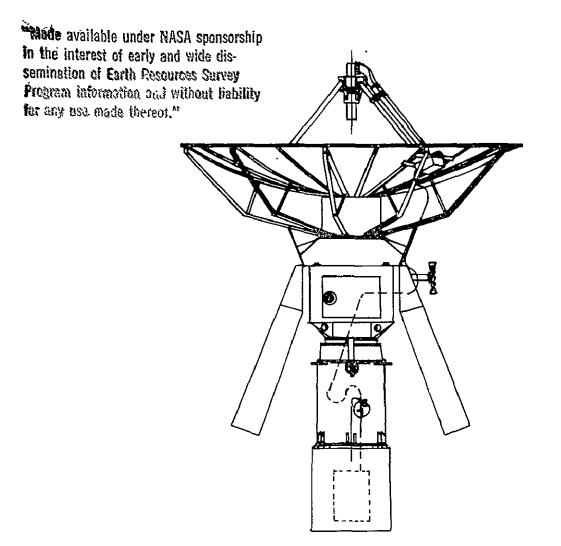
7.8-10.455 CR-148586 OPERATION OF THE LANDSAT AUTOMATIC TRACKING SYSTEM



Mass. CSCL 171

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

MAY 1976

Operation of LANDSAT

Automatic Tracking System

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ORIGINAL CONTAINS COLOR ILLUSTRATIONS

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Original photography may be purchased from: EROS Data Center 10th and Dakota Avenue Sioux Falls, SD 57198

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FOREWORD

The purpose of this manual is to document the procedures and theory of operation of the LANDSAT tracking system at New England Division, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waltham, Massachusetts.

The manual is arranged generally by degree of detail, with the simplest operating procedures first; instructions for normal day-to-day operation are given in Section I, while information needed for program modification, file maintenance, and trouble-shooting is in Sections II - VII and the Appendices. All figures referred to in the text are in Appendix B.

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I. AUTOMATIC TRACKING SYSTEM OPERATION - OVERVIEW

The Automatic Tracking System for receiving LANDSAT data at-New England Division, Waltham, consists of a 15-foot dish antenna, a tracking pedestal, some pedestal control equipment, and a Data' General NOVA minicomputer with various accessories. The relationship of all these parts is shown in the subsystems diagram, Figure 1. Most day-to-day operation of the system will require very little action by operators, but full control of it and the handling of unusual situations require some knowledge of the programs and various information files that are kept on disc. Most operator action is taken at the computer terminal (Figure 7). (No card decks are needed, and the system is almost entirely separate from the IBM 1130 and Motorola equipment which are in the same room.) The operator may have to power up the NOVA computer (see section II) and start execution of the programs which track the LANDSAT and store incoming data. Once the NOVA has the correct time of day and is executing the tracking programs, it should do so continually until the operator interrupts it. These programs are cyclical, and if one of them is interrupted, it may be restarted later; that is, the operator may re-enter the cycle at one of several points.

The simplest procedure for tracking is as follows (refer to Figure 3):

- 1. Power up the NOVA (sée Section II).
- 2. Set the NOVA's real time clock precisely (see Section III).
- 3. Turn on all required control equipment (see Section V).
- 4. Execute the program TRACK by typing "TRACK" followed by a carriage return.

II. ROUTINE TO POWER UP THE NOVA!

SWITCHES ARE LABELLED WITH RED TAPES. (SEE FIGURE 7).

- 1. TURN CONSOLE POWER SWITCH TO "ON".
- 2. TURN ON POWER SWITCH ON TEKTRONIX TERMINAL
- 3. TURN TELETYPE SWITCH TO "LINE".
- 4. TURN DISC POWER SWITCH TO "ON" (clockwise).
- 5. PUSH WHITE KEY ("POWER ON") ON MOVING HEAD DISC CABINET
- 6. SET CONSOLE SWITCHES 0, 11, 12, 14, and 15 UP; ALL OTHER NUMBERED SWITCHES STAY DOWN.
- 7. WHEN GREEN LIGHT ON DISC CABINET COMES ON, LIFT "RESET" SWITCH AND THEN "PROGRAM LOAD" SWITCH ON THE CONSOLE. THE FOLLOWING DIALOGUE ENSUES:

RDOS REV 3. 02 DATE (M/D/Y) ? 3 15 76) TIME (H:M:S) ? 13 15 0) R GLEAR/A/V) DIR USER) GLEAR/A/V) SYS. DR R SYS. DR R

NOTES:

- 1. " " means "RETURN". You type in the underlined characters.
- 2. WHEN RDOS SYSTEM CRASHES, PUSH WHITE KEY ON DISC CABINET (OFF) AND GO TO STEP 5 ABOVE.

ROUTINE TO POWER DOWN THE NOVA (SEE FIGURE 7)

- 1. TYPE RELEASE DPØ). ("Ø" IS A ZERO: ") " IS A RETURN).
- 2. PUSH WHITE KEY ON DISC CABINET (WHITE LIGHT GOES OUT).
- 3. TURN OFF FHD SWITCH.
- 4. TURN DISC POWER SWITCH TO OFF (counter clockwise),
- 5. TURN TELETYPE SWITCH FROM "LINE" TO "OFF",
- 6. TURN TEKTRONIX TERMINAL SWITCH TO "OFF".

NOTE: NOVA IS NORMALLY LEFT RUNNING ALL THE TIME.

III. SETTING NOVA'S REAL TIME CLOCK

To track LANDSAT accuratley the NOVA's Real Time clock must be set to Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). Accuracy of one-fourth second is sufficient. Two methods may be used; a manual one and (eventually) an automatic one.

Automatic Method. Execute the program CL. Within 2-3 minutes the computer will signify completion by typing "R". If it doesn't it means that it probably won't. In this case, use the manual method.

Manual Method. The NOVA provides for its clock to be set by the teletype command STOD hh mm ss

Where hh, mm, and ss stand for hour, minute, and second.

Dial up the FTS number 8-323-4245 to get the National Bureau of Standards' audio time signal. When you have found out what time mark will be coming soon (e.g., the next minute), use the STOD command to prepare to enter that upcoming time, and hit CARRIAGE RETURN exactly when the time marker occurs.

Before hanging up the telephone, you may check the NOVA's time by executing the program PU which will send an audible pulse to the terminal every 15 seconds.

This annotated sample of operator/computer dialog illustrates the method:

IV. HOW TO ENTER ORBITAL ELEMENTS INTO TRACKING SYSTEM

To track LANDSAT, the system must be able to predict when the satellite will rise over the horizon and what azimuth and elevation angles to send to the tracking pedestal. To predict those times and angles the system is given a description of LANDSAT's orbit by means of the teletype or CRT terminal. This orbital information is contained in the element set provided by the North American Air Defense Command, Ent AFB, Colorado.* The element set comes via TWX twice a week and looks like the example in Figure 5. Eight of the elements in Figure 5 are important to our system. Their meanings, formats, and units are as follows:

1. EPOCH - - An arbitrarily chosen recent instant expressed as a Julian date, at which the rest of this element set was determined.

XXX.XXXXXXX (DAYS)

NDOTØ** - - First derivative of mean motion + or - .XXXXXXXX (REVS/DAY/DAY)

SPACE DEFENSE CENTER (Cheyenne Mountain Office) ENT AFB, Colorado

As of 9 December 1975, our contact person there was Capt.

Tohlen, FTS 8-327-0111 635-8911, ask for ext. 3549

^{*}Questions about NORDADC elements can be addressed to:

^{**} $^{\circ}$ 0" stands for zero; $^{\circ}$ 0" is the 15th character of the alphabet.

- IØ - Inclination. XX.XXXX (DEGREES)
- 4. NODEØ - Right Ascension of the Ascending Node, XX.XXXX (DEGREES)
 - 5. EØ - Eccentricity. XXXXXXX (NO UNITS)

Notice that the decimal point is not printed on NORAD message, but must be supplied to system when you type it in.

- 6. OMEGØ - Argument of Perigee. XXX.XXXX (DEGREES)
- 7. MØ - Mean Anomaly. XXX.XXXX (DEGREES)
- 8. NØ - Mean Motion. XX.XXXXXXX X(REVS/DAY)

The orbital element set is entered into the system by executing a program called "ELW", which stands for "Element Writer". ELW is an interactive program which guides the operator in entering the numbers correctly. Because the numbers have many digits, it is easy to mistype them on the teletype keyboard. Therefore, ELW echoes each number as it is entered and allows revision of that one number. If no correction is needed, the operator types \underline{Y} after "OK?" and enters the next number. If a correction is needed, the operator types \underline{N} and retypes the same number. An example of the operator/computer dialog for the element set of Figure 5 is given in Figure 6.

V. POWERING UP TRACKING EQUIPMENT

* Power switches for the Data General equipment, the Scientific/ Atlanta equipment and associated devices are shown on the photographs in Figure 7. The order of turning switches ON is as follows:

Data General:

- 1. Console power
 - 2. Disk power on console
 - 3. Disk power on disk cabinet
 - Teletype reversible

 - 6. Decoder

Scientific/Atlanta:

- 7. Receiver
- 8. Synchro Display
- 9. Servo Control
- 10. Digital Comparator

'În addition, the main power switch on the antenna pedestal concrete foundation must be ON, and any interlock switches in the: pedestal itself must be closed.

There is one power switch on a plug strip inside the S/A cabinet of which you should be aware.

VI. IF SOMETHING FAILS ...

Occasionally, a device will malfunction and cause tracking to cease. Here are a few things to notice as you recover from the malfunction:

1. Is the computer still up and running?

If the lights are glowing softly, it is probably still running and should respond to commands from the terminal. If the console lights have stopped with some on and some off,or if no lights are on it has crashed. Go to Section II, Step 2, in the footnotes.

- 2. Is the dish in the stow position (pointed straight up)? If not, tracking is either in progress or has ended abnormally. If it has ended abnormally, the command equipment must be returned to STANDBY mode. Go to next item.
- 3, Are the two tiny (5/16") red lights (LED'S) on the Servo Control Unit lit?

If so, the equipment is in PROGRAM mode. Put it in STANDBY, by typing "OFF" at the terminal followed by carriage return. The tiny red lights should go off. If that doesn't work, turn off the power switch on the DECODER (see Section IV) for 2 or 3 seconds.

To put the antenna in the stow position, use the manual command unit, the cabinet immediately above the Servo Control Unit. Push the two square buttons on the manual command unit. The antenna should go to the position indicated on the two round dials on this unit. If it doesn't respond to the manual commands, something has

blown out - probably a fuse. Finally, push the STANDBY buttons on the Servo Control Unit.

4. If it looks like a fuse has blown, zero in on the difficulty by the equipment's behavior and appearance (e.g., lights out, movement in azimuth but not elevation, or <u>vice versa</u>), lost power in Servo Amps, etc.). Most commonly the center (30 amp) fuse on the concrete foundation supply box is the one that is blown.

Fuses have also blown in the Digital Synchro Display Unit (back panel) and in the Servo Amplifier in the pedestal itself.

- 5. The root cause of these fuse troubles seems to be back in the NOVA computer. When it sends bad data, the pedestal equipment gets overloaded. The NOVA runs into difficulties when RDOS is not functioning right, and recently it has appeared that RDOS gives problems when the files CLI.OL and TLOG are not "cleared". That is, their user counts in the system directory are greater than zero. This is remedied by the commands "CLEAR TLOG" and "CLEAR CLI.OL" at the terminal.
- 6. If the equipment all seems to work, but no signal comes in during a satellite pass, the system time may be set wrong. Also, check the system date. Perhaps the satellite has not been turned on by NASA at Goddard Space Flight Center. Usually, they turn it on by the time it reaches 10° elevation.

7. If the equipment has failed so badly that it can't be fixed by NED, the following service groups are available:

Data General Corporation Field Service 237 Riverview Waltham, MA .02154 891-7024

Tektronix, Inc. Field Service 482 Bedford Lexington, MA 861-6800

Scientific/Atlanta Bud Lydon, Fred Leavett, or Dan Pioli Burlington, MA 272-1256

VII. SYSTEM DESIGN AND OPERATION, IN-DEPTH VIEW

The LANDSAT tracking system integrates a set of about twenty programs or subroutines (software), about ten disk data files, and several pieces of equipment (hardware). The inter-relation-ships of the programs and data files can be seen in the flowchart in Figure 4. The hardware configuration is shown in Figure 1. In the flowchart, an information flow can be seen as well as a cycle of program executions. Essentially, the system predicts the satellite's position, tracks the satellite, stores and prints the data, returns to the predicting program, and so forth. This cycle can be entered by the method given in Section I. However, from time to time, other operator action will be necessary.

For example, the computer's real-time clock must be accurately set (see Section III). As of this writing, only a manual method is available, and it has to be performed at least once a day for various reasons such as clock inaccuracy and system crashes. A better, automatic method of imputting time from a standard clock is being developed by the writer.

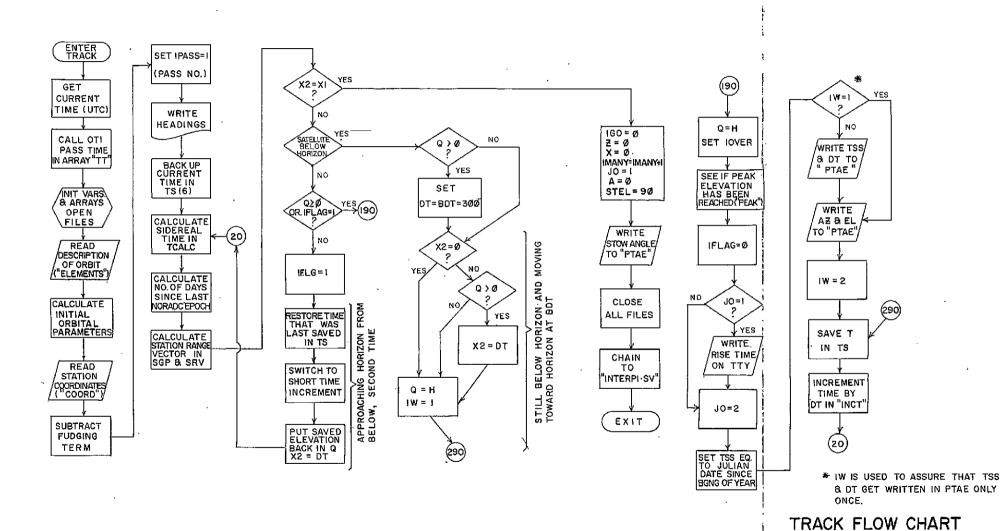
The operator must also inform the tracking system of the latest description of the LANDSAT's orbit. This must be stored in a file called "ELEMENTS". The orbital information is contained in an eight-number set which is supplied to WCB under a standing arrangement with the North American Air Defence Command (NORADC) in

Colorado. Twice a week, NORADC sends the element set to the TWX machine in Building 115S. A detailed description of how to enter the elements into the system is given in Section IV.

Normally, entry to the tracking system is by execution of the program TRACK, a FORTRAN program which calculates pairs of azimuth and elevation angles to LANDSAT from NED. TRACK starts with the current time and keeps incrementing it until it calculates that the satellite would be above the horizon. In other words, it projects into the future from the current time in the computer's real-time clock.

After the current date and time are input to TRACK, they are converted to Sideral time. This is done by a subroutine called TCALC. Sidereal time is a relationship between the constellation ARIES (γ) and the Greenwich prime meridian. Specifically, it is an angle between the Greenwich prime meridian and the inertial X-axis which points toward the first point of ARIES (Escobal, p. 20)*. This angle is denoted by θ . This angle is called the local sidereal time. Knowing the east longitude (λ e) of an observer's station and, θ g (Greenwich Sidereal time) θ can be easily determined. This is given by $\theta = \theta g - \lambda e$, where $\theta < \theta \leq 2\pi$ (Escobal, p. 20, Eq. 1.26).

^{*}See Appendix F for literature cited.



To find the sidereal time, the Julian Date (J.D.) must be calculated. The Julian Date is a continuing count of each day elapsed since some arbitrarily selected epoch. The epoch selected for LANDSAT orbital predictions in TCALC is January 1, 4713 B.C. Each Julian Date is measured from noon to noon; hence, it is an integer 12 hours after every midnight (Escobal, page 17). After the Julian Date and sidereal time are calculated, the next thing found is TSINCE, the number of days since the most recent NORAD EPOCH. TSINCE is then used to determine the unit vector pointing toward the satellite (see SGP of this text). These unit vectors are in turn converted to azimuth and elevation angles at the observer's station (degrees clockwise from north and degrees above the horizon, respectively) (see SRV of this text). These two values and the times at which they occur are then written on the disc under the file name PTAE. The Time of interest is then incremented seconds or minutes by the routine INCT, and the next values of AZ and EL are determined, etc. In this incremental fashion, the computer is able to predict the path of the satellite across the sky at the observer's site.

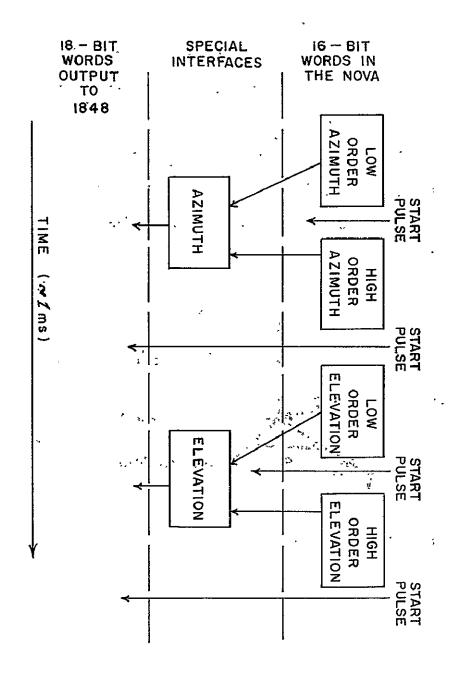
The name PTAE stands for Paper Tape Azimuth Elevation. The file can be transferred as it is to the paper tape punch by the teletype command, "XFER/A PTAE \$TTP". This will cause a paper tape to be generated that is suitable for input to the paper tape reader on the pedestal control equipment.

PTAE is a disk file which comprises a time, a time increment, and many pairs of azimuth and elevation angles. The file is ended with a special file terminator. An example of PTAE is shown in Appendix C.

TRACK calculates azimuths and elevations at 10-second increments, so the angle pairs in PTAE are pointing angles for instants 10 seconds apart. If these angles were fed to the tracking pedestal, the antenna would jump quickly to the next position every 10 seconds. The progress of the satellite is smoother than this jumpy motion, and it has been found that one-second incrementing is sufficiently small for constant satellite acquisition. Therefore, the program INTERPl is executed right after TRACK to interpolate ten angle pairs for every one pair in PTAE. Furthermore, INTERPl recodes the angles from ASCII characters to a binary coded decimal (BCD) format suitable for the electronic interface enroute to the command equipment. The new angles are stored in a binary file called BCDAZEL, and the number of angles in BCDAZEL is stored in the file NANGLES.

The recoding is done by bit-mapping in the program INTERP1 (q.v.); the assignment of angular values to bit positions is shown in Figure 8. A set of special interfaces, built by Robert Snyder of NASA Wallops, is used to route the BCD angles from the NOVA to the 1848 Digital Comparator (see Figure 1). Input to the 1848 is

in the form of Two 18-bit BCD words representing azimuth and elevation. However, the NOVA can output only 16-bit words, by way of the 4065 Digital Interface. For this reason, it was necessary to concatenate two pairs of 16-bit words into two 18-bit; words as shown below (see also Figure 8):

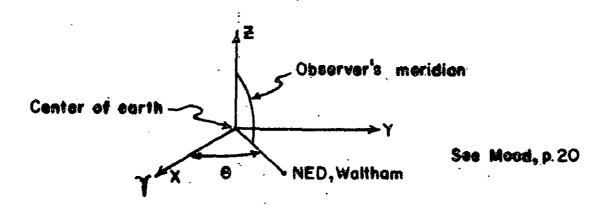


- «TCALC»

TCALC is a time handling routine which calculates the following three variables:

- 1. XJD No. Julian days; it is used to find TSINCE and THETA (Escobal, Pgs. 20, 21, 22).
- 2. TSINCE No. of days since most recent NORAD EPOCH.

 This is used by SGP to find the unit vector pointing toward the satellite (RDOT).
- 3. THETA, $\underline{0}$ Sidereal time (measured in radians) the angle between a line from the center of the earth to the first point of the constellation ARIES (γ), and the plane of observer's meridian.



THETA is used by SRV in determining Azimuth (A) and elevation (H).

EXPLANATION OF TCALC VARIABLES

EP = 2442413.5 = Number of Julian days from an original EPOCH to January 1, 1975. This EPOCH is January 1, 4713 B.C. (days).

LAMBDA E = East longitude from Greenwich to NED = 288.784332° (degrees). (λ_e)

DTHDT = .25068447 - Constant used to account for one extra sidereal day for every tropical year (degrees/mim).

EPYR = DFLOAT (75) = An arbitrary year used as a reference (years).

XJD = Number of Julian days (days).

TWOPI = $2 \uparrow \uparrow = 6.2831853072$ (no units).

N = T(2)-1 = Number of months in year up to last month (months).DAYS IN MO (I) = Number of days in each month (days).

 $N = T(1)_{-1} = Number of years up to last year (years).$

TSINCE = Number of Julian days at INSTANT, the time of interest (days).

INSTANT = Future prediction times, or the times of interest
(year, month, day, hour, minute, second).

DT = The number of hours, minutes, seconds which T, the time of interest, is incremented for successive executions of TRACK.

TU = Time since January 1, 4713 B.C.; used to find THETA G \emptyset (centuries).

THETA GØ = Greenwich Sidereal time at Ø hour of a particular date (degrees).

THETA G = Greenwich Sidereal time (degrees).

THETA - Sidereal time at NED, Waltham. (degrees).

SAMPLE CALCULATION OF SIDEREAL TIME

August 23, 1975, at 10 hours, 15 minutes, \emptyset seconds; Number of hours, minutes, seconds expressed in minutes: DT = 615 minutes.

XJD = 2442648.5

DTHDT = .25068447

 $TU = (XJD-2415\emptyset2\emptyset)/36525 = .7564271\emptyset47227926$

THETA GØ = 99.6909833 + (36000.7689) (TU) + (.00038708) (TU)² = 331.6485916015490

THETA G = THETAGØ + (DT) (DTHDT) = $125.8195406515490^{\circ}$

THETA = (THETA G + LAMBDAE) $(^{21})_{60} = .9530184529430946$ radians

SGP is a FORTRAN subroutine embodying a truncated simplified general perturbation theory for use in the determination of LANDSAT pointing elements. SGP computes osculating position, velocity and mean classical elements. SGP is a first order analytical integration of the equations of motion including perturbations caused by the first two zonal harmonics of the geopotential. The zonal harmonic constants account for the effects of the non-circularity of the meridian cross sections of the earth. The perturbations caused by these harmonics are independent of the longitude of the satellite. based on the orbital elements a, AXN, Ayn, i, Ω , and L which are well defined for all elliptic orbits except those that are nearly equatorial. For equatorial satellites, the elements Axn and Ayn are ill-defined because of the indeterminacy of the node angle Ω to which they are referred. The SGP mathematical model is adequate to handle a majority of routine cataloguing. Accuracy is said to be better than one part in 10⁹.

SRV

SRV (Slant Range Vector) is a FORTRAN subroutine of TRACK which transforms the orthogonal vectors and the time angle, THETA, from subroutine SGP into an azimuth/elevation coordinate system with the observer's station as the origin. Files of azimuth and elevation angles in this coordinate system describe the path of LANDSAT over a particular station during some interval.

TRACKING THE SATELLITE: PROGRAM LST

After TRACK has predicted the satellite's path across the sky and prepared a file of pointing angles, it chains automatically to the program LSI which will perform any of over six main functions. It is a complex multi-tasking program which defies flowcharting, because program internal control shifts according to time as counted down by the Real Time Disc Operating System (RDOS) and according to real events in the outside world.

Typically, LSI carries out the following main tasks:

- 1. Schedules itself by looking at the starting time of the upcoming pass. This time is the first number stored in the disk file BCDAZEL.
- 2. Orients the antenna 1-1/2 minutes before the satellite rises.
- 3. Starts repositioning the antenna second by second beginning at the instant the satellite rises; and simultaneously logs any data that arrives by way of the antenna/receiver/decoder pathway (see Figure 1); and also simultaneously will accept corrections from the terminal to advance or retard some number of seconds.

 These corrections are made to improve antenna position.
- 4. Restores the antenna to the stow (upright) position when the last angle pair in file BCDAZEL has been sent.

- 5. Dumps the field data that have come in from core buffer to a temporary disk file called "SDF" (Satellite Data File).
- 6. Finally chains to a program called QD3 which will decode field data from binary to an octal format similar to one used by NASA at Goddard.

Note that once TRACK and INTERP1 have been executed for an upcoming pass, LS1 can be run at any time up to one minute, 40 seconds before satellite rise time. Execution of LS1 after that causes problems which are signalled by a "W" being printed at the terminal. One then has to quickly reset the system clock; execute LS1; and when the computer eventually types ":", enter positive corrections that stand for numbers of seconds to enable LS1 to catch up with real time.

If further knowledge of LS1 is desired, the program itself is the best source. The original source code is copiously annotated with explanations of individual steps.

OUTPUTTING DATA: QD3 and P3

QD3 and P3 are programs that condition the raw field data received by the ground receive antenna for disk storage or legible output.

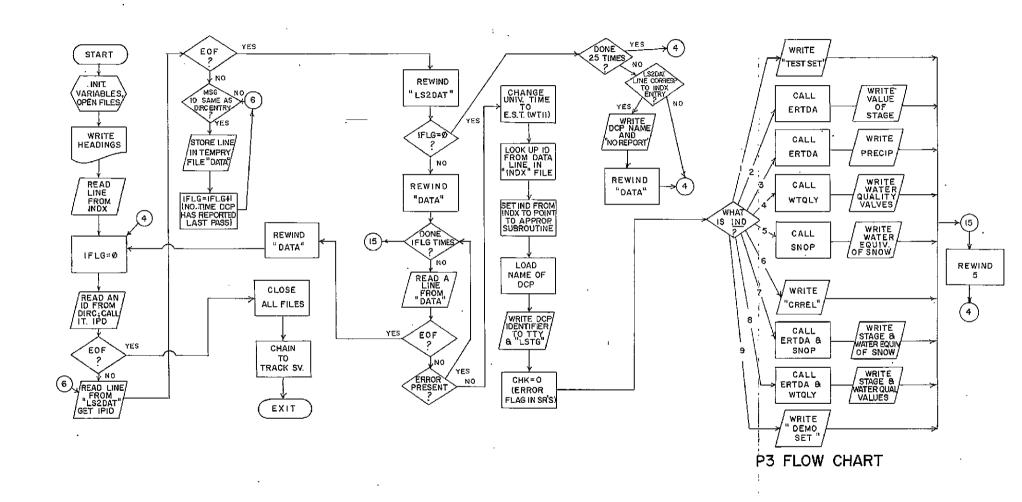
QD3

Output to QD3 is the disk file "SDF" which was produced by LS1 immediately after the last satellite pass. Output from QD3 goes to a temporary file "LS2DAT" and a permanent file "STORAGE". These file formats are shown in Appendix C.

The arrival time of each DCP message is recorded by LSI by storing a seconds counter with each message. This number of seconds is accumulated from the beginning of each pass, and QD3 calculates a message arrival time by adding the number of elapsed seconds to the starting time. The arrival time (Y, M, D, H, M, S) is then stored with each message. The time used is Coordinated Universal Time.

<u>P3</u>

Legible output of DCS data is obtained by executing P3. Input to P3 is from temporary disk file "LS2DAT". Essentially, the program examines each message for the platform ID number. looks up the ID in a table, and decides how to interpret the data on the basis of indices in the table. These indices then direct program control to appropriate subroutines for calculating decimal numbers and attaching labels. The kinds of parameters handled by P3 are shown in the sitelist, Figure 9.



FOLDOUT FRAME

<u>APPENDICES</u>

- A. History and Background of LANDSAT Program at NED
- B. Figures
- C. Computer File Formats
- D. Glossary
- E. Program Listings
- F. . Literature Cited and Related Documents

APPENDIX A

HISTORY AND BACKGROUND OF LANDSAT PROGRAM AT NED

Since the Industrial Revolution in the 1800's, the rivers of New England have been developed to supply water for power and transportation. As new means of transportation became more economical, both railroad and highway systems were built along the banks of the rivers to service the expanding needs of the industrial, commercial and urban centers. Structures, such as buildings, roads, bridges and dams have restricted floodways to such an extent that considerable property and environmental damages have occurred during moderate and major floods. Notable floods of November 1927, March 1936, September 1938 and August 1955 have demonstrated the need for flood control to prevent these natural catastrophes.

At the direction of Congress, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers developed a comprehensive plan of protection for each river basin after a careful analysis of all water resources. Protective works generally consist of a combination of channel improvements, dikes and/or floodwalls at major damage centers augmented by upstream flood control reservoirs. Many of these reservoirs contain additional storage reserved for other uses such as water supply, conservation and recreation. The Corps has built 35 flood control reservoirs, 37 local protection projects and four hurricane barriers in New England at a total investment of some \$300 million.

To achieve optimum operating benefits from this comprehensive protection system, the New England Division requires hydrologic data such as river, reservoir and tidal levels, wind velocity and direction, barometric pressure and precipitation.

In the past this data was collected from field observation and relayed via telephone or voice radio. It took several hours to compile and assess the data in this manner. With the need for timely and reliable information increasing, the Corps began development of new methods of data collection.

In 1970, the Automatic Hydrologic Radio Reporting Network was placed in operation. This ground-based radio relay system consists of 41 remote reporting stations, and a central control at Division Headquarters in Waltham, Massachusetts. This network, under computer programmed control, collects and analyzes, in real time mode, information which is essential for flood regulation. The remote reporting stations are strategically located in five major river basins and at key coastal points, with each contributing to a detailed, comprehensive hydrologic picture.

LANDSAT

In June 1972, NASA entered into a contract with the Corps for an experiment to study the feasibility of using the Earth Resources
Technology Satellite (ERTS or LANDSAT) for collection environmental

data from Data Collection Platforms (DCP's) which are installed at 27 locations throughout New England. Many are situated at existing U.S. Geological Survey gaging stations.

Since July 1972, LANDSAT has been relaying river stage, precipitation, and water quality data from DCP's via the Goddard Space Flight Center to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England Division, in near real time. This is the first resources satellite designed to obtain data from the planet Earth exclusively for planning, design, operations and research of land and water resources.

THE NED GROUND RECEIVE STATION

Since any operational satellite configuration serving an urgent function like flood control should include ground receiving stations at all major user locales, NED, with NASA support, constructed and is now operating an inexpensive semiautomatic and easily maintained ground receive station as a follow-up to its original study. The Division is now able to receive hydro-meteorological data from data collection platforms in the field directly at its headquarters in Waltham, Massachusetts with no time delays. The software to drive the antenna system has been developed with the intention that the antenna operate in an unattended mode automatically over nights and during weekends and holidays, with a computer controlling all processes.

The major objective of the program has been to compare the effectiveness of the LANDSAT Data Collection System (DCS) with existing systems in aiding our watershed management functions.

Data collection platforms tested by the Corps have performed successfully in all seasons including the winter months and also during significant flood events, transmitting near real time operationally useful data for our flood fighting missions.

The satellite proved invaluable in April and early May of 1973 and 1974, monitoring flooding in Maine Rivers. LANDSAT relayed data from five river points in that State to aid the New England Division in the coordination of the flood emergencies.

The successful testing of the LANDSAT Data Collection System at the New England Division should encourage serious consideration of the institution of an operational satellite data relay system on a Corps-wide basis. Such a system appears to be more costeffective than conventional ground-based data relay.

The New England Division is also making a study of satellite imagery to determine its usefulness in planning, designing and managing water resource systems. To obtain an overall broad coverage of ground conditions, imagery studies and measurements are being made of fluctuations in river, lake, and reservoir stages as well as tidal changes, icing of water surfaces, location and depth of

snow cover, moisture content of the soil, and water quality parameters.

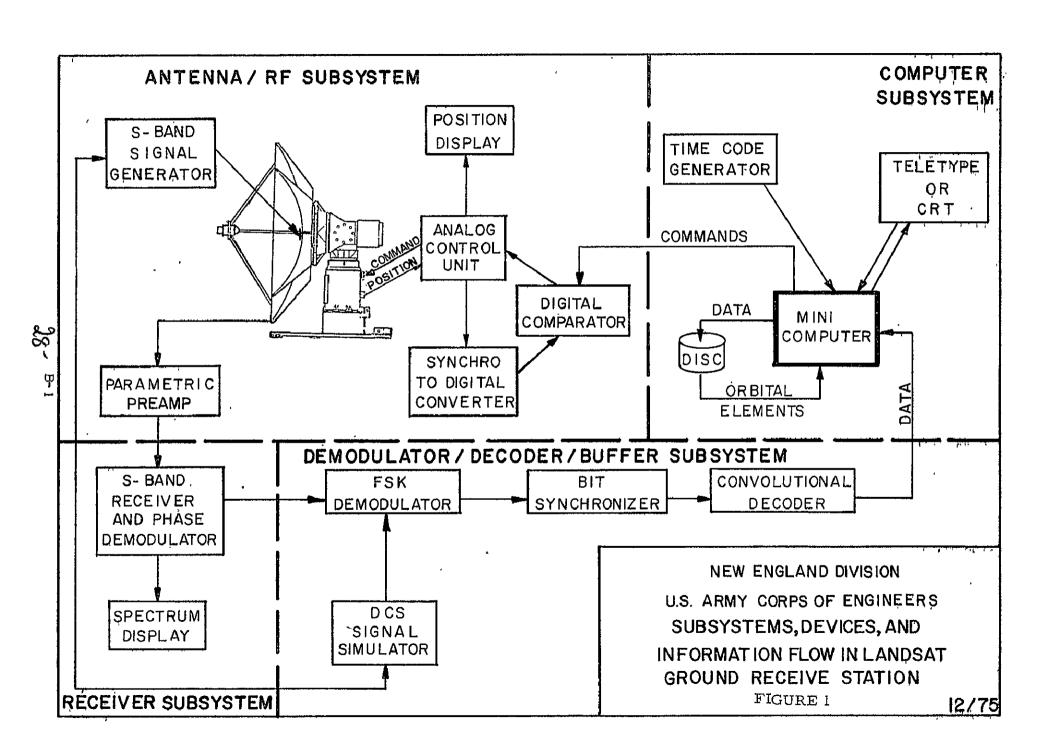
FLOOD CONTROL OPERATIONS

Data received at the New England Division's Reservoir Control

Center from either the Automatic Hydrologic Radio Reporting Network or the LANDSAT Data Collection System is compiled by computer.

This is augmented by information from other sources such as the
National Weather Service Meteorologic and River Forecast Offices
and the U.S. Geological Survey. Experienced engineers and hydrologists at the Reservoir Control Center analyze the data for timely
operation of dams and hurricane barriers, and then issue instructions to operating field personnel.

Flood Control reservoirs, local protection projects and hurricane barriers built by the Corps in New England have been responsible for prevention of almost \$300 million in flood and storm damage.





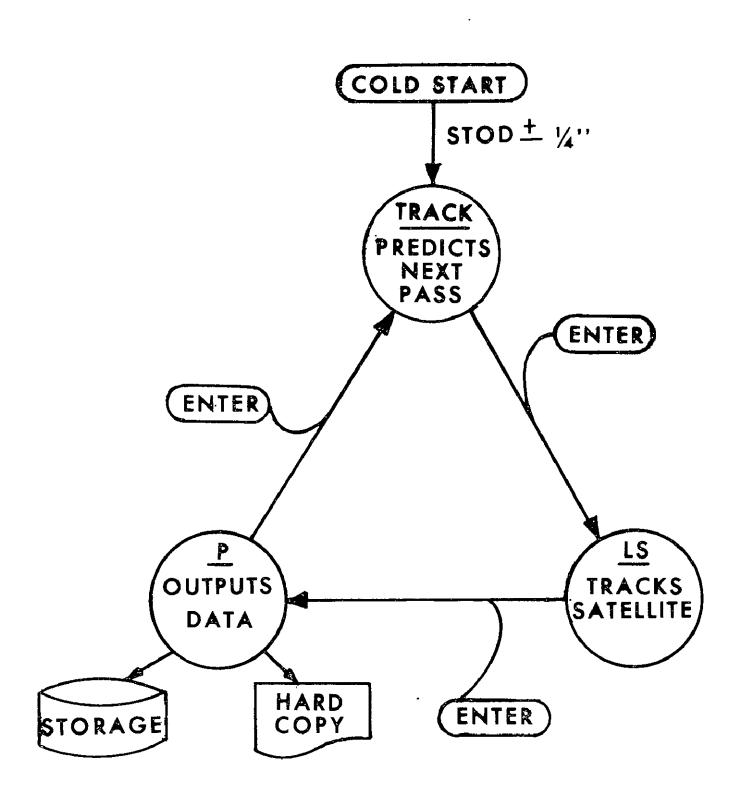
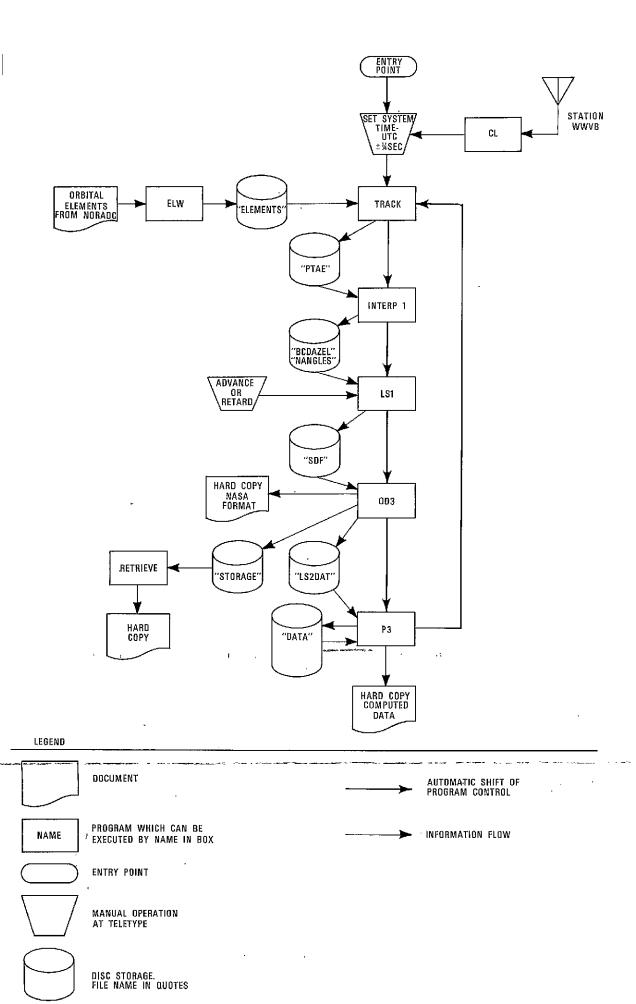


FIGURE 3



HOW TO ENTER ORBITAL ELEMENTS INTO SYSTEM

ARMY ENGRS WAL

GRIFFISS ROME S-9 710-324-6949 VIA 315-337-6275 MSG NBR 050857 R 050857Z DEC 75 FM SPACE DEFENSE CENTER ENT AFB COLO TO USA ENDE WALTHAM MA BT UNCLAS SDC-0 F050851 0819 DEC 75 NEDED-W/ATTN COOPER

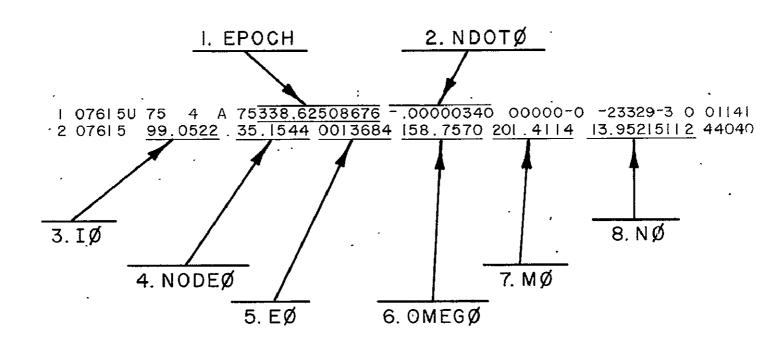


FIGURE ____5 FORMAT OF ORBITAL ELEMENTS PROVIDED BY NORADC.

```
ELW.)
ENTER EPOCH, NDOTØ, LØ, NODEØ, EØ, OMEGØ, MØ, NØ
DO YOU NEED FURTHER EXPLANATION? YES OR NO No
ANSWER YES(Y) OR NO(N) TO OK?
71.22545699
      71.225450990 OK?Y
-- 00000327↓
   -Ø•ØØØØØ327Ø OK?Y↓
99.0355
      99-035500000
                    OK?Y}
130.8772
  130-877200000
                    OK?Y)
• ØØ 1159 6 🏌
 Ø• ØØ11596ØØ
                    OK?Y)
260. 7835 🕽
  260. 783500000
                   OK?Y)
99-1966 } ``
     99-196600000 OK?Y
13.95212232
13.952122320
                    OK?Y)
R
```

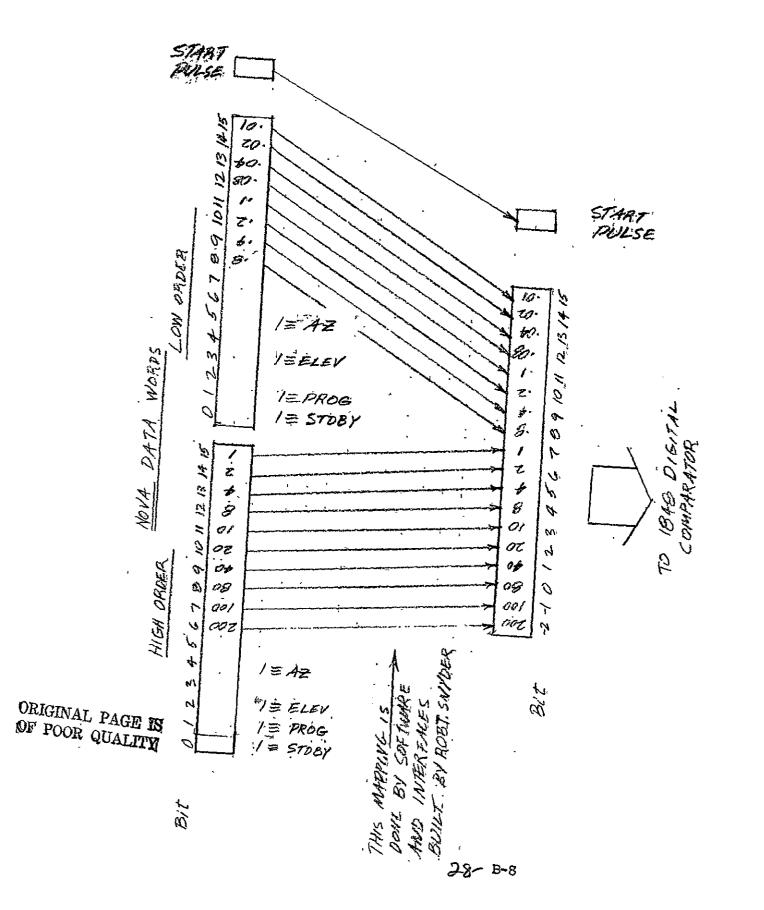
FI GURE 6.

DIALOGUE BETWEEN OPERATOR AND COMPUTER DURING EXECUTION OF ELV-NOTE: "]" STANDS FOR RETURN.

28-B-6

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY Decoder Receiver Power Disc Power LANDSAT COVERAGE OF THE UNITED STATES B 0 Synchro Display Disk Power FI M I Console Power The Courses 0 Teletype Power CRT Digital Comparator POWER SWITCHES .

SUBJECT FIGURE B. BIT MAPPING BETWEEN NOVA SOFTWARE COMPUTATION \$065 INTERFACE CONTROLLING 1848 DIGITAL COMPUTED BY ___ COMPARA TOPS CHECKED BY DATE 2 MARCH 76



```
₹
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, NEW ENGLAND DIVISION
                                                                                                                                                                                       15 APRIL 1976
DCP
                                                                STATION NAME
                                                                                                                                                             PARA-
                                                                                                                                                                                               LAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              LONG
                                                                                                                                                      METER(S)*
NO.
7147 ST. JOHN RIVER AT NINEMILE BRIDGE, ME.
7101 ST. JOHN RIVER AT DICKEY, ME.
7355 MICHAUD FARM AT ALLAGASH FALLS, ME.
7273 ST. JOHN RIVER AT FORT KENT, ME.
7071 PENOBSCOT RIVER AT WEST ENFIELD, ME.
7272 CARABASSETT RIVER NEAR NORTH ANSON, ME.
7356 SACO RIVER AT CORNISH, ME.
                                                                                                                                                        RS WES
RS WES
RS
RS
RS
RS
                                                                                                                                                                                    46 42 00
47 06 44
46 57 05
47 15 27
45 14 12
44 52 09
43 48 35
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      69 42
69 95
69 11
68 38
69 57
70 46
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          43
35
56
                                                                                                                                                                                    43 50 06
42 58 59
43 45 33
42 56 54
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      71 46 49
71 35 21
71 41 10
71 27 52
7271 STINSON MOUNTAIN, N.H.
7127 SOUTH MOUNTAIN, N.H.
7201 PEMIGEWASSET RIVER AT PLYMOUTH, N.H.
7233 MERRIMACK RIVER NEAR GOFFS FALLS, N.H.
7214,7331 COLD REGIONS LAB, HANOVER, N.H.
                                                                                                                                                              Þ
                                                                                                                                                             RS
RS
7246 WACHUSETT MOUNTAIN, MA.
6063 IPSWICH RIVER NEAR IPSWICH, MA. (1)
7106 NORTH NASHUA RIVER AT FITCHBURG, MA.
7142 CHICOPEE RIVER AT CHICOPEE FALLS, MA.
7021 WESTFIELD RIVER AT WEST SPRINGFIELD, MA.
7207 FRENCH RIVER AT WESTER, MA.
--- NED HEADQUARTERS, WALTHAM, MA.
                                                                                                                                                                                    71 53 15
70 53 39
71 47 19
72 34 52
72 38 28
71 53 08
71 12 56
                                                                                                                                                                                                        24
35
                                                                                                                                                              RS
                                                                                                                                                              RS
UQ
                                                                                                                                                                                                        34
37
                                                                                                                                                             UQ
                                                                                                                                                                                                        59
03
7012 BRANCH RIVER AT FORESTDALE, R.I. 7345 PAUTUXET RIVER AT CRANSTON, R.I.
                                                                                                                                                             RS
RS
                                                                                                                                                                                     41 59 47
41 45 93
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      71 33 47
71 26 44
7254 CONNECTICUT RIVER AT HARTFORD, CT.
7242 CONNECTICUT RIVER NEAR MIDDLETOWN, CT.
7206 PORTER BROOK NEAR MANCHESTER, CT. (2)
                                                                                                                                                                                     41 46 19
41 33 40
41 45 55
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      72 40
72 35
72 39
7124,6216
                                                                                                              (3) RL AT GST GT WP
 7010,7304,7171,7220,7207,7335
                                                                                                                                                          SPARES
                   P - PRECIPITATION

WES - WATER EQUIVALENT

OF SNOWPACK

RS - RIVER STAGE

RL - RESERVOIR LEVEL

WG - WATER GUALITY

(TEMPERATURE,

CONDUCTIVITY,

PH AND DISSOLVED

OXYGEN)
                                                                                                                AT - AIR TEMPERATURE(S)
GST - GROUND SURFACE
TEMPERATURE
GT - GROUND TEMPERATURE(S)
WP - WIND PASSAGE
PV - PARAMETERS VARIABLE
T - TEST SET
                 (1) DCP BELONGS TO U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, BOSTON, MA.
(2) DCP ON LOAN TO U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, HARTFORD, CT-ON DEMONSTRATION AT THE MANCHESTER NATURE CENTER
(3) DCP ON LOAN TO U.S. ARMY COLD REGIONS RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING LAB, HANOUER, N.H.
(4) NOT YET INSTALLED
                                                                                                                                                                                            MA.
'n. CT.-
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

M 223	NEW ENGLAND DIVISION . ,
49	CORPS OF ENGINEERS, U.S ARMY
FIGURE 7a. FIL	E FORMATS . FILE "PTAE."
N	QUINCI -1
8Y '	CHECKED BY DATE \$ MARCH 766
	JULIAN DATE OF SATELLITE RISE TIME
TYPE PTAE	MEASURED FROM BEGINNING OF
	·
64. 649 1598 15	CALENDAR YEAR.
10:0	
A 4:52E 6.27:	DT, TIME INTERVAL (IN SECONS. 5)
A 4:425 5:821	BETWEEN THE FOLLOWING ANGLE
A 4: 802 1:35:	
A 3:578 1:94:	FATKS.
A 3-11E 2:52:	
A \$564B 3516#	
A 25 14E 35 751	PATRS OF AZIMUTH AND ELEVATION
A 1563E 4531:	, -
A 17892 4792:	ANGLES
A # 531 5 551	
A359794E 67281	
A359-33E 6-85:	
A358; 68E 7; 52:	
A355; 61E 6; 20:	
A357.38E 83891	
A356755E 9768:	
A355: 77£ 18: 33:	
A354595E 11596:	
A354. SPE 11782:	
ASSET LEE LEGS9:	
Sur 🐌	
1	
A2994 792 32:49:	
A29 6: 44E 32. 59:	- PEAK FLEVATION FOR THIS PASS
A29 3. 57E 32: 58:	
A289: 712 32:46:	
WEGA- 117 35-401	
•	
•	
A ALAKANA AMAMA AMAMAMA AMAMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMAMA AMAMA AMAMAMA AMAMA AMAMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMA AMAMAMA AMAMA AM	
A231757E 77941	
A236689E 7726:	
A236: 23E 6:59:	
A229761E 5793i	
A2297#1E 5729:	ORIGINALI PAGE IS
A225743E .4766:	OF POOR QUALITY
A227-88E 4785:	LOOK QUALITIES
A227: 35E 3:44:	
A226-85E 2-841	
A226: 36E 2: 26:	
A225-69E 1-65;	
A225 44E 1712:	
A224 55 8 62:	- PATR OF STOW ANGLES; SENDS ANTENNA
A. WHE SERVE	
	TO STOW FOSITION
	· ·
0.0	
28-	- C - 1
-	

.27 Sept 49

CORPS OF ENGINEERS, U.S ARMY

SUBJECT FIGURE 76. FILE FORMATS FILE "BCDAZEL

COMPUTED BY

____ CHECKED BY

DATE 5 MARCI 76

ORDIT BCDAZEL

JULIAN DATE OF SATIONALITY RISE TO IT MEASURED TROM BEGINNING OF YEAR

DT, TIME INTERVAL (IN SELOWE) BETWEEN THE FOLLOWING ANGLE PAIRS

12/995252 888814 88884? 000015 60000C

666616 596176

985年2年 前前5562

266921 5662**8**8 £38822 856164

488823 888884 ###\$24 55557**# 498625 88866**

688526 958151 **8869**27 **9969**84

66663**6 556**1**6**3 888831 888888

606632 666145

####33 #####4 988534 666111

618635 98888 **666**636 **65**6141

896637 566664

*6*66646 666124

688641 886868 **66**6842 **66**6127

898843 888884 HOME

LOW MER AZJANUTA

202= 1000 01 = 1x.8+ 1x 102= 14 10

NIGH OKDER AZIMUM 4B = 100 = 4.10

LOW ORDER ELEVATION

478 = 1001112 = 1412 + 14.0+ +1 4102 = 1/21

HIGH ORTHIN ELEVATION 03 = 02 = 010

28-0-2

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NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

	OF ENGINEERS, U.S.	"INDX"	PAGE 3
1-1-			

O O P T			CORPS OF E	INGINEERS, U.	S ARMT	$R \rightarrow R \sim R$	PAGE _	
SUBJECT	FIGURE	7c	FILE FO	OKNATS.	FILL	ZNDX "		
COMPUTATIO	N						11 2111	
COMPUTED	RY		CHECKED	вү		DATE	SMAKY 1	

TYPE INDX 7147 7 NINEMILE BRIDGE, NE. 7161 2 DICKEY, ME. 7355 5 ALLAGASH FALLS, ME-7226 2 FORT KENT, ME. 7871 2 WEST ENFIELD, "ME. 7272 2 NORTH ANSON, ME. 7356 2 CORVISH, ME. 7178 3 STINSON MT.; N.H. 7127 3 SOUTH MT., "N.H." 7291 2 PLYHOUTH; N. H. 7233 2 60 FFS FALLS; N.H. 7331 6 CRREL, HANOVER, N.H. 7246 3 VACHUSETT HT., MA. 6463 2 IPSVICH, MA. 7156 2 FITCHBURG, NA. 7214 1 ERT, LEXINGTON, MA. 7142 4 CHICOPEE, MA. 7621 4 VESTFIELD, MA. 7257 2 MED, VALTHAM, MA. 7916 1 NED VALTHAM, MAX 7364 2 FORESTDALE, R. I. 7345 2 CRANSTON, B. IV 7254 2 HARTFORD, CT. 7335 2 HIDDLETOW, CT. 7256 2 Hanchester. Ct. PLATFORM NAME (12 AZ) INDEX USED IN "P3' TO DIRECT PROGRAMI CONTROL

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY,

YEAR (LAST DIGIT) MONTH HOUR DAY - MINUTE LEZDAT 328154149 7220237 63377372377377377377 – SECOND 3231545 2 7355377377377377377350 643<u>7</u>7 3231545 5 235613712337737<u>73273773</u>77 323154510 606333<u>723537</u>7377377377377377 323154511-7220237 63377377377377377377 6 323154531 7106377314120 0224 Ø 6 323154545 7201267 23377377377377377377 6 323154547 7206277337377377377377377377 6 323154645 7355377377377377377350 64377 6 323154719 7127377323377377377377377377 6 323154725 7142377377377276273276336334 6 3231548 6 6063337235377377377377377377 6 323154825 7356137123377377377377377 6 323154827 7355377377377377377350 64377 ERROR CODE 6 323154831 7206277337377377377377377377 6 323154832 7220237123377377377372277377 6 323154851 7106377314120 0 0 Ø 6 323154852 7201267 23377377377377377377 DCP NUMBER 6 323155023 7127377323377377377377377377 323155041E6504 4344 21 17162345300221 6 3231551 2⁻6063337235377<u>37737</u>7377377377 323155114 720627<u>73373</u>77377377377377377 6 323155146 7356[37123377377377377377377 7220237123377377377377377377 6 323155154 323155159 7201267 23377377377377377377 6 6 323155211 7106377314120 0224 0. 0 Ø 6 323155433 7142<u>377377377276273276336334</u> R

APPENDIX D - GLOSSARY

- ADR Anlog to digital recorder. Typically a Fisher-Porter or Leupold-Stevens recorder, equipped with a telekit.
- Azimuth Horizontal angle measured clockwise from north.
- BCD Binary Coded Decimal.
- Chain in programming, a call from one program to execute another, thereby terminating its own execution.
- Coordinated Universal Time an observer's local mean solar time plus the number of time zones the observer is west of Greenwich observatory, corrected for aberrations in the spin of the Earth.
- Crash (v.i.) to cease functioning. Syn. bomb.
- CRT Cathode Ray Tube Specifically, the Tektronix 4014 terminal connected to the NOVA.
- DCP Data Collection Platform Field installation used for sensing parameters, encoding data, and transmitting data to satellite.
- Disc (or disk) medium for storage of data in the Data General Computer. Refers to twenty-surface disc pack and drive which is a peripheral device to the computer. Files on the disk are divided into two directories, "DPØ" and "USER". Most system programs are in DPØ, and most user programs are in USER.
- Elevation angle above the plane of the observer's horizon.
- Flowchart diagram that shows flow of control in a computer program. Elements shown are input, output, initializations, processes, decisions, and connectors.
- Julian Date an arbitrary benchmark that is a continuing count of each day elapsed since some particular epoch.
- Multi-tasking in a computer several program tasks competing for devices and the contral processor on a priority or queued basis.
- Octal refers to a number system that has 8 as a base.

Sidereal Time - the relationship between an observer's meridian and some inertial coordinate system, for example, one based on the constellation ARIES.

Real Time Clock - device in the Data General Nova Computer that consists of a crystal controlled clock and associated DG system software that are used (1) to keep track of date and time of day and (2) to provide for low resolution timing.

Tracking - keeping the antenna pointed at the satellite, and in conjunction with that, logging any incoming data.

Universal Time - see Coordinated Universal Time.

TS ACCEPTS CORRECTIONS

```
TYPE LS1LOAD
RLDR 5/K 16/C LS1 T1 T2 T3 T5 WG ANT GARB/L TASKCALL FMT.LE A
                                                                                                      50
                                                                                                                   READ(7,51)IT1(2) :NO. TIMES TO EXECUTE
FORT.LB; DELETE/C GARB
                                                                                                                   NOTE THAT IT!(2) IS THE LOC THAT IS MODIFIED BY TO
TYPE LS1
     LS1
LS1 CALLED BY INTERP1 OR EXEC'D BY ITSELF
HAITS FOR SATELLITE RISE TIME - ZMIN,
ORIENTS ANTENNA, TRACKS SATELLITE, LOGS DATA
ACCEPTS CORRECTIONS, DUMPS DATA AT END OF
PASS, STOMS ANTENNA IN UPRIGHT POSITION
TURNS ON AND OFF CIRCUITRY IN COMMAND
EQUIPMENT, CHAINS TO OD3
                                                                                                                   FORMAT(16)
CCC
                                                                                                                   XTIME - (TSINCE-IDINT (TSINCE) #24.
                                                                                                                   IT1(4) -XTIME STARTING HOUR
                                                                                                                   ITI(5) - (XTIME-DFLOAT(IT1(4)) 143600. ;SECOND WITHIN HOUR
                                                                                                                   IT1(6)-3
                                                                                                                   IT1(7)=DT
                                                                                                                   TTI(11)=100
                                                                                                                   CALL FOTASK(DUM, T1, IT1, IER, -1)
IF(IER.NE.1)TYPE "F01", IEP
    TDB 14 NOV 75
            COMPILÉR DOUBLE PRECISION
-DIMENSION ID(3),IT(3),IT2(11),IT3(11),IT5(11)
                                                                                                                   IMIN-171(5)/60
            COMMON/KBLK/IT1(11)
                                                                                                                   ISEC+IT1(5)-IMIN#60+.1
                                                                                                                  URITE(10,60)IT1(4), IMIH, ISEC
URITE(15,60,IT1(4), IMIH, ISEC
            EXTERNAL T1,T2,T3,T5
            COMMON/KEY/KEY1, KEY2, KEY3, KEY4
                                                                                                                  FORMAT(" NEXT PASS AT "12,":",12,":",12)
IT2:2::1; OPIENT ANTENNA ONCE
XTIME=:!TSINCE-ZMIN'-IDINT(TSINCE-ZMIH:)*24.
                                                                                                      60
      KEY-'S ARE USED TO PASS MESSAGES AS FOLLOWS:
            KEY1
                        T1 TO LS1
                                                                                                                   IT2(4)*IDINT(XTIME)
            KEA5
                         TI TO UG
                                                                                                                   IT2(5) =: XTIME-DFLOAT(IT2(4))):3600.
                         WG BACK TO TI
                                                                                                                   172(6)-3
                        T5 T0 T1
            KE'74
                        T1 TO UG
                                                 TIME COUNTER
                                                                                                                   IT2/71-0
                                                                                                                   172(11)=200
            COMMON/IBLK/DAYSINMO(12)
                                                                                                                   CALL FOTASK DUM. T2. 172, IEP, -1:
            DATA DAYSINHO/31.,28.,31.,30.,31.,30.,31.,31.,30.,31.,
                                                                                                                   IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "FQ2", IER
       #30.,31./
                                                                                                                   1T3(2)=1
            ZMIN-1.5/1440.
CALL DFILW("SDF", IER)
CALL CFILW("SDF", E, IER)
                                                                                                                   IT3(4)*IT1(4)
                                                                                                                   ÎT3(5)*ÎTÎ(5)
                                                                                                                   IT3(6)-0
            CALL OPEN(5, "BCDAZEL",1, IER)
CALL APPEND(15, "TLOG",3, IER;
CALL OPEN(12, "STARTANGLE",1, IER;
CALL OPEN(17, "NANGLES",1, IER)
                                                                                                                   IT3(7)*0
                                                                                                                   IT3(11)=300
                                                                                                                   CALL FOTASK(DUM.T3,IT3.IER.-1)
IF(IER.HE.1)TYPE 'FO3',IER
            CURDATE = 0.
                                                                                                                   1TS(2)*1
            CURTIME = 0.
                                                                                                                   IT5(4)*IT1 4)
            KEY2.0
                                                                                                                   IT5(5)=IT1:5)
            KE74=0
                                                                                                                   175(6)*10
            CALL TIME(IT, IER)
IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "TIMERR", IER
                                                                                                                   ITS(7)=0
                                                                                                                   ITS:11)=500
            CURTIME *DFLOAT(IT(1))+(DFLOAT(IT(2))/60.)+(DFLOAT(IT(3))/
                                                                                                                   CALL FOTASK DUM. T5, IT5, IER, -1 1
IF (IER. NE. 1) TYPE "FOS", IEP
        $3600.)
            CALL DATE (ID, IEP)
                                                                                                                   10NE-0
             IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE 'DE', IER
                                                                                                                   CALL REC'KEY1, IONE)
             II=ID(1)-1
                                                                                                                   CALL FDELY(120) ; WAIT FOR ANT TO PCH STOU POS.
            DO-6 J-1, II
                                                                                                                   I I = 1
                                                                                                                   CÂLÊ ANT(II,II,II,II,II) ;TURN OFF CIRCUITRY
6
             CUPDTE-CURDTE+DAYSINMO(J)
            CURDTE-CURDTE+DFLOAT(ID(2))
       CURDTE-CURDTE+DFLOAT(ID(2))
IF((ID(3)/444.EQ.ID(3)/AND.(ID(1).GT.2))CURDTE-CURDTE+1.
CURDTE-CURDTE+CURTIME/24.; CURPRENT JUL TIME SINCE 1 JAN
READ(5,10,END=100)TSINCE,DT
FORMAT(F13.9,F6.1)
IF(CURDTE.GT.364.)TYPE "RESET EP AND EPVR IN TCALC ON
$JAN. 1 .SEE MOOD PAGE FOR MORE INFO"
IF(CURDTE-LE.(TSINCE-ZMIN))GO TO 50 ;TASK SCHEDULING
TYPE "U" : TOO LATE FOR CURRENT PASS
CALL CHAIN("TRACK.SV",IER)
IF(IER.ME.1)TYPE "LSIRD".IER
                                                                                                                   CALL CLOSE(7. IER)
                                                                                                                   CALL CLOSE(12, IER)
                                                                                                                   URITE(10,70)
10
                                                                                                                   URITE(15.70 :
                                                                                                       70
                                                                                                                   FORINT(//)
                                                                                                                   CALL CHAIN( "OD3. SV", IER)
                                                                                                                   IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "CHER", IER
                                                                                                       100
                                                                                                                   CALL EXIT
                                                                                                                   CALL CLOSE(15, IER)
             IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "LSIRD", IER
                                                                                                                   END
             CALL EXIT
                                                                                                       R
Ç
             TASKER TI SENDS ANGLES, TO ORIENTS, TO GATHERS DATA
```

```
TYPE TI
                                                                                  35
                                                                                            URITE(10,130)
                                                                                            WRITE(15,130)
FORMAT(4 15)
C TDB 9 DEC 75
          TASK T1
                                                                                  130
          COMMON/KEY/KEY1.KEY2.KEY3.KEY4
                                                                                            CALL KILL
          COMMON/KBLK/IT1(11)
                                                                                            CALL CLOSE(15, IER)
          DIMENSION I(4)
                                                                                            END
          I0-0
          KEY4-KEY4+1
                                                                                  TYPE T3
                                                                                            TASK TS
CALL US
CALL KILL
          IF (KEY3.GE.0)GO TO 10
          KEA3=KEA3+1
          1+(S):IT1(S)+1
          GO TO 25
                                                                                            END
18
          READ BINARY(5)I(1)
          IF(I(1).EQ.-1)GO TO 30 ;EHD OF FILE?

READ BINARY(S)(I(J),J=2,4) ;NO, GET 3 MORE $'5

CALL ANT(I(1),I(2),I(3),I(4),I0) ;SEND THEM TO ANT

IF(KEY3.LE.0)GO TO 25 ;ADJUST IF NECESSARY
                                                                                  TYPE ANT
                                                                                  .TITL ANT
                                                                                   .EHT ANT
                                                                                   .EXTD .CPYL .. FRET
          KEY3-KEY3-1
                                                                                   .HREL
          171(2)-171(2)-1
                                                                                  I=-167 : LO AZ
          GO TO 10
                                                                                  J=I+1
                                                                                            HI HZ
          CALL KILL
                                                                                            LO EL
                                                                                  K=1+2
39
          CALL XMT(KEY2,1,850) :TELL UG TO DUMP TO DISC
                                                                                  L=I+3
                                                                                            HIEL
          IONE . 0
                                                                                  19= I+4
          CALL REC/KEY2, IONE: ; WAIT FOR WG TO FINISH CALL XMT(KEY1,1,850) ; TELL LS1 EOF HAS BEEN REACHED
                                                                                  FS.=5 :PROG STDBY SUITCH
                                                                                  FS.
          CALL KILL
                                                                                  ANTIJSR 0.CPYL
50
          TYPE "XMTERR!"
                                                                                  STA 3 RTN
          CALL EXIT
                                                                                  LDA 0 8M 3
          END
                                                                                  MOU 0 0 SZR ; TUPN OFF PEDESTAL?
                                                                                   JMP OFF YES
TYPE TE
                                                                                  LDA O ATE ; NO, SEND ANGLES
C TDB 8/7/75
                                                                                  STA 0 TTB
LDA 2 CH4
          TASK T2
          DIMENSION J(4)
                                                                                  MOR: LDA 0 el 3
          CALL APPEND(15, "TLOG", 2, IER)
                                                                                  LDA 1 GTTB
          10=0
                                                                                  0.6 1100
          READ BINARY(12)J ; GET FIRST ANGLE PAIR
                                                                                  AND 1 0
C
                                 FROM "STAPTANGLE"
                                                                                  COM 0 0
          IPOINT=1
                                                                                  ISZ TTB
         GO TO 100 ; GO SEND PAIR
CALL FDELY(30) ; WAIT FOR ANTENNA TO GET THERE
DO 20 I=1,21 ;SEND ANTENNA CON TWICE
10
                                                                                  DOAS O DUC
                                                                                  INC 3 3
INC 2 2 SZR
          READ BINARY 121J
          S-THIORI
                                                                                   JMP MOR
          GO TO 100
                                                                                  BK: LDA 3 PTN
          CALL FDELY(21)
                                                                                  JSR E.FRET
20
          CONTINUE
          GO TO 21
                                                                                  OFF: LDA 0 BC
                                                                                  DOAS O DUC
100
          CALL ANT(J(1),J(2),J(3),J(4),I0)
                                                                                   JMP BK
          URITE(15,120)
         URITE(10,120)
FORMAT(2 ... 2)
GO TO (10,15,25,35), IPOINT
DO 30 I-1,9 ,SEND ANTENNA CU ONCE
READ BINARY(12)J
                                                                                   ;DATA AREA------
120
                                                                                  DUC=42
                                                                                  ATB: +1
21
                                                                                  85: 135777 ;081+085
84: 133777 ;081+084
                                                                                                 10B1+0B4
          IPOINT-3
                                                                                  B3: 127777
                                                                                                 :061+0B3
          CO TO 100
                                                                                  B2: 117777
                                                                                                 :0B1+0B2
36
35
          CALL FDELY(21)
                                                                                   B0: 1B0+1B2
          CONTINUE
          READ BINARY(5)J
                              FIRST LOOK ANGLE.
                                                                                  RTN:.-.
C
                                THEN CONTROL GOES TO TI
                                                                                  CN4: -4
          IPOINT-4
                                                                                  TTD: --
          GO TO 100
```

```
TYPE HG
 TITL UG
 ENT UG
EXTN .UIEX, REC. IXMT, TASK, AKILL, XMT .EXTD .CPVL, FRET
 .COMM KEY 4 ; LABELLED COMMON AS IN LS
 TXTM 1
 .NREL
DCT:.-.
187
15P.42
INTERRUPT SERVICE ROUTINE
RESPONDS TO ONLY ONE INTERRUPT
FROM 4065 INTEC. LOADS S WORDS IN A ROW AS FAST AS DECODER PROVIDES THEM. TIMING MATCHES DECODER'S EXACTLY
ISR42: NIOC DUC
STA 2 URTN2
STA 3 URTH3
LDA 0 SYNC
JSR 6.TOBUF
LDA 1 CNS
MOR: DIA 0 DVC
JSP 0.TOBUF
JSR TMP
INC 1 1 52R
JMP MOR
JMP OUT
.TOBUF: TOPUF
TOBUF: LDA 2 8.MEP
STA 0 0 2
INC 2 2
STA 2 E.MEP
JMP 0 3
TMR: LDA 2 CN15
INC 2 2 SZR
JMP .-1
OUT: LDA 0 OBMESS ;GET TIME COUNTER .
LDA 2 6.MBP
STA 0 0 2 ;STORE TIME WITH MSG
INC 2 2
STA 2 0.MBP
SUB 1 1
LDA 2 URTN2
LDA 3 URTN3
NIOS DUC
·UIEX
URTN2: .-.
URTH3: .-.
```

```
SYNC: 12214
 CN5: -5.
  CN15: -15
CN2100:-2100.
 CTR: --
  .MEP: MBP
 UG:JSR #.CPYL
STA 2 AC2
STA 3 AC3
  SUB Ø Ø
               :GEN A O
 LDA 2 CN2100
STA 2 CTR
LDA 2 PBUF
 STA 0 0 2 ; INIT BUFFER TO ALL 0'S
  ISZ CTP
  JMP .-3
  LDA Ø DUCN
                 DEFINE 4065 DIGITAL I O BOARD TO SYSTEM
 LDA 1 IDECT
  .SYSTM
 . IDEF
  JMP E.ERT
  SYSTN
  GDAY
  JMP E.EPT
 MOU 23 ; NEXT 7 LINES STOPE VP, MO. DAY IN SDF
LDA 2 PBUF
STA 2 NEP
 STH 1 0 2
INC 2 2
STH 0 0 2
 INC 2 2
STA 2 MBP
  .5YSTM
  GTOD
  JMP @.EPT
 MOU 2 3 : NEXT 7 LINES STORE HR, MIH, SEC IN SDE
LDA 2 6.MEP
STA 3 0 2
  INC S 2
 STA 1 0 2
INC 2 2
STA 0 0 2
 INC 2 2
 LDA 0 AMESS
 SUB 1 1
 NIOS DUC
 TREC WAIT HERE FOR LHST LOOK ANGLE TO BE SENT LDA O DUCH
 .SVSTN
.IRMU
  JMP e.EPT
 LDA 0 ASDF POINT TO FILE NAME SUB 1 1 DEVICE CHARS
  .SYSTM
  APPEND 6
 JMP 0.ERT
LDA.O PBUF
MOUZL 0 0 ;BYTE POINTER
LDA 1 C4200 ;BYTE COUNT
  .SYSTM
  . URS 6
           ; DUMP THE BUFFER
```

```
JMP C.ERT
                                                                                         TPRI
                                                                                         .SUSP - JSR @.
 .SYSTM
                                                                                         TPEND
 .CLOSE 6
JMP 6.ERT
LDA 2 AC2
LDA 3 AC3
                                                                                         .IDST - JSR @.
                                                                                         TIDST
                                                                                         .TIDS - JSR .
LDA 0 AMESS
SUBZL 1 1
                                                                                         STID
                                                                                         TIDR - JSP 6.
 .XMT
                                                                                         RTID
 JMP 6.ERT
                                                                                         .TIDE - JSR .
 JSR O.FRET
                                                                                         KTID
                                                                                         TÎDP - JSR e.
 :DATA AREA-----
                                                                                         .AKILL - JSR .
 AC2:.-.
                                                                                         TAKIL
                                                                                         .ASUSP . JSR .
 AC3: .-.
AMESS: GADD KEY, 1 POINTS TO 2ND ELEMENT IN LABELLED COMMON, KEY TAPEN BRESS: GADD KEY, 3 POINTS TO TIME COUNTER (SECS) IN TI ARDY
                                                                                          .ARDY - JSR @.
ASDF: .+1%2
.TXT 'USER:SDF' ;SATELLITE DATA OUTPUT FILE
                                                                                         TAUNP
 C4200: 4200.
                                                                                         :EQUIVALENT RDOS CALLS
                                                                                         .PEND * .SUSP
 DUCN:42
                                                                                         .APEND - .ASUSP
DVC-42
MBP:0 ; MOUABLE BUFFER POINTER .ERT:ERT
                                                                                         .AUMPD - .ARDY
MBP:0
                                                                                          .END
 ERT: . SYSTM
                                                                                         R
 .ERTN
 PBUF: BUF
 BUF: .BLK 2100. : BUFFER FOR 300 MSG#7NDS/MSG
 .END UG
                                                                                         GTOD
                                                                                         3/23 76
                                                                                                       13:4:50
TYPE TASKCALL
TITL TASKCALL
.TITL TASKCALL
.ENT .TASK,.XMT,.XMTU,.REC,.KILL,.QUEX,.TQULD
.ENT .OUREL,.QUKIL,.GTSK,.PRI,.SUSP,.PEND,.IDST
.ENT .TIDS,.TIDR..TIDK,.TIDP,.AKILL,.ASUSP
 .ENT .ARDY, .APEND, .AUNPD
 .EXTN CTASK, XMTT, XMTTU, RECC, KILL, TOUEX, TOULD. TOURL, TOUKL .EXTN TGTSK, TPRI, TPEND, TIDST, STID, RTID, KTID, TIDP .EXTN TAKIL, TAPEN, TAUNP
 .TASK - JSR .
 CTASK
 .XMT - JSR e.
 XIIIT
 .XMTU * JSR 0.
 XMITTU
 REC - JSR 6.
RECC
 .KILL . JSR e.
 KILL
 TOVEX SISR .
 .TOULD - JSR a.
 TOULD
  .OUREL - JSR G.
 TOVEL
  .OVKIL . JSR ..
 TOUKL
  .QTSK - JSR 6.
 TOTSK
  .PRI - JSR .
```

```
XMU=11467.25298
TYPE TRACKLOAD
RLDR TRACK OT1 TOALC SQP SRV INCT SEMI EXAMM PEAK *
                                                                                        AH=(XMU/XHN**2)**YY
                                                                                        DD=-1.5#XJ2#((1./AA)##2|/((DSOPT(1.-EE##2))##3)
GARB/L FORT.LB; DELETE/C GARB
                                                                                        DD=DD#(1.-1.5#(DSIN(XII))##2;
                                                                                        SEMI =AA#(1.+YY*DD-YY*DD##2)
TYPE TRACK
                                                                                        PETURN
         TDB 4DEC75
                                                                                        END
         COMPILER DOUBLE PRECISION
         DIMENSION TT(6), ID(3)
                                                                              TYPE INCT
         CALL FGTIM(I,J,K)
         TT(4)=I
                                                                                        COMPILER DOUBLE PRECISION
         TT(5)=J
                                                                                        SUBROUTINE INCTIT, DT
         TT(6)-0
                                                                                        DIMENSION T(6)
         CALL DATE(ID, IER)
                                                                                        COMMON/IBLK/DAYSINMO(12)
         TT(1)=ID(3)
                                                                                        IF(DT.GE.60.)GO TO 600
         TT(2)=ID(1)
                                                                                        T(6)*T(6)+DT : INCR SECONDS IF(T(6).LT.60.)GO TO 350
         TT(3)=ID(2)
         CALL OTI(TT)
                                                                                        T(6)=T(6)-60. ; RESET SECONDS
IF(DT.GE.60.)T(5)=T(5)+DT-60.
         END
                                                                               600
                                                                                        IF(DT.GE.60. 000 TO 700
-T(5)-T(5)+1 :IMOR MINUTES
TYPE TCALC
C TDB 2/28/75
                                                                               700
                                                                                        IF(T(5).LT.60. 000 TO 350
         COMPILEP DOUBLE PRECISION
                                                                                        T(51-T(5)-68. RESET MINUTES
         SUBROUTINE TOALC (T, TSINCE, THETA, LAMEDA E)
                                                                                        T(4)=T(4)+1. ; INCR HOUR
IF(T(4),LT.24. GO TG 350
          REAL LAMBDAE
         DIMENSION T(6)
        COMMON / IBLK DAYSINMO(12)
-EP-2442778.5 ,1 JAN 76
TUOPI-6.2831853072
                                                                                        T(4 1-T(4)-24 ; PESET HPS
                                                                                        1=T(2) ;PTP TO MG
T(3)=T(3)+1. ;INCP DAY
                                                                                        IVR=T(1)
         DTHDT+.25068447 ;DTHETA/DT
                                                                                         ILEAP=0
         EPYR*DFLOAT(76)
                                                                                        IF(I.EQ.2.HND.IYP 4#4.EQ.IYP ILEAP*1
DAYSIHMO(2:=28+ILEHP
         XJD=EP+(T(1)-EPYR)#365. ;ADD 365 DAZYF THRU LAST YR
         N=T(2)-1.
                                                                                         IF:T(3).LE.DAYSINMO:I()GO TO 350
          DO 50 I=1,N ;DAYS IN MONTH THRU LAST MO
                                                                                        T:3:=1. ;PESET DAYS
DAYSINMO:2:=28. ;PESET FEP
T/2:=T:2:+1: ;INCR MO
IF(T:2).LE.12.:GO TO 350
          KJD+KJD+DAYSINMO(I)
50 '
          CONTINUE
         N=T(1)-1. ;N=LAST VR
DO 100 I=75,N ;CHECK FOR LEAP VPS THPU LHST VR
                                                                                        T(2)=1. ; RESET NO
T 1)=T(1)+1. ; INCR YR
          IF(I/4*4.NE.I GO TO 100
          XJD=XJD+1.
                                                                                         RETURN
100
          CONTINUE
         N=T(1) NOW LOOK AT THIS VR
IF(N/4*4.NE.N)GO TO 200 :IS THIS NOT H LEAP /P?
                                                                                         END
         IF(T(2).LE.2.)GO TO 200 ARE WE BEYOND 2/297 XJD=XJD+1. ;YES, ADD A LEAP DAY
                                                                               TYPE EXAMM
                                                                               TDB 2/28 75
                                                                                         COMPILER DOUBLE PRECISION
200
          (E)T+QLX=QLX
      JULIAN DATE AT INSTANT
                                                                                         DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION EXAMM XMM, ECC)
                                                                               COMPUTES ECCENTRIC ANOMALY USING KEPLER'S EQUATION
          TSINCE-XJD+T(4)/24.+(T(5)+T(6)/60.)/1440.-EF
                                                                                         TUOP1-6.2831853072
          DT=T(4)*60. + T(5)+T(6)/60. ;(HR, HIN, SECS ' AS MINS
          TU=(XJD-2415020.0)/36525.
THETA_G0-DMGD((99.6909833+(36000.7689*TU)+.00038702*
                                                                                         EXAMM*DMOD(XMM, TUGEI)
                                                                                         DO 10 I-1,50
      *TU**27,360.)
                                                                                         AA=ECC*DSIN(EXAMM)
          THETA G-DMOD((THETA GO+DT*DTHDT),360.)
                                                                                         DELM=XMM-EXAMM+AA
      SIDEREAL TIME IN RADIANS
                                                                                         ZZ=1.-ECC*DCCS(EXANM
                                                                                         DELE'=DELM'(ZZ+((.5*DELM)/ZZ)*AA)
IF(DABS(DELE)-1.)30,30,20
          THETA-(DMOD((THETA G+LAMBDA E),360.))*TUOPI/360.
          RETURN
          END
                                                                                         DELE-DELE/DABS(DELE)
                                                                                36
                                                                                         EXANM-EXAMM+DELE
TYPE SEMI
                                                                                         IF(DARS(DELE)-.000001)40,10,10
   TD$ 2/28/75
                                                                                         CONTINUE
                                                                                10
          COMPILER DOUBLE PRECISION
                                                                                         CONTINUE
                                                                                40
          DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION SEMI(EE,XMM,XII)
                                                                                         RETURN
COMPUTES THE MEAN (KOZAI) SEMI-MAJOR AXIS OF A SATELLITE
                                                                                         END
          YY=.3333333333
          XJ2=.00108248
                                                                                GTOD
```

```
TYPE OTI
                                                                                                                TS(I)*T(I)
             TDB 4DEC75
                                                                                                    žă
                                                                                                                CALL TOALCIT, TSINCE, THETA, LAMBDA E)
TSINCE-TSINCE-EPOCH; NO. OF DAYS SINCE MOST RECENT HORAD
            COMPILER DOUBLE PRECISION
            SUBROLLTINE OTICE)
                                                                                                    Ċ
                                                                                                                                               FPOCH
            DIMENSION T(6).TS(6)
        REAL 10. IM, NO. NDOTO, MO. NODEO, NODEM, LM, NM, NBOTM, LLONG, $10, NODET, J2, J3, MU, IS, NODES, LAMBDA E
                                                                                                                CALL SRUITHETA, H.A.GLCSPHI, G2CSPHI, SNPHI, CSPHI, G2SNPHI)
                                                                                                                IF (X2.NE.X1)GO TO 889
            EXTERNAL SEMI
       EXTERNAL SEMI
INTEGER YR
COMMON EPOCH, YR, MO, NODEO, OMEGO, NDOTO,
#AM, EM, IM, NODEM, OMEGH, LM, NM, NDOTM, EO, NO, IO, LO, AO,
#ELONG, LLONG, EXLNG, OMEGL, TRUEU, RMAG, RDOT, NODDT, OMGDT,
#UX, UY, UZ, PX, RY, RZ, RDOTX, RDOTY, RDOTZ
COMMON/IBLK/DAYSINMO(12)

20 24 20 34 30 34 30 31 30 31 30 31
                                                                                                                 Transa.
                                                                                                                Z=0
                                                                                                                X=A
                                                                                                                 IMANY= IMANY+1
                                                                                                                JO - 1
                                                                                                                8.8.8
                                                                                                                STEL-90.00 ;STON ANGLE URITE(4,339)H, STEL
            DATA DAYSINMO./31.,28.,31.,30.,31.,30.,31.,30.,31.,
        #30,.31,/
                                                                                                                IF (IMANY NE . IPHSS GO TO 994
            CONU-.01745329251 :DEGREES TO PADS
                                                                                                                CALL CLOSE 4. IEP
            ICOUNT .0
                                                                                                               CALL CLOSE(8, IER)
CALL CLOSE(15, IER)
            J2-.00108248
            0--1.
                                                                                                                CALL CHAIN THTERP1.50*, IEP.
            J0=1
                                                                                                                IF ( IER . NE . 1 )T'/PE "LSCE"
            AE+1.
                                                                                                                CALL EXIT
            IMANY-A
                                                                                                    CHECK TO SEE IF SATELLITE IS ABOUT THE HORIZON
            X2-0.
                                                                                                    339
                                                                                                                X2-€
            7-0
                                                                                                                IF(H.LT.0.)60 TO 250
            X=0
                                                                                                                IF(0.GE.0..OR.IFLAG.E0.1)GO TO 190
            IU-1
           TWOPI-6.2831853072

CALL APPEND(15, "TLOG", 3, IER)

IF(IER.NE.1)TYPE "TLER", IER

CALL OFEN(5, "ELEMENTS:, 1, IER)

CALL DFILW("PTAE", IER)

CALL OFEN(4, "PTAE", 3, IER)

IF(IER.NE.1)TYPE "DE", IER

FROM NORAL
                                                                                                                IFL46-1
                                                                                                                DO 150 I=1.6
                                                                                                    150
                                                                                                                T(1)=T5(1)
                                                                                                                DT#SDT
                                                                                                                H=Q
                                                                                                                X2-nr
                                                                                                                GO TO 20
                                                                                                    130
                                                                                                                Q=H
C INPUT FROM NORAD
                                                                                                                IQUER-1
                                                                                                                CALL PEAK(IMANY, H.Z.Y, ICQUMT, 4, BT, IGHER)
            READ(5)EPOCH, NBOTO, 10, NODEO, EO, OMEGO, MO, NO
OMEGO-OMEGOTCOMO
                                                                                                               IF(JO.EG.1:URITE(15,135:T(4),T(5),T(6)
IF(JO.EG.1:WFITE(16,125)T(4),T(5),T(6)
FORMAT(1X,2(F3.&***),F3.0,2)
            IO-IOACONU
            HODEO-HODEO+CONU
                                                                                                    135
            MO=MO*CONU
                                                                                                                30=2
            NO-HOTTUOPI
                                                                                                                TSS-TSINCE+EPOCH
            NDOTO-NDOTO*TUOPI
           CALL CLOSE 5, IEP)
IF(IER.NE.1 17)PE "CE", IER
L0-M0+NODEO+OMEGO
                                                                                                                IF: IU.EQ.1)URITE(4,333)TSS.DT
                                                                                                    337
                                                                                                                FORMAT(1%, F14, 9/12, F6, 1)
                                                                                                                WRITE(4,333)A.H
                                                                                                    333
                                                                                                                FORNAT (2H 4,F6.2,1HE,F6.2,': ')
            40-SEMI(E0.10.10)
                                                                                                                IN-5
            TEMP+1.54N0* J2*(HE/(A0*(1.-E0*#2/) ***2
                                                                                                    230
                                                                                                                DO 300 I-1.6
            MODDT -- TEMP (DCOS (TA)
                                                                                                    300
                                                                                                                TS(I I=T(I)
            OHGDT=TEMP#(2,-2.5%(DSIN(10))##2)
                                                                                                                CALL INCT(T,DT)
            BDT-300.
                                                                                                                00 TO 20
            SD7-10.
                                                                                                    859
                                                                                                                IF(G.GT.O.)DT-BDT
            DT-BDT
                                                                                                                IF(X2.E0.0)G0 TO 887
            X1 - DT
           CALL OPEN(8, *COORD*, 1, IER)
IF(IER.NE.1) TYPE *COE*, IER
READ(8) LAMBDA E, GIOSPHI, GROSPHI, SNPHI, CSPHI, GROSPHI
LAMBDA E-LAMBDA E-.99077; E.L. CORR TO COINCIDE WITH
                                                                                                                IF (G.GT.0)X2-DT
                                                                                                    887
                                                                                                                Q=H
                                                                                                                IU-1
                                                                                                                GO TO 250
C
                                                                                                                END
                                                   NORAD PREDICTION
            IPASS=1
            ÜRÎTE(10,69)
                                                                                                    GTOD
                                                                                                    3/23/76
            URITE(15,69)
FORMAT( SATELLITE RISE TIME
                                                                                                                 16:6:16
69
                                                          PASS &
                                                                        PERK DURATION*)
            DO 25 1-1.6
```

```
RUDT=DSGRT(MU#AM#(1.-ELONG##2))#(1./RMAG)
TYPE SGP
                                                                          PADIAL COMP OF MEL VECTOR
              -- REU 2 14 75 AT 1430
C SGP BY TDB
                                                                                 PMGDT*DSQRT(MU#AM **ELONG/RMAG*DSIH(EXLNG)
        COMPILER DOUBLE PRECISION
         SUBROUTINE SGP(TSINCE)
C---THIS ROUTINE COMPUTES SATELLITE POSITION USING A SIMPLIFIED
                                                                        COMPUTE AND APPLY SHORT PEPIGDIC TERMS
    GENERAL PERTURBATIONS METHOD, CLASSICAL MEAN ELEMENTS APE
     INPUT; AND POSITION, VELOCITY, & OSCULATING ELEMENTS APE
                                                                                 SINGU-DSINGE. KTRUEU)
                                                                                                                             CONSTANT
     RETAINED
                                                                                 COSZU-DCOS.2.*TRUEU)
     REAL 10,1M,N0,NDOT0,M0,NODE0,NODEM,LM,NM,NDOTM,LLONG, #NDOT6,L0,NODDT,J2,J3,MU,15,NODES
                                                                                 RMAG=RMAG+TEMPS#SINI*#2#COS2U#(AM#(1.~ELONG##2))
                                                                                 TRUEU-DMQD((TRUEU-.5*TEMPS*:6.-7.*SINI##2)*SIM2U:,TWOPI)
                                                                                 IS-IM+3.*TEMPS+SINI COSI+COSEU
        EXTERNAL EXAMM
                                                                                 NODES - NODEM+3. *TEMPS *COSI *SINEU
         INTEGER YR
                                                                         COMPUTE, QUANTITIES FOR OUTPUT
                                                                                 SHODE-DSIN HODES
        INPUT PAPAMETERS
                                                                                 CNODE DCOS (NODES)
         COMMON EPOCH, YR, MO, NODEO, OMEGO, NDOTO,
     *AM, EM, IM, HODEM, OMEGM, LM, NM, NDOTM, EO, NO, 10, LO, AO, *ELONG, LLONG, EXLNG, OMEGL, TRUEU, RMAG, RDOT, NODDT, OMGDT,
                                                                                 SINI DSINCIS
                                                                                 . COST - DCOS: 15 /
                                                                                 SINU - DSIN: TPUEU:
     #UX,UY,UZ,PX,RY,RZ,RDOTX,RDOTY,RDOTZ
                                                                                 COSU-DCOS: TRUEU:
         J2-.00103248
                                                                         C. UNIT DECTOR POINTING TOURRD SATELLITE:
         J3=-.000002562
                                                                             SEE P. 104 IN ESCOBAL, "METHODS OF OPRIT DETERMINATION",
         NDOT6-0.
                                                                             TO CHECK VALUES
      . AE=1.
                                                                                 UX=COSU4CHODE-SINUASHODE4COSI
                                                                                 ÜY×00SU&SNODE+SINU#CNODE#COSI
         TWOPI-6.2831253072
                                                                                 UZ:SINU#SINI
COMPUTE TIME UAPIANT MEAN ELEMENTS AT TSINCE TT-TSINCE TIME SINCE EPOCH LDAYS
                                                                                 V.=-SINU*CHODE~COSU#SHODE#COST
                                                                                 UY -- SINU #SNODE+COSU #CHODE #COSI
                                                                                  UZ=COSU#SINI
         DM=HOATT+HDOTOXTTXX2+HDOT6XTTXX3 ; CHG IN MEHN ANOMAL!
         DOMEG-OMGDT*TT :D ARG PER
DNODE-NODDT*TT :D ASC MODE
LM-DMOD(:L0+DN+DOMEG+DNODE:,TWOPI: ;MEAN ORBITAL LMGTUDE
                                                                                  UX = 5 INI #SHODE
                                                                                  UY*-SIHI*CNODE
                                                                                  UZ*COSI
                                                                                  PK=RMAGYUK
         OMEGN - DHOD + COMEGO + DOMEG ) , TWOPI + ; A.P.
                                                                                  RY#RMAG#UY
         NODEM-DMODICHODEO+DHODE; TUOPI) : RA OF AN
                                                                                  PZ*PMAGKUZ
         IM-10 ; INCLINATION UNCHNGD
                                                                                  RDOTK-RINGDT KUK+RUDT KUK
         SINI *DŠIH: IM )
                                                                                  RDOTY=RMGDT (UV+PUDT #UV
         COSI *DOOS(IM)
                                                                                  RDOTZ*RMGDT*UZ+RUDT*UC
         NM-HO+2. #NDOTO#TT+3.#NDOT6#TT ##2
                                                                                  RDOT*DSQPT*RDOTX**2+RDOTY**2+PDOTZ**2
         AM*AGK(((HO/NM) ##.333333333) ##2)
                                                                                  FETUPN
         ER-1.-00'AM*(1.-E0)
                                                                                 END
         IF(EM)10,10,20
10
        EM=0.00001
COMPUTE AND APPLY LONG PERIODIC TERMS (SUBSECPTD "L" )
         TEMPL = \J3/J2; * (AE/AM; *SINI/(1.-EM* k2)
         AXNL=EM*DCOS(OMEGM)
         AYNL=EM#DSIN(OMEGN)=.5#TEMPL
         ELONG=DSGRT/AXNL*#2+AYNL*#2)
         OMEGL-DMOD((DATANE(AYNL, AXNL /), TWOPI); PRESERVE QUAD
   LONG PERIODIC ON L IS:
         LLONG-DMOD((EM-.25*TEMPL#AXNL*(3.+5.*COSI)/(1.+COSI)),
      etWOPI),
   SOLUE KEPLER'S EQUATION AND OTHER TWO-BODY FORMULAE
    LONG PERIODIC ECC ANOM:
         EXLNG-EXANM(LLONG-OMEGL-NODEM, ELONG)
 C TRUE ARG OF LATITUDE:
        :-TRUEU=2.*DATAN(DSQRT((1.+ELONG)/(1.~ELONG))*(DSIN(.5*
       8EXLMG)/DCOS(.5*EXLMG)))+OMEGL
```

RMAG-AMR(1.-ELONG*DCOS(EXLNG)) ;R SUB L

TRANSVERSE COMPONENT OF VEL VECTOR

```
TYPE PEAK
         TYPE SRU
                     SRU (SLANT RANGE, VECTOR) TDB (6/27/75)
COMMENTS AFTER LINES IN THIS SUBROUTINE
ARE EQUATIONS IN APPENDIX OF ESCOBAL;
                                                                                                                  C JHB 6/30/75
                                                                                                                               COMPILEP DOUBLE PRECISION
                                                                                                                               SUBROUTINE PEAK (IMANY, H, Z, X, ICOUNT, A, DT, IOVER)
                                                                                                                               CALL APPEND: 15, "TLOG", 3, IEP :
                      *METHODS OF GRBIT DETERMINATION*
COMPILER DOUBLE PRECISION
                                                                                                                               ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
                                                                                                                               ĬŔ(H.LT.ZJG0 Ť9, 333
                      SUBROUTINE SRU(THETA, H, A, G1CSPHI, G2CSPHI, SMPHI, CSPHI,
                                                                                                                               Z×H
                 &GZSNPHI)
                                                                                                                               RETURN
                      REAL 10, IM, NO, NDOTO, MO, NODEO, NODEM, LM, NM, NDOTM, LLONG,
                                                                                                                               IF (Y.EQ.1)GO TO 1
                                                                                                                  333
                 $LO, NODDT, LX, LY, LZ, LXH, LYH, LZH
                                                                                                                               IM-IMANY+1
                      INTEGER YR
                 INTEGER YR
COMMON EPOCH, YR, MO, NODEO, OMEGO, NDOTO,

$AM, EM, IM, NODEM, OMEGM, LM, NM, HDOTM, EO, NO, IO, LO, AO,

$ELONG, LLONG, EYLNG, OMEGL; TRUEU, RMAG, RDOT, NODDT, OMGDT,

$UX, UY, UZ, PX, RY, RZ, RDOTX, PDOTY; RDOTZ

TWOPI=6.2831853072
                                                                                                                               NUM-ICOUNT-1
                                                                                                                               ZHUM-NUM
                                                                                                                               XNUM∗(ZNUM*2*DT + 60.
                                                                                                                               IF I TOVER . EQ. 0 IGO TO 10
                                                                                                                               TF(2.E0.0 .OR.X.E0.0)WRITE(15,222 IN.Z.XXXVIIII) IF(2.E0.0 .OR.X.E0.0) URITE(10,222 IM.Z.XXIVIII
                      X=(GICSPHI / DCOS (THETA) 114.62
                                                                                                                   10
                                                                                                                   255
                                                                                                                               FOPMAT(11%, 13, 5%, F7.2, 2%, F5.0/ 4.)
                      Y=(GICSPHI') *DSIN(THETA); 14.63
                      RHOX-PX+X ;1A.68
RHOY-RY+Y ;1A.69
                                                                                                                                IF Z.LT.IS.AMD.A.LT.ONCALL FCHANCYUAITZO.SUF
                                                                                                                                CONTINUE
                      RH0Z-RZ+G2SNPHI :1H.70
                                                                                                                   1
                     RHOH-DSUPT(RHOX**&2+PHOY**&4+RHOZ**&2) ;1H.71
L/=RHOX/RHOH ;UHIT "ECTOR FROM SITE 1A.72 TO SATELLITE
LY=RHOY/RHOH ;DITTO 1A.73
&2-PHOZ RHOH; DITTO 1A.74
COSTH-DCOS(THETA)
                                                                                                                                CALL CLOSE (15, IER)
                                                                                                                                RETURN
                                                                                                                                EHD
                                                                                                                   STOR
                                                                                                                   3, 23,76
                                                                                                                                 16:20:9
                      SINTH-DSIN: THETA;
                      LXH*LX*SNPHI*COSTH+LY*SNPHI*SINTH-L2*CSPHI ; 14.75
                      LYH--LX#SINTH+LY#COSTH ;DITTO
LCH-LX#COSTH#CSPHI+LY#SINTH#CSPHI+LZ#SNPHI ;DITTO
                      COSH-DSORT(1.-L2H*#2)
Ш
         H-DAYANTLEH COSH: 14.76 IN MOOD

CORPECTION FOR PEFFHCTION FOLLOWS (COURTEST OF PALPH PASS (28FC: H-H+.0007*DOUS:H) (DSIN:H)+DSORT(.04+.DSIN:H-***2))
8
                      H=360.4H/TWOPI ;+ OP - DEGREES FROM HOPICON

H=DHTAN2:LYH.-LKH0 ;1H.77

H=360.4A TWOPI ;DEGREES CW FPOM HOPTH
                       IE(A.LT.O.)A=A+360. ; HDJUST COOPDINATE SYSTEMS
                      PETURN
                       END
```

```
URITE(6,55)S
URITE(10,55)S
TYPE P3
                                                                                                     FOPMAT(3%, *PRC=*, F6.2)
                                                                                           55
                                                                                                     GO TO 15
  RMC 8 JAN 76
          DIMENSION IDX(14,25), ITEMP1(6), ITEMP2(12)
COMPON/JBLK/NUM(24), SUM(12), X(8), JBIN(9), LBIN(3)
COMPON/JBLK/J,K,S,F,JX,IX,NAME(12), CHK
COMPON/JBLK/COND, DOX, TEMP, PH
                                                                                           64
                                                                                                      COND*0
                                                                                                      DOX=0
          COMMON/JBLK/COND, DOX, TEMP, PH
CALL DFILU("DATA", IER)
CALL CFILU("DATA", 2, IER)
CALL APPEND(5, "DATA", 3, IER)
CALL APPEND(6, "TLOG", 3, IER)
CALL OPEN(7, "INDX", 1, IER)
CALL OPEN(8, "DIRC", 1, IER)
CALL OPEN(9, "LS2DAT", 1, IER,
IF(IER, NE, 1) TYPE"OE= ", IER
                                                                                                      TEMP=0
                                                                                                      PH=0
                                                                                                      CALL UTGLY
                                                                                                 CALL UTGLY
IF(CHK.EQ.1.)GO TO 125
WRITE(6,56)COND,DOX,TEMP,PH
WRITE(10,56)COND,DOX,TEMP,PH
FORMAT(3%,"CD=",F6.1,2%,"DO=",F6.3,.,
?43X,"UT=",F6.2,2%,"PH=",F6.3)
GO TO 15
                                                                                           56
           URITE(6,21)
                                                                                                     CALL SHOP (NUM, IND, DEPTH)
           URITE(10,21)
           FORMAT(1X, "PID ",2X, "STATION NAME",9X, "DATE",6X, "EST",/)
                                                                                                      IF (CHK.EQ.1)G0 TO 125
21
           IX-8
                                                                                                      URITE(10.57)DEPTH
                                                                                                      URITE(6.57 DEPTH
           READ(7,16)IDX
           FORMAT(14.1X.11.1X.12A2)
                                                                                                      FORMAT(3X, "WES=",F7.3)
16
                                                                                           57
                                                                                                     GO TO 15
           IFLG=0
           READ(8,10,END-150)IPD
                                                                                                      WRITE(6,58)
                                                                                           66
10
           FORMAT(I4)
                                                                                                      URITE(10,58)
           READ(9,18,END=11)ITEMP1,IPID,ITEMP2
                                                                                           58
                                                                                                      FORMAT(3X, *CRREL")
18
           FORMAT(6A2,14,12A2)
                                                                                                      GO TO 15
           IF(IPID.EG.IPD)URITE(S.19)ITEMP1, IPID, ITEMP2
IF(IPID.EG.IPD)IFLG=IFLG+1
                                                                                           67
                                                                                                      CALL ERTDA-
                                                                                                     CALL SNOP(HUM, IND.DEPTH)
19
           FORMAT(1X,6AZ,14,12AZ)
                                                                                           C
                                                                                                      IF (CHK.EQ.1)GO TO 125
           GO TO 6
                                                                                                     WRITE(6,59)S, DEPTH
11
           PEUIND 9
                                                                                                      NRITE(10,59)S, DEPTH
                                                                                                     FORMAT(3%, "STG=", F6.2, 2%, "UES=", F7.3"
           IF(IFLG.Eq.0)GO TO 39
                                                                                           59
           CALL CLOSE(5, IER)
CALL OPEN(5, DATA*,1, IER)
DG 15 [4+1, IFLG
                                                                                                      60 TO 15
                                                                                           68
                                                                                                      CALL ERTDA
                                                                                                      COND . W
           READ(5,20,END-145)IY,IMO,IDD,IHH,NM,ISS,IEPR,IPID,NUM
                                                                                                      0-X-0
20
           FORMAT(11,512,A1,14,2411)
                                                                                                      TEMP-0
           IF(IERP.E9.17696)GO TO 15
                                                                                                      PH-0
           CALL UTII(IŸ, IMO, IDD, IHH, MM, ISS)
                                                                                                      CALL WIGLY
           DO 30 I-1,25
                                                                                           C
                                                                                                      IF(CHK.EQ.1)G0 TO 125
           IF(IDX(1,1).Eq. 1PID)G0 TO 40
                                                                                                      URITE(6,60)S,COND,DOX,TEMP,PH
30
           CONTINUE
                                                                                                     URITE(10,60 S, COND, DOX, TEMP, PH
40
           IND*IDX(2,1)
                                                                                                 FORMAT(3X, "STG=",F6.2,",43X, 'CD-',F6.1,2X, 'DO-',F6.3,
2/,43X, 'UT-',F6.2,2X, "PH-',F6.3)
GO TO 15
                                                                                           68
           DO 45 J=3,12
           K=J-2
           NAME(K)*IDX(J,I)
45
                                                                                                     WRITE(6,52)
                                                                                           69
           WRITE(6,48) IPID, NAME, INO, IDD, IY, IHH, MM
                                                                                                      UPITE(10,52)
           WRITE(10,48)1910, NAME, IMO, IDD, IY, IMH, IMM
FORMAT(1X,14,1X,12A2,1X,12,*/*,12,*/*,12,1X,12,*:*,12,2)
                                                                                                     FORMAT(3X, "DEMO. SET")
                                                                                           55
48
                                                                                                      GO TO 15
           CHK=0.
                                                                                           125
                                                                                                      WRITE 6, 130
           GO TO(61,62,63,64,65,66,67,68,69)IND
                                                                                                      FORMATISX, "INVALID")
61
           WRITE(6,51)
                                                                                           130
           URITE(10,51)
                                                                                           15
                                                                                                      CONTINUE
51
           FORMAT(3x, "TEST SET")
                                                                                           3Š
                                                                                                      DO 152 IQ=1,25
           GO TO 15
                                                                                                      IF(IDX(1,10).EQ.IPD)GO TO 154
62
           CALL ERTDA
                                                                                           152
                                                                                                      CONTINUE
           IF(CHK.EQ.1.)GO TO 125
                                                                                                      GOTO 4
           URITE(6,54)S
                                                                                                      DO 156 JQ-3,12
                                                                                           154
           URITE(10,54)S
                                                                                                      S-9L•03
           FORMAT(3x, stg=",F6.2)
54
                                                                                           156
                                                                                                      NAME(KQ)=IDX(JQ,IQ)
           GO TO 15
                                                                                                      IF(IFLG.EQ.0)UPITE(6,160)IPD, NAME
           CALL ERTDA
                                                                                                      IF(IFLG.EQ.0)WRITE(10,160)IPD, NAME
           IF(CHK.EQ.1)G0 TO 125
                                                                                           160
                                                                                                      FORMAT(1x, 14, 1x, 12A2, 4x, "NO REPORT")
```

```
3+(1-E)-XL*E=XI
145
            REWIND 5
                                                                                                        IF(NUM(IX)-7)45.45.55
            GO TO 4
                                                                                             45
                                                                                                        K=K+3
            CONTINUE
150
          CONTINUE
CALL CLOSE(5, IER)
CALL DFILW('DATA', IER)
CALL CLOSE(6, IER)
CALL CLOSE(7, IER)
CALL CLOSE(8, IER)
CALL CLOSE(8, IER)
CALL CLOSE(9, IER)
WRITE(10, 200)
FORMAT(////)
                                                                                                        CALL DOBRY(LBIR.NUM(IY).3)
                                                                                                        DO 10 L-1.3
                                                                                                        J L+K
                                                                                                        JBIN(J)=LBIN(L)
                                                                                             10
                                                                                                        CONTINUE
                                                                                             55
                                                                                                        RETUPN
                                                                                                        END
           FORMAT(////)
CALL CHAIN('TPACK.SU', IEP)
IF(IER.NE.1)TYPE'CE- ', IER
                                                                                             TYPE BINEL
200
                                                                                                        SUBROUTINE BINE:
COMMON-JELK NUM 241, SUM(12+, X(8), JEIN+9), LEIN+3)
COMMON-JELK-J.K.S.F.JX, IX, NAME(12), CHK
            STOP
            CHD
                                                                                                        COMMON, JEEK- COHD, DOX, TEMP, PH
                                                                                                        DO 45 I-2.9
                                                                                                        M=I-1
IF(JEIN(1))40,10,40
IF(I-6)20,30,30
TYPE ERTDA
            SUBROUTINE EPTDA
            COMMON JBLK/HUM(24), LBIN(3), JEIN(9), k(3), SUM(12)
                                                                                             10
            COMMON/JBLK/J,K,S,F,JX,TX,NAME(12),CHK
COMMON/JBLK/COND,DOX.TEMP,PH
                                                                                             50
                                                                                                        X(M)+2##(5-1)
                                                                                                        60 TO 45
            JJ = 3
                                                                                             30
                                                                                                        X(M/=St*(3-1)
            S=0
                                                                                                        GO TO 45
            F=1.
                                                                                                        ∷(M) =0
                                                                                             40
            J1-1
                                                                                             45
                                                                                                        CONTINUE
30
            J2+J1+2
                                                                                                        M=0
            K*-3
                                                                                                        DU 80 N≠1.2
            T=0.005
                                                                                                        N=213%-(2-N)
            DO 10 I-J1, J2
                                                                                                        SUM(Mi=0
            IF(NUM(I).GT.7) 60 TO 40
                                                                                                        DO 60 L=1.4
           K*K+3
                                                                                                         LX=41N-(4-L)
            CALL DCEPY(LEIN.NUM(I), JJ)
                                                                                                        SUM(Missum(M)+7(LK)
            DO 10 L-1,3
                                                                                                        メーレッショの
            J=L+K
                                                                                             60
                                                                                                         CONTINUE
            JBINGJ +*LPINGL +
10
                                                                                                         IF(SUM(M -10)80,70.70
           1.1-2
DO 20 1-2,9
                                                                                             70
                                                                                                         K ■ 2
                                                                                             30
                                                                                                        CONTINUE
            IF(1-6/31,32,31
                                                                                                         PETUPN
32
            F=10.*F
                                                                                                         END
            T=0.005
            K1=6
                                                                                             TYPE DOLPY
            IF (JBIN: 1 1)20,25,20
                                                                                             C D C 1/1/75
ŽŠ
            T1*F#2.**(1-K1)
                                                                                                         SUPPORTINE DOBRY LBIH. NUM, JJ . DIMENSION LBIN. 4)
            T=T+T1
            IF(F*10.-T)40,26,26
                                                                                                         PO 18 I=1.JJ
56
            S=C+T1
                                                                                                         LEIN(I).0
                                                                                             10
50
            CONTINUE
                                                                                                        IF(NUM)5,5,35
DO 30 KK-1,NUM
DO 15 I+1.JJ
            J1=4
                                                                                             35
            F* 01
            IF(J2-4)30,40,40
                                                                                                        J=JJ-I+1
IF(LEIN(J))20,20,15
CONTINUE
            RETURN
            CHK -1
 40
                                                                                             15
            RETURN
                                                                                                         DO 25 1=J,JJ
LEIN(I)=0
                                                                                             20
            END
                                                                                                         LBIN(J =1
TYPE BINAL
C D C 1/1/75
SUBROUTINE BINA1
COMMON/JBLK/NUM(24),SUM(12),X(8),JBIN(9),LFIN(3)
COMMON/JBLK/J,K,5,F,JX,IX,NAME(12),CHK
                                                                                             30
                                                                                                         CONTINUE
                                                                                             Š
                                                                                                         PETURN
                                                                                                         END
                                                                                             R
            K--3
            DO 10 I-1,3
```

```
TYPE, LSTGE
           SUBROUTINE WTQLY
COMMON/JBLK/NUM(24),SUM(12),X(8),JBIN(9),LBIN(3)
COMMON/JBLK/J,K,S,F,JX,IX,NAME(12),CHK
COMMON/JBLK/COND,DOX,TEMP,PH
                                                                                                SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE DISCHARGES AND VALIDITY FROM
                                                                                                VALUES OF STAGE AND STATION NUMBER
                                                                                                     SUBROUTINE LSTGE(ISH, STAGE, Q, HAME, DA, J)
DIMENSION DISCH(44), NAME(10)
            DO 25 JX-1,6
            CALL BINAI
                                                                                                 COMMON-KBLK/LS1(16)
DATA LS1/7147,7101,7220,7071,7272,7356,7201,7233,
#6063,7106,7304,7345,7254,7335,7206,6504/
            CALL BINB1
            CONTINUE
 25
            IF(K-6)10,30,30
            COND-0
            DOX=0
                                                                                                     DO 85 N=1,16
            PH=0
            TEMP-0
                                                                                                      IF(LS1(N).EQ.ISN/GO TO 8
            COND-1.5x(100x5UM(4)+10x5UM(1)+5UM(2))
DOX-0.02Y(100x5UM(11)+10x5UM(12)+5UM(3);
                                                                                                     CONTINUE
                                                                                           85
                                                                                                     GO TO 285
                                                                                                     NN=N-1
            PH=0.0141(100*SUM(5)+10*SUM(6)+SUM(7))
                                                                                                      CALL FSEEK (13, HN)
            TEMP=0.04*(100*SUM(8)+10*SUM(9)+SUM(10)*
            RETURN
                                                                                               T-INITIAL STAGE IN TABLE: 0-STAGE INCPENENT IN AND LINE
 10
            CHK=1.
            RETURN
                                                                                                     READ(13,3)NAME,DA,T,Q,DISCH
FORMATIGX,19A2,24%,F6.9,12%,F6.0,6%2(3%,9F8.0)
            END
TYPE UTII
C RMC 13 JAN 76
C CONVERTS ZULU TIME TO EASTERN STANDARD TIME (EST)
SUBROUTINE UTII(IV, INO, IPD, IHH, MM, ISS)
THEFORE DAYSINMO
                                                                                                J=0 FOR VALID OR J=1 FOR NOW WHILD STAGE
                                                                                                      J=0
                                                                                                      IF(Q)50.50.21 ;FOR DUMMY FILE, INCRMMT (G) WILL BE WIF(STAGE-T)51,22.22
                                                                                          21
51
                                                                                                      0=-.005
            COMMON, IBLK: DAYSINMO(12)
                                                                                                      GO TO 285
                                                                                                      DO 60 N=1,43
            DATA DAYSINMO/31,29,31,30,31,30,31,31,33,31,30,31/
                                                                                                      S-STAGE -T-NYQ
            IHH=IHH-5
            ÎF/ISS.GE.30)MM=MM+1
                                                                                                      R=(S+0)0
            IF (MN.GE.60 : IHH= IHH+1
                                                                                                      Z*DISCH(N)
                                                                                                     P-DISCH(N+13-Z
IF: P)24,60,65
            IF(MM.GE.60)MM*MM-60
            IF(IHH.LT.0)IDD=IDD-1
IF(IHH.LT.0)IHH-IHH+24
                                                                                                  IFLS /70, 70, 60
INTERPOLATE ON PATING TABLE
            IF(IDD.LT.1 :IMO=IMO-1
            IF(IMO.LT.1)IMO=IMO+12
IF(IDD.LT.1)IDD=DAYSINMO(IMO)
                                                                                                     IF:2152,52,700
IF:8151,152,152
                                                                                           70
                                                                                           52
152
            IY= IY+70
                                                                                                      Q=Px+P**1.5
            RETURN
                                                                                                      GO TO 50
            EIŧD
                                                                                           700
                                                                                                      Q=Z+P*P+,005
 R
TYPE SNOP
                                                                                                      GO TO 50
                                                                                                      CONTINUE
                                                                                                  EXTRAPOLATE ON RATING TABLE 0-24P#(Z-DISCH(N-1))+.005
            SUBROUTINE SNOP(NUM, I, DEPTH)
            DIMENSION NUM(24)
CRCT+6.98
                                                                                           24
                                                                                           235
50
            IF(I.E0.5)CRCT-3.92
                                                                                                      RETUPN
            D6=64*NUM(16)+S*NUM(17)+NUM(18)
                                                                                                      END
            D7=64*NUH(19)+8*NUM(20)+NUH(21)
                                                                                           P
            DEPTH=(D7/D6)*55.36-CRCT
            RETURN
            END
```

```
TYPE QD3
  TDB 10 MARCH 76
   PROGRAM TO CONVERT LANDSAT MSGS TO NASA-LIKE FORMAT. THIS PROVIDES INPUT TO 'P' OR "P3" PROGRAM ACCEPTS MSGS FROM ALL DCP'S AND SCPEENS OUT THOSE UNICH ARE NOT NED'S
                                                                                            E,12)
                                                                                            =5.12)
           DIMENSION IA(6), IB(12)
                                                                                             +5,12)
          CALL APPEND(15, "TLOG", 3, IER)
IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "QLER", IER
CALL OPEN(5, "USER ISDF", 1, IER)
CALL DFILU("LS2DAT", 2, IER)
CALL CFILU("LS2DAT", 2, IER)
CALL OPEN(6, "LS2DAT", 3, IER)
CALL APPEND (7, "STORAGE", 3, IER)
                                                                                            5,12)
                                                                                             35
                                                                                            100
           IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "OPENERR"
           WPITE(-10,10)
                                                                                             120
           URITE(15,10)
           FORMATI//)
10
           ICOUNT-0
           ICT-0
                                                                                            110
           IVR 6
           READ BINARY (5) IMONTH, IDAY, IHR, IMIN, ISEC ; GET STARTING TIME
           ISEC-ISEC+60*IMIN
           READ BINARY(5)1A, ISC
                                          GET DATA AND SECONDS COUNTER
1
           ISC-ISC+ISEC-ICT#3600
                                                                                             R
           IF(ISC.LT.3600)GO TO 4
           ICT=ICT+1
           ISC=ISC-ICT#3600
           IHP-IHP+1
           IF (IHR.GE.24)IHR=IHR-24
           IMIN*(150:60)
           ISC-ISC-60*IMIN
           IF (IMIN.LT.60)GO TO 5'
           IMIN-0
           IHP IHR+1
           IF (IHF.LT.24)G0 TO 5
           IDAY=IDAY+1
           THR=0
5
           CONTINUE
           IF(IA(1).EQ.0)GO TO 100
           ICOUNT = ICOUNT+1
           DO 20 I=3,6.
            ID=IA(I).AND.377K
            IC*ISHET(IA(I),-8)
            IC-IC-AND.377K
            1-5*I-L
           IB(J)=IC
            J=J+1
            IB(J)=ID
20
            CONTINUE
            ICHK = IA(2).AND.20000K
            IA(2)-IA(2).AND.7777K ;STRIP EVERTHING BUT THE DCP #
            IF(IA(2).E0.6063K.OR.IA(2).E0.6504K)GO TO 25 IF(IA(2).LT.7000K)GO TO 1
            IF(IA(2).EQ.7627K)GO TO 1
IF(IA(2).EQ.7514K)GO TO 1
            IF(IA(2).EQ:7346K)GO TO 1
 25
            IER-8224 : ASSUME NO ERROR, OUTPUT A BLANK
```

```
IF(ICHK.GT..1)IER-17696 -: IF ERR IS FLAGGED OUTPUT AN "E"
WRITE(6,35)IYP, IMONTH, IDAY, IHR, IMIN, ISC, IER, IA(2), (IB(K), K.
WRITE(10,35)IVR, IMONTH, IDAY, IHP, IMIN, ISC, IER, IA(2), (IB(K), K
WRITE(15,35)IYP, IMONTH, IDAY, IHP, IMIN, ISC, IER, IA(2), (IB(K), K
WRITE:7,35)IYR,IMONTH,IDAY,IHR,IMIN,ISC,IER,IA(2),(IB(K),K=
CONTINUE
FORMAT(1%, I1, 512, A1, 014, 8013)
GO TO 1
CALL CLOSE(5, IEP)
CALL CLOSE(6, IEP)
WRITE(10,120)ICCUNT
WRITE(15,120/ICOUNT
FORMAT(" TOTAL HUMBER OF MESSAGES = ",I3)
URITE(10,110)
WRITE(15,110)
FORMAT(/ '// +
CALL CHAIN("P3.SU", IEP)
IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "ODER", IEP
CALL EXIT
END
```

 .						•				
1	PE 46	LSEDIS ST JOHN R.	NTNEMILE	BR .			1290.		0.	
ŝ E	46	0.3	NINEMILEE 43	84	147	243	375	546	766	1060
	46	1420	1810	2240	2720	3290	3950	4700	5540 15400	6420
4	46	7380	8410 192 00	9520 20600	10700 22100	11900 23600	000E1 25200	14200 26700	28300	16600 29300
5 6	46 46	17800 316 00	33200	35000	35600	36200	36800	37400	38000	38600
ĭ	47	ST JOHN P.	DICKEY	******			2700.		3.5	
2	47	0.5	160	560	1140	8020	3120	4450	6050	7800
3	47	9800	11800	13800	16100 42700	18600	21000 50100	23600 54200	26400 58700	29700 63200
4 5	47	32900 67700	36200 72200	39 400 76700	81200	46600 85700	36500	94700	99200	62566 0
6	47	á	0	ě	02200	ě	9	ě	0	ě
Ī	48	ST JOHN R.	FORT KEN		_		5630.		0.5	
Ē	48	1.0	450	1280	2280	3600	5310	7494	10100	13000
3	48 48	16000 63500	19700 71000	23700 79000	28000 87000	33000 95000	38000 140000	44000 113000	50000 123000	56500 133000
š	48	03500	11000	19000	51000	35000	14000	113000	16,5000	133000
6	48									
1	49	PENOBSCOT,	W.ENFIEL				6670.		1.	
3	49	0.5	1860	2666	3590	4630	5750	6960	8270	9700
	49	11200	12900 33500	14600 36500	16600	18600	20700 45500	49000 23000	25500 52500	28696
4 5	49 49	30700 60000	63900	67800	39 500 71800	42500 75900	80000	84000	38200	56200 92500
6	49	97000	101500	106200	111000	116000	121000	126000	131000	136500
1	50	CARABASSET	P, N.ANS	ON			354.		[2.	
. 3	50	0.5	0	- 58	_128	270	490	795	1160	1550
	50	2030	2590	9230	3880	4530	5270	6070	6870	7670
4 5	50 50	8520 17000	9400 18100	19300 19200	11200 20300	12200 21400	13100 22600	14100 23700	15000 24800	16000 26000
š	50	27200	28500	29800	31999	32300	£2.000	23100	64960	COPPE
ī	51	SACO R, CO	PNISH				1292.		1.	7
S	51	0. 5	215	351	_531	761	1060	1440	1930	2550
3	51 51	3240	4040	4950	5950	7000	8130	9360	10600	11700
5	51	12900 24500	14100 25800	15400 27200	16600 23600	17900 23300	19200 31200	20500 32600	21800 34000	23200 35300
ĕ	51	36700	38100	39500	40300	42400	43800	45300	46300	48300
1	32	PLYMOUTH		3 2 3	1		622.0		11.0 -1.	
95	žž	.5		. 50	193	_430	980	1780	2340	<u> 2790</u>
3	35	3250 9480	3750 10410	4290	4368	5430	6168	6900	7718	8580
3	32	18570.0	19670.0	11368	12350.0 21900.0	13350.0	14350.0	15370.0 25400.0	16420.0	17470.0 27850.0
5 6	32	29100.0		31650.0	32960.0	34310.0	35710.0	37110	33510	39910
1	9	GOFFS FALL	S	4 2 3	7	2.2200	3092.0	0.0	12. 1	.0 14.
2	9	1.0	115.0	454.0	1110.0	2329.9	4780.0	3200.0	12500.0	17240.0
4	9	22840.0 65240.0	26840.0 70040.0	31640.0 74800.0	35440.0	41240.0 84000.0	46040.0	50840.0	55640.0	
Š	9	168800.0	113000.01	18888.01	123000 0	122666.01	\$3866:0	9.9999.9 10.000981	98400.61 43900.61	146000 0
6	9	15.000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1 2 3	52	IPSUICH R.	IPSUICH				124.		2.0	•
Ę	500000	9.2 174	240	9.76	3.39	17.5	35	_52	85	122
4	52	1150	1240	325 1340	430 1440	550 1540	685 1640	825 1740	950 1845	1055 1955
5	52	2065	2175	2290	2410	2530	2670	2810	1075	1300
è	52 53	N NOS 0	9	0	0	Ø	0	0	ě	ě
1	23	N.NASHUA Ř	FITCHBUF,	(G		0.4	63.6			200
3	53 53	416	530	31 650	52 770	89 890	120 1010	175 1130	242 1260	323 14 0 0
4	53	1540		1820	1 0 80	2140	1010	4136	1200	1400
5	53 53		ě	0	0	0	ě	Ð	ě	0
56-27	55 55	BRANCH R	0 FORESTDAI	. 0	0	9	01.3	9	0	. 0
ā	55 55	9.4	6	26	· 65	ssı	91.2 99 5	299	1.60 421	560
3	55	729		1040	1215	1395	1580	1780	1985	2205
						-				

\$555666666699999995555555555555551111114547455	PAUTUXET R, 0.2 530 1135 1756 2470 HARTFORD 23000.0 153000.01 250000.02 CONN. R, MI	28000.0 320 80000.0 880 62000.01720 67000.02950	90.0 37 90.0 98 90.018	2000.0 42 3000.0105	000.0 47 000.0114 000.0203 0.0	7000.0 54 4000.0124	1000.0 600 1000.01340	100.0 201 100.0 661 100.01431	
6 45 1 57	MANCHESTER,	COMM.	.5		•	1.			2
23456123456 R		R., H.B.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	୬ ୦୭ ୭୭ ତତ୍ତ୍ର	00000 00000	1:		0,000 00000	. 0000000000000000000000000000000000000

GO TO 50

```
40
                                                                               X=X-BCDLOU(3)
TSS
                      PROGRAM TO CONVERT DECIMAL AZIMUTH AND
   TDB 4 DEC 75
                                                                               II=J+6-(J-1)#2 :BIT MAPPING
C
       ELEVATION ANGLES TO BCD SUITABLE FOR INPUT TO
                                                                               CALL ISET(ILOW, II)
       INTERFACE
                                                                      50
                                                                               CONTINUE
      TO 1845 DIGITAL COMPARATOR CONFILER DOUBLE PRECISION
C
                                                                               IBCDH(I)=IHIGH
                                                                               IBCDL(I)=ILOU
         DINEMSTON X1(2), X2(2), IBCDH(2), IBCDL(2)
COMMON IBLK/BCDHIGH(10), BCDLOW(8), ISTOW(5)
                                                                      100
                                                                               CONTINUE
                                                                               WRITE BINARY(6)IBCDL(1), IBCDH(1), IBCDL(2), IECDH(2)
         DATA PCDHIGH/200.,100.,80.,40.,20.,10.,8.,4.,2.,1./
                                                                               ICT - ICT+1
                                                                               X1(1)=X1(1)+X1INC
1
      FCD TABLE
                                                                               IF(X1(1).GE.0)GO TO 201
         DATH BCDLOW/.S..4,.2,.1,.08,.04,.02,.01/
                                                                               X1(1)=X1(1)+360.
                                                                      201
    STOW ANGLES AND FILE ENDER
                                                                               X1(2)*X1(2)*XŽINC
         DATA ISTOW/0,0,200K,211K,-1/
                                                                               IF(X1(1).GT.360.)X1(1)=X1(1)-360. ;PROB NOT NEEDED, B
                                                                      UT..
         CALL OPEN(5, "PTAE", 1, IER)
CALL OPEN(6, "BCDAZEL", 3, IER)
CALL OPEN(7, "NANGLES", 3, IER)
IF(IER.NE.1) TYPE "OE", IER
                                                                      105
                                                                               CONTINUE
                                                                               IF(IFLG.EQ.1)X2(1)=X2(1)+360.
                                                                      109
                                                                               X1(1)=X2(1)
                                                                               X1(2)=X2(2)
         M1=-1
                                                                               READ(5,110)X2
         D1=1
                                                                               FORMAT(2(1X,F6.2))
                                                                      110
                                                                               IF(X2(1).EQ.0.AND.X2(2).EQ.90)GO TO 120
         READ(5,6,END=500)TSINCE ;READ 1ST REC ON FILE READ (5,7)DT,X2 FORMAT(F14.9)
                                                                               GO TO 15
                                                                      120
                                                                               URITE BINARY (6) ISTOL
5
                                                                               URITE(7,700)ICT
FORMAT(1X,16)
         FORMAT(F5.1/2(1X,F6.2))
                                                                      766
         IFIN=DT
                                                                               CALL CLOSE (5, IER)
                                                                      500
         WRITE(6,11)TSINCE,D1
                                                                               CALL CLOSE(6, IER)
         ICT=1
                                                                               CALL CLOSE (7, IER)
         [FLG=0
                                                                               CALL CHAIN("LS1.SU", IER)
11
         FORNAT: F14.9.F6.1)
                                                                               IF (IER.NE.1) TYPE "INTERPLERR", IER
         GO TO 109
                                                                               STOP
                                                                               END
15
         IFLG=0
                                                                      1
         IF(ABS(X2(1)-X1(1)).GT.300)IFLG=1
         IF(IFLG.EQ.1)X2(1)=X2(1)-360.
         X1INC=(X2(1)-X1(1))/DT
         X2INC=(X2(2)-X1(2))/DT
         DO 105 INC=1, IFIN
         J3, SA; S,1+1 001 00
         X*X1(I)
         IHIGH=0
         ILOU-0
         00 30 J=1,10
         IF(BODHIGH(J).LE.X)GO TO 20 ;CHECK BCD TABLE
         GO TO 30 : SMALLER THAN VALUE IN TABLE
50
         d=N=ECDHIGH(J) ;>=VALUE IN TABLE
         S*(1-C)-S+5=11
C PREVIOUS LINE IS MAPPING FROM DO LOOP INDEX TO BIT POS
         CHLL ISET (HIGH, II) ; BIT ORDER ON P.9-11 OF FORT IV
39
         BG 50 J-1,8
         ĬĔĸĠĊĐĹOŨŰĴŊĸĿĿĸŊĠŎ 70 40
```

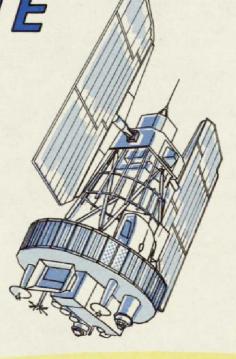
APPENDIX F - LITERATURE CITED AND RELATED DOCUMENTS

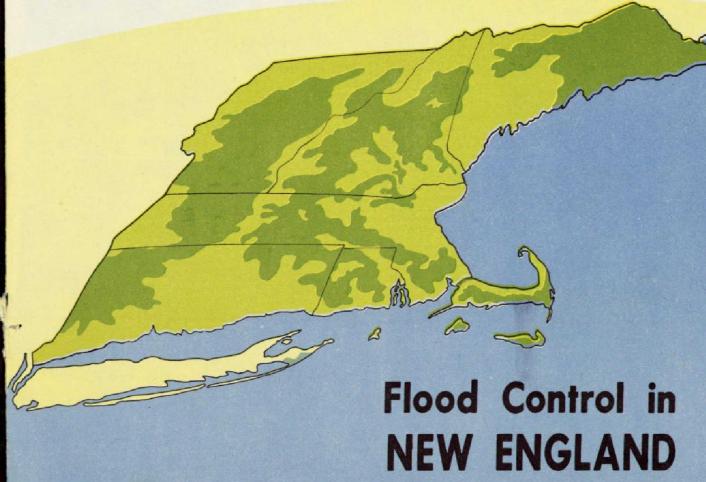
- Escobal, P.R.* "Methods of Orbit Determination".
 New York: John Wiley and Sons, 1965
- 2. "How to Use the NOVA Computers". Data General Corporation Southboro, Massachusetts
- 3. "Real Time Disc Operating System", Revision 3 or higher.

 Data General Corporation, Southboro, Massachusetts
- 4. "Fortran IV", Data General Corporation, Southboro, Massachusetts

*Referred to in text.







28-F-2

THE LANDSAT SATELLITE and FLOOD CONTROL IN NEW ENGLAND

JUNE 1976

HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

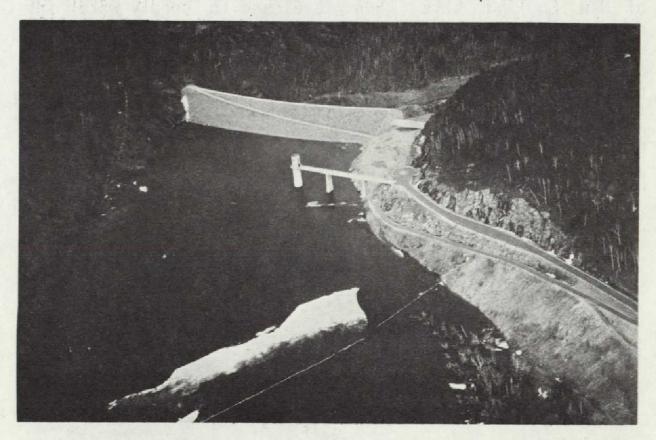
Since the Industrial Revolution in the 1800's, the rivers of New England have been developed to supply water for power and transportation. As new means of transportation became more economical both railroad and highway systems were built along the banks of the rivers to service the expanding needs of the industrial, commercial and urban centers. Structures, such as buildings, roads, bridges and dams have restricted floodways to such an extent that considerable property and environmental damages have occurred during moderate and major floods. Notable floods of November 1927, March 1936, September 1938 and August 1955 have demonstrated the need for flood control to prevent these natural catastrophes.



AUGUST 1955 FLOOD DAMAGE AT WINSTED, CONNECTICUT

HELLITE CHIEF CHIEF SATELLITE

At the direction of Congress, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers developed a comprehensive plan of protection for each river basin after a careful analysis of all water resources. Protective works generally consist of a combination of channel improvements, dikes and / or floodwalls at major damage centers augmented by upstream flood control reservoirs. Many of these reservoirs contain additional storage reserved for other uses such as water supply, conservation and recreation. The Corps has built 35 flood control reservoirs, 37 local protection projects and 4 hurricane barriers in New England at a total investment of over \$350 million.



BALL MOUNTAIN DAM AND RESERVOIR JAMAICA, VERMONT

To achieve optimum operating benefits from this comprehensive protection system, the New England Division requires hydrologic data such as river, reservoir and tidal levels, wind velocity and direction, barometric pressure and precipitation.

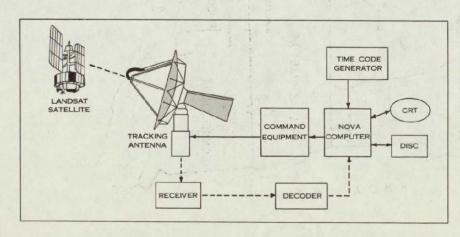
In the past this data was collected from field observation and relayed via telephone or voice radio. It took several hours to compile and assess the data in this manner. With the need for timely and reliable information increasing, the Corps began development of new methods of data collection.

LANDSAT

Since July 1972, LANDSAT has been relaying river stage, precipitation and water quality data from DCP's via the Goddard Space Flight Center to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England Division, in near real time. This is the first resources satellite designed to obtain data from the planet Earth exclusively for planning, design, operations and research of land and water resources.

THE NED GROUND RECEIVE STATION

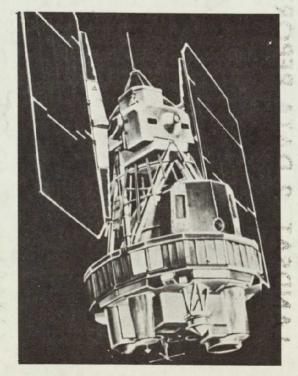
Since any operational satellite configuration should include ground receiving stations at all major user locales, NED, with NASA support has constructed and is now operating an inexpensive semiautomatic and easily maintained ground receive station as a follow-up to its original study. The Division is now able to receive hydrometeorological data from data collection platforms in the field directly at its headquarters in Waltham, Massachusetts with no time delays. The software to drive the antenna system has been developed with the intention that the antenna operate in an unattended mode automatically over nights and during weekends and holidays, with a computer controlling all processes. A diagram of the overall facility is shown.



NED GROUND RECEIVING STATION DIAGRAM

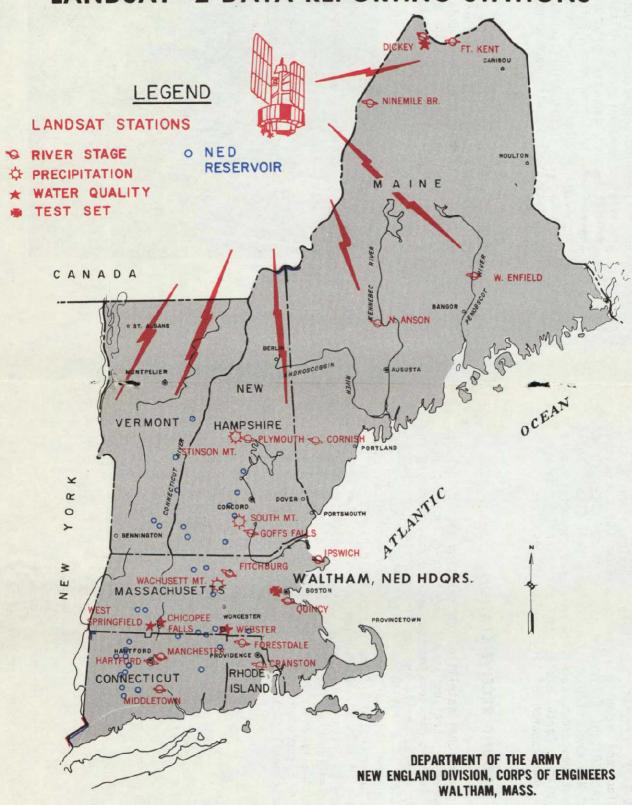
In 1970, the Automatic Hydrologic Radio Reporting Network was placed in operation. This ground-based radio relay system consists of 41 remote reporting stations, and a central control at Division Headquarters in Waltham, Massachusetts. This network, under computer programmed control, collects and analyzes, in real time mode, information which is essential for flood regulation. The remote reporting stations are strategically located in five major river basins and at key coastal points, with each contributing to a detailed, comprehensive hydrologic picture.

In June 1972, NASA entered into a contract with the Corps for an experiment to study the feasibility of using the Earth Resources Technology Satellite (ERTS or LANDSAT) for collecting environmental data from Data Collection Platforms (DCP's) which are installed at 27 locations throughout New England. Many are situated at existing U.S. Geological Survey gaging stations.



LANDSAT SATELLITE

LANDSAT-2 DATA REPORTING STATIONS



78-1-86

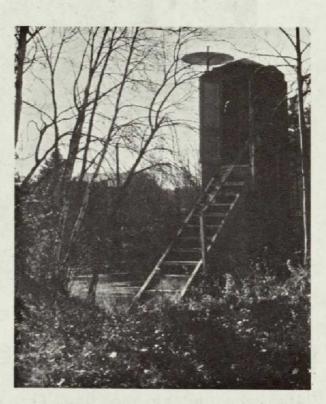
A major objective of the program has been to compare the cost, reliability, and operational effectiveness of the LANDSAT Data Collection System with the existing NED radio network.

bigging a verball calubors sell by agrafiel surfact w

Data collection platforms tested by the Corps have performed successfully in all seasons including the winter months and also during significant flood events, transmitting near real time operationally useful data for our flood fighting missions.



TRACKING ANTENNA
AT NED WALTHAM, MA.

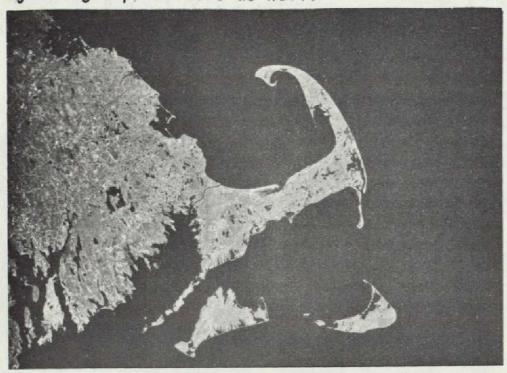


DATA COLLECTION PLATFORM SACO RIVER CORNISH, MAINE

The satellite proved invaluable in April and early May of 1973 and 1974, monitoring flooding in Maine Rivers. LANDSAT relayed data from five remote river points in that state to aid the New England Division in the coordination of the flood emergencies.

The successful testing of the LANDSAT Data Collection System at the New England Division should encourage serious consideration of the institution of an operational satellite data relay system on a Corps-wide basis. System analysis is being performed to refine cost data and to articulate the data collection needs of Corps users.

The New England Division is also studying imagery regularly collected by LANDSAT to determine the usefulness in planning, designing, and managing water resource systems. It is well established that such imagery is suited to measuring areal extent of ice, snow, and open water, and for estimating moisture regimes. Our studies involve computer analysis of scenes and will explore indirect methods of calculating other hydrologic parameters as well.



IMAGERY PHOTO TAKEN FROM LANDSAT

FLOOD CONTROL OPERATIONS

Data received at the New England Division's Reservoir Control Center from either the Automatic Hydrologic Radio Reporting Network or the LANDSAT Data Collection System is compiled by computer. This is augmented by information from other sources such as the National Weather Service Meteorologic and River Forecast Offices and the U.S. Geological Survey. Experienced engineers and hydrologists at the Reservoir Control Center analyze the data for timely operation of dams and hurricane barriers, and then issue instructions to operating field personnel.

Flood control reservoirs, local protection projects and hurricane barriers built by the Corps in New England have been responsible for prevention of about \$300 million in flood and storm damage.



Lieutenant General William C. Gribble, Jr. Chief of Engineers



Colonel John H. Mason Division Engineer

KEY OFFICIALS

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

COLONEL JOHN H. MASON

New England Division Engineer

COLONEL RALPH T. GARVER Deputy Division Engineer

JOHN WM. LESLIE Chief, Engineering Division

VYTO L. ANDRELIUNAS Chief, Operations Division

SAUL COOPER
Chief, Water Control Branch

28-F-11



