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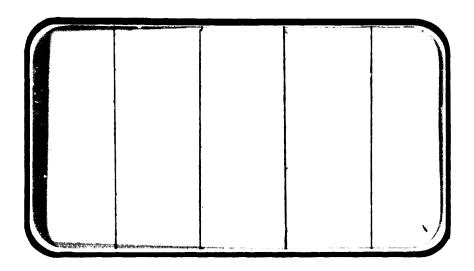
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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION



(NASA-CR-151058) RESULTS OF PHASE CHANGE
HEAT TRANSFER TEST OH51 USING 0.006-SCALE HC AD3/MF AO)
SPACE SHUTTLE OFBITER MODELS 46-0 AND 90-0
AND PARTIAL WING 0.0175-SCALE MODEL 64-0 IN
THE LARC 31-INCH CFHT (Chrysler Corp.) 4 1 p G3/16 22929

SPACE SHUTTLE

AEROTHERMODYNAMIC DATA REPORT



JOHNSON SPACE CENTER HOUSTON, TEXAS

DATA MANagement services

SPACE DIVISION CHRYSLER

DMS-DR-2368 NASA CR-151,058

RESULTS OF PHASE CHANGE HEAT TRANSFER TEST OH51
USING 0.006-SCALE SPACE SHUTTLE ORBITER MODELS
46-0 AND 90-0 AND PARTIAL WING 0.0175-SCALE
MODEL 64-0 IN THE LaRC 31-INCH CFHT

bу

J. W. Cummings Shuttle Aero Sciences Rockwell International Space Division

Prepared under NASA Contract Number NAS9-13247

bу

Data Management Services
Chrysler Corporation Michoud Defense-Space Division
New Orleans, La. 70139

for

Engineering Analysis Division

Johnson Space Center National Aeronautics and Space Administration Houston, Texas

WIND TUNNEL TEST SPECIFICS:

Test Number:

LaRC CFHT 112

NASA Series Number:

OH51

Model Number:

46-0, 64-0, 90-0

Test Dates:

June 17 through July 3, 1974

Occupancy Hours:

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RESULTS OF PHASE CHANGE HEAT TRANSFER TEST OH51
USING 0.006-SCALE SPACE SHUTTLE ORBITER MODELS
46-0 AND 90-0 AND PARTIAL WING 0.0175-SCALE
MODEL 64-0 IN THE LARC 31-INCH CFHT

by

J. W. Cummings, Rockwell International Space Division

ABSTRACT

Test procedures and results of OH51 are described in this report.

Test OH51 was a phase change paint test conducted in the LaRC 31-inch CFHT utilizing models 46-0, 64-0, and 90-0. Model 46-0 represented the Space Shuttle configuration 139 Orbiter. Model 90-0 represented the configuration 140 Orbiter. Model 64-0 represented the forward 45% portion of the Orbiter wing. The partial wing was tested with a shock generator located at various positions relative to the wing. The test was conducted at Mach 10.0, angles of attack from 27.5° through 37.5°, and Reynolds numbers of 0.5 and 1.5 million per foot.

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NOMENCLATURE

Symbol	Definition
M	freestream Mach number
Po	freestream stagnation pressure, psia
Re/ft	freestream unit Reynolds number, million per foot
To	freestream total temperature, °F
т _{рс}	paint phase change temperature, °F
X	longitudinal distance between shock generator leading edge and wing model reference point as defined in figure 2c, in.
x _o	Orbiter longitudinal coordinate, in.
Υ	lateral distance between shock generator centerline and wing model reference point as defined in figure 2c, in.
Yo	Orbiter lateral coordinate, in.
Z	vertical distance between shock generator and wing model reference system as defined in figure 2c, in.
z _o	Orbiter vertical coordinate, in.
α	angle of attack, deg.
β	angle of sideslip, deg.
Ti	initial model temperature before model is injected into tunnel, $^{\circ}\text{F}$
b/2	semi-span
С	local chord, inches
IML	inner mold line
OML	outer mold line

CONFIGURATIONS INVESTIGATED

Three different configurations were investigated. Model 64-0 was a partial model of the Orbiter wing. Model 46-0 represented the Orbiter -139 configuration. Model 90-0 represented the Orbiter -140 configuration. The shock generator edge model was cut from an existing 0.0175-scale, Grumman built, Material "G", Orbiter paint model 21-0. Two identical models were fabricated: one for testing at $\alpha=30^\circ$ and the other for testing at $\alpha=35^\circ$. The model was cut from the left hand wing to have dimensions from the 35% semi-span to the wing tip and cut along a line three inches from the leading edge and parallel to the 45° sweep angle. The model was sting mounted directly to the tunnel support system. A removable thin metal plate was attached at the 35% semi-span. A third leading edge model was fabricated and painted with strips to be used as a grid reference system. The model was defined by Rockwell drawing SS-H-01304 and is shown in figures 2b and 3c.

The leading edge wing model was sting mounted to the tunnel support system and positioned to be visible in the Schlieren window. The shock generator consisted of a series of sharp nose cones attached to a strut and located forward of the wing leading edge model. Six cones were provided which had half angles of 25°, 27°, 28°, 29°, 30°, and 32°. All cones were made from 17-4 PH stainless steel and all were removable. The shock generator was attached to the injection system floor. Shock strength and location were varied by changing cones and location of the generator. It was defined by Rockwell drawing SS-H-01305. Figures

CONFIGURATIONS INVESTIGATED (Continued)

2c and 3d show the shock generator installation with the partial wing model.

The 0.006 paint model 46-0 was sting mounted to the tunnel support system utilizing the W-118SA bent sting adapter. The model was rolled 90° clockwise from the conventional position and located in the Schlieren window in the same general location as the leading edge wing model. The 0.006 paint model 90-0 was sting mounted to the tunnel support system and rolled 90° utilizing the SS-H-00386-1 bent sting adapter. A reference grid model was available for each configuration. All models were leveled in pitch and roll prior to testing. Figure 2a shows the general Orbiter configuration. Figure 3a shows an Orbiter grid model mounted in the tunnel.

Two 35-mm cameras were aligned and focused on the model in the tunnel, one from the top and one from the side. When taking paint data, both cameras operated together. When Schlieren coverage was required, the side camera was "cranked" down out of the way. When testing the leading edge wing model, the initial location of the shock generator was positioned at pre-determined values. Upon evaluation of the Schlieren photographs, the shock generator was adjusted as required to position shock impingement. Any movement in the shock generator was noted and recorded as given in Table II.

Before each run, the initial temperature of the model was determined by a digital contact thermometer. This thermometer was mounted on the end of a probe, which was placed against the model surface for a reading. Before and after a run, the model was in the injection chamber outside

CONFIGURATIONS INVESTIGATED (Continued)

of the test section. Only after flow was established was the model and support system injected. Continuous pictures were taken throughout the test period. At the end of the test period, the model was withdrawn. The test period was determined by the paint-melt temperature and estimated heating rates. After the model was removed from the injection chamber and replaced by a freshly painted model, specific areas of interest on the tested model were photographed at various angles with a Polaroid camera. After all photographs were completed, the model was washed with a solvent to remove the remaining paint. Fresh paint was then sprayed on to prepare the model for another run.

The models were denoted as follows:

Configuration Designation	Mode1	Component Designation
Wing	64-0	W ₁₂₃
139 ORB	46-0	$^{B}_{17}$ $^{C}_{7}$ $^{F}_{5}$ $^{M}_{4}$ $^{V}_{7}$ $^{W}_{103}$ $^{E}_{22}$ $^{R}_{5}$
140 ORB	90-0	^B 26 ^C 9 ^F 8 ^M 7 ^V 8 ^W 116 ^E 22

Where individual component designations were as follows:

Nomenclature	Description
B ₁₇	Body (46-0)

CONFIGURATIONS INVESTIGATED (Concluded)

Nomenclature	Description
B ₂₆	Body (90-0)
c ₇	Canopy (46-0)
c ₉	Canopy (90-0)
F ₅	Body Flap (46-0)
F ₈	Body Flap (90-0)
M ₄	OMS Pods (46-0)
^M 7	OMS Pods (90-0)
V ₇	Vertical Tail (46-0)
v ₈	Vertical Tail (90-0)
W ₁₀₃	Wing used with body B_{17} , (46-0)
W ₁₁₆	Wing used with body B ₂₆ .(90-0)
W ₁₂₃	Partial wing fabricated from left wing of model 21-0, (64-0)
E ₂₂	elevon
R ₅	rudder

TEST FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The Mach 10 nozzle of the Langley Continuous Flow Hypersonic Tunnel is designed to operate at stagnation pressures of 15 to 150 atmospheres at temperatures up to 1960°R. Air is preheated electrically by passing it through a multi-tube heater. The nozzle has a 31-inch square test section which incorporates a movable second minimum. Continuous operation is achieved by passing the air through a series of compressors. Additional information on this facility is given in NASA TM X-1130 entitled, "Characteristics of Major Active Wind Tunnels at the Langley Research Center," by William T. Schaefer, Jr.

DATA REDUCTION

Recorded data consisted of motion picture film recorded by the cameras outside the tunnel. These data are retained by:

James C. Dunavant Mail Stop 408 Langley Research Center Hampton, Va. 23665 Phone: (804) 827-3984

Use of the data should be obtained through contact with the above person.

REFERENCES

- 1. SD74-SH-0017, "Pretest Information For Tests of an 0.0175-Scale Leading Edge Wing Model (64-0) and a 0.006 Scale Paint Model (46-0 and 90-0) in the Langley Research Center, Variable Density, Mach Wind Tunnel (Test OH51)," By D. G. Walstad, March 6, 1974.
- 2. Jones, R. A. and Jaeger, Hunt: "Use of Temperature Indicators for Obtaining Quantitative Aerodynamic Heat Transfer Data." NASA-TRR-230 (Feb. 1966).
- 3. Carslaw, H. S. and Jaeger J. C.: "Conduction of Heat in Solids." Oxford Clarenden Press (1959).
- 4. SAS/WTO/74-407, Trip Report for Test OH51, Model 64-0, Wing and Shock Generator Including Two (2) 0.006-Scale Full Span Orbiters. By J. W. Cummings, dated July 23, 1974.

TEST: OH51 (LaRC (CFHT 112)		DATE: Post-test						
	TEST CONDITIONS								
		T							
MACH NUMBER	REYNOLDS NUMBER (per foot)	DYNAMIC PRESSURE (pounds/sq. inch)	STAGNATION TEMPERATURE (degrees Fahrenheit)						
10.0	1.5 x 10 ⁶	7.788	1375						
10.0	0.5 x 10 ⁶	2.424	1350						
									
			 						
			<u> </u>						
BALANCE UTILIZED: _									
	CAPACITY:	ACCURACY:	COEFFICIENT TOLERANCE:						
NF									
SF									
AF									
PM									
км	-								
YM									
COMMENTS:									
			l						

TABLE II. - TEST PROGRAM

Config.	α (deg)	Re/ft (million/ft)	P o (psia)	T ₀ (°F)	Τ _i (°F)	(°FS	Cone half angle (deg)	Х	Position Y	Z	Run No.
140 ORB 139 ORB 140B ORB 140B ORB 139 ORB Wing Wing Wing Wing 139 ORB 140 ORB 139 ORB	30 30 35 35 35 30 32.5 37.5 30 7 32.5 32.5 30 32.5 30 32.5 30 32.5 30 32.5 30 32.5 30 32.5	0.5 0.5	375 375	1360 1370 1360 1395 1370 1410 1350 1375 1390 1400 1375 1360 1375 1350 1355 1355 1360 1360	78 78 80 80 0il 0il 82 82 82 0il 0il 77 77 77 77 77 78 78 78	300 300 500 500 Flow Flow 350 500 500 Flow Flow Flow 350 250 250 0il 350 0il 250					GRID GRID GRID GRID GRID GRID GRID GRID

12

Config.	α (deg)	Re/ft (million/ft)	Po (psia)	т _о (°F)	(°F)	T _{pc} (°F)	Cone half angle (deg)	X Po	sition Y	Z	Run No.
Wing	30	0.5	375	1350	78	350					24
-	37.5	T	T	1350	78	0i1					25
1	30		1	1350	78	250					26 27
	30	ł		1355	79	0i1					2/
Į.	35	ł		1360 1370	79	350 350					28 20
]	27.5 35			1370	80 80	250					29 30
}	27.5	1	ļ	1370	80	250					28 29 30 31
1	35	ļ	ł	1375	80	011					32
•	27.5			1380	80	0i1					33
ł	32.5	↓	\downarrow	1385	80	0i1					34
-		SHOCK GENER	ATOR INS								
j	30	T	T	1350	75	350	25	5.0	2.37	1.28	35
ļ	I			1405	75	250	Ţ	Ţ	Ŧ	Ţ	36 37 38
1				1340	75	0i1		-	\ <u>\</u>	1	37
	35 30			1330	75 77	350	2 8 ↓	5.0	2 <u>.</u> 79	1.32	აგ აი
1	30 35	0.5	375	1335 1360	77 77	350 250	▼ 28	↓ 5.0	2.79	1.32	39 40
	30		3/3	1360	77	250	70 T	J. U	Z./3	T.32	41
j	35			1375	78	0il	į.	- 1			42
ļ	30	[ľ	1375	78	Ŏil	↓	1	\downarrow		43
•	30			1380	78	350	29	5.0	2.93	1.34	44
1	30	į		1385	80	250	T	T	T	T	45
İ	30			1335	80	0il	1	1	1	1	46
	35	1		1320	80	350	30	5.0	3.07	1.36	47
	30			1300	80	350	T	T	T	T	48
	35			1330	80	250			1		49 50
	30		Ì	1350	80 75	250	ĺ		İ	1	50 51
	35 30	↓	Ψ	1345 1360	75 75	0il 0il	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	4	51 52

		0.764		. .	-	Cone	Position			Run	
Config.	(deg)	Re/ft (million/ft)	P _O (psia)	(°F)	(°F)	(°F)	half angle (deg)	X	Y	Z	No.
Wing	30	0.5	375	1360	78	350	27	6.08	3.19	1.29	53
1	30	1	l l	1360	78	250	1	1	1	1	54
	30 35 35 35 35		1	1370	78	011		1	₩	- 14-	55 56
}	35		į	1375	78	350	28	5 ¥ 6	3.07	1 * 18	56
	35		ĺ	1320	80	250	1	1	1	ł	57
į	35	ŀ	ì	1320	80	250		1		:	58
1	35		ł	1375	80	011	į]		ļ	59
•	30 30	ļ	ì	1385	80	350 350	}			ļ	60 61
1	30 30		1	1335 1320	80 80	250 011	Ţ			Į.	62
	30	i	ŀ	1320	80 80	350	29	5.08	2.98	1.06	63
1	30		7	1320	80	250	1	1	2.90	1.00	64
- (30	0 .* 5	375	1320	80	0il	29	5.08	2.98	1.06	65
1	30 35		3/3	1315	1	350	30	5.10	3.10	1.08	66
	35		İ	1370		250	1	1	1	1	67
1	35		1	1335	}	0i1	1	1		1.	68
į.	35 30			1340	j	350	30	5. 08	3.14	1.08	69
}	30	į.		1335		250	1	1	ı	ì	70
	30			1365	₩	0i1	↓	Ţ	1	1	71
]	30	1		1345	82	350	32	5.08	3.45	1.12	72
j	30	1		1350	82	250	[1	1	ł	73
1	30			1335	82	0i1	1				74
ļ	30			1335	82	500	<u> </u>		.↓.	\checkmark	75 76
1	30			1325	82	350	27	5. ^V 0	2.64	131	76
}	30		1.	1340	82	250					77
Ţ	30	•	v	1365	82	0i1					78

7

TABLE III. - MODEL DIMENSIONAL DATA

MODEL COMPONENT: Body (E	317)		
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Basic	fuselage for a	models 46-1, -2,	-3, -4.
Model Scale = 0.00593			
DRAWING NUMBER	VL70-000139		
DIMENSION:		FULL SCALE	MODEL SCALE
Length ~ in.		1290.3	7.65148
Max Width _ in.		267.6	1.58687
Max Depth∼ in.		244.5	1.44988
Fineness Ratio		4.82175	4.82175
Areo ~ ft ²			
Mux Cross-Sectional		386.67	0.01360
Planform		***************************************	
Wetted			
Bose			

MODEL COMPONENT: BODY - B26		
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Orbiter Fuselage Confi	guration 140 A/B	
NOTE: B26 identical to B24 except undersid	e of fuselage refa	aired to
accept W ₁₁₆ .		
Model Scale = 0.006		
DRAWING NUMBER: VL70-000193 VL70-000140A		
DIMENSIONS:	FULL-SCALE	MODEL SCALE
Length (Body Fwd Sta $X_0 = 235$) - in.	1293.3	7.759
Max. Width (at $X_0 = 1520$) - in.	262.0	1.572
Max. Depth (at X ₀ = 1464) - in.	250.0	1.500
Fineness Ratio	0.25357	0.25357
Arca - ft²		
Max. Cross-Sectional	340.88462	.01227
Planform		
Wetted		
Base		

MODEL COMPONENT: Canopy (C7)			
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: 3 configurations per	lines VL70-0001	39. Insufficient	
information to complete dimensional data at t	his time.		
Model Scale = 0.006			
DRAWING NUMBER VL70-000139			
DIMENSION:	FULL SCALE	MODEL SCALE	
Length (Sta. Fwd. Bulkhead)	432.70	3.0309	
Max Width (T.E. Bulkhead)	571.40	3.997	
Mox Depth (WPZ ₀ = to Z_0 = 501)			
Fineness Ratio			
Area			
Max Cross-Sectional			
Planform .			
Wetted	-	·	
Base			

MODEL DIMENSIONAL DATA - Continued.

MODEL COMPONENT : Canopy (C9)	,		
GENERAL DESCRIPTION Configuration 140B			
Model Scale = 0.006			
VL70-000140B DRAWING NUMBER: VL70-000143A			
	,		
DIMENSIONS :	FULL SCALE	MODEL SCALE	
Length (X ₀ =434.643 to 670.0)	235.357	1.412	
Max Width (@ $X_0 = 513.127$)	152.412	914	
Max Depth (@ $X_0 = 485.0$)	25.00	.150	
Fineness Ratio			
Area			
Max. Cross—Sectional	****************		
Planform			
Wetted	•		
Bose			

MODEL COMPONENT: ELEVON E22		
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Design configurat	ion 3, right wing o	nly
Model Scale: 0.006		
DRAWING NUMBER: VL70-000139		
DIMENSIONS:	FULL-SCALE	MODEL SCALE
Area- Ft ²	205.52	0.00739
Span (equivalent) - In.	353.34	2.120
Inb'd equivalent chord - In.	114.78	0.689
Outb'd equivalent chord - In.	55.00	0.330
Ratio movable surface chord/ total surface chord		
At Inb'd equiv. chord	0.208	0.208
At Outb'd equiv. chord	0.400	0.400
Sweep Back Angles, degrees		
Leading Edge	0.00	0.00
Tailing Edge	-10.24	-10.24
Hingeline	0.00	0.00
Area Moment (Normal to hinge line)		

MODEL COMPONENT: BODY FIRE (F5)		
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Body flap located on the lower aft end of the orbiter fuselage.		
Model Scale = 0.00593		
DRAWING NUMBER VI70	0-000139	
DIMENSION:	FULL SCALE	MODEL SCALE
Length ~ in.	84.70	0.50227
Max Width ~ in.	267.6	1.58687
Max Depth		
Fineness Ratio		
Area ~ ft ²		
Max Cross-Sectional		
Planform ·	142.5195	0.00501
Wetted		
Base	38.0958	0.60134

MODEL COMPONENT: Body	Flap - Fg	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Conf	iguration 4		
Model Scale - 0.006 DRAWING NUMBER	VL70-000140B,	V1.70-000200	
DIMENSION:	•	FULL SCALE	MODEL SCALE
Le ngth in. Max Width ⁱⁿ .		262.308	
Max Depth in.		23.000	.138
Fineness Ratio Area – ft²			-
Max Cross-Sectional			
Planform		158.85350	.0057
Wetted			
Base	•	41.89642	.00151

MODEL COMPONENT: 015 Pod - 11/1	
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: OMS Pods loc	ated on the aft Orbiter fuselage
Model Scale = 0.00593	
DRAWING NUMBER . VL70-00	0139
DIMENSION:	FULL SCALE MODEL SCA
Length - IN	346.0 2.05178
Max Width - IN	108.0 0.64044
Max Depth - IN	113.0 113.0
Fineness Ratio Area - FT ²	
Max Cross-Sectional	
Planform '	
Wetted	
Base	•

g of OMS Pod

WP = 463.9 in. F.S.: WP 400 + 63.9 = 463.9

BP = 80.0 in. F.S.

Length 1214.0 to 1560.0 = 346.0 in. F.S.

NOTE: My identical to M3 of 2A configuration except intersection to body.

MODEL COMPONENT: OMS POD - M7	•	
CENERAL DESCRIPTION: Configuration 1408 C	Orbiter OMS Pod	
•		
MODEL SCALE: 0.006		
VI/70-000140A DRAWING NUMBER: VL/70-000145		
DIMENSIONS:	FULL SCALE	MODEL SCALE
Length (OMS Fwd Sta $X_0 = 1233.0$) - IN.	327.000	1.962
Max Width (@ $X_0 = 1450.0$) - IN.	94.5	.567
Max. Depth (@ X ₀ = 1493.0) - IN.	109.000	654
Area		
Max Max Cross-Sectional		
Planform	particular de la constantidad	
Wetted	-	
Base		

MODEL COMPONENT: RUDDER R ₅			
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Design configurations 2A, 3 and 3A			
MODEL SCALE: 0.006			
DRAWING NUMBER: VL70-000146A -C	000095 -000139		
DIMENSIONS:	FULL-SCALE	MODEL SCALE	
Area - Ft ²	100.15	0.036	
Span (equivalent)-In.	201.00	1.206	
Inb'd equivalent chord - In.	91.585	0.5495	
Outb'd equivalent chord - In.	50.833	0.305	
Ratio movable surface chord/ total surface chord			
At Inb'd equiv. chord	0.400	0.400	
At Outb'd equiv. chord	0.400	0.400	
Sweep Back Angles, degrees			
Leading Edge	3 .83	34.83	
Tailing Edge	26.25	26.25	
Hingeline	34.83	34.83	
Area Moment (Normal to hinge line)			
Mean aerodynamic chord - In.	73.2	0.4392	

TABLE III. - Continued.

MODEL COMPONENT: Vertical (V ₇)-			
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Conterline	vertical tail, do	uble-wedge airfo	oil with
rounded leading edge.			
	···		
Model Scale = 0.00593			
DRAWING NUMBER:	VL70-0000139 VL70-000095		
DIMENSIONS:		FULL-SCALE	MODEL SCALE
TOTAL DATA			
Area, (Theo.) ft ² Planform		425.92	0.01498
Span, (Theo.) in.		315.72	1.87222
Aspect Ratio		1.675	1.675
Rate of Taper		0.507	0.507
Taper Ratio		0.404	0.404
Sweepback Angles, degrees	;		
Leading Edge		45.000	45.000
Trailing Edge		26.249	26.249
0.25 Element Line		41.130	41.130
Chords:		0/0.50	3 50000
Root, (Theo.) WP Tip, (Theo.) WP		268.50	1.59220
MAC		108.47	0.64323
Fus. Sta. of 0.25 MAC		1463.50	8.67856
W.P. of 0.25 MAC		635.522	3.76864
B.L. of 0.25 MAC		0.00	0.00
Airfoil Section			
Leading Wedge Angle,	degrees	10.000	10.000
Trailing Wedge Angle,	degrees	14.920	14.920
Leadin g Edge Radius ∼	in.	2.00	0.01186
Void Area		13.17	0.00046
Blanketed Area			

MODEL COMPONENT: VERTICAL - V8				
GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Configuration 1408 Orbiter Vertical Tail				
NOTE: Similar to V5 with re	dius of T.E. upper	corner and L.E.	corner	
where vertical meets	fuselage.			
MODEL SCALE = 0.006		**		
DRAWING NUMBER:	VL70-000140B			
DIMENSIONS:		FULL -SCALE	MODEL SCALE	
TOTAL DATA				
Area (Theo) Ft ² Planform		413.253	.0148	
Span (Theo) In		315.72	1.894	
Aspect Ratio Rate of Taper		1.675 0.507	1.675 0.507	
Taper Rutio Sweep Back Angles, degree	S	0.404	0.404	
Leading Edge	-	45.00	45.00	
Trailing Edge 0.25 Element Line		25.947 41.130	25.947 41.130	
Chords:				
Root (Theo) WP Tip (Theo) WP		268.500 108.470	$\frac{1.611}{0.651}$	
MAC		199.807	1.198	
Fus. Sta. of .25 MAC W. P. of .25 MAC		1463.50 635.52	8.781 3.813	
B. L. of .25 MAC		0.00	0.00	
Airfoil Section Leading Wedge Angle	Deg	10.00	10.00	
Trailing Wedge Angle	Deg	14.920	14.92	
Le¶ding Edge Radius Void Área		<u>2.00</u> <u>13.17</u>	$\frac{2.00}{13.17}$	
Blanketed Area		0.0	0.00	

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: Configuration 3 Orbiter per lines VL70-000139			
NOTE: Same planform as W87, except dihedral	at TE		
Scale Model = 0.006			
DRAWING NUMBER: VL70-000139			
DIMENSIONS:	FULL-SCALE	MODEL SCAL	
TOTAL DATA			
Area (Theo.) - Ft ² Planform Wetted Span (Theo In.) Aspect Ratio Rate of Taper	936.68 2.265 1.177	0.09684 5.62 2.265 1.177	
Taper Ratio Dihedral Angle, degrees (@ TE of Elevor Incidence Angle, degrees Aerodynamic Twist, degrees Toe-In Angle Cant Angle	0.200 3.500 3.000 +3.000	0.200 3.500 3.000 +3.000	
Sweep Back Angles, degrees Leading Edge Trailing Edge 0.25 Element Line Chords:	45,000 -10,24 35,209	45.000 -10.24 35.209	
Root (Theo) B.P.O.O. Tip, (Theo) B.P. MAC Fus. Sta. of .25 MAC W.P. of .25 MAC B.L. of .25 MAC Airfoil Section Root Tip	689,24 137,85 474,81 1136,89 299,20 182,13	4.135 0.8271 2.849 6.8213 1.7952 1.09278	
Area (Theo) Ft ² Span, (Theo) In. BP108 Aspect Ratio Taper Ratio	1752.29 720.68 2.058 0.2451		
Chords RootBP108 Tip 1.00 b MAC 2 Fus. Sta. of .25 MAC W.P. of .25 MAC B.L. of .25 MAC	562.40 137.85 393.03 1185.31 300.20 251.76	3.3744 .8271 2.35818 7.11186 1.8012 1.51056	

MODEL COMPONENT: WING-W116		
GENERAL DESCRIPTION. Configuration 4		
NOTE: Identical to 114 except airfoil thickness.	Dihedral angle	is along
trailing edge of wing.		
Model Scale = 0.006		
TEST NO.	DWG. NO. VL70-	0001 40B 00 0 2 00
DIMENSIONS:	FULL-SCALE	MODEL SCALE
Area (Theo.) Ft ² Planform Span (Theo In. Aspect Ratio Rate of Taper Taper Ratio Dihedral Angle, degrees(at X ₀ =1506.623,Y ₀ = Incidence Angle, degrees 105, Z ₀ = 282.75) Aerodynamic Twist, degrees Sweep Back Angles, degrees	2690.00 936.6816 2.265 1.177 0.200 3.500 0.500 +3.000	.09684 5.620 2.265 1.177 0.200 3.500 0.500 +3.000
Leading Edge Trailing Edge 0.25 Element Line Chords: Root (Theo) B.P.O.O.	45.00 -10.056 35.209 689.2429	45.00 -10.056 35.209 4.135
Tip, (Theo) B.P. MAC Fus. Sta. of .25 MAC W.P. of .25 MAC B.L. of .25 MAC	137.8486 474.8117 1126.721 291.00 187.33491	.827 2.849 6.760 1.746 1.124
EXPOSED DATA Area (Ineo) Ft ² Span, (Pheo) In. BP108 Aspect Ratio Taper Ratio Chords	1812.2205 736.6816 2.058 0.2451	.0652 4.420 2.058 0.2451
Root BP108 Tip 1.00 b MAC Fus. Sta. of .25 MAC W.P. of .25 MAC	570.6230 137.8512 354.2376 1164.237	3.424 .827 2.1254 6.985
B.L. of .25 MAC Airfoil Section (Rockwell Mod NASA)	292.00 239.67786	<u>1.752</u> <u>1.438</u>
$\begin{array}{c} XXXX-64 \\ \text{Root } b = 0.425 \end{array}$	0.113	0.113
$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Tip } b = 1.00 \end{array}$	0.12	0.12
Data for (1) of (2) Sides Leading Edge Cuff Planform Area Ft ² Leading Edge Intersects Fus M. L. @ Sta Leading Edge Intersects Wing @ Sta 28	118.33 505.0 1003.5	.00426 3.030 6.021

• TABLE III Concluded.		
MODEL COMPONENT: WING-W 123 - New Light Weight Orbiter		
SEVERAL DESCRIPTION: Same as W103 but out at the 35% semi-span and 3" from L.E.		
and parallel to the 45% element line.		
NOTE: Dihedral angle is defined at the lower surface of the wing at the		
75.33% element line projected into a plane 1 to the FRL.		
Model Scale = 0.0175	DWG. NO. VL70-000139	
DIMENSIONS:	Full-Scale	Model Scale
TOTAL DATA Area () Ft ²		
Area (Theo.) Ft ⁴	2690.00	0.82381
Span (Theo In.	936.68	16.39190
Aspect Ratio	2.265	2.265
Rate of Taper	1.177	1.177
Taper Ratio	0.200	.200
Dihedral Angle, degrees	3.500	3.500
Incidence Angle, degrees	3.000	3.000
Aerodynamic Twist, degrees Sweep Back Angles, degrees	+3.000	+3.000
Leading Edge	45.00	45.000
Trailing Edge	-10.24	-10.24
0.25 Element Line	35.209	35.209
Chords:	7	
Root (Theo) B.P.O.O.	<u>689.24</u>	12.0617
Tip, (Theo) B.P.	137.85	2.41238
MAC Fus. Sta. of .25 MAC	474.81	8.30918
W.P. of .25 MAC	1136.89 299.20	19.89558
B.L. of .25 MAC	182.13	5.2360 3.18728
EXPOSED DATA 2		3.10/20
Area (Theo) Ft	1752.29	0.53644
Span, (Theo) In. BP108	720.68	12.6119
Aspect_Ratio	2.058	2.058
Taper Ratio	0.2451	0.2451
Chords Root BP108	562.40	
Tip 1.00 b	137.85	9.842
· 7		2.41238 6.87802
MAC Fus. Sta. of .25 MAC	393.03	20.74292
W.P. of .25 MAC	1185.31 300.20	5.2535
B.L. of .25 MAC	143.76	2.5158
Airfoil Section (Rockwell Mod NASA) XXXX-64		
Root b =	10	.10
Tip b ==	.12	.12
Data for (1) of (2) Sides		
Leading Edge Cuff	120.33	0.03685
Planform Area "t"	560.0	9.8
Leading Edge Intersects Fus M. L. @ Sta Leading Edge Intersects winc @ Sta	_1035_0	18.1125

Notes:

1. Positive directions of angles are indicated by arrows

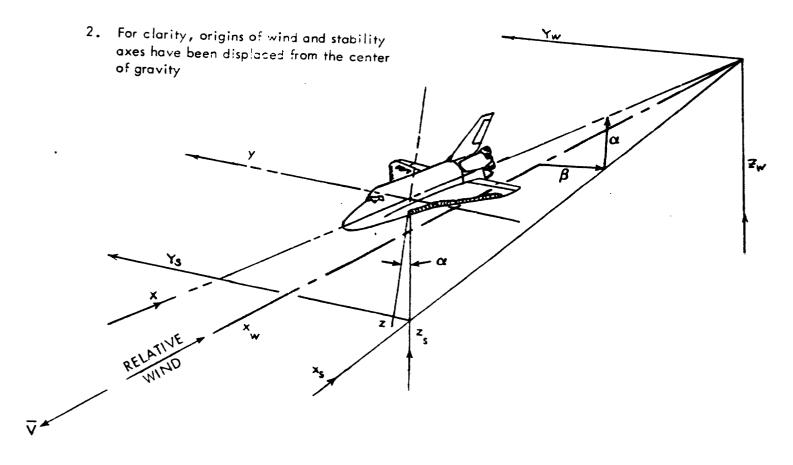
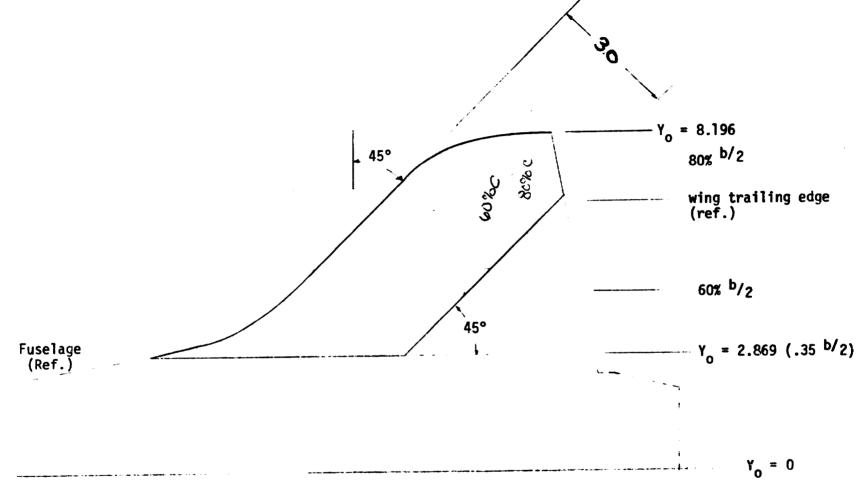


Figure 1. Axis Systems.

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Figure 2. - Model Sketches.





b. Model 64-0 Partial WingFigure 2. - Continued.

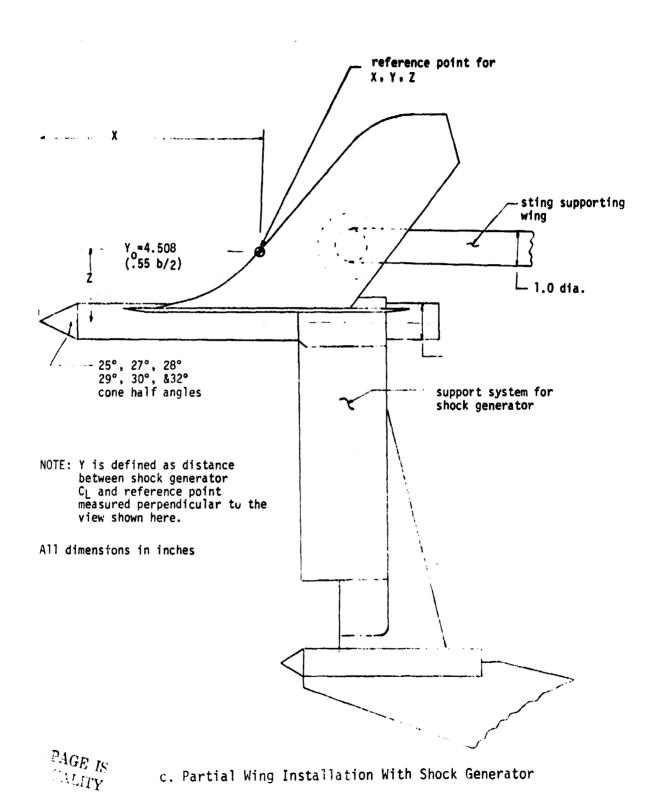
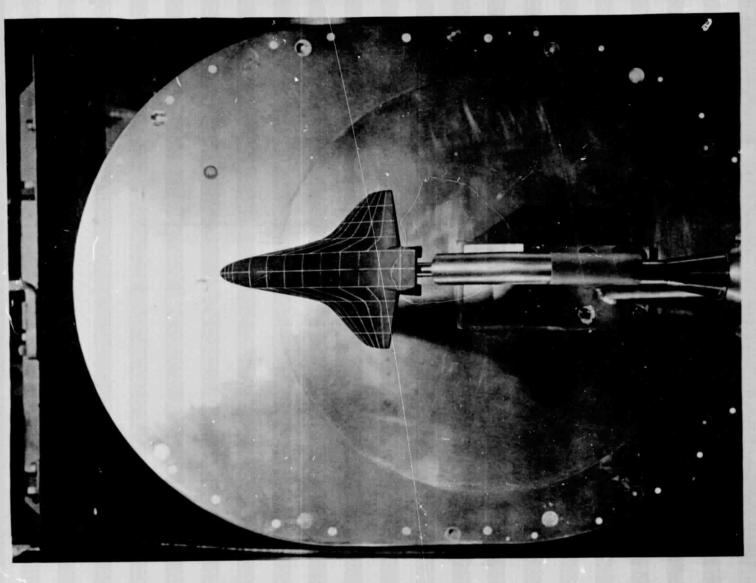
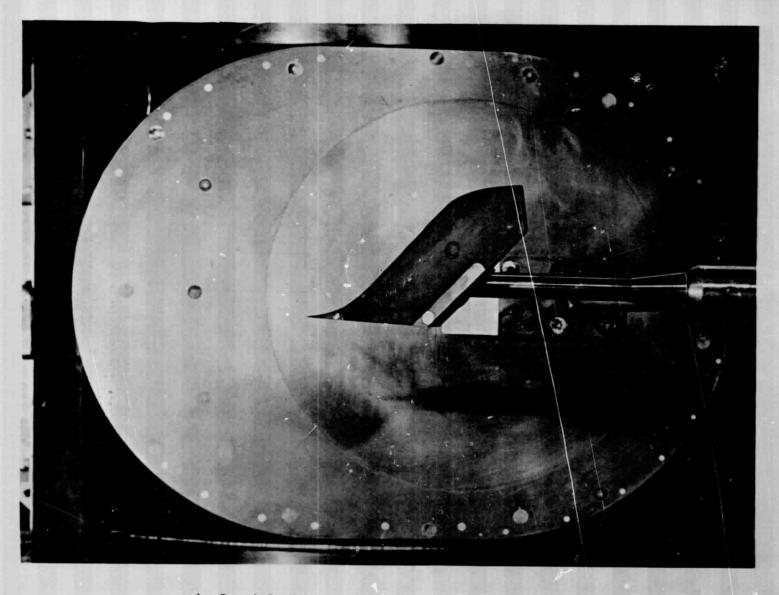


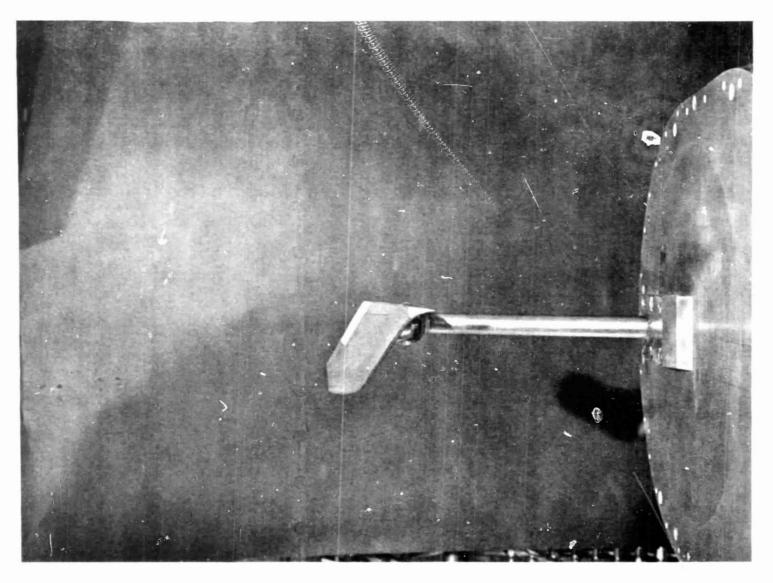
Figure 2. - Concluded.



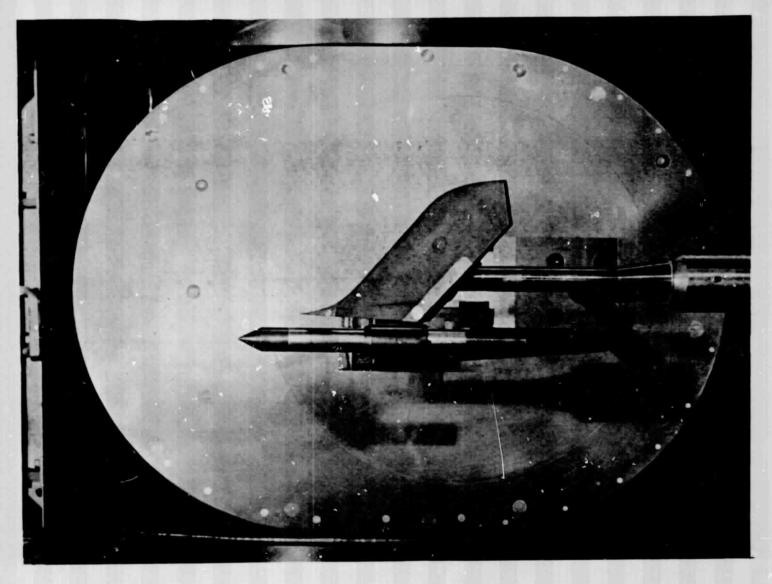
a. Orbiter Grid Model Installed in TunnelFigure 3. - Model Photographs.



Partial Wing Model Installed in Tunnel
 Figure 3. - Continued.



c. Partial Wing Model Mounting Assembly Figure 3. - Continued.



d. Partial Wing Model With Shock Generator
 Figure 3. - Concluded.