

STRESS CONCENTRATION FACTORS FOR CIRCULAR,
REINFORCED PENETRATIONS IN
PRESSURIZED CYLINDRICAL SHELLS

A Dissertation

Presented to

the Faculty of the School of Engineering and Applied Science
University of Virginia

In Partial Fulfillment

of the Requirements for the Degree
Doctor of Philosophy (Civil Engineering)

By

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ABSTRACT

The effect on stresses in a cylindrical shell with a circular penetration subject to internal pressure has been investigated. The research is limited to thin, shallow, linearly elastic cylindrical shells; however, some comparisons are made to thick shell experimental measurements. Results provide numerical predictions of peak stress concentration factors around nonreinforced and reinforced penetrations in pressurized cylindrical shells. Analytical results are correlated with published formulas, as well as theoretical and experimental results. An accuracy study is made of the finite element program for each of the configurations considered important in pressure vessel technology.

A formula is developed to predict the peak stress concentration factor (SCF) for analysis and/or design in conjunction with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Divisions 1 and 2. The formula is rationally derived to include all of the parameters that are required to define the various penetration configurations used in pressure vessel analysis, design, and construction. The accuracy of the empirical formula is determined by comparing to numerical, theoretical, and experimental data. In most cases, it is shown that the ASME Pressure Vessel Code SCF of 3.3 is extremely conservative.

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LIST OF SYMBOLS

A_j	multi-point constraint coefficient
$A_{\text{hole}}, A_{\text{pad}}, A_{\text{reinf.}}$	cross sectional areas
D	$ET^3/12 (1 - \nu^2)$
E	modulus of elasticity
F	force vector
j	degree of freedom
K	stiffness matrix
M_y, M_{xy}, M_x	moments in plate element
P, p	pressure
R	cylindrical shell mid radius
t, t_p, T, TH	pipe, pad, shell, and shell or pipe thicknesses
u	system displacement vector
V_x, V_y	shears in plate element
w	radial shell deflection
X, Y, Z	rectangular coordinates
Z	longitudinal cylindrical coordinate
α	transformation matrix
β^4	$3(1 - \nu^2)/(16)R^2T^2$
β_1^4	$3(1 - \nu_p^2)/(16)R^2T^2$
Δ	deflection

δ	element displacement vector
λ	coefficient in force formula
ν_l, ν_p	Poisson's ratio of shell and pipe
ϕ	rotation angle to locate grid point
ρ	distance to locate grid point
ρ_a	hole radius
ρ_o	pipe mid radius
ρ_p	pad outside radius
σ_m	membrane stress
$\sigma_x, \sigma_y, \tau_{xy}$	stresses in plate element
θ	rotational cylindrical coordinate
Σ	summation symbol

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Statement of the Problem

In a cylindrical shell weakened by a hole, the stress distribution caused by an internal pressure load applied to the shell will differ considerably from that in an unweakened shell. The maximum stress will be much larger if there is a circular hole in the shell than in the case where there is no penetration. This conjecture is suggested immediately by the case of a flat plate weakened by a hole with the plate stretched per unit length in one direction and with one-half of this stretch per unit length in the other direction. The maximum stress is 2.5 times the maximum stress in the solid plate. This factor (2.5) is known as the stress concentration factor (SCF). There is no reason to expect that the SCF is 2.5 for the shell. It depends on the geometry of the shell and the penetration: the curvature parameter of the shell, $\frac{\rho_a^2}{RT}$ (ρ_a being the radius of the hole, which is a circle in the projected shell surface, R is the radius of the middle surface of the cylinder, and T , the shell wall thickness); the ratio of the diameter of the hole or pipe to the radius of the shell; and the ratio of the thickness of the pipe to that of the shell.⁽¹⁾ The

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most important feature of the stress state in the shell near the hole is that bending stresses occur, whereas in the unweakened shell only membrane stresses ($\frac{PR}{T}$ and $\frac{PR}{2T}$) are present.

The loaded hole boundary condition in a pressurized cylindrical shell with a membrane or diaphragm over the hole to contain pressure only has been investigated by many authors. (1,2,3,4,5,6) Another type of loaded hole boundary is the perpendicular intersection of two cylinders - shell and pipe. There are a few isolated numerical solutions (7,8,9,10) and some theoretical investigations. (1,2,11,12) There are many experimental results for both thin and thick shells containing nonreinforced penetrations (pipe only) (13 through 21) and very few for reinforced penetrations - pipe and pad (14,15,17,22,24) and pipe and pads. (23,24)

Also, the ASME Pressure Vessel Code⁽²⁵⁾ requires in a stress or fatigue analysis the stress concentration factor (SCF) to be not less than 3.3 for a "well designed penetration" in a cylindrical shell unless positive evidence is available to the contrary. This evidence usually means a separate analysis to confirm the peak SCF. This factor is primarily needed to obtain peak stresses to perform a fatigue analysis to predict the remaining life at a penetration in the shell or to assure that the peak stress

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around a penetration does not exceed allowable stresses. The need for a more refined and/or a more clearly defined stress concentration factor became apparent in validating the useful life of 91 penetrations in a cylindrical shell⁽³⁸⁾ located in a work/residential area of NASA - Langley Research Center. These penetrations in the shell range in size from 1-inch to 60-inches in diameter. There are a few formulas in the published literature^(2,4,26,27) for a membrane over the hole or a very thin penetration (pipe), but none are applicable for reinforced penetrations in pressurized cylindrical shells.

The author and others were unsuccessful in obtaining any computer answers to an analytical finite element approach to the actual intersection curve of the shell, pipe, and pads boundaries. The compatibility equations for this actual curve, rather than a projected circular curve (uncovered during this study), were not acceptable to the computer program. Also, different coordinate systems for the shell and pipe input descriptions, solution vectors, and output notations were unsuccessful. Therefore, it was decided to abandon the analytical work and to magnetic particle examine and/or rework these penetrations rather than perform the analyses to obtain the refined stress concentration factors. This type of verification (field work in lieu of analysis) is not practical in all cases

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since this shell which contains 91 penetrations is one of 1,600 pressure vessels (6000 pressure components) for which the structural integrity must be verified or validated in a five-year program at NASA - Langley Research Center. Thus, there is a need for a positive and clear definition of a well designed penetration to allow use of the 3.3 SCF or to obtain the appropriate SCF. A "proven" formula to approximate the peak SCF and/or a finite element program to obtain a refined SCF would be invaluable in validating shells, pipes and/or pad(s) configurations.

1.2 Object and Scope

The objective of this study is to determine the effect on stresses in a cylindrical shell with a circular penetration subject to internal pressure. The research is limited to thin, shallow, linearly elastic cylindrical shells; however, some comparisons are made to thick shell experimental measurements. Results from this study provide numerical predictions of the peak stresses around nonreinforced and reinforced penetrations in cylindrical shells. Analytical results are correlated with published formulas, theoretical and experimental results.

The present research also investigates the convergence and accuracy of different finite elements and mesh sizes. Finally, an approximate formula is developed to predict the

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peak stress concentration factor for analysis and/or design in conjunction with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section VIII, Division 1 and 2.⁽²⁵⁾ The formula is rationally derived to include all of the parameters that are required to define the penetrations used in pressure vessel technology. The accuracy of the empirical formula is determined by comparing to numerical, theoretical, and experimental data. Since limited data is available for reinforced penetrations, many different configurations are pursued to supplement the published data to provide the restrictions to the formula. These configurations are modeled utilizing finite elements where compatibility between the cylindrical shell and the pipe/pad(s) are introduced through enforced constraint equations. The configurations investigated are for force and/or pipe around both nonreinforced and reinforced circular penetrations in cylindrical shells subject to internal pressure. For the force case, the penetration is considered to be covered by a diaphragm or membrane that allows the hole edge to deflect and rotate. It also transmits the pressure force to the shell in the form of a uniform transverse shear stress at the hole edge. An automation computer program which punches cards for these configurations for input to a finite element computer program (NASA STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS PROGRAM - NASTRAN⁽²⁸⁾) is utilized.

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CHAPTER II

ANALYSIS

2.1 Matrix Analysis by Finite Element Methods

In the finite element method, it is necessary to obtain a characterization of the stiffness properties of each element in the structure and to relate end nodal displacements to the corresponding forces. This is expressed in the following form:

$$[K]\{u\} = \{F\} \quad (1)$$

where: $[K]$ is the stiffness matrix

$\{u\}$ is the displacement vector

$\{F\}$ is the force vector

The process for generating a computer program of any structure that is composed of many finite elements is to first pick a set of local coordinates convenient for a typical element. The generalized element displacements are $\{S\}$ and forces are $\{F\}$. The displacements $\{S\}$ and stiffness matrix $[K]$ are partitioned corresponding to ends i and j :

$$\begin{bmatrix} K_{ii} & K_{ij} \\ K_{ji} & K_{jj} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} S_i \\ S_j \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} F_i \\ F_j \end{Bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

In the process of connecting elements, it is found that one element's local coordinates are not the same as those for another element. Therefore, a set of system coordinates is chosen that is convenient for a system of elements and the local coordinate points are numbered (points 1, 2, 3, ...).

A systematic numbering process for the node points and members is chosen. The stiffness K_{ij} for each element is calculated in local coordinates where i and j refer to the end points of each element.

If the system coordinates or displacements are called $\{u\}$, the transformation from an element's coordinates to a system's coordinates is accomplished by a transformation matrix, $[\alpha]$. That is:

$$\{S\} = [\alpha] \{u\} \quad (3)$$

The stiffness of the element is transformed to system coordinates by use of Equations (3), (2), and (1).

$$[\bar{K}] = [\alpha]^T [K] [\alpha] \quad (4)$$

Consider several elements that are connected. The next step is to generate the master stiffness matrix $[K_{ij}]_M$ by summing all member stiffnesses in system coordinates. ⁽²⁹⁾

The compatibility equations for required coordinate points are introduced through multipoint constraint (MPC)

equations of the form:

$$\sum A_j u_j = 0 \quad (5)$$

where: A is the coefficient

u is the point

j is the degree of freedom

Thus, the stiffness matrix, force, and displacement vectors are modified by this degree of freedom link for each MPC Equation (5) at each grid point. (30)

After the compatibility equations are satisfied, the boundary conditions (displacements of the structure) are enforced through single-point constraints (SPC). Finally, the system applied external forces {F} are identified and the equation:

$$[K]_R \{u\}_R = \{F\}_R \quad (6)$$

is solved.

2.2 Formulation of the Problem

Consider a flat rectangular plate of thickness T containing a circular hole of radius ρ_a with its edges parallel to axes Y', Z' of the circular hole. A material point or finite element grid point within the plate may be located through cylindrical coordinates (ρ, ϕ, X) defined through

$$Y' = \rho \sin \phi, Z' = \rho \cos \phi \quad (7)$$

Suppose that the plane $Y' Z'$ is now rolled into a circular cylindrical shell in such a way that the Z' -axis becomes a generator of the cylinder and Y' a circular arc denoted by Y (see Figure 2.2.1). If R is the radius of the middle surface of the shell and θ the angle in any normal cross section of the cylinder measured from the $Y=0$ plane in the positive direction of the Y -axis, then the following relationships are obtained to define the finite elements and grid points (see Figure 2.2.2):

$$\begin{aligned} Y' &= Y = R\theta \\ R &= R \\ \theta &= \text{Arc sin} \left(\frac{\rho \sin \phi}{R} \right) \\ Z' &= Z = \rho \cos \phi \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

Consider that this same configuration - main (lower) shell (shown in Figure 2.2.1) with mid-surface radius R - is intersected by a branch (upper) shell with mid-surface radius ρ_0 and thickness t , ($\rho_0 = \rho_a + t/2$), see Figure 2.2.3. The axis of the branch shell is normal to the axis of the main shell. Both shells are considered to be infinite in length and capped at their ends. Finally, consider that these two circular cylindrical

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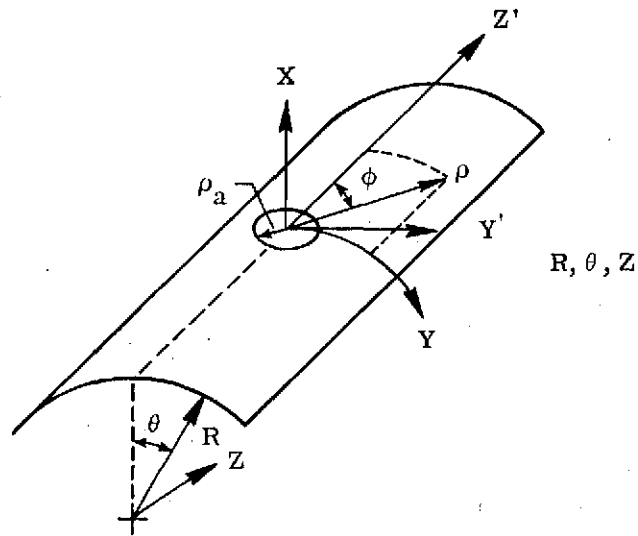


Figure 2.2.1.- Coordinate system for a cylindrical shell with hole.

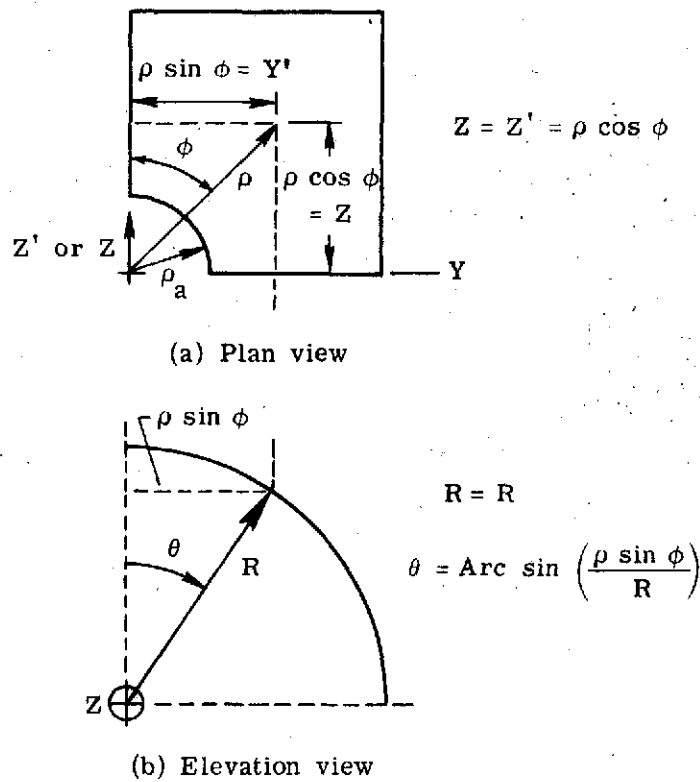


Figure 2.2.2.- Relationships used to define finite elements.

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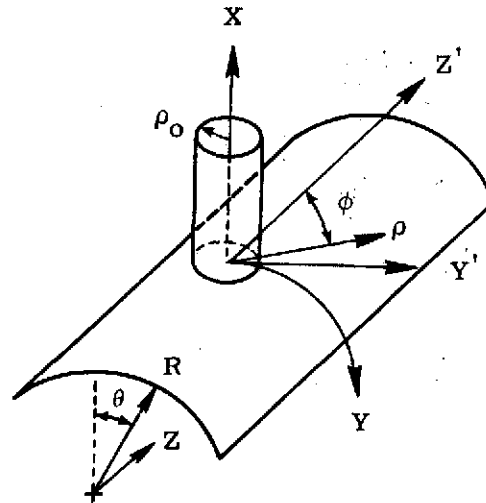


Figure 2.2.3.- Intersecting circular cylinders (pipe and shell).

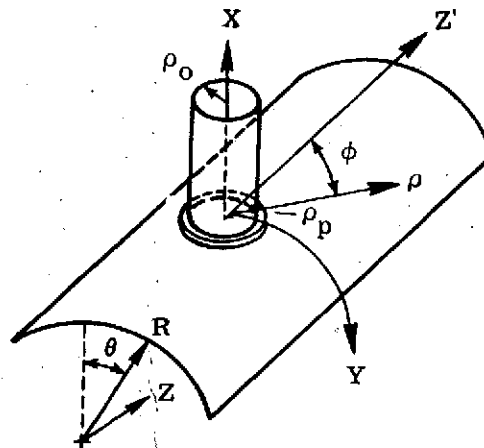


Figure 2.2.4.- Intersecting circular cylinders with reinforcing pad(s).

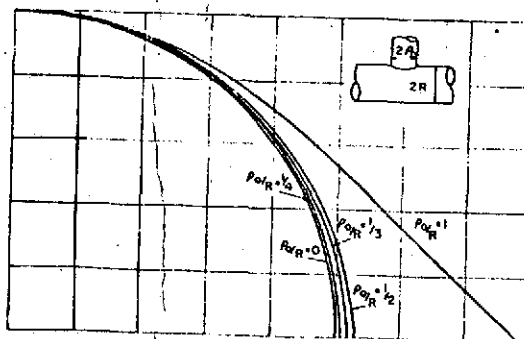


Figure 2.3.1.- Intersection curve of small cylinder with large cylinder when rolled out flat for various values of ρ_0/R .

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shells with mid-surface radii ρ_0 and R are complicated by the addition of one or two reinforcing pads with outside radius ρ_p and thickness t_p (see Figure 2.2.4). The location of the finite elements through grid points for a projected circular hole in a cylindrical shell with a pipe and pad(s) is governed by Equations (8).

2.3 Introduction of Compatibility Equations

The solution of these problems requires the matching of certain physical quantities (compatibility equations) along the intersection curve of the two shells and pad(s). When expressed in the cylindrical coordinate system, the intersection curve is of a very complex nature. Due to the difficulty of solving boundary value problems in which the boundaries are not situated on constant coordinate curves, the intersection curve can be approximated by ρ_a , ρ_0 , and ρ_p equal to some constants, whenever ρ_0/R is small. Figure 2.3.1, indicates the error involved in this approximation when the lower shell surface is developed onto a plane.⁽¹¹⁾ It can be seen that the actual intersection curve does not differ appreciably from a circle, providing

$$\frac{\rho_0}{R} \leq 1/2 \quad . \quad (9)$$

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Therefore, the actual hole boundary is assumed to be circular, identical to that of a projected view of the penetration.

The compatibility equations for a pipe and shell configuration (Figure 2.2.3) are introduced through MPC Equations (5). The six equations for each grid point for both the shell and the pipe at the pipe and shell juncture at ρ_0 are as follows (Δ is deflection and θ is rotation):

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta_R^{\text{pipe}} - \Delta_R^{\text{shell}} &= 0 \\
 \Delta_\theta^{\text{pipe}} - \Delta_\theta^{\text{shell}} - \frac{T}{2} \theta_Z^{\text{shell}} &= 0 \\
 \Delta_Z^{\text{pipe}} - \Delta_Z^{\text{shell}} - \frac{T}{2} (-\theta_\theta^{\text{shell}}) &= 0 \\
 \theta_R^{\text{pipe}} - \theta_R^{\text{shell}} &= 0 \\
 \theta_\theta^{\text{pipe}} - \theta_\theta^{\text{shell}} &= 0 \\
 \theta_Z^{\text{pipe}} - \theta_Z^{\text{shell}} &= 0
 \end{aligned} \tag{10}$$

where the subscript is the degree of freedom of the grid point. For the finite element analysis, the independent degrees of freedom are those for the shell, and the dependent degrees of freedom are those for the pipe. The superscript in Equations (10) denotes whether the degree of freedom represents the pipe or shell.

The compatibility equations for a "pipe-shell-inner pad" configuration (Figure 2.2.4) are as follows:

1. Pipe-to-shell juncture (ρ_o): Equations (10)
2. Inner pad (ip) to shell junctures for each grid point at both ρ_a and ρ_p :

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta_R^{ip} - \Delta_R^{shell} &= 0 \\
 \Delta_\theta^{ip} - \Delta_\theta^{shell} - \frac{(T+t_{ip})}{2} (-\theta_Z^{shell}) &= 0 \\
 \Delta_Z^{ip} - \Delta_Z^{shell} - \frac{(T+t_{ip})}{2} \theta_\theta^{shell} &= 0 \quad (11) \\
 \theta_R^{ip} - \theta_R^{shell} &= 0 \\
 \theta_\theta^{ip} - \theta_\theta^{shell} &= 0 \\
 \theta_Z^{ip} - \theta_Z^{shell} &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

The compatibility equations for a "pipe-shell-outer pad(op)" configuration for each grid point at locations ρ_o for the pipe and ρ_a and ρ_p for outer pad are as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Delta_R^{pipe} - \Delta_R^{shell} &= 0 \\
 \Delta_\theta^{pipe} - \Delta_\theta^{shell} - \left(\frac{T}{2} + t_{op}\right) \theta_Z^{shell} &= 0 \quad (12a) \\
 \Delta_Z^{pipe} - \Delta_Z^{shell} + \left(\frac{T}{2} + t_{op}\right) \theta_\theta^{shell} &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_R^{\text{pipe}} - \theta_R^{\text{shell}} = 0$$

$$\theta_\theta^{\text{pipe}} - \theta_\theta^{\text{shell}} = 0 \quad (12a)$$

$$\theta_Z^{\text{pipe}} - \theta_Z^{\text{shell}} = 0$$

$$\Delta_R^{\text{op}} - \Delta_R^{\text{shell}} = 0$$

$$\Delta_\theta^{\text{op}} - \Delta_\theta^{\text{shell}} - \left(\frac{T+t_{\text{op}}}{2}\right) \theta_Z^{\text{shell}} = 0$$

$$\Delta_Z^{\text{op}} - \Delta_Z^{\text{shell}} + \left(\frac{T+t_{\text{op}}}{2}\right) \theta_\theta^{\text{shell}} = 0 \quad (12b)$$

$$\theta_R^{\text{op}} - \theta_R^{\text{shell}} = 0$$

$$\theta_\theta^{\text{op}} - \theta_\theta^{\text{shell}} = 0$$

$$\theta_Z^{\text{op}} - \theta_Z^{\text{shell}} = 0$$

The compatibility equations for a "pipe-shell-outer and inner pads" configuration are identical to Equations (11) and (12). Each of these equations is provided as enforced constraints to every shell, pipe, and pad(s) connecting grid point.

2.4 Structural Analysis Computer Program

The finite element method is a modern, computer-orient-

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ed approach to the analysis of structures. One of its principal advantages is its complete generality. This versatility makes it possible to consider arbitrary geometries, support conditions, loadings, and variations of material properties within the structures. The principal limitation is the cost of operation. The cost is incurred both in the time required to prepare the input data describing the finite idealization of the structure and its loading, and in the computer time required to obtain the solution. The process for generating the complete finite element computer program is described in Chapter II, Section 2.1.

The finite element computer program utilized in this study is the latest NASA STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS (NASTRAN) version - level 15.5.1. Structural elements are provided for specific representation of more common types of construction including rods, beams, shear panels, and plates. The range of analyses that can be solved include static, elastic stability, and dynamic structural problems. NASTRAN has been specifically designed to treat large problems with many degrees of freedom. Computation procedures in NASTRAN were selected to provide the maximum obtainable efficiency for large problems. NASTRAN uses a finite element model, wherein the distributed physical properties of a structure are represented by the elements interconnecting at the grid points. Loads are applied

either at grid points or on the elements for which displacements are calculated. (30)

The system displacements $\{u\}$ in Equations (1), (3), (5), and (6) locate individual grid or node points which schematically represent the structure. The structure is approximated by connecting these grid points with the proper elements (rods, bars, beams, and plates) which best describe the individual shapes and the overall configuration to be analyzed. In the process of connecting the elements to the grids, material and geometrical properties (areas, moments of inertia, modulus of elasticity, Poisson's ratio) for each element can be identified. By organizing all of the grids, elements, and properties in the form acceptable to NASTRAN, or other general purpose finite element computer programs, the stiffness matrix $[K]$ in Equations (1), (2), (4) and (6) can be generated in the computation process. The loads $\{F\}$ that apply to each element and/or discrete grid points can be identified, and the cards generated.

Triangular and quadrilateral elements with both inplane and bending stiffness are used in this study. The NASTRAN (level 15) numerical results were calculated using Langley Research Center's CDC-6000 series computers. Also, HP-9810 programmable desk top calculator was used to assist in interpreting the data and to automate the empirical formula

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developed. The approximate number of degrees of freedom required to model the different configurations in this study are as follows: shell, 1500; pipe, 300; and pad, 300. Once the displacements $\{u\}$, Equation (6), are determined, internal element stresses are obtained. Finally, inside and outside surface stresses for each element in the structure are computed by NASTRAN from these internal stresses (membrane stress + bending stress). A shell, pipe, and two pad configuration (modeled with 2400 degrees of freedom) is presented in Appendix A.

With regard to the cost of preparing the finite element program input data previously described, it is quite likely that this will exceed the cost of the computer operation in most cases. In any numerical computer method, the characterization process of a structure can be tedious and time-consuming. A major part of the cost of data preparation is spent in eliminating errors in the extensive tables of numbers required to describe the idealization. The extent of the input process can only be minimized by the use of automation. In order that the finite element method may be used effectively as a research, analysis, or design tool, it is essential that automatic mesh generation programs be developed which will define the idealizations of arbitrary shell geometries. Of similar importance to the practical use of such programs is automatic plotting

to present the configuration and results in a readily usable format.

A computer program to "automatically" punch input cards in the format acceptable to NASTRAN was developed. This program generates the input for shell, pipe, and pads: grid, element, load, compatibility, and boundary condition cards. The cards punched from this program are input to NASTRAN for solving the inside and outside surface element stresses. Many configurations were solved (presented in Chapter V) in order to obtain trend data and comparative results. As a spin-off of the NASTRAN program, plots can be obtained for pictorial or presentation purposes and as a debugging tool. Sample plots are shown in Figures 2.4.1, 2.4.2, and 2.4.3.

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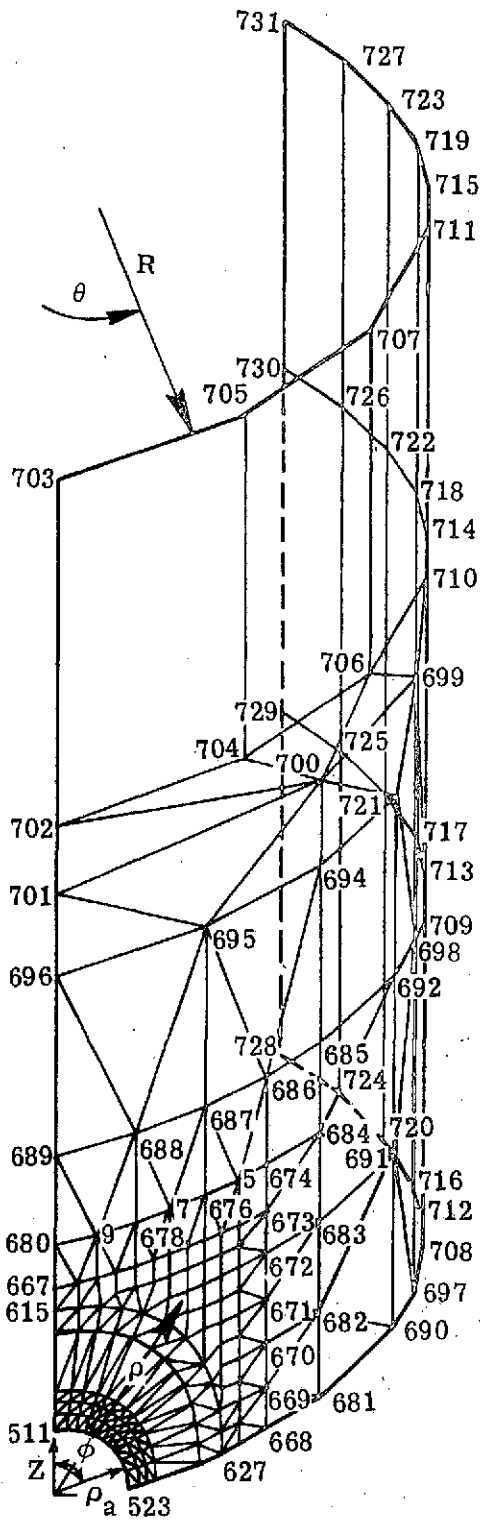


Figure 2.4.1.- Nonreinforced hole in cylindrical shell.

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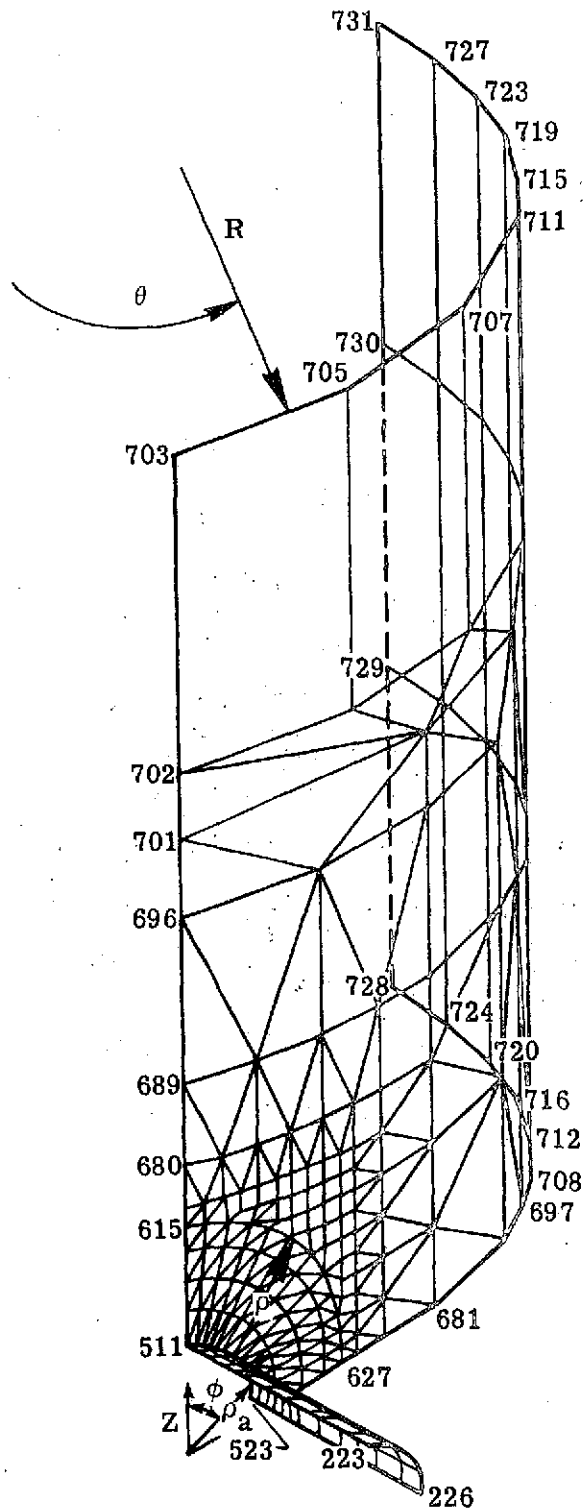


Figure 2.4.2.- Nonreinforced hole in cylindrical shells.

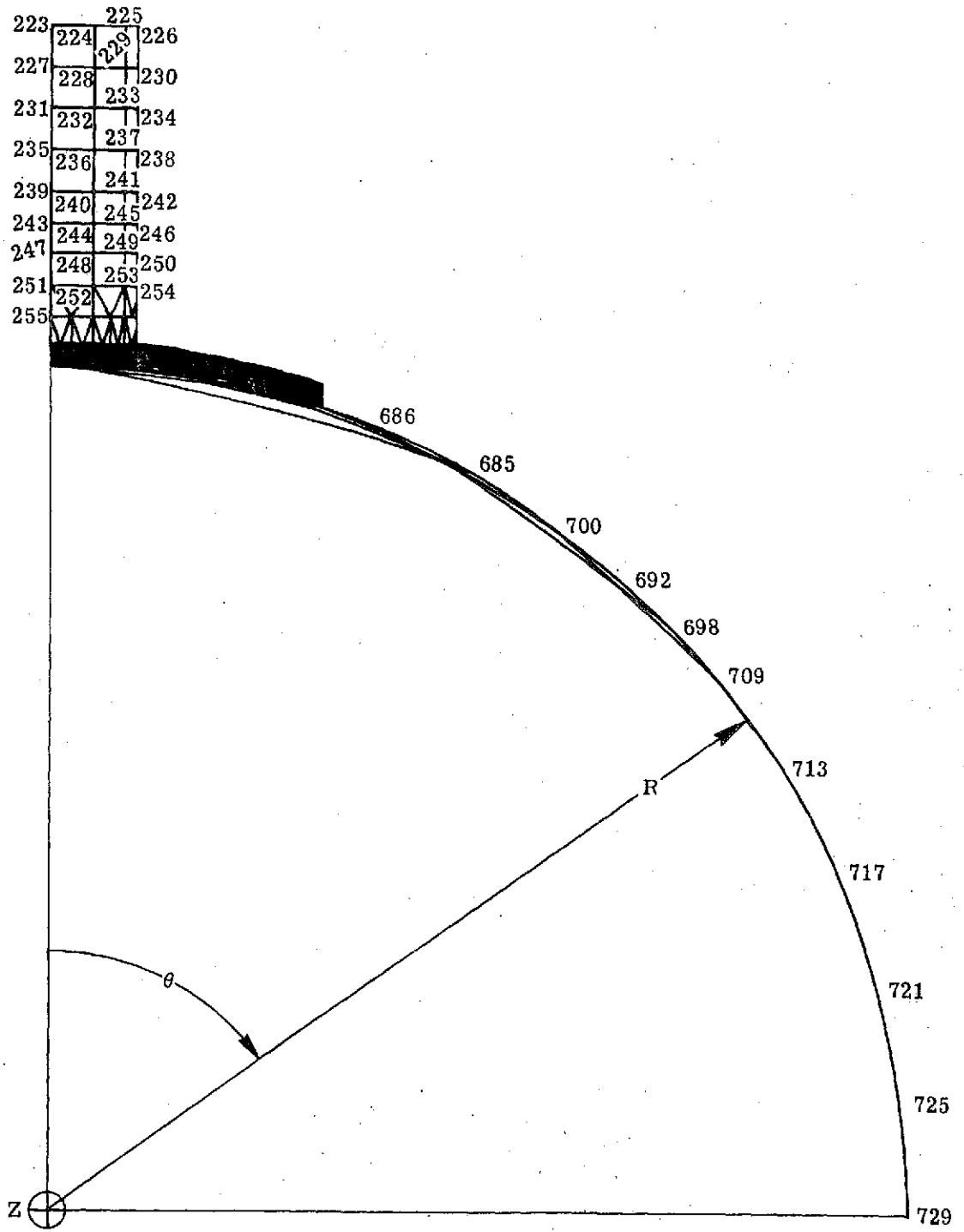


Figure 2.4.3.- Pipe and bottom pad reinforced hole in cylindrical shell.

CHAPTER III

ACCURACY STUDY

3.1 Introduction

In the finite element analysis of any structure, a first requirement is the idealization of the structure. For example, a shell surface (shown in Figure 3.1.1) is divided into a system of appropriately shaped pieces. The individual pieces must be standardized as simple shapes such as triangles, rectangles, or quadrilaterals in order that their stiffness properties may be defined. This requirement imposes a certain degree of approximation in idealizing the geometry of shells: a curved boundary will usually be represented as a series of straight line segments. In general, this boundary approximation is not severe, and it can be reduced to any desired error limit by reducing the size of the elements.

The most important approximation is in the shell behavior assumption itself. If the shell is treated as a two-dimensional surface rather than as a three-dimensional solid, this implies certain assumptions and limitations. For example, in the Kirchhoff theory, it is assumed that stresses in the direction normal to the shell surface are small compared to membrane stresses, and lines normal to the surface are assumed to remain normal and unstrained

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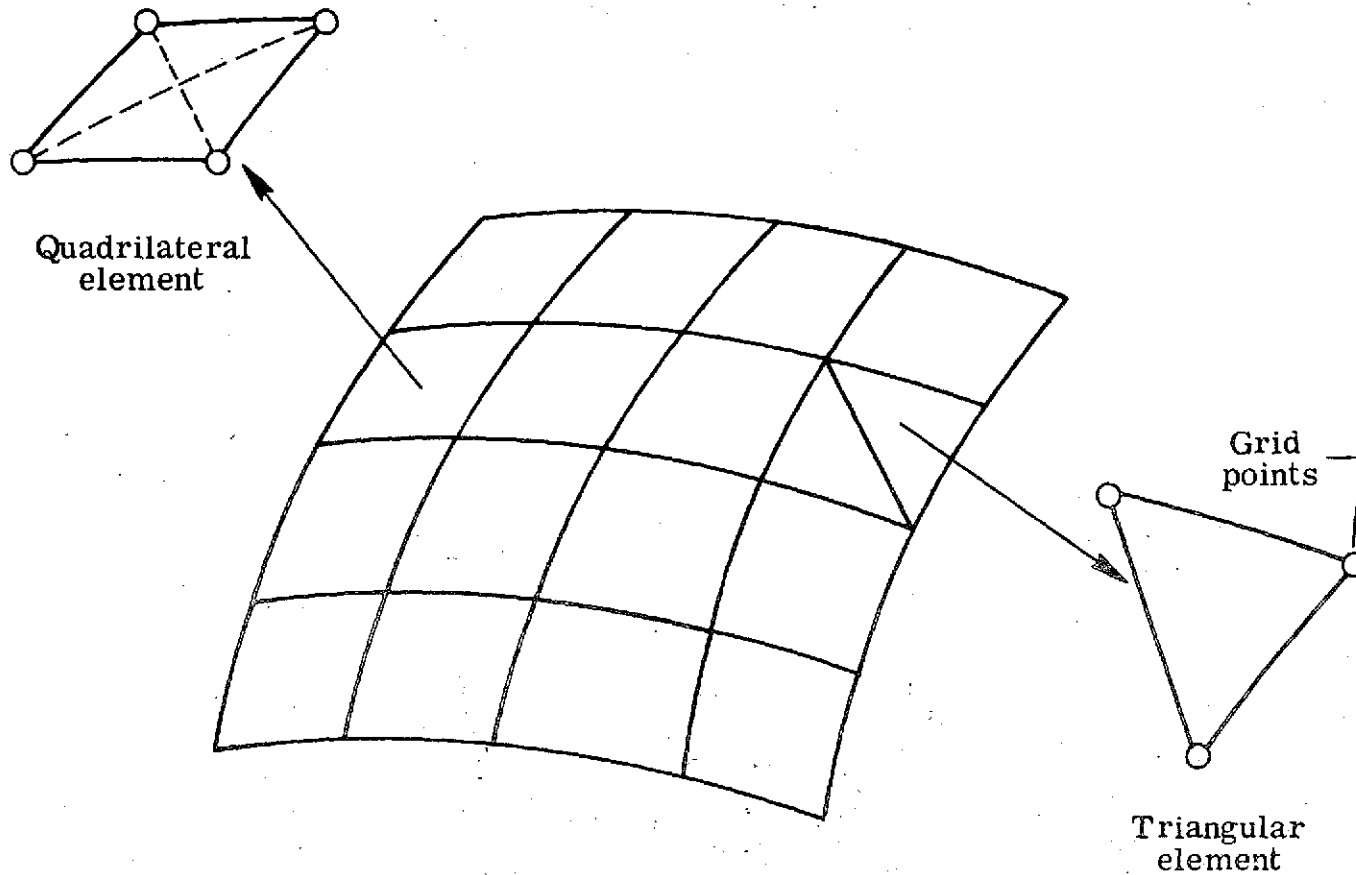


Figure 3.1.1.- Discretized shell.

during deformation. Approximations of this type are not a special feature of the finite element solution but are inherent in any shell theory. Another common approximation, in addition to the straight line segment representation of boundaries, is that the elements connecting grid points are flat surfaces or a group of several flat surfaces. The great advantage of this assumption is that the membrane and bending stiffness properties of the individual flat plates are uncoupled. The coupling, which is characteristic of shell behavior, is developed only in the assemblage of the flat plates into an approximation of the curved shell surface. (31)

3.2 Types of Finite Elements

The nature of the finite element approximation is such that the analytical results generally converge toward the true solution as the finite element mesh size is refined. Other factors in the convergence criteria are the number of grid points specified for each element, type of elements, and primarily, the number of degrees of freedom (DOF) at each grid. The Kirchhoff theory takes account of five DOF (3 translations and 2 rotations about axes tangent to the shell surface). Most shell elements make use of these same 5 DOF at each grid.

The finite elements employed in the discretized shell

in Figure 3.1.1 are both planar triangles and quadrilaterals assembled from 4 planar triangles. The forces and stresses on these elements are shown in Figure 3.2.1⁽³⁰⁾ The membrane stiffness of the triangular element is represented by the well-known constant strain triangle and shown in Figure 3.2.2. The components of displacement, u and v , are parallel to the local coordinate system (element X and Y axes). The bending property based on cubic displacement patterns is given by a fully compatible plate bending element, a Clough bending triangle.⁽³²⁾ This triangle is formed by subdividing it into three basic bending triangles as shown in Figure 3.2.3. The X-axis of each sub-triangle corresponds with an exterior edge, so that continuity of slope and deflection with surrounding Clough triangles is assured. The added grid point in the center is like the other grid points in that equilibrium of forces and compatibility of displacements are required at the center point. In addition, the rotations parallel to the internal boundaries at their midpoints, points 5, 6 and 7, are constrained to be continuous across the boundaries. The equations for slopes in the basic triangles contain quadratic and lower order terms, and since the normal slopes along interior boundaries are constrained to be equal at three points (both ends and the middle), it follows that slope continuity is satisfied along the whole boundary. Displacement continuity on all

Structural modeling

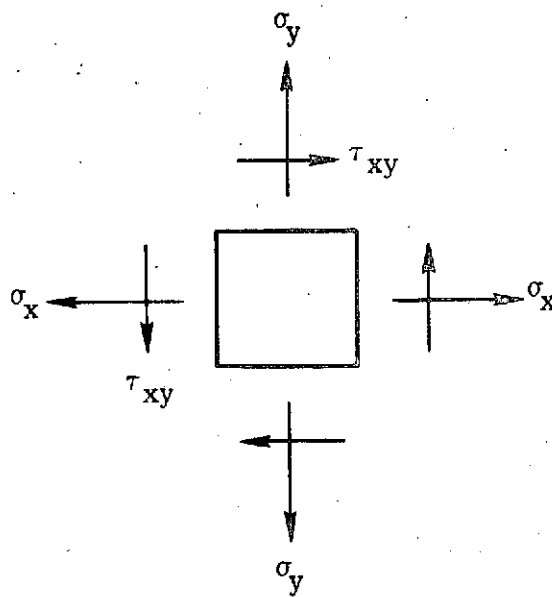
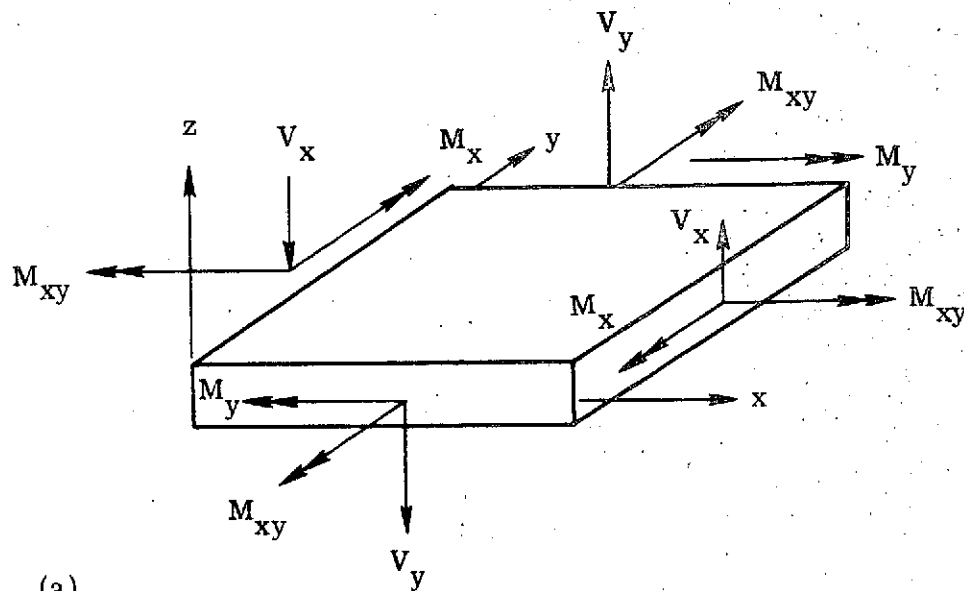


Figure 3.2.1.- Forces and stresses in plate elements.

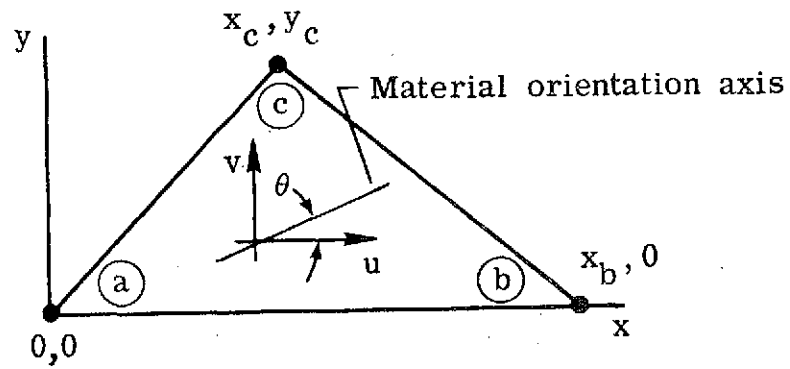


Figure 3.2.2.- Triangular membrane element.

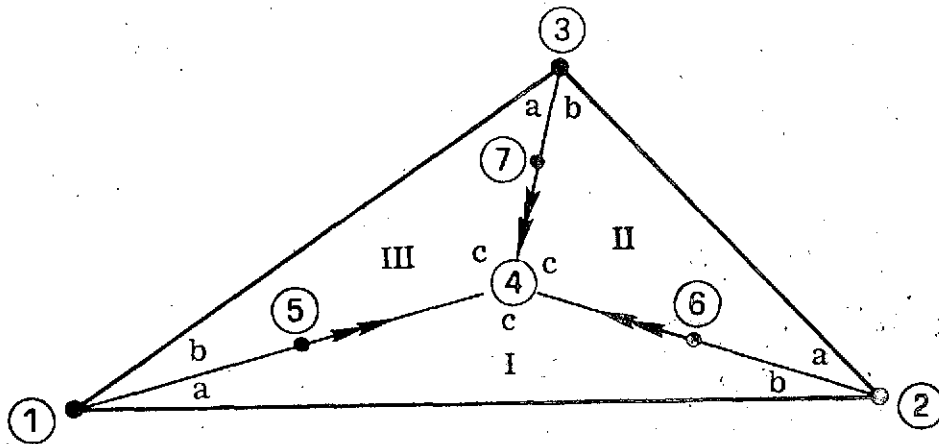


Figure 3.2.3.- Clough bending triangle.

boundaries is automatically satisfied when the displacement function contains only cubic and lower order terms. Thus, complete continuity of slope and displacement on all interior and exterior boundaries is assured for the Clough triangle.

The Clough triangle is superimposed with a membrane triangle to form triangular elements with both membrane and bending stiffness. Therefore, this triangular element has 5 DOF at each corner, 2 deriving from membrane displacements and 3 from the bending. The quadrilateral plate was developed to provide improved membrane strain behavior while retaining the basic 5 DOF per grid system. It is formed as 4 planar triangles as shown in Figure 3.2.4 plus 3.2.5, with the grids modeling the shell midsurface. Each triangle has one-half of the bending, stiffness or one-half of the thickness (membrane) assigned to the quadrilateral element. Since four points, in general, do not lie in a plane, care must be taken to ensure equilibrium and compatibility. Rather than try to define a warped surface, an averaging process is used on the noncoplanar membrane triangles. The bending element uses two sets of overlapping basic bending triangles. Since coupling between membrane stiffness and bending stiffness is not, at present, included in NASTRAN, quadrilateral elements with both membrane and bending properties are treated by simple superposition of their

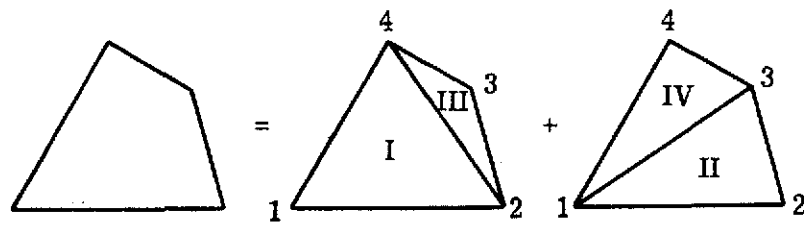


Figure 3.2.4.- Quadrilateral membrane element.

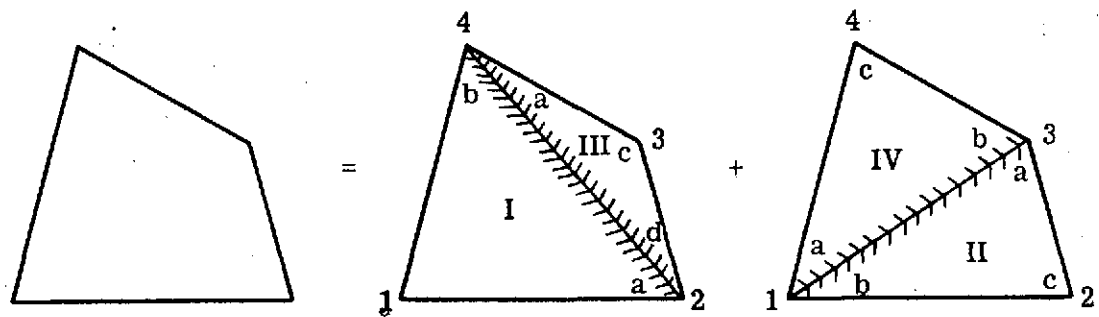


Figure 3.2.5.- Quadrilateral bending element.

membrane and bending stiffness matrices. The following NASTRAN elements are the ones used in this research:

1. TRIA 2 - The triangular element with both inplane and bending stiffness.
2. QUAD 2 - A quadrilateral element similar to TRIA 2.

3.3 Shell

In this section, consideration is given to the accuracy obtained with different mesh sizes and the two types of elements (TRIA 2 and QUAD 2) used to obtain the peak stress concentration factor for a pressurized cylindrical shell with a circular hole, Figure 2.2.1. A quarter of the shell is chosen as the model: shell radius, R ; length, $\geq 2R$; and the hole radius, ρ_a . A typical finite element model is shown in Figure 3.3.1. If the element size or general mesh geometry is too large at discontinuities (such as a penetration), the structure will be "too stiff". The finite element approximations to peak stress concentration factors will be below the correct answer. This model provides a gradual transition of large to small elements as the hole opening is approached. Since the "radial" section is the easiest to generate or modify, different mesh arrangements and elements will be used to compare the accuracy of peak stress concentration factors (SCF) to "exact" solutions.

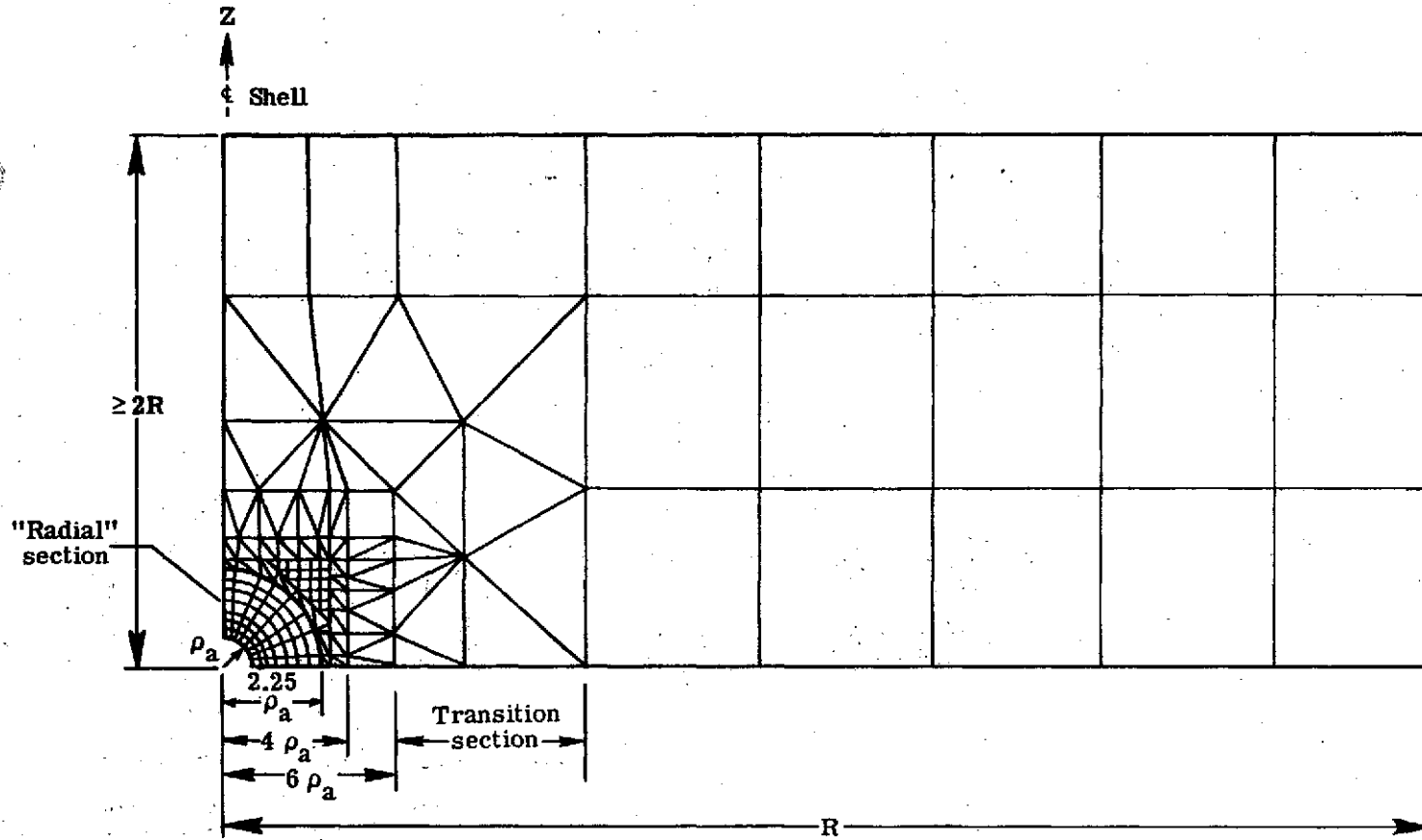


Figure 3.3.1.- Typical plan view of a finite element model of a cylindrical shell with a circular hole.

The rectangular arrangement of quadrilateral (RQ) elements of the "radial" section is shown to a larger scale in Figure 3.3.2. The right (RDT) and left (LDT) diagonal arrangements of triangular elements for the "radial" section are shown in Figures 3.3.3 and 3.3.4, respectively. A refined version (additional grid points) of left diagonal triangular (RLDT) elements is shown in Figure 3.3.5. The triangularizing of only the first element in the rectangular arrangement of quadrilateral (1TRQ) elements is shown in Figure 3.3.6. These code names for identifying the articulation arrangements are similar to those used by Melosh.⁽³¹⁾ It should be noted that efforts were pursued in refining these configurations by grouping the same number of grid points very near the hole (see Figure 3.3.7) - all to no avail. Also, results for refining of the RLDT, regardless of the local transition, were in error. This idea of too much local refining is known.⁽³¹⁾ When the elements were smaller than one-half of the shell thickness, the peak SCF oscillated about the "exact" solution.

A summary of the computer runs for peak stress concentration factors for a pressurized cylindrical shell with force around the hole is presented in Table 3.3.1. The units used in this table and throughout this study are in the English or American System (inches and pounds). The RQ radial section model approximates the peak inside SCF

to within -11% (below) of the theoretical or "exact" solution obtained in Reference (3). The approximations for the triangular arrangements (RDT, ITRQ, LDT) are converging to the theoretical solution without local refining (RLDT). Many authors have reported the mid-surface (average) SCF. (1,2,3) Since this is not the peak value, the largest SCF (inside) will be the gauge in the accuracy comparisons to determine the arrangement to use for all other shell/force problems. The LDT (which is much easier to generate) peak inside SCF is slightly more accurate (-1.05% difference) than the RLDT (+1.14% difference). Therefore, the LDT arrangement is the one chosen to obtain the peak SCF results for shell configurations with just a force around the hole.

Table 3.3.1 - Peak SCF For Finite Element Models For A Pressurized Cylindrical Shell With Force Around The Hole: $p_a=13.0$, $R=112.0$, $\nu=0.3$.

RADIAL SECTION DESCRIPTION	T	Peak SCF @ $\phi = 0$ and p_a					
		INSIDE		OUTSIDE		AVG.	
		NASTRAN	% DIFF	NASTRAN	% DIFF	NASTRAN	% DIFF
RQ	1.25	4.997	-10.99	3.108	-16.83	4.053	-13.31
RDT	1.25	5.405	- 3.72	3.395	- 9.15	4.400	- 5.88
ITRQ	1.25	5.479	- 2.41	3.477	- 6.96	4.478	- 4.21
LDT	1.25	5.555	- 1.05	3.554	- 4.90	4.555	- 2.57
RLDT	1.25	5.678	+ 1.14	3.680	- 1.53	4.679	+ 0.09
		"EXACT" REF. (3)	5.614	"EXACT" REF. (3)	3.737	"EXACT" REFERENCES (1,2,3)	4.675

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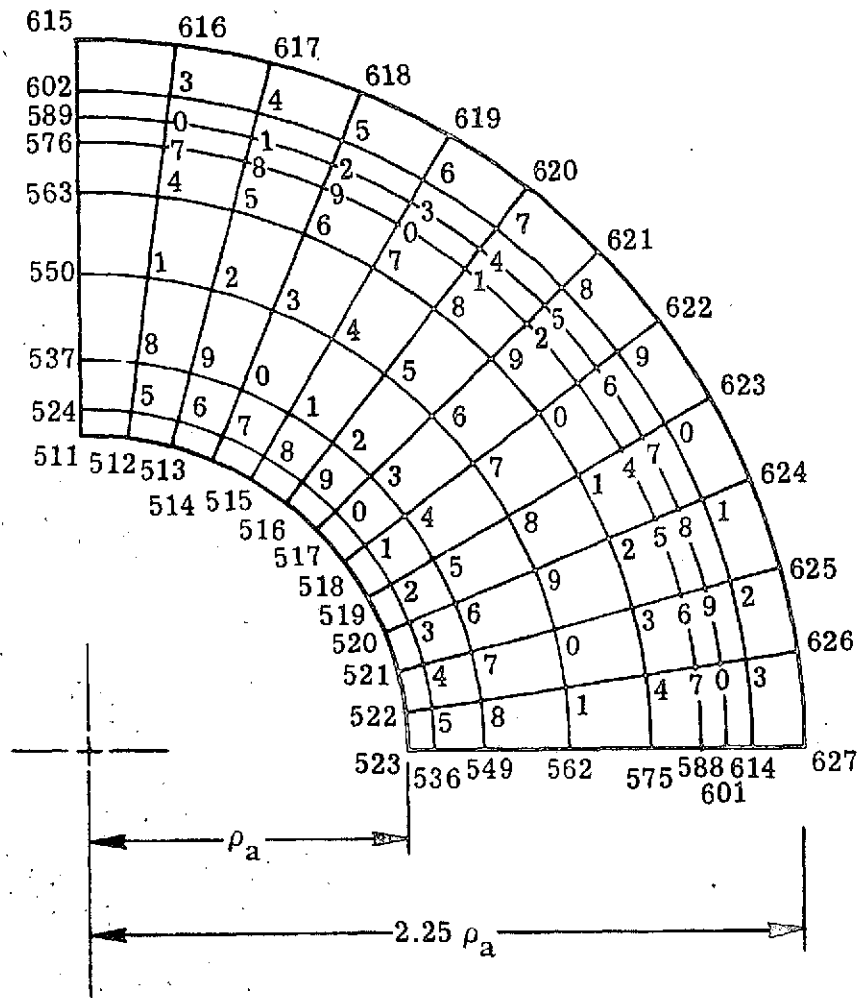


Figure 3.3.2.- Rectangular arrangement of quadrilateral (RQ) elements for "radial" section.

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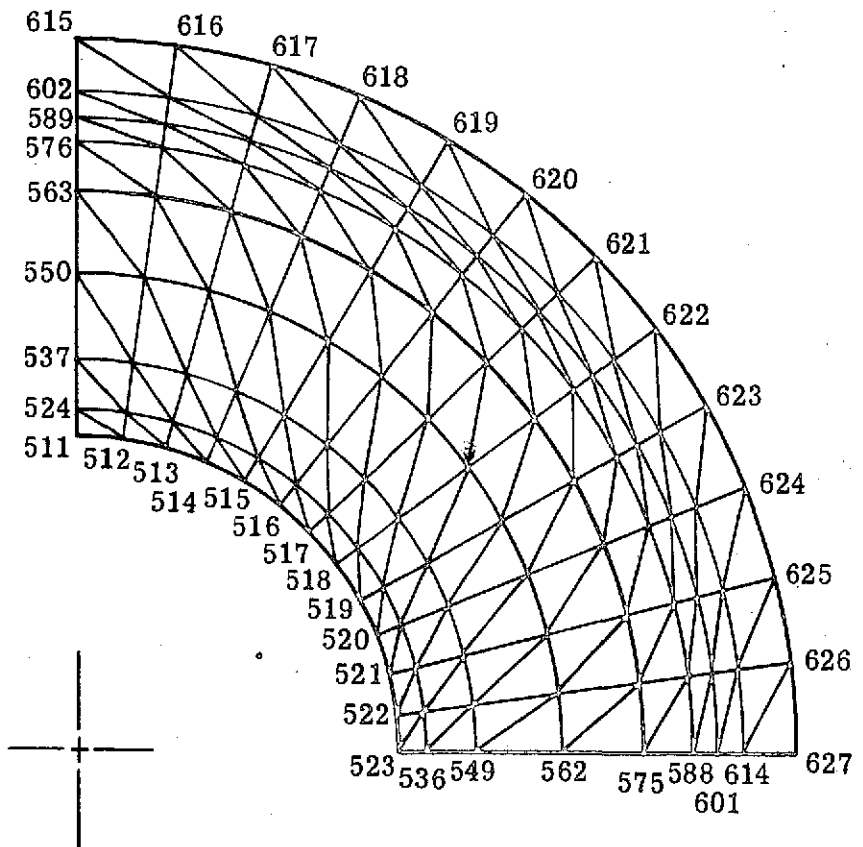


Figure 3.3.3.- Right diagonal arrangement of triangular (RDT) elements for "radial" section.

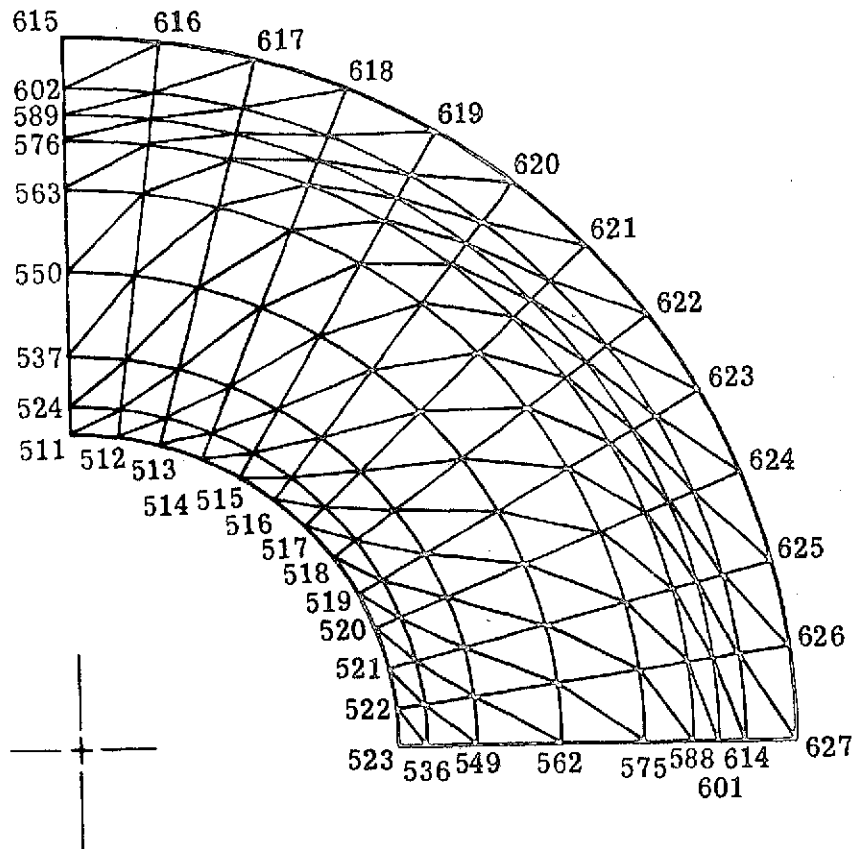


Figure 3.3.4.- Left diagonal arrangement of triangular (LDT) elements for "radial" section.

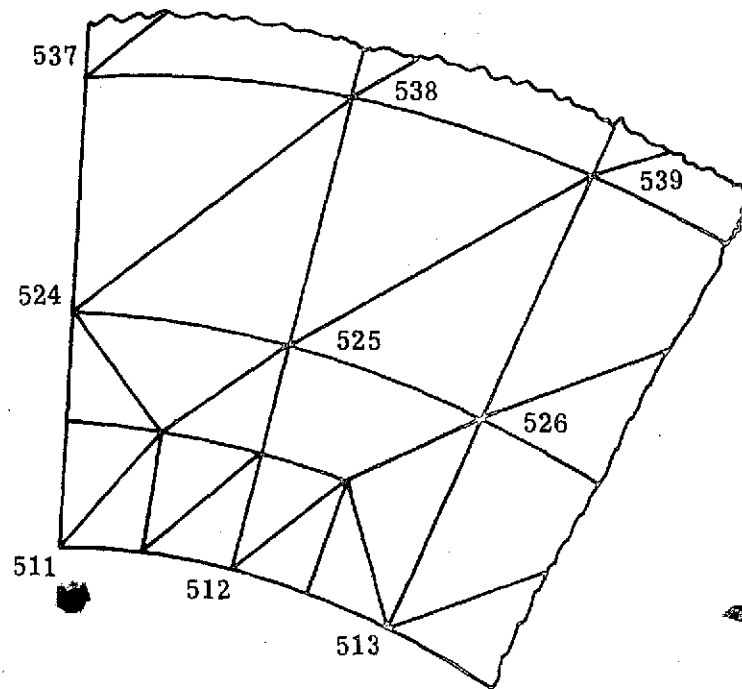


Figure 3.3.5.- Refined left diagonal arrangement of triangular (RLDT) elements.

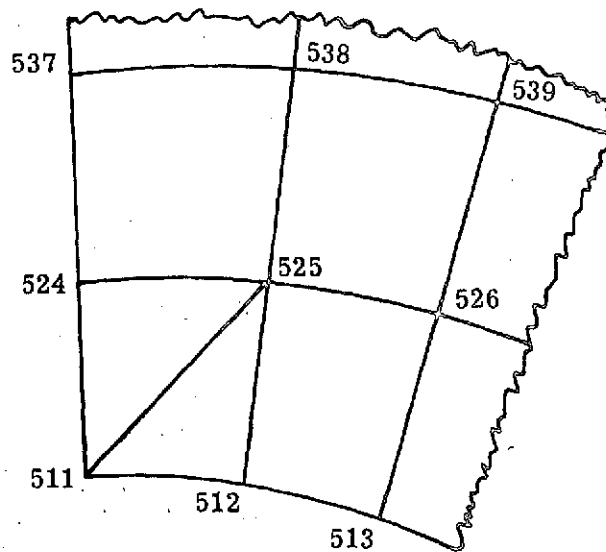


Figure 3.3.6.- First element triangularized in RQ arrangement (ITRQ).

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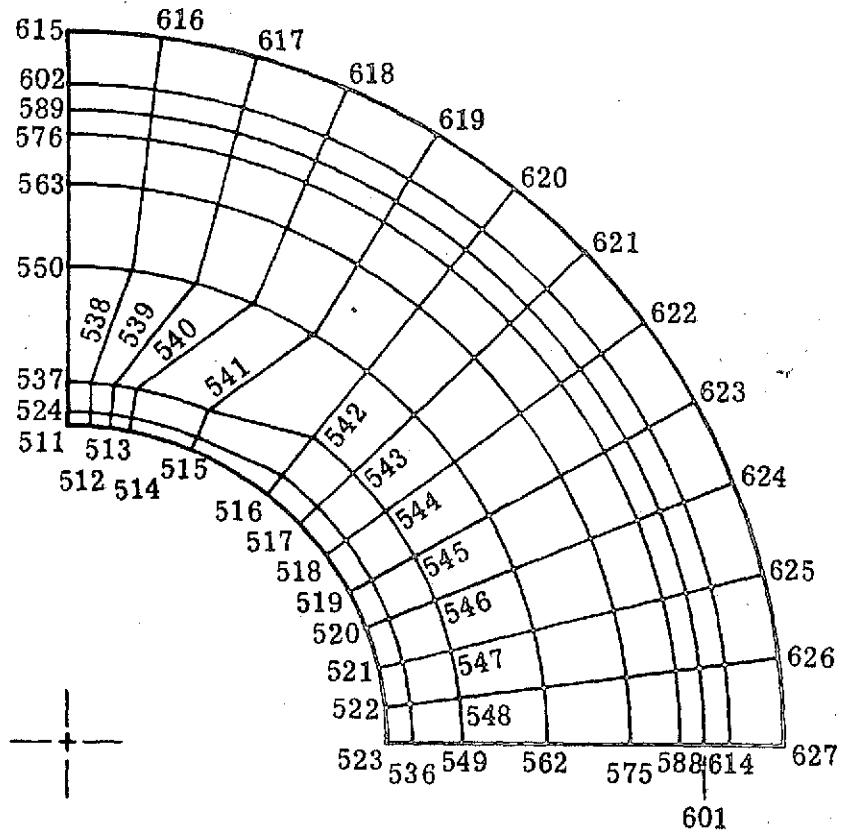


Figure 3.3.7.- Poor approach to refining of "radial" or pad(s) sections.

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3.4 Shell and Pipe

The next configuration to be considered is two intersecting circular cylinders (shell and pipe) as shown in Figure 2.2.3. The same shell models in Section 3.3 are used; therefore, a quarter of the pipe is modeled: hole radius, ρ_a ; pipe radius, ρ_o ; pipe thickness, t ; pipe length, $\geq 2 \rho_a$, and all of the shell parameters previously described. Typical finite element models for a pipe are arranged and shown as follows: rectangular quadrilateral (RQ), Figure 3.4.1; right diagonal triangles (RDT), Figure 3.4.2; and left diagonal triangles (LDT), Figure 3.4.3. The successful implementation of the compatibility equations for the pipe/shell juncture was accomplished by using the following:

1. The θ relationship in Equations (8) and not

$$\theta = 2 \text{ Arc sin } \left(\frac{\rho \sin \phi}{2R} \right) \text{ or}$$

$$\theta = 2 \text{ Arc sin } \left(\frac{\rho_o \sin \phi}{2R} \right),$$
2. The same coordinate system for both the shell and the pipe, and
3. The same coordinate system for input, solution, and output.

A summary of the peak SCF computer solutions for shell and pipe is presented in Table 3.4.1. The finite element

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approximations are converging to the theoretical solutions.^(1,3) For $T = 1.084$, the convergence is as good as the shell problem. For the same reasons, the left diagonal triangular shell and the right diagonal pipe is the configuration used in the numerical NASTRAN results. For comparison purposes, computer results for two other shell thicknesses ($T = 1.25$ and 2.167) for the "simplest" and the chosen configurations are also shown.

Figures 3.4.4 through 3.4.7 show the comparison of the NASTRAN results with experimental and analytical data. The difference between the chosen NASTRAN configuration and the experimental data from that in Cranch⁽¹⁴⁾ is only 8.38%, see Figure 3.4.4. Another example of trend and accuracy is the nozzle-to-cylinder intersection model in Figure 3.4.5. The analysis was performed by Prince and the experimental investigation by the Oak Ridge National Laboratory.⁽⁷⁾ Remarkable accuracy is achieved (-3.95% difference) with a direct trend comparison, see Figures 3.4.6 and 3.4.7. Other examples of experimental data and numerical/analytical findings are presented in the results, Chapter V.

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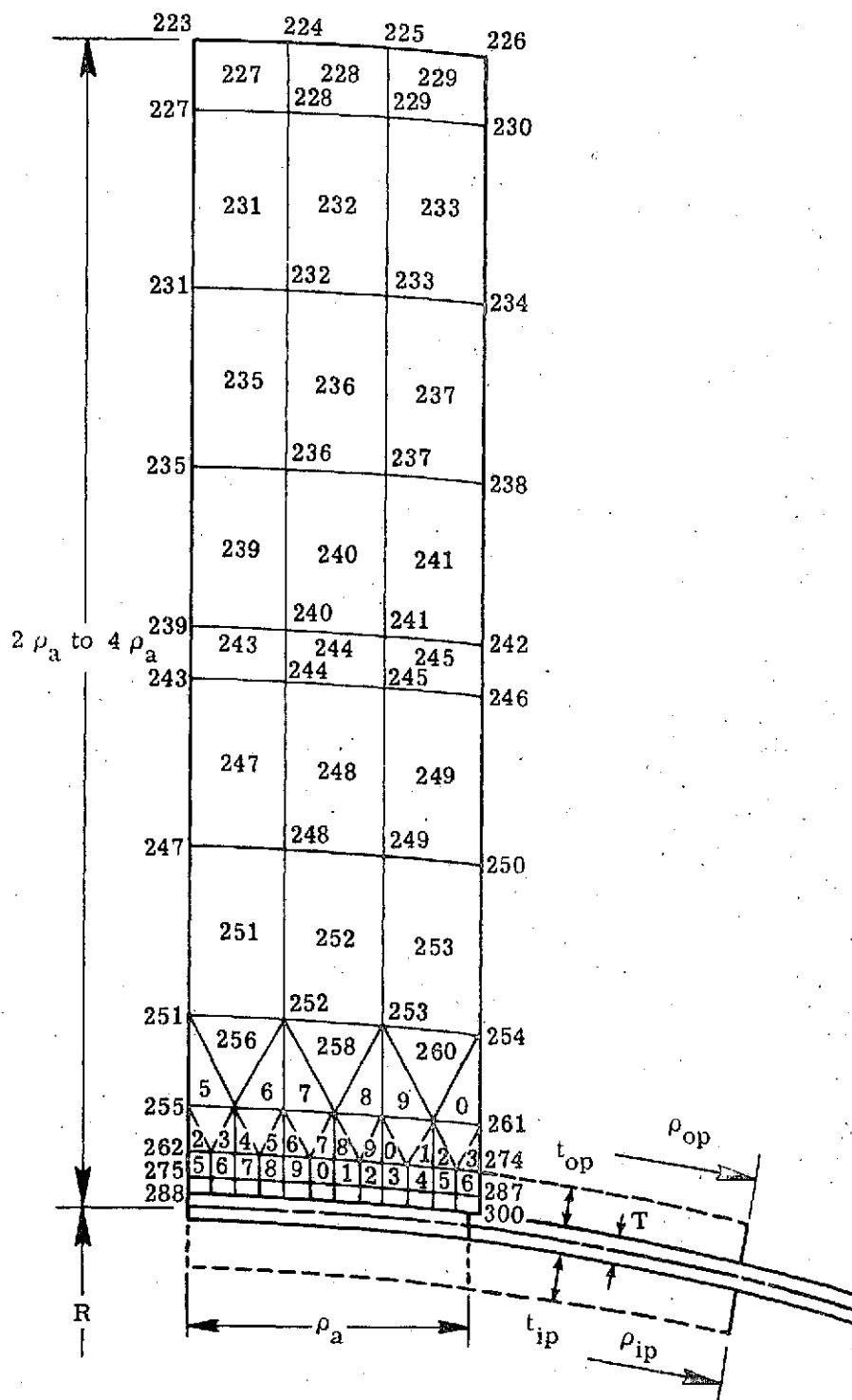


Figure 3.4.1.- Rectangular arrangement of quadrilateral (RQ) elements for pipe.

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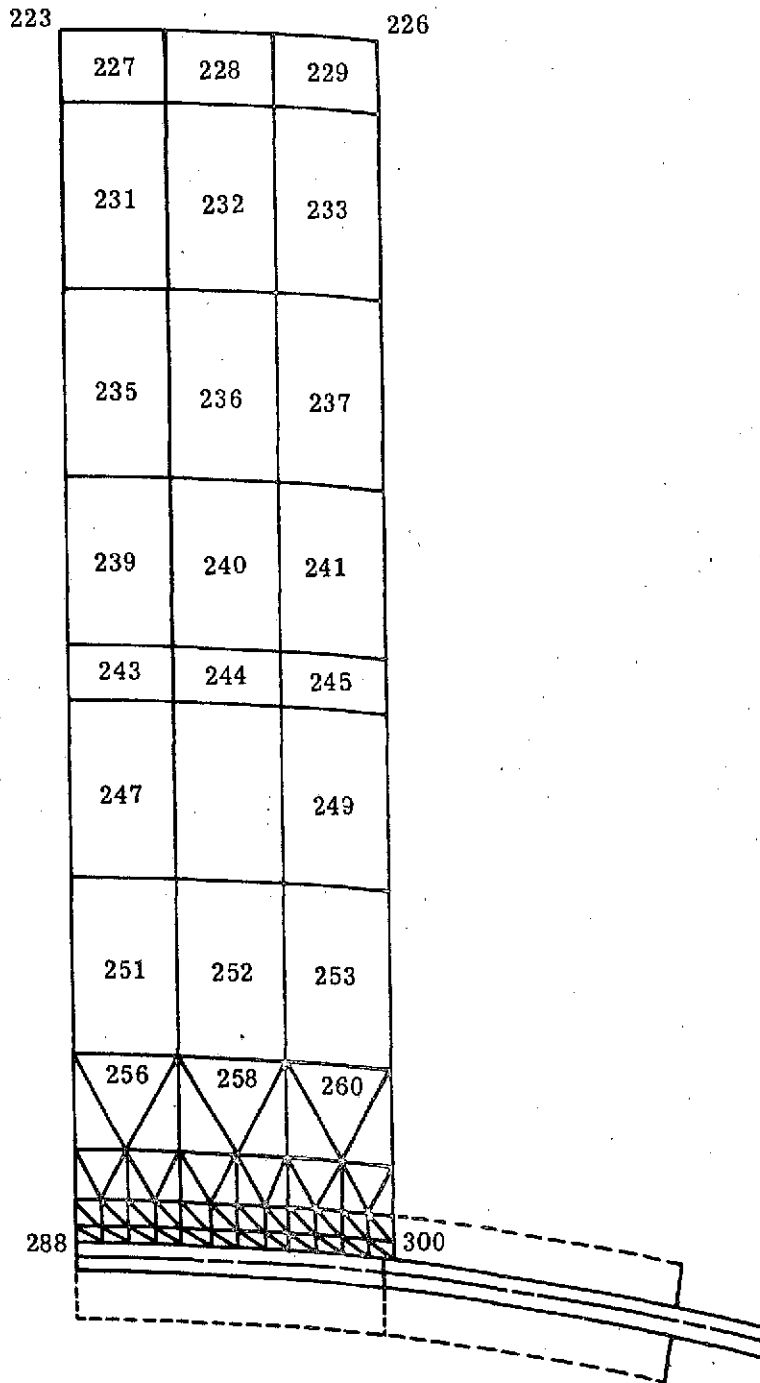


Figure 3.4.2.- Right diagonal arrangement of triangular (RDT) elements for pipe.

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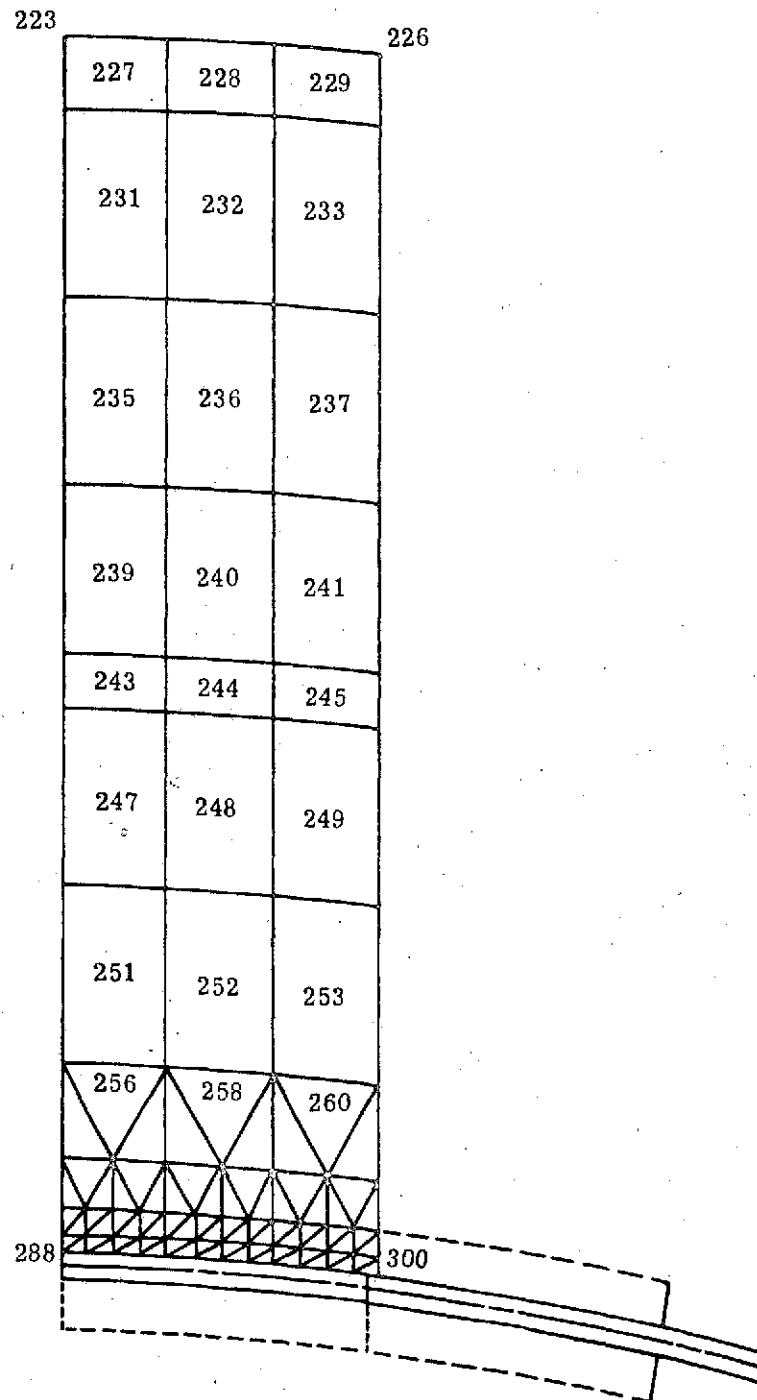


Figure 3.4.3.- Left diagonal arrangement of triangular (LDT) elements for pipe.

SHELL THICKNESS = 1.084			
SHELL RADIAL SECTION DESCRIPTION	PIPE DESCRIPTION	INSIDE SCF ON SHELL @ $\phi = 0$ & ρ_a	
		NASTRAN	% DIFFERENCE
LDT (First Row Removed)	LDT	2.189	-12.09
LDT (First Row Removed)	RDT	2.197	-11.77
RQ	RQ	2.227	-10.56
RDT	RDT	2.282	- 8.35
LDT	RQ	2.428	- 2.49
LDT	RDT	2.447	- 1.73
LDT T of First Row = T/2	RDT	2.462	- 1.12
RLDT T of First Row = T/2	RDT	2.524	+ 1.37
		"EXACT" Ref(1) →	2.490
SHELL THICKNESS = 1.25			
RQ	RQ	2.213	-16.80
LDT T of First Row=T/2	RDT	2.563	- 3.65
		"EXACT" REF(1,3) →	2.660
SHELL THICKNESS = 2.167			
RQ	RQ	2.513	-18.14
LDT	RDT	2.793	- 9.02
		"EXACT" REF(1) →	3.070

Table 3.4.1 - Peak SCF For Finite Element Models For a
Cylindrical Shell With Pipe: $\rho_a = 13.0$, $R = 112.0$,
 $\nu = 0.3$, And $t = 1.3$.

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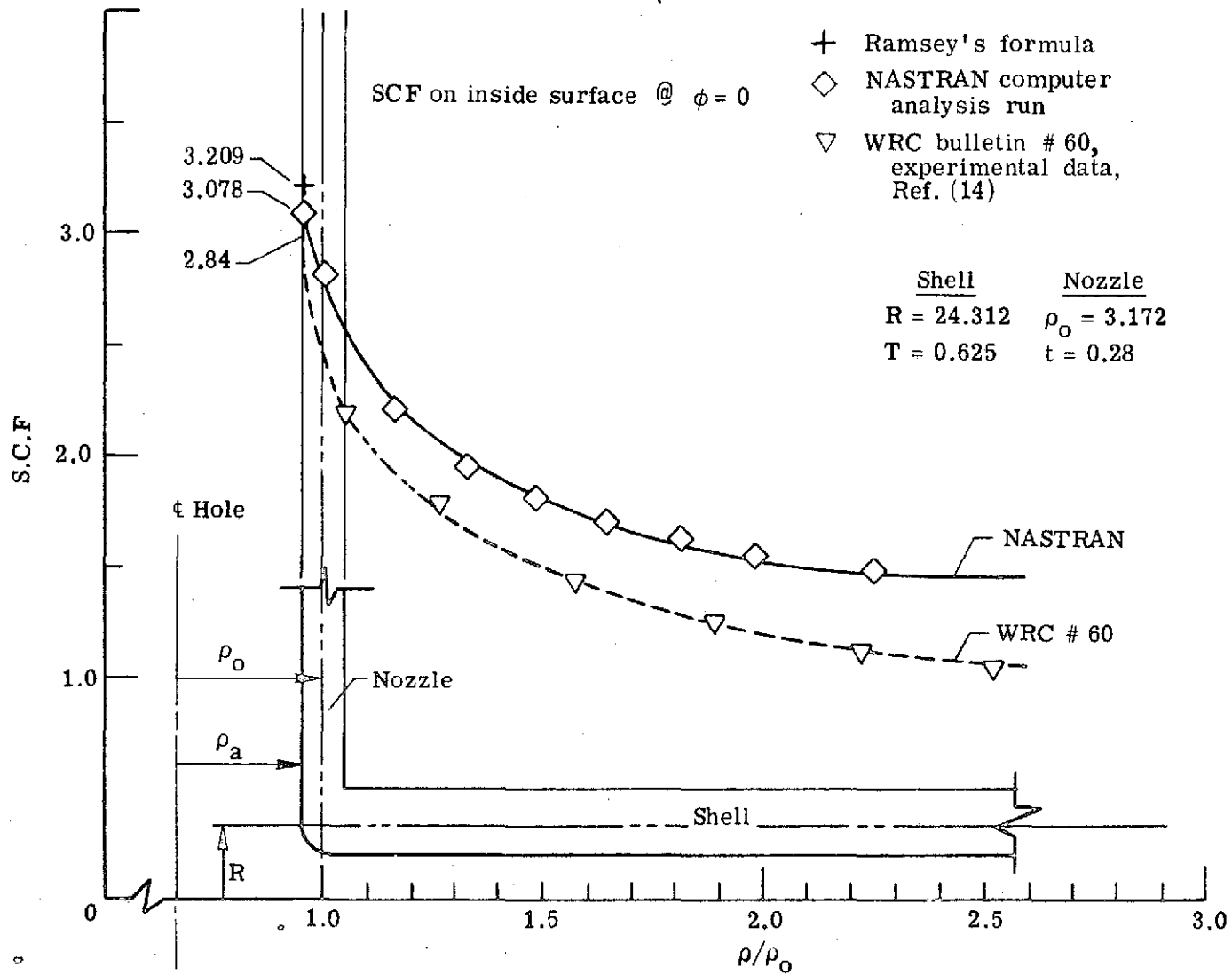


Figure 3.4.4.- Comparison of NASTRAN results with experimental data for shell and pipe.

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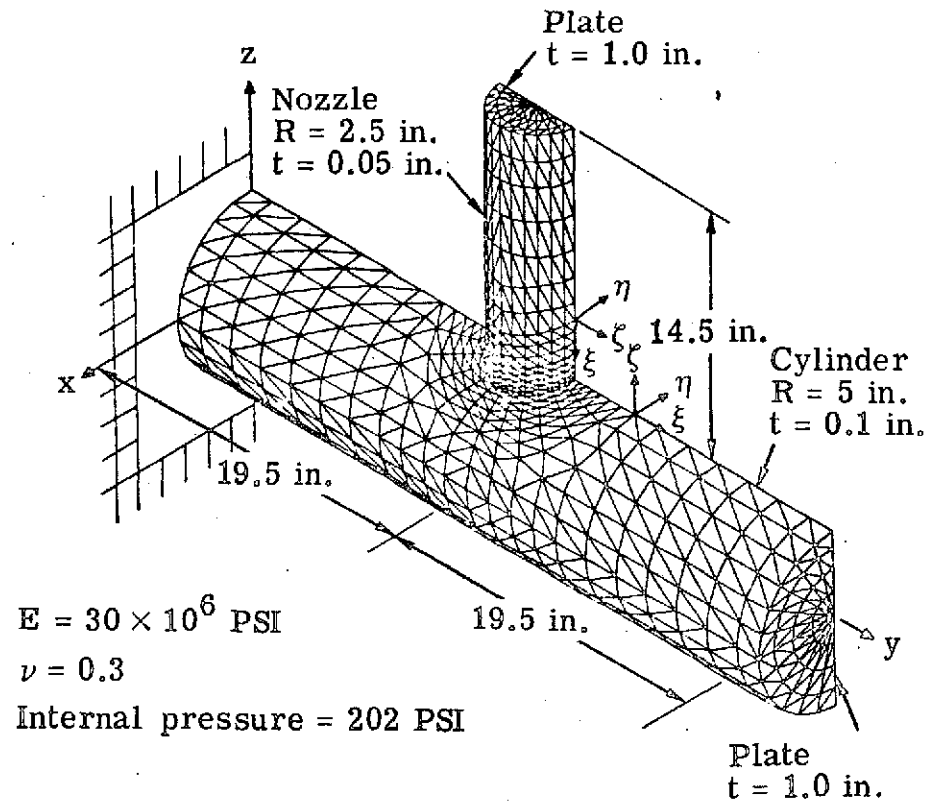


Figure 3.4.5.- Nozzle (pipe)-to-cylinder (shell) intersection model from Prince. (7)

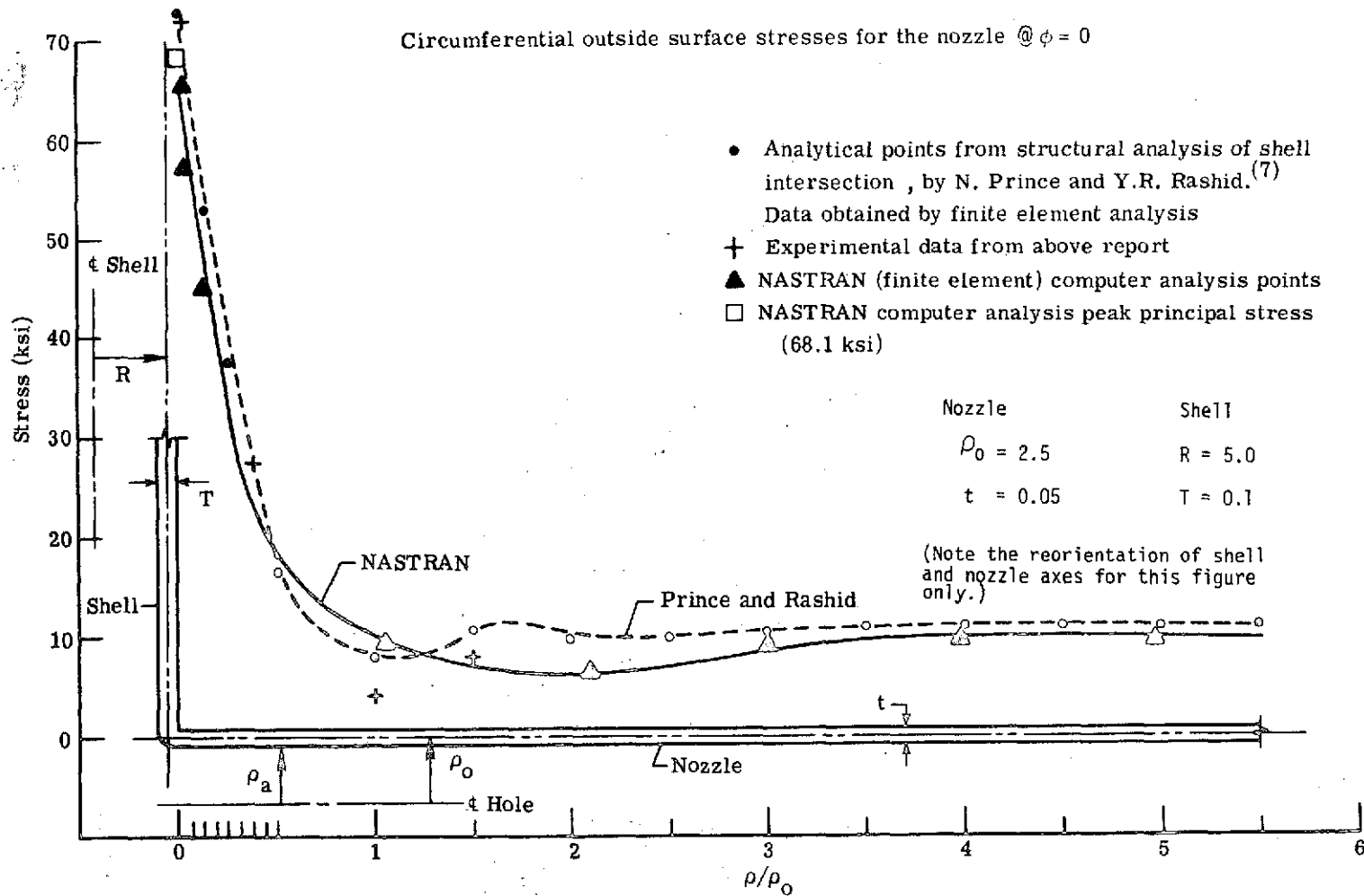


Figure 3.4.6.- Comparison of NASTRAN results with analytical and experimental data for shell and pipe.

Circumferential stress (outside surface of cylinder) @ $\phi = 0$

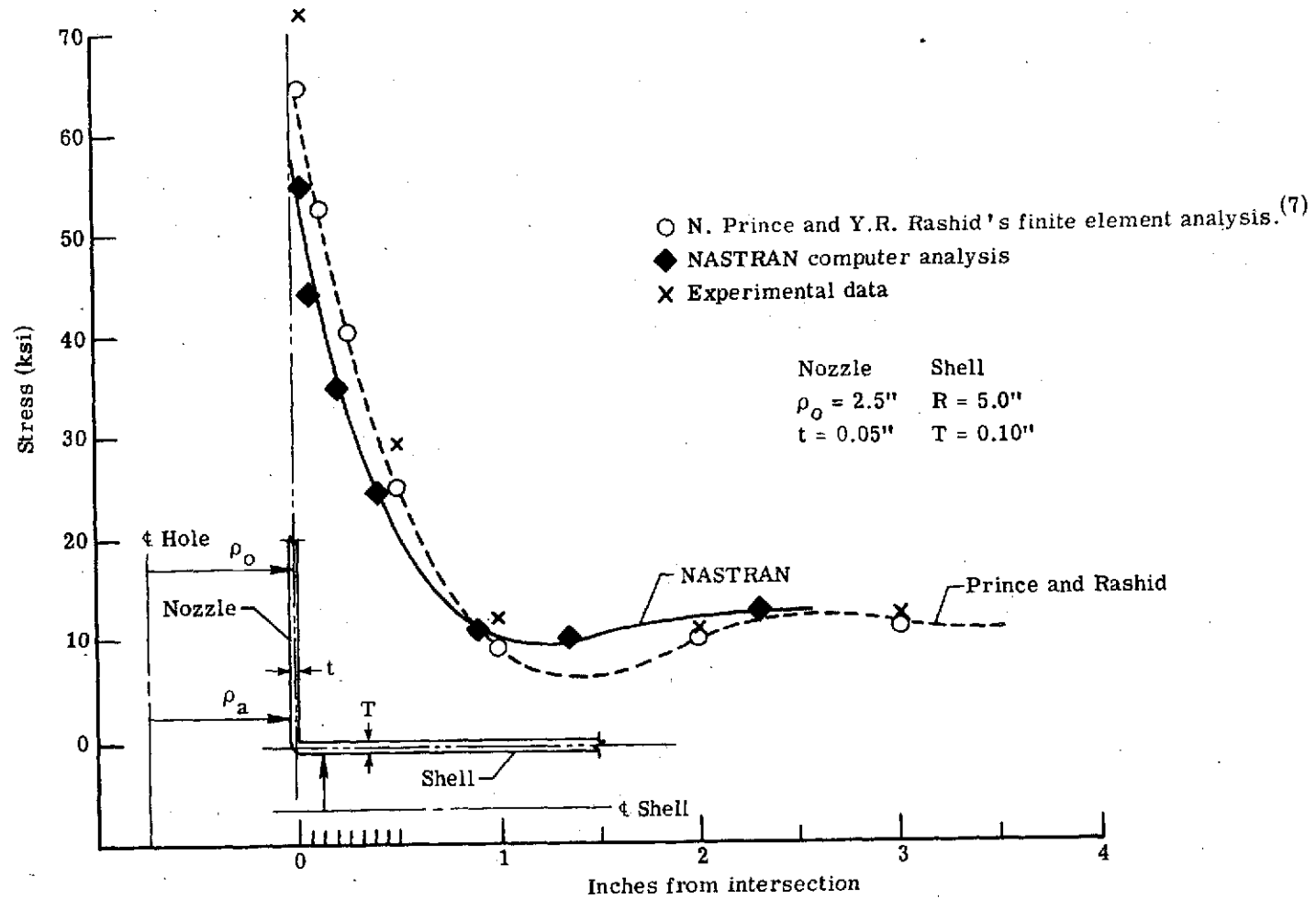


Figure 3.4.7.- Comparison of NASTRAN results with analytical and experimental data for shell and pipe.

3.5 Shell, Pipe, and Pad

The preceding sections provided comparisons of the accuracy of a variety of finite element solutions to theoretical, numerical, and experimental results. Results for this specific case (shell, pipe, and pad) are limited; however, a configuration was chosen to test the MPC cards. This configuration is two intersecting circular cylinders reinforced with a pad. The same shell and pipe models in Sections 3.3 and 3.4 are used; consequently, a quarter of the pad is modeled: outside pad radius, ρ_p ; and pad thickness, t_p ; and all of the shell and pad parameters previously described. Typical finite element models for a pad are similar to those of the shell "radial" section, see Figures 3.5.1 through 3.5.3. A summary of the peak SCF computer solutions for a shell/pipe/pad configuration is presented in Table 3.5.1.

There have been six shell/pipe/pad configurations experimentally investigated.^(14,15,17,22,24) The NASTRAN result as compared to first set of data⁽¹⁴⁾ is shown in Figure 3.5.4. The dashed line is the author's extension of the available experimental curve. The descriptions of the two models to show convergence is presented in Table 3.5.2. The second comparison⁽¹⁵⁾ is shown in Figure 3.5.5 and presented in Table 3.5.3. This trend comparison is outstanding. The accuracies of the two, -3.85% and -4.42%,

is remarkable. The convergence of these NASTRAN models for the two experimental cases lends authenticity to the first numerical case for which there is no comparison. Therefore, the LDT shell, RDT pipe, and LDT pad will be used as the finite element model for other numerical NASTRAN results. The other four experimental results will be presented in Chapter V (for comparison to the formula developed in Chapter IV).

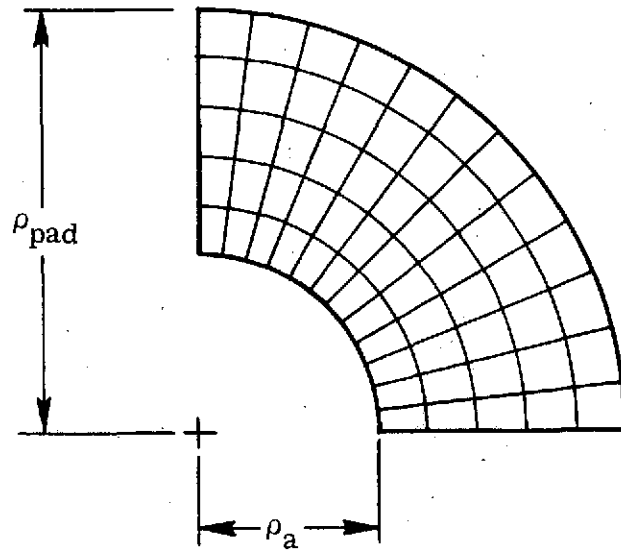


Figure 3.5.1.- RQ elements for pad(s).

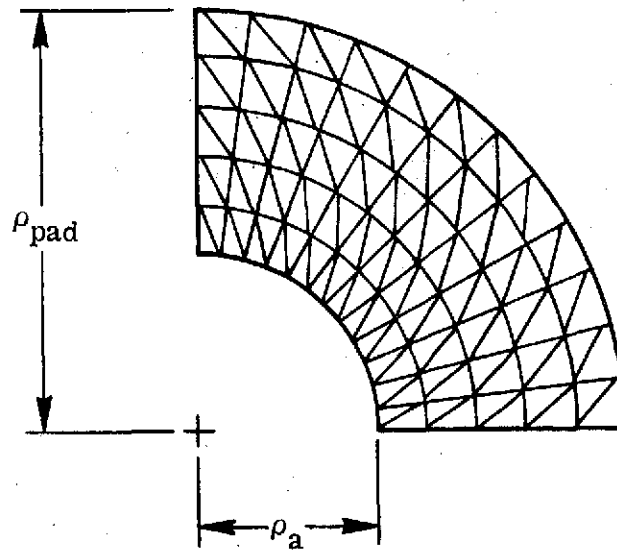


Figure 3.5.2.- RDT elements for pad.

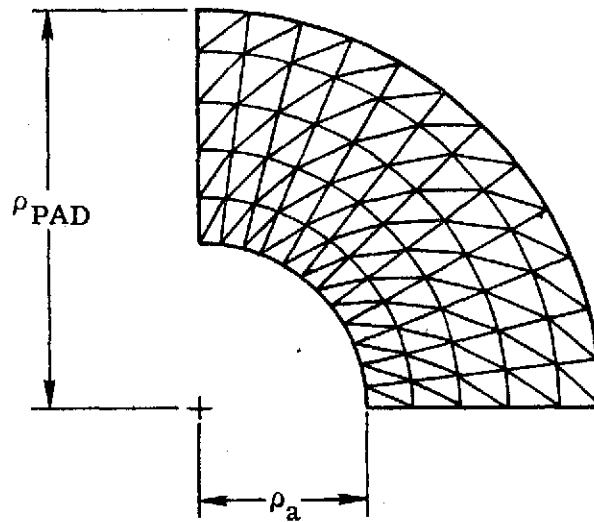


Figure 3.5.3.- LDT elements for pad(s).

SHELL RADIAL SECTION DESCRIPTION	PIPE DESCRIPTION	TOP PAD DESCRIPTION	SHELL SCF (INSIDE) $\phi = 0$ & ρ_a
RQ	RDT	RQ	1.711
RDT	RDT	RQ	1.808
RDT	RDT	RDT	1.831
LDT	RDT	LDT	1.868

Table 3.5.1 - Peak SCF For Finite Element Models for
Cylindrical Shells With Pipe and Pad: $\rho_a = 13.0$, $T = 1.25$
 $R = 112.0$, $\nu = 0.3$, $t = 1.3$, $t_p = 1.5$, & $\rho_p = 25.0$

SHELL RADIAL SECTION DESCRIPTION	PIPE DESCRIPTION	PAD DESCRIPTION	SHELL PEAK SCF (I/S)	
			$\phi = 0$ & ρ_o NASTRAN	% DIFF
RQ	RDT	RQ	2.116	-18.62
LDT	RDT	LDT	2.498	-3.85
			"EXACT" →	2.60

REF (14)

TABLE 3.5.2 - PEAK SCF FOR FINITE ELEMENT MODELS FOR A PRESSURIZED CYLINDRICAL SHELL WITH PIPE AND PAD:
 $\rho_o = 3.172$, $t = 0.280$, $R = 24.312$, $T = 0.625$, $\rho_p = 5.25$,
 $t_p = 0.625$, AND $\nu = 0.3$.

SHELL RADIAL SECTION DESCRIPTION	PIPE DESCRIPTION	PAD DESCRIPTION	SHELL PEAK SCF (I/S)	
			$\phi = 0$ & ρ_o NASTRAN	% DIFF
RQ	RDT	RQ	2.362	-5.90
LDT	RDT	LDT	2.399	-4.42
			"EXACT" →	2.51

REF (15)

TABLE 3.5.3 - PEAK SCF FOR THE FINITE ELEMENT MODELS FOR A CYLINDRICAL SHELL WITH PIPE AND PAD: $\rho_o = 5.0785$,
 $t = 0.593$, $R = 19.0$, $T = 2.0$, $\rho_p = 9.482$, $t_p = 2.0$,

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3.6 Shell, Pipe, and Pads

The shell, pipe, and pads configuration is often used in the design and construction of pressure vessels. One experimental investigation for this configuration was located through a paper by Kitching and Perkins.⁽²³⁾ The experimental results were for two intersecting circular cylinders (pipe and shell) reinforced with two pads (inside and outside of the shell) as shown in Figure 3.6.1. The experimental result was obtained during an investigation by the British Welding Research Association (BWRA).⁽²⁴⁾ The same shell, pipe, and pad models in previous sections are used; moreover, a quarter of the second pad is modeled identical to Figures 3.5.1 and 3.5.3. A summary of the peak SCF computer solutions, for the simplest and most accurate type (from previous sections) finite element configurations, is shown in Table 3.6.1. This is the only shell/pipe/pads experimental or numerical result available and the LDT type model has a difference of 9% above the exact answer. "However, the actual maximum value (SCF) would be slightly higher than the one measured in the test since it is impossible to measure immediately at a point of discontinuity."⁽²³⁾ The discontinuity point would be at the NASTRAN peak SCF location - inside shell surface at $\phi = 0$ and ρ_a . The difference would be < 9%, which is within

engineering requirements. Therefore, the LDT shell, RDT pipe, and LDT pad(s) will be used in modeling all other numerical NASTRAN results.

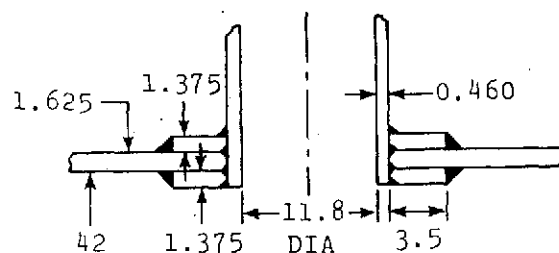


FIGURE 3.6.1 - DETAILS OF NOZZLE (PIPE) IN A SHELL REINFORCED WITH TWO PADS IN BWRA STUDIES. (24)

SHELL "RADIAL" SECTION DESCRIPTION	PIPE DESCRIPTION	TOP PAD DESCRIPTION	BOT. PAD DESCRIPTION	SCF	
				NASTRON	% DIFF
RQ	RDT	RQ	RQ	1.662	-7.67
LDT	RDT	LDT	LDT	1.964	9.11

"EXACT" 1.80

REF (24)

TABLE 3.6.1 - PEAK SCF FOR FINITE ELEMENT MODELS FOR A PRESSURIZED CYLINDER WITH PIPE AND PADS: $p_o = 6.13$, $t = 0.46$, $R = 21.8125$, $T = 1.625$, $p_{Op} = 9.86$, $t_{Op} = 1.375$, $p_{ip} = 9.86$, $t_{ip} = 1.375$, AND $\nu = 0.3$.

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CHAPTER IV

FORMULA

4.1 Introduction

In practical applications one frequently encounters problems in which a circular cylindrical shell is submitted to the action of forces distributed symmetrically with respect to the axis of the cylinder. The stress distribution in wind tunnels, cylindrical containers, and circular pipes under uniform internal pressure are examples of such problems. (34)

For the case of circular cylindrical shells arbitrarily loaded, two first approximation theories are of prime importance - (1) Love's first approximation theory and (2) its simplified version due to Donnell. The simplified version led to three partial differential equations in three displacement components. These three equations contain terms which higher approximation theories have shown to be negligible. It is therefore permissible to simplify the equations by omitting such terms. (9) If these terms are omitted (only pressure is considered) and the thickness of the shell is constant, these Donnell equations lead to a single fourth order equation in w , the radial deflection, for the case of axisymmetrically loaded circular cylindrical shells. This equation obtained by a number of authors (9,34-36) is

$$\frac{d^4 w}{dz^4} + \frac{ETw}{R^2 D} = \frac{p}{D} \quad (13)$$

with

$$D = \frac{ET^3}{12(1 - \nu^2)}$$

where

w is the radial deflection

E is Young's Modulus of the shell

R is the shell mid radius

T is the shell thickness

p is the internal pressure

ν is the Poisson's ratio of the shell.

For the case of unsymmetrically loaded circular cylinders, the linear shallow, thin shell equations may be readily combined into two differential equations involving only the membrane stress function F and the normal displacement w. The compatibility and equilibrium equations are

$$\nabla^4 F = \frac{ET}{R} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial z^2} \quad (14)$$

$$\nabla^4 w + \frac{1}{RD} \frac{\partial F}{\partial z^2} = \frac{p}{D}$$

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where $\nabla^4 = \frac{\partial}{\partial Z^4} + \frac{2\partial}{\partial Z^2 \partial y^2} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y^4}$.

Elimination of the function F between the two equations above yields an eighth order partial differential equation in w of the form

$$\nabla^8 w + \frac{Et}{DR^2} \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial Z^4} = \frac{p}{D} \quad (15a)$$

or

$$\nabla^8 w + 64\beta^4 \frac{\partial^4 w}{\partial Z^4} = \frac{p}{D} \quad (15b)$$

where

$$\beta^4 \equiv \frac{ET}{16R^2 D} = \frac{3(1 - \nu^2)}{16R^2 T^2} .$$

Equations (15) are known as Donnell's linear theory. (1-3, 9-11)

4.2 Force Around Hole

The result of a perturbation solution to Equation (15b), modified to include a circular hole covered by a membrane (Figure 4.2.1), through terms of order $(\beta\rho_a)^2$ is a stress concentration factor at the hole-shell boundary. (2)

$$SCF = \frac{3}{2} + \cos 2\phi + \pi(\beta\rho_a)^2 \left(1 + \frac{5}{4} \cos 2\phi\right) + \dots \quad (16)$$

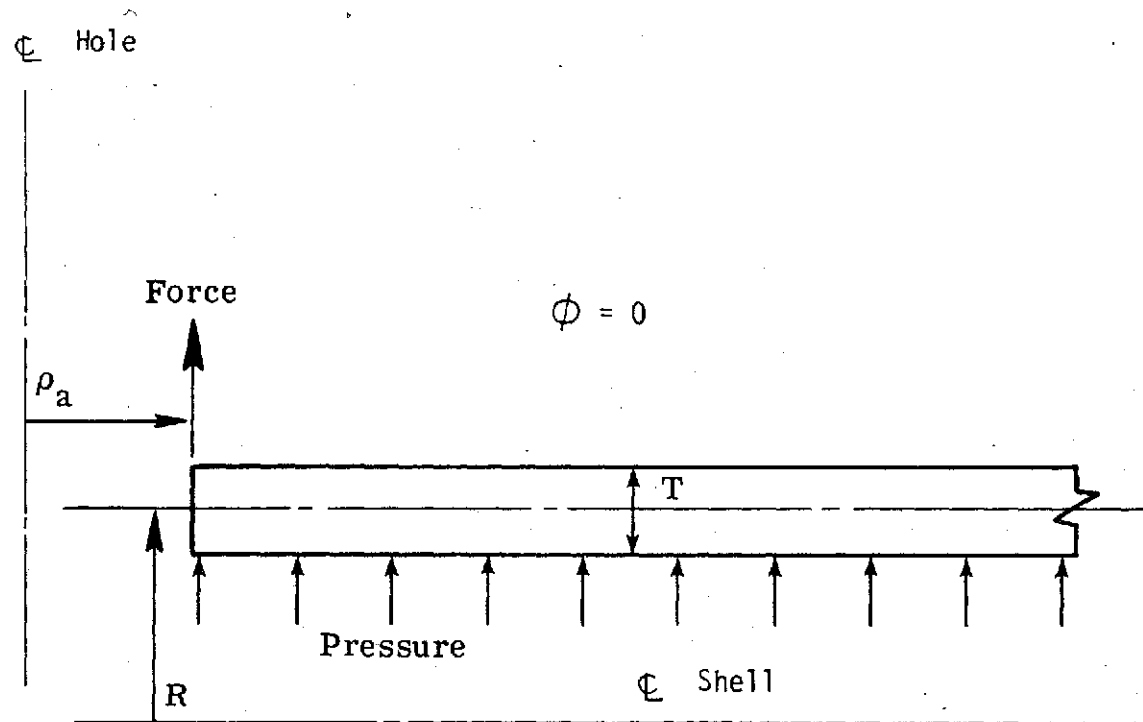


Figure 4.2.1.- Penetration (radius ρ_a) in a pressurized cylindrical shell (mid radius R , thickness T , and Poisson's ratio ν) covered by a membrane.

For the case of $\phi = 0$, Equation (16) becomes

$$SCF = 2.5 + \frac{9}{4} \pi (\beta \rho_a)^2 \quad (17)$$

where ρ_a is the hole radius.

Savin's formula⁽⁴⁾ for the same problem is

$$SCF = 2.5 + \frac{2.3}{RT} \rho_a^2 \quad (18)$$

Lind's equation⁽²⁶⁾ is

$$SCF = 1 + 4 \beta \rho_a \left(1 \pm \frac{T}{2R}\right) \quad (19)$$

Mershon⁽²⁷⁾ obtained for the same problem but with a pipe intersecting the shell hole

$$SCF = 2.5 + \frac{\rho_o}{R} \left(\frac{2R}{T}\right)^{1/2} = 2.5 + \left(\frac{2}{RT}\right)^{1/2} \rho_o \quad (20)$$

where ρ_o is the pipe mid radius.

Mershon's Equation (20) is restricted to $t/T \approx 0$ (force around hole only) or t/T small - where t is pipe thickness.

For $\nu = 0.3$, these Equations (16 through 20) reduce to

$$SCF_{\text{Van Dyke}} = 2.5 + \frac{2.92 \rho_a^2}{RT} \quad (21a)$$

$$SCF_{Savin} = 2.5 + 2.3 \frac{\rho_a^2}{RT} \quad (21b)$$

$$SCF_{Lind} = 1 + 2.585 \frac{\rho_a}{(RT)^{1/2}} \quad (21c)$$

$$SCF_{Mershon} = 2.5 + \frac{1.414 \rho_o}{(RT)^{1/2}} \quad (21d)$$

The first attempt at a rational analysis of a long pressurized cylindrical shell having a small circular hole and closed at its ends is due to Lur'e.⁽⁶⁾ Due to errors introduced in the boundary conditions, his results are incorrect. The terms in Equation (16) of order $(\beta\rho_a)^2$ were one-half the values obtained originally by Lur'e. This error was also confirmed by Eringen⁽⁸⁾ and Lekkerkerker⁽¹⁾. Eringen, Naghdi, and Thiel⁽³⁾ presented a study using the exact solution of partial differential equations of thin, shallow, cylindrical shell theory. The boundary conditions were satisfied by use of Fourier series and the least square error technique through the aid of extensive numerical calculations of the force only around a circular hole in a cylindrical shell. A comparison of the results from this "exact" approach with Equation (21) is shown in Figure 4.2.2.

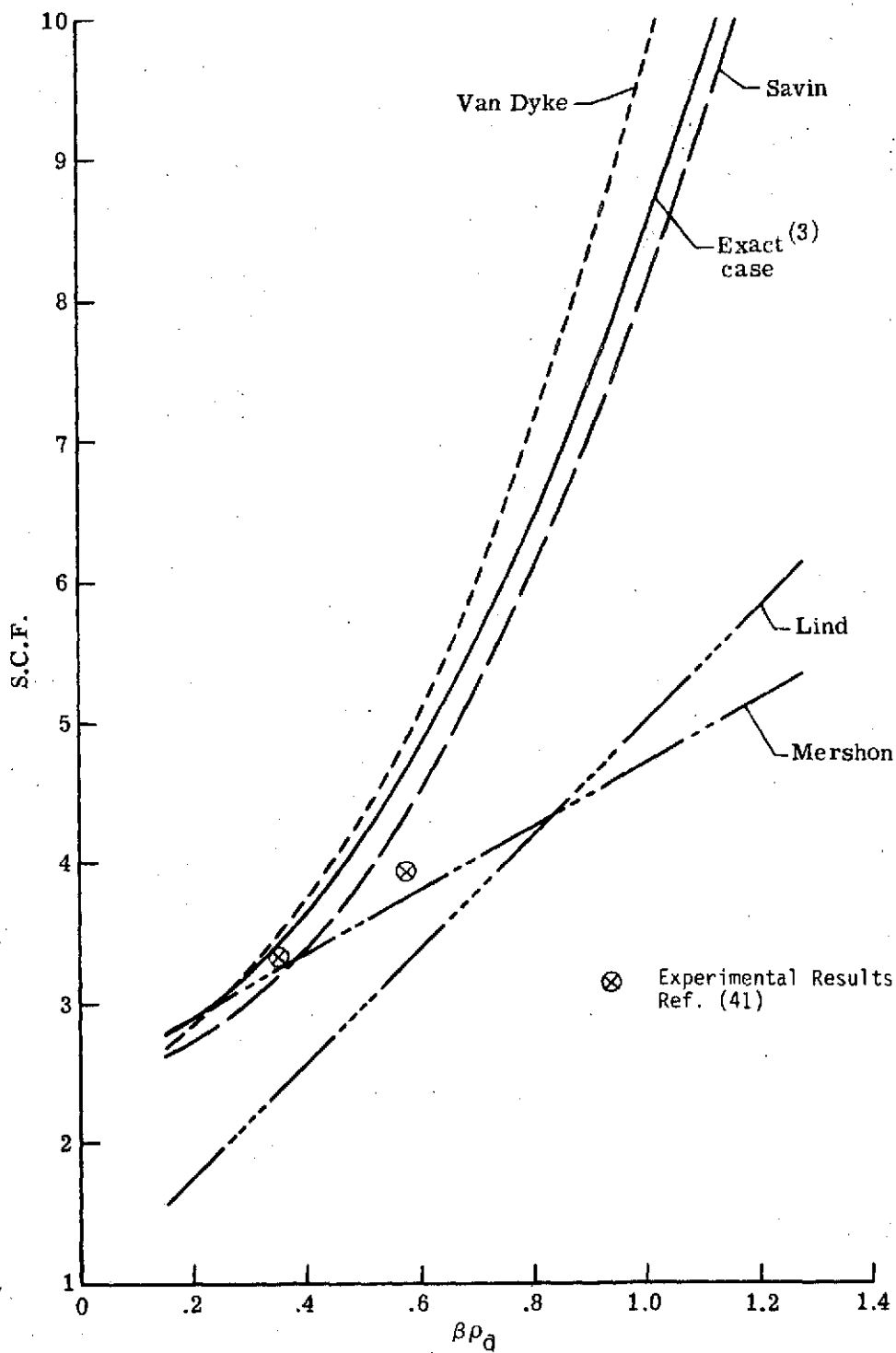


Figure 4.2.2.- Comparison of formulas with exact results.

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The two experimental results are those of Houghtan and Rothwell.⁽⁴¹⁾ In both of these experiments, only the membrane stresses were measured. The stress concentration factors correspond to the ratio of the maximum membrane stress at the hole to the membrane stress in the shell far from the hole. Excellent agreement is shown for the first data point ($\beta\rho_a = 0.35$). The experimental membrane covering the hole consisted of a very flexible, thin metal plug. This may have introduced slight restraints on the freedom of the hole edge. By measuring only the membrane stress and, perhaps, introducing the slight restraint, the peak SCF for the second experiment would be higher due to the larger size hole ($\beta\rho_a = 0.58$).

The Van Dyke Equation (21a) is the only conservative equation in comparison with the "exact" results⁽³⁾ and the first experimental case. Van Dyke's starting series for small $\beta\rho_a$, given by Equation (16), is generally accurate to a $\beta\rho_a$ of about 0.3.⁽²⁾ The required engineering accuracy is exceeded for $\beta\rho_a > 0.6$; therefore, this equation is the one chosen to improve on in the following format for the force around the hole

$$\text{SCF}_{\text{Force}} = 2.5 + \lambda \frac{\rho_a^2}{RT} \quad (22)$$

where 2.5 is the stress concentration factor for a flat plate weakened by a circular hole with the plate stretched per unit length in one direction and with one-half of this stretch per unit length in the other direction,

and

$\frac{\rho_a^2}{RT}$ is a function to increase the stress due to shell curvature and thickness, and hole size,

with λ for values of $\frac{\rho_a}{(RT)^{1/2}}$ shown in Figure 4.2.3.

The values of λ to go in Equation (22) can be taken from this curve (Figure 4.2.3) or the maximum value of $\lambda = 2.7$ could be used. This value is used in Equation (22) in this report. For $\nu = 0.3$ the result is

$$\text{SCF}_{\text{Force}} = 2.5 + 2.7 \frac{\rho_a^2}{RT} \quad (23a)$$

or for any ν

$$\text{SCF}_{\text{Force}} = 2.5 + 6.537 (\beta \rho_a)^2 \quad (23b)$$

$$\text{where } \beta \rho_a = \frac{(3(1-\nu^2))^{1/4}}{2} \frac{\rho_a}{(RT)^{1/2}}$$

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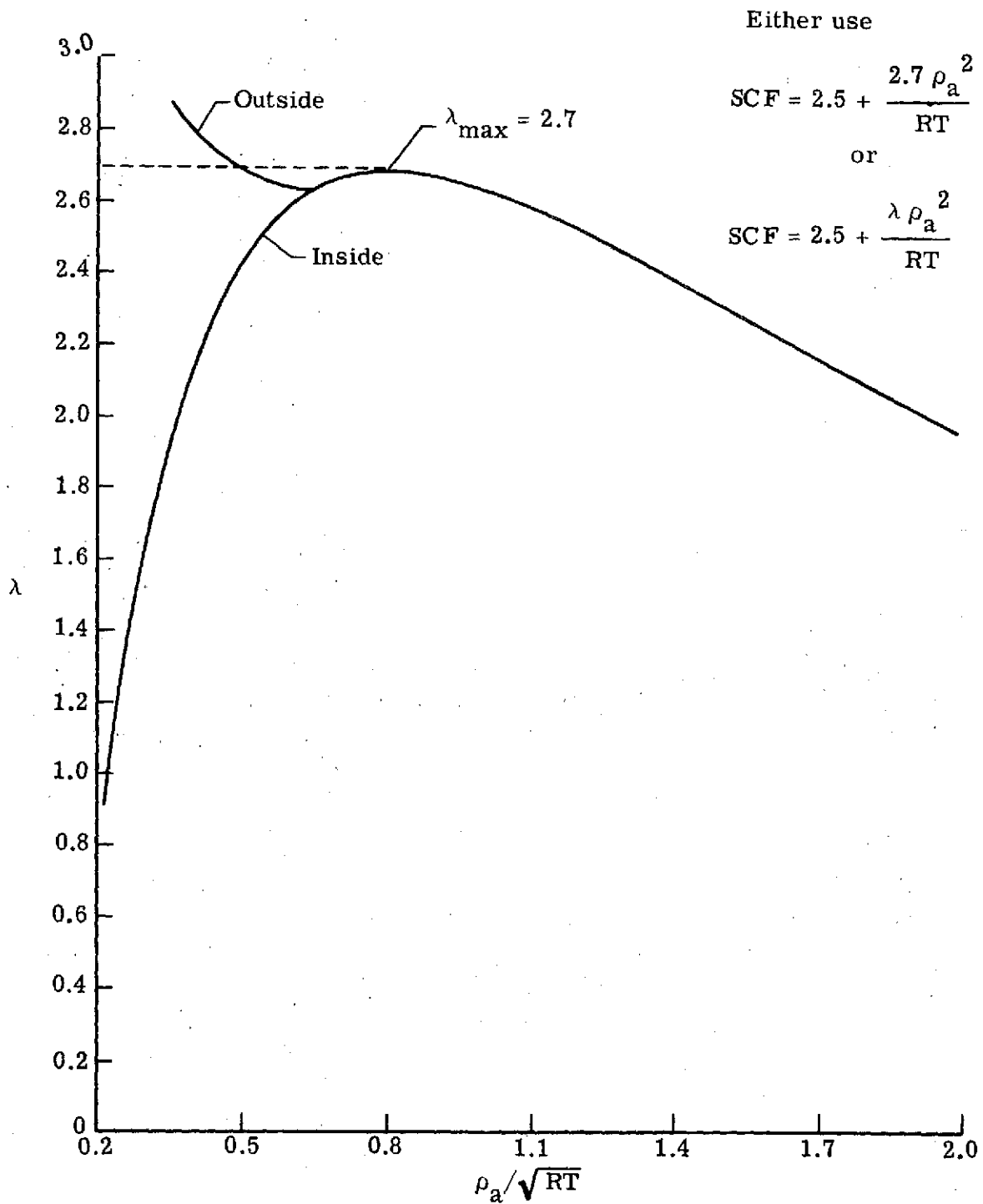


Figure 4.2.3.- Values of λ in shell with force equation.

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4.3 Pipe Around Hole

The installation (physically or analytically) of a pipe into a cylindrical shell (Figure 4.3.1) reduces the peak stress concentration factor at the shell-pipe juncture. A function or reduction factor is needed to decrease this stress due to a small amount of reinforcement from the pipe. The reduction is dependent on the amount of pipe reinforcement (opening and pipe thickness) not needed to withstand the pressure. Thus, the following form is assumed

$$SCF_{\text{Pipe}} = SCF_{\text{Force}} (\text{reduction factor}). \quad (24)$$

The usual pressurization of cylindrical vessels (wind tunnels) is analogous to a suddenly applied load.⁽³⁷⁾ The dynamic response of a structure due to this type load is a dynamic load factor of "one minus some term." Therefore, the above reduction factor takes the form

$$1 - (\beta \rho_o)^2 \quad (\text{pipe to shell thickness ratio}) \quad (25)$$

where ρ_o is mid surface radius of the pipe and β is modified to include Poisson's ratio of the pipe. The pipe to shell thickness ratio (to be of the same order as β) will be taken as $(t/T)^{1/4}$. Equation (24) becomes

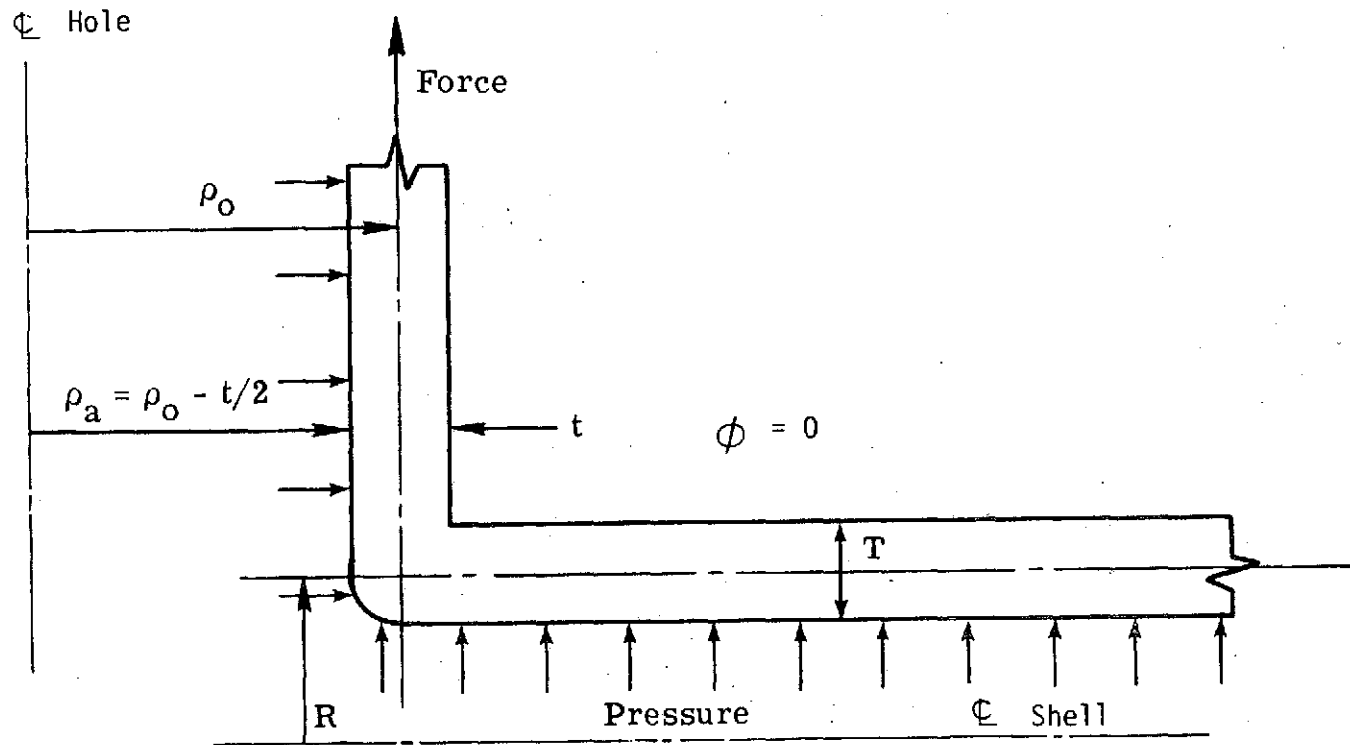


Figure 4.3.1.- Pipe (mid radius ρ_o , thickness t , and Poisson's ratio ν_p) in a pressurized cylindrical shell (mid radius R , thickness T and Poisson's ratio ν).

$$\text{SCF}_{\text{pipe}} = \text{SCF}_{\text{force}} \left| 1 - (\beta_1 \rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4} \right| \quad (26)$$

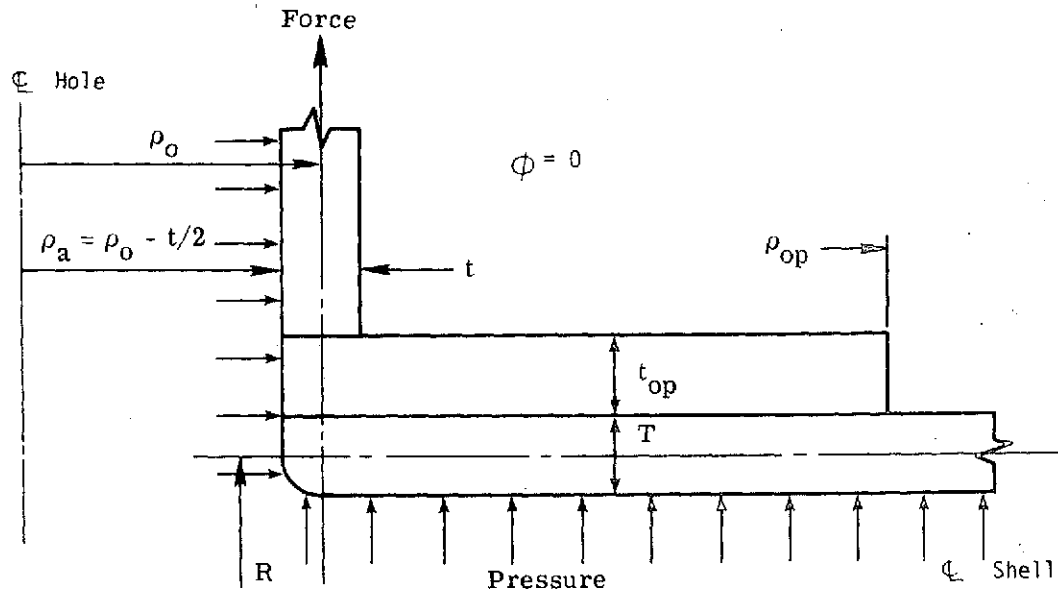
The total equation (23 and 26) developed thus far is

$$\text{SCF}_{\text{pipe}} = (2.5 + 6.537 (\beta \rho_a)^2) \left| 1 - (\beta_1 \rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4} \right| \quad (27)$$

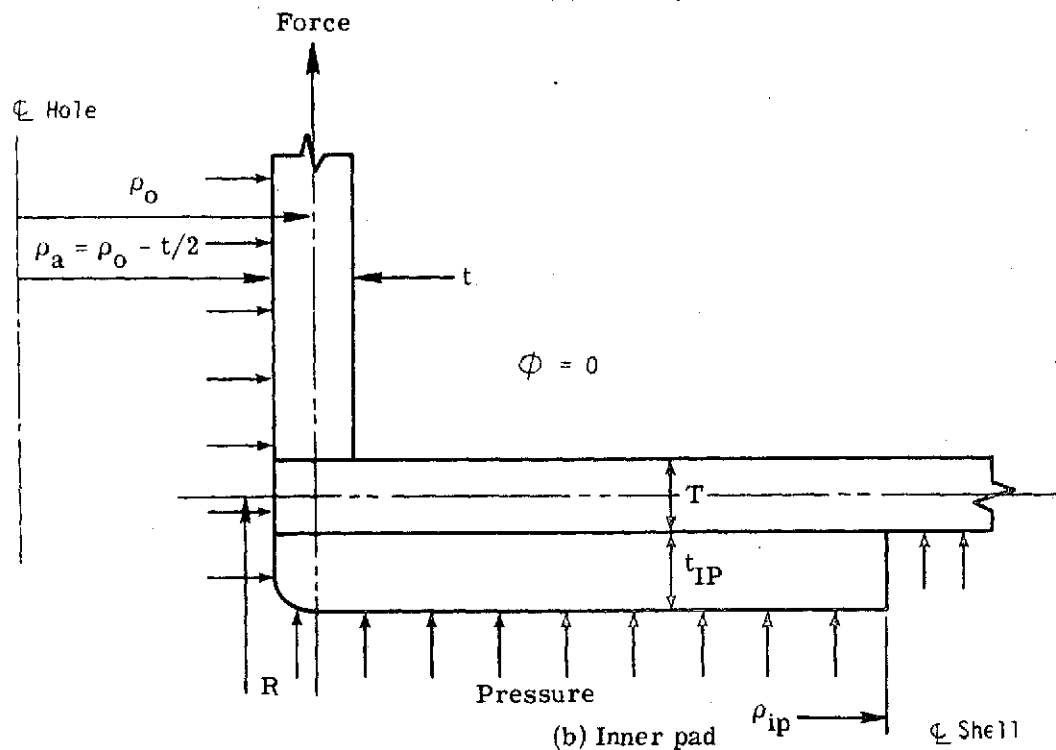
4.4 Pipe and Reinforcing Pad Around Hole

The addition of an inner or outer reinforcing pad to a pipe in a cylindrical shell is shown in Figure 4.4.1. The two new parameters introduced with this configuration are the outside radius (ρ_p) and the thickness (t_p) of the inner or outer pad. The major parameters from Equation (27) that contribute to this configuration's influence on the SCF are the mid radius (R), the thickness (T) of the shell and the inside radius (ρ_a), the thickness (t) of the pipe. Thus, a function to decrease the stress due to a reinforcing pad around the pipe or hole should contain ρ_p , R , ρ_a , t_p , and t or T . This function should be similar to $\beta \rho$ and multiplied times a pad to shell or pipe thickness ratio to some power. Note that

$$\beta \rho = \frac{(3(1 - \nu^2))^{1/4}}{2} \frac{\rho}{(RT)^{1/2}} \propto \frac{\rho_p}{(R \rho_a)^{1/2}} \quad (28)$$



(a) Outer pad



(b) Inner pad

Figure 4.4.1.- Pipe (mid radius ρ_o , thickness t , and Poisson's ratio ν_p) in a pressurized cylindrical shell (mid radius R , thickness T and Poisson's ratio ν) reinforced with an inner or outer pad (outside radius ρ_p and thickness t_p).

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The pad to shell or pipe thickness ratio (to be of the same order as β) will be taken as $(t_p/TH)^{1/4}$.

Therefore, the reduction in peak stress concentration factor due to an inner or outer reinforcing pad to a pipe in a cylindrical shell is

$$\frac{\rho_p}{(R \rho_a)^{1/2}} \left(\frac{t_p}{TH}\right)^{1/4} \quad (29)$$

where $TH = \begin{cases} t & \text{for case of a thin, thin shell where pipe} \\ & \text{thickness is more important than the shell} \\ T & \text{for approaching case of a thick shell} \\ & \text{where shell thickness is more important} \\ & \text{than the pipe.} \end{cases}$

The limits as to when each thickness should be used ($TH=t$ for $\frac{R}{T} > 33$ and $TH=T$ for $\frac{R}{T} \leq 33$) are discussed in Chapters V and VI under the presentation and discussion of results. The SCF equation becomes

$$SCF_{\text{pad}} = SCF_{\text{pipe}} - \frac{\rho_p}{(R \rho_a)^{1/2}} \left(\frac{t_p}{TH}\right)^{1/4} \quad (30)$$

The total equation (27 and 30) developed thus far is

$$SCF_{\text{pad}} = (2.5 + 6.537(\beta \rho_a)^2) \left| 1 - (\beta_1 \rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4} \right| - \frac{\rho_p}{(R \rho_a)^{1/2}} \left(\frac{t_p}{TH}\right)^{1/4} \quad (31)$$

where ρ_p is outer or inner outside pad radius and t_p is outer or inner pad thickness.

4.5 Pipe and Reinforcing Pads Around Hole

The addition of inner and outer reinforcing pads to a pipe in a cylindrical shell is shown in Figure 4.5.1. The only new parameters introduced with this configuration are the outside radius and thickness of the second reinforcing pad. Therefore, the same type of term as Equation (29) will apply as a reduction to Equation (31) to obtain the peak stress concentration factor for two pads. The general SCF equation becomes

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SCF} = & (2.5 + 6.537(\beta\rho_a)^2) \left| 1 - (\beta_1\rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4} \right| \\ & - \frac{\rho_{op}}{(R\rho_a)}^{1/2} \left(\frac{t_{op}}{TH}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{\rho_{ip}}{(R\rho_a)}^{1/2} \left(\frac{t_{ip}}{TH}\right)^{1/4} \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

where subscripts o and i are for the outer and inner pads, respectively.

One can obtain the peak SCF for any of the previously developed five cases (force, pipe, outer pad, inner pad, and outer and inner pads) by merely substituting the appropriate parameters in Equation (32). For example, the pipe problem would be solved with $\rho_{op} = \rho_{ip} = t_{op} = t_{ip} = 0$, which would result in Equation (27). The practical approach

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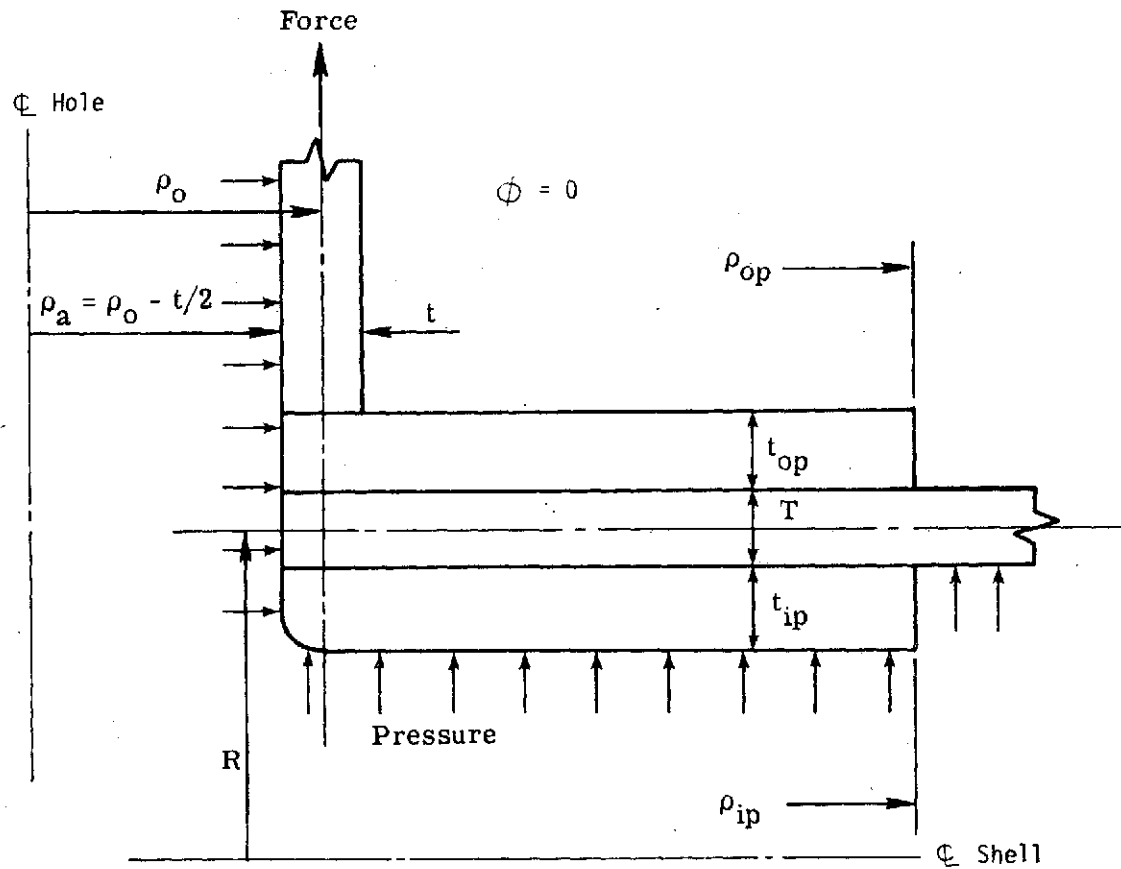


Figure 4.5.1.- Pipe and shell reinforced with inner and outer pads.

in the construction of cylindrical shells is to generally reinforce around pipes; therefore, these five configurations are the major thrust of this research. Another combination of cases can be addressed, i.e. force ($t = 0$) and pad(s). The physical significance of force, no pipe, and pad(s) could be (1) a cap welded to a reinforcing pad to close off an opening and (2) glass ports for observing the inside of cylindrical pressure vessels (test sections).

The accuracy of the formula is determined by comparing to available and applicable published numerical, theoretical, and experimental data and to the analytical (NASTRAN) results. Many different cases and examples of this formula were pursued in order to uncover the restrictions in the formula. The accuracy, results, and applications are presented and discussed in Chapters V and VI.

Since the formula is compared to theoretical (Shell theory) and to the author's computer (NASTRAN) results, the reliability of the answers from shell theory and NASTRAN in this study is needed. An analogy to the cylindrical shell problem is the example of pure bending of an infinite plate with a circular hole. Reissner⁽⁴²⁾ addresses this problem by including the effect of transverse shear deformations. It is assumed in Shell theory and NASTRAN that the stresses vary linearly across the thickness. Reissner obtained a factor $6/5$ (in lieu of 1.0) in front of the transverse

shear deformation terms in the stress-strain equations for two-dimensional plate theory. The significance of this difference is presented by comparing to an exact (three-dimensional elasticity theory) analysis of the plate with a circular hole subject to pure bending. The effect of transverse shear on the peak stress concentration factor is negligible provided ρ_a/T is greater than about 3.0. Therefore, even though Reissner's paper is concerned with a flat plate, the effect of transverse shear on this study will be negligible as long as $\rho_a/T > 3.0$ and $R/T > 25.0$.

It is permitted in NASTRAN to use any shear factor in front of the transverse shear deformation terms. (43,44) The factor used in this study is 1.0. Therefore, a slightly different SCF than the exact answer will be obtained. All of the theoretical and NASTRAN results presented in this study have a ρ_a/T ratio greater than 4.0, except the NASTRAN configurations where the shell thickness equals 8.96 ($\rho_a/T = 1.2$ and $R/T = 13$). It will be shown in Chapter V that for experimental results for $\rho_a/T < 0.6$ and $R/T < 15$, the transverse shear effects are not negligible.

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CHAPTER V

PRESENTATION OF NUMERICAL RESULTS

5.1 Introduction

The finite element technique described in Section 2.1 has been used to complete numerical analyses for the configurations previously described (Section 2.2, Chapters III and IV): shell with force around hole, shell and pipe, and shell/pipe/pad(s). The units used throughout this study are in the English or American System (inches and pounds). Except where noted in these results, Poisson's ratio is taken as 0.3 and Young's modulus as 29×10^6 psi. The membrane stress of a cylindrical shell is well known.

$$\sigma_m = P \frac{R}{T} \quad (33)$$

The ratio of the largest principal stress at a point in question to that which would occur at that point if the shell were not penetrated will be called a stress concentration factor (SCF). This is defined by

$$SCF = \frac{\text{Max. stress}}{\sigma_m} \quad (34)$$

where σ_m is defined by Equation (33).

The numerical (NASTRAN) results were calculated using Langley Research Center's CDC-6000 series computers. All of the NASTRAN models are composed of triangular and quadrilateral elements with both inplane and bending stiffness. The pressurized cylindrical shell with a circular penetration is modeled as follows:

1. General shell, Figure 3.3.1
2. Radial shell section, Figure 3.3.4
3. Pipe, Figure 3.4.2
4. Pad(s), Figure 3.5.3.

For all of the tabulated results, the peak SCF at the shell/hole or pipe/pad(s) juncture is given. Appendix A contains a representative NASTRAN run. The detail computer printouts of the numerous cases fill a volume of 7 cubic feet; therefore, for brevity, Appendix B contains typical one page summaries of the NASTRAN runs presented in this section and Chapter III. These summaries for shell thicknesses 0.896 and 2.215 are organized in the following configurations: force, pipe, pipe and pad, pipe and pads, force and pad, and force and pads.

The one page summary defines parameters used to model that configuration: shell mid radius (R) and thickness (T); hole radius (ρ_a); pipe mid radius (ρ_o) and thickness (t); outer pad outside radius (ρ_{op}) and thickness (t_{op}); inner pad outside radius (ρ_{ip}) and thickness (t_{ip}); and Poisson's

radio of shell (v), pipe (v_p), and pad(s) (v_{PAD}). The location of each SCF is determined by (1) the angle (ϕ , see Figures 2.2.1 and 2.2.2); (2) inside surface (I/s) or outside surface (O/s) of shell, pipe, and pad(s); and (3) ratio of the grid point location (ρ , see Figures 2.2.1 and 2.2.2) divided by the pipe mid radius (ρ_o). The peak SCF used as the design criterion is the largest of all SCF values computed for a configuration.

The accuracy of the NASTRAN results is determined by comparing to theoretical and experimental data. Since limited data are available for reinforced penetrations, many different configurations were modeled to supplement the published "exact" data to provide the accuracy and restrictions to the formula.

5.2 Formula Restrictions and Conditions

The accuracy of the formula presented in Chapter IV was improved by imposing certain restrictions and conditions based on the results in this chapter. These results were from experimental, theoretical, published numerical, and the NASTRAN analytical results. The general restrictions inherent in any shell theory or finite element solution are as follows:

1.
$$\frac{\rho_o}{R} \leq \frac{1}{2} \quad (\text{Equation (9)})$$

2. $\frac{\rho_o}{t} > 10$
 3. $\frac{R}{T} > 10$
- } (thin shell theory)
4. $\rho_a/T \geq 1.2$ (Transverse shear effect).

There are other conditions that the author has used to improve the accuracy of the formula. These conditions are

1. $\frac{t}{T} < 0.4$; use $SCF_{pipe} = SCF_{force}$,
but retain the calculated SCF_{pipe} for $SCF_{pad(s)}$.
2. $TH = \begin{cases} t & \text{for } \frac{R}{T} > 33 \\ T & \text{for } \frac{R}{T} \leq 33 \end{cases}$ in Equation (32).
3. If ASME "coded" top or bottom pad⁽³⁹⁾ (approximately $A_{hole} \leq A_{reinf.}$), see Figure 5.2.1, and $\frac{\rho_o}{t} > 10$, then treat as a two pad problem with $\frac{1}{2} t_p$ on top and $\frac{1}{2} t_p$ on bottom.
4. $(\beta_1 \rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4} \leq 1.9$ or pipe is "ill-conditioned."
5. If $(\beta_1 \rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4} > 1.0$, treat as "coded" pad - condition 3.
6. If $0.9 < (\beta_1 \rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4} < 1.3$, use
 $e^{- (\beta_1 \rho_o)^2 \left(\frac{t}{T}\right)^{1/4}}$ in Equation (32) in place of Equation (25).

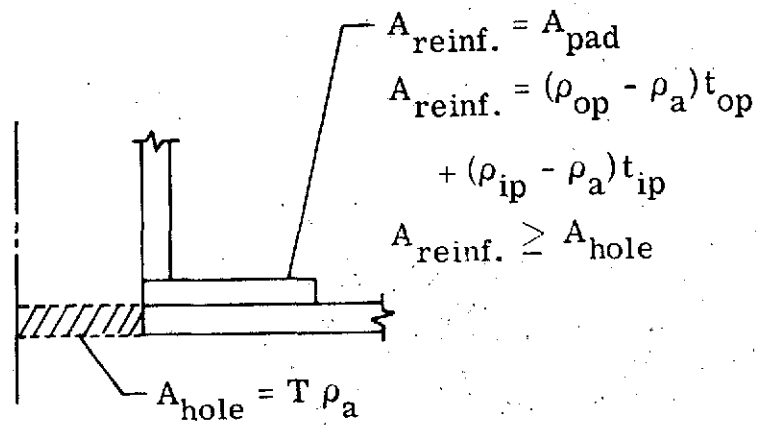


Figure 5.2.1.- Illustration of "reinforcement" required for ASME coded top or bottom pad. (38)

7. If $t = 0$ and configuration is pad(s) reinforced, then $\rho_p \equiv 2 \rho_p$, $T_H = T$, and treat as "coded" pad.
8. SCF from Equations (31) and (32) is always ≥ 1.0 .

All the formula stress concentration factors are obtained from a computer program which is based on Equation (32) and these restrictions and conditions.

5.3 Force, Pipe, and Pipe/Pad(s)

Several calculations were obtained for the configuration of Figure 4.2.1, force around the hole. These results were computed to compare with theoretical ("exact") results^(1,2,3) as well as to provide check points for the formula presented in Chapter IV, Equation (32). Throughout this chapter, the formula answers will be referred to as SCF Ramsey. The comparisons between NASTRAN/"exact" (N-E), Ramsey/NASTRAN (R-N), and Ramsey/"exact" (R-E) for different shell and force configurations are presented in Table 5.3.1. The second result in this table for $\frac{R}{T} = 156.5$ will arbitrarily be defined as the only membrane result. All other results in this table are in the thin shell theory realm, $\frac{R}{T} > 10$. The overall differences of the comparisons of the results are as follows: N-E, 17.4% and -8.9%; R-N, 8.6% and -12.8%; and R-E, approximately $\pm 5\%$. The minus sign in this study always indicates less than and the plus sign greater than.

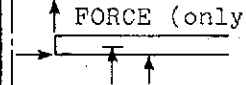
↑ FORCE (only)			PEAK SCF @ $\phi = 0$ & p_a			$v_s = 0.3 \frac{R}{T} > 10$	
			ON INSIDE SURFACE				
p_a	R	T	SCF NASTRAN	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF	
						N-E/R-N	R-E
2.42	25	0.2	6.497	5.534	5.663	$\frac{17.40}{-12.84}$	2.33
7.09	50	0.32	9.603	10.4	10.983	$\frac{-7.66}{14.37}$	5.61
4.84	50	0.40	6.199	5.534	5.663	$\frac{+12.02}{-8.65}$	2.33
8.712	90	0.72	5.746	5.534	5.663	$\frac{3.83}{-1.44}$	2.33
10.842	112	0.896	5.406	5.534	5.663	$\frac{-2.31}{4.75}$	2.33
13.0	112	1.084	5.907	6.027	6.259	$\frac{-1.99}{5.95}$	3.85
14.52	150	1.2	5.404	5.534	5.663	$\frac{-2.35}{4.79}$	2.33
13.309	112	1.25	5.643	5.746	5.916	$\frac{-1.79}{4.84}$	2.96
13.0	112	1.25	5.555	5.614	5.760	$\frac{-1.05}{3.69}$	2.60
12.285	112	1.25	5.374	5.319	5.411	$\frac{1.03}{0.69}$	1.73
12.25	50	2.0	6.033	6.257	6.552	$\frac{-3.58}{8.60}$	4.71
13.309	112	2.1667	4.478	4.457	4.471	$\frac{0.47}{-0.16}$	0.31
10.7667	112	2.1667	3.884	3.774	3.790	$\frac{2.92}{-2.42}$	0.42
13.0	112	2.1667	4.464	4.371	4.380	$\frac{2.13}{-1.88}$	0.21
12.285	112	2.1667	4.331	4.170	4.179	$\frac{+3.86}{-3.51}$	0.22
13.2	72	2.215	5.233	5.353	5.450	$\frac{-2.24}{4.15}$	1.81
12.01	112	2.9867	3.836	3.639	3.664	$\frac{5.41}{-4.48}$.69
10.752	112	8.96	2.694	2.958	2.811	$\frac{-8.93}{4.34}$	-4.97

Table 5.3.1 - NASTRAN, EXACT (1, 2, 3), and Formula Comparisons for Different Shell and Force Configurations.

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the "exact" value. In Figure 5.3.1 all three curves (NASTRAN, "exact" and formula) are approaching the flat plate ($\beta = 0$) value at 2.5. For $\beta \rho_a < 0.6$ the three curves coincide. For $\beta \rho_a > 0.6$ the NASTRAN curve is below (as expected) the "exact", and the formula curve is above (as desired).

The shell and pipe configurations (Figure 4.3.1) are presented in Tables 5.3.2 through 5.3.6 for different types of comparisons for various categories. The types of comparisons are as follows: NASTRAN/exact/Ramsey, Table 5.3.2; analytical/Ramsey, Table 5.3.4; and experimental/Ramsey, Tables 5.3.3, 5.3.5 and 5.3.6. The categories are defined as the following: thin shell, $\frac{R}{T} \geq 10$; and thick shell, $\frac{R}{T} < 10$; thin pipe, $\frac{\rho_o}{t} \geq 10$; and thick pipe, $\frac{\rho_o}{t} < 10$. Several NASTRAN thin shell and thin pipe configurations were modeled to compare to theoretical^(1,11), numerical⁽⁷⁾, and experimental^(7,14,17,20,24) results (see Table 5.3.2(a) and 5.3.3(a)). The overall differences of the thin shell and pipe NASTRAN results from the "exact" are -14.0% to 8.9%. The formula differences between NASTRAN and "exact"^(1,7,11,14,17,20,24) are approximately +14%. Note the configuration where $\nu_p = 0.3$ and 0.5. The accuracy of the formula as compared to both NASTRAN solutions is approximately 3%.

The thin shell and thick pipe results are shown in Tables 5.3.2(b) and 5.3.3(b). Those in Table 5.3.2(b) are

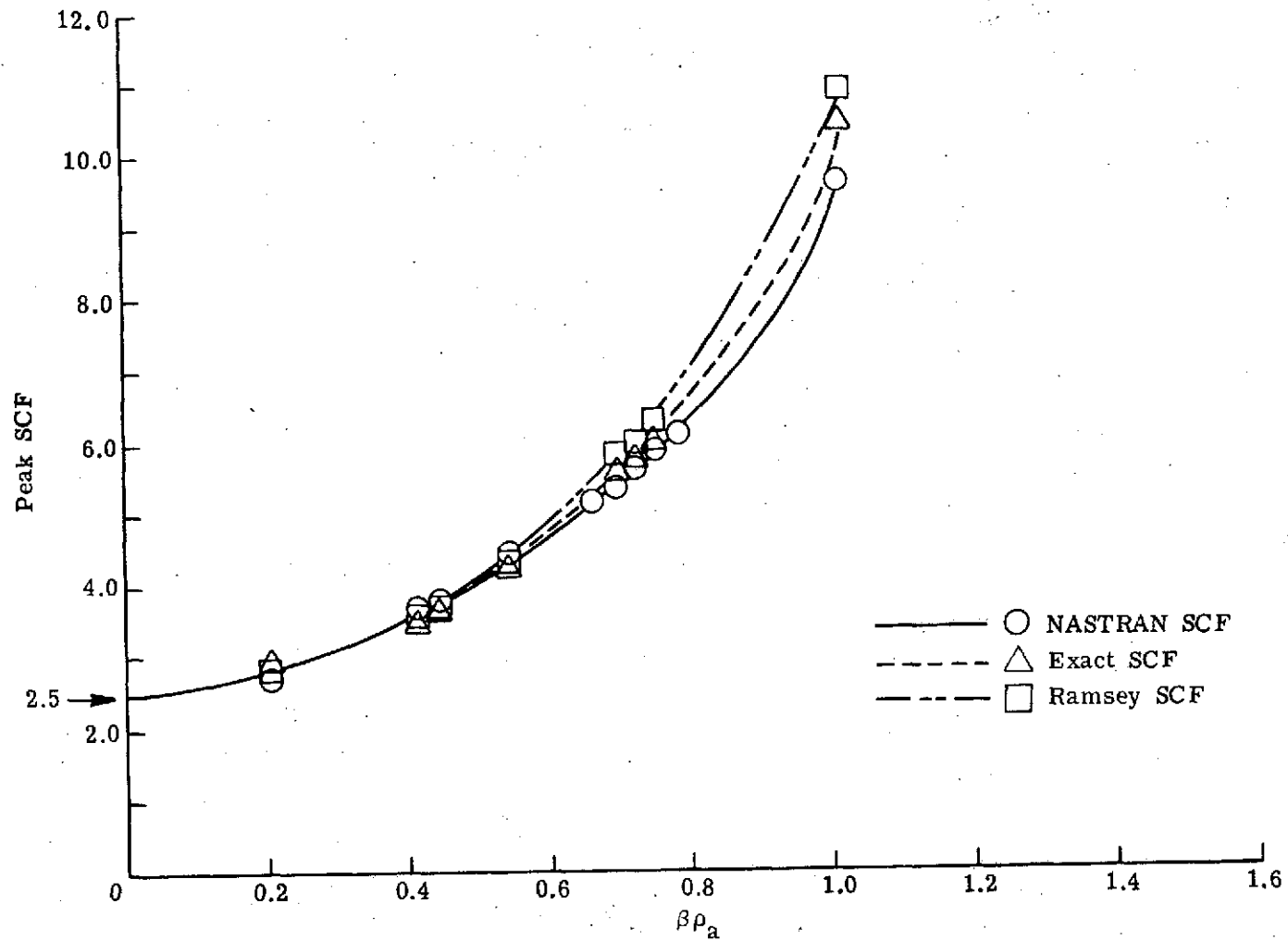


Figure 5.3.1.- Effect of shell thickness and curvature, and hole size ($\beta\rho_a$) on peak SCF for shell and force ($t = 0$) configurations.

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Table 5.3.2 - NASTRAN, EXACT, and Formula Comparisons
for Different Thin Shell and Thick/Thin
Pipe Configurations: $\nu = 0.3$, $\nu_p = 0.3$;
except as noted.

ρ_a	R	T	t	SCF NASTRAN	SCF "EXACT" Ref. (1, 11)	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF	
							N-E/R-N	R-E
2.42	25	0.2	0.16	2.812	2.856	2.898	- 1.54 3.06	1.47
7.09	50	0.32	0.32	3.139	-	3.921	24.91	
4.84	50	0.40	0.34	2.776	2.856	2.844	- 2.80 2.44	- 0.42
8.712	90	0.72	0.576	2.760	2.856	2.898	- 3.36 5.00	1.47
10.842	112	0.896	0.717	2.812	-	2.897	3.02	
10.842	112	0.896	0.717 ($\nu_p = 0.5$)	3.061	-	3.152	2.97	
13.0	112	1.084	1.3	2.462	2.490	2.107	- 1.12 -14.42	-15.38
14.52	150	1.2	0.96	2.721	2.856	2.898	- 4.73 6.51	1.47
13.309	112	1.25	0.6825	3.544	3.420	3.120	3.63 -11.96	- 8.77
13.0	112	1.25	1.3	2.563	2.660	2.562	- 3.65 - 0.04	- 3.68
12.25	50	2.00	0.5	4.728	4.94	-	- 4.29	
13.309	112	2.1667	0.682	4.211	4.459	4.471	- 5.56 6.17	0.27
10.7667	112	2.1667	0.86668	2.992	3.157	3.146	-5.23 5.15	-0.35
13.0	112	2.1667	1.3	2.793	3.07	3.158	- 9.02 13.07	2.87
13.2	72	2.215	1.1	2.809	3.268	3.210	-14.04 14.28	1.77
10.752	112	8.96	0.896	2.770	2.790	2.811	- 0.72 1.48	0.75

(a) Thin Pipe $\frac{\rho_o}{t} \geq 10$

TABLE 5.3.2 - (concluded)

ρ_a	R	T	t	SCF NASTRAN	SCF "EXACT" Ref. ()	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF.	
							N-E/R-N	R-E
3.032 6.0	24.312 21.8125	0.625 1.625	0.28 1.625	3.078 -	2.84 (14) 2.60 (24)	3.209 2,407	$\frac{8.38}{4.26}$	12.99 -7.42
2.475 6.0	5.0 21.8125	0.1 1.625	.05 1.000	6.743 -	7.129 (7) 3.000 (24)	- 2.956	-5.42	-1.47

(a) Thin Pipe $\frac{\rho_o}{t} \geq 10$

ρ_a	R	T	t	Ref.	SCF NASTRAN	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF.	
								N-E/R-N	R-E
12.285	112	2.1667	2.73	(1,11)	2.347	(2.580)	2.775	$\frac{-4.03}{18.24}$	7.56
12.285	112	1.25	2.73	(1,11)	1.867	-	1.795	- 3.9	-
12.01	112	2.9867	4.48	(1,11)	2.332	2.345	2.647	$\frac{-0.55}{13.51}$	12.88
4.125	22.6725	4.845	0.938	(24)	-	3.3	2.918		-11.576
4.125	22.6725	4.845	0.938	(24)	-	2.7	2.918		8.074
5.9375	22.6725	4.845	1.438	(24)	-	3.3	3.367		2.03

(b) Thick Pipe ($\rho_o/t < 10$)

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Table 5.3.3 - Experimental and Formula Comparisons for Thin Shell ($R/T \geq 10$) and Thin/Thick Pipe Configurations.

ρ_a	R	T	t	Reference	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF
3.06	11.860	0.281	0.25	(17)	3.050	2.975	- 2.46
0.98	7.659	0.153	0.021	(20)	4.750	4.713	- 0.78
6.00	21.813	1.625	0.380	(17)	5.000	5.242	4.84

(a) THIN PIPE ($\rho_0/t \geq 10$)

0.97	24.844	1.688	0.730	(17) ↓	3.120	2.524	-19.10
0.97	24.844	1.688	0.218		3.060	2.561	-16.31
1.91	24.844	1.688	1.095		2.980	2.589	-13.12
1.91	24.844	1.688	0.729		2.980	2.622	-12.01
6.00	21.813	1.625	1.625		2.700	2.407	-10.85
3.72	24.844	1.688	1.593		2.910	2.719	- 6.56
6.00	21.813	1.625	1.000		3.100	2.956	- 4.65

(b) THICK PIPE ($\frac{\rho_0}{t} < 10$)

slightly more accurate than the thin pipe results for both the formula ($\pm 12\%$) and NASTRAN (-4%) as compared to the "exact"^(1,11;24) results. For the same category, it is shown in Table 5.3.3(b) that the formula comparisons are below the experimental⁽¹⁷⁾ by 19%. The first four configurations in Table 5.3.3(b) and the last three in Table 5.3.2(b) have $\rho_a/T \leq 1.1$. At the end of Chapter IV, it was stated that transverse shear effects would be negligible provided $\rho_a/T > 3.0$ and $R/T \geq 25.0$. Both of these requirements are violated. Therefore, the low SCF from the formula is to be expected since the hole is too small and/or the shell too thick. Therefore, the overall accuracy of the formula for a thin shell and thick pipe is approximately $\pm 12\%$ by not including the configurations where $\rho_a/T < 1.1$ and $\frac{R}{t} < 14.7$.

The theoretical comparison of Eringen's⁽¹¹⁾ analytical results to the formula for the shell and pipe configurations is presented in Table 5.3.4. The accuracy between the two of $\pm 8\%$ is remarkable. The cases are tabulated by per cent difference from lowest to highest. These are the only valid cases from this report. The others violated all four of his theoretical requirements:

$$R/T > 10, \rho_o/t > 10, \beta\rho_o < 0.5, \text{ and } \rho_o/R \leq 1/3.$$

Tables 5.3.5 and 5.3.6 present numerous experimental^(8,11,16,17,19,21,22,135) configurations for thick

Table 5.3.4 - Formula and Analytical⁽¹¹⁾ Comparison for Shell and Pipe Configurations.

CASE NO.	2R/T	ρ_0/R	$\beta\rho_0$	t/T	SCF-LIT (Ref. (11))	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF
131	250.00	.050	.35900	.1000	3.63	3.330	-8.26
104	100.00	.100	.45400	.1000	4.11	3.823	-6.98
102	100.00	.100	.45400	.4000	3.31	3.130	-5.43
125	250.00	.025	.18000	.0250	2.86	2.709	-5.27
132	250.00	.050	.35900	.0500	3.52	3.337	-5.20
124	250.00	.025	.18000	.0500	2.85	2.708	-5.00
126	250.00	.025	.18000	.0125	2.85	2.710	-4.91
127	250.00	.025	.18000	.0062	2.85	2.711	-4.89
64	50.00	.050	.16100	.0125	2.80	2.667	-4.75
130	250.00	.050	.35900	.2000	3.48	3.317	-4.68
20	10.00	.250	.35900	.1250	3.42	3.261	-4.63
63	50.00	.050	.16100	.0250	2.79	2.665	-4.47
16	10.00	.100	.14400	.0250	2.75	2.628	-4.42
97	100.00	.050	.22700	.0500	2.96	2.831	-4.37
98	100.00	.050	.22700	.0250	2.96	2.834	-4.25
99	100.00	.050	.22700	.0125	2.96	2.836	-4.20
21	10.00	.250	.35900	.0625	3.44	3.302	-4.01
32	25.00	.050	.11400	.0125	2.69	2.583	-3.99
91	100.00	.025	.11400	.0125	2.69	2.584	-3.96
92	100.00	.025	.11400	.0062	2.69	2.584	-3.94
18	10.00	.250	.35900	.5000	2.82	2.711	-3.88
38	25.00	.100	.22700	.0250	2.94	2.831	-3.71
103	100.00	.100	.45400	.2000	3.94	3.797	-3.64
39	25.00	.250	.56800	2.0000	2.22	2.142	-3.51
123	250.00	.025	.18000	.1000	2.80	2.704	-3.42
31	25.00	.050	.11400	.0250	2.67	2.581	-3.33
90	100.00	.025	.11400	.0250	2.67	2.583	-3.27
62	50.00	.050	.16100	.0500	2.75	2.662	-3.20
129	250.00	.050	.35900	.4000	3.05	2.953	-3.17
37	25.00	.100	.22700	.0500	2.91	2.824	-2.95
96	100.00	.050	.22700	.1000	2.91	2.824	-2.95
15	10.00	.100	.14400	.0500	2.70	2.662	-2.89
19	10.00	.250	.35900	.2500	3.27	3.183	-2.65
56	50.00	.025	.08000	.0125	2.61	2.541	-2.63
57	50.00	.025	.08000	.0062	2.61	2.542	-2.61
119	250.00	.010	.07200	.0050	2.60	2.534	-2.55
120	250.00	.010	.07200	.0025	2.60	2.534	-2.55
105	100.00	.100	.45400	.0500	3.93	3.837	-2.38
11	10.00	.050	.07200	.0125	2.59	2.582	-2.24
118	250.00	.010	.07200	.0100	2.59	2.533	-2.18
55	50.00	.025	.08000	.0250	2.59	2.541	-1.91
89	100.00	.025	.11400	.0500	2.63	2.581	-1.86
117	250.00	.010	.07200	.0200	2.58	2.533	-1.81
30	25.00	.050	.11400	.0500	2.62	2.578	-1.61
10	10.00	.050	.07200	.0250	2.57	2.530	-1.54

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Table 5.3.4 (Continued)

CASE NO.	2R/T	$\rho\sigma/R$	$\beta\rho_{\sigma}$	t/T	SCF-LIT Ref. (11)	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF
134	250.00	.050	.35900	.0125	3.38	3.342	-1.12
116	250.00	.010	.07200	.0400	2.55	2.533	-0.68
71	50.00	.100	.32100	.0250	3.19	3.168	-0.68
69	50.00	.100	.32100	.1000	3.16	3.148	-0.37
133	250.00	.050	.35900	.0250	3.35	3.340	-0.29
70	50.00	.100	.32100	.0500	3.17	3.162	-0.27
54	50.00	.025	.08000	.0500	2.54	2.539	-0.04
9	10.00	.050	.07200	.0500	2.52	2.527	0.29
36	25.00	.100	.22700	.1000	2.79	2.811	0.75
61	50.00	.050	.16100	.1000	2.63	2.656	0.97
6	13.13	.129	.21300	.1335	2.72	2.750	1.11
114	250.00	.010	.07200	.1600	2.49	2.530	1.59
14	10.00	.100	.14400	.1000	2.56	2.609	1.93
106	100.00	.100	.45400	.0250	3.77	3.843	1.94
115	250.00	.010	.07200	.0800	2.48	2.532	2.08
43	25.00	.250	.56800	.1250	4.42	4.526	2.39
35	25.00	.100	.22700	.2000	2.72	2.786	2.41
87	100.00	.025	.11400	.2000	2.51	2.571	2.45
34	25.00	.100	.22700	.4000	2.56	2.626	2.58
88	100.00	.025	.11400	.1000	2.51	2.578	2.70
60	50.00	.050	.16100	.2000	2.56	2.643	3.24
29	25.00	.050	.11400	.1000	2.49	2.571	3.27
41	25.00	.250	.56800	.5000	3.02	3.123	3.40
53	50.00	.025	.08000	.1000	2.45	2.536	3.50
122	250.00	.025	.18000	.2000	2.60	2.698	3.76
86	100.00	.025	.11400	.4000	2.43	2.533	4.24
59	50.00	.050	.16100	.4000	2.46	2.565	4.27
95	100.00	.050	.22700	.2000	2.69	2.811	4.50
68	50.00	.100	.32100	.2000	2.97	3.122	5.12
8	10.00	.050	.07200	.1000	2.39	2.522	5.51
52	50.00	.025	.08000	.2000	2.39	2.530	5.85
28	25.00	.050	.11400	.2000	2.41	2.560	6.20
137	250.00	.100	.71800	.4000	3.20	3.403	6.35
44	25.00	.250	.56800	.0625	4.28	4.567	6.71
67	50.00	.100	.32100	.4000	2.64	2.820	6.80
121	250.00	.025	.18000	.4000	2.44	2.616	7.20
94	100.00	.050	.22700	.4000	2.49	2.672	7.29
13	10.00	.100	.14400	.2000	2.41	2.586	7.32
128	250.00	.050	.35900	.8000	2.65	2.844	7.34
101	100.00	.100	.45400	.8000	2.72	2.933	7.82

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Table 5.3.5 - Experimental and Formula Comparisons for Different Thick Shell and Pipe (R/T and $\rho_0/t < 10$) Configurations.

ρ_a	R	T	t	Reference	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF. R-E
1.41	3.67	0.590	0.445	(21) ↓	3.070	2.620	-14.66
0.91	3.652	0.553	0.281		3.360	2.920	-13.10
0.91	3.653	0.555	0.285		3.320	2.915	-12.20
0.56	3.286	1.011	0.093		3.090	2.755	-10.84
0.91	3.656	0.563	0.279		3.280	2.921	-10.95
1.00	19.000	2.000	0.188		2.780	2.571	- 7.52
1.41	3.670	0.590	0.400		2.840	2.745	- 3.35
0.44	3.694	0.568	0.073	(8,11,21)	2.800	2.749	- 1.82
1.09	3.578	0.377	0.434	(21) ↓	2.280	2.235	- 1.97
1.41	3.315	1.009	0.236		4.110	4.105	- 0.12
0.68	3.658	0.565	0.112		3.040	3.104	2.11
0.91	3.653	0.565	0.227		2.900	2.985	2.93
0.17	3.516	0.565	0.027		2.450	2.539	3.63
0.51	3.670	0.490	0.218	(16)	2.520	2.683	6.47

Table 5.3.6 - Formula and Experimental Comparison for Thick Shell and Thick Pipe Configurations.

ρ_a	R	T	t	Reference	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF.
4.78	19.00	2.0	2.405	(17)	3.140	2.444	-22.17
2.88	9.50	1.0	0.432	(22)	3.779	3.216	-14.90
0.91	3.652	0.553	0.281	(21)	3.360	2.920	-13.10
0.92	3.648	0.546	0.280		3.360	2.928	-12.86
0.91	3.653	0.550	0.285	(17)	3.320	2.915	-12.20
4.13	22.673	4.845	0.94		3.300	2.919	-11.55
0.95	3.653	0.555	0.285	(21)	3.320	2.940	-11.45
0.56	3.286	1.011	0.092	(17)	3.090	2.755	-10.84
0.91	3.656	0.563	0.279	(17, 21)	3.280	2.921	-10.95
3.72	24.844	4.188	0.593	(17)	3.100	2.859	- 7.77
1.45	19.0	2.0	1.144	(17)	2.750	2.547	- 7.38
1.0	19.0	2.0	0.188	(17, 135)	2.760	2.571	- 6.85
0.92	3.650	0.565	0.277	(19)	2.900	2.931	1.07
5.94	22.673	4.845	1.440	(17)	3.300	3.367	2.03
0.91	3.658	0.565	0.227	(17, 21)	2.900	2.985	2.93
0.68	3.658	0.565	0.112	(17, 21)	3.000	3.104	3.47
0.17	3.658	0.565	0.027		2.450	2.538	3.59
0.51	3.620	0.490	0.369		2.220	2.593	16.80

shells and pipes. The comparison between the formula and these experiments are presented to illustrate the need to impose the restrictions presented in Section 5.2. The differences between the formula and thick shell and pipe experimental results are -22% to +17%.

The shell/pipe/pad (top and bottom) configurations (Figure 4.4.1) are listed in Tables 5.3.7 through 5.3.9. The same categories as shell and pipe are maintained for the shell/pipe/pad comparisons. The comparisons are for NASTRAN, formula, and six experimental results. The thin shell and pipe ($\frac{R}{t}$ and $\frac{\rho_o}{t} \geq 10$) cylinders with a top pad are presented in Table 5.3.7. The differences of the formula as compared to NASTRAN for the top pad are -15.9% to 11.4%. The thin shell and pipe with a bottom pad are listed in Table 5.3.8. The formula differences for the bottom pad as compared to NASTRAN and the one experimental result⁽²⁴⁾ are -16.1% to +3.2%. The thick pipe ($\frac{\rho_o}{t} < 10$), thin/thick shell, and pad results are shown in Table 5.3.9.

The last three configurations in Table 5.3.7 and first three in Table 5.3.9 have only one difference - Poisson's ratio. There are 0.8% (Table 5.3.7) and 1.0% (Table 5.3.9) differences between the NASTRAN SCF for all ν 's = 0.3 and for $\nu = 0.3$, $\nu_p = \nu_{pad} = 0.5$. Based on these six examples, the formula only provides a different Poisson's ratio for

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Table 5.3.7 - NASTRAN, EXPERIMENTAL, and Formula Comparison for Thin Shell, Thin Pipe, and Top Pad Configurations.

ρ_a/ρ_o	R	T	t	ρ_{op}	t_{op}	SCF NASTRAN	SCF RAMSEY	% Diff.
2.42 2.50	25	0.2	0.16	4.25	0.125	2.403	2.384	- 0.79
7.09 7.25	50	0.32	0.32	11.25	0.25	2.889	2.976	3.01
4.84 5.01	50	0.4	0.34	8.5	0.25	2.369	2.338	- 1.31
8.712 9.00	90	0.72	0.576	14.75	0.50	2.303	2.389	3.73
10.842 11.2	112	0.896	0.7168	19.85935	0.50	2.403	2.377	- 1.08
10.842 11.2	112	0.896	0.7168	20.0	1.00	1.945	1.848	- 4.99
14.52 15.00	150	1.200	0.96	23.0	1.00	2.154	2.400	11.42
13.309 13.65	112	1.25	0.6825	24.999	1.50	2.134	1.795	-15.89
13.0 13.65	112	1.25	1.3	24.999	1.50	1.866	1.883	0.80
12.031 12.50	125	1.25	0.938	21.5	1.50	1.924	2.030	5.51
12.25 12.50	50	2.00	0.50	21.0	1.50	2.908	2.772	- 4.68
13.309 13.65	112	2.1667	0.6825	24.999	1.50	2.421	2.620	8.22
10.7667 11.2	112	2.1667	0.86668	18.5625	1.50	2.396	2.533	5.72
13.0 13.65	112	2.1667	1.3	24.999	1.50	2.259	2.479	9.74

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TABLE 5.3.7 - (Concluded)

ρ_a/ρ_o	R	T	t	ρ_{op}	t_{op}	SCF NASTRAN	SCF RAMSEY	% Diff.	SCF "Exact" or Notes
13.2 13.75	72	2.215	1.10	23.0	1.50	2.783	2.533	- 8.98	
10.752 11.2	112	8.96	0.896	20.64	5.00	2.316	2.215	- 4.36	
3.032 3.172	24.312	0.625	0.28	5.25	0.625	2.498	2.461	- 3.85 - 1.48 - 5.35	Ref. (14) 2.60 $\nu=0.3$
3.032 3.172	24.312	0.625	0.28	5.25	0.625	2.484	2.546	2.50	$\nu=0.3$ $\nu_p=0.5$ $\nu_{pad}=0.3$
3.032 3.172	24.312	0.625	0.28	5.25	0.625	2.476	2.546	2.83	$\nu=0.3$ $\nu_p=0.5$ $\nu_{pad}=0.5$

Table 5.3.8 - NASTRAN and Formula Comparison for Thin Shell, Thin Pipe, and Bottom Pad Configurations.

ρ_a/ρ_o	R	T	t	ρ_{ip}	t_{ip}	SCF NASTRAN	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF.	SCF "Exact" Ref. (24)
10.842 11.2	112	0.896	0.7168	20.25	1.00	1.779	1.835	3.15	—
13.0 13.65	112	1.25	1.30	25.0	1.50	1.824	1.883	3.23	—
13.2 13.75	72	2.215	1.10	23.0	1.50	3.019	2.533	-16.10	—
5.9 6.135	21.813	1.625	0.469	9.869	2.75		1.827	-3.84	1.900

Table 5.3.9 - NASTRAN, Experimental, and Formula Comparison for Thick/Thin Shell, Thick Pipe, and Top Pad Configurations.

ρ_a/ρ_o	R	T	t	ρ_{op}	t_{op}	NOTES	SCF NASTRAN	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF	
										N-E/R-N	R-E
4.782 5.0785	19	2.0	0.593	9.482	2.0		2.399	(15) 2.51	2.277	-4.42 -5.09	-9.28
4.782 5.0785	19	2.0	0.593	9.482	2.0	$v_p=0.5$	2.349		2.355	0.26	
4.782 5.0785	19	2.0	0.593	9.482	2.0	$v_p=v_{PA}=0.5$	2.372		2.355	-0.72	
2.88 3.095	9.5	1.0	0.43	4.858	2.0			(17) 2.07	2.105		+1.7
2.88 3.095	9.5	1.0	0.43	5.437	1.125			(17) 2.22	2.149		-3.2
2.8815 3.0975	9.5	1.0	0.432	5.4375	1.125			(22) 2.295	2.145		-6.5

(a) Thick Shell.

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Table 5.3.9 (Continued)

ρ_a/ρ_o	R	T	t	ρ_{op}	t_{op}	SCF NASTRAN	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF.
12.285 13.65	112	2.1667	2.73	24.999	1.50	1.914	2.195	14.68
12.01 14.25	112	2.9867	4.48	18.0	2.00	2.212	2.246	1.54
12.285 13.65	112	1.25	2.73	24.999	1.50	1.379	1.215	-11.89

(b) Thin Shell

the shell and pipe. The overall differences between NASTRAN and the formula for the shell/pipe/and pad (top and bottom) are -16.1% to 11.4%. The comparisons between experiments and the formula are -9.3% to 1.7% differences.

The NASTRAN/formula comparisons for shell, pipe, and pads configurations (see Figure 4.5.1) are presented in Table 5.3.10. All of these results are for thin shell and pipe except the three thick pipe configurations denoted by an asterisk (*) in the "exact" column. The "two pad" experimental investigation presented in Chapter III is also included. The configuration that is presented in Appendix A as a representative NASTRAN program is indicated by "Appendix A" in the "exact" column. Most of the SCF values obtained are for configurations that represent current pressure vessel analysis, design, and construction - i.e. identical inner and outer pad thicknesses and outside radii. The fifth through the seventh configurations in Table 5.3.10 have different geometries for the two pads. The accuracy of the formula for these examples is approximately +6%. The overall accuracy is -8.91% to +14.65% difference.

Figures 5.3.2 and 5.3.3 are representative of the manner in which peak stress concentration factors (SCF) for a pressurized cylindrical shell are affected by (1) thickness and curvature of shell and hole size (βp_a), and (2) reinforcement configurations (pipe and pipe/pad(s)).

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Table 5.3.10 - NASTRAN, Experimental and Formula Comparison for Thin Shell, Thin Pipe, and Pads Configuration.

ρ_a & ρ_o	R	T	t	ρ_{oP}	t_{oP}	ρ_{iP}	t_{iP}	SCF NASTRAN	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF.
2.42 2.50	25	0.2	0.16	4.25	0.125	4.25	0.125	1.871	-	1.870	0.05
7.09 7.25	50	0.32	0.32	11.25	0.25	11.25	0.25	1.940	**	2.032	4.74
4.84 5.01	50	0.4	0.34	8.5	0.25	8.5	0.25	1.846		1.832	- 0.76
8.712 9.000	90	0.72	0.576	14.75	0.50	14.75	0.50	1.735		1.881	8.42
10.842 11.2	112	0.896	0.7168	19.85935	0.50	19.85935	0.50	1.967		1.856	- 5.64
10.842 11.2	112	0.896	0.7168	19.85935	0.50	17.43	0.75	1.855		1.871	0.86
10.842 11.2	112	0.896	0.7168	19.85935	0.50	19.85935	1.00	1.656		1.757	6.10
14.52 15.00	150	1.200	0.960	23.0	1.00	23.0	1.00	1.659		1.902	14.65
13.309 13.65	112	1.25	0.6825	24.999	1.50	24.999	1.50	1.383		1.544	11.64
13.0 13.65	112	1.25	1.3	24.999	1.50	24.999	1.50	1.295		1.204	- 7.03
12.285 13.65	112	1.25	2.73	24.999	1.50	24.999	1.50	1.032	*	1.000	- 3.10
12.25 12.50	50	2.00	0.50	21.0	1.50	21.0	1.50	2.177		1.983	- 8.91
13.309 13.65	112	2.1667	0.6825	24.999	1.50	24.999	1.50	1.904		1.832	- 3.78
10.7667 11.2	112	2.1667	0.86668	18.5625	1.50	18.5625	1.50	1.876		1.920	2.35

TABLE 5.3.10 - (Concluded)

ρ_a & ρ_o	R	T	t	ρ_{oP}	t_{oP}	ρ_{iP}	t_{iP}	SCF NASTRAN	SCF "EXACT"	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF.
13.0 13.65	112	2.1667	1.3	24.999	1.50	24.999	1.50	1.820		1.800	-1.10
12.285 13.65	112	2.1667	2.73	24.999	1.50	24.999	1.50	1.626	*	1.615	-0.68
13.2 13.75	72	2.215	1.10	23.0	1.50	23.0	1.50	1.957	APPENDIX A	1.856	-5.10
12.01 14.25	112	2.9867	4.48	18.0	2.00	18.0	2.00	1.935	*	1.845	-4.65
10.752 11.2	112	8.96	0.896	20.64	5.00	20.64	5.00	1.527		1.701	11.40
5.90 6.13	21.813	1.625	0.460	9.86	1.38	9.86	1.38	1.964	Ref. (23&24) 1.80	1.838	9.11 -6.42 2.11

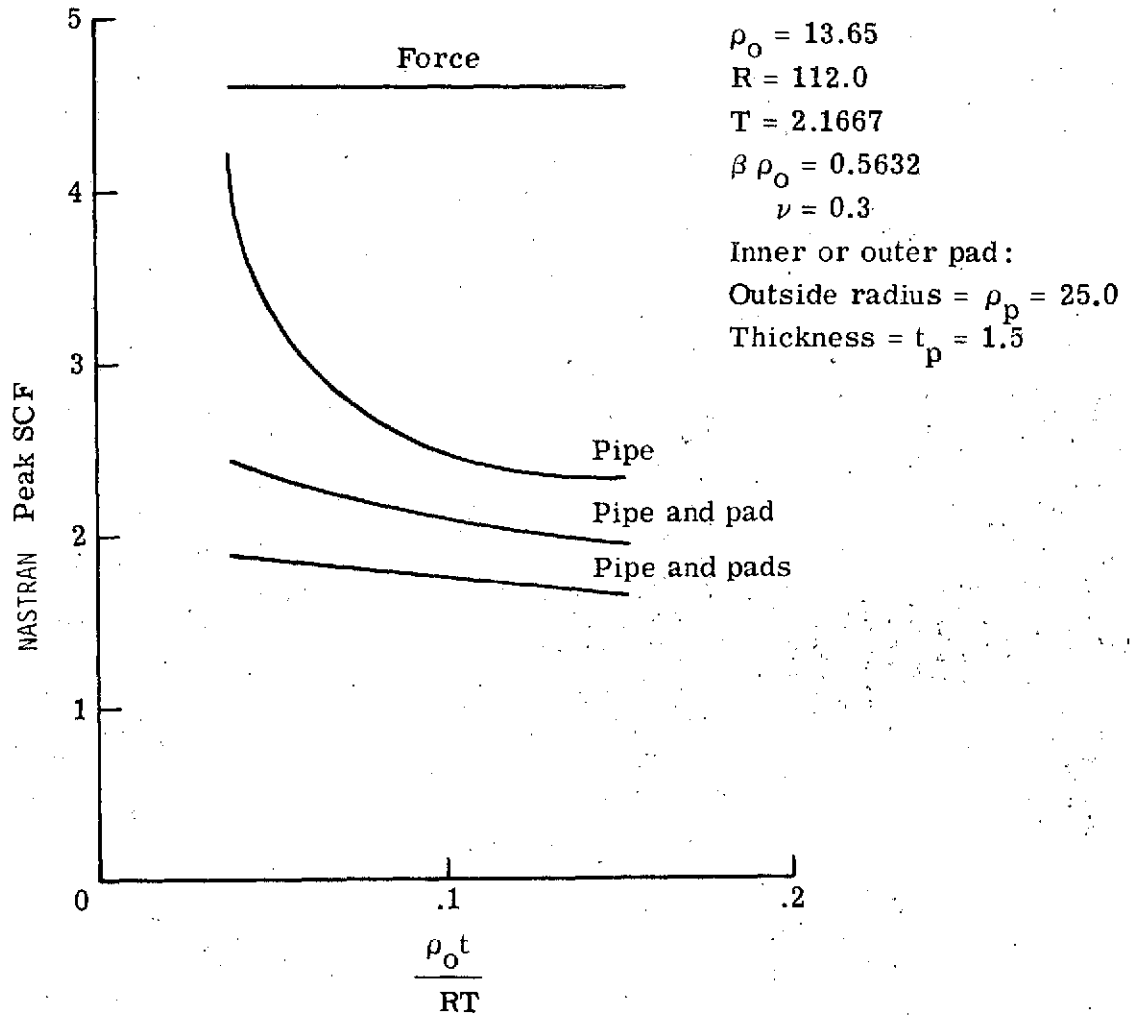


Figure 5.3.2.- Effect of reinforcement (pipe and pipe/pad(s) configurations) on peak SCF for a pressurized cylindrical shell ($\beta \rho_o = 0.5632$).

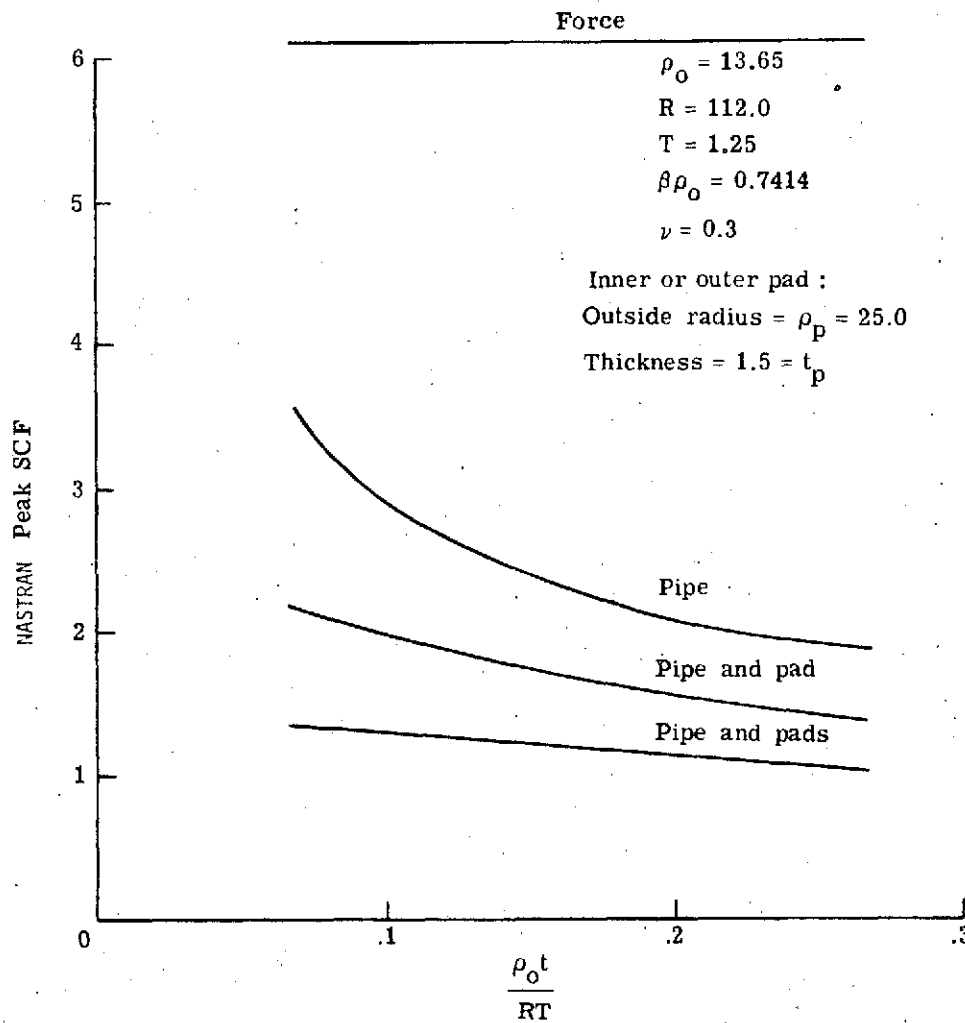


Figure 5.3.3.- Effect of reinforcement (pipe and pipe/pad(s) configurations) on peak SCF for a pressurized cylindrical shell ($\beta\rho_o = .7414$).

The force value in each figure was obtained from Figure 5.3.1. For both $\beta\rho_0 = 0.5632$ and $\beta\rho_0 = 0.7414$, the largest reduction in SCF is due to the reinforcement either offered from a "thick" pipe or from a "thin" pipe and one pad. This was typical of all results obtained. The SCF reduction due to a second pad was always minor in comparison to that obtained from a thick pipe or pipe/pad configuration. Although more pronounced for the smaller $\beta\rho_0$ (analogous to smaller hole), the peak stress concentration factors for the shell and pipe rapidly increase as $\frac{\rho_0 t}{RT}$ decreases. This is indicative of the transverse shear effects (small ρ_0/T). Extension of the pipe and pad(s) curves to the peak SCF ordinate at $t = 0$ yields the answer for the shell/force/pad(s) configurations.

5.4 Force and Pad(s)

It was stressed in Chapter IV that the primary thrust of the analysis would be for the cases previously presented. Another type of configuration can be solved by the formula. This is for $t = 0$ and the hole reinforced by one or two pads. Table 5.4.1 contains comparisons of formula to NASTRAN results for thin, pressurized, cylindrical shells with pad(s) reinforcing a hole covered with a membrane (force only). This type of configuration is identical to Figure 4.2.1 plus one or two reinforcing pads. The formula results for

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Table 5.4.1 - Comparison of Formula to NASTRAN Results
for Thin Shell with Pad(s) Reinforcing a Hole.

ρ_a	R	T	ρ_p	t_p	TOP or BOT.	SCF NASTRAN	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF
4.84	50	0.4	8.5	0.25	TOP	5.158	4.691	- 9.05
4.84	50	0.4	8.5	0.25	BOT.	3.589	4.029	12.26
10.842	112	0.896	19.86	0.50	TOP	5.174	4.678	- 9.59
10.842	112	0.896	19.86	0.50	BOT.	3.810	4.006	5.14
12.031	125	1.25	21.50	1.50	BOT.	3.656	3.840	5.03
13.2	72	2.215	23.0	1.50	TOP	3.912	4.097	4.73
11.0	72	1.44	20.0	1.875	TOP	3.766	4.133	9.75
11.0	72	1.44	20.0	1.875	BOT.	3.654	4.133	13.11

(a) Force and Pad

ρ_a	R	T	ρ_{op}	t_{op}	ρ_{ip}	t_{ip}	SCF NASTRAN	SCF RAMSEY	% DIFF
4.84	50	0.4	8.5	0.25	8.5	0.25	3.197	3.057	- 4.38
8.172	90	0.72	14.75	0.50	14.75	0.50	2.655	2.620	- 1.32
10.842	112	0.896	19.86	0.50	19.86	0.50	3.364	3.021	-10.20
11.0	72	1.44	20.0	1.875	20.0	1.875	1.668	1.580	- 5.28

(b) Force and Pads

the top pad configuration have an accuracy of approximately $\pm 9.7\%$, whereas all of bottom pad stress concentration factors were 5% to 13% above the NASTRAN results. All of the force and pads formula results were below the NASTRAN answers. The difference range is -10.2% to -1.3% .

CHAPTER VI

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

This study provides numerical predictions of peak stress concentration factors around nonreinforced and reinforced penetrations. Numerical results have been correlated with published formulas, as well as theoretical and experimental results. Most of the configurations have been for thin shells, and all are based on linear elastic structures. Some thick shell NASTRAN and published results were obtained. An accuracy study was made of the finite element program for each of the configurations considered important in pressure vessel technology. A formula was developed to predict the peak stress concentration factor for analysis and/or design in conjunction with the ASME Pressure Vessel Code. The accuracy of the empirical formula is determined by comparing to numerical, theoretical, and experimental data.

The peak stress concentration factors (SCF) presented in Chapter V have confirmed that the 3.3 limit imposed by the ASME Code is indeed conservative for the vast majority of cases. The peak SCF results due to reinforcement (pipe or pad(s)) around a circular penetration in cylindrical, pressurized shells suggest a different number. In fact, 78.5% (124 out of 158) of the shell and pipe configurations

were less than 3.3. Using the procedure for a well designed penetration presented in Ref. (25) and shown approximately in Figure 5.2.1, the one pad problems (32) were checked for ASME Code reinforcement requirements. The six "coded" pad configurations are as follows: Table 5.3.7, first two $t = 1.25$ configurations (SCF = 2.134 and 1.868); Table 5.3.8, second and fourth configurations (SCF = 1.824 and 1.827); and Table 5.3.9, first $T = 1.0$ and $T = 1.25$ configurations (SCF = 2.07 and 1.379). All of the other 26 one pad configurations were not "coded" and yet had peak SCF results equal to or below 3.0. The two pad problems were mostly "coded" (by choice). The seven configurations in Table 5.3.10 which are not "coded" are the first five examples and those with $T = 1.2$ and $T = 4.48$. For the two pad configuration only one of the twenty problems had a peak SCF outside of the range of 1.0 to 2.0. This was a "coded" pads configuration ($T = 2.0$ and $R/T = 25$) with a peak SCF = 2.177. Based on these results, a "thick" pipe (Figure 5.3.3), "coded" pad, or two pad configuration would have a peak SCF of about 2.2 (2/3 of the 3.3 limit), whereas the shell and pipe configuration could achieve the "well designed penetration" (SCF = 3.3) definition.

All of the peak SCF results are summarized in Table 6.1 according to thick, thin, or membrane shell definitions. The NASTRAN results compared to published values, +17.4% to

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TABLE 6.1
SCF % DIFFERENCE SUMMARY

CASES	THIN SHELL & PIPE			THIN SHELL & THICK PIPE			MEM. SHELL & THIN PIPE			THICK SHELL & PIPE		
	NASTRAN TO EXACT	RAMSEY TO NASTRAN	RAMSEY TO EXACT	NASTRAN TO EXACT	RAMSEY TO NASTRAN	RAMSEY TO EXACT	NASTRAN TO EXACT	RAMSEY TO NASTRAN	RAMSEY TO EXACT	NASTRAN TO EXACT	RAMSEY TO NASTRAN	RAMSEY TO EXACT
FORCE	- 8.93 TO 17.40	-12.84 TO 8.60	- 4.97 TO 4.71	-	-	-	-7.66	14.37	5.61	-	-	-
PIPE	-14.04 TO + 8.88	-14.42 TO 14.28	-15.38 TO 12.99	-4.03 TO -0.55	- 3.90 TO 18.24	-10.85 TO 12.88	-	24.91	-	-	-	-22.17 TO 16.80
PIPE & PAD	- 3.85	-16.10 TO 11.42	-5.35 TO -3.84	-	-11.89 TO 14.68	-	-	3.01	-	-4.42	-5.09 TO -0.72	-9.28 TO +1.70
PIPE & PADS	9.11	- 8.91 TO 14.65	2.11	-	- 4.65 TO - 0.68	-	-	4.74	-	-	-	-
FORCE & TOP PAD	-	- 9.59 TO 9.75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FORCE & BOT PAD	-	+ 5.03 +13.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FORCE & PADS	-	-10.20 TO - 1.32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

-8.9%, are high, as expected, when the membrane category is approached and low for an almost thick shell. This same general trend is true for the shell and pipe examples. The thin shell and pipe NASTRAN accuracy is +8.8% to -14.0%. There is not enough data to determine any trend for the pipe and pad(s) NASTRAN results.

The formula results compare favorably with NASTRAN and the published "experimental, theoretical, and numerical" data. The results for individual comparisons to NASTRAN and "exact" are shown in Table 6.1 by categories. The thin shell approximate percent difference results are as follows: force, +4.8%; pipe, +14.4%; pipe and pad, +13.7%; pipe and pads, +11.7%; force and top pad, +9.7%; force and bottom pad, 13%; and force and pads, -10%.

One application of this formula is to an ASME Code "hillside" (elliptical hole) penetration. The amplification factor by the code for this penetration is $1 + 2 \sin^2$ (the angle the axis of the pipe makes with the normal to the shell wall). Two experimental results were obtained.^(15,38) This amplification factor was multiplied times the (circular) peak SCF from the formula to obtain the following comparisons:

1. "Exact" SCF = 1.840⁽¹⁵⁾ vs formula SCF = 1.826 (-0.8% difference) for $\rho_a = 4.782$, $R = 19.0$, $T = 1.0$, $t = 0.593$, $\rho_{op} = 7.438$, $t_{op} = 11.625$, $\nu = 0.3$, and the angle = 20° .

2. "Exact SCF = 2.897⁽³⁸⁾ vs formula SCF = 2.897 (-9.9% difference) for $\rho_a = 11.94$, $R = 69.185$, $T = 1.995$, $\nu = 0.3$, and the angle = 45° .

CHAPTER VII

SUMMARY

The effect on stresses in a cylindrical shell with a circular penetration subject to internal pressure has been investigated. A general purpose finite element (NASTRAN) computer program was utilized to supplement the limited data for reinforced penetrations. A mesh generation computer program was developed to "automatically" punch input cards in the format acceptable to NASTRAN. This program is readily adaptable to solving a general finite element shell problem. The NASTRAN compatibility equations for a shell/pipe or a shell/pipe/pad(s) configuration were successfully implemented. This provides a quick access to a detail SCF for a reinforced nozzle in a pressure vessel. The accuracy of the finite element model has been investigated. Moreover, for an immediate, approximate solution to this complex problem, the formula may be utilized.

The formula is (1) more accurate than the published nonreinforced penetration formulas and, (2) believed to be the only formula applicable for reinforced penetrations in pressurized cylindrical shells. The accuracy of the formula was determined by comparing to the numerical, theoretical, and experimental data. It has been shown that the shell and pipe configuration can easily achieve the

"well designed penetration" (SCF = 3.3) definition. A reinforced penetration (thick pipe, coded pad, or two pads) would have a peak SCF of about 2.2 (2/3 of the 3.3 limit).

This formula can be used to obtain the peak stress concentration factor for reinforced or nonreinforced penetrations in pressurized cylindrical shells. Thus, in the analysis and design of a new pressure vessel, the formula could save (1) the time to perform a detail analysis; (2) the time to construct the reinforcing pad(s) which are not always required; and (3) the extra cost of materials, fabrication, and weld examination. Also, fatigue analyses can be performed to obtain the remaining life in the penetration welds of cylindrical shells. If the remaining life is small or exhausted, then a nondestructive examination (NDE, i.e. magnetic particle, ultrasonic, or radiographic) and/or repair of these penetrations would be performed.

This type of verification (analyses and partial field work) of structural integrity of welds is invaluable since it is not practical to examine and/or repair every weld in all pressure vessels. The economics and feasibility of a validation program (6000 pressure components at Langley Research Center within the next five years) would be impractical without this formula. There have been six tunnels (pressure vessels) for which this procedure (formula

and NDE) has been followed. For example, the world's first known "cryogenic" tunnel utilizing nitrogen as the working medium⁽⁴⁰⁾ incorporated this formula in obtaining the expected life of this facility.

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APPENDICES

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

NASTRAN EXECUTIVE CONTROL DECK ECHO

ID RAMSEY,CUTOUT1
APP DISPLACEMENT
SOL 1,0
TIME 333
CEND

APPENDIX A

SAMPLE NASTRAN COMPUTER PROGRAM

SHELL, PIPE, AND PADS

$\rho_a = 13.2$; $R = 72$, $T = 2.215$; $t = 1.10$; $\rho_{op} = 23.0$; $t_{op} = 1.50$;

$\rho_{ip} = 23.0$; $t_{ip} = 1.50$.

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ORIGINAL PAGE IS
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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

LTPT

CASE CONTROL DECK ECHO

CARD
COUNT

1 LABEL= LTPT
2 TITLE= PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
3 SUBTITLE= A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750
4 LCAD=6
5 MPC=36
6 SPC=5
7 STRESS=ALL
8 LINE=35
9 BEGIN BULK

*** USER INFORMATION MESSAGE 207, BULK DATA NOT SORTED, XSORT WILL RE-ORDER DECK.

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1-	CORD2C 40			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	+100.0	+Z
2-	+Z	+100.0	0.0	+100.0						
3-	CQUAD2 227	51	227	228	224	223				
4-	CQUAD2 228	51	228	229	225	224				
5-	CQUAD2 229	51	229	230	226	225				
6-	CQUAD2 231	51	231	232	228	227				
7-	CQUAD2 232	51	232	233	229	228				
8-	CQUAD2 233	51	233	234	230	229				
9-	CQUAD2 235	51	235	236	232	231				
10-	CQUAD2 236	51	236	237	233	232				
11-	CQUAD2 237	51	237	238	234	233				
12-	CQUAD2 239	51	239	240	236	235				
13-	CQUAD2 240	51	240	241	237	236				
14-	CQUAD2 241	51	241	242	238	237				
15-	CQUAD2 243	51	243	244	240	239				
16-	CQUAD2 244	51	244	245	241	240				
17-	CQUAD2 245	51	245	246	242	241				
18-	CQUAD2 247	51	247	248	244	243				
19-	CQUAD2 248	51	248	249	245	244				
20-	CQUAD2 249	51	249	250	246	245				
21-	CQUAD2 251	51	251	252	248	247				
22-	CQUAD2 252	51	252	253	249	248				
23-	CQUAD2 253	51	253	254	250	249				
24-	CQUAD2 628	41	628	632	633	631				
25-	CQUAD2 629	41	629	631	642	643				
26-	CQUAD2 630	41	630	637	638	632				
27-	CQUAD2 631	41	631	633	641	642				
28-	CQUAD2 632	41	632	638	639	633				
29-	CQUAD2 633	41	633	639	640	641				
30-	CQUAD2 634	41	634	650	651	635				
31-	CQUAD2 635	41	635	651	652	636				
32-	CQUAD2 636	41	636	652	653	637				
33-	CQUAD2 637	41	637	653	654	638				
34-	CQUAD2 638	41	638	654	655	639				
35-	CQUAD2 639	41	639	655	656	640				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 IS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
36-	CQUAD2	640	41	640	656	657	658			
37-	CQUAD2	641	41	641	640	658	659			
38-	CQUAD2	642	41	642	641	659	660			
39-	CQUAD2	643	41	643	642	660	661			
40-	CQUAD2	644	41	644	643	661	662			
41-	CQUAD2	645	41	645	644	662	663			
42-	CQUAD2	646	41	646	645	663	664			
43-	CQUAD2	657	41	673	674	675	657			
44-	CQUAD2	674	41	684	685	686	674			
45-	CQUAD2	685	41	692	693	694	685			
46-	CQUAD2	702	41	702	704	705	703			
47-	CQUAD2	704	41	704	706	707	705			
48-	CQUAD2	706	41	706	710	711	707			
49-	CQUAD2	708	41	708	712	713	709			
50-	CQUAD2	709	41	709	713	714	710			
51-	CQUAD2	710	41	710	714	715	711			
52-	CQUAD2	712	41	712	716	717	713			
53-	CQUAD2	713	41	713	717	718	714			
54-	CQUAD2	714	41	714	718	719	715			
55-	CQUAD2	716	41	716	720	721	717			
56-	CQUAD2	717	41	717	721	722	718			
57-	CQUAD2	718	41	718	722	723	719			
58-	CQUAD2	720	41	720	724	725	721			
59-	CQUAD2	721	41	721	725	726	722			
60-	CQUAD2	722	41	722	726	727	723			
61-	CQUAD2	724	41	724	728	729	725			
62-	CQUAD2	725	41	725	729	730	726			
63-	CQUAD2	726	41	726	730	731	727			
64-	CTRIA2	255	51	255	256	251				
65-	CTRIA2	256	51	256	257	252				
66-	CTRIA2	257	51	257	258	252				
67-	CTRIA2	258	51	258	259	253				
68-	CTRIA2	259	51	259	260	253				
69-	CTRIA2	260	51	260	261	254				
70-	CTRIA2	262	51	262	263	255				

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RB= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

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SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
71-	CTRIA2	263	51	263	264	256				
72-	CTRIA2	264	51	264	265	256				
73-	CTRIA2	265	51	265	266	257				
74-	CTRIA2	266	51	266	267	257				
75-	CTRIA2	267	51	267	268	258				
76-	CTRIA2	268	51	268	269	258				
77-	CTRIA2	269	51	269	270	259				
78-	CTRIA2	270	51	270	271	259				
79-	CTRIA2	271	51	271	272	260				
80-	CTRIA2	272	51	272	273	260				
81-	CTRIA2	273	51	273	274	261				
82-	CTRIA2	311	75	311	312	325				
83-	CTRIA2	312	75	312	313	326				
84-	CTRIA2	313	75	313	314	327				
85-	CTRIA2	314	75	314	315	328				
86-	CTRIA2	315	75	315	316	329				
87-	CTRIA2	316	75	316	317	330				
88-	CTRIA2	317	75	317	318	331				
89-	CTRIA2	318	75	318	319	332				
90-	CTRIA2	319	75	319	320	333				
91-	CTRIA2	320	75	320	321	334				
92-	CTRIA2	321	75	321	322	335				
93-	CTRIA2	322	75	322	323	336				
94-	CTRIA2	324	44	324	325	338				
95-	CTRIA2	325	44	325	326	339				
96-	CTRIA2	326	44	326	327	340				
97-	CTRIA2	327	44	327	328	341				
98-	CTRIA2	328	44	328	329	342				
99-	CTRIA2	329	44	329	330	343				
100-	CTRIA2	330	44	330	331	344				
101-	CTRIA2	331	44	331	332	345				
102-	CTRIA2	332	44	332	333	346				
103-	CTRIA2	333	44	333	334	347				
104-	CTRIA2	334	44	334	335	348				
105-	CTRIA2	335	44	335	336	349				

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
141-	CTRIA2	374	44	374	375	388					
142-	CTRIA2	411	43	411	412	425					
143-	CTRIA2	412	43	412	413	426					
144-	CTRIA2	413	43	413	414	427					
145-	CTRIA2	414	43	414	415	428					
146-	CTRIA2	415	43	415	416	429					
147-	CTRIA2	416	43	416	417	430					
148-	CTRIA2	417	43	417	418	431					
149-	CTRIA2	418	43	418	419	432					
150-	CTRIA2	419	43	419	420	433					
151-	CTRIA2	420	43	420	421	434					
152-	CTRIA2	421	43	421	422	435					
153-	CTRIA2	422	43	422	423	436					
154-	CTRIA2	424	43	424	425	438					
155-	CTRIA2	425	43	425	426	439					
156-	CTRIA2	426	43	426	427	440					
157-	CTRIA2	427	43	427	428	441					
158-	CTRIA2	428	43	428	429	442					
159-	CTRIA2	429	43	429	430	443					
160-	CTRIA2	430	43	430	431	444					
161-	CTRIA2	431	43	431	432	445					
162-	CTRIA2	432	43	432	433	446					
163-	CTRIA2	433	43	433	434	447					
164-	CTRIA2	434	43	434	435	448					
165-	CTRIA2	435	43	435	436	449					
166-	CTRIA2	437	43	437	438	451					
167-	CTRIA2	438	43	438	439	452					
168-	CTRIA2	439	43	439	440	453					
169-	CTRIA2	440	43	440	441	454					
170-	CTRIA2	441	43	441	442	455					
171-	CTRIA2	442	43	442	443	456					
172-	CTRIA2	443	43	443	444	457					
173-	CTRIA2	444	43	444	445	458					
174-	CTRIA2	445	43	445	446	459					
175-	CTRIA2	446	43	446	447	460					

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PQ=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

ITPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT										
106-	CTRIA2	337	44	337	338	351				
107-	CTRIA2	338	44	338	339	352				
108-	CTRIA2	339	44	339	340	353				
109-	CTRIA2	340	44	340	341	354				
110-	CTRIA2	341	44	341	342	355				
111-	CTRIA2	342	44	342	343	356				
112-	CTRIA2	343	44	343	344	357				
113-	CTRIA2	344	44	344	345	358				
114-	CTRIA2	345	44	345	346	359				
115-	CTRIA2	346	44	346	347	360				
116-	CTRIA2	347	44	347	348	361				
117-	CTRIA2	348	44	348	349	362				
118-	CTRIA2	350	44	350	351	364				
119-	CTRIA2	351	44	351	352	365				
120-	CTRIA2	352	44	352	353	366				
121-	CTRIA2	353	44	353	354	367				
122-	CTRIA2	354	44	354	355	368				
123-	CTRIA2	355	44	355	356	369				
124-	CTRIA2	356	44	356	357	370				
125-	CTRIA2	357	44	357	358	371				
126-	CTRIA2	358	44	358	359	372				
127-	CTRIA2	359	44	359	360	373				
128-	CTRIA2	360	44	360	361	374				
129-	CTRIA2	361	44	361	362	375				
130-	CTRIA2	363	44	363	364	377				
131-	CTRIA2	364	44	364	365	378				
132-	CTRIA2	365	44	365	366	379				
133-	CTRIA2	366	44	366	367	380				
134-	CTRIA2	367	44	367	368	381				
135-	CTRIA2	368	44	368	369	382				
136-	CTRIA2	369	44	369	370	383				
137-	CTRIA2	370	44	370	371	384				
138-	CTRIA2	371	44	371	372	385				
139-	CTRIA2	372	44	372	373	386				
140-	CTRIA2	373	44	373	374	387				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA0=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LEPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
176-	CTRIA2	447	43	447	448	461				
177-	CTRIA2	448	43	448	449	462				
178-	CTRIA2	450	43	450	451	464				
179-	CTRIA2	451	43	451	452	465				
180-	CTRIA2	452	43	452	453	466				
181-	CTRIA2	453	43	453	454	467				
182-	CTRIA2	454	43	454	455	468				
183-	CTRIA2	455	43	455	456	469				
184-	CTRIA2	456	43	456	457	470				
185-	CTRIA2	457	43	457	458	471				
186-	CTRIA2	458	43	458	459	472				
187-	CTRIA2	459	43	459	460	473				
188-	CTRIA2	460	43	460	461	474				
189-	CTRIA2	461	43	461	462	475				
190-	CTRIA2	463	43	463	464	477				
191-	CTRIA2	464	43	464	465	478				
192-	CTRIA2	465	43	465	466	479				
193-	CTRIA2	466	43	466	467	480				
194-	CTRIA2	467	43	467	468	481				
195-	CTRIA2	468	43	468	469	482				
196-	CTRIA2	469	43	469	470	483				
197-	CTRIA2	470	43	470	471	484				
198-	CTRIA2	471	43	471	472	485				
199-	CTRIA2	472	43	472	473	486				
200-	CTRIA2	473	43	473	474	487				
201-	CTRIA2	474	43	474	475	488				
202-	CTRIA2	511	41	511	512	525				
203-	CTRIA2	512	41	512	513	526				
204-	CTRIA2	513	41	513	514	527				
205-	CTRIA2	514	41	514	515	528				
206-	CTRIA2	515	41	515	516	529				
207-	CTRIA2	516	41	516	517	530				
208-	CTRIA2	517	41	517	518	531				
209-	CTRIA2	518	41	518	519	532				
210-	CTRIA2	519	41	519	520	533				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAO=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
211-	CTRIA2	520	41	520	521	534				
212-	CTRIA2	521	41	521	522	535				
213-	CTRIA2	522	41	522	523	536				
214-	CTRIA2	524	41	524	525	538				
215-	CTRIA2	525	41	525	526	539				
216-	CTRIA2	526	41	526	527	540				
217-	CTRIA2	527	41	527	528	541				
218-	CTRIA2	528	41	528	529	542				
219-	CTRIA2	529	41	529	530	543				
220-	CTRIA2	530	41	530	531	544				
221-	CTRIA2	531	41	531	532	545				
222-	CTRIA2	532	41	532	533	546				
223-	CTRIA2	533	41	533	534	547				
224-	CTRIA2	534	41	534	535	548				
225-	CTRIA2	535	41	535	536	549				
226-	CTRIA2	537	41	537	538	551				
227-	CTRIA2	538	41	538	539	552				
228-	CTRIA2	539	41	539	540	553				
229-	CTRIA2	540	41	540	541	554				
230-	CTRIA2	541	41	541	542	555				
231-	CTRIA2	542	41	542	543	556				
232-	CTRIA2	543	41	543	544	557				
233-	CTRIA2	544	41	544	545	558				
234-	CTRIA2	545	41	545	546	559				
235-	CTRIA2	546	41	546	547	560				
236-	CTRIA2	547	41	547	548	561				
237-	CTRIA2	548	41	548	549	562				
238-	CTRIA2	550	41	550	551	564				
239-	CTRIA2	551	41	551	552	565				
240-	CTRIA2	552	41	552	553	566				
241-	CTRIA2	553	41	553	554	567				
242-	CTRIA2	554	41	554	555	568				
243-	CTRIA2	555	41	555	556	569				
244-	CTRIA2	556	41	556	557	570				
245-	CTRIA2	557	41	557	558	571				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PQ=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
246-	CTRIA2	558	41	558	559	572					
247-	CTRIA2	559	41	559	560	573					
248-	CTRIA2	560	41	560	561	574					
249-	CTRIA2	561	41	561	562	575					
250-	CTRIA2	563	41	563	564	577					
251-	CTPIA2	564	41	564	565	578					
252-	CTPIA2	565	41	565	566	579					
253-	CTRIA2	566	41	566	567	580					
254-	CTRIA2	567	41	567	568	581					
255-	CTRIA2	568	41	568	569	582					
256-	CTRIA2	569	41	569	570	583					
257-	CTRIA2	570	41	570	571	584					
258-	CTPIA2	571	41	571	572	585					
259-	CTRIA2	572	41	572	573	586					
260-	CTRIA2	573	41	573	574	587					
261-	CTRIA2	574	41	574	575	588					
262-	CTRIA2	576	41	576	577	590					
263-	CTRIA2	577	41	577	578	591					
264-	CTPIA2	578	41	578	579	592					
265-	CTRIA2	579	41	579	580	593					
266-	CTPIA2	580	41	580	581	594					
267-	CTRIA2	581	41	581	582	595					
268-	CTPIA2	582	41	582	583	596					
269-	CTPIA2	583	41	583	584	597					
270-	CTPIA2	584	41	584	585	598					
271-	CTRIA2	585	41	585	586	599					
272-	CTRIA2	586	41	586	587	600					
273-	CTPIA2	587	41	587	588	601					
274-	CTPIA2	589	41	589	590	603					
275-	CTPIA2	590	41	590	591	604					
276-	CTPIA2	591	41	591	592	605					
277-	CTPIA2	592	41	592	593	606					
278-	CTPIA2	593	41	593	594	607					
279-	CTPIA2	594	41	594	595	608					
280-	CTPIA2	595	41	595	596	609					

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 27

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
281-	CTRIA2	596	41	596	597	610				
282-	CTRIA2	597	41	597	598	611				
283-	CTRIA2	598	41	598	599	612				
284-	CTRIA2	599	41	599	600	613				
285-	CTRIA2	600	41	600	601	614				
286-	CTRIA2	602	41	602	603	616				
287-	CTRIA2	603	41	603	604	617				
288-	CTRIA2	604	41	604	605	618				
289-	CTRIA2	605	41	605	606	619				
290-	CTRIA2	606	41	606	607	620				
291-	CTRIA2	607	41	607	608	621				
292-	CTRIA2	608	41	608	609	622				
293-	CTRIA2	609	41	609	610	623				
294-	CTRIA2	610	41	610	611	624				
295-	CTRIA2	611	41	611	612	625				
296-	CTRIA2	612	41	612	613	626				
297-	CTRIA2	613	41	613	614	627				
298-	CTRIA2	615	41	616	666	615				
299-	CTRIA2	616	41	617	665	616				
300-	CTRIA2	617	41	618	646	617				
301-	CTRIA2	618	41	619	645	618				
302-	CTRIA2	619	41	620	629	619				
303-	CTRIA2	620	41	621	628	620				
304-	CTRIA2	621	41	622	628	621				
305-	CTRIA2	622	41	623	630	622				
306-	CTRIA2	623	41	624	635	623				
307-	CTRIA2	624	41	625	634	624				
308-	CTRIA2	625	41	626	649	625				
309-	CTRIA2	626	41	627	648	626				
310-	CTRIA2	627	41	627	647	648				
311-	CTRIA2	647	41	668	648	647				
312-	CTRIA2	648	41	668	669	648				
313-	CTRIA2	649	41	669	650	649				
314-	CTRIA2	650	41	669	670	650				
315-	CTRIA2	651	41	670	652	651				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAO=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 27

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
316-	CTRIA2	652	41	670	671	652				
317-	CTRIA2	653	41	671	654	653				
318-	CTRIA2	654	41	671	672	654				
319-	CTRIA2	655	41	672	656	655				
320-	CTRIA2	656	41	672	673	656				
321-	CTRIA2	658	41	675	676	658				
322-	CTRIA2	659	41	676	660	659				
323-	CTRIA2	660	41	676	677	660				
324-	CTRIA2	661	41	677	662	661				
325-	CTRIA2	662	41	677	678	662				
326-	CTRIA2	663	41	678	664	663				
327-	CTRIA2	664	41	678	679	664				
328-	CTRIA2	665	41	679	666	665				
329-	CTRIA2	666	41	679	680	666				
330-	CTRIA2	668	41	681	669	668				
331-	CTRIA2	669	41	681	682	669				
332-	CTRIA2	670	41	682	671	670				
333-	CTRIA2	671	41	682	683	671				
334-	CTRIA2	672	41	683	673	672				
335-	CTRIA2	673	41	683	684	673				
336-	CTRIA2	675	41	686	687	675				
337-	CTRIA2	676	41	687	677	676				
338-	CTRIA2	677	41	687	688	677				
339-	CTRIA2	678	41	688	679	678				
340-	CTRIA2	679	41	688	689	679				
341-	CTRIA2	681	41	690	682	681				
342-	CTRIA2	682	41	690	691	682				
343-	CTRIA2	683	41	691	684	683				
344-	CTRIA2	684	41	691	692	684				
345-	CTRIA2	686	41	694	695	686				
346-	CTRIA2	687	41	686	695	687				
347-	CTRIA2	688	41	695	696	688				
348-	CTRIA2	689	41	688	696	689				
349-	CTRIA2	690	41	690	697	691				
350-	CTRIA2	691	41	691	697	698				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 27
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA0=1.500 PO=13.750

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
351-	CTRIA2	692	41	692	698	693					
352-	CTRIA2	693	41	693	698	699					
353-	CTRIA2	694	41	694	693	700					
354-	CTRIA2	695	41	695	694	700					
355-	CTRIA2	696	41	696	695	701					
356-	CTRIA2	697	41	697	708	698					
357-	CTRIA2	698	41	698	708	709					
358-	CTRIA2	699	41	699	709	710					
359-	CTRIA2	700	41	700	699	706					
360-	CTRIA2	701	41	701	700	702					
361-	CTRIA2	1256	51	256	252	251					
362-	CTRIA2	1258	51	258	253	252					
363-	CTRIA2	1260	51	260	254	253					
364-	CTRIA2	1263	51	263	256	255					
365-	CTRIA2	1265	51	265	257	256					
366-	CTRIA2	1267	51	267	258	257					
367-	CTRIA2	1269	51	269	259	258					
368-	CTRIA2	1271	51	271	260	259					
369-	CTRIA2	1273	51	273	261	260					
370-	CTRIA2	1615	41	615	666	667					
371-	CTRIA2	1616	41	616	665	666					
372-	CTRIA2	1618	41	618	645	646					
373-	CTRIA2	1619	41	619	644	645					
374-	CTRIA2	1620	41	620	628	629					
375-	CTRIA2	1622	41	622	630	628					
376-	CTRIA2	1623	41	623	635	636					
377-	CTRIA2	1624	41	624	634	635					
378-	CTRIA2	1625	41	625	649	634					
379-	CTRIA2	1626	41	626	648	649					
380-	CTRIA2	1627	41	617	646	665					
381-	CTRIA2	1629	41	629	643	644					
382-	CTRIA2	1630	41	636	637	630					
383-	CTRIA2	1648	41	648	669	649					
384-	CTRIA2	1650	41	650	670	651					
385-	CTRIA2	1652	41	652	671	653					

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 21

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
386-	CTRIA2	1654	41	654	672	655				
387-	CTRIA2	1656	41	656	673	657				
388-	CTRIA2	1657	41	675	658	657				
389-	CTRIA2	1658	41	658	676	659				
390-	CTRIA2	1660	41	660	677	661				
391-	CTRIA2	1662	41	662	678	663				
392-	CTRIA2	1664	41	664	679	665				
393-	CTRIA2	1666	41	666	680	667				
394-	CTRIA2	1669	41	669	682	670				
395-	CTRIA2	1671	41	671	683	672				
396-	CTRIA2	1673	41	673	684	674				
397-	CTRIA2	1674	41	686	675	674				
398-	CTRIA2	1675	41	675	687	676				
399-	CTRIA2	1677	41	677	688	678				
400-	CTRIA2	1679	41	679	689	680				
401-	CTRIA2	1682	41	682	691	683				
402-	CTRIA2	1684	41	684	692	685				
403-	CTRIA2	1685	41	694	686	685				
404-	CTRIA2	1687	41	695	688	687				
405-	CTRIA2	1691	41	691	698	692				
406-	CTRIA2	1693	41	693	699	700				
407-	CTRIA2	1695	41	695	700	701				
408-	CTRIA2	1698	41	698	709	699				
409-	CTRIA2	1699	41	699	710	706				
410-	CTRIA2	1700	41	700	704	702				
411-	CTRIA2	2619	41	619	629	644				
412-	CTRIA2	2623	41	623	636	630				
413-	CTRIA2	2625	41	649	650	634				
414-	CTRIA2	2627	41	646	664	665				
415-	CTRIA2	2629	41	628	631	629				
416-	CTRIA2	2630	41	630	632	628				
417-	CTRIA2	2700	41	700	706	704				
418-	CTRIA2	3311	75	311	325	324				
419-	CTRIA2	3312	75	312	326	325				
420-	CTRIA2	3313	75	313	327	326				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 27

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
421-	CTRIA2	3314	75	314	328	327				
422-	CTRIA2	3315	75	315	329	328				
423-	CTRIA2	3316	75	316	330	329				
424-	CTRIA2	3317	75	317	331	330				
425-	CTRIA2	3318	75	318	332	331				
426-	CTRIA2	3319	75	319	333	332				
427-	CTRIA2	3320	75	320	334	333				
428-	CTRIA2	3321	75	321	335	334				
429-	CTRIA2	3322	75	322	336	335				
430-	CTRIA2	3324	44	324	338	337				
431-	CTRIA2	3325	44	325	339	338				
432-	CTRIA2	3326	44	326	340	339				
433-	CTRIA2	3327	44	327	341	340				
434-	CTRIA2	3328	44	328	342	341				
435-	CTRIA2	3329	44	329	343	342				
436-	CTRIA2	3330	44	330	344	343				
437-	CTRIA2	3331	44	331	345	344				
438-	CTRIA2	3332	44	332	346	345				
439-	CTRIA2	3333	44	333	347	346				
440-	CTRIA2	3334	44	334	348	347				
441-	CTRIA2	3335	44	335	349	348				
442-	CTRIA2	3337	44	337	351	350				
443-	CTRIA2	3338	44	338	352	351				
444-	CTRIA2	3339	44	339	353	352				
445-	CTRIA2	3340	44	340	354	353				
446-	CTRIA2	3341	44	341	355	354				
447-	CTRIA2	3342	44	342	356	355				
448-	CTRIA2	3343	44	343	357	356				
449-	CTRIA2	3344	44	344	358	357				
450-	CTRIA2	3345	44	345	359	358				
451-	CTRIA2	3346	44	346	360	359				
452-	CTRIA2	3347	44	347	361	360				
453-	CTRIA2	3348	44	348	362	361				
454-	CTRIA2	3350	44	350	364	363				
455-	CTRIA2	3351	44	351	365	364				

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PB=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
456-	CTRIA2	3352	44	352	366	365				
457-	CTRIA2	3353	44	353	367	366				
458-	CTRIA2	3354	44	354	368	367				
459-	CTRIA2	3355	44	355	369	368				
460-	CTRIA2	3356	44	356	370	369				
461-	CTRIA2	3357	44	357	371	370				
462-	CTRIA2	3358	44	358	372	371				
463-	CTRIA2	3359	44	359	373	372				
464-	CTRIA2	3360	44	360	374	373				
465-	CTRIA2	3361	44	361	375	374				
466-	CTRIA2	3363	44	363	377	376				
467-	CTRIA2	3364	44	364	378	377				
468-	CTRIA2	3365	44	365	379	378				
469-	CTRIA2	3366	44	366	380	379				
470-	CTRIA2	3367	44	367	381	380				
471-	CTRIA2	3368	44	368	382	381				
472-	CTRIA2	3369	44	369	383	382				
473-	CTRIA2	3370	44	370	384	383				
474-	CTRIA2	3371	44	371	385	384				
475-	CTRIA2	3372	44	372	386	385				
476-	CTRIA2	3373	44	373	387	386				
477-	CTRIA2	3374	44	374	388	387				
478-	CTRIA2	3411	43	411	425	424				
479-	CTRIA2	3412	43	412	426	425				
480-	CTRIA2	3413	43	413	427	426				
481-	CTRIA2	3414	43	414	428	427				
482-	CTRIA2	3415	43	415	429	428				
483-	CTRIA2	3416	43	416	430	429				
484-	CTRIA2	3417	43	417	431	430				
485-	CTRIA2	3418	43	418	432	431				
486-	CTRIA2	3419	43	419	433	432				
487-	CTRIA2	3420	43	420	434	433				
488-	CTRIA2	3421	43	421	435	434				
489-	CTRIA2	3422	43	422	436	435				
490-	CTRIA2	3424	43	424	438	437				

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 PR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PD=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
491-	CTRIA2	3425	43	425	439	438					
492-	CTRIA2	3426	43	426	440	439					
493-	CTRIA2	3427	43	427	441	440					
494-	CTRIA2	3428	43	428	442	441					
495-	CTRIA2	3429	43	429	443	442					
496-	CTRIA2	3430	43	430	444	443					
497-	CTRIA2	3431	43	431	445	444					
498-	CTRIA2	3432	43	432	446	445					
499-	CTRIA2	3433	43	433	447	446					
500-	CTRIA2	3434	43	434	448	447					
501-	CTRIA2	3435	43	435	449	448					
502-	CTRIA2	3437	43	437	451	450					
503-	CTRIA2	3438	43	438	452	451					
504-	CTRIA2	3439	43	439	453	452					
505-	CTRIA2	3440	43	440	454	453					
506-	CTRIA2	3441	43	441	455	454					
507-	CTRIA2	3442	43	442	456	455					
508-	CTRIA2	3443	43	443	457	456					
509-	CTRIA2	3444	43	444	458	457					
510-	CTRIA2	3445	43	445	459	458					
511-	CTRIA2	3446	43	446	460	459					
512-	CTRIA2	3447	43	447	461	460					
513-	CTRIA2	3448	43	448	462	461					
514-	CTRIA2	3450	43	450	464	463					
515-	CTRIA2	3451	43	451	465	464					
516-	CTRIA2	3452	43	452	466	465					
517-	CTRIA2	3453	43	453	467	466					
518-	CTRIA2	3454	43	454	468	467					
519-	CTRIA2	3455	43	455	469	468					
520-	CTRIA2	3456	43	456	470	469					
521-	CTRIA2	3457	43	457	471	470					
522-	CTRIA2	3458	43	458	472	471					
523-	CTRIA2	3459	43	459	473	472					
524-	CTRIA2	3460	43	460	474	473					
525-	CTRIA2	3461	43	461	475	474					

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA0=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPY

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
526-	CTRIA2	3463	43	463	477	476					
527-	CTRIA2	3464	43	464	478	477					
528-	CTRIA2	3465	43	465	479	478					
529-	CTRIA2	3466	43	466	480	479					
530-	CTRIA2	3467	43	467	481	480					
531-	CTRIA2	3468	43	468	482	481					
532-	CTRIA2	3469	43	469	483	482					
533-	CTRIA2	3470	43	470	484	483					
534-	CTRIA2	3471	43	471	485	484					
535-	CTRIA2	3472	43	472	486	485					
536-	CTRIA2	3473	43	473	487	486					
537-	CTRIA2	3474	43	474	488	487					
538-	CTRIA2	3511	41	511	525	524					
539-	CTRIA2	3512	41	512	526	525					
540-	CTRIA2	3513	41	513	527	526					
541-	CTRIA2	3514	41	514	528	527					
542-	CTRIA2	3515	41	515	529	528					
543-	CTRIA2	3516	41	516	530	529					
544-	CTRIA2	3517	41	517	531	530					
545-	CTRIA2	3518	41	518	532	531					
546-	CTRIA2	3519	41	519	533	532					
547-	CTRIA2	3520	41	520	534	533					
548-	CTRIA2	3521	41	521	535	534					
549-	CTRIA2	3522	41	522	536	535					
550-	CTRIA2	3524	41	524	538	537					
551-	CTRIA2	3525	41	525	539	538					
552-	CTRIA2	3526	41	526	540	539					
553-	CTRIA2	3527	41	527	541	540					
554-	CTRIA2	3528	41	528	542	541					
555-	CTRIA2	3529	41	529	543	542					
556-	CTRIA2	3530	41	530	544	543					
557-	CTRIA2	3531	41	531	545	544					
558-	CTRIA2	3532	41	532	546	545					
559-	CTRIA2	3533	41	533	547	546					
560-	CTRIA2	3534	41	534	548	547					

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN-2/

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
561-	CTRIA2	3535	41	535	549	548					
562-	CTRIA2	3537	41	537	551	550					
563-	CTRIA2	3538	41	538	552	551					
564-	CTRIA2	3539	41	539	553	552					
565-	CTRIA2	3540	41	540	554	553					
566-	CTRIA2	3541	41	541	555	554					
567-	CTRIA2	3542	41	542	556	555					
568-	CTRIA2	3543	41	543	557	556					
569-	CTRIA2	3544	41	544	558	557					
570-	CTRIA2	3545	41	545	559	558					
571-	CTRIA2	3546	41	546	560	559					
572-	CTRIA2	3547	41	547	561	560					
573-	CTRIA2	3548	41	548	562	561					
574-	CTRIA2	3550	41	550	564	563					
575-	CTRIA2	3551	41	551	565	564					
576-	CTRIA2	3552	41	552	566	565					
577-	CTRIA2	3553	41	553	567	566					
578-	CTRIA2	3554	41	554	568	567					
579-	CTRIA2	3555	41	555	569	568					
580-	CTRIA2	3556	41	556	570	569					
581-	CTRIA2	3557	41	557	571	570					
582-	CTRIA2	3558	41	558	572	571					
583-	CTRIA2	3559	41	559	573	572					
584-	CTRIA2	3560	41	560	574	573					
585-	CTRIA2	3561	41	561	575	574					
586-	CTRIA2	3563	41	563	577	576					
587-	CTRIA2	3564	41	564	578	577					
588-	CTRIA2	3565	41	565	579	578					
589-	CTRIA2	3566	41	566	580	579					
590-	CTRIA2	3567	41	567	581	580					
591-	CTRIA2	3568	41	568	582	581					
592-	CTRIA2	3569	41	569	583	582					
593-	CTRIA2	3570	41	570	584	583					
594-	CTRIA2	3571	41	571	585	584					
595-	CTRIA2	3572	41	572	586	585					

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 LPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
596-	CTRIA2	3573	41	573	587	586				
597-	CTRIA2	3574	41	574	588	587				
598-	CTRIA2	3576	41	576	590	589				
599-	CTRIA2	3577	41	577	591	590				
600-	CTRIA2	3578	41	578	592	591				
601-	CTRIA2	3579	41	579	593	592				
602-	CTRIA2	3580	41	580	594	593				
603-	CTRIA2	3581	41	581	595	594				
604-	CTRIA2	3582	41	582	596	595				
605-	CTRIA2	3583	41	583	597	596				
606-	CTRIA2	3584	41	584	598	597				
607-	CTRIA2	3585	41	585	599	598				
608-	CTRIA2	3586	41	586	600	599				
609-	CTRIA2	3587	41	587	601	600				
610-	CTRIA2	3589	41	589	603	602				
611-	CTRIA2	3590	41	590	604	603				
612-	CTRIA2	3591	41	591	605	604				
613-	CTRIA2	3592	41	592	606	605				
614-	CTRIA2	3593	41	593	607	606				
615-	CTRIA2	3594	41	594	608	607				
616-	CTRIA2	3595	41	595	609	608				
617-	CTRIA2	3596	41	596	610	609				
618-	CTRIA2	3597	41	597	611	610				
619-	CTRIA2	3598	41	598	612	611				
620-	CTRIA2	3599	41	599	613	612				
621-	CTRIA2	3600	41	600	614	613				
622-	CTRIA2	3602	41	602	616	615				
623-	CTRIA2	3603	41	603	617	616				
624-	CTRIA2	3604	41	604	618	617				
625-	CTRIA2	3605	41	605	619	618				
626-	CTRIA2	3606	41	606	620	619				
627-	CTRIA2	3607	41	607	621	620				
628-	CTRIA2	3608	41	608	622	621				
629-	CTRIA2	3609	41	609	623	622				
630-	CTRIA2	3610	41	610	624	623				

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT										
631-	CTRIA2	3611	41	611	625	624				
632-	CTRIA2	3612	41	612	626	625				
633-	CTRIA2	3613	41	613	627	626				
634-	FORCE	6	703	40	38571.4	.0	.0	1.0		
635-	FORCE	6	705	40	77142.8	.0	.0	1.0		
636-	FORCE	6	707	40	77142.8	.0	.0	1.0		
637-	FORCE	6	711	40	55928.5	.0	.0	1.0		
638-	FORCE	6	715	40	34714.3	.0	.0	1.0		
639-	FORCE	6	719	40	34714.3	.0	.0	1.0		
640-	FORCE	6	723	40	34714.3	.0	.0	1.0		
641-	FORCE	6	727	40	35789.5	.0	.0	1.0		
642-	FORCE	6	731	40	18432.4	.0	.0	1.0		
643-	FORCE1	6	223	2280.80	227	223				
644-	FORCE1	6	224	4561.59	228	224				
645-	FORCE1	6	225	4561.59	229	225				
646-	FORCE1	6	226	2280.80	230	226				
647-	GRIDSET		40				40	4		
648-	GRID	223		124.800	.00000	13.7500				
649-	GRID	224		124.800	3.15792	11.9078				
650-	GRID	225		124.800	5.47523	6.8750				
651-	GRID	226		124.800	6.32548	.0000				
652-	GRID	227		118.200	.00000	13.7500				
653-	GRID	228		118.200	3.33444	11.9078				
654-	GRID	229		118.200	5.78197	6.8750				
655-	GRID	230		118.200	6.68024	.0000				
656-	GRID	231		111.600	.00000	13.7500				
657-	GRID	232		111.600	3.53188	11.9078				
658-	GRID	233		111.600	6.12519	6.8750				
659-	GRID	234		111.600	7.07728	.0000				
660-	GRID	235		105.000	.00000	13.7500				
661-	GRID	236		105.000	3.75420	11.9078				
662-	GRID	237		105.000	6.51181	6.8750				
663-	GRID	238		105.000	7.52463	.0000				
664-	GRID	239		98.400	.00000	13.7500				
665-	GRID	240		98.400	4.00640	11.9078				

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
 OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 IS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAO=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
666-	GRID	241			98.400	6.95067	6.8750				
667-	GRID	242			98.400	8.03256	.0000				
668-	GRID	243			93.642	.00000	13.7500				
669-	GRID	244			93.642	4.21035	11.9078				
670-	GRID	245			93.642	7.30575	6.8750				
671-	GRID	246			93.642	8.44364	.0000				
672-	GRID	247			88.883	.00000	13.7500				
673-	GRID	248			88.883	4.43619	11.9078				
674-	GRID	249			88.883	7.69918	6.8750				
675-	GRID	250			88.883	8.89926	.0000				
676-	GRID	251			84.125	.00000	13.7500				
677-	GRID	252			84.125	4.68767	11.9078				
678-	GRID	253			84.125	8.13756	6.8750				
679-	GRID	254			84.125	9.40709	.0000				
680-	GRID	255			79.366	.00000	13.7500				
681-	GRID	256			79.366	2.56999	13.2815				
682-	GRID	257			79.366	4.96941	11.9078				
683-	GRID	258			79.366	7.03667	9.7227				
684-	GRID	259			79.366	8.62906	6.8750				
685-	GRID	260			79.366	9.63345	3.5588				
686-	GRID	261			79.366	9.97670	.0000				
687-	GRID	262			74.608	.00000	13.7500				
688-	GRID	263			74.608	1.37842	13.6324				
689-	GRID	264			74.608	2.73403	13.2815				
690-	GRID	265			74.608	4.04429	12.7033				
691-	GRID	266			74.608	5.28723	11.9078				
692-	GRID	267			74.608	6.44175	10.9086				
693-	GRID	268			74.608	7.48796	9.7227				
694-	GRID	269			74.608	8.40752	8.3705				
695-	GRID	270			74.608	9.18404	6.8750				
696-	GRID	271			74.608	9.80343	5.2619				
697-	GRID	272			74.608	10.25431	3.5588				
698-	GRID	273			74.608	10.52827	1.7947				
699-	GRID	274			74.608	10.62017	.0000				
700-	GRID	311			70.142	.00000	13.2000				

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 IS=2.215 IP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

ITPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
701-	GRID	312			70.142	1.40753	13.0871				
702-	GRID	313			70.142	2.79181	12.7502				
703-	GRID	314			70.142	4.12984	12.1952				
704-	GRID	315			70.142	5.39921	11.4315				
705-	GRID	316			70.142	6.57838	10.4723				
706-	GRID	317			70.142	7.64702	9.3338				
707-	GRID	318			70.142	8.58639	8.0356				
708-	GRID	319			70.142	9.37971	6.6000				
709-	GRID	320			70.142	10.012565	0.0514				
710-	GRID	321			70.142	10.473263	4.164				
711-	GRID	322			70.142	10.753201	7.229				
712-	GRID	323			70.142	10.84711	0.0000				
713-	GRID	324			70.142	0.0000	13.7500				
714-	GRID	325			70.142	1.46619	13.6324				
715-	GRID	326			70.142	2.90823	13.2815				
716-	GRID	327			70.142	4.30223	12.7033				
717-	GRID	328			70.142	5.62489	11.9078				
718-	GRID	329			70.142	6.85377	10.9086				
719-	GRID	330			70.142	7.96768	9.7227				
720-	GRID	331			70.142	8.94703	8.3704				
721-	GRID	332			70.142	9.77429	6.8750				
722-	GRID	333			70.142	10.434325	2.619				
723-	GRID	334			70.142	10.914893	5.587				
724-	GRID	335			70.142	11.206931	7.947				
725-	GRID	336			70.142	11.30490	0.0000				
726-	GRID	337			70.142	0.0000	14.8500				
727-	GRID	338			70.142	1.58352	14.7230				
728-	GRID	339			70.142	3.14111	14.3440				
729-	GRID	340			70.142	4.64714	13.7196				
730-	GRID	341			70.142	6.07651	12.8605				
731-	GRID	342			70.142	7.40503	11.7813				
732-	GRID	343			70.142	8.60975	10.5005				
733-	GRID	344			70.142	9.66941	9.0401				
734-	GRID	345			70.142	10.564877	4.250				
735-	GRID	346			70.142	11.279605	6.828				

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
736-	GRID	347		70.142	11.800153.8434					
737-	GRID	348		70.142	12.116571.9383					
738-	GRID	349		70.142	12.22272.0000					
739-	GRID	350		70.142	.00000 17.0000					
740-	GRID	351		70.142	1.81285 16.8546					
741-	GRID	352		70.142	3.59645 16.4207					
742-	GRID	353		70.142	5.32178 15.7059					
743-	GRID	354		70.142	6.96035 14.7224					
744-	GRID	355		70.142	8.48453 13.4870					
745-	GRID	356		70.142	9.86794 12.0208					
746-	GRID	357		70.142	11.0859310.3489					
747-	GRID	358		70.142	12.116148.5000					
748-	GRID	359		70.142	12.939136.5056					
749-	GRID	360		70.142	13.538944.3999					
750-	GRID	361		70.142	13.903722.2189					
751-	GRID	362		70.142	14.02613.0000					
752-	GRID	363		70.142	.00000 20.5000					
753-	GRID	364		70.142	2.18625 20.3246					
754-	GRID	365		70.142	4.33819 19.8015					
755-	GRID	366		70.142	6.42165 18.9395					
756-	GRID	367		70.142	8.40282 17.7535					
757-	GRID	368		70.142	10.2485616.2637					
758-	GRID	369		70.142	11.9267814.4957					
759-	GRID	370		70.142	13.4070812.4796					
760-	GRID	371		70.142	14.6614810.2500					
761-	GRID	372		70.142	15.665227.8450					
762-	GRID	373		70.142	16.397805.3057					
763-	GRID	374		70.142	16.843752.6757					
764-	GRID	375		70.142	16.99349.0000					
765-	GRID	376		70.142	.00000 23.0000					
766-	GRID	377		70.142	2.45302 22.8032					
767-	GRID	378		70.142	4.86845 22.2163					
768-	GRID	379		70.142	7.20871 21.2492					
769-	GRID	380		70.142	9.43640 19.9186					
770-	GRID	381		70.142	11.5145218.2471					

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OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL * JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAO=1.500 PO=13.750

LPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
771-	GRID	382			70.142	13.4068516	2.634				
772-	GRID	383			70.142	15.0786514	0.015				
773-	GRID	384			70.142	16.4975511	5.000				
774-	GRID	385			70.142	17.634578	8.017				
775-	GRID	386			70.142	18.465405	9.528				
776-	GRID	387			70.142	18.971613	0.020				
777-	GRID	388			70.142	19.14165	0.000				
778-	GRID	411			73.858	.00000	13.2000				
779-	GRID	412			73.858	1.33672	13.0871				
780-	GRID	413			73.858	2.65126	12.7502				
781-	GRID	414			73.858	3.92176	12.1952				
782-	GRID	415			73.858	5.12686	11.4315				
783-	GRID	416			73.858	6.24611	10.4723				
784-	GRID	417			73.858	7.26021	9.3338				
785-	GRID	418			73.858	8.15144	8.0356				
786-	GRID	419			73.858	8.90393	6.6000				
787-	GRID	420			73.858	9.50408	5.0514				
788-	GRID	421			73.858	9.94091	3.4164				
789-	GRID	422			73.858	10.206311	7.229				
790-	GRID	423			73.858	10.29533	0.000				
791-	GRID	424			73.858	.00000	13.7500				
792-	GRID	425			73.858	1.39242	13.6324				
793-	GRID	426			73.858	2.76182	13.2815				
794-	GRID	427			73.858	4.08544	12.7033				
795-	GRID	428			73.858	5.34109	11.9078				
796-	GRID	429			73.858	6.50746	10.9086				
797-	GRID	430			73.858	7.56446	9.7227				
798-	GRID	431			73.858	8.49354	8.3704				
799-	GRID	432			73.858	9.27813	6.8750				
800-	GRID	433			73.858	9.90399	5.2619				
801-	GRID	434			73.858	10.359593	5.587				
802-	GRID	435			73.858	10.636431	7.947				
803-	GRID	436			73.858	10.72929	0.000				
804-	GRID	437			73.858	.00000	14.8500				
805-	GRID	438			73.858	1.50384	14.7230				

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2.

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
806-	GRID	439			73.858	2.98296	14.3440				
807-	GRID	440			73.858	4.41289	13.7196				
808-	GRID	441			73.858	5.76977	12.8605				
809-	GRID	442			73.858	7.03059	11.7813				
810-	GRID	443			73.858	8.17360	10.5005				
811-	GRID	444			73.858	9.17867	9.0401				
812-	GRID	445			73.858	10.027767	4.253				
813-	GRID	446			73.858	10.705305	6.828				
814-	GRID	447			73.858	11.198663	8.434				
815-	GRID	448			73.858	11.498501	9.9383				
816-	GRID	449			73.858	11.59909	0.0000				
817-	GRID	450			73.858	.00000	17.0000				
818-	GRID	451			73.858	1.72163	16.8546				
819-	GRID	452			73.858	3.41531	16.4207				
820-	GRID	453			73.858	5.05335	15.7059				
821-	GRID	454			73.858	6.60861	14.7224				
822-	GRID	455			73.858	8.05481	13.4870				
823-	GRID	456			73.858	9.36694	12.0208				
824-	GRID	457			73.858	10.5217210	3.449				
825-	GRID	458			73.858	11.498108	5.000				
826-	GRID	459			73.858	12.277806	5.056				
827-	GRID	460			73.858	12.845904	3.999				
828-	GRID	461			73.858	13.191322	2.189				
829-	GRID	462			73.858	13.30722	0.000				
830-	GRID	463			73.858	.00000	20.5000				
831-	GRID	464			73.858	2.07623	20.3246				
832-	GRID	465			73.858	4.11957	19.8015				
833-	GRID	466			73.858	6.09735	18.9395				
834-	GRID	467			73.858	7.97733	17.7535				
835-	GRID	468			73.858	9.72786	16.2637				
836-	GRID	469			73.858	11.3186614	4.957				
837-	GRID	470			73.858	12.7210212	4.796				
838-	GRID	471			73.858	13.9086810	2.500				
839-	GRID	472			73.858	14.858527	8.450				
840-	GRID	473			73.858	15.551445	3.057				

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 RO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 27

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
841-	GRID	474			73.858	15.973122.6757					
842-	GRID	475			73.858	16.11468.0000					
843-	GRID	476			73.858	.00000 23.0000					
844-	GRID	477			73.858	2.32956 22.8032					
845-	GRID	478			73.858	4.62299 22.2163					
846-	GRID	479			73.858	6.84430 21.2492					
847-	GRID	480			73.858	8.95770 19.9186					
848-	GRID	481			73.858	10.9279618.2471					
849-	GRID	482			73.858	12.7208016.2634					
850-	GRID	483			73.858	14.3025114.0015					
851-	GRID	484			73.858	15.6457711.5000					
852-	GRID	485			73.858	16.720638.8017					
853-	GRID	486			73.858	17.505595.9528					
854-	GRID	487			73.858	17.983653.0020					
855-	GRID	488			73.858	18.14421.0000					
856-	GRID	511			72.000	.00000 13.2000					
857-	GRID	512			72.000	1.37121 13.0871					
858-	GRID	513			72.000	2.71972 12.7502					
859-	GRID	514			72.000	4.02311 12.1952					
860-	GRID	515			72.000	5.25951 11.4315					
861-	GRID	516			72.000	6.40793 10.4723					
862-	GRID	517			72.000	7.44859 9.3338					
863-	GRID	518			72.000	8.36324 8.0356					
864-	GRID	519			72.000	9.13560 6.6000					
865-	GRID	520			72.000	9.75166 5.0514					
866-	GRID	521			72.000	10.200113.4164					
867-	GRID	522			72.000	10.472581.7229					
868-	GRID	523			72.000	10.56398.0000					
869-	GRID	524			72.000	.00000 13.7500					
870-	GRID	525			72.000	1.42836 13.6324					
871-	GRID	526			72.000	2.83313 13.2815					
872-	GRID	527			72.000	4.19103 12.7033					
873-	GRID	528			72.000	5.47931 11.9078					
874-	GRID	529			72.000	6.67612 10.9006					
875-	GRID	530			72.000	7.76082 9.7227					

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 21

LIPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT												
876-	GRID	531			72.000	8.71437	8.3704					
877-	GRID	532			72.000	9.51972	6.8750					
878-	GRID	533			72.000	10.162215	2619					
879-	GRID	534			72.000	10.629953	5587					
880-	GRID	535			72.000	10.914181	7947					
881-	GRID	536			72.000	11.00953	0000					
882-	GRID	537			72.000	.00000	14.8500					
883-	GRID	538			72.000	1.54265	14.7230					
884-	GRID	539			72.000	3.05999	14.3440					
885-	GRID	540			72.000	4.52699	13.7196					
886-	GRID	541			72.000	5.91916	12.8605					
887-	GRID	542			72.000	7.21294	11.7813					
888-	GRID	543			72.000	8.38599	10.5005					
889-	GRID	544			72.000	9.41762	9.0401					
890-	GRID	545			72.000	10.289277	4250					
891-	GRID	546			72.000	10.984905	6828					
892-	GRID	547			72.000	11.491493	8434					
893-	GRID	548			72.000	11.799391	9383					
894-	GRID	549			72.000	11.90268	0000					
895-	GRID	550			72.000	.00000	17.0000					
896-	GRID	551			72.000	1.76606	16.8546					
897-	GRID	552			72.000	3.50354	16.4207					
898-	GRID	553			72.000	5.18409	15.7059					
899-	GRID	554			72.000	6.77991	14.7224					
900-	GRID	555			72.000	8.26407	13.4870					
901-	GRID	556			72.000	9.61089	12.0208					
902-	GRID	557			72.000	10.796410	3489					
903-	GRID	558			72.000	11.798978	5000					
904-	GRID	559			72.000	12.599726	5056					
905-	GRID	560			72.000	13.183244	3999					
906-	GRID	561			72.000	13.538062	2189					
907-	GRID	562			72.000	13.65713	0000					
908-	GRID	563			72.000	.00000	20.5000					
909-	GRID	564			72.000	2.12982	20.3246					
910-	GRID	565			72.000	4.22605	19.8015					

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RP= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAO=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LIPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
911-	GRID	566			72.000	6.25529	18.9395				
912-	GRID	567			72.000	8.18451	17.7535				
913-	GRID	568			72.000	9.98139	16.2637				
914-	GRID	569			72.000	11.61471	14.4957				
915-	GRID	570			72.000	13.05497	12.4796				
916-	GRID	571			72.000	14.27505	10.2500				
917-	GRID	572			72.000	15.25108	7.8450				
918-	GRID	573			72.000	15.96325	5.3057				
919-	GRID	574			72.000	16.39672	2.6757				
920-	GRID	575			72.000	16.54225	0.0000				
921-	GRID	576			72.000	.00000	23.0000				
922-	GRID	577			72.000	2.38970	22.8032				
923-	GRID	578			72.000	4.74254	22.2163				
924-	GRID	579			72.000	7.92176	21.2492				
925-	GRID	580			72.000	9.19079	19.9186				
926-	GRID	581			72.000	11.21352	18.2471				
927-	GRID	582			72.000	13.05473	16.2634				
928-	GRID	583			72.000	14.68074	14.0015				
929-	GRID	584			72.000	16.06021	11.5000				
930-	GRID	585			72.000	17.16524	8.8017				
931-	GRID	586			72.000	17.97246	5.9528				
932-	GRID	587			72.000	18.46418	3.0020				
933-	GRID	588			72.000	18.62933	0.0000				
934-	GRID	589			72.000	.00000	25.0000				
935-	GRID	590			72.000	2.59763	24.7861				
936-	GRID	591			72.000	5.15601	24.1481				
937-	GRID	592			72.000	7.63585	23.0970				
938-	GRID	593			72.000	9.97786	21.6506				
939-	GRID	594			72.000	12.20300	19.8338				
940-	GRID	595			72.000	14.21278	17.6776				
941-	GRID	596			72.000	15.99005	15.2190				
942-	GRID	597			72.000	17.49987	12.4999				
943-	GRID	598			72.000	18.71082	9.5670				
944-	GRID	599			72.000	19.59633	6.4704				
945-	GRID	600			72.000	20.13613	3.2631				

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 IS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PD=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2,

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
946-	GRID	601		72.000	20.31751	0.0000				
947-	GRID	602		72.000	.00000	27.0000				
948-	GRID	603		72.000	2.83560	26.7690				
949-	GRID	604		72.000	5.56975	26.0800				
950-	GRID	605		72.000	8.25081	24.9447				
951-	GRID	606		72.000	10.80695	23.3827				
952-	GRID	607		72.000	13.19618	21.4205				
953-	GRID	608		72.000	15.37679	19.0918				
954-	GRID	609		72.000	17.30799	16.4365				
955-	GRID	610		72.000	18.95103	13.4999				
956-	GRID	611		72.000	20.27065	10.3324				
957-	GRID	612		72.000	21.23675	6.9880				
958-	GRID	613		72.000	21.82618	3.5241				
959-	GRID	614		72.000	22.32431	0.0000				
960-	GRID	615		72.000	.00000	29.7090				
961-	GRID	616		72.000	3.08642	29.4459				
962-	GRID	617		72.000	6.12876	28.6880				
963-	GRID	618		72.000	9.08255	27.4392				
964-	GRID	619		72.000	11.90271	25.7209				
965-	GRID	620		72.000	14.54348	23.5626				
966-	GRID	621		72.000	16.95869	21.0010				
967-	GRID	622		72.000	19.10248	18.0802				
968-	GRID	623		72.000	20.93055	14.8499				
969-	GRID	624		72.000	22.40188	11.3656				
970-	GRID	625		72.000	23.48099	7.6868				
971-	GRID	626		72.000	24.14022	3.8765				
972-	GRID	627		72.000	24.36198	0.0000				
973-	GRID	628		72.000	18.38240	23.1000				
974-	GRID	629		72.000	15.75634	26.4000				
975-	GRID	630		72.000	21.00845	19.8000				
976-	GRID	631		72.000	18.38240	26.4000				
977-	GRID	632		72.000	21.00845	23.1000				
978-	GRID	633		72.000	21.00845	26.4000				
979-	GRID	634		72.000	23.63451	19.9000				
980-	GRID	635		72.000	23.63451	113.2000				

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 IS=2.215 TP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LIPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
981-	GRID	636			72.000	23.6345116.5000					
982-	GRID	637			72.000	23.6345119.8000					
983-	GRID	638			72.000	23.6345123.1000					
984-	GRID	639			72.000	23.6345126.4000					
985-	GRID	640			72.000	23.6345129.7000					
986-	GRID	641			72.000	21.0084529.7000					
987-	GRID	642			72.000	18.3824029.7000					
988-	GRID	643			72.000	15.7563429.7000					
989-	GRID	644			72.000	13.1302829.7000					
990-	GRID	645			72.000	10.5042329.7000					
991-	GRID	646			72.000	7.87817 29.7000					
992-	GRID	647			72.000	26.26057.0000					
993-	GRID	648			72.000	26.260573.3000					
994-	GRID	649			72.000	26.260576.6000					
995-	GRID	650			72.000	26.260579.9000					
996-	GRID	651			72.000	26.2605713.2000					
997-	GRID	652			72.000	26.2605716.5000					
998-	GRID	653			72.000	26.2605719.8000					
999-	GRID	654			72.000	26.2605723.1000					
1000-	GRID	655			72.000	26.2605726.4000					
1001-	GRID	656			72.000	26.2605729.7000					
1002-	GRID	657			72.000	26.2605733.0000					
1003-	GRID	658			72.000	23.6345133.0000					
1004-	GRID	659			72.000	21.0084533.0000					
1005-	GRID	660			72.000	18.3824033.0000					
1006-	GRID	661			72.000	15.7563433.0000					
1007-	GRID	662			72.000	13.1302833.0000					
1008-	GRID	663			72.000	10.5042333.0000					
1009-	GRID	664			72.000	7.87817 33.0000					
1010-	GRID	665			72.000	5.25211 33.0000					
1011-	GRID	666			72.000	2.62606 33.0000					
1012-	GRID	667			72.000	.00000 33.0000					
1013-	GRID	668			72.000	31.51268.0000					
1014-	GRID	669			72.000	31.512686.6000					
1015-	GRID	670			72.000	31.5126813.2000					

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2

LIST

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1016-	GRID	671			72.000	31.5126819.8000					
1017-	GRID	672			72.000	31.5126826.4000					
1018-	GRID	673			72.000	31.5126833.0000					
1019-	GRID	674			72.000	31.5126839.6000					
1020-	GRID	675			72.000	26.2605739.6000					
1021-	GRID	676			72.000	21.0084539.6000					
1022-	GRID	677			72.000	15.7563439.6000					
1023-	GRID	678			72.000	11.5042339.6000					
1024-	GRID	679			72.000	5.2521139.6000					
1025-	GRID	680			72.000	.00000 39.6000					
1026-	GRID	681			72.000	42.01690.0000					
1027-	GRID	682			72.000	42.0169013.2000					
1028-	GRID	683			72.000	42.0169026.4000					
1029-	GRID	684			72.000	42.0169039.6000					
1030-	GRID	685			72.000	42.0169052.8000					
1031-	GRID	686			72.000	31.5126852.8000					
1032-	GRID	687			72.000	21.0084552.8000					
1033-	GRID	688			72.000	10.5042352.8000					
1034-	GRID	689			72.000	.00000 52.8000					
1035-	GRID	690			72.000	63.02536.0000					
1036-	GRID	691			72.000	63.0253626.4000					
1037-	GRID	692			72.000	63.0253652.8000					
1038-	GRID	693			72.000	63.0253679.2000					
1039-	GRID	694			72.000	42.0169079.2000					
1040-	GRID	695			72.000	21.0084579.2000					
1041-	GRID	696			72.000	.00000 79.2000					
1042-	GRID	697			72.000	57.09113.0000					
1043-	GRID	698			72.000	57.0911352.8000					
1044-	GRID	699			72.000	57.0911389.6000					
1045-	GRID	700			72.000	42.0169089.6000					
1046-	GRID	701			72.000	.00000 89.6000					
1047-	GRID	702			72.000	.00000 100.0000					
1048-	GRID	703			72.000	.00000 150.0000					
1049-	GRID	704			72.000	17.05230100.0000					
1050-	GRID	705			72.000	17.05230150.0000					

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT											
1051-	GRID	706			72.000	34.10460100.0000					
1052-	GRID	707			72.000	34.10460150.0000					
1053-	GRID	708			72.000	51.15690.0000					
1054-	GRID	709			72.000	51.1569050.0000					
1055-	GRID	710			72.000	51.15690100.0000					
1056-	GRID	711			72.000	51.15690150.0000					
1057-	GRID	712			72.000	58.83040.0000					
1058-	GRID	713			72.000	58.8304050.0000					
1059-	GRID	714			72.000	58.83040100.0000					
1060-	GRID	715			72.000	58.83040150.0000					
1061-	GRID	716			72.000	66.50390.0000					
1062-	GRID	717			72.000	66.5039050.0000					
1063-	GRID	718			72.000	66.50390100.0000					
1064-	GRID	719			72.000	66.50390150.0000					
1065-	GRID	720			72.000	74.17740.0000					
1066-	GRID	721			72.000	74.1774050.0000					
1067-	GRID	722			72.000	74.17740100.0000					
1068-	GRID	723			72.000	74.17740150.0000					
1069-	GRID	724			72.000	81.85090.0000					
1070-	GRID	725			72.000	81.8509050.0000					
1071-	GRID	726			72.000	81.85090100.0000					
1072-	GRID	727			72.000	81.85090150.0000					
1073-	GRID	728			72.000	90.00000.0000					
1074-	GRID	729			72.000	90.0000050.0000					
1075-	GRID	730			72.000	90.00000100.0000					
1076-	GRID	731			72.000	90.00000150.0000					
1077-	MAT1	47	29.0+6			.3					
1078-	MPC	30	263	6	1.0	525	6	-1.0			
1079-	MPC	30	264	6	1.0	526	6	-1.0			
1080-	MPC	30	265	6	1.0	527	6	-1.0			
1081-	MPC	30	266	6	1.0	528	6	-1.0			
1082-	MPC	30	267	6	1.0	529	6	-1.0			
1083-	MPC	30	268	6	1.0	530	6	-1.0			
1084-	MPC	30	269	6	1.0	531	6	-1.0			
1085-	MPC	30	270	6	1.0	532	6	-1.0			

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LIPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD COUNT		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1086-	MPC	30	271	6	1.0	533	6	-1.0			
1087-	MPC	30	272	6	1.0	534	6	-1.0			
1088-	MPC	30	273	6	1.0	535	6	-1.0			
1089-	MPC	31	263	5	1.0	525	5	-1.0			
1090-	MPC	31	264	5	1.0	526	5	-1.0			
1091-	MPC	31	265	5	1.0	527	5	-1.0			
1092-	MPC	31	266	5	1.0	528	5	-1.0			
1093-	MPC	31	267	5	1.0	529	5	-1.0			
1094-	MPC	31	268	5	1.0	530	5	-1.0			
1095-	MPC	31	269	5	1.0	531	5	-1.0			
1096-	MPC	31	270	5	1.0	532	5	-1.0			
1097-	MPC	31	271	5	1.0	533	5	-1.0			
1098-	MPC	31	272	5	1.0	534	5	-1.0			
1099-	MPC	31	273	5	1.0	535	5	-1.0			
1100-	MPC	32	263	1	1.0	525	1	-1.0			
1101-	MPC	32	264	1	1.0	526	1	-1.0			
1102-	MPC	32	265	1	1.0	527	1	-1.0			
1103-	MPC	32	266	1	1.0	528	1	-1.0			
1104-	MPC	32	267	1	1.0	529	1	-1.0			
1105-	MPC	32	268	1	1.0	530	1	-1.0			
1106-	MPC	32	269	1	1.0	531	1	-1.0			
1107-	MPC	32	270	1	1.0	532	1	-1.0			
1108-	MPC	32	271	1	1.0	533	1	-1.0			
1109-	MPC	32	272	1	1.0	534	1	-1.0			
1110-	MPC	32	273	1	1.0	535	1	-1.0			
1111-	MPC	34	263	2	1.0	525	2	-1.0			+JR1
1112-	+JR1		525	6	-2.6077						
1113-	MPC	34	264	2	1.0	526	2	-1.0			+JR2
1114-	+JR2		526	6	-2.6077						
1115-	MPC	34	265	2	1.0	527	2	-1.0			+JR3
1116-	+JR3		527	6	-2.6077						
1117-	MPC	34	266	2	1.0	528	2	-1.0			+JR4
1118-	+JR4		528	6	-2.6077						
1119-	MPC	34	267	2	1.0	529	2	-1.0			+JR5
1120-	+JR5		529	6	-2.6077						

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.201 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA0=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2.

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1121-	MPC	34	268	2	1.0	530	2	-1.0			+JR6
1122-	+JR6		530	6	-2.6077						
1123-	MPC	34	269	2	1.0	531	2	-1.0			+JR7
1124-	+JR7		531	6	-2.6077						
1125-	MPC	34	270	2	1.0	532	2	-1.0			+JR8
1126-	+JR8		532	6	-2.6077						
1127-	MPC	34	271	2	1.0	533	2	-1.0			+JR9
1128-	+JR9		533	6	-2.6077						
1129-	MPC	34	272	2	1.0	534	2	-1.0			+JR10
1130-	+JR10		534	6	-2.6077						
1131-	MPC	34	273	2	1.0	535	2	-1.0			+JR11
1132-	+JR11		535	6	-2.6077						
1133-	MPC	35	263	3	1.0	525	3	-1.0			+JR12
1134-	+JR12		525	5	2.6077						
1135-	MPC	35	264	3	1.0	526	3	-1.0			+JR13
1136-	+JR13		526	5	2.6077						
1137-	MPC	35	265	3	1.0	527	3	-1.0			+JR14
1138-	+JR14		527	5	2.6077						
1139-	MPC	35	266	3	1.0	528	3	-1.0			+JR15
1140-	+JR15		528	5	2.6077						
1141-	MPC	35	267	3	1.0	529	3	-1.0			+JR16
1142-	+JR16		529	5	2.6077						
1143-	MPC	35	268	3	1.0	530	3	-1.0			+JR17
1144-	+JR17		530	5	2.6077						
1145-	MPC	35	269	3	1.0	531	3	-1.0			+JR18
1146-	+JR18		531	5	2.6077						
1147-	MPC	35	270	3	1.0	532	3	-1.0			+JR19
1148-	+JR19		532	5	2.6077						
1149-	MPC	35	271	3	1.0	533	3	-1.0			+JR20
1150-	+JR20		533	5	2.6077						
1151-	MPC	35	272	3	1.0	534	3	-1.0			+JR21
1152-	+JR21		534	5	2.6077						
1153-	MPC	35	273	3	1.0	535	3	-1.0			+JR22
1154-	+JR22		535	5	2.6077						
1155-	MPC	37	262	1	1.0	524	1	-1.0			

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 IS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1156-	MPC	37	262	3	1.0	524	3	-1.0		+JR23	
1157-	+JR23		524	5	2.6077						
1158-	MPC	37	262	5	1.0	524	5	-1.0			
1159-	MPC	37	274	1	1.0	536	1	-1.0			
1160-	MPC	37	274	2	1.0	536	2	-1.0		+JR24	
1161-	+JR24		536	6	-2.6077						
1162-	MPC	37	274	6	1.0	536	6	-1.0			
1163-	MPC	60	312	1	1.0	512	1	-1.0			
1164-	MPC	60	313	1	1.0	513	1	-1.0			
1165-	MPC	60	314	1	1.0	514	1	-1.0			
1166-	MPC	60	315	1	1.0	515	1	-1.0			
1167-	MPC	60	316	1	1.0	516	1	-1.0			
1168-	MPC	60	317	1	1.0	517	1	-1.0			
1169-	MPC	60	318	1	1.0	518	1	-1.0			
1170-	MPC	60	319	1	1.0	519	1	-1.0			
1171-	MPC	60	320	1	1.0	520	1	-1.0			
1172-	MPC	60	321	1	1.0	521	1	-1.0			
1173-	MPC	60	322	1	1.0	522	1	-1.0			
1174-	MPC	60	377	1	1.0	577	1	-1.0			
1175-	MPC	60	378	1	1.0	578	1	-1.0			
1176-	MPC	60	379	1	1.0	579	1	-1.0			
1177-	MPC	60	380	1	1.0	580	1	-1.0			
1178-	MPC	60	381	1	1.0	581	1	-1.0			
1179-	MPC	60	382	1	1.0	582	1	-1.0			
1180-	MPC	60	383	1	1.0	583	1	-1.0			
1181-	MPC	60	384	1	1.0	584	1	-1.0			
1182-	MPC	60	385	1	1.0	585	1	-1.0			
1183-	MPC	60	386	1	1.0	586	1	-1.0			
1184-	MPC	60	387	1	1.0	587	1	-1.0			
1185-	MPC	60	412	1	1.0	512	1	-1.0			
1186-	MPC	60	413	1	1.0	513	1	-1.0			
1187-	MPC	60	414	1	1.0	514	1	-1.0			
1188-	MPC	60	415	1	1.0	515	1	-1.0			
1189-	MPC	60	416	1	1.0	516	1	-1.0			
1190-	MPC	60	417	1	1.0	517	1	-1.0			

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 24

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1191-	MPC	60	418	1	1.0	518	1	-1.0			
1192-	MPC	60	419	1	1.0	519	1	-1.0			
1193-	MPC	60	420	1	1.0	520	1	-1.0			
1194-	MPC	60	421	1	1.0	521	1	-1.0			
1195-	MPC	60	422	1	1.0	522	1	-1.0			
1196-	MPC	60	477	1	1.0	577	1	-1.0			
1197-	MPC	60	478	1	1.0	578	1	-1.0			
1198-	MPC	60	479	1	1.0	579	1	-1.0			
1199-	MPC	60	480	1	1.0	580	1	-1.0			
1200-	MPC	60	481	1	1.0	581	1	-1.0			
1201-	MPC	60	482	1	1.0	582	1	-1.0			
1202-	MPC	60	483	1	1.0	583	1	-1.0			
1203-	MPC	60	484	1	1.0	584	1	-1.0			
1204-	MPC	60	485	1	1.0	585	1	-1.0			
1205-	MPC	60	486	1	1.0	586	1	-1.0			
1206-	MPC	60	487	1	1.0	587	1	-1.0			
1207-	MPC	61	312	5	1.0	512	5	-1.0			
1208-	MPC	61	313	5	1.0	513	5	-1.0			
1209-	MPC	61	314	5	1.0	514	5	-1.0			
1210-	MPC	61	315	5	1.0	515	5	-1.0			
1211-	MPC	61	316	5	1.0	516	5	-1.0			
1212-	MPC	61	317	5	1.0	517	5	-1.0			
1213-	MPC	61	318	5	1.0	518	5	-1.0			
1214-	MPC	61	319	5	1.0	519	5	-1.0			
1215-	MPC	61	320	5	1.0	520	5	-1.0			
1216-	MPC	61	321	5	1.0	521	5	-1.0			
1217-	MPC	61	322	5	1.0	522	5	-1.0			
1218-	MPC	61	377	5	1.0	577	5	-1.0			
1219-	MPC	61	378	5	1.0	578	5	-1.0			
1220-	MPC	61	379	5	1.0	579	5	-1.0			
1221-	MPC	61	380	5	1.0	580	5	-1.0			
1222-	MPC	61	381	5	1.0	581	5	-1.0			
1223-	MPC	61	382	5	1.0	582	5	-1.0			
1224-	MPC	61	383	5	1.0	583	5	-1.0			
1225-	MPC	61	384	5	1.0	584	5	-1.0			

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1226-	MPC	61	385	5	1.0	585	5	-1.0			
1227-	MPC	61	386	5	1.0	586	5	-1.0			
1228-	MPC	61	387	5	1.0	587	5	-1.0			
1229-	MPC	61	412	5	1.0	512	5	-1.0			
1230-	MPC	61	413	5	1.0	513	5	-1.0			
1231-	MPC	61	414	5	1.0	514	5	-1.0			
1232-	MPC	61	415	5	1.0	515	5	-1.0			
1233-	MPC	61	416	5	1.0	516	5	-1.0			
1234-	MPC	61	417	5	1.0	517	5	-1.0			
1235-	MPC	61	418	5	1.0	518	5	-1.0			
1236-	MPC	61	419	5	1.0	519	5	-1.0			
1237-	MPC	61	420	5	1.0	520	5	-1.0			
1238-	MPC	61	421	5	1.0	521	5	-1.0			
1239-	MPC	61	422	5	1.0	522	5	-1.0			
1240-	MPC	61	477	5	1.0	577	5	-1.0			
1241-	MPC	61	478	5	1.0	578	5	-1.0			
1242-	MPC	61	479	5	1.0	579	5	-1.0			
1243-	MPC	61	469	5	1.0	580	5	-1.0			
1244-	MPC	61	481	5	1.0	581	5	-1.0			
1245-	MPC	61	482	5	1.0	582	5	-1.0			
1246-	MPC	61	483	5	1.0	583	5	-1.0			
1247-	MPC	61	484	5	1.0	584	5	-1.0			
1248-	MPC	61	485	5	1.0	585	5	-1.0			
1249-	MPC	61	486	5	1.0	586	5	-1.0			
1250-	MPC	61	487	5	1.0	587	5	-1.0			
1251-	MPC	62	312	6	1.0	512	6	-1.0			
1252-	MPC	62	313	6	1.0	513	6	-1.0			
1253-	MPC	62	314	6	1.0	514	6	-1.0			
1254-	MPC	62	315	6	1.0	515	6	-1.0			
1255-	MPC	62	316	6	1.0	516	6	-1.0			
1256-	MPC	62	317	6	1.0	517	6	-1.0			
1257-	MPC	62	318	6	1.0	518	6	-1.0			
1258-	MPC	62	319	6	1.0	519	6	-1.0			
1259-	MPC	62	320	6	1.0	520	6	-1.0			
1260-	MPC	62	321	6	1.0	521	6	-1.0			

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PD=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1261-	MPC	62	322	6	1.0	522	6	-1.0			
1262-	MPC	62	377	6	1.0	577	6	-1.0			
1263-	MPC	62	378	6	1.0	578	6	-1.0			
1264-	MPC	62	379	6	1.0	579	6	-1.0			
1265-	MPC	62	380	6	1.0	580	6	-1.0			
1266-	MPC	62	381	6	1.0	581	6	-1.0			
1267-	MPC	62	382	6	1.0	582	6	-1.0			
1268-	MPC	62	383	6	1.0	583	6	-1.0			
1269-	MPC	62	384	6	1.0	584	6	-1.0			
1270-	MPC	62	385	6	1.0	585	6	-1.0			
1271-	MPC	62	386	6	1.0	586	6	-1.0			
1272-	MPC	62	387	6	1.0	587	6	-1.0			
1273-	MPC	62	412	6	1.0	512	6	-1.0			
1274-	MPC	62	413	6	1.0	513	6	-1.0			
1275-	MPC	62	414	6	1.0	514	6	-1.0			
1276-	MPC	62	415	6	1.0	515	6	-1.0			
1277-	MPC	62	416	6	1.0	516	6	-1.0			
1278-	MPC	62	417	6	1.0	517	6	-1.0			
1279-	MPC	62	418	6	1.0	518	6	-1.0			
1280-	MPC	62	419	6	1.0	519	6	-1.0			
1281-	MPC	62	420	6	1.0	520	6	-1.0			
1282-	MPC	62	421	6	1.0	521	6	-1.0			
1283-	MPC	62	422	6	1.0	522	6	-1.0			
1284-	MPC	62	477	6	1.0	577	6	-1.0			
1285-	MPC	62	478	6	1.0	578	6	-1.0			
1286-	MPC	62	479	6	1.0	579	6	-1.0			
1287-	MPC	62	480	6	1.0	580	6	-1.0			
1288-	MPC	62	481	6	1.0	581	6	-1.0			
1289-	MPC	62	482	6	1.0	582	6	-1.0			
1290-	MPC	62	483	6	1.0	583	6	-1.0			
1291-	MPC	62	484	6	1.0	584	6	-1.0			
1292-	MPC	62	485	6	1.0	585	6	-1.0			
1293-	MPC	62	486	6	1.0	586	6	-1.0			
1294-	MPC	62	487	6	1.0	587	6	-1.0			
1295-	MPC	64	312	2	1.0	512	2	-1.0			482

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RP= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/2

LTPT

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
CPUNT											
1296-	+R2		512	6		1.8577					
1297-	MPC	64	313	2	1.0	513	2	-1.0		+R3	
1298-	+R3		513	6		1.8577					
1299-	MPC	64	314	2	1.0	514	2	-1.0		+R4	
1300-	+R4		514	6		1.8577					
1301-	MPC	64	315	2	1.0	515	2	-1.0		+R5	
1302-	+R5		515	6		1.8577					
1303-	MPC	64	316	2	1.0	516	2	-1.0		+R6	
1304-	+R6		516	6		1.8577					
1305-	MPC	64	317	2	1.0	517	2	-1.0		+R7	
1306-	+R7		517	6		1.8577					
1307-	MPC	64	318	2	1.0	518	2	-1.0		+R8	
1308-	+R8		518	6		1.8577					
1309-	MPC	64	319	2	1.0	519	2	-1.0		+R9	
1310-	+R9		519	6		1.8577					
1311-	MPC	64	320	2	1.0	520	2	-1.0		+R10	
1312-	+R10		520	6		1.8577					
1313-	MPC	64	321	2	1.0	521	2	-1.0		+R11	
1314-	+R11		521	6		1.8577					
1315-	MPC	64	322	2	1.0	522	2	-1.0		+R12	
1316-	+R12		522	6		1.8577					
1317-	MPC	64	377	2	1.0	577	2	-1.0		+R24	
1318-	+R24		577	6		1.8577					
1319-	MPC	64	378	2	1.0	578	2	-1.0		+R25	
1320-	+R25		578	6		1.8577					
1321-	MPC	64	379	2	1.0	579	2	-1.0		+R26	
1322-	+R26		579	6		1.8577					
1323-	MPC	64	380	2	1.0	580	2	-1.0		+R27	
1324-	+R27		580	6		1.8577					
1325-	MPC	64	381	2	1.0	581	2	-1.0		+R28	
1326-	+R28		581	6		1.8577					
1327-	MPC	64	382	2	1.0	582	2	-1.0		+R29	
1328-	+R29		582	6		1.8577					
1329-	MPC	64	383	2	1.0	583	2	-1.0		+R30	
1330-	+R30		583	6		1.8577					

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 IP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750
 JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPI

PRINTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1331-	MPC	64	384	2	2	1.0	584	2	-1.0		+R31
1332-	+R31		584	6	6	-1.8577					
1333-	MPC	64	385	2	2	1.0	585	2	-1.0		+R32
1334-	+R32		585	6	6	-1.8577					
1335-	MPC	64	386	2	2	1.0	586	2	-1.0		+R33
1336-	+R33		586	6	6	-1.8577					
1337-	MPC	64	387	2	2	1.0	587	2	-1.0		+R34
1338-	+R34		587	6	6	-1.8577					
1339-	MPC	64	412	2	2	1.0	512	2	-1.0		+R13
1340-	+R13		512	6	6	-1.8577					
1341-	MPC	64	413	2	2	1.0	513	2	-1.0		+R14
1342-	+R14		513	6	6	-1.8577					
1343-	MPC	64	414	2	2	1.0	514	2	-1.0		+R15
1344-	+R15		514	6	6	-1.8577					
1345-	MPC	64	415	2	2	1.0	515	2	-1.0		+R16
1346-	+R16		515	6	6	-1.8577					
1347-	MPC	64	416	2	2	1.0	516	2	-1.0		+R17
1348-	+R17		516	6	6	-1.8577					
1349-	MPC	64	417	2	2	1.0	517	2	-1.0		+R18
1350-	+R18		517	6	6	-1.8577					
1351-	MPC	64	418	2	2	1.0	518	2	-1.0		+R19
1352-	+R19		518	6	6	-1.8577					
1353-	MPC	64	419	2	2	1.0	519	2	-1.0		+R20
1354-	+R20		519	6	6	-1.8577					
1355-	MPC	64	421	2	2	1.0	520	2	-1.0		+R21
1356-	+R21		520	6	6	-1.8577					
1357-	MPC	64	421	2	2	1.0	521	2	-1.0		+R22
1358-	+R22		521	6	6	-1.8577					
1359-	MPC	64	422	2	2	1.0	522	2	-1.0		+R23
1360-	+R23		522	6	6	-1.8577					
1361-	MPC	64	471	2	2	1.0	577	2	-1.0		+R35
1362-	+R35		577	6	6	-1.8577					
1363-	MPC	64	478	2	2	1.0	578	2	-1.0		+R36
1364-	+R36		578	6	6	-1.8577					
1365-	MPC	64	479	2	2	1.0	579	2	-1.0		+R37

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ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 IP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT										
1366-	+R37		579	6	-1.8577					
1367-	MPC	64	480	2	1.0	580	2	-1.0		+R38
1368-	+R38		580	6	-1.8577					
1369-	MPC	64	481	2	1.0	581	2	-1.0		+R39
1370-	+R39		581	6	-1.8577					
1371-	MPC	64	482	2	1.0	582	2	-1.0		+R40
1372-	+R40		582	6	-1.8577					
1373-	MPC	64	483	2	1.0	583	2	-1.0		+R41
1374-	+R41		583	6	-1.8577					
1375-	MPC	64	484	2	1.0	584	2	-1.0		+R42
1376-	+R42		584	6	-1.8577					
1377-	MPC	64	485	2	1.0	585	2	-1.0		+R43
1378-	+R43		585	6	-1.8577					
1379-	MPC	64	486	2	1.0	586	2	-1.0		+R44
1380-	+R44		586	6	-1.8577					
1381-	MPC	64	487	2	1.0	587	2	-1.0		+R45
1382-	+R45		587	6	-1.8577					
1383-	MPC	65	312	3	1.0	512	3	-1.0		+R46
1384-	+R46		512	5	-1.8577					
1385-	MPC	65	313	3	1.0	513	3	-1.0		+R47
1386-	+R47		513	5	-1.8577					
1387-	MPC	65	314	3	1.0	514	3	-1.0		+R48
1388-	+R48		514	5	-1.8577					
1389-	MPC	65	315	3	1.0	515	3	-1.0		+R49
1390-	+R49		515	5	-1.8577					
1391-	MPC	65	316	3	1.0	516	3	-1.0		+R50
1392-	+R50		516	5	-1.8577					
1393-	MPC	65	317	3	1.0	517	3	-1.0		+R51
1394-	+R51		517	5	-1.8577					
1395-	MPC	65	318	3	1.0	518	3	-1.0		+R52
1396-	+R52		518	5	-1.8577					
1397-	MPC	65	319	3	1.0	519	3	-1.0		+R53
1398-	+R53		519	5	-1.8577					
1399-	MPC	65	320	3	1.0	520	3	-1.0		+R54
1400-	+R54		520	5	-1.8577					

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 BR= 72.0 IS=2.215 IP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LIST

S O R T E D B U L K D A T A E C H O

CARD	COUNT	MPC	65	321	3	1.0	521	3	-1.0	+R55
1401-	1	MPC	65	321	3	1.0	521	3	-1.0	+R55
1402-	5	+R55	65	521	5	-1.8577				
1403-	3	MPC	65	322	3	1.0	522	3	-1.0	+R56
1404-	5	+R56	65	522	5	-1.8577				
1405-	3	MPC	65	377	3	1.0	577	3	-1.0	+R68
1406-	5	+R68	65	577	5	-1.8577				
1407-	3	MPC	65	378	3	1.0	578	3	-1.0	+R69
1408-	5	+R69	65	578	5	-1.8577				
1409-	3	MPC	65	379	3	1.0	579	3	-1.0	+R70
1410-	5	+R70	65	579	5	-1.8577				
1411-	3	MPC	65	380	3	1.0	580	3	-1.0	+R71
1412-	5	+R71	65	580	5	-1.8577				
1413-	3	MPC	65	381	3	1.0	581	3	-1.0	+R72
1414-	5	+R72	65	581	5	-1.8577				
1415-	3	MPC	65	382	3	1.0	582	3	-1.0	+R73
1416-	5	+R73	65	582	5	-1.8577				
1417-	3	MPC	65	383	3	1.0	583	3	-1.0	+R74
1418-	5	+R74	65	583	5	-1.8577				
1419-	3	MPC	65	384	3	1.0	584	3	-1.0	+R75
1420-	5	+R75	65	584	5	-1.8577				
1421-	3	MPC	65	385	3	1.0	585	3	-1.0	+R76
1422-	5	+R76	65	585	5	-1.8577				
1423-	3	MPC	65	386	3	1.0	586	3	-1.0	+R77
1424-	5	+R77	65	586	5	-1.8577				
1425-	3	MPC	65	387	3	1.0	587	3	-1.0	+R78
1426-	5	+R78	65	587	5	-1.8577				
1427-	3	MPC	65	412	3	1.0	512	3	-1.0	+R57
1428-	5	+R57	65	512	5	-1.8577				
1429-	3	MPC	65	413	3	1.0	513	3	-1.0	+R58
1430-	5	+R58	65	513	5	-1.8577				
1431-	3	MPC	65	414	3	1.0	514	3	-1.0	+R59
1432-	5	+R59	65	514	5	-1.8577				
1433-	3	MPC	65	415	3	1.0	515	3	-1.0	+R60
1434-	5	+R60	65	515	5	-1.8577				
1435-	3	MPC	65	416	3	1.0	516	3	-1.0	+R61

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OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

A=13.200 RB= 72.0 IS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA0=1.500 PO=13.750

ITPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1436-	+R61			516	5	1.8577					
1437-	MPC	65		417	3	1.0	517	3	-1.0		+R62
1438-	+R62			517	5	1.8577					
1439-	MPC	65		418	3	1.0	518	3	-1.0		+R63
1440-	+R63			518	5	1.8577					
1441-	MPC	65		419	3	1.0	519	3	-1.0		+R64
1442-	+R64			519	5	1.8577					
1443-	MPC	65		420	3	1.0	520	3	-1.0		+R65
1444-	+R65			520	5	1.8577					
1445-	MPC	65		421	3	1.0	521	3	-1.0		+R66
1446-	+R66			521	5	1.8577					
1447-	MPC	65		422	3	1.0	522	3	-1.0		+R67
1448-	+R67			522	5	1.8577					
1449-	MPC	65		477	3	1.0	577	3	-1.0		+R79
1450-	+R79			577	5	1.8577					
1451-	MPC	65		478	3	1.0	578	3	-1.0		+R80
1452-	+R80			578	5	1.8577					
1453-	MPC	65		479	3	1.0	579	3	-1.0		+R81
1454-	+R81			579	5	1.8577					
1455-	MPC	65		480	3	1.0	580	3	-1.0		+R82
1456-	+R82			580	5	1.8577					
1457-	MPC	65		481	3	1.0	581	3	-1.0		+R83
1458-	+R83			581	5	1.8577					
1459-	MPC	65		482	3	1.0	582	3	-1.0		+R84
1460-	+R84			582	5	1.8577					
1461-	MPC	65		483	3	1.0	583	3	-1.0		+R85
1462-	+R85			583	5	1.8577					
1463-	MPC	65		484	3	1.0	584	3	-1.0		+R86
1464-	+R86			584	5	1.8577					
1465-	MPC	65		485	3	1.0	585	3	-1.0		+R87
1466-	+R87			585	5	1.8577					
1467-	MPC	65		486	3	1.0	586	3	-1.0		+R88
1468-	+R88			586	5	1.8577					
1469-	MPC	65		487	3	1.0	587	3	-1.0		+R89
1470-	+R89			587	5	1.8577					

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY

PIPE AND BOTH PAOS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LIPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1471-	MPC	66	311	1	1.0	511	1	-1.0			
1472-	MPC	66	311	3	1.0	511	3	-1.0		+R90	
1473-	+R90		511	5	-1.8577						
1474-	MPC	66	311	5	1.0	511	5	-1.0			
1475-	MPC	66	323	1	1.0	523	1	-1.0			
1476-	MPC	66	323	2	1.0	523	2	-1.0		+R94	
1477-	+R94		523	6	1.8577						
1478-	MPC	66	323	6	1.0	523	6	-1.0			
1479-	MPC	66	376	1	1.0	576	1	-1.0			
1480-	MPC	66	376	3	1.0	576	3	-1.0		+R92	
1481-	+R92		576	5	-1.8577						
1482-	MPC	66	376	5	1.0	576	5	-1.0			
1483-	MPC	66	388	1	1.0	588	1	-1.0			
1484-	MPC	66	388	2	1.0	588	2	-1.0		+R96	
1485-	+R96		588	6	1.8577						
1486-	MPC	66	388	6	1.0	588	6	-1.0			
1487-	MPC	66	411	1	1.0	511	1	-1.0			
1488-	MPC	66	411	3	1.0	511	3	-1.0		+R91	
1489-	+R91		511	5	1.8577						
1490-	MPC	66	411	5	1.0	511	5	-1.0			
1491-	MPC	66	423	1	1.0	523	1	-1.0			
1492-	MPC	66	423	2	1.0	523	2	-1.0		+R95	
1493-	+R95		523	6	-1.8577						
1494-	MPC	66	423	6	1.0	523	6	-1.0			
1495-	MPC	66	476	1	1.0	576	1	-1.0			
1496-	MPC	66	476	3	1.0	576	3	-1.0		+R93	
1497-	+R93		576	5	1.8577						
1498-	MPC	66	476	5	1.0	576	5	-1.0			
1499-	MPC	66	488	1	1.0	588	1	-1.0			
1500-	MPC	66	488	2	1.0	588	2	-1.0		+R97	
1501-	+R97		588	6	-1.8577						
1502-	MPC	66	488	6	1.0	588	6	-1.0			
1503-	MPC ADD	36	30	31	32	66	34	35	37	+R1	
1504-	+R1	60	61	62	64	65					
1505-	PLCAD2	6	100	576	THRU	587					

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
 A=13.200 R= 72.0 IS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPA=1.500 PO=13.750
 JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

1781

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	COUNT	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1506-	PLDAD2	6	100.	589	600						
1507-	PLDAD2	6	100.	602	613						
1508-	PLCAD2	6	100.	615	666						
1509-	PLDAD2	6	100.	668	679						
1510-	PLDAD2	6	100.	681	702						
1511-	PLCAD2	6	100.	708	710						
1512-	PLCAD2	6	100.	712	714						
1513-	PLCAD2	6	100.	716	718						
1514-	PLDAD2	6	100.	720	722						
1515-	PLDAD2	6	100.	724	726						
1516-	PLDAD2	6	100.	1615	1618						
1517-	PLCAD2	6	100.	1623	1624						
1518-	PLCAD2	6	100.	1630	1648						
1519-	PLCAD2	6	100.	1657	1658						
1520-	PLCAD2	6	100.	1671	1673						
1521-	PLDAD2	6	100.	1679	1682						
1522-	PLCAD2	6	100.	1693	1695						
1523-	PLCAD2	6	100.	1699	1700						
1524-	PLDAD2	6	100.	2629	2630						
1525-	PLCAD2	6	100.	311	322						
1526-	PLDAD2	6	100.	324	335						
1527-	PLDAD2	6	100.	337	348						
1528-	PLDAD2	6	100.	350	361						
1529-	PLDAD2	6	100.	363	374						
1530-	PLDAD2	6	100.	3311	3322						
1531-	PLDAD2	6	100.	3324	3335						
1532-	PLDAD2	6	100.	3337	3348						
1533-	PLDAD2	6	100.	3350	3361						
1534-	PLCAD2	6	100.	3363	3374						
1535-	PLDAD2	6	100.	3576	3587						
1536-	PLCAD2	6	100.	3589	3600						
1537-	PLDAD2	6	100.	3602	3613						
1538-	PLCAD2	6	100.	227	229						
1539-	PLDAD2	6	100.	231	233						
1540-	PLCAD2	6	100.	235	237						

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PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 IP=1.100 IPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 21

ITPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1541-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	239	THRU	241					
1542-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	243	THRU	245					
1543-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	247	THRU	249					
1544-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	251	THRU	253					
1545-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	255	THRU	260					
1546-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	262	THRU	273					
1547-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	1256	1258	1260					
1548-	PLOAD2	6	-100.0	1263	1265	1267	1269	1271	1273		
1549-	PQUAD2	41	47	2.21538							
1550-	PQUAD2	43	47	1.50000							
1551-	PQUAD2	44	47	1.50000							
1552-	PQUAD2	51	47	1.10000							
1553-	PQUAD2	75	47	.75000							
1554-	PTRIA2	41	47	2.21538							
1555-	PTRIA2	43	47	1.50000							
1556-	PTRIA2	44	47	1.50000							
1557-	PTRIA2	51	47	1.10000							
1558-	PTRIA2	75	47	.75000							
1559-	SPC1	1	26	511	524	537	550	563	576	+K1	
1560-	+K1	589	602	615	667	680	689	696	701	+K2	
1561-	+K2	702	311	324	337	350	363	376	411	+K3	
1562-	+K3	424	437	450	463	476					
1563-	SPC1	2	35	523	536	549	562	575	588	+L1	
1564-	+L1	601	614	627	647	668	681	690	697	+L2	
1565-	+L2	708	712	716	720	724	323	336	349	+L3	
1566-	+L3	362	375	388	423	436	449	462	475	+L4	
1567-	+L4	488									
1568-	SPC1	3	5	705	707	711	715	719	723	+M1	
1569-	+M1	727									
1570-	SPC1	4	26	729	730						
1571-	SPC1	6	2356	728							
1572-	SPC1	8	256	703	731						
1573-	SPC1	9	246	223	227	231	235	239	243	+P1	
1574-	+P1	262	247	251	255						
1575-	SPC1	10	345	226	230	234	238	242	246	+P2	

PIPE AND BOTH PADS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974 NASTRAN 2/

LTPT

SORTED BULK DATA ECHO

CARD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
COUNT										
1576-	+P2	274	250	254	261					
1577-	SPCADD	5	1	2	3	4	6	8	9	+P3
1578-	+P3	10								
	FNDDATA									

***NO ERRORS FOUND - EXECUTE NASTRAN PROGRAM**

METHOD 2 NT,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = 14.6
METHOD 2 T ,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = 9.7
METHOD 2 T ,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = 38.0

*** USER INFORMATION MESSAGE 3023.

B = 71
C = 183
R = 70

*** USER INFORMATION MESSAGE 3027. SYMMETRIC REAL S.P. TIME ESTIMATE IS 640 SECONDS.

METHOD 2 T ,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = .2
METHOD 2 NI,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = 1.1
METHOD 1 NI,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = 5.1

*** USER INFORMATION MESSAGE 3035

FOR LOAD 1 EPSILON SUB E =-23.2524127E-14

METHOD 2 NT,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = .4
METHOD 1 T ,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = 1.6
METHOD 2 NT,NBR PASSES = 1,EST. TIME = .2

*** SYSTEM WARNING MESSAGE 3022

DATA BLOCK PLTPAR IS REQUIRED AS INPUT AND IS NOT OUTPUT BY A PREVIOUS MODULE IN THE CURRENT DMAP ROW

*** SYSTEM WARNING MESSAGE 3022

DATA BLOCK GPSETS IS REQUIRED AS INPUT AND IS NOT OUTPUT BY A PREVIOUS MODULE IN THE CURRENT DMAP ROW

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PIPE AND BOTH PAQS REINFORCED HOLE IN CYLINDRICAL SHELL
A=13.200 RR= 72.0 TS=2.215 TP=1.100 TPAD=1.500 PO=13.750

JUNE 28, 1974

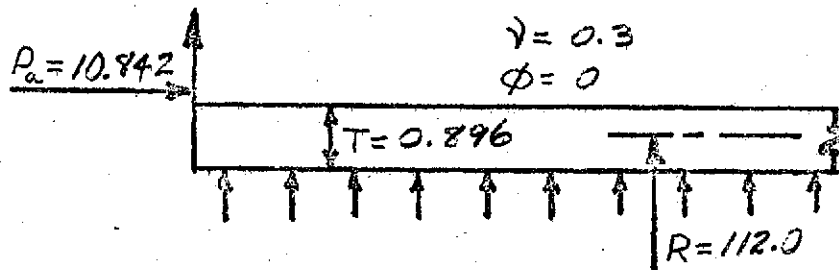
LTPT

STRESSES IN GENERAL TRIANGULAR ELEMENTS						
ELEMENT	FIBRE	STRESSES IN ELEMENT COORD SYSTEM			PRINCIPAL STRESSES	
ID.	DISTANCE	NORMAL-X	NORMAL-Y	SHEAR-XY	ANGLE	MAJOR
267	-55.000000E-02	36.626921E+02	15.282235E+02	16.874622E+01	4.4925	36.759504E+02
	55.000000E-02	27.996382E+02	79.493408E+00	-12.236078E+01	-2.5704	28.051313E+02
268	-55.000000E-02	17.455225E+02	10.201016E+02	-31.448518E+00	-2.4777	17.468833E+02
	55.000000E-02	37.184511E+02	34.966212E+01	30.306191E+01	5.0999	37.454979E+02
269	-55.000000E-02	28.478904E+02	10.733020E+02	21.705942E+01	6.8732	28.740544E+02
	55.000000E-02	19.551830E+02	-30.799750E+01	-63.394563E+00	-1.6033	19.569574E+02
270	-55.000000E-02	12.970949E+02	64.832626E+01	17.810507E+00	1.5714	12.975834E+02
	55.000000E-02	26.851675E+02	-10.364289E+01	22.019174E+01	4.4868	27.024457E+02
271	-55.000000E-02	21.905377E+02	64.843281E+01	82.812711E+00	3.0651	21.949721E+02
	55.000000E-02	13.357490E+02	-65.177969E+01	38.476868E+00	1.1086	13.364936E+02
272	-55.000000E-02	13.067414E+02	37.872258E+01	-57.859562E+00	-3.5539	13.103348E+02
	55.000000E-02	17.634289E+02	-51.761951E+01	16.233038E+01	4.0502	17.749232E+02
273	-55.000000E-02	16.595845E+02	40.629698E+01	47.376145E+00	2.1618	16.613728E+02
	55.000000E-02	12.291916E+02	-71.326576E+01	-27.871346E+00	-0.8219	12.295915E+02
311	-37.500000E-02	63.524534E+02	69.873755E+01	-21.898232E+01	-2.2148	63.609224E+02
	37.500000E-02	59.054469E+02	44.554233E+01	-20.918724E+01	-2.1909	59.134498E+02
312	-37.500000E-02	60.296839E+02	72.081228E+01	-23.690549E+01	-2.5500	60.402347E+02
	37.500000E-02	56.980266E+02	52.815005E+01	-23.783955E+01	-2.6285	57.089453E+02
313	-37.500000E-02	58.169284E+02	74.174435E+01	-13.888619E+01	-1.5664	58.207263E+02
	37.500000E-02	52.382165E+02	28.458522E+01	-16.351277E+01	-1.8885	52.436080E+02
314	-37.500000E-02	53.494800E+02	86.723580E+01	-89.961737E+00	-1.1493	53.512848E+02
	37.500000E-02	48.072939E+02	18.989494E+01	-13.207812E+01	-1.6371	48.110689E+02

Peak Stress Answer

63.609224E+02

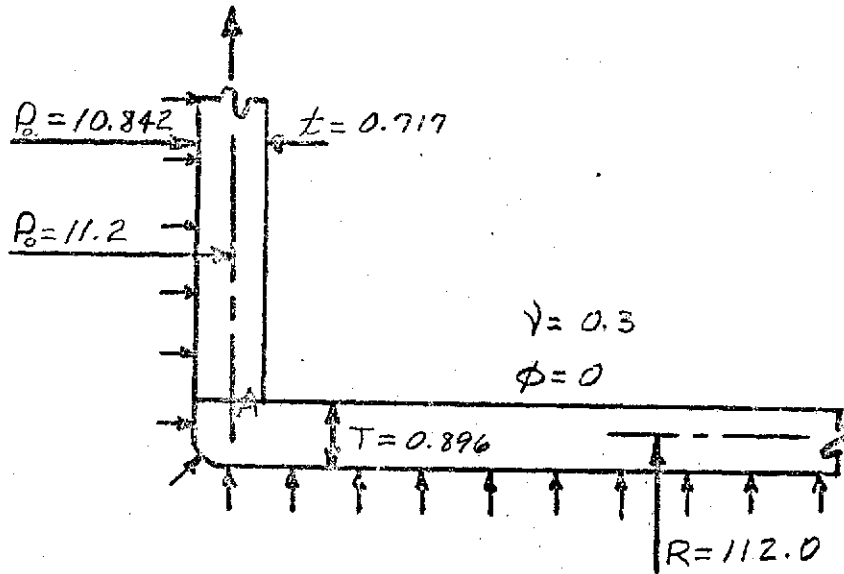
APPENDIX B
NASTRAN SUMMARY SHEETS



P/P_w	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000	5.406	3.575
1.033	5.147	3.282
1.224	3.550	1.939
1.416	2.630	1.284
1.607	1.971	0.936
1.832	1.634	0.777
2.120	1.283	0.656
2.409	1.121	0.676

FORCE

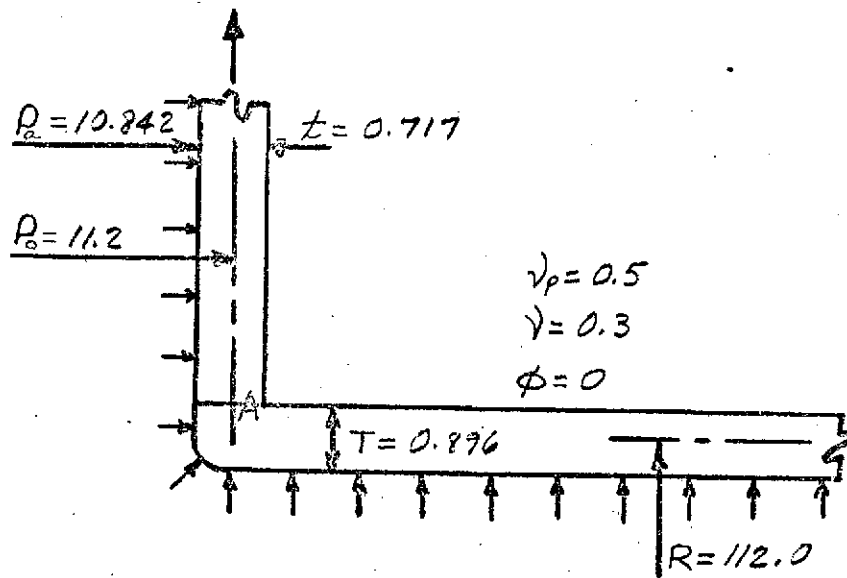
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P/P_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	1.975	2.547
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.968	2.812	2.398
1.000	2.509	2.524
1.185	1.857	2.099
1.371	1.566	1.720
1.556	1.343	1.423
1.773	1.264	1.277
2.052	1.093	1.079
2.332	1.006	1.001

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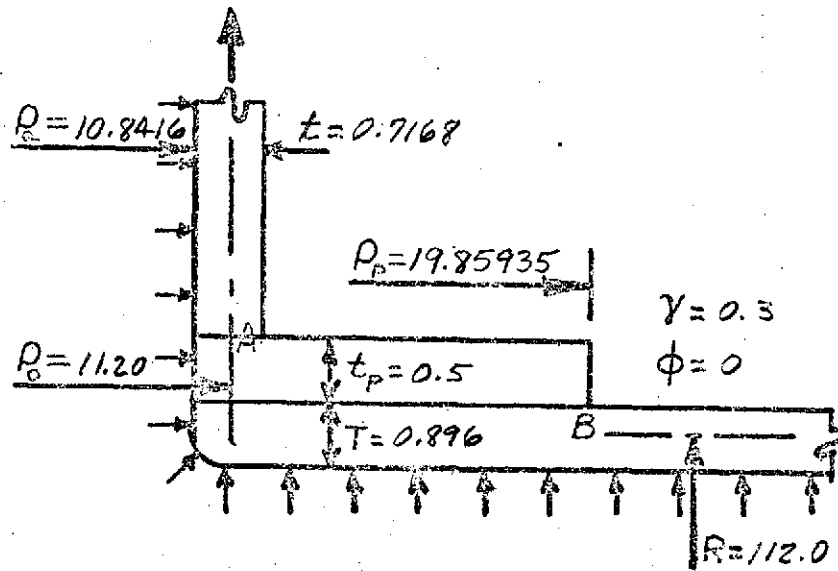
PIPE



P/P_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	2.009	2.910
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.968	3.061	2.598
1.000	2.685	2.630
1.185	1.869	2.143
1.371	1.559	1.717
1.556	1.368	1.420
1.773	1.209	1.203
2.052	1.083	1.048
2.332	1.019	0.976

PIPE

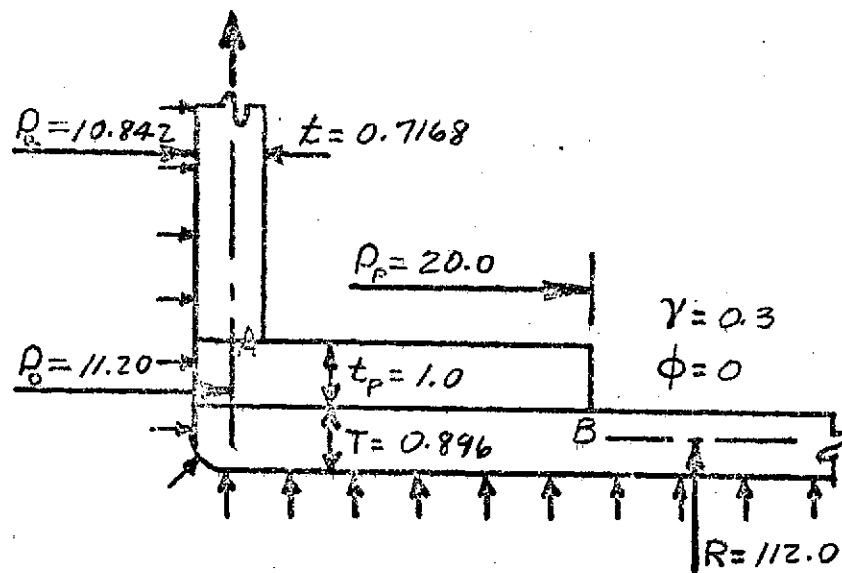
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P/p_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	1.538	1.695
1.773 @ B	0.601	1.400
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.968	2.403	1.698
1.000	2.005	1.878
1.134	1.528	1.473
1.383	1.358	1.114
1.631	1.282	0.800
1.773	1.195	0.843
1.844	1.127	0.968
1.915	1.092	0.881

PIPE AND PAD

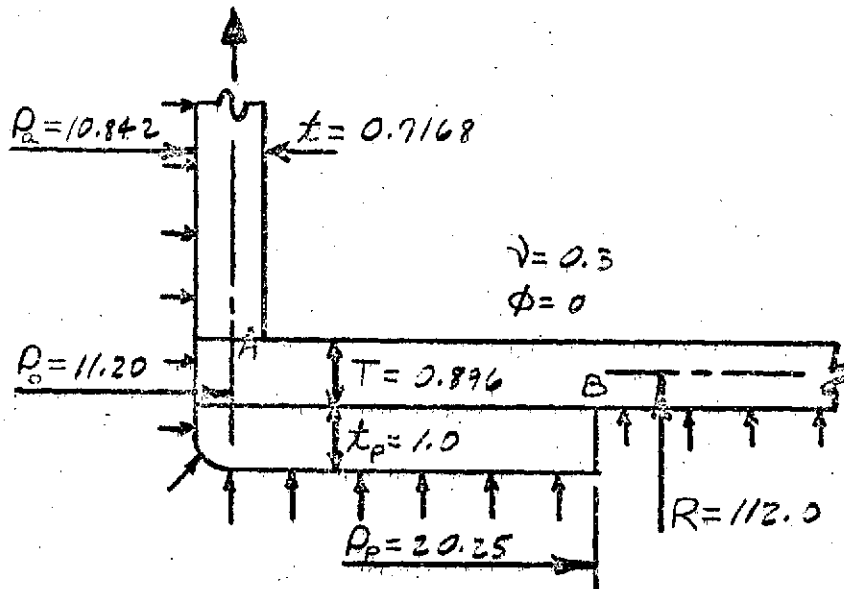
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P/P_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	1.242	0.808
1.786 @ B	0.593	1.473
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.968	1.945	1.494
1.000	1.648	1.552
1.071	1.546	1.382
1.250	1.382	1.072
1.518	1.305	0.726
1.786	1.173	0.713
2.052	1.160	0.811
2.332	1.129	0.848

PIPE AND PAD

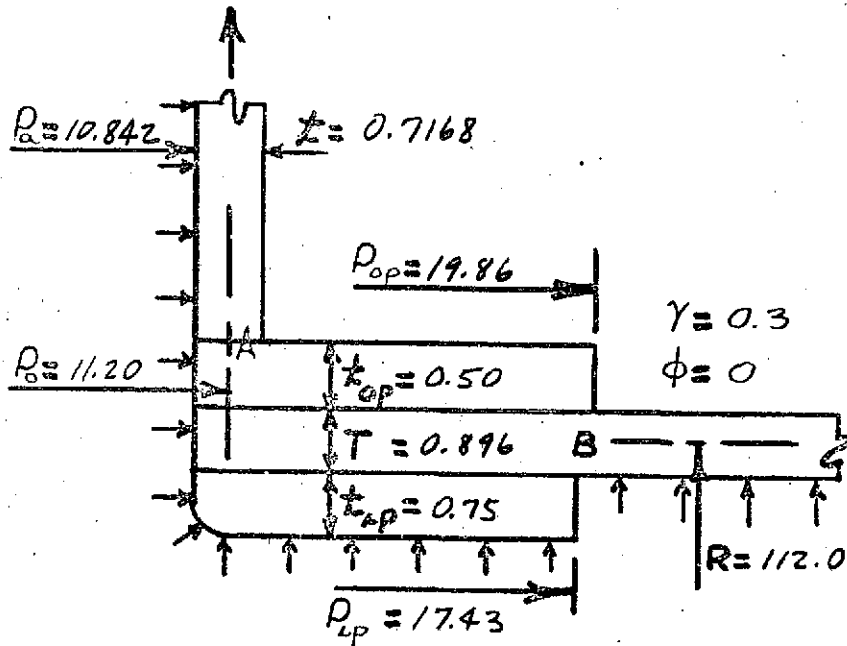
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P/P_o	I/S SCF	O/S SCF
1.000 @ A	1.327	1.635
1.808 @ B	1.356	0.789
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.968	1.779	1.529
1.000	1.413	1.751
1.071	1.392	1.531
1.250	1.178	1.283
1.518	0.865	1.188
1.808	0.894	0.977
2.052	0.913	0.975
2.332	0.796	0.994

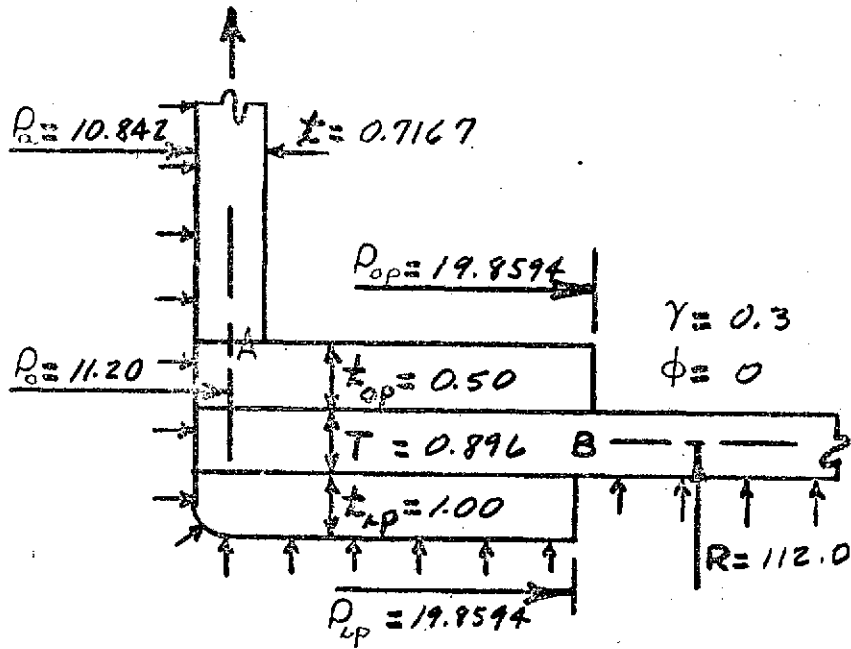
PIPE AND PAD

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OF POOR QUALITY



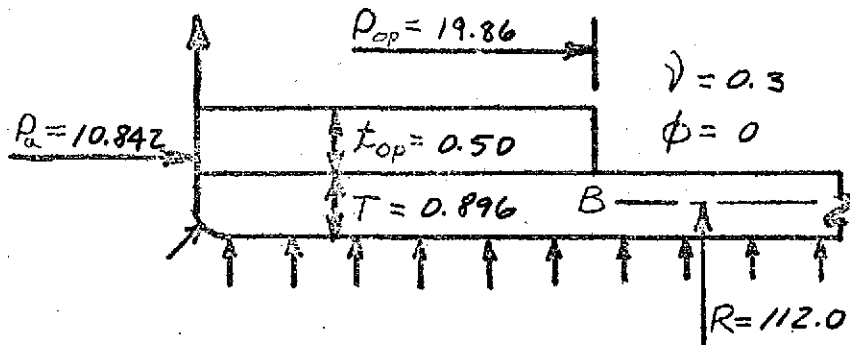
P/p_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	1.215	1.512
1.556 @ B	1.467	0.571
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.968	1.855	1.237
1.000	1.484	1.470
1.185	1.091	1.134
1.371	0.858	0.951
1.556	1.202	0.617
1.773	0.866	0.719
2.053	0.894	0.855
2.332	0.911	0.920

PIPE AND PADS



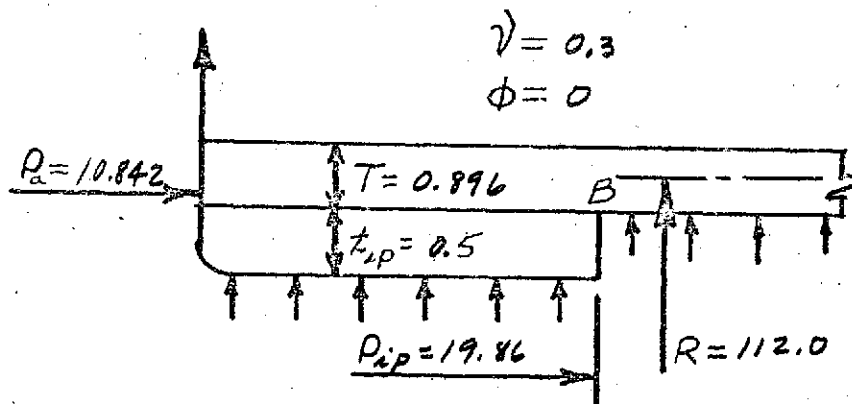
P/P_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	1.125	1.436
1.773 @ B	1.187	0.965
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.968	1.653	1.098
1.000	1.315	1.322
1.185	0.992	0.986
1.371	0.809	0.802
1.556	0.640	0.735
1.773	0.939	0.641
2.052	0.772	0.781
2.332	0.799	0.879

PIPE AND PADS



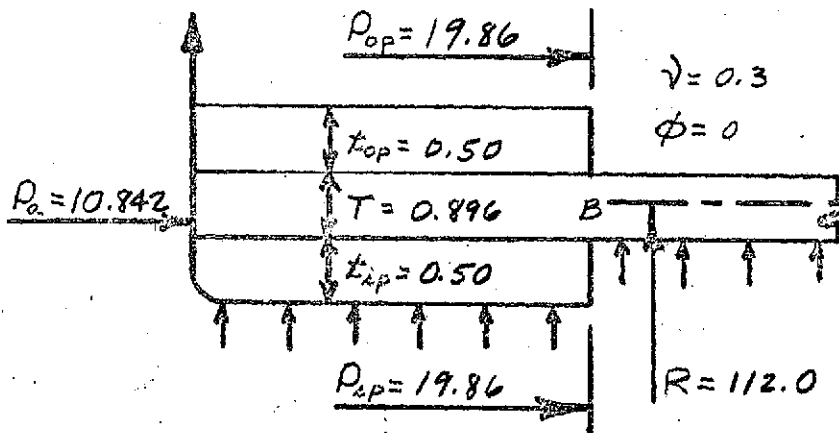
P/P_a	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.832 @ B	0.158	1.686
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
1.000	4.655	3.689
1.033	5.174	2.426
1.224	3.645	1.143
1.416	2.854	5.663
1.607	2.335	0.295
1.832	2.014	-0.005
2.120	1.752	0.060
2.409	1.625	0.160

FORCE AND PAD



P/P_a	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.832 @ B	1.475	1.245
PAD @ $\phi = 0$		
1.000	3.810	3.221
1.033	3.077	3.108
1.224	1.702	1.942
1.416	1.031	1.367
1.607	0.784	0.877
1.832	1.027	1.044
2.120	0.740	0.942
2.409	0.712	0.945

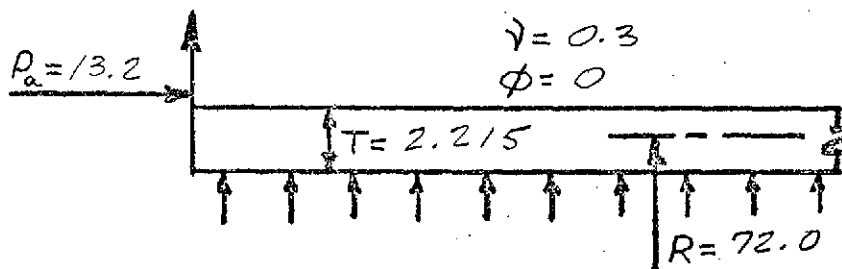
FORCE AND PAD



P/P_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.832 @ B	1.316	0.941
INNER PAD @ $\phi = D$		
1.000	3.364	2.704
1.033	2.899	2.544
1.224	1.816	1.660
1.416	1.300	1.228
1.607	1.071	0.846
1.832	0.945	0.410
2.120	0.853	0.571
-	-	-

FORCE AND PADS

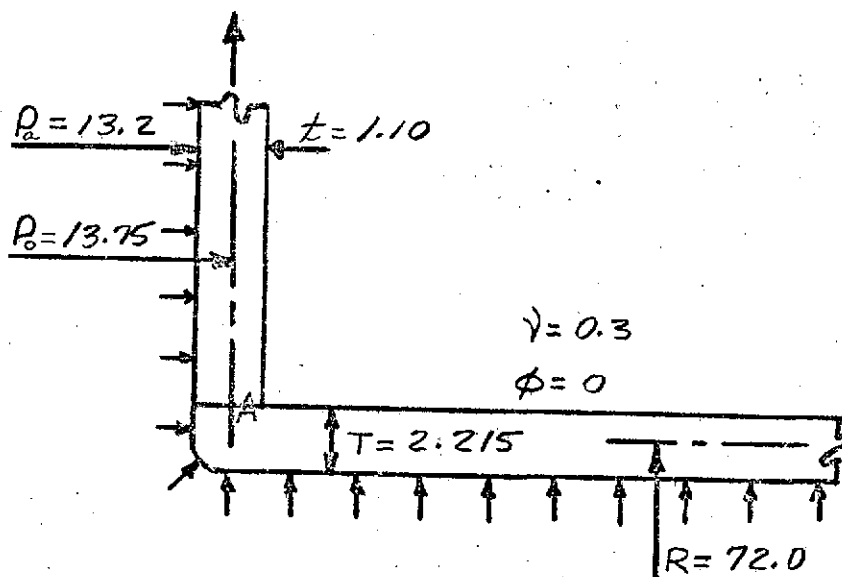
ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY



P/P_a	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000	5.233	3.592
1.042	4.699	3.268
1.125	4.083	2.550
1.288	3.134	1.717
1.553	2.244	1.006
1.742	1.857	0.770
1.894	1.622	0.675
2.045	1.440	0.634

FORCE

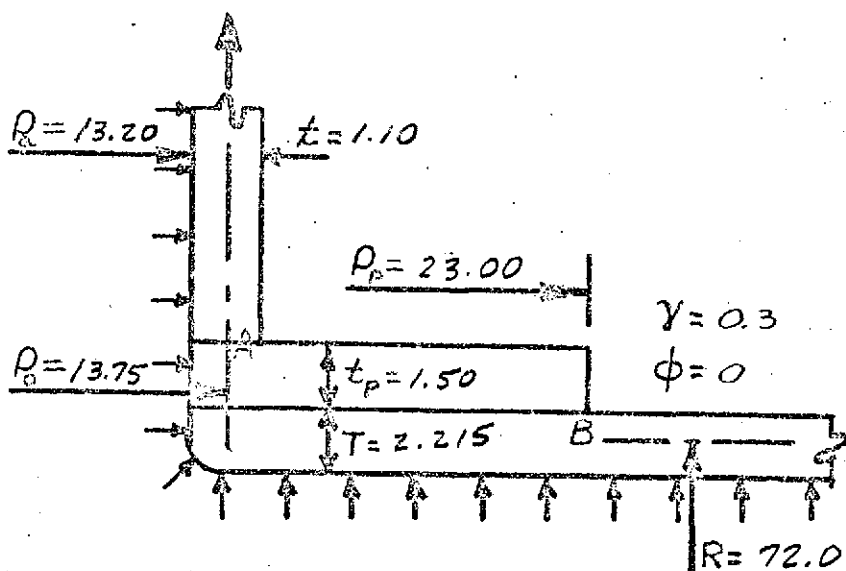
ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY



P/P_o	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	2.149	2.257
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.960	2.809	2.407
1.000	2.652	2.141
1.080	2.478	1.755
1.236	2.227	1.279
1.491	2.021	0.797
1.673	1.922	0.596
1.818	1.851	0.488
1.964	1.785	0.419

PIPE

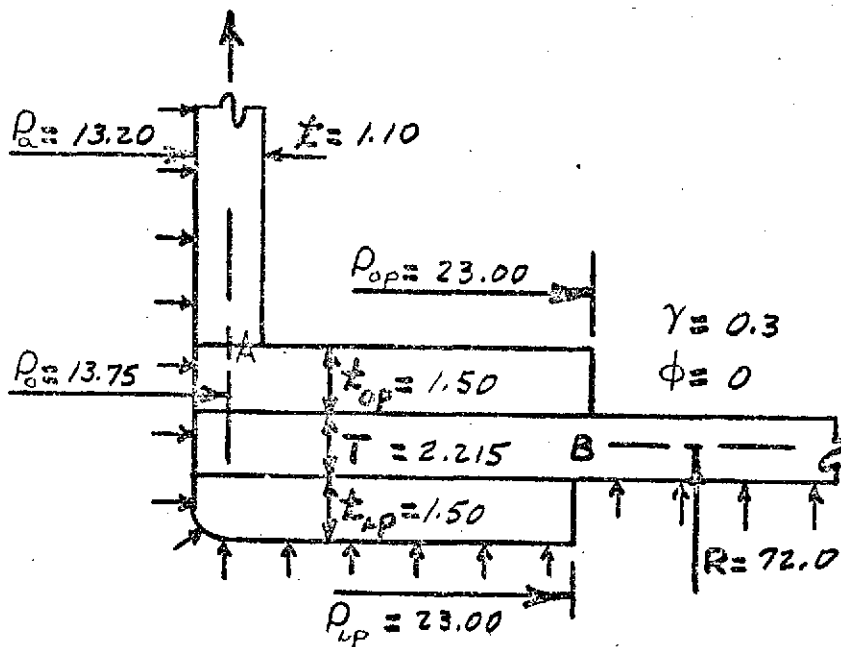
ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY



R/R_p	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	1.842	2.168
1.673 @ B	0.059	2.662
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
0.960	2.783	2.394
1.000	2.163	2.487
1.080	1.901	2.089
1.236	1.564	1.553
1.491	1.300	1.017
1.673	1.015	1.113
1.818	0.942	1.164
1.964	0.891	1.180

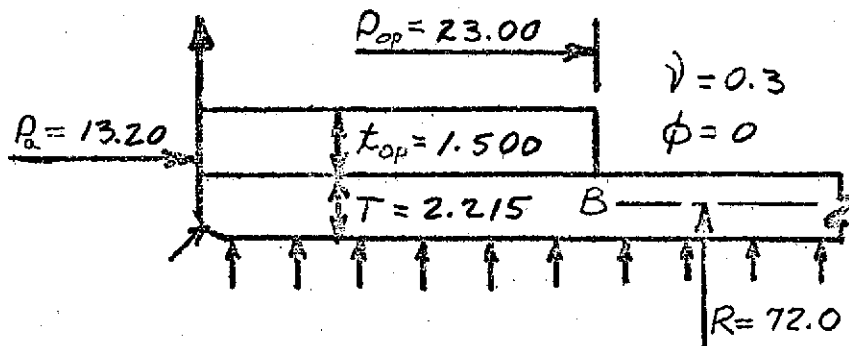
PIPE AND PAD

ORIGINAL PAGE IS
OF POOR QUALITY



P/P_0	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.000 @ A	1.317	1.493
1.673 @ B	1.204	1.015
INNER PAD @ $\phi = 0$		
0.960	1.957	1.819
1.000	1.790	1.654
1.080	1.520	1.443
1.236	1.210	1.131
1.491	0.964	0.786
1.673	1.020	0.625
1.818	0.947	0.690
1.964	0.931	0.744

PIPE AND PADS



P/P_a	I/s SCF	O/s SCF
1.742 @ B	0.319	1.499
SHELL @ $\phi = 0$		
1.000	3.649	2.933
1.042	3.912	1.931
1.125	3.476	1.422
1.288	2.846	0.857
1.553	2.259	0.442
1.742	2.034	0.299
1.894	1.881	0.278
2.045	1.757	0.285

FORCE AND PAD