAL, PRFVAL	STAT
3800 FORMAT(1H0,F7.3, 23H IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE .F5.1, 14H PERCENT LEVSTAT	STAT
1EL)	STAT
IF(NT-2) 999,850,824	DEC10
824 IF(PRFVAL - 5.0) 825,825,850	STAT
825 N1 = 1	STAT
PRINT 3500	STAT
3500 FORMAT(14HOCONTRAST   F )	STAT
P(1) = 1	STAT
P(2) = -1	STAT
P(3)=0	FIX

	CALL ACTRST(TM, NNN, 3, 1, P, 1, Q, SQ)	STAT
	CALL FFOUT(SQ,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)	STAT
	PRINT 3600,IP2(1),FVAL,PRFVAL	FIX
3600	FORMAT(1H0,A8,F8.3,23H IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE ,F5.1, X15H PERCENT LEVEL.)	FIX
	P(1) = 0	STAT
	P(2) = 1	STAT
	P(3) = -1	STAT
	CALL ACTRST(TM, NNN, 3, 1, P, 1, Q, SQ)	STAT
	CALL FFOUT(SQ,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)	STAT
	PRINT 3600,IP2(2),FVAL,PRFVAL	FIX
	P(1) = 1	STAT
	P(2) = 0	STAT
	CALL ACTRST(TM, NNN, 3, 1, P, 1, Q, SQ)	STAT
	CALL FFOUT(SQ,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)	STAT
	PRINT 3600,IP2(3),FVAL,PRFVAL	FIX
850	CONTINUE	STAT
851	NP = 0	STAT
	DO 855 I=1,NT	STAT
	NCDC = NNN(I)	STAT
	DO 855 J=1,NCDC	STAT
	NP = NP + 1	STAT
855	ID2(NP) = I	STAT
	IF(ICASE.EQ.4) GO TO 860	DEC1
	PRINT 4000	STAT
4000	FORMAT(1H0/20(4H----)/27H NON-PARAMETRIC STATISTICS.)	STAT
C	CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,0,NT,NNN,LK)	STAT
	CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,NT,NNN,LK,LK)	FIX2
	PRINT 1100,IP2(1)	STAT
1100	FORMAT(1H0/10H0CONTRAST , A8)	STAT
	NP = NNN(1) + NNN(2)	STAT
C	CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,0, 2,NNN,LK)	STAT
	IPI=2	FIX2
	CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,2,NNN,LK,IPI)	FIX2
	IF(ICASE.EQ.2) GO TO 998	FIX
	NP = NNN(2) + NNN(3)	STAT
	IST = NNN(1) + 1	STAT
	PRINT 1100,IP2(2)	STAT
C	CALL KRUSWAL(X(IST),ID1(IST),ID2(IST),NP,0,0,2,NNN(2),LK)	STAT
	IPI=3	FIX2
	CALL KRUSWAL(X(IST),ID1(IST),ID2(IST),NP,0,1,2,NNN(2),LK,IPI)	FIX2
	NCDC = NNN(3)	STAT
	DO 880 J=1,NCDC	STAT
	K = NNN(1) + J	STAT
	L=NNN(1)+NNN(2)+J	FIX
	X(K) = X(L)	STAT
	ID1(K) = ID1(L)	STAT
880	ID2(K) = ID2(L)	STAT
	NP=NNN(1)+NNN(3)	FIX
	NNN(2)=NNN(3)	FIX
C	CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,0, 2,NNN,LK)	STAT
860	PRINT 1100,IP2(3)	DEC1
	IPI=3	FIX2
	IF(ICASE.EQ.4) IPI=2	FIX2
	CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,2,NNN,LK,IPI)	FIX2
998	CONTINUE	FIX
	IF(IR.EQ.3) 701,999	ANOV
701	MAXT=MAXB=3	ANOV
	MAXT1=MAXT+1	ANOV
	MAXB1=MAXB+1	ANOV





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XP(3) = 0.1+ DOWN
NTIC = 3
CALL TEXT(LSTUDY(1), LTYPE(1), LMAN(1), LTEST(1),
X KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, NITS)
KS = KSKIP - KSKIP/3*3
IF(KS) 208,108,208
C 108 CALL PLOT(4.25,10.5,-3)
108 CALL PLOT(8.50,10.5,-3)
FPN = LTYPE(1)
CALL SYMBOL(0.30,-.4,0.10,KSTUDY , 0.0, 8)
CALL SYMBOL(1.20,-.4,0.10, KTEST , 0.0, 8)
CALL SYMBOL(2.00,-.4,0.10,4HTYPE, 0.0, 4)
CALL NUMBER(2.40,-.4,0.10,FPN,0.0,-1)
CALL SYMBOL(2.60,-.4,0.10,IWORD,0.0,10)
208 CALL PLOT(0.0,-3.5,-3)
CALL AXIS(0.0,0.0,12H JULIAN DATE,
1 -12, 4.0,00.0,YDATE(J1),YDATE(J2),-1,4,3)
C CALL AXIS (X,Y,BCD,NC,SIZE,THETA,YMIN,DY,NDEC,NLAB,NTIC)
C CALL AXIS(0.0,0.0,16H DATA VALUE,16,3.0, 90.0, Y(J1),Y(J2))
CALL AXIS(0.0,0.0,NITS , 8,3.0, 90.0, XDATA(J1),
1 XDATA(J2), -1, 4, 1)
FPN = LMAN(1)
CALL SYMBOL(0.10,3.01,0.07,KMAN, 0.0, 3)
DO 308 JJ=1,3
KG = 4 - JJ
CALL NUMBER(XP(KG), 2.89, 0.07, SSMEAN(KG), 0.0, 2)
308 CALL NUMBER(XP(KG), 2.77, 0.07, SSIGMA(KG), 0.0, 2)
CALL PLOT(UP,0.0,3)
CALL PLOT(UP,3.0,2)
CALL PLOT(DOWN,3.0,3)
CALL PLOT(DOWN,0.0,2)
708 LL = NSMAN(LMAN(1))
CALL LINE(YDATE,XDATA,NOBST,1, 0,LL)
811 CONTINUE
KSKIP = KSKIP + 1
911 RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE TEXT(LSTUDY,LTYPE,LMAN,LTEST,NSTUDY,NTYPE,NMAN,NLST,
1 NITS)
C REAL*8 KSTUDY,MSTUDY(6),KTEST,MURN(124),MBLD(24),MITS(124),
REAL KSTUDY,MSTUDY(5),KTEST,MURN(124),MBLD(24),MITS(124),
1MITS(24),KTYPE,MTYPE(15),MM,KITS
REAL NSTUDY, NTYPE, NMAN, NTEST, KMAN, NMAN(9), NITS
DATA MSTUDY/8HSMET ,8HSKYLAB 2,8HSKYLAB 3,8HSKYLAB 4,8HAPOLLO17TEXT
1/
DATA MMAN/4HCDR ,4HPLT ,4HSPT ,4HC1 ,4HC2 ,4HC3 ,4HC4 ,
X4HC5 ,4HC6 /
DATA (MURN(1),I=1,107)
X /8HEPI ,8HNOREPI ,8HADH ,8HHYPO ,8HALDO ,TEXT
X8H17OH ,8HOSMO ,8HNA ,8HK ,8HMG ,8HPO4 ,TEXT
X8HCA ,8HCL ,8HH ,8HSP.GR. ,8HCREAT ,8HURICACID,TEXT
X8HB ,8HST ,8HFE ,8HAL ,8HMO ,8HCU ,TEXT
X8HZN ,8HTI ,8HNI ,8HSR ,8HCR ,8HBL ,TEXT
X8HMN ,8HLI ,8HRB ,8HPD ,8HAND ,8HETIO ,TEXT
X8HDHEA ,8H11=0 AND,8H11=0ETIO,8H11OH AND,8H11OHETIO,8HTOTAL ,TEXT
X8HLYS ,8HHIS ,8HMH3 ,8HARG ,8HHYP ,8HASP ,TEXT
X8HTHR ,8HSEK ,8HGLU ,8HPRO ,8HGLY ,8HALA ,TEXT
X8HCYS/2 ,8HVAL ,8HMET ,8HILE ,8HLEU ,8HTYR ,TEXT
X8HPHE ,8HHLYS ,8HGAMMA-AB,8HORN ,8HETH ,8HMH3 ,TEXT
X8HLYS ,8H1-CH3HIS,8HHIS ,8H3-CH3HIS,8HANS ,8HTRY ,TEXT

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        PRINT 600, WW,VAR,WSCORE
600  FORMAT(1H0,3X,1HW,7X,8HST. DEV.,3X,10HASYMPTOTIC/25X,6HWSCORE/1X,F1
19.0,F8.2,7X,F5.2)
        PRINT 601, WSCORE,P2,TWO
        PRINT 601, WSCORE,P1,ONE
601  FORMAT(1X,F5.2,1X,@IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE @, F7.1,@ PERCENT LEVEL -
1@,A3,@ TAILED TEST@)
        PRINT 602
602  FORMAT(1H0)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE AKSPL(K,N,R1,MU,NC,ID2)
        DIMENSION R1(1),MU(1),NC(1),W(6),ID2(1)
C
C  TEST STATISTIC FOR K(GREATER THAN 2)-SAMPLE CASE
C
        DO 201 I=1,K
201  W(I)=0.
        DO 202 IJ=1,N
        I=ID2(IJ)
202  W(I)=W(I)+R1(IJ)
        T=0.
        DO 203 IJ=1,N
203  T=T+R1(IJ)**2
        B=0.
        PRINT 300
300  FORMAT(1H0,@SAMPLE@,8X,@W(I)@,10X,@I(I)@)
        DO 204 I=1,K
        UC=MU(I)+NC(I)
        PRINT 301, I,W(I),UC
301  FORMAT(1H ,3X,I1,7X,F8.0,7X,F5.0)
204  B=B+(W(I)**2/UC)
        PRINT 302, B,T
302  FORMAT(1H0,@B =@,F12.2,5X,@T =@,F10.0)
        WSCORE=(B/T)*FLOAT(N-1)
C
C  WSCORE HAS CHI-SQUARE DISTRIBUTION WITH (K-1) D. F.
C
        WS=WSCORE
        XK=K-1
        XM=WS/2.
        IC=XK/2.
        SWS=SQRT(WS)
        EM=1./EXP(XM)
        PRINT 205, WSCORE
205  FORMAT(1H0,@WSCORE = @,F7.3)
        XK2=XK/2.
        IF ((XK2-FLOAT(IC)).NE.0) GO TO 500
        SUM=0.
        PROD=1.
        DO 1 I=1,IC
        IF (I.GT.1) GO TO 2
        XI=1
        GO TO 3
2  XI=I-1
3  PROD=XI*PROD
        TERM=XM**(I-1)/PROD
1  SUM=SUM+TERM
        CPROB=SUM*EM
        P=100.*CPROB

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```

IF (P.LT.0.1000) GO TO 10
PRINT 206, WSCORE,P
206 FORMAT(1H0,F7.3,@ IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE @,F5.1,@ PERCENT LEVEL@)
GO TO 1000
10 P=0.10
PRINT 12, WSCORE,P
12 FORMAT(1H0,F7.3,@ IS SIGNIFICANT WITH PROBABILITY LESS THAN @,F7.3@
1,@ PERCENT LEVEL@)
GO TO 1000
500 GAMH=1.7724538509
TERM=SQRT(XM)/(0.5+GAMH)
SUM=TERM
NR=(XK-3.)/2.
IF(NR.EQ.0) GO TO 502
DO 501 I=1,NR
XI=1
TERM=TERM*2.*XM/(2.*XI+1.)
501 SUM=SUM+TERM
502 CHISQ=(SUM*EM)*100.
P2=100.*2.*(1.-PROB(SMS))
P=P2+CHISQ
IF (P.LT.0.0005) GO TO 14
PRINT 206, WSCORE,P
GO TO 1000
14 P=0.001
PRINT 12, WSCORE,P
1000 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
FUNCTION PROB(X)
C
C THIS FUNCTION ROUTINE COMPUTES
C DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION(X) IF X GE 0
C 1 - DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION(X) IF X LT 0
C OF A ST. NORMAL VARIABLE USING APPROXIMATION 26.2.19 P.932
C HANDBOOK OF MATH. FUNCTIONS
DATA D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6/.0498673470,.0211410061,.0032776263,.000036
10036,.0000486906,.0000053830/
IF (X) 20,30,40
30 PROB=0.5
RETURN
20 X1=-X
GO TO 50
40 X1=X
50 A=1.+X1*(D1+X1*(D2+X1*(D3+X1*(D4+X1*(D5+X1*D6))))
PROB=1.-0.5*A**(-16)
60 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FFOUT(S1, S2, N1, N2,FDAT, PRB)
FDAT = (S1/N1)/(S2/N2)
PRB= FISH(FDAT,N1,N2)
PRB = (1.0 - PRB)*100.
IF(PRB - 0.1) 1,2,2
1 PRB = 0.1
2 RETURN
END
FUNCTION FISH(F,N1,N2)
LOGICAL E1,E2,E3
IF(N1.GE.100.AND.N2.GE.100) GOTO 9

```

```

C-----FISH
C  INITIALIZATION AND SETTING OF LOGICAL SWITCHES TO .TRUE. IF FISH
C  THE DEGREES OF FREEDOM ARE EVEN FISH
C-----FISH
E1=.FALSE. FISH
E2=.FALSE. FISH
E3=.FALSE. FISH
IF(MOD(N1,2).EQ.0) E1=.TRUE. FISH
IF(MOD(N2,2).EQ.0) E2=.TRUE. FISH
X=N2/(N2+N1*F) FISH
IF(.NOT.(E1.OR.E2)) GO TO 5 FISH
IF(E1.AND..NOT.E2) GO TO 1 FISH
IF(.NOT.E1.AND.E2) GO TO 2 FISH
IF(N1.LE.N2) GO TO 1 FISH
C-----FISH
C  INITIALIZATION FOR SECOND DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN AND LESS THAN FISH
C  FIRST DEGREE OF FREEDOM IF IT TOO IS EVEN FISH
C-----FISH
2 I=N1 FISH
N1=N2 FISH
N2=I FISH
X=1.0-X FISH
E3=.TRUE. FISH
C-----FISH
C  INITIALIZATION FOR FIRST DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN AND LESS THAN FISH
C  SECOND DEGREE OF FREEDOM IF IT IS EVEN FISH
C-----FISH
1 Y=1.0-X FISH
C-----FISH
C  CALCULATION OF PROBABILITY FOR AT LEAST ONE DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN FISH
C-----FISH
FISH=0.0 FISH
H=SQRT(X**N2) FISH
M=N1/2-1 FISH
MCDC = M + 1 FISH
DO 3 ICDC=1,MCDC FISH
I = ICDC - 1 FISH
FISH=FISH+H FISH
3 H=(H*Y*(N2+2.*I))/(2.*(I+1.)) FISH
IF(E3) GO TO 4 FISH
C-----FISH
C  ADJUST CALCULATED PROBABILITY IF ITS ONES COMPLEMENT WAS FISH
C  CALCULATED ORIGINALLY FISH
C-----FISH
FISH=1.0-FISH FISH
RETURN FISH
4 I=N1 FISH
N1=N2 FISH
N2=I FISH
RETURN FISH
C-----FISH
C  CALCULATION OF THE PROBABILITY FOR BOTH DEGREES OF FREEDOM ODD FISH
C-----FISH
5 Y=1.0-X FISH
H=.63661977*SQRT(X*Y) FISH
FISH=.63661977*ACOS(SQRT(X)) FISH
IF(N2.EQ.1) GO TO 8 FISH
M=N2-2 FISH
DO 6 I=1,M,2 FISH
FISH=FISH+H FISH

```









```

REAL MNSST
REAL MNSQB,MNSQBE
REAL MNSQT, MNSGE
DIMENSION INIT(37)
EQUIVALENCE (INIT(1),SUMSQX)
COMMON / AOV2NE / IDEN,NAMEI,NAMEB,IWT,SUMSQX,TAU,MNSQT,FRATIO,
2 IERR,ERROR,MNSQE,SST,MNSST,FSST,INT,TIN,TINT,
3 FINT,ITHI,WITH,WIT,NSUM,SUMSQY,SUMSQT,BETA,
4 MNSQB,FRATB,ERRORB,MNSQBE,SSB,MNSSB,FSSB,RIN,
5 BINT,FINB,PERAT,PFSSST,PFINT,PERATR,PFSSB,PFINB
DO 4 I=1,37
4 INIT(I)=0
1008 FORMAT(////10X, A8, @ --- WEIGHTS@/(1X,6620.7))
GO TO (210,220,240),IWT
210 WT=1./FLOAT(ITOT)
C
C EQUAL WEIGHTS
C
DO 211 I=1,ITOT
211 W(I)=WT
WT=1./FLOAT(JTOT)
DO 212 J=1,JTOT
212 V(J)=WT
GO TO 240
C
C PROPORTIONAL WEIGHTS
C
220 SSS=0.
DO 222 I=1,ITOT
WT=0.
DO 221 J=1,JTOT
221 WT=WT+N(I,J)
W(I)=1./WT
222 SSS=SSS+W(I)
SSS=1./SSS
DO 225 I=1,ITOT
225 W(I)=W(I)*SSS
SSS=0.
DO 224 J=1,JTOT
WT=0.
DO 223 I=1,ITOT
223 WT=WT+N(I,J)
V(J)=1./WT
224 SSS=SSS+V(J)
SSS=1./SSS
DO 226 J=1,JTOT
226 V(J)=V(J)*SSS
GO TO 240
240 WRITE(6,1008) NAMEI,(W(I),I=1,ITOT)
WRITE(6,1008) NAMEB,(V(J),J=1,JTOT)
250 NSUM=0
SUMIJ=0.
SUMSQY = 0.0
C
C FORM SUM OF SQUARES AND SUM OF N
C AND SUM OF N AND OF Y OVER I
C
DO 1 J = 1, JTOT
NSUMI(J) = 0
SUMYI(J) = 0.0
C

```



```

3005 FORMAT(1X,10I12)
3006 FORMAT(@0CELL NUMBERS@)
C
C      CALCULATE WITHIN SUMS OF SQUARES
C
      WITHT=0.
      DO 12 I=1,ITOT
      DO 12 J=1,JTOT
      K=N(I,J)
      DO 12 IK=1,K
12  WITHT=WITHT + (Y(I,J,IK)-SUMYIJ(I,J))**2
      IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 15
      IF(WITHT.GT.0.) GO TO 112
      WRITE(6,113) WITHT
113  FORMAT(@0 ***** WITHIN CELL ERROR IS @,G15.6,@ ... PROCESSING ABOK
      2TED ***** @)
      IWT=-1
      RETURN
112  WIT=WITHT/FLOAT(ITHT)
C
C      FORM THE MATRIX A AND AUGMENT IT TO ASTAR, A NONSINGULAR
C      MATRIX IN THE FOLLOWING MANNER
C
C      ASTAR =
C
C      A(ITOT X ITOT)      1 (ITOT X 1)
C      1-(1 X ITOT)      0 (1 X 1)
C
15  DO 3 IR = 1, ITOT
      DO 3 IS = 1, ITOT
      A(IR, IS) = 0.0
      DO 5 J = 1, JTOT
5   A(IR,IS) = A(IR,IS) + FLOAT(N(IR,J)*N(IS,J)) / FLOAT(NSUMI(J))
      A(IR, IS) = -A(IR, IS)
      IF(IR.EQ.IS) A(IR,IS)=FLOAT(NSUMJ(IR))+A(IR,IS)
3   CONTINUE
C
C
      DO 7 I = 1, ITOT
      A(ITOTP1, I) = 1.0
      A(I, ITOTP1) = 1.0
C
C      FINISH CALCULATION OF Q
      Q(I) = SUMYJ(I) - Q(I)
      X1(I,1)=Q(I)
7   CONTINUE
C
C      STORE 0 IN A(NTOTP1, NTOTP1)
C
      A(ITOTP1, ITOTP1) = 0.0
C
C      CALL MATRIX INVERSION SUBROUTINE ON A
C
      CALL MATINV(A, ITOTP1, X1, 0, DET,MAXT1)
C
C      CALCULATE TAU
C
      DO 8 I = 1, ITOT
      TAUHAT(I) = 0.0
      DO 8 J = 1, ITOT
8   TAUHAT(I) = TAUHAT(I) + A(I, J)*Q(J)

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ORIGINAL PAGE IS  
OF POOR QUALITY

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C          TAU = 0.0
          DO 9 I = 1, ITOT
          9 TAU = TAU + TAUHAT(I)* Q(I)
C
C          CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO MU AND BETA, UNADJUSTED
C
          SUMSQX = 0.0
          DO 10 J = 1, JTOT
10        SUMSQX = SUMSQX + SUMYI(J) * SUMYI(J) /FLOAT(NSUMI(J))
C
C          AND MEAN SQUARE DUE TO TAU
          MNSQT = TAU/FLOAT(ITOT1)
C
C          CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO ERROR
          ERROR = SUMSQY - SUMSQX - TAU
          IF(ERROR.GT.0) GO TO 100
          WRITE(6,101) ERROR
101        FORMAT(@D ***** ERROR SUM OF SQUARES IS @,G15.6,@ ... PROCESSING @
          2BORTED ***** @)
          IwT=-2
          RETURN
100        MNSQE=ERROR/FLOAT(IERR)
C
C          FROM WHICH AN F-RATIO WITH
C          (ITOT -1) AND (NSUM - JTOT -ITOT + 1)
C          DEGREES OF FREEDOM
C
          FRATIO = MNSQT / MNSQE
          PFRAT = FISH(FRATIO,ITOT1,IERR)
          WRITE(6,2009)IDEN
          WRITE (6, 2002)
          WRITE(6,2004) NAMEB,JTOT,SUMSQX
          WRITE(6,2005) NAMEI,ITOT1,TAU,MNSQT,FRATIO,PFRAT
          WRITE (6, 2006) IERR, ERROR, MNSQE
          SSS=0.
          SST=0.
          WT=0.
          DO 14 I=1,ITOT
          SSR=0.
          WW(I)=0.
          DO 13 J=1,JTOT
          SSR=SSR + V(J)*SUMYIJ(I,J)
13        WW(I)=WW(I) + V(J)*V(J)/FLOAT(N(I,J))
          WW(I)=1./WW(I)
          WT=WT + WW(I)
          SSS=SSS + WW(I)*SSR
          SST=SST + WW(I)*SSR*SSR
14        THAT(I)=SSR-SUMIJ
          SST=SST - SSS*SSS/WT
          MNSST=SST/FLOAT(ITOT1)
          IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 16
          FSST=MNSST/WIT
          PFSST = FISH(FSST,ITOT1,ITHT)
16        WRITE(6,2014) NAMEI,ITOT1,SST,MNSST,FSST,PFSST
          TIN=ERROR-WITHT
          TINT=TIN/FLOAT(INT)
          IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 17
          FINT=TINT/WIT
          PFINT = FISH(FINT,INT,ITHT)

```

	17	WRITE(6,2012) INT,TIN,TINT,FINT,PFINT	ANOV
		WRITE(6,2013) ITHT,WITHT,WIT	ANOV
		WRITE(6,2003) NSUM, SUMSQY	ANOV
		WRITE(6,2016) NAMET,(TAUHAT(I),I=1,ITOT)	ANOV
		WRITE(6,2011) NAMET,(THAT(I),I=1,ITOT)	ANOV
		WRITE(6,2010) NAMET,DET	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		CALCULATE AOV TABLE FOR ADJUSTED BETA EFFECTS	ANOV
C			ANOV
		DO 53 IR= 1, JTOT	ANOV
		DO 53 IS = 1, JTOT	ANOV
		B(IR,IS) = 0.	ANOV
		DO 55 J= 1, ITOT	ANOV
	55	B(IR,IS) = B(IR,IS) + FLOAT(N(J,IR)*N(J,IS)) / FLOAT(NSUMJ(J))	ANOV
		B(IR,IS) = -B(IR,IS)	ANOV
		IF(IR.EQ.IS) B(IR,IS) = FLOAT(NSUMI(IR)) + B(IR,IS)	ANOV
	53	CONTINUE	ANOV
		DO 52 J= 1, JTOT	ANOV
		P(J) = 0.	ANOV
		DO 52 I = 1, ITOT	ANOV
		P(J) = P(J) + FLOAT(N(I,J)) * SUMYJ(I)/FLOAT(NSUMJ(I))	ANOV
	52	CONTINUE	ANOV
		DO 57 J=1, JTOT	ANOV
		B(JTTP1,J) = 1.	ANOV
		B(J, JTTP1) = 1.	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		FINISH CALCULATION OF P	ANOV
		P(J) = SUMYI(J) - P(J)	ANOV
		X1(J,1)=P(J)	ANOV
	57	CONTINUE	ANOV
		B(JTTP1, JTTP1) = 0.	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		CALL MATRIX INVERSION SUBROUTINE ON B	ANOV
C			ANOV
		CALL MATINV(B, JTTP1, X1, 0, DET, MAXB1)	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		CALCULATE BETA	ANOV
C			ANOV
		DO 58 I = 1, JTOT	ANOV
		BETHAT(I) = 0.	ANOV
		DO 58 J = 1, JTOT	ANOV
	58	BETHAT(I) = BETHAT(I) + B(I,J)*P(J)	ANOV
C			ANOV
		BETA = 0.	ANOV
		DO 59 J = 1, JTOT	ANOV
	59	BETA = BETA + BETHAT(J)*P(J)	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO MU AND TAU, UNADJUSTED	ANOV
C			ANOV
		SUMSQT = 0.	ANOV
		DO 60 I = 1, ITOT	ANOV
	60	SUMSQT = SUMSQT + SUMYJ(I) * SUMYJ(I) / FLOAT(NSUMJ(I))	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		CALCULATE SUM OF SQUARES DUE TO ERROR	ANOV
		ERRORB = SUMSQY - SUMSQT - BETA	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		AND MEAN SQUARE DUE TO BETA	ANOV
		MNSQB = BETA/FLOAT(JTTP1)	ANOV
C			ANOV
C		AND DUE TO ERROR	ANOV

```

IF(ERRORB.GT.0.) GO TO 160
WRITE(6,101) ERRORB
IWT=-3
RETURN
160 MNSQBE=ERRORB/FLOAT(IFRR)
C
C      AND F-RATIO
FRATE = MNSQB / MNSQBE
PFRATE = FISH(FRATB, JTOT1, IERR)
WRITE(6,2009) IDEN
WRITE(6,2002)
WRITE(6,2004) NAME1, ITOT, SUMSQ1
WRITE(6,2005) NAMEB, JTOT1, BETA, MNSQB, FRATB, PFRATE
WRITE(6,2006) IERR, ERRORB, MNSQBE
WT=0.
SSB=0.
SSS=0.
DO 64 J=1, JTOT
SSF=0.
VV(J)=0.
DO 63 I=1, ITOT
SSR=SSR + SUMYIJ(I, J)*W(I)
63 VV(J)=VV(J) + W(I)*W(I)/FLOAT(N(I, J))
VV(J)=1./VV(J)
WT=WT + VV(J)
SSS=SSS + VV(J)*SSR
SSB=SSB + VV(J)*SSR*SSR
64 BHAT(J)=SSR-SUMIJ
SSB=SSB-SSS*SSS/WT
MNSSB=SSB/FLOAT(JTOT1)
IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 66
FSSB=MNSSB/WIT
PFSSB = FISH(FSSB, JTOT1, ITHT)
66 WRITE(6,2014) NAMEB, JTOT1, SSB, MNSSB, FSSB, PFSSB
BIN=ERRORB-WITHT
BINT=BIN/FLOAT(INT)
IF(ITHT.LE.0) GO TO 65
FINB=BINT/WIT
PFINE = FISH(FINB, INT, ITHT)
65 WRITE(6,2012) INT, BIN, BINT, FINB, PFINE
WRITE(6,2013) ITHT, WITHT, WIT
WRITE(6,2003) NSUM, SUMSQY
WRITE(6,2016) NAMEB, (BETHAT(J), J=1, JTOT)
WRITE(6,2011) NAMEB, (BHAT(J), J=1, JTOT)
WRITE(6,2010) NAMEB, DET
RETURN
2002 FORMAT(@0@, 40X, @UNBALANCED TWO-WAY ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE@///
21H , 18X, 2HSV, 19X, 2HDF, 19X, 2HSS, 19X, 2HMS, 20X, 1HF,
317X, @PROB F@)
2003 FORMAT (1H0, 10X, 5HTOTAL, 20X, 15, 15X, 615.7)
2004 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @MU, @, A8, 13X, 15, 15X, 615.7/11X, @ (UNADJUSTED) @)
2005 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, A8, @ (ADJ.) @, 10X, 15, 15X, 3(615.7, 5X), 615.7
2 /11X, @ASSUME ADDITIVE@)
2006 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @ERROR@, 20X, 15, 15X, 2(615.7, 5X)/11X, @ADDITIVE@)
2009 FORMAT(1H1 ////////////// 30X, 8A10)
2010 FORMAT (////////, 1X, A8, @ EFFECT MATRIX DETERMINANT = @, 615.7)
2011 FURMAT(////////10X, @ESTIMATES OF @, A8, @ EFFECTS@/(1X, 6620.7))
2012 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @INTERACTION@, 14X, 15, 15X, 3(615.7, 5X), 615.7)
2013 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, @WITHIN CELL ERROR@, 8X, 15, 15X, 2(615.7, 5X))
2014 FORMAT(1H0, 10X, A8, @ (ADJ.) @, 11X, 15, 15X, 3(615.7, 5X), 615.7

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2	/11X,@(WEIGHTED)@)	ANOV
2016	FORMAT(///10X,@ESTIMATES OF @, A8,@ EFFECTS ASSUMING NO INTERAC	ANOV
	210N@/(1X,6G20.7))	ANOV
	END	ANOV
	SUBROUTINE MATINV(A,N,B,M,DETERM,MAX)	MA
	DIMENSION IPIVOT(21), A(MAX, 10), B(10, 1), INDEX(21, 2),	MATV
2	PIVOT(21)	MATV
	EQUIVALENCE (IROW,JROW), (ICOLUM,JCOLUM), (AMAX, I, SWAP)	MATV
C	INITIALIZATION	MATV
10	DETERM=1.0	MATV
15	DO 20 J=1,N	MATV
20	IPIVOT(J)=0	MATV
30	DO 550 I=1,N	MATV
C	SEARCH FOR PIVOT ELEMENT	MATV
40	AMAX=0.0	MATV
45	DO 105 J=1,N	MATV
50	IF (IPIVOT(J)-1) 60, 105, 60	MATV
60	DO 100 K=1,N	MATV
70	IF (IPIVOT(K)-1) 80, 100, 740	MATV
80	IF (ABS(AMAX)-ABS(A(J,K))) 85,100,100	MATV
85	IROW=J	MATV
90	ICOLUM=K	MATV
95	AMAX=A(J,K)	MATV
100	CONTINUE	MATV
105	CONTINUE	MATV
110	IPIVOT(ICOLUM)=IPIVOT(ICOLUM)+1	MATV
C	INTERCHANGE ROWS TO PUT PIVOT ELEMENT ON DIAGONAL	MATV
130	IF (IROW-ICOLUM) 140, 260, 140	MATV
140	DETERM=-DETERM	MATV
150	DO 200 L=1,N	MATV
160	SWAP=A(IROW,L)	MA
170	A(IROW,L)=A(ICOLUM,L)	MATV
200	A(ICOLUM,L)=SWAP	MATV
205	IF(N) 260, 260, 210	MATV
210	DO 250 L=1, M	MATV
220	SWAP=B(IROW,L)	MATV
230	B(IROW,L)=B(ICOLUM,L)	MATV
250	B(ICOLUM,L)=SWAP	MATV
260	INDEX(I,1)=IROW	MATV
270	INDEX(I,2)=ICOLUM	MATV
310	PIVOT(I)=A(ICOLUM,ICOLUM)	MATV
320	DETERM=DETERM*PIVOT(I)	MATV
C	DIVIDE PIVOT ROW BY PIVOT ELEMENT	MATV
330	A(ICOLUM,ICOLUM)=1.0	MATV
340	DO 350 L=1,N	MATV
350	A(ICOLUM,L)=A(ICOLUM,L)/PIVOT(I)	MATV
355	IF(M) 380, 380, 360	MATV
360	DO 370 L=1,M	MATV
370	B(ICOLUM,L)=B(ICOLUM,L)/PIVOT(I)	MATV
C	REDUCE NON-PIVOT ROWS	MATV
380	DO 550 L1=1,N	MATV
390	IF(L1-ICOLUM) 400, 550, 400	MATV
400	T=A(L1,ICOLUM)	MATV
420	A(L1,ICOLUM)=0.0	MATV
430	DO 450 L=1,N	MATV
450	A(L1,L)=A(L1,L)-A(ICOLUM,L)*T	MATV
455	IF(M) 550, 550, 460	MA
460	DO 500 L=1,M	MATV
500	B(L1,L)=B(L1,L)-B(ICOLUM,L)*T	MATV
550	CONTINUE	MATV



C	INTERCHANGE COLUMNS	
600	DO 710 I=1,N	MATV
610	L=N+1-I	MATV
620	IF (INDEX(L,1)-INDEX(L,2)) 630, 710, 630	MATV
630	JROW = INDEX(L,1)	MATV
640	JCOLUM=INDEX(L,2)	MATV
650	DO 705 K=1,N	MATV
660	SWAP=A(K,JROW)	MATV
670	A(K,JROW)=A(K,JCOLUM)	MATV
700	A(K,JCOLUM)=SWAP	MATV
705	CONTINUE	MATV
710	CONTINUE	MATV
740	RETURN	MATV
	END	MATV
	FUNCTION TWOAVT(EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)	FUNCTS
	COMMON DUM(357),Y(729),A(4,4),B(4,4)	FUNCTS
	TWAVT=SQRT(EMS*JSUB*FISHIN(ALPHA,JSUB,N2)*(A(II,II)-2.*A(II,IS)	FUNCTS
2	+A(IS,IS)))	FUNCTS
	RETURN	FUNCTS
	END	FUNCTS
	FUNCTION TWOAVB(EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)	FUNCTS
	COMMON DUM(357),Y(729),A(4,4),B(4,4)	FUNCTS
	TWAVB=SQRT(EMS*JSUB*FISHIN(ALPHA,JSUB,N2)*(B(II,II)-2.*B(II,IS)	FUNCTS
2	+B(IS,IS)))	FUNCTS
	RETURN	FUNCTS
	END	FUNCTS
	FUNCTION TWOWT (EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)	FUNCTS
	DIMENSION W(1)	FUNCTS
	TWOWT=SQRT(EMS*JSUB*FISHIN(ALPHA,JSUB,N2)*(1./W(II) + 1./W(IS)))	FUNCTS
	RETURN	FUNCTS
	END	FUNCTS
	SUBROUTINE SCHEFE(K,TMEANS,EMS,N2,ALPHA,KOE,W,FDUM)	SCHEFE
		SCHEFE
	SCHEFFE'S CONTRASTS FOR SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES IN MEANS	SCHEFE
		SCHEFE
	K=NUMBER OF MEANS TO BE TESTED TMEANS=VECTOR OF MEANS TO BE TESTED	SCHEFE
C	EMS=ERROR MEAN SQUARE (DENOMINATOR OF F TEST)	SCHEFE
C	N2 =ERROR DEGREES OF FREEDOM	SCHEFE
C	FDUM IS A DUMMY EXTERNALLY DEFINED FUNCTION TO CALCULATE CONTRAST	SCHEFE
C	FOR STANDARD OUTPUT (K.LE.10) ALL MEANS HAVING THE SAME LINE UNDER THE	SCHEFE
C	STATISTACALLY THE SAME.	SCHEFE
	DIMENSION TMEANS(K),PRINT(20),KOE(1),W(1)	SCHEFE
	DATA BLANK /6H /,XLINE / 6HXXXXXX /	SCHEFE
	ISAVE2=0	SCHEFE
C	RANK MEANS FROM LOW TO HIGH	SCHEFE
	CALL ORDERM(TMEANS,K,KOE)	SCHEFE
	WRITE(6,51) (KOE(I),I=1,K)	SCHEFE
51	FORMAT(@ @,10(6X,12,4Y))	SCHEFE
	WRITE(6,53)(TMEANS(I),I=1,K)	SCHEFE
53	FORMAT(1X ,10G12.6)	SCHEFE
C	DO COMPARISONS	SCHEFE
	ISTOP=K	SCHEFE
25	ISM1=ISTOP-1	SCHEFE
	DO 24 I=1,20	SCHEFE
24	PRINT(I)=BLANK	SCHEFE
	DO 30 I=1,ISM1	SCHEFE
	ISAVE=I	SCHEFE
	JSUB=ISM1-I+1	SCHEFE
29	IF (ISAVE2.EQ.I )GO TO 31	SCHEFE
	RANGE = TMEANS(ISTOP)-TMEANS(I)	SCHEFE

```

      II=KOE(I)
      IS=KOE(ISTOP)
      S=FDUM(EMS,JSUB,N2,ALPHA,W,II,IS)
      IF(RANGE-S) 34,34,30
30  CONTINUE
31  ISTOP=ISTOP-1
      IF(ISTOP.EQ.1)GO TO 99
      GO TO 25
34  IF(K.LE.10)GO TO 35
      WRITE(6,33)ALPHA,(TMEANS(KKK),KKK=ISAVE,ISTOP)
33  FORMAT( @0 THE FOLLOWING MEANS ARE STATISTICALLY THE SAME AT THE @
2    ,F5.3,@ ALPHA LEVEL@,/, (10G12.6))
      GO TO 38
35  DO 37 I=ISAVE,ISTOP
      II=2*I
      PRINT(II-1) = XLINE
37  PRINT(II) = XLINE
      WRITE(6,52)(PRINT(KK),KK=1,20)
38  IF(1SAVE.EQ.1)GO TO 99
      1SAVE2=1SAVE
      GO TO 31
99  RETURN
52  FORMAT(@ @,20A6)
      END
      SUBROUTINE ORDERM(X,N,KOE)
      DIMENSION X(N) ,KOE(N)
      NN=N
      K1=2
      DO 80 I=1,NN
80  KOE(I)=I
      4  DO 99 I=K1,NN
          IF(X(I).LT.X(I-1)) GOTO 76
99  CONTINUE
      RETURN
76  DO 82 K= 1,NN
      IF(X(I).LT.X(K)) GO TO 84
82  CONTINUE
84  Z=X(I)
      KK=KOE(I)
      I1=I-1
      DO 86KJ=K,I1
      J=K+I1-KJ
      KOE(J+1)=KOE(J)
86  X(J+1)=X(J)
      X(K)=Z
      KOE(K)=KK
      K1=I+1
      IF(K1.GT.NN) RETURN
      GOTO 4
      END
      FUNCTION FISHIN(ALPHA,N1,N2)
C-----FISHIN
C CALCULATES THE INVERSE @F@ VALUE GIVEN THE CONFIDENCE COEFFICIENT
C ALPHA AND THE DEGREES OF FREEDOM(N).
C-----FISHIN
      Y1=N1
      Y2=N2
C-----FISHIN
C ADJUST FOR DEGREES OF FREEDOM EQUAL TO 1
C-----FISHIN

```

```

IF(N1.EQ.1) Y1=2 FISHIN
IF(N2.EQ.1) Y2=2 FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C CALL PHINV TO GET INVERSE NORMAL VALUE OF 1.-ALPHA FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
X=PHINV(1.-ALPHA) FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C COMPUTE LAMDA VALUE FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
Y=(X**2-3.)/6. FISHIN
IC=0 FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C COMPUTE THE INITIAL APPROXIMATION TO THE INVERSE  $\alpha$ F $\alpha$  FUNCTION FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
Y1=1./(Y1-1.) FISHIN
Y2=1./(Y2-1.) FISHIN
H=2./(Y1+Y2) FISHIN
X=X*SQRT(H+Y)/H-(Y1-Y2)*(Y+5./6.-2./(3.*H)) FISHIN
X=EXP(2.*X) FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C COMPUTE THE CONSTANT TO THE  $\alpha$ F $\alpha$  DISTRIBUTION, TESTING FOR N1 AND/OR N2 FISHIN
C ODD OR EVEN. FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
G=1. FISHIN
IB1=2 FISHIN
IF(MOD(N1,2).EQ.0) GO TO 1 FISHIN
G=1.7724539 FISHIN
IB1=1 FISHIN
1 IB2=2 FISHIN
IF(MOD(N2,2).EQ.0) GO TO 2 FISHIN
G=G*1.7724539 FISHIN
IB2=1 FISHIN
2 IB3=2 FISHIN
IF(MOD(N1+N2,2).EQ.0) GO TO 3 FISHIN
G=G/1.7724539 FISHIN
IB3=1 FISHIN
3 IF((IB1+IB2).NE.2) G=2.*G FISHIN
IF((N1+N2).LE.3) GO TO 5 FISHIN
ND=N1+N2-2-IB3 FISHIN
ND1 = ND + 1 FISHIN
DO 4 II=1,ND1,2 FISHIN
I = II - 1 FISHIN
IF((IB1+I).LE.(N1-2)) G=G*(IB1+I) FISHIN
IF((IB2+I).LE.(N2-2)) G=G*(IB2+I) FISHIN
4 G=G/(IB3+I) FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C COMPUTE THE VALUE OF FISHIN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
5 Y2=N2/(N2+N1*X) FISHIN
Y1=1.-Y2 FISHIN
Y=1.+(G*(1.-ALPHA-FISH(X,N1,N2)))/SQRT(Y1**N1*Y2**N2) FISHIN
FISHIN=X*Y FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C IF FISHIN IS NEGATIVE, RESET FISHIN TO .5*LAST APPROXIMATION(X). FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
IF(Y.LT.0.) FISHIN=.5*X FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C IF THE ABSOLUTE VALUE OF THE DIFFERENCE IS LESS THAN .5E-6, RETURN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
IF(ABS(X/FISHIN-1.).LT.(.5E-6)) GO TO 7 FISHIN

```

```

C-----FISHIN
C IF THE RELATIVE VALUE OF THE DIFFERENCE IS LESS THAN .5E-6, RETURN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
      IF(ABS(X-FISHIN).LT.(.5E-6)) GO TO 7 FISHIN
      IC=IC+1 FISHIN
      IF(IC.GT.100) RETURN FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
C SET THE APPROXIMATION EQUAL TO FISHIN AND CONTINUE TO ITERATE. FISHIN
C-----FISHIN
      X=FISHIN FISHIN
      GO TO 5 FISHIN
7 RETURN FISHIN
      END FISHIN
      FUNCTION PHINV( P ) FISHIN
      IF(P .EQ. 1.0)GO TO 98 FISHIN
      IF(P .EQ. 0.0)GO TO 97 FISHIN
      IF(P .GT. 1.0)GO TO 88 FISHIN
      IF(P .LT. 0.0)GO TO 88 FISHIN
      K = 1 FISHIN
      IF(P .GT. 0.5)GO TO 47 FISHIN
8 T3=SQRT(-2.0*ALOG(P)) FISHIN
      T4P=2.515517+.802853*T3+.010328*T3*T3 FISHIN
      T5P=1.0+1.432788*T3+.189269*T3*T3+.001308*T3*T3*T3 FISHIN
      XT=T3-T4P/T5P FISHIN
      XT=-XT FISHIN
13 DO 53 I=1,100 FISHIN
      PHP = EXP(-0.5*XT*XT) FISHIN
      PT = PHI (XT) FISHIN
      IF(ABS(P-PT) .LT. P*4.0E-8)GO TO 99 FISHIN
      Z = (P-PT)*2.50662827 / PHP FISHIN
      XT = XT + Z FISHIN
53 CONTINUE FISHIN
      GO TO 99 FISHIN
47 P = 1.0 - P FISHIN
      K = 2 FISHIN
      GO TO 8 FISHIN
99 GO TO (26,27),K FISHIN
26 PHINV = XT FISHIN
      RETURN FISHIN
27 PHINV = -XT FISHIN
      P = 1.0 - P FISHIN
      RETURN FISHIN
98 PHINV = 1.0E+38 FISHIN
      RETURN FISHIN
97 PHINV = -1.0E+38 FISHIN
      RETURN FISHIN
88 WRITE(6,10) P FISHIN
10 FORMAT(1H0,5X,29HARGUMENT NOT A PROBABILITY = ,5X,E14.7 ) FISHIN
      RETURN FISHIN
      END FISHIN

```

D.7 Control cards and modification deck  
for modifying retrieval program to  
perform analysis of covariance

```

NASARET,CM20000,T1000.          NEWTON
ACCOUNT,AN12318.,
RFL,70000.
GET,RTREVE.
GET(ANACSRC)
MODIFY,F,P=RTREVE,LO=CET.
FTN,I,L=0,PL=50000,T.
ATTACH,FTNIMSL/UN=LB12345.
GET,FTNPLT/UN=AN12005.
GET,RA1.
GET,RA2.
GET,RA3.
GET,RA4.
RFL,110000.
MODE(1)
LOAD,LGO,FTNIMSL,FTNPLT.
EXECUTE.
PACK,ZZZZEF.
COPYSHF,ZZZZEF,OUTPUT.
EXIT.
PACK,ZZZZEF.
COPYSBF,ZZZZEF,OUTPUT.
-
*CREATE ANACSRC
*IDENT APR24
*DECK STAT
*D 75
      IVV(1)=IVV(2)=IVV(3)=0
*D 108
      IF(IFIRST-NLAST)162,163,166
      163 PRINT 401
      401 FORMAT(* SINGLE VALUE NOT ANALYZED*)
*DECK MESIG
*D 6
      IF(NFIRST-NLAST) 10,10,90
*IDENT SETWRK
*DECK KRUSWAL
*D 1
      SUBROUTINE KRUSWAL(XIN,ID1,ID2IN,N,NCLN,JOP,K,NU,NC,IP2)
*D 22
      DIMENSION XIN(1),ID1(1),ID2IN(1),NU(6),NC(6),XY(120),ID2(120)
*I 28
C      MOVE INCOMING ARRAYS TO WORK ARRAYS
      DO 10 I=1,N
      XY(I)=XIN(I)
      ID2(1)=ID2IN(1)
      10 CONTINUE
*IDENT FIX
*DECK RETD
*D 1
      PROGRAM RETD(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE6=OUTPUT)
*DECK STAT
*MODNAME DEC10
*D 8,19
*D 23
*D 25
*D 26
      IF(CASE.EQ.2) GO TO 998
*MODNAME STAT
*I 190

```

```

      IF(ICASE.EQ.4) 710,711
710  IF(NNN(2).EQ.1) GO TO 712
      GO TO 713
712  NNN1=NNN(1)+1
      NSLTM1=J-1
      DO 179 I=NNN1,NSLTM1
179  X(I)=X(I+1)
713  NNN(2)=NNN(3)
      NNN(3)=0
711  CONTINUE
*I  219
      P(3)=0
*D  222,223
      PRINT 3600,IP2(1),FVAL,PREVAL
3600  FORMAT(1H0,A8,F8.3,23H IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE ,F5.1,
*D  230
      PRINT 3600,IP2(2),FVAL,PREVAL
*D  235
      PRINT 3600,IP2(3),FVAL,PREVAL
*D  262
      L=NNN(1)+NNN(2)+J
*I  265
      NP=NNN(1)+NNN(3)
      NNN(2)=NNN(3)
*I  267
      993 CONTINUE
*IDENT FIX2
*DECK STAT
      155
      NN=NN-NNN(2)
*I  165
      NN=NN-NNN(3)
*D  247
      CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,NT,NNN,LK,LK)
*D  252
      IPI=2
      CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,2,NNN,LK,IPI)
*D  257
      IPI=3
      CALL KRUSWAL(X(IST),ID1(IST),ID2(IST),NP,0,1,2,NNN(2),LK,IPI)
*D  267
      IPI=3
      IF(ICASE.EQ.4) IPI=2
      CALL KRUSWAL(X,ID1,ID2,NP,0,1,2,NNN,LK,IPI)
*DECK -KRUSWAL
*D  113
      CALL TWOSPL(R1,ID2,N,NU,NC,IP2)
*DECK TWOSPL
*D  1
      SUBROUTINE TWOSPL(R1,ID2,N,NU,NC,IP2)
*D  8
      IF(ID2(I).EQ.IP2) GO TO 26
*IDENT XREDUC
      DECK RETD
      MODNAME REDUCE
*D  1
      COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D  2
      COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*DECK RET

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```

*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*D 3
IF(IH.LE.151) GO TO 10
*D 4
IF(NSMP.LE.150) GO TO 35
*DECK SETCR1
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*DECK RETRVE
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*D 3
IF(HT.GT.150) GO TO 110
*DECK STAT
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*DECK UTEST
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*DECK STPLOT
*MODNAME REDUCE
*D 1
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
*D 2
COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
*IDENT ANAC1
*DECK STAT
*I 6
COMMON CHEM(200),TIME(200),NOB(3),TREAT(6),SL(6),SS(12),XPSC(12)
2 *F(12),PROBF(12),XM(6),YM(6),NDFC(12),SXX(6),SYY(6),SAT(6)
COMMON ZCH(2,60),WORK(2,60)
DIMENSION C(28)
*D 186,187
GO TO 321
*I 188
321 XOUT(J)=MDATE(I)
*I 190
C SET FLAG FOR ANACOVA
IF(LMAN(1).EQ.1) IANC=1
IF(ICASE.EQ.2.OR.ICASE.EQ.3) GO TO 322
PRINT 605
605 FORMAT(* MISSING INFLIGHT DATA - NO ANACOVA POSSIBLE*)
IANC=0
GO TO 716
C PICK INFLIGHT DATA ONLY INTO CHEM AND TIME
C X IS CHANGED HERE AND LATER
322 IF(LMAN(1).EQ.1) LOBS=0
I=NUM(1)+1

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      J=NNN(1)+NNN(2)
      DO 714 K=1,J
      LOBS=LOBS+1
      CHEM(LOBS)=X(K)
      TIME(LOBS)=XOUT(K)
714 CONTINUE
      NOB(LMAN(1))=NNN(2)
716 CONTINUE
*MODNAME FIX
*I 20
      IF(LMAN(1).LT.3.OR.IANC.NE.1) GO TO 999
      PRINT 1000,JOB(3)
      PRINT 604,LSTUDY(1),KSTUDY,IWORD,LTEST(1),KTEST,LTYPE(1)
604 FORMAT(7H0STUDY ,I2,2X,A8,2X,A10,2X,5HTEST ,I3,2X,A8,2X,5HTYPE ,
2I3,* INFLIGHT DATA FOR ANACOVA*)
      PRINT 602
      K=0
      DO 715 L=1,3
      J=K+1
      K=K+NOB(L)
      PRINT 602
602 FORMAT(1H )
      M=0
      DO 717 I=J,K
      M=M+1
717 PRINT 601,M,CHEM(I),TIME(I)
715 CONTINUE
601 FORMAT(I4,F12.4,F5.0)
      NT=3
      IOPT=2
      CALL ANACOVA(CHEM,TIME,LOBS,NT,NOB,TREAT,SL,SS,XM,SC,F,PROBF,
2 IOPT,XM,YM,SXX,SY,SXY,NDFC)
      IF(IOPT.LT.0) PRINT 603
603 FORMAT(@ ANACOVA ERROR*****@)
      J=1
      K=0
      DO 719 LAS=1,3
      K=K+NOB(LAS)
      L=0
      DO 718 I=J,K
      L=L+1
      ZCH(2,L)=0.
      ZCH(1,L)=CHEM(I)-(YM(LAS)+SL(LAS)*(TIME(I)-XM(LAS)))
      CHEM(I)=ZCH(1,L)
      WORK(1,L)=0.
      WORK(2,L)=0.
718 CONTINUE
      CALL LAGCOR(NOB(LAS),CHEM(J),NOB(LAS),CHEM(J),C,1,28)
      PRINT 610,LAS
610 FORMAT(*0 MAN*,I3,* LAG CORRELATIONS*/*0SEQ C-VALUE*)
      PRINT 611,(I,C(I),I=1,28)
611 FORMAT(I6,G15.6)
      N=NOB(LAS)
      CALL FOURG(ZCH,N,-1,WORK)
      DO 723 I=1,N
      WORK(1,I)=ZCH(1,I)**2+ZCH(2,I)**2
723 WORK(2,I)=ATAN2(ZCH(2,I),ZCH(1,I))
      PRINT 602
      PRINT 607
607 FORMAT(1H0,T16,*FAST FOURIER TRANSFORMS*/* SEQ OMEGA*,

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1      6X,@REAL      IMAGINARY      R**2+I**2      ARCTAN(I/R)@)
DO 720 M=1,N
QNM=FLOAT(N)/FLOAT(M-1)
IF(M.EQ.1) QNM=0.
PRINT 606,M,QNM,ZCH(1,M),ZCH(2,M),WORK(1,M),WORK(2,M)
720 CONTINUE
606 FORMAT(1X,I3,F6.2,4G15.6)
      J=K+1
719 CONTINUE

```

```

-
JOB   DATE   400
STUDYEACH   3
DATE RANGE 189 209
DATE RANGE 220 265
TYPE EACH   1
TEST RANGE 406 409
END
EOF
-
-

```

D.8 Analysis of covariance program as contained  
in file ANACSRC

NASA,CM50000, L NEWTON  
 ACCOUNT,AN12318.  
 COPY(INPUT,ANACSRC)  
 REPLACE(ANACSRC)

-  
 ANACOVA

```

SUBROUTINE ANACOVA(Y,X,L,NT,NOB,TREAT,SL,SS,XMS,F,PROBF,IOPT,
Z
XM,YM,SXX,SYX,SXY,NDF)
DIMENSION Y(2),X(2),NOB(2),YM(2),XM(2),SL(2),SS(2),XMS(2),F(2),
2
PROBF(2),SXX(2),SYX(2),SXY(2),TREAT(2),NDF(2)
SS(1)=0
SS(9)=0
NTT=NT+1
NT2=NT+2
NT3=NT+3
SS(12)=0
L=0
DO 9 I=1,NT3
SXX(I)=0
SYX(I)=0
SYX(I)=0
XM(I)=0
YM(I)=0
9 CONTINUE
DO 20 I=1,NT
IF(NOB(I).EQ.0) GO TO 99
NO=NOB(I)
DO 10 J=1,NO
L=L+1
XM(I)=XM(I)+X(L)
YM(I)=YM(I)+Y(L)
SXX(I)=SXX(I)+X(L)*X(L)
SYX(I)=SYX(I)+Y(L)*Y(L)
10 SXY(I)=SXY(I)+X(L)*Y(L)
YM(NTT)=YM(NTT)+YM(I)
XM(NTT)=XM(NTT)+XM(I)
SXX(NTT)=SXX(NTT)+SXX(I)
SXY(NTT)=SXY(NTT)+SXY(I)
SYX(NTT)=SYX(NTT)+SYX(I)
SS(12)=SS(12)+SYX(I)
XM(I)=XM(I)/NO
YM(I)=YM(I)/NO
SXX(I)= SXX(I)-NO*XM(I)**2
SYX(I)=(SYX(I)-NO*YM(I)**2)/(NO-1.)
SXY(I)= SXY(I)-NO*XM(I)*YM(I)
SL(I)=SXY(I)/SXX(I)
TREAT(I)= YM(I)-SL(I)*XM(I)
SS(1)=SS(1)+NO*YM(I)*YM(I)
SS(9)=SS(9)+SXX(I)*SL(I)**2
SXY(NT3)=SXY(NT3)+NO*XM(I)*YM(I)
SXX(NT3)=SXX(NT3)+NO*XM(I)**2
SXX(NT2)=SXX(NT2)+SXX(I)
SXY(NT2)=SXY(NT2)+SXY(I)
SXX(I)=SXX(I)/(NO-1.)
SXY(I)=SXY(I)/(NO-1.)
20 CONTINUE
YM(NTT)=YM(NTT)/L
XM(NTT)=XM(NTT)/L
SXX(NTT)=(SXX(NTT)-L*XM(NTT)*XM(NTT))/(L-1.)
SXY(NTT)=(SXY(NTT)-L*XM(NTT)*YM(NTT))/(L-1.)

```

```

SSU=L*YM(NTT)*YM(NTT)
SYY(NTT)=(SYY(NTT)-SSU)/(L-1.)
SL(NTT)=SXY(NTT)/SXX(NTT)
SS(NTT)=SS(12)
SL(NT2)=SXY(NT2)/SXX(NT2)
SS(6)=SXX(NT2)*SL(NT2)**2
SXX(NT2)=SXX(NT2)/(L-NT)
SXY(NT2)=SXY(NT2)/(L-NT)
SS(8)=SS(9)-SS(6)
SXX(NT3)= (SXX(NT3) - L*XM(NTT)**2) / (NT-1.)
SXY(NT3)= (SXY(NT3) - L*XM(NTT)*YM(NTT)) / (NT-1.)
IF(SXX(NT3).GT.0) GO TO 50
SL(NT3)=1.0E28
TREAT(NT3)=YM(NTT)
SS(4)=0.
SS(3)=0.
GO TO 51
50 CONTINUE
SL(NT3)= SXY(NT3)/SXX(NT3)
SS(4)= (NT-1.)*SXX(NT3)*SL(NT3)**2
SS(3)= (SL(NTT)-SL(NT3))**2/(1./(SXX(NT3)*(NT-1.))
      2      + 1./(SXX(NT2)*(L-NT)))
TREAT(NT3)=YM(NTT)-SL(NT3)*XM(NTT)
51 CONTINUE
SS(1)=SS(1)-SSU
SS(5)= SS(1)-SS(4)
SS(2)= (L-1.)*SXX(NTT)*SL(NTT)**2
SS(10)=SSU+SS(1)+SS(9)
SS(7) =SSU+SS(1)+SS(6)
TREAT(NTT)=YM(NTT)-SL(NTT)*XM(NTT)
SS(11)=SS(12)-SS(10)
TREAT(NT2)=0
NDF(1)=NT-1
NDF(2)= 1
NDF(3)= 1
NDF(4)= 1
NDF(5)= NT-2
NDF(6)= 1
NDF(7)= NT+1
NDF(8)= NT-1
NDF(9)= NT
NDF(10)=2*NT
NDF(12)=L
NDF(11)=L-NDF(10)
DO 55 K=1,11
IF(NDF(K).GT.0) GO TO 54
XMS(K)=0
GO TO 55
54 XMS(K)=SS(K)/NDF(K)
55 CONTINUE
DO 60 K=1,10
F(K)=XMS(K)/XMS(11)
IF(F(K).GT.0.) GO TO 59
PROBF(K)=0.
GO TO 60
59 PROBF(K)=FISH(F(K),NDF(K),NDF(7))
60 CONTINUE
IF(IOPT.LT.1) GO TO 999
WRITE(6,150)
WRITE(6,1)

```

```

1 FORMAT(@0 TREAT@,T10,@NUM@,T18,@INDEPENDENT@,T34,@INDEPENDENT@,
2 T50,@DEPENDENT@,T67,@DEPENDENT@,T83,@COVARIANCE@,
3 T99,@INTERCEPT@,T118,@SLOPE@/2X,@MENT@,T10,@BER@,
4 T20,@MEAN@,T35,@VARIANCE@,T51,@MEAN@,T67,@VARIANCE@//)
DO 70 I=1,NT
WRITE(6,2) I,NOB(I),XM(I),SXX(I),YM(I),SYY(I),SXY(I),TREAT(I),
2 SL(I)
70 CONTINUE
2 FORMAT(2X,I5,1X,I5.7(4X,G13.6))
WRITE(6,4) SXX(NT2),SXY(NT2),SL(NT2)
4 FORMAT(1X,124(1H-)/2X,@1SLOPE@,26X,G13.6,38X,G13.6,21X,G13.6)
WRITE(6,5) SXX(NT3),SXY(NT3),SL(NT3)
5 FORMAT(/2X,@SLOPE @,26X,G13.6,38X,G13.6,21X,G13.6/2X,@UF MEANS@)
WRITE(6,3) L ,XM(NTT),SXX(NTT),YM(NTT),SYY(NTT),SXY(NTT),
Z TREAT(NTT),SL(NTT)
3 FORMAT(/2X,@TOTAL@,1X,I5.7(4X,G13.6))
WRITE(6,150)
IF(IOPT.EQ.3) GO TO 80
WRITE(6,100) SSU,(NDF(I),SS(I),XMS(I),F(I),PROBF(I),I=1, 5)
100 FORMAT(//,15X,93(1H-),/,47X,@ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE TABLE@,/,15X
193(1H-),/,15X,@SOURCE OF@,9X,@DEGREES OF@,5X,@SUM OF@,10X,@MEAN@
212X,@F-@,14X,@PROB@,/,15X,@VARIATION@,9X,@FREEDOM@,8X,@SQUARES@,
39X,@SQUARE@,10X,@RATIO@,11X,@F@,/,15X,93(1H-),/,15X,@MEAN@,19X,
* @1@,8X,G13.6,/,15X,@TREATMENTS@,4X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X),/,15X,
493(1H-),/,
A 15X,@1 POPULATION @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
B ,/,15X,@1 POP.- SLOPE@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
C ,/,15X,@ OF MEANS @,/,15X ,
* 93(1H-),/,15X,@SLOPE OF MEANS@,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
D ,/,15X,@DIFF MEAN SL.@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
E ,/,15X,@AND PAR. SL.@
F )
WRITE(6,102) (NDF(I),SS(I),XMS(I),F(I),PROBF(I),I=6,10),
2 NDF(11),SS(11),XMS(11),NDF(12),SS(12)
102 FORMAT(
F ,/,15X,@PARALLEL LINE@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
G ,/,15X,@ SLOPE @,/, 15X,
H 93(1H-),/,15X,@PARALLEL LINE@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
I ,/,15X,@ MODEL @,/, 15X,
J 93(1H-),/,15X,@NON- @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
K ,/,15X,@ PARALLELISM@,
L ,/,15X,@INDIVIDUAL @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
M ,/,15X,@ SLOPES @,/, 15X,
N 93(1H-),/,15X,@REGRESSION @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
O ,/,15X,@ MODEL @
P ,/,15X,@ERROR @,1X,I10,8X,2(G13.6,3X),/,
* 15X,
Q 93(1H-),/,15X,@TOTAL @,1X,I10,8X, G13.6,/,
* 15X,
R 93(1H-))
WRITE(6,150)
IF(IOPT.EQ.1) RETURN
80 NDF(7)=NDF(7)-1
NDF(10)=NDF(10)-1
NDF(12)=NDF(12)-1
SS(7)=SS(7)-SSU
SS(10)=SS(10)-SSU
SS(12)=SS(12)-SSU
XMS(7)=XMS(7)/NDF(7)
XMS(10)=XMS(10)/NDF(10)

```

```

F(7)=XMS(7)/XMS(11)
F(10)=XMS(10)/XMS(11)
PROBF(7)=FISH(F(7),NDF(7),NDF(11))
PROBF(10)=FISH(F(10),NDF(10),NDF(11))
WRITE(6,101)      (NDF(I),SS(I),XMS(I),F(I),PROBF(I),I=1, 5)
101 FORMAT(//,15X,93(1H-),/,38X,@ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE TABLE (MEAN DI
AFFERENCE)@,/,15X,
193(1H-),/,15X,@SOURCE OF@,9X,@DEGREES OF@,5X,@SUM OF@,10X,@MEAN@,
212X,@F-@,14X,@PROB@,/,15X,@VARIATION@,9X,@FREEDOM@,8X,@SQUARES@,
39X,@SQUARE@,10X,@RATIO@,11X,@F@,/,15X,93(1H-),/,
*      15X,@TREATMENTS@,4X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X),/,15X,
493(1H-),/,
A      15X,@1 POPULATION @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
B      ,/,15X,@1 POP.- SLOPE@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
C      ,/,15X,@      OF MEANS @,/, 15X,
* 93(1H-),/,15X,@SLOPE OF MEANS@,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
D      ,/,15X,@DIFF MEAN SL.@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
E      ,/,15X,@AND PAR. SL.@
F      )
WRITE(6,102)      (NDF(I),SS(I),XMS(I),F(I),PROBF(I),I=6,10),
2      NDF(11),SS(11),XMS(11),NDF(12),SS(12)
WRITE(6,150)
150 FORMAT(1H1)
999 RETURN
99 IOPT=-1
RETURN
END

```

FOURG

```

SUBROUTINE FOURG (DATA,N,ISIGN,WORK) FFG
C COOLEY-TUKEY FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM IN USASI BASIC FORTRAN. FFG
C ONE-DIMENSIONAL TRANSFORM OF COMPLEX DATA, ARBITRARY NUMBER OF FFG
C POINTS. N POINTS CAN BE TRANSFORMED IN TIME PROPORTIONAL TO FFG
C N*LOG(N) (FOR N NON-PRIME), WHEREAS OTHER METHODS TAKE N**2 TIME. FFG
C FURTHERMORE, BECAUSE FEWER ARITHMETIC OPERATIONS ARE PERFORMED, FFG
C LESS ERROR IS BUILT UP. THE TRANSFORM DONE IS-- FFG
C DIMENSION DATA(N),TRANSFORM(N),WORK(N) FFG
C COMPLEX DATA,TRANSFORM,WORK FFG
C TRANSFORM(K) = SUM(DATA(J)*EXP(ISIGN*2*PI*I*(J-1)*(K-1)/N)), FFG
C SUMMED FROM J = 1 TO N FOR ALL K FROM 1 TO N. THE TRANSFORM FFG
C VALUES ARE RETURNED TO DATA, REPLACING THE INPUT. N MAY BE ANY FFG
C POSITIVE NUMBER, BUT IT SHOULD BE NON-PRIME FOR SPEED. ISIGN = FFG
C +1 OR -1. A -1 TRANSFORM FOLLOWED BY A +1 ONE (OR VICE VERSA) FFG
C RETURNS N TIMES THE ORIGINAL DATA. WORK IS A ONE-DIMENSIONAL FFG
C COMPLEX ARRAY OF LENGTH N USED FOR WORKING STORAGE. FFG
C RUNNING TIME IS PROPORTIONAL TO N * (SUM OF THE PRIME FACTORS OF FFG
C N). FOR EXAMPLE, N = 1960, TIME IS TO * 1960 * (2+2+2+5+7+7). FFG
C NAIVE METHODS DIRECTLY IMPLEMENTING THE SUMMATION RUN IN TIME FFG
C PROPORTIONAL TO N**2. AN UPPER BOUND FOR THE RMS RELATIVE ERROR FFG
C IS 3 * 2**(-B) * SUM(F**1.5), WHERE B IS THE NUMBER OF BITS IN FFG
C THE FLOATING POINT FRACTION AND THE SUM IS OVER THE PRIME FFG
C FACTORS OF N. WRITTEN BY NORMAN BRENNER, MIT LINCOLN LABORATORY, FFG
C AUGUST 1968. SEE--IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON AUDIO AND ELECTROACOUSTICS FFG
C (JUNE 1967), SPECIAL ISSUE ON THE FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM. FFG
C DIMENSION DATA(1), WORK(1), IFACT(32) FFG
C TWOPI=6.283185307*FLOAT(ISIGN) FFG
C FACTOR N INTO ITS PRIME FACTORS, NFACT IN NUMBER. FOR EXAMPLE, FFG
C FOR N = 1960, NFACT = 6 AND IFACT(IF) = 2, 2, 2, 5, 7 AND 7. FFG
C IF=0 FFG
C NPART=N FFG

```

	DO 50 ID=1,N,2	FFG	32
	IDIV=ID	FFG	33
	IF (ID-1) 10,10,20	FFG	34
10	IDIV=2	FFG	35
20	IQUOT=NPART/IDIV	FFG	36
	IF (NPART-IDIV*IQUOT) 40,30,40	FFG	37
30	IF=IF+1	FFG	38
	IFACT(IF)=IDIV	FFG	39
	NPART=IQUOT	FFG	40
	GO TO 20	FFG	41
40	IF (IQUOT-IDIV) 60,60,50	FFG	42
50	CONTINUE	FFG	43
60	IF (NPART-1) 80,80,70	FFG	44
70	IF=IF+1	FFG	45
	IFACT(IF)=NPART	FFG	46
80	NFACT=IF	FFG	47
C	SHUFFLE THE DATA ARRAY BY REVERSING THE DIGITS OF THE INDEX.	FFG	48
C	REPLACE DATA(I) BY DATA(IREV) FOR ALL I FROM 1 TO N. IREV-1 IS	FFG	49
C	THE INTEGER WHOSE DIGIT REPRESENTATION IN THE MULTI-RADIX	FFG	50
C	NOTATION OF FACTORS IFACT(IF) IS THE REVERSE OF THE REPRESENTATION	FFG	51
C	OF I-1. FOR EXAMPLE, IF ALL IFACT(IF) = 2, THEN FOR I-1 = 11001,	FFG	52
C	IREV-1 = 10011. A WORK ARRAY OF LENGTH N IS NEEDED.	FFG	53
	IP0=2	FFG	54
	IP3=IP0*N	FFG	55
	IWORK=1	FFG	56
	I3REV=1	FFG	57
	DO 110 I3=1,IP3,IP0	FFG	58
	WORK(IWORK)=DATA(I3REV)	FFG	59
	WORK(IWORK+1)=DATA(I3REV+1)	FFG	60
	IP2=IP3	FFG	61
	DO 100 IF=1,NFACT	FFG	62
	IP1=IP2/IFACT(IF)	FFG	63
	I3REV=I3REV+IP1	FFG	64
	IF (I3REV-IP2) 110,110,90	FFG	65
90	I3REV=I3REV-IP2	FFG	66
100	IP2=IP1	FFG	67
110	IWORK=IWORK+IP0	FFG	68
	IWORK=1	FFG	69
	DO 120 I3=1,IP3,IP0	FFG	70
	DATA(I3)=WORK(IWORK)	FFG	71
	DATA(I3+1)=WORK(IWORK+1)	FFG	72
120	IWORK=IWORK+IP0	FFG	73
C	PHASE-SHIFTED FOURIER TRANSFORM OF LENGTH IFACT(IF).	FFG	74
C	IPROD=IP1/IP0	FFG	75
C	IREM=N/(IFACT(IF)*IPROD)	FFG	76
C	DIMENSION DATA(IPROD,IFACT(IF),IREM),WORK(IFACT(IF))	FFG	77
C	COMPLEX DATA,WORK	FFG	78
C	DATA(I1,J2,I3) = SUM(DATA(I1,I2,I3) * W**((I2-1))). SUMMED OVER	FFG	79
C	I2 = 1 TO IFACT(IF) FOR ALL I1 FROM 1 TO IPROD, J2 FROM 1 TO	FFG	80
C	IFACT(IF) AND I3 FROM 1 TO IREM.	FFG	81
C	W = EXP(ISIGN*2*PI*I*(I1-1+IPROD*(J2-1))/(IPROD*IFACT(IF))).	FFG	82
	IF=0	FFG	83
	IP1=IP0	FFG	84
130	IF (IP1-IP3) 140,240,240	FFG	85
140	IF=IF+1	FFG	86
	IFCUR=IFACT(IF)	FFG	87
	IP2=IP1*IFCUR	FFG	88
	THETA=TWOPI/FLOAT(IFCUR)	FFG	89
	SINTH=SIN(THETA/2.)	FFG	90
	ROOTR=-2.*SINTH*SINTH	FFG	91



C	COS(THETA)-1, FOR ACCURACY	FFG 92
	ROOTI=SIN(THETA)	FFG 93
	THETA=TWOPI/FLOAT(IP2/IP0)	FFG 94
	SINTH=SIN(THETA/2.)	FFG 95
	WSTPR=-2.*SINTH*SINTH	FFG 96
	WSTPI=SIN(THETA)	FFG 97
	WMINR=1.	FFG 98
	WMINI=0.	FFG 99
	DO 230 I1=1,IP1,IP0	FFG 100
	IF (IFCUR-2) 150,150,170	FFG 101
150	DO 160 I3=I1,IP3,IP2	FFG 102
	J0=I3	FFG 103
	J1=I3+IP1	FFG 104
	TEMPR=WMINR*DATA(J1)-WMINI*DATA(J1+1)	FFG 105
	TEMPI=WMINR*DATA(J1+1)+WMINI*DATA(J1)	FFG 106
	DATA(J1)=DATA(J0)-TEMPR	FFG 107
	DATA(J1+1)=DATA(J0+1)-TEMPI	FFG 108
	DATA(J0)=DATA(J0)+TEMPR	FFG 109
160	DATA(J0+1)=DATA(J0+1)+TEMPI	FFG 110
	GO TO 220	FFG 111
170	IWMAX=IP0*IFCUR	FFG 112
	DO 210 I3=I1,IP3,IP2	FFG 113
	I2MAX=I3+IP2-IP1	FFG 114
	WR=WMINR	FFG 115
	WI=WMINI	FFG 116
	DO 200 IWORK=1,IWMAX,IP0	FFG 117
	I2=I2MAX	FFG 118
	SUMR=DATA(I2)	FFG 119
	SUMI=DATA(I2+1)	FFG 120
180	I2=I2-IP1	FFG 121
	TEMPR=SUMR	FFG 122
	SUMR=WR*SUMR-WI*SUMI+DATA(I2)	FFG 123
	SUMI=WR*SUMI+WI*TEMPR+DATA(I2+1)	FFG 124
	IF (I2-I3) 190,190,180	FFG 125
190	WORK(IWORK)=SUMR	FFG 126
	WORK(IWORK+1)=SUMI	FFG 127
	TEMPR=WR	FFG 128
	WR=WR*ROOTR-WI*ROOTI+WR	FFG 129
200	WI=TEMPR*ROOTI+WI*ROOTR+WI	FFG 130
	IWORK=1	FFG 131
	DO 210 I2=I3,I2MAX,IP1	FFG 132
	DATA(I2)=WORK(IWORK)	FFG 133
	DATA(I2+1)=WORK(IWORK+1)	FFG 134
210	IWORK=IWORK+IP0	FFG 135
220	TEMPR=WMINR	FFG 136
	WMINR=WMINR*WSTPR-WMINI*WSTPI+WMINR	FFG 137
230	WMINI=TEMPR*WSTPI+WMINI*WSTPR+WMINI	FFG 138
	IP1=IP2	FFG 139
	GO TO 130	FFG 140
240	RETURN	FFG 141
	END	FFG 142

LAGCOR

SUBROUTINE LAGCOR(LA,A,LB,B,C,LSTART,LSTOP)

C THIS ROUTINE CALCULATES A SAMPLE CROSS-CORRELATION OF THE RECORD  
C A OVER THE RECORD B WITH LAGS BETWEEN LSTART AND LSTOP AND  
C STORES THE RESULT IN C  
C \*\*\*\* CAUTION \*\*\*\*\* THERE IS NO CHECK FOR A ZERO RECORD  
C

```

DIMENSION A(LA),B(LB),C(LA)
DO 50 J=LSTART,LSTOP
U=0.0
SUMA=0.0
SUMB=0.0
SA=0.0
SB=0.0
IF(LB-(LA-J+1)) 10,10,20
10 N=LB
GO TO 30
20 N=LA-J+1
IF(N.GT.0) GO TO 30
DO 25 I=J,LSTOP
25 C(I)=-2.
RETURN
30 EN=N
DO 40 I=1,N
IJ=I+J-1
SUMA=SUMA+A(IJ)
SUMB=SUMB+B(I)
SA=SA+A(IJ)*A(IJ)
SB=SB+B(I)*B(I)
40 U=U+A(IJ)*B(I)
SUMA=SUMA/EN
SUMB=SUMB/EN
SA=SA-SUMA*SUMA*EN
SB=SB-SUMB*SUMB*EN
50 C(J)=(U-EN*SUMA*SUMB)/SQRT(SA*SB)
RETURN
END

```

```

-
-
-
END-OF-RECORD
END-OF-INFORMATION

```

D.9 Program RETD as modified to perform the  
basic analysis plus and analysis of  
covariance





	CALL NUMBER (XA, YA, H(NLAB+3), STAT, THETA, NLEU)	AXIS
	STAT = S AT + SIGN(ADY, DY)	AXIS
C	XA = X <sub>1</sub> + CTH	AXIS
	XA = X <sub>1</sub> + CTN	AXIS
C	YA = YA + STH	AXIS
	YA = YA + STN	AXIS
	IF (I - N2) 25, 31, 26	AXIS
26	IF (I - N1) 25, 60, 60	AXIS
31	TNC = NAC + 7	AXIS
C	XC = X + (SIZE / 2.0 - .06 * TNC) * CTH - (-.07 + SIG * .36) * STH	AXIS
	XC = X + (SIZE / 2.0 - H(NLAB+4) * TNC) * CTH	AXIS
	1- (-H(NLAB+4) + SIG * (H(NLAB) + H(NLAB+3))) * STH	AXIS
C	YC = Y + (SIZE / 2.0 - .06 * TNC) * STH + (-.07 + SIG * .36) * CTH	AXIS
	YC = Y + (SIZE / 2.0 - H(NLAB+4) * TNC) * STH	AXIS
	1+ (-H(NLAB+4) + SIG * (H(NLAB) + H(NLAB+3))) * CTH	AXIS
C	CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, 0.14, BCD, THETA, NAC)	AXIS
	CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, H(NLAB+2), BCD, THETA, NAC)	AXIS
	XC = XC + ((TNC - 6.0) * 0.12) * CTH	AXIS
	YC = YC + ((TNC - 6.0) * 0.12) * STH	AXIS
	IF (EXP) 35, 50, 35	AXIS
C	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, 0.14, @ (X10 ) @ , THETA, 7)	AXIS
C	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, H(NLAB+2), @ (X10 ) @ , THETA, 7)	AXIS
	35 CALL SYMBOL (XC, YC, H(NLAB+2), 7H(X10 ) , THETA, 7)	AXIS
C	XC = XC + .48 * CTH - .07 * STH	AXIS
	XC = XC + .38 * CTH - H(NLAB+4) * STH	DEC1
C	YC = YC + .48 * STH + .07 * CTH	AXIS
	YC = YC + .38 * STH + H(NLAB+4) * CTH	DEC1
C	40 CALL NUMBER (XC, YC, 0.10, EXP, THETA, -1)	AXIS
	40 CALL NUMBER (XC, YC, H(NLAB+3), EXP, THETA, -1)	AXIS
	50 GO TO 25	AXIS
60	FNTIC = NTIC	AXIS
	NT = N * NTIC	AXIS
	TN = .NT	AXIS
	CTH = CTN / FNTIC	AXIS
	STH = STN / FNTIC	AXIS
	XB = X + TN * CTH	AXIS
	YB = Y + TN * STH	AXIS
	XDELTA = - H(6 - NTIC) * SIG * STH	AXIS
	YDELTA = H(6 - NTIC) * SIG * CTH	AXIS
	XA = XB + XDELTA + XDELTA	AXIS
C	XA = XB - 0.1 * SIG * STH	AXIS
	YA = YB + YDELTA + YDELTA	AXIS
C	YA = YB + 0.1 * SIG * CTH	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XA, YA, 3)	AXIS
	XA = XA - XDELTA	AXIS
	YA = YA - YDELTA	AXIS
C	DO 20 I = 1, N	AXIS
	DO 20 I = 1, N	AXIS
	DO 20 II = 1, NTIC	AXIS
	IF (II, LT, NTIC) GO TO 45	AXIS
	XX = XDELTA	AXIS
	YY = YDELTA	AXIS
	GO TO 46	AXIS
45	XX = 0.	AXIS
	YY = 0.	AXIS
46	CONTINUE	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XB, YB, 2)	AXIS
	XC = XB - CTH	AXIS
	YC = YB - STH	AXIS
	CALL PLOT (XC, YC, 2)	AXIS



```

DX=10.0**(DX-XMAX)
XMAX = 1.0
41 IF (DX-1.0) 40,20,11
40 DX = DX * 10.0
   IDX = IDX - 1
   GO TO 41
11 XMAX=2.0
   IF(DX-2.0) 20,20,12
12 XMAX = 4.0
   IF (DX-4.0) 20,20,13
13 XMAX=5.0
   IF(DX-5.0) 20,20,14
14 XMAX=8.0
   IF (DX-8.0) 20,20,15
15 XMAX=10.0
20 X(J) = XMAX * 10.0 ** IDX
   IF(IT) 49,49,39
39 CONTINUE
   IMAX = XMAX + 0.00001
   IXMN = X(L) * 10.0 ** (-IDX)
   IMOD = IXMN/IMAX*IMAX
   X(L) = IMOD
   X(L) = X(L) * 10.0 ** IDX
   GO TO 59
49 CONTINUE
   X(L) = 0.0
59 CONTINUE
   RETURN
   END
   SUBROUTINE RET
C
C MSC ENDOCRINE DATA RETREIVAL PROGRAM
C FIRST LOOK STATISTICS PROGRAM.
C
COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPL0T,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP
C COMMON /INDEX/INDX(124),INDX1(124),INDX2(248),INDX3(124)
COMMON /HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),
C LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA
COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEY,KYE,
COMMON /SISBUF/ JBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEY,KYE,
+ MFUNC,IFILE,IERR
COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)
DIMENSION IBUF(14)
EQUIVALENCE(IBUF,T)
EXTERNAL ERROR
C
C RA1=SAMPLE DIRECTORY *** RA2=URINE FILE *** RA3=BLOOD FILE
C *** RA4=DAILY FILE ***
C
C
C PLACE KEYED FILES IN UPDATE MODE EXCLUDING @RA1@ WHICH IS
C TO BE USED AS A SEQUENTIAL SEARCH FILE
C ASSIGNED TO FORTRAN UNIT NO. 1
C
IF(IFFF) 31,201,140
C 31 CALL RANDOM(4,@RA2@,125,5,7,100 ,100 ,ICODE,LOC)
31 CONTINUE
CALL FILEIS(FITRA1,3LLFN,3LRA1,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5
+ ,3LMRL, 350,3LMNR, 350,3LWSA, T)

```



```

CALL STOREF(FITRA1,3LERL,20) RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA1,2LEX, ERROR) RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA1,3LI-0) RET
CALL REWMD(FITRA1) RET
CALL FILEIS(FITRA2,3LIFN,3LRA2,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5 RET
+ ,3LMRL,1250,3LMNR,1250,3LWSA, T) RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,3LERL,0) RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA2,2LEX, ERROR) RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA2,5LINPUT) RET
CALL REWMD(FITRA2) RET
CALL FILEIS(FITRA3,3LIFN,3LRA3,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5 RET
+ ,3LMRL, 350,3LMNR, 350,3LWSA, T) RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,3LERL,0) RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA3,2LEX, ERROR) RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA3,5LINPUT) RET
CALL REWMD(FITRA3) RET
CALL FILEIS(FITRA4,3LIFN,3LRA4,2LKA,KEY,2LKL,10,2LKT,1LI,2LRB,5 RET
+ ,3LMRL, 300,3LMNR, 300,3LWSA,T) RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,3LERL,0) RET
CALL STOREF(FITRA4,2LEX, ERROR) RET
CALL OPENM(FITRA4,5LINPUT) RET
CALL REWMD(FITRA4) RET
IFFF = 0 RET

C RET
C INITIALIZE COUNTER FLAGS FOR THE FIRST PASS OF RET
C ANY GIVEN RETREIVAL RET
C RET
C 201 ISFLG = 1 RET
IDFLG = 1 RET
IMFLG = 1 RET
ITPFLG = 1 RET
ITTFLG = 1 RET
IFFF = 1 RET

C RET
C READ ONE DATA CARD RET
C RET
C 1 READ 200,(ISAV(I),I=1,16) RET
200 FORMAT(A4,1X,A4,1X,14I5) RET

C RET
C DETERMINE CARD TYPE AND COUNTER SEQUENCE RET
C RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HJOB ) GO TO 19 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HSTUD.AND.ISFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 5 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HSTUD.AND.ISFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 45 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HDATE.AND.IDFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 6 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HDATE.AND.IDFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 46 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HMAN .AND.IMFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 7 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HMAN .AND.IMFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 47 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTYPE.AND.ITPFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 8 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTYPE.AND.ITPFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 48 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTEST.AND.ITTFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 9 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HTEST.AND.ITTFLG.EQ.0) GO TO 49 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HEND ) GO TO 40 RET
IF(ISAV(1).EQ.4HEOF ) GO TO 99 RET

)C RET
C BUILD RETREIVAL CRITERIA ARRAYS RET
C RET
C 5 JSTALL=0 RET
IS = 0 RET
ISFLG = 0 RET

```

	45 CALL SETCRI(LSTUDY,IS,JSTALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LSTUDY(I),I=1,5),IS,JSTALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	6 JDTALL=0	RET
	ID = 0	RET
	IDFLG = 0	RET
	46 CALL SETCRI(LDATE,ID,JDTALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LDATE(I),I=1,10),ID,JDTALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	7 MANALL=0	RET
	IM = 0	RET
	IMFLG = 0	RET
	47 CALL SETCRI(LMAN,IM,MANALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LMAN(I),I=1,9),IM,MANALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	8 JTPALL=0	RET
	ITP = 0	RET
	ITPFLG = 0	RET
	48 CALL SETCRI(LTYPE,ITP,JTPALL)	RET
C	OUTPUT,(LTYPE(I),I=1,10),ITP,JTPALL	RET
	GO TO 1	RET
	9 JTTALL=0	RET
	ITT = 0	RET
	ITTFLG = 0	RET
	49 CALL SETCRI(LTEST,ITT,JTTALL)	RET
	ITT=1	RET
C	IF(JTTALL.EQ.1) ITT = 124	RET
	LSTART = ISAV(3)	RET
	LSTOP = ISAV(4)	RET
	IF(LSTOP.EQ.0) LSTOP=LSTART	DEC1
	GO TO 1	RET
	19 DO 119 I=1,16	RET
119	JOB(I)=ISAV(I)	RET
	IF(IOPL0T.EQ.0.AND.J0B(3).GE.1000) CALL PLOTS(14HNASA ENDOCRINE,	RET
	1 14)	RET
	IF(JOB(3).GE.1000) IOPL0T = 999	RET
	IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HV0LU)G0T01	DEC10
	JOB(2)=4HDATE	DEC10
	PRINT 601	DEC10
601	FORMAT(* UNKNOWN JOB PARAMETER DATE ASSUMED*)	DEC10
	GO TO 1	RET
C		RET
C	BUILD HIT ARRAY OF SAMPLE NUMBERS	RET
C		RET
	40 CONTINUE	RET
	LT = LSTART - 1	RET
C		RET
C	DO 4321 LT=LSTART,LSTOP	RET
140	IF(IFFF - 2) 145,240,145	RET
145	LT = LT + 1	RET
C		RET
	IF(LT - LSTOP) 150,150,4321	RET
150	LM = 0	RET
	IFFF = 2	RET
C	IF(K0T.EQ.0) CALL SSWTCH(1,KKT)	RET
C	IF(KKT.EQ.1) GO TO 999	RET
	LTEST(1) = LT	RET
C	DO 4321 LM=1,3	RET
240	LM = LM + 1	RET
	IF(LM - 3) 250,250,245	RET

```

245 IFFF = 1                                RET
    GO TO 140                                RET
250 LMAN(1) = LM                             RET
    IH = 1                                    RET
C     REWIND 1                                RET
    CALL REWIND(FITRA1)                       RET
C
C     THE KEYED (RA1) SAMPLE DIRECTORY FILE IS TREATED AS A SEQUENTIAL RET
C     FILE DURING THE SEARCH FOR SAMPLES WHICH SATISFY RET
C     THE INPUT CRITERIA                     RET
C
C 10 BUFFER IN(1,1)(IBUF(1),IBUF(14))        RET
    10 CALL GETN(FITRA1)                       RET
    IF(IFETCH(FITRA1,2LFP).EQ.1006) GO TO 23  RET
    2 IF(JSTALL.EQ.1) GO TO 12                RET
    DO 11 I=1,IS                               RET
    IF(IBUF(2).EQ.LSTUDY(I)) GO TO 12         RET
    11 CONTINUE                                RET
    GO TO 10                                    RET
    12 IF(JDTALL.EQ.1.AND.JOB(2).EQ.4HVGLU) GO TO 44 RET
C
C CHECK FOR SIMULTANEGUS @ALL@ AND DATE @SAVE@ OPTION RET
C
    IF(JDTALL.EQ.1.AND.(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH))GO TO 41RET
    DO 13 I=1,10                               RET
    IF(IBUF(3).EQ.LDATE(I)) GO TO 14         RET
    13 CONTINUE                                RET
    GO TO 10                                    RET
    41 MDSAV = IBUF(3)                          RET
    GO TO 44                                    RET
C
C CHECK FOR DATE SAVE OPTION                 RET
C
    14 IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH) MDSAV=LDATE(I) RET
    44 IF(MANALL.EQ.1) GO TO 16               RET
    DO 15 I=1,IM                               RET
    IF(IBUF(4).EQ.LMAN(I)) GO TO 16         RET
    15 CONTINUE                                RET
    GO TO 10                                    RET
    16 IF(JTPALL.EQ.1) GO TO 18               RET
    DO 17 I=1,IIP                             RET
    IF(IBUF(5).EQ.LTYPE(I)) GO TO 18       RET
    17 CONTINUE                                RET
    GO TO 10                                    RET
C
C CHECK FOR MASTER SAMPLE NUMBER            RET
C
    18 IF(IBUF(14).EQ.0) GO TO 21             RET
    MIH = IH-1                                 RET
    DO 20 I=1,MIH                             RET
    IF(LHIT(I).EQ.IBUF(14)) GO TO 10       RET
    20 CONTINUE                                RET
    LHIT(IH)=IBUF(14)                         RET
C     PRINT 220,(LHIT(I),I=1,10)             RET
C 220 FORMAT(5X,5HLHIT2,5X,10I10)           RET
    GO TO 22                                    RET
    21 LHIT(IH)=IBUF(1)                       RET
C     PRINT 221,(LHIT(I),I=1,10)             RET
C 221 FORMAT(5X,5HLHIT1,5X,10I10)           RET

```

```

C
C IF DATE SAVE OPTION WAS SPECIFIED FILL DATE ARRAY CORRESPONDING
C TO SAMPLE NUMBER HIT ARRAY
C
C 22 IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HDATE.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH) MDATE(IH)=MDSAV
C
C IF TOTAL VOLUME SAVE OPTION WAS SPECIFIED FILL VOLUME ARRAY
C CORRESPONDING TO SAMPLE NUMBER HIT ARRAY
C
C IF(JOB(2).EQ.4HVOLU.OR.JOB(2).EQ.4HBOTH)MTVOL(IH)=IBUF(10)
C IH=IH+1
C IF(IH.LE.151) GO TO 10
23 NSMP = IH - 1
C IF(NSMP.LE.150) GO TO 35
C PRINT 30
30 FORMAT(1H1,17HHIT FILE OVERFLOW )
C STOP 30
C
C 35 CALL RETRVE
C PRINT 300, LSTUDY,LMAN,JOB,LTYPE,NSMP,NDATA
300 FORMAT(1H0,6HLSTUDY,10I10,/,2X,4HLMAN,9I10,/,
C . 1X,4HJOB ,A4,5X,A4,5X,14I6,/,6H LTYPE,20I5,/,
C . 1X,7HNSMP = ,15,10X,8HNDATA = ,15)
C PRINT 301,(LDATE(I),I=1,10)
301 FORMAT(6H LDATE /,(10I10))
C PRINT 302,(LTEST(I),I=1,10)
302 FORMAT(6H LTEST ,(10I10))
C PRINT 306,(MTVOL(I),I=1,NSMP)
306 FORMAT(1H0,5HMTVOL,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 303,(MDATE(I),I=1,NSMP)
303 FORMAT(1H0,5HMDATE,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 304,(LHIT(I),I=1,NSMP)
304 FORMAT(/ ,6H LHIT ,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 305,(XDATA(1),I=1,NDATA)
305 FORMAT(1H0,5HXDATA,/, (8F15.6))
C PRINT 300, LSTUDY,LMAN,JOB,LTYPE,NSMP,NDATA
C 300 FORMAT(1H1,6HLSTUDY,10I10,/,2X,4HLMAN,9I10,/,
C . 4HJOB ,A4,5X,A4,5X,14I6,/,5HLTYPE,20I5,/,
C . 7HNSMP = ,15,10X,8HNDATA = ,15,/)
C PRINT 301,(LDATE(I),I=1,10)
C 301 FORMAT(5HLDATE /,(10I10))
C PRINT 302,(LTEST(I),I=1,10)
C 302 FORMAT(5HLTEST ,(10I10))
C PRINT 306,(MTVOL(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 306 FORMAT(1H1,5HMTVOL,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 303,(MDATE(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 303 FORMAT(1H1,5HMDATE,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 304,(LHIT(I),I=1,NSMP)
C 304 FORMAT(/,5HLHIT ,/, (10I10))
C PRINT 305,(XDATA(1),I=1,NDATA)
C 305 FORMAT(1H1,5HXDATA,/, (8F15.6))
C
C -----
C RETURN
C CALL STAT
4321 CONTINUE
C IFFF = 0
C
C -----

```

C		RET
C	REWIND 1	RET
	CALL REWIND(FITRA1)	RET
	GO TO 201	RET
C		RET
	888 PRINT 8800	RET
	8800 FORMAT(15H FILE 1 REWOUND)	RET
	RETURN	RET
	99 CONTINUE	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA1)	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA2)	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA3)	RET
	CALL CLOSEM(FITRA4)	RET
	IF(IOPLOT) 199,199,999	RET
	999 CALL STOPPLT	RET
	PRINT 900	RET
	900 FORMAT(19HONORMAL END OF JOB.)	RET
	STOP 2000	RET
	199 STOP 1	RET
	END	RET
	SUBROUTINE SETCRI(LBUF,JNDX,LALL)	SETCRI
C	THIS SUBROUTINE STORES INFORMATION FROM ONE DATA CARD INTO THE	SETCRI
C	CORRESPONDING CRITERIA ARRAY	SETCRI
C		SETCRI
C	COMMON /INDEX/INDX(124),INDX1(124),INDX2(248),INDX3(124)	SETCRI
	COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV(16),MTVOL(150)	XREDUC
	COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),	SETCRI
	LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITI,NSMP,NDATA	SETCRI
	COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEY,KYE,	SETCRI
	+ MFUNC,IFILE,IERK	SETCRI
	COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)	SETCRI
	DIMENSION LBUF(1)	SETCRI
	IF(ISAV(2).EQ.4HALL .OR. ISAV(2).EQ.4H ) GO TO 1	SETCRI
	JNDX = JNDX + 1	SETCRI
	LBUF(JNDX)=ISAV(3)	SETCRI
	IF(ISAV(2).EQ.4HEACH) GO TO 3	SETCRI
	INXT=ISAV(3)+1	SETCRI
	2 IF(INXT.GT.ISAV(4)) RETURN	SETCRI
	JNDX = JNDX + 1	SETCRI
	LBUF(JNDX)=INXT	SETCRI
	INXT=INXT+1	SETCRI
	GO TO 2	SETCRI
	3 DO 5 I=4,16	SETCRI
	IF(ISAV(I).EQ.0) RETURN	SETCRI
	JNDX = JNDX + 1	SETCRI
	LBUF(JNDX)=ISAV(I)	SETCRI
	5 CONTINUE	SETCRI
	RETURN	SETCRI
	1 LALL=1	SETCRI
	RETURN	SETCRI
	END	SETCRI
	SUBROUTINE RETRVE	RETRVE
C		RETRVE
C	THIS SUBROUTINE RETREVES THOSE DATA VALUES FROM THE BLOOD OR	RETRVE
C	URINE FILES WHICH SATISFY THE INPUT CRITERIA	RETRVE
C	THE DATA VALUES ARE STORED IN ARRAY XDATA	RETRVE
C		RETRVE
	COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP	XREDUC
C	COMMON /INDEX/INDX(124),INDX1(124),INDX2(248),INDX3(124)	RETRVE
	COMMON /INDEX/INDX(136),INDX3(136)	RETRVE

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COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)
COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATE(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),
      LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA
COMMON /SISBUF/ IBUF(35),IBL(125),IUR(35),IBUFF(30),KEE,KYE,
+      MFUNC,IFILE,IERR
COMMON /FF/ FITRA1(35),FITRA2(35),FITRA3(35),FITRA4(35)
DIMENSION XTEMP(125)
INTEGER KEY(2)
EQUIVALENCE (T,XTEMP)
EQUIVALENCE (KEE,KEY(2))
DATA (INDX(I),I=1,136)/400,401,402,403,404,405,503,406,407,408,409,DEC10
. 410, DEC10
1 411,412,413,414,415,416,417,418,419,420,421,422,423,424,425,426,DEC10
2 427,428,429,430,431,432,433,434,435,436,437,438,439,440,441,442,DEC10
3 443,444,445,446,447,448,449,450,451,452,453,454,455,456,457,458,DEC10
4 459,460,461,462,463,464,465,466,467,468,469,470,471,472,473,474,DEC10
5 475,476,477,478,479,480,481,482,483,484,485,486,487,488,489,490,DEC10
6 491,492,493,494,495,496,497,498,499,500,501,502,300,301,302,303,DEC10
7 304,305,306,307,321,308,309,310,311,312,313,314,315,316,317,318,DEC10
. 319, DEC10
8 320,514,515,516,517,518,519,520,521,522,523/ DEC10
DATA (INDX3(I),I=1,136)/2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17, DEC10
1 18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31,32,33,34,35,36,37,38, DEC10
2 39,40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50,51,52,53,54,55,56,57,58,59, DEC10
3 60,61,62,63,64,65,66,67,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,79,80, DEC10
4 81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,90,91,92,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,100, DEC10
5 101,102,103,104,105,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19, DEC10
6 20,21,22,23,116,117,118,119,120,121,122,123,124,125/ DEC10
DATA ICDT/445B/ RET
M=1 RET
KSAV=0 RETRVE
IERR=0 RETRVE
DO 27 K=1,NSMP RETRVE
DO 27 I=1,ITT RETRVE
C IDENTIFY TEST NUMBER IN INDEX RETRVE
C DO 24 J=1,136 DEC10
C IF(LTEST(I).EQ.INDX(J)), GO TO 25 DEC10
24 CONTINUE DEC10
STOP @INVALID TEST NUMBER@ DEC10
25 IJ=J DEC10
LREC=INDX3(IJ) DEC10
IF(LTEST(I) -400) 41,31,31 RETRVE
31 INDX1 = 1RU RETRVE
GO TO 50 RETRVE
41 INDX1 = 1RB RETRVE
C PICK UP KEY FROM HIT ARRAY OF SAMPLE NUMBERS RETRVE
C 50 KEY(2)=LHIT(K) RETRVE
C DETERMINE IF DATA NEEDED IS FROM CURRENT RECORD RETRVE
C IF(KEY(2).EQ.KSAV) GO TO 26 RET E
C CHECK FOR URINE OR BLOOD FILE RET E
C 29 IF(INDX1(IJ).EQ.1RU) GO TO 28 RETRVE
C 29 IF(INDX1.EQ.1RU) GO TO 28 RETRVE

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C      CALL RANDOM(1,@RA3@,XTEMP,32,KEY,100 ,100 ,ICODE,LOC)          RETRVE
      CALL GET(FITRA3)          RETRVE
      LOC = 3                    RETRVE
      IFILE = 3                 RETRVE
      IF(IERR.NE.0) GO TO 100    RETRVE
      GO TO 26                  RETRVE
C 28  CALL RANDOM(1,@RA2@,XTEMP,125,KEY,100 ,100 ,ICODE,LOC)          RETRVE
      CALL GET(FITRA2)          RETRVE
      LOC = 2                    RETRVE
      IFILE = 2                 RETRVE
      IF(IERR.NE.0) GO TO 100    RETRVE
C
C
C  FETCH WORD NUMBER OF DATA RECORD FROM INDEX, STORE DATA          RETRVE
C  VALUE IN CURRENT XDATA LOCATION AND INCREMENT                     RETRVE
C  XDATA LOCATION COUNTER M                                          RETRVE
C
C
C 26  LREC=INDX3(IJ)          RETRVE
      26  XDATA(M)=XTEMP(LREC)  RETRVE
      30  M=M+1                RETRVE
          IF(M.GT.150) GO TO 110 XREDUC
          KSAV=KEY(2)          RETRVE
      27  CONTINUE            RETRVE
C
C
C  NDATA = NUMBER OF DATA VALUES RETRIEVED                         RETRVE
C
C
      NDATA=M-1                RETRVE
      RETURN                    RETRVE
100  IF(IERR .EQ. ICDT) GO TO 105  RETRVE
      PRINT 101,IERR ,KEY(2)     RETRVE
101  FORMAT(1H ,19HRANDOM ERROR-RETRVE,08,5X,I4)  RETRVE
      STOP 100                  RETRVE
105  PRINT 104,KEY(2)           RETRVE
104  FORMAT(1H ,27HSAMPLE NO. NOT FOUND-RETRVE,5X,I4)  RETRVE
      XDATA(M)=-1.              RETRVE
      IERR=0                    RETRVE
      GO TO 30                  RETRVE
110  PRINT 111                  RETRVE
111  FORMAT(1H1,43HDATA BUFFER FULL BEFORE ALL DATA RETRIEVED )  RETRVE
      STOP 110                  RETRVE
      END                        RETRVE
      SUBROUTINE STAT           STAT
      COMMON XDATA(150),T(200),IOPLOT,IFFF,KOT,KSKIP,LT,LM,LSTOP  XREDUC
      COMMON/HITBLK/LHIT(150),MDATE(150),ISAV (16),MTVOL(150)  XREDUC
      COMMON /HEADER/ LSTUDY(10),IS,LDATL(150),ID,LMAN(9),IM,JOB(16),  STAT
          LTYPE(20),ITP,LTEST(125),ITT,NSMP,NDATA  STAT
      COMMON/RG/ DATESC(3,5),IVV(4), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), NNN(3),SSE(3)  STAT
      COMMON CHEM(200),TIME(200),NOB(3),TREAT(6),SL(6),SS(12),XMSC(12)  ANAC1
      2   ,F(12),PROBF(12),XM(6),YM(6),NDFC(12),SXX(6),SYY(6),SXY(6)  ANAC1
      COMMON ZCH(2,60),WORK(2,60)  ANAC1
      DIMENSION C(28)          ANAC1
      REAL KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, NITS  STAT
      DIMENSION ISIG(2)        STAT
      DIMENSION X(1)           STAT
      DIMENSION LTEXT(120), MTEXT(120), XOUT(120)  STAT
      DIMENSION NDF(3), S(3), P(3), TM(3), WTV(3), XMS(3), IPP(3),IP2(3)  STAT
      DIMENSION ID1(120), ID2(120), LK(3)  STAT
      ]9]

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	EQUIVALENCE(X,XDATA)	STAT
	DATA ID1/120*1/, LK/3*0/	STAT
	DATA IPP/4HPRE , 4HIN , 4HPOST/	STAT
	DATA IP2/8HPRE-IN , 8HIN-POST , 8HPRE-POST/	STAT
C		STAT
C	FILL OUTPUT ARRAY	STAT
C		STAT
	DATA ISTAR/1H*/ , IBLANK/1H / , ISAVE/4HSAVE/	STAT
	DATA IPLUS/1H+/, IMINUS/1H-/, IPPL/2H+/, IMM1/2H--/	STAT
	DATA IDATE/4HDATE/, IVOLU/4HVOLU/, IBOTH/4HBOOTH/	STAT
	NOBS = NDATA	STAT
	1 IF(NOBS - 1) 999.999.2	STAT
	2 LOOP = IIT	STAT
	IDATEF = 0	STAT
	IVOLUF = 0	STAT
	IF(JOB(2).EQ.IDATE) IDATEF = 3	STAT
	IF(JOB(2).EQ.IVOLU) IVOLUF = 3	STAT
	IF(JOB(2).NE.IBOTH) GO TO 3	STAT
	IDATEF = 3	STAT
	IVOLUF = 3	STAT
	3 KKK = NOBS/LOOP	STAT
	CALL TEXT(LSTUDY(1), LTYPE(1), LMAN(1), LTEST(1),	STAT
	X KSTUDY, KTYPE, KMAN, KTEST, NITS)	STAT
	CALL DATE(IWORD)	STAT
	PRINT 1000, JOB(3)	STAT
	1000 FORMAT(1H1,20X,42HNASA MSC ENDOCRINE DATA RETREIVAL PROGRAM.,17/)	STAT
	PRINT 500, LSTUDY(1), KSTUDY, IWORD	STAT
	500 FORMAT(7H0STUDY.,I2,2X, A8,20X,A10)	STAT
	PRINT 600, LTEST(1), KTEST, LMAN(1), KMAN	STAT
	600 FORMAT(6H0TEST.,I3,2X A8 ,20X,4HMAN.,14,2X, A8)	STAT
	PRINT 700, (LTYPE(I), I=1, ITP)	STAT
	700 FORMAT(6H0TYPE.,20I3)	DEC10
	PRINT 800, NITS	DEC10
	800 FORMAT(15H0JULIAN DATE , A8)	STAT
C	DO 150 L=1, LOOP	STAT
	L = 1	STAT
	LOOP = 1	STAT
	DO 210 II=LOOP, NOBS, LOOP	STAT
	I = II + L - LOOP	STAT
	IPLACE = II/LOOP	STAT
	210 XOUT(IPLACE) = XDATA(I)	STAT
C		STAT
C		STAT
C		STAT
	SORT BY DATE	STAT
	NOSLTS = NOBS/LOOP	STAT
	NM1 = NOSLTS - 1	STAT
	DO 230 I=1, NM1	STAT
	IMAX = 9999	STAT
	ISUB = I	STAT
	DO 220 J=I, NOSLTS	STAT
	IF(IMAX-MDATE(J)) 220, 220, 211	STAT
	211 IMAX = MDATE(J)	STAT
	ISUB = J	STAT
	220 CONTINUE	STAT
	ITEMP = MDATE(ISUB)	STAT
	TEMP = XOUT(ISUB)	STAT
	MDATE(ISUB) = MDATE(I)	STAT
	XOUT(ISUB) = XOUT(I)	STAT
	MDATE(I) = ITEMP	STAT
	XOUT(I) = TEMP	STAT



230	CONTINUE	STAT
	IG = LSTUDY(1)	STAT
	IVV(1)=IVV(2)=IVV(3)=0	APR24
	IVV(4) = NOSLTS	STAT
	DO 240 I=1,NOSLTS	STAT
	IF(MDATE(I).LE.DATESC(2,IG)) IVV(2) = I	STAT
	IF(MDATE(I).LE.DATESC(3,IG)) IVV(3) = I	STAT
240	XDATA(I) = XOUT(I)	STAT
	DO 133 I=1,3	STAT
	NFIRST = IVV(I) + 1	STAT
	NLAST = IVV(I + 1)	STAT
	CALL MESIG(LTEXT,NFIRST,NLAST,SMEAN,SIGMA,NN)	STAT
	SSMEAN(I) = SMEAN	STAT
	SSIGMA(I) = SIGMA	STAT
	NNN(I) = NN	STAT
133	CONTINUE	STAT
	NFIRST = 1	STAT
	NLAST = NOSLTS	STAT
	CALL MESIG(LTEXT,NFIRST,NLAST,SMEAN,SIGMA,NN)	STAT
C		STAT
C	IF THERE ARE 2 OR MORE PRE-FLIGHT OBSERVATIONS THE EXTREME VALUES	STAT
C	ARE FLAGED ON THE BASIS OF PRE-FLIGHT MEAN AND STD. DEV.	STAT
C	OTHERWISE THE TOTAL MEAN AND STD. DEV. ARE USED.	STAT
C		STAT
	IF(NNN(1) - 2) 134,136,136	STAT
134	SSG = SIGMA	STAT
	SSM = SMEAN	STAT
	GO TO 137	STAT
136	SSG = SSIGMA(1)	STAT
	SSM = SSMEAN(1)	STAT
137	T01 = 2.3263*SSG	STAT
	T05 = 1.6449*SSG	STAT
	DO 166 II=1,3	STAT
	IFIRST = IVV(II)+ 1	STAT
	ILAST = IVV(II + 1)	STAT
	IF(IFIRST-ILAST)162,163,166	STAT
163	PRINT 401	APR24
401	FORMAT(* SINGLE VALUE NOT ANALYZED*)	APR24
162	DO 165 I=IFIRST,ILAST	APR24
	MTEXT(I) = IBLANK	STAT
	IF(X(I)) 164,165,153	STAT
153	DELTA = X(I) - SSM	STAT
	IF(DELTA) 155,154,157	STAT
154	IF(X(I).NE.2.0) GO TO 164	STAT
	DELTA = SSM	STAT
	GO TO 156	STAT
155	DELTA = -DELTA	STAT
156	IF(DELTA.GE.T05) MTEXT(I) = IMINUS	STAT
	IF(DELTA.GE.T01) MTEXT(I) = IMMI	STAT
	GO TO 164	STAT
157	IF(DELTA.GE.T05) MTEXT(I) = IPLUS	STAT
	IF(DELTA.GE.T01) MTEXT(I) = IPPL	STAT
164	PRINT 400,MDATE(I), X(I), LTEXT(I), MTEXT(I)	STAT
165	CONTINUE	STAT
	PRINT 900,SSMEAN(II), SSIGMA(II), NNN(II)	STAT
166	CONTINUE	STAT
	IF(JOB(3) - 1000) 150,145,145	STAT
145	IF(NN) 150,150,146	STAT
146	CALL STPLOT(LOOP,NOBS,N SLOT,IWORD,KSTUDY,KTYPE,KPAN,KTEST,SMEAN,	STAT
	X SIGMA)	STAT

150	CONTINUE	STAT
C		STAT
C	ICASE = 0 NO TESTS	STAT
C	ICASE = 1 PREFLIGHT ONLY	STAT
C	ICASE = 2 PRE AND INFLIGHT ONLY	STAT
C	ICASE = 3 ALL	STAT
C	ICASE = 4 PRE AND POSTFLIGHT ONLY	STAT
C		STAT
	IF(NNN(1)-1) 170,170,171	DEC10
170	NT = 0	STAT
	ICASE = 0	STAT
	GO TO 999	DEC10
171	SSE(1) = SSIGMA(1)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(1)))	STAT
	PRINT 3000,NNN(1), SSMEAN(1), SSIGMA(1), SSE(1)	STAT
3000	FORMAT(20(4H----)/23H PARAMETRIC STATISTICS, //8HGSUMMARY/ X39HOSAMPLE N MEAN SD SE/4HOPRF, I6, 3F11.3)	STAT
	IF(NNN(2)-1) 172,172,176	DEC10
172	IF(NNN(3)-1) 173,173,174	DEC10
173	NT = 1	STAT
	ICASE = 1	STAT
	GO TO 999	DEC10
174	SSE(3) = SSIGMA(3)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(3)))	STAT
	PRINT3010,NNN(3), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), SSE(3)	STAT
	NT = 2	STAT
	ICASE = 4	STAT
	NN=NN-NNN(2)	FIX2
C		STAT
	GO TO 180	DEC10
C	CHANGE THIS LATER	STAT
C		STAT
176	SSE(2) = SSIGMA(2)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(2)))	STAT
	PRINT3020,NNN(2), SSMEAN(2), SSIGMA(2), SSE(2)	STAT
3020	FORMAT(4H0IN ,I6,3F11.3)	STAT
	IF(NNN(3)-1) 177,177,178	DEC10
177	NT = 2	STAT
	ICASE = 2	STAT
	NN=NN-NNN(3)	FIX2
	GO TO 180	STAT
178	SSE(3) = SSIGMA(3)/SQRT(FLOAT(NNN(3)))	STAT
	PRINT3010,NNN(3), SSMEAN(3), SSIGMA(3), SSE(3)	STAT
3010	FORMAT(5H0POST,I5,3F11.3)	STAT
	NT = 3	STAT
	ICASE = 3	STAT
180	CONTINUE	STAT
	SE = SIGMA/SQRT(FLOAT(NN))	STAT
	PRINT 3030, NN, SMEAN, SIGMA, SE	STAT
3030	FORMAT(4H ---,10(4H----)/4H SUM,I6,3F11.3)	STAT
C		STAT
C	GET RID OF NEGATIVE VALUES	STAT
C	I RANGES OVER ALL POINTS.	STAT
C	J RANGES OVER VALID POINTS.	STAT
C		STAT
	J = 1	STAT
	DO 330 I=1,NOSLTS	STAT
	IF(X(I)) 310,330,320	STAT
310	IF(X(I) + 2.0) 330,315,330	STAT
315	X(J) = 0.0	STAT
	GO TO 321	ANAC1
320	X(J) = X(I)	STAT
321	XOUT(J)=MDATE(I)	ANAC1

```

J = J + 1
330 CONTINUE
C SET FLAG FOR ANACOVA
  IF(LMAN(1).EQ.1) IANC=1
  IF(ICASE.EQ.2.OR.ICASE.EQ.3) GO TO 322
  PRINT 605
605 FORMAT(* MISSING INFLIGHT DATA - NO ANACOVA POSSIBLE*)
  IANC=0
  GO TO 716
C PICK INFLIGHT DATA ONLY INTO CHEM AND TIME
C X IS CHANGED HERE AND LATER
322 IF(LMAN(1).EQ.1) LOBS=0
  I=NNN(1)+1
  J=NNN(1)+NNN(2)
  DO 714 K=I,J
  LOBS=LOBS+1
  CHEM(LOBS)=X(K)
  TIME(LOBS)=XOUT(K)
714 CONTINUE
  NOB(LMAN(1))=NNN(2)
716 CONTINUE
  IF(ICASE.EQ.4) 710,711
710 IF(NNN(2).EQ.1) GO TO 712
  GO TO 713
712 NNN1=NNN(1)+1
  NSLTM1=J-1
  DO 179 I=MNN1,NSLTM1
179 X(I)=X(I+1)
713 NNN(2)=NNN(3)
  NNN(3)=0
711 CONTINUE
  CALL ACRDAN(X, NT, NNN, TM, WTV, S, GM, NDF, IER)
  N1 = NDF(1)
  N2 = NDF(2)
  S1 = S(1)
  S2 = S(2)
  CALL FFOUT(S1,S2,N1,N2,FVAL,PRFVAL)
  DO 193 IMS=1,3
193 XMS(IMS) = S(IMS)/NDF(IMS)
  PRINT 3090
3090 FORMAT(1X)
  PRINT 3100
3100 FORMAT(28H0ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE TABLE./35H0          DF          SS
  X MS          F /35H          ----          ----          ----          ----)
  PRINT 3200, NDF(1), S(1), XMS(1), FVAL
3200 FORMAT(6H TREAT, I4, F10.1, F10.1, F8.3)
  PRINT 3300, NDF(2), S(2), XMS(2)
3300 FORMAT(6H0ERROR, I4, F10.1, F10.1, 6H --- /4H ---, 9(4H----))
  PRINT 3400, NDF(3), S(3), XMS(3)
3400 FORMAT(6H TOTAL, I4, F10.1, F10.1, 6H --- )
  PRINT 3800, FVAL, PRFVAL
3800 FORMAT(1H0,F7.3, 23H IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE ,F5.1, 14H PERCENT LEVSTAT
1EL)
  IF(NT-2) 999,850,824
824 IF(PRFVAL - 5.0) 825,825,850
825 N1 = 1
  PRINT 3500
3500 FORMAT(14H0CONTRAST F )
  P(1) = 1
  P(2) = -1

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604 FORMAT(7H0STUDY ,I2,2X,A8,2X,A10,2X,5HTEST ,I3,2X,A8,2X,5HTYPE , ANAC1
2I3,* INFLIGHT DATA FOR ANACOVA*) ANAC1
PRINT 602 ANAC1
K=0 ANAC1
DO 715 L=1,3 ANAC1
J=K+1 ANAC1
K=K+NOB(L) ANAC1
PRINT 602 ANAC1
602 FORMAT(1H ) ANAC1
M=0 ANAC1
DO 717 I=J,K ANAC1
M=M+1 ANAC1
717 PRINT 601,M,CHEM(I),TIME(I) ANAC1
715 CONTINUE ANAC1
601 FORMAT(I4,F12.4,F5.0) ANAC1
NT=3 ANAC1
IOPT=2 ANAC1
CALL ANACOVA(CHEM,TIME,LOBS,NT,NOB,TREAT,SL,SS,X,SC,F,PROBF, ANAC1
2 IOPT,XM,YM,SXX,SY,SGY,NUFC) ANAC1
IF(IOPT.LT.0) PRINT 603 ANAC1
603 FORMAT(@ ANACOVA ERROR*****@) ANAC1
J=1 ANAC1
K=0 ANAC1
DO 719 LAS=1,3 ANAC1
K=K+NOB(LAS) ANAC1
L=0 ANAC1
DO 718 I=J,K ANAC1
L=L+1 ANAC1
ZCH(2,L)=0. ANAC1
ZCH(1,L)=CHEM(I)-(YM(LAS)+SL(LAS)*(TIME(I)-XM(LAS))) ANAC1
CHEM(I)=ZCH(1,L) ANAC1
WORK(1,L)=0. ANAC1
WORK(2,L)=0. ANAC1
718 CONTINUE ANAC1
CALL LAGCOR(NOB(LAS),CHEM(J),NOB(LAS),CHEM(J),C,J,28) ANAC1
PRINT 610,LAS ANAC1
610 FORMAT(*0 MAN*,I3,* LAG CORRELATIONS*/*0SEQ C-VALUE*) ANAC1
PRINT 611,(I,C(I),I=1,28) ANAC1
611 FORMAT(I6,G15.6) ANAC1
N=NOB(LAS) ANAC1
CALL FOURG(ZCH,N,-1,WORK) ANAC1
DO 723 I=1,N ANAC1
WORK(1,I)=ZCH(1,I)**2+ZCH(2,I)**2 ANAC1
723 WORK(2,I)=ATAN2(ZCH(2,I),ZCH(1,I)) ANAC1
PRINT 602 ANAC1
PRINT 607 ANAC1
607 FORMAT(1H0,T18,*FAST FOURIER TRANSFORMS*/* SEQ OMEGA*, ANAC1
1 6X,@REAL IMAGINARY R**2+I**2 ARCTAN(I/R)@) ANAC1
DO 720 M=1,N ANAC1
QNM=FLOAT(N)/FLOAT(M-1) ANAC1
IF(M.EQ.1) QNM=0. ANAC1
PRINT 606,M,QNM,ZCH(1,M),ZCH(2,M),WORK(1,M),WORK(2,M) ANAC1
720 CONTINUE ANAC1
606 FORMAT(1X,I3,F6.2,4G15.6) ANAC1
J=K+1 ANAC1
719 CONTINUE ANAC1
999 PRINT 1000,JOB(3) ANAC1
RETURN DEC10
200 FORMAT(10X,F12.4,2X,2A1) STAT
300 FORMAT(13H0GRAND MEAN =,F10.3, 8H SD =,F10.3,7H N =,I3) STAT

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X8H          ,8HMOSM/L ,8HNEQ/L   ,8HNEQ/L   ,8HMG PC   ,8HMG PC   ,JAN25
X8HMG PC    ,8HMG PC   ,8HMG PC   ,8HMG PC   ,8HUG/TV   ,8H        ,JAN25
X8H          /
NSTUDY = MSTUDY(LSTUDY)
NMAN = MMAN(LMAN)
IF(LTEST - 400) 10,20,20
10 KTEST = MBLD(LTEST - 299)
KITS = MITSB(LTEST-299)
GO TO 30
20 KTEST = MURN(LTEST - 399)
KITS = MITS(LTEST-399)
30 NTEST = KTEST
NITS = KITS
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE KRUSWAL(XIN, ID1, ID2IN, N, NCEN, JOP, K, NU, NC, IP2)
C THIS PROGRAM CALCULATES A GENERALIZED KRUSKAL-WALLIS K-SAMPLE
C TEST. WHEN K=2, THE TEST IS EQUAL TO GEHAN'S GENERALIZED WILCOXON
C TEST. CALCULATIONS FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES GIVEN BY MANTEL (BIOMETRIC
C MARCH 1967)
C
C IN CASE OF TWO-SAMPLE, IF THE SAMPLE SIZES ARE DIFFERENT, IT IS
C SUGGESTED TO NAME THE ONE WITH LESS OBSERVATIONS SAMPLE 1.
C CALL NKRUSWAL(X, ID1, ID2, NALL, NC, JOP, NCOND, NUNCEN, NCEN)
C
C X(I), I=1, NALL ARRAY CONTAINING ALL OBS IN THE SAMPLES
C ID1(I)=1 ITH OBS IS UNCENSORED
C =0 ITH OBS IS CENSORED
C ID2(I)=J ITH OBS IS FROM JTH SAMPLE
C NALL TOTAL NO OF OBS
C NC TOTAL NO OF CENSORED OBS
C JOP=1 PRINT INFO
C =0 DO NOT PRINT
C NCOND NO OF SAMPLES
C NUNCEN(I) NO OF UNCENSORED OBS IN SAMPLE I
C NCEN(I) NO OF CENSORED OBS IN SAMPLE I
C DIMENSION XIN(1), ID1(1), ID2IN(1), NU(6), NC(6), XY(120), ID2(120)
C DIMENSION R1( 600), R2( 600)
C
C MAXIMUM NO. OF SAMPLES = 6.
C TOTAL NUMBER OF OBSERVATIONS ALLOWED = 600.
C K = NO. OF SAMPLES
C
C MOVE INCOMING ARRAYS TO WORK ARRAYS
C DO 10 I=1, N
C XY(I)=XIN(I)
C ID2(I)=ID2IN(I)
10 CONTINUE
C
C ORDER OBS. IN ASCENDING ORDER
C
C CALL SORT2(XY, N, ID1, ID2)
C COMPUTATION OF R1
C STEPS 1 AND 2 : RANK FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, OMITTING RIGHT CENSORED
C VALUES. ASSIGN NEXT HIGHER RANK TO RIGHT
C CENSORED VALUES
C
C IRANK=0
C DO 90 I=1, N
C IF (ID1(I).EQ.0) GO TO 101

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IRANK=IRANK+1
R1(I)=IRANK
GO TO 90
101 R1(I)=IRANK+1
90 CONTINUE
C
C STEP 3 : REDUCE THE RANK OF TIED OBSERVATIONS TO THE LOWEST
C RANK FOR THE VALUE
C
K1=N-1
L1=1
12 IF (XY(L1).NE.XY(L1+1)) GO TO 11
JEMP=ID1(L1)*ID1(L1+1)
IF(JEMP .EQ. 0) GO TO 11
R1(L1+1)=R1(L1)
IF (L1.EQ.K1) GO TO 13
L1=L1+1
GO TO 12
11 IF (L1.EQ.K1) GO TO 13
L1=L1+1
GO TO 12
13 CONTINUE
C
C COMPUTATION OF R2
C STEP 1 : RANK FROM RIGHT TO LEFT
C
DO 14 I=1,N
14 R2(I)=N-I+1
C
C STEP 2 : REDUCE THE RANK OF TIED OBSERVATIONS TO THE LOWEST RANK
C FOR THE VALUE
C
L1=N
22 IF (XY(L1).NE.XY(L1-1)) GO TO 21
JEMP=ID1(L1)*ID1(L1-1)
IF (JEMP .EQ. 0) GO TO 21
R2(L1-1)=R2(L1)
IF (L1.EQ. 2) GO TO 23
L1=L1-1
GO TO 22
21 IF (L1.EQ. 2) GO TO 23
L1=L1-1
GO TO 22
23 CONTINUE
C
C STEP 3 : REDUCE THE RANK OF RIGHT CENSORED OBSERVATIONS TO UNITY
C
IF (NCEN .EQ. 0) GO TO 501
DO 24 I=1,N
IF (ID1(I) .EQ. 1) GO TO 24
R2(I)=1.
24 CONTINUE
C
C COMPUTE FINAL SCORES -R1(I)
C
501 CONTINUE
DO 25 I=1,N
25 R1(I)=R1(I)-R2(I)
IF(JOP.NE.1) GO TO 37
PRINT 30

```



```

C      CALCULATE CONTINUITY CORRECTION
C
SIGN=-1.
IF (WW.LT.0.) SIGN=1.
COR=.5
IF (FLOAT((NC(1)+NC(2))/N) .LT. 0.2) COR=1.0
COR=SIGN*COR
IF (WW.EQ.0.) COR=0.

C
C      CALCULATE FINAL W SCORE AND PROBABILITY.
C
WSCORE=(WW+COR)/VAR
WSC=WSCORE
IF (ABS(WSCORE)-3.1) 305,305,302
305 P1=100.*(1.-PROB(WSC))
GO TO 301
302 P1=0.1
301 CONTINUE
P2=P1*2.
P2=AMIN1(P2,100.)
PRINT 600, WW,VAR,WSCORE
600 FORMAT(1H0,3X,1HW,7X,8HST. DEV.,3X,10HASYMPTOTIC/25X,6HWSCORE/1X,FTWOSPL
19.0,F8.2,7X,F5.2)
PRINT 601, WSCORE,P2,TWO
PRINT 601, WSCORE,P1,ONE
601 FORMAT(1X,F5.2,1X,@IS SIGNIFICANT AT THE @, F7.1,@ PERCENT LEVEL -TWOSPL
1@,A3,@ TAILED TEST@)
PRINT 602
602 FORMAT(1H0)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE AKSPL(K,N,P1,NU,NC,ID2)
DIMENSION R1(1),NU(1),NC(1),W(6),ID2(1)

C
C      TEST STATISTIC FOR K(GREATER THAN 2)-SAMPLE CASE
C
DO 201 I=1,K
201 W(I)=0.
DO 202 IJ=1,N
IJ=ID2(IJ)
202 W(I)=W(I)+R1(IJ)
T=0.
DO 203 IJ=1,N
203 T=T+R1(IJ)**2
B=0.
PRINT 300
300 FORMAT(1H0,@SAMPLE@,8X,@W(I)@,10X,@N(I)@)
DO 204 I=1,K
UC=NU(I)+NC(I)
PRINT 301, I,W(I),UC
301 FORMAT(1H ,3X,I1,7X,F8.0,7X,F5.0)
204 B=B+(W(I)**2/UC)
PRINT 302, B,T
302 FORMAT(1H0,@B =@,F12.2,5X,@T =@,F10.0)
WSCORE=(B/T)*FLOAT(N-1)

C
C      WSCORE HAS CHI-SQUARE DISTRIBUTION WITH (K-1) D. F.
C
WS=WSCORE
XK=K-1

```



	RETURN	PROB
20	X1=-X	PROB
	GO TO 50	PROB
40	X1=X	PROB
50	A=1.+X1*(D1+X1*(D2+X1*(D3+X1*(D4+X1*(D5+X1*D6))))	PROB
	PROB=1.-0.5*A**(-16)	PROB
60	CONTINUE	PROB
	RETURN	PROB
	END	PROB
	SUBROUTINE FFOUT(S1, S2, N1, N2,FDAT, PRB)	FFOUT
	FDAT = (S1/N1)/(S2/N2)	FFOUT
	PRB= FISH(FDAT,N1,N2)	FFOUT
	PRB = (1.0 - PRB)*100.	FFOUT
	IF(PRB - 0.1) 1,2,2	FFOUT
1	PRB = 0.1	FFOUT
2	RETURN	FFOUT
	END	FFOUT
	FUNCTION FISH(F,N1,N2)	FISH
	LOGICAL E1,E2,E3	FISH
	IF(N1.GE.100.AND.N2.GE.100) GOTO 9	FISH
C	-----	FISH
C	INITIALIZATION AND SETTING OF LOGICAL SWITCHES TO .TRUE. IF	FISH
C	THE DEGREES OF FREEDOM ARE EVEN	FISH
C	-----	FISH
	E1=.FALSE.	FISH
	E2=.FALSE.	FISH
	E3=.FALSE.	FISH
	IF(MOD(N1,2).EQ.0) E1=.TRUE.	FISH
	IF(MOD(N2,2).EQ.0) E2=.TRUE.	FISH
	X=N2/(N2+N1*F)	FISH
	IF(.NOT.(E1.OR.E2)) GO TO 5	FISH
	IF(E1.AND..NOT.E2) GO TO 1	FISH
	IF(.NOT.E1.AND.E2) GO TO 2	FISH
	IF(N1.LE.N2) GO TO 1	FISH
C	-----	FISH
C	INITIALIZATION FOR SECOND DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN AND LESS THAN	FISH
C	FIRST DEGREE OF FREEDOM IF IT TOO IS EVEN	FISH
C	-----	FISH
2	I=N1	FISH
	N1=N2	FISH
	N2=I	FISH
	X=1.0-X	FISH
	E3=.TRUE.	FISH
C	-----	FISH
C	INITIALIZATION FOR FIRST DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN AND LESS THAN	FISH
C	SECOND DEGREE OF FREEDOM IF IT IS EVEN	FISH
C	-----	FISH
1	Y=1.0-X	FISH
C	-----	FISH
C	CALCULATION OF PROBABILITY FOR AT LEAST ONE DEGREE OF FREEDOM EVEN	FISH
C	-----	FISH
	FISH=0.0	FISH
	H=SQRT(X**N2)	FISH
	M=N1/2-1	FISH
	MCDC = M + 1	FISH
	DO 3 ICDC=1,MCDC	FISH
	I = ICDC - 1	FISH
	FISH=FISH+H	FISH
3	H=(H*Y*(N2+2.*I))/(2.*(I+1.))	FISH
	IF(E3) GO TO 4	FISH

```

-----FISH
C      ADJUST CALCULATED PROBABILITY IF ITS ONES COMPLEMENT WAS      FISH
C      CALCULATED ORIGINALLY                                          FISH
-----FISH
      FISH=1.0-FISH                                                    FISH
      RETURN                                                            FISH
4     I=N1                                                              FISH
      N1=N2                                                            FISH
      N2=I                                                              FISH
      RETURN                                                            FISH
-----FISH
C      CALCULATION OF THE PROBABILITY FOR BOTH DEGREES OF FREEDOM ODD  FISH
-----FISH
5     Y=1.0-X                                                           FISH
      H=.63661977*SQRT(X*Y)                                           FISH
      FISH=.63661977*ACOS(SQRT(X))                                     FISH
      IF(N2.EQ.1) GO TO 8                                             FISH
      M=N2-2                                                            FISH
      DO 6 I=1,M,2                                                    FISH
      FISH=FISH+H                                                       FISH
6     H=H*X*(I+1)/(I+2)                                               FISH
8     IF(N1.EQ.1) RETURN                                              FISH
      H=H*N2                                                            FISH
      M=N1-2                                                            FISH
      DO 7 I=1,M,2                                                    FISH
      FISH=FISH-H                                                       FISH
7     H=H*Y*(N2+I)/(I+2)                                             FISH
      RETURN                                                            FISH
9     D1=N1                                                            FISH
      D2=N2                                                            FISH
      DT=(D1/D2)*F                                                    FISH
      DN=SQRT((2.*D2-1.)*DT)-SQRT(2.*D1-1.)                          FISH
      X=DN/SQRT(1.+DT)                                                FISH
      FISH=PHI(X)                                                       FISH
      RETURN                                                            FISH
      END                                                                FISH
      REAL FUNCTION PHI(X)                                             PHI
-----PHI
C      PHI CALCULATES THE AREA UNDER THE NORMAL CURVE                PHI
C      A TRANSFORMATION AND J-FRACTION ARE USED ( SEE METHOD )       PHI
-----PHI
      LOGICAL UPPER                                                    PHI
      IF(X.LT.-13.27) GO TO 6                                          PHI
      IF(X.GT.8.5) GO TO 8                                             PHI
      IF(X.NE.0.0) GO TO 2                                             PHI
      PHI=0.50                                                         PHI
      RETURN                                                            PHI
2     UPPER=X.GT.0.0                                                  PHI
      Z=. (ABS(X))                                                     PHI
      Y= 5.6418953027302E-1* EXP(- Z*Z /2.E0)                         PHI
      Z = Z /1.4142135623731E0                                         PHI
      T=0.0E0                                                         PHI
      IF( ABS(Y/Z).GT.0.0) T=Y/(Z-6.9183675618730E-6                PHI
1+5.0025350900390E-1/(Z+1.2386797611409E-2+7.7267300865878E-1
2/(Z-4.3263982143053E0 +7.3456287718055E1/(Z+1.5040871364290E1
3+6.20862456572356E0 /(Z+8.8971612130791E0 +4.9182171845874E1
4/(Z-2.5108230069509E0 -2.8225972942737E0/(Z-9.7597917308472E-1
5+2.4244213526837E1 /(Z+4.8008570125081E0 +4.9227853919002E-1
-----PHI

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WRITE(6,102)      (NDF(1),SS(1),XMS(1),F(1),PROBF(1),I=6,10),
2                NDF(11),SS(11),XMS(11),NDF(12),SS(12)
102 FORMAT(
F      ,/,15X,@PARALLEL LINE@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
G      ,/,15X,@ SLOPE      @,/, 15X,
H 93(1H-),/,15X,@PARALLEL LINE@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
I      ,/,15X,@ MODEL      @,/, 15X,
J 93(1H-),/,15X,@NON-      @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
K      ,/,15X,@ PARALLELISM@,
L      ,/,15X,@INDIVIDUAL @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
M      ,/,15X,@ SLOPES     @,/, 15X,
N 93(1H-),/,15X,@REGRESSION @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
O      ,/,15X,@ MODEL      @
P      ,/,15X,@ERROR      @,1X,I10,8X,2(G13.6,3X),/,
* 15X,
Q 93(1H-),/,15X,@TOTAL      @,1X,I10,8X,  G13.6,/,
* 15X,
R 93(1H-))
WRITE(6,150)
IF(IOPT.EQ.1) RETURN
80 NDF(7)=NDF(7)-1
NDF(10)=NDF(10)-1
NDF(12)=NDF(12)-1
SS(7)=SS(7)-SSU
SS(10)=SS(10)-SSU
SS(12)=SS(12)-SSU
XMS(7)=XMS(7)/NDF(7)
XMS(10)=XMS(10)/NDF(10)
F(7)=XMS(7)/XMS(11)
F(10)=XMS(10)/XMS(11)
PROBF(7)=FISH(F(7),NDF(7),NDF(11))
PROBF(10)=FISH(F(10),NDF(10),NDF(11))
WRITE(6,101)      (NDF(I),SS(I),XMS(I),F(I),PROBF(I),I=1, 5)
101 FORMAT(/,15X,93(1H-),/,38X,@ANALYSIS OF COVARIANCE TABLE (MEAN DIFFEREN-
AFFERENCE)@,/,15X,
193(1H-),/,15X,@SOURCE OF@,9X,@DEGREES OF@,5X,@SUM OF@,10X,@MEAN@,
212X,@F-@,14X,@PROB@,/,15X,@VARIATION@,9X,@FREEDOM@,8X,@SQUARES@,
39X,@SQUARE@,10X,@RATIO@,11X,@F@,/,15X,93(1H-),/,
* 15X,@TREATMENTS@,4X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X),/,15X,
493(1H-),/,
A      15X,@1 POPULATION @,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
B      ,/,15X,@1 POP.- SLOPE@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
C      ,/,15X,@ OF MEANS @,/, 15X,
* 93(1H-),/,15X,@SLOPE OF MEANS@,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
D      ,/,15X,@DIFF MEAN SL.@,1X,I10,8X,4(G13.6,3X)
E      ,/,15X,@AND PAR. SL.@
F      )
WRITE(6,102)      (NDF(I),SS(I),XMS(I),F(I),PROBF(1),I=6,10),
2                NDF(11),SS(11),XMS(11),NDF(12),SS(12)
WRITE(6,150)
150 FORMAT(1H1)
999 RETURN
99 IOPT=-1
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FOURG (DATA,N,ISIGN,WORK)
COOLEY-TUKEY FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM IN USASI BASIC FORTRAN.
ONE-DIMENSIONAL TRANSFORM OF COMPLEX DATA, ARBITRARY NUMBER OF
POINTS. N POINTS CAN BE TRANSFORMED IN TIME PROPORTIONAL TO
N*LOG(N) (FOR N NON-PRIME), WHEREAS OTHER METHODS TAKE N**2 TIME.

```

```

C      FURTHERMORE, BECAUSE FEWER ARITHMETIC OPERATIONS ARE PERFORMED,      FOURG
C      LESS ERROR IS BUILT UP.  THE TRANSFORM DONE IS--                      FOURG
C      DIMENSION DATA(N),TRANSFORM(N),WORK(N)                             FOURG
C      COMPLEX DATA,TRANSFORM,WORK                                        FOURG
C      TRANSFORM(K) = SUM(DATA(J)*EXP(ISIGN*2*PI*I*(J-1)*(K-1)/N)),        FOURG
C      SUMMED FROM J = 1 TO N FOR ALL K FROM 1 TO N.  THE TRANSFORM      FOURG
C      VALUES ARE RETURNED TO DATA, REPLACING THE INPUT.  N MAY BE ANY  FOURG
C      POSITIVE NUMBER, BUT IT SHOULD BE NON-PRIME FOR SPEED.  ISIGN =    FOURG
C      +1 OR -1.  A -1 TRANSFORM FOLLOWED BY A +1 ONE (OR VICE VERSA)     FOURG
C      RETURNS N TIMES THE ORIGINAL DATA.  WORK IS A ONE-DIMENSIONAL    FOURG
C      COMPLEX ARRAY OF LENGTH N USED FOR WORKING STORAGE.                FOURG
C      RUNNING TIME IS PROPORTIONAL TO N * (SUM OF THE PRIME FACTORS OF    FOURG
C      N).  FOR EXAMPLE, N = 1960, TIME IS TO * 1960 * (2+2+2+5+7+7).     FOURG
C      NAIVE METHODS DIRECTLY IMPLEMENTING THE SUMMATION RUN IN TIME      FOURG
C      PROPORTIONAL TO N**2.  AN UPPER BOUND FOR THE RMS RELATIVE ERROR   FOURG
C      IS 3 * 2**(-B) * SUM(F**1.5), WHERE B IS THE NUMBER OF BITS IN    FOURG
C      THE FLOATING POINT FRACTION AND THE SUM IS OVER THE PRIME         FOURG
C      FACTORS OF N.  WRITTEN BY NORMAN BRENNER, MIT LINCOLN LABORATORY,   FOURG
C      AUGUST 1968.  SEE--IEFE TRANSACTIONS ON AUDIO AND ELECTROACOUSTICS FOURG
C      (JUNE 1967), SPECIAL ISSUE ON THE FAST FOURIER TRANSFORM.        FOURG
C      DIMENSION DATA(1), WORK(1), IFACT(32)                             FOURG
C      TWOPI=6.283185307*FLOAT(ISIGN)                                     FOURG
C      FACTOR N INTO ITS PRIME FACTORS, NFACT IN NUMBER.  FOR EXAMPLE,    FOURG
C      FOR N = 1960, NFACT = 6 AND IFACT(IF) = 2, 2, 2, 5, 7 AND 7.     FOURG
C      IF=0                                                                FOURG
C      NPART=N                                                             FOURG
C      DO 50 ID=1,N,2                                                       FOURG
C      IDIV=ID                                                             FOURG
C      IF (ID-1) 10,10,20                                                 FOURG
C      IDIV=2                                                              FOURG
C      10  IQUOT=NPART/IDIV                                                 FOURG
C      20  IF (NPART-IDIV*IQUOT) 40,30,40                                  FOURG
C      30  IF=IF+1                                                         FOURG
C      IFACT(IF)=IDIV                                                     FOURG
C      NPART=IQUOT                                                         FOURG
C      GO TO 20                                                            FOURG
C      40  IF (IQUOT-IDIV) 60,60,50                                       FOURG
C      50  CONTINUE                                                         FOURG
C      60  IF (NPART-1) 80,80,70                                          FOURG
C      70  IF=IF+1                                                         FOURG
C      IFACT(IF)=NPART                                                    FOURG
C      80  NFACT=IF                                                         FOURG
C      SHUFFLE THE DATA ARRAY BY REVERSING THE DIGITS OF THE INDEX.     FOURG
C      REPLACE DATA(I) BY DATA(IREV) FOR ALL I FROM 1 TO N.  IREV-1 IS  FOURG
C      THE INTEGER WHOSE DIGIT REPRESENTATION IN THE MULTI-RADIX         FOURG
C      NOTATION OF FACTORS IFACT(IF) IS THE REVERSE OF THE REPRESENTATION FOURG
C      OF I-1.  FOR EXAMPLE, IF ALL IFACT(IF) = 2, THEN FOR I-1 = 11001, FOURG
C      IREV-1 = 10011.  A WORK ARRAY OF LENGTH N IS NEEDED.             FOURG
C      IP0=2                                                                FOURG
C      IP3=IP0*N                                                            FOURG
C      IWORK=1                                                              FOURG
C      I3REV=1                                                              FOURG
C      DO 110 I3=1,IP3,IP0                                                 FOURG
C      WORK(IWORK)=DATA(I3REV)                                           FOURG
C      WORK(IWORK+1)=DATA(I3REV+1)                                       FOURG
C      IP2=IP3                                                              FOURG
C      DO 100 IF=1,NFACT                                                    FOURG
C      IP1=IP2/IFACT(IF)                                                  FOURG
C      I3REV=I3REV+IP1                                                    FOURG
C      IF (I3REV-IP2) 110,110,90                                         FOURG

```

```

90   I3REV=I3REV-IP2
100  IP2=IP1
110  IWORK=IWORK+IPO
      IWORK=1
      DO 120 I3=1,IP3,IP0
          DATA(I3)=WOKK(IWORK)
          DATA(I3+1)=WOKK(IWORK+1)
120  IWORK=IWORK+IPO
C     PHASE-SHIFTED FOURIER TRANSFORM OF LENGTH IFACT(IF).
C     IPROD=IP1/IP0
C     IREM=N/(IFACT(IF)*IPROD)
C     DIMENSION DATA(IPROD,IFACT(IF),IREM),WOKK(IFACT(IF))
C     COMPLEX DATA,WOKK
C     DATA(I1,J2,I3) = SUM(DATA(I1,I2,I3) * W**(I2-1)), SUMMED OVER
C     I2 = 1 TO IFACT(IF) FOR ALL I1 FROM 1 TO IPROD, J2 FROM 1 TO
C     IFACT(IF) AND I3 FROM 1 TO IREM.
C     W = EXP(1SIGN*2*PI*I*(I1-1+IPROD*(J2-1))/(IPROD*IFACT(IF))).
      IF=0
      IP1=IP0
130  IF (IP1-IP3) 140,240,240
140  IF=IF+1
      IFCUR=IFACT(IF)
      IP2=IP1*IFCUR
      THETA=TWOP1/FLOAT(IFCUR)
      SINTH=SIN(THETA/2.)
      ROOTR=-2.*SINTH*SINTH
C     COS(THETA)-1, FOR ACCURACY
      ROOTI=SIN(THETA)
      THETA=TWOP1/FLOAT(IP2/IP0)
      SINTH=SIN(THETA/2.)
      WSTPR=-2.*SINTH*SINTH
      WSTPI=SIN(THETA)
      WMINR=1.
      WMINI=0.
      DO 230 I1=1,IP1,IP0
          IF (IFCUR-2) 150,150,170
150  DO 160 I3=I1,IP3,IP2
          JO=I3
          J1=I3+IP1
          TEMPR=WMINR*DATA(J1)-WMINI*DATA(J1+1)
          TEMPI=WMINR*DATA(J1+1)+WMINI*DATA(J1)
          DATA(J1)=DATA(J0)-TEMPR
          DATA(J1+1)=DATA(J0+1)-TEMPI
          DATA(J0)=DATA(J0)+TEMPR
160  DATA(J0+1)=DATA(J0+1)+TEMPI
          GO TO 220
170  IWMAX=IP0*IFCUR
      DO 210 I3=I1,IP3,IP2
          I2MAX=I3+IP2-IP1
          WR=WMINR
          WI=WMINI
          DO 200 IWORK=1,IWMAX,IP0
              I2=I2MAX
              SUMR=DATA(I2)
              SUMI=DATA(I2+1)
180  I2=I2-IP1
          TEMPR=SUMR
          SUMR=WR*SUMR-WI*SUMI+DATA(I2)
          SUMI=WR*SUMI+WI*TEMPR+DATA(I2+1)
          IF (I2-I3) 190,190,180

```

190	WORK(IWORK)=SUMR	FOURG
	WORK(IWORK+1)=SUMI	FOURG
	TEMPR=WR	FOURG
	WR=WR*ROOTR-WI*ROOTI+WR	FOURG
200	WI=TEMPR*ROOTI+WI*ROOTR+WI	FOURG
	IWORK=1	FOURG
	DO 210 I2=I3,I2MAX,IP1	FOURG
	DATA(I2)=WORK(IWORK)	FOURG
	DATA(I2+1)=WORK(IWORK+1)	FOURG
210	IWORK=IWORK+IP0	FOURG
220	TEMPR=WMINK	FOURG
	WMINR=WMINR*WSTPR-WMINI*WSTPI+WMINR	FOURG
230	WMINI=TEMPR*WSTPI+WMINI*WSTPR+WMINI	FOURG
	IP1=IP2	FOURG
	GO TO 130	FOURG
240	RETURN	FOURG
	END	FOURG
	SUBROUTINE LAGCOR(LA,A,LB,B,C,LSTART,LSTOP)	LAGCOR
C		LAGCOR
C	THIS ROUTINE CALCULATES A SAMPLE CROSS-CORRELATION OF THE RECORD	LAGCOR
C	A OVER THE RECORD B WITH LAGS BETWEEN LSTART AND LSTOP AND	LAGCOR
C	STORES THE RESULT IN C	LAGCOR
C	**** CAUTION **** THERE IS NO CHECK FOR A ZERO RECORD	LAGCOR
C		LAGCOR
	DIMENSION A(LA),B(LB),C(LA)	LAGCOR
	DO 50 J=LSTART,LSTOP	LAGCOR
	U=0.0	LAGCOR
	SUMA=0.0	LAGCOR
	SUMB=0.0	LAGCOR
	SA=0.0	LAGC
	SB=0.0	LAGCOR
	IF(LB-(LA-J+1)) 10,10,20	LAGCOR
10	N=LB	LAGCOR
	GO TO 30	LAGCOR
20	N=LA-J+1	LAGCOR
	IF(N.GT.0) GO TO 30	LAGCOR
	DO 25 I=J,LSTOP	LAGCOR
25	C(I)=-2.	LAGCOR
	RETURN	LAGCOR
30	EN=N	LAGCOR
	DO 40 I=1,N	LAGCOR
	IJ=I+J-1	LAGCOR
	SUMA=SUMA+A(IJ)	LAGCOR
	SUMB=SUMB+B(I)	LAGCOR
	SA=SA+A(IJ)*A(IJ)	LAGCOR
	SB=SB+B(I)*B(I)	LAGCOR
40	U=U+A(IJ)*B(I)	LAGCOR
	SUMA=SUMA/EN	LAGCOR
	SUMB=SUMB/EN	LAGCOR
	SA=SA-SUMA*SUMA*EN	LAGCOR
	SB=SB-SUMB*SUMB*EN	LAGCOR
50	C(J)=(U-EN*SUMA*SUMB)/SQRT(SA*SB)	LAGCOR
	RETURN	LAGCOR
	END	LAGCOR

APPENDIX E - Format of Retrieval Cards

## APPENDIX E - FORMAT OF CARDS REQUIRED FOR RETRIEVAL

### E.1 General Structure

All input retrieval cards have the following format:

FORMAT(A4,1X,A4,1X,14I5)

- Columns 1 - 4    Contain the key word for a control card.
- Column    5        Is ignored and may contain the last character of a key word.
- Columns 6 - 10    Contain a qualifier word. For a JOB card this word must be DATE, VOLU or BOTH. For other cards this word must be EACH, ALL, RANGE or blanks. A blank field is equivalent to ALL.

The following is a list of the valid key words:

- JOB    -    Contains JOB ID, date save option, total volume save option, and plot control.
- STUDY -    Specifies which studies are to be retrieved.
- DATE    -    Specifies which dates are to be retrieved.
- MAN    -    Provision to specify man to be retrieved, currently not implemented as program always uses man 1, 2 and 3.
- TYPE    -    Specifies which sample types are to be retrieved.
- TEST    -    Specifies which tests are to be retrieved.
- END    -    End of run.
- EOF    -    End of job.

### E.2 Specific Retrieval Cards

#### JOB CARD

Column 1 - JOB



The second field of the JOB card (columns 6-10) must contain one of the following parameters. The parameter must always begin in column 6.

- DATE - Indicates that the Julian date of the samples being retrieved is to be saved for output. Always required for plot and most analysis.
- VOLUM - Indicates that the total 24-hour urine volume for the dates being retrieved is to be saved for output.
- BOTH - Indicates that both dates and total volumes are to be saved for output.
- (BLANK) - A blank field or misspelled words will cause an error message and the default DATE to be used.

The third field of the JOB card (columns 11 - 15) provides a place for the user's job identification number. It may be any 5 digit integer. However, if the integer is less than 1000, no plots will be produced.

The remaining thirteen 5 column fields of the JOB card are for use by the statistical portion of this program. Currently these are not used, but in the future they can be used for control of statistical subroutines. They must always be 5 digit integers.

#### STUDY CARD

COLUMN	1	STUDY
COLUMNS	6 - 10	RANGE, EACH, ALL or BLANK
		Blank or ALL - retrieves data from all missions
		EACH - retrieves data from study numbers specified in Col. 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45...60.
		RANGE - Study range from Col. 15 to Col. 20.

Study codes are found in Table E.3.

DATE CARD

COLUMN 1 DATE  
COLUMNS 6 - 10 EACH, ALL, Blank Range  
ALL = Blank Get all dates  
EACH Use individual dates in  
Col. 15 → up.  
RANGE Date range from Col. 15 to Col.  
20

Dates are Julian Dates. Date ranges for specific missions are found  
in Table E.3.

MAN CARD

COLUMN 1 MAN  
COLUMNS 6 - 10 Same as DATE card except Man numbers are  
specified. (See Table E.3.)

TYPE CARD

COLUMN 1 TYPE  
COLUMNS 6 - 10 Type codes are same as DATE card, found in  
Table E.3.

TEST CARD

COLUMN 1 TEST  
COLUMN 6 RANGE  
COLUMNS 11 - 15 Starting test of range  
COLUMNS 16 - 20 Ending test of range

If only one test, the test must appear in both fields. See Table B.1  
for valid test numbers.

### END CARD

When an END card is encountered, the program starts the retrieval. Therefore, all search criteria indicated on the JOB, STUDY, DATE, TYPE & TEST cards must be read in before the END card. There must be an END card for each run.

The first run must contain at least one JOB card, STUDY card, DATE card, TYPE card, and TEST card. These initial parameters remain as the search criteria for each succeeding run, unless changed by another JOB, STUDY, DATE, TYPE or TEST card. There may be no more than one JOB card per run, but each run may have as many STUDY, DATE, TYPE & TEST cards as required.

### EOF CARD

When an EOF card is encountered, the program stops and the total job is considered finished. There may be as many runs within a job as needed by the user. Several jobs may be stacked. Parameters set in one job remain constant unless changed.

TABLE E.3

<u>STUDY</u>		<u>TYPE</u>	<u>DATA FORMS</u>			
1 = SMEAT	1 = FRESH URINE		-1 = TEST NOT PERFORMED			
2 = SKYLAB 2	2 = FROZEN URINE		-2 = LESS THAN DETERMINABLE			
3 = SKYLAB 3	3 = LYOPHILIZED URINE		-3 = TO FOLLOW			
4 = SKYLAB 4	4 = URINE SKYLAB BAG SAMPLES (PREFLIGHT & INFLIGHT)		-4 = CALCULATED AS COMBINED VALUES			
5 = APOLLO 17	5 = PLASMA		-5 = LESS THAN A 24 HR. PERIOD			
6 =	6 = SPECIAL PLASMA - PREFLIGHT LYTHEIUM EDTA					
7 =	7 = SERUM					
8 =	8 = 10% URINE SAMPLE					
9 =	9 = FROZEN PLASMA					
	10 =					
	11 =					
	12 =					
	13 =					
	14 =					
	15 =					
			<u>JULIAN DATES</u>			
			<u>START</u>	<u>LAUNCH</u>	<u>SPLASH DOWN</u>	<u>END</u>
		SMEAT	180	208	265	
		SKYLAB 2	114	144	172	
		SKYLAB 3	189	209	268	285
		SKYLAB 4	283	320	404*	
		APOLLO 17	290	342	354	
			*Date is 39 of following year			

<u>MAN</u>	<u>SMEAT</u>	<u>APOLLO 17</u>	<u>SKYLAB 2</u>	<u>SKYLAB 3</u>	<u>SKYLAB 4</u>
1 = CDR	Crippen	Cernan	Conrad		
2 = PLT	Bobko	Evans	Weitz		
3 = SPT	Thornton	Schmitt	Kerwin		
4 = C1	Alexander	Duke	Schweikart		
5 = C2	Strzynek	Roosa	Musgrave		
6 = C3	Laird	Young	Mc Candless		
7 = C4	Kimzey	Alexander	Alexander		
8 =		Buchanan	Hordinsky		
9 =		La Pinta	La Pinta		

#### E.4 Sample Input Card Decks

JOB DATE 400  
STUDY EACH 3  
DATE ALL  
TYPE EACH 1  
TEST RANGE 519 523  
END  
EOF

JOB DATE 4300  
STUDY EACH 3  
DATE ALL  
TYPE EACH 5  
TEST RANGE 312 314  
END

JOB DATE 4301  
TEST RANGE 317 320  
END  
EOF

APPENDIX F - MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

PRECEDING PAGE BLANK NOT FILMED

F.1 - SAMPLE NUMBERS

Sample numbers as they exist in the sample directory for the various missions:

SMEAT 2-674

APOLLO 17 675-936

Sample number for the Skylab missions are not separated.

SKYLAB 2 937-1490

SKYLAB 3 937-2256

SKYLAB 4 937-2256

## F.2 ADDITION OF NEW DATA ITEMS

### Program Build

#### 1. Increase Dimensions On:

INDX  
INDX1  
INDX2  
INDX3  
INDX4  
INDX5

The order of additions is determined by the form number and form position of the new item.

2. In data array of INDX add in test number of new data.
3. Data array of INDX1 add in a U or B for new data in position corresponding to position in INDX.
4. Add appropriate name into INDX2 array.
5. Add index of item in mass storage record into INDX3.
6. Add form number into INDX4.
7. Add field number on card form.
8. Decode statement and format for card number involved changed increase IEND and DO parameter.
9. Add 1 to all following K values. These are start positions in mass storage record. Note DIET parameters work down from top.
10. Increase end parameter for DO 81 in UPDATE card processor.
11. Mass storage records must be checked to insure space.

### Program Retrieve

#### 1. In subroutine RETRIEVE

LREC is maximum 125 for URINE and 25 for BLOOD - if additions run over these numbers dimensions must be changed on LTEST, IBL and/or IUR.



2. In subroutine TEXT

Insert TEXT name of new item into MBLD or MURN array indexed by test #. May require additional space.  
Insert units as above into MITS, MITB.

K	IEND	
2	7	2 8
8	12	9 12
19	16	20
34	10	35
43	5	44
47	16	48
62	15	63
76	16	77
91	15	92
116	11	117

Search INDX4 for card number

Check INDX5 for match to J else continue search

Pickup INDX3 as index for store

### F.3 AUXILLIARY FILES

1. All data is for mission 3 (SKYLAB 3)
2. Each file is for one man
3. Data is from URINE file including DIET Data
4. File names FMAN1, FMAN2, FMAN3 for CDR, PLT, and SPT, resp.
5. FORTRAN Unformatted 130 words/record

#### Word

1 and 126	Sample number	Integer
2-105	Urine Sample Data	Real (See index Table B.1)
106-115	Not Used	
116-125	DIET Data	Real
126	Sample number	Integer
127	STUDY	All study 3
128	JULIAN DATE	
129	MAN	All 1 in file FMAN1, 2 in FMAN2, etc.
130	Sample Type	All URINE and DIET is type 1

## F.4 AVAILABLE FILES AND CARD DECKS

### BUILD

This program exists as a MODIFY program library (BUILD PL) and also as a card deck. A run deck to cause BUILD to create new files is labelled CREATE and is listed in Section 3. A run deck to cause BUILD to update existing files is labelled UPDATE and is also listed in Section 4. (See Appendix D for listings.)

### TYPLOK

This program exists only as a card deck and is a programmers tool to insure integrity of the file structure. (See Appendix D for listings.)

### RETRIEVAL

This is the primary retrieval and analysis program, it exists as a MODIFY program library. A deck of control cards exists to cause execution of the program. Also sample data cards are available. (See Appendix D for listings.)

F.5 SAMPLE DIRECTORY RECORD LAYOUT: FILE RA1 CONTENTS (00 CARDS)

Record Length 35 words

Words 1-12 and 14 are binary integer. Word 13 is binary real.

Refer to Appendix E for variable values

<u>Word</u>	<u>Variable</u>
1	Sample Number
2	Study Number (Mission Code)
3	Julian Date of Sample
4	Man Number
5	Sample Type
6	GMT
7	Month of Sample
8	Day of Sample
9	Year of Sample
10	TOTAL Volume ml
11	BAG Volume ml
12	BAG Number
13	VDR
14	Master Sample Number
15-25	Alpha Remarks
26-35	Unused