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THRUST AND MASS FLOW CHARACTERISTICS OF FOUR 36 INCH DIAMETER TIP TURBINE FAN THRUST VECTORING SYSTEMS IN AND OUT OF GROUND EFFECT

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SUMMARY

Operation of V/STOL aircraft in close ground proximity can induce significant changes in both aerodynamic lift and the performance level of the aircraft propulsion system. Determination of induced lift effects by means of powered models is a commonly used experimental method, however calibration of the model propulsion units both in and out of ground effect must be included so that propulsion forces can be separated from the measured forces.

This report describes the calibration tests carried out on the propulsion system components of a 70 percent scale, powered model of a NASA 3-fan V/STOL aircraft configuration. The three X3.6B/T58 turbotip fan units used in the large scale powered model were tested on an isolated basis over a range of ground heights from H/E of 1.02 to ∞ . A higher pressure ratio LF336/J85 fan unit was tested over a range of ground heights from 1.55 to ∞ . The results of the test program demonstrated that: (1) the thrust and mass flow performance of the X376B/T58 nose lift unit is essentially constant for H/D variations down to 1.55. At H/D equal to 1.02 back pressurization of the fan exit occurs and is accompanied by an increase in thrust of five percent, (2) a change in nose fan exit hub shape from flat plate to hemispherical produces no significant difference in louvered lift nozzle performance for height variations from H/D = 1.02 to ∞ , (3) operation of the nose lift nozzle at the higher fan pressure ratio generated by the LF336/J85 fan system causes no significant change in ground proximity performance down to an H/D of 1.55, the lowest height tested with this unit, and (4) the performance of the left and right X376B/T58 lift/cruise units in the vertical lift mode remains unchanged, within + two percent for the range of ground heights from H/D = 1.02 to ∞ .

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NOMENCLATURE

A(i)	- Load Cell (i) Axial Load; i = 1 through 3
A BG	- Gas Generator Bellmouth Area
A FANE	- Annulus Area @ Fan Exit Rake
A _N	- Calibration Nozzle Exit Area
A _{TE}	- Tip Turbine Exit Area
C _{DG}	- Gas Generator Bellmouth Discharge Coefficient
CAF	- Fan Massflow Coefficient
CAT	- Turbine Massflow Coefficient
CF	- Thrust Coefficient
с _р	- Specific Heat @ Constant Pressure
c _v	- Specific Heat @ Constant Volume
D	- Nozzle Exit Diameter = .99 m (3.25 ft)
d	- Thrust Moment Arm (About R.C.)
F _G	- Gross Thrust
F _{GFI}	- Fan Ideal Gross Thrust
F _{GTI}	- Tip Turbine Ideal Gross Thrus-
F _G ∕δ	- Corrected Gross Thrust
F _{hub} /δ	- Corrected Hub Force
g	- Gravitational Constant
H	- Height Above Ground Plane
H/D	- Height of Nozzle Exit Above Ground Plane Ratioed to Nozzle Exit Diameter
м _р	- Pitching Moment
м _Y	- Yawing Moment
N(1)	- Load Cell (i) Normal Loa · i = 1 through 3
N _F	- Fan Speed
N _F /√θ	- Corrected Fan Speed

NOMENCLATURE (Cont'd)

Р	- Static Pressure
P _{BG}	- Gas Generator Bellmouth Static Pressure
Р ₀	- Freestream Ambient Pressure
PSFE	- Static Pressure @ Fan Exit (Arithmetic Avg.)
P _{STE}	- Static Pressure @ Tip Turbine Exit (Arithmetic Avg.)
PSTD	- Standard Pressure
P _{TO}	- Freestream Total Pressure
P _{TFE}	- Total Pressure @ Fan Exit (Area Weighted Avg.)
P _{TTE}	- Total Pressure @ Tip Turbine Exit (Arithmetic Avg.)
P _{TFE} /P ₀	- Fan Pressure Ratio
P _{TTE} /P ₀	- Turbine Discharge Pressure Ratio
R	- Gas Constant
R.C.	- Reference Center
S(i)	- Load Cell (i) Side Load; i = 1 through 3
Т	- Temperature
т _в	- Fan Bellmouth Airflow Temperature
T _{G1}	- Gas Generator Bellmouth Airflow Temperature
^T STD	- Standard Temperature
T _{TFE}	- Total Temperature @ Fan Exit (Area Weighted Avg.)
T _{TTE}	- Total Temperature @ Tip Turbine Exit (Arithmetic Avg,)
W	- Airflow
W _F	- Fan Airflow
w _T	- Tip Turbine Airflow
W _{TOT}	- Total Airflow, $(W_F + W_T)$
₩ √ θ/δ	- Corrected Airflow
γ	$- c_p/c_v$

NUMENCLATURE (Cont'd)

δ	- Standard Pressure Correction Factor, P_0/P_{STD}
δ _{LC}	- Lift/Cruise Nozzle Geometric Deflection Angle
δ _{nl}	- Nose Nozzle Louver Angle
δ _Y	- Yaw Vane Vector Angle
θ	- Standard Temperature Correction Factor, T/T _{STD}
τ	- Thrust Vector Angle

SYMBOLS

0	- Test Data for 5485 cm ² Calibration Nozzle
o	- Test Data for 5935 cm ² Calibration Nozzle
\$	- Test Data for 6285 cm ² Calibration Nozzle
Ø	- Test Data for 6730 cm ² Calibration Nozzle
V	- Test Data for $H/D = \infty$ (No Ground Plane)
0	- Test Data for $H/D = 6.45$
O	- Test Data for $H/D = 2.55$
Φ	- Test Data for $H/D = 2.0$
٢	- Test Data for $H/D = 1.55$
۵	- Test Data for $H/D = 1.02$

NOTE: Open Symbols Represent Data Taken During Increasing Fan Speed; Closed Symbols During Decreasing Fan Speed

EQUATIONS

FLOW RATES

FAN

o MEASURED

 $\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{F}}^{}$ from calibrated fan bellmouth data

o RAKE COMPUTED

$$W_{F} = P_{SFE} [\gamma g/R]^{1/2} [(2.0 \ (\frac{P_{TFE}}{P_{SFE}}) \ \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} - 2.0)/(\gamma - 1)]^{1/2} (\frac{P_{TFE}}{P_{SFE}}) \frac{\frac{\gamma - 1}{2\gamma}}{(A_{FANE})/(T_{TFE})^{1/2}}$$

o <u>CORRECTED</u>

$$W_{\rm F} \sqrt{\Theta} / \delta = W_{\rm F} \sqrt{T_{\rm B} / T_{\rm STD}} / (P_{\rm O} / P_{\rm STD})$$

TIP TURBINE

o <u>MEASURED</u>

$$W_{T} = P_{BG} (A_{BG}) (C_{DG}) \left[\frac{2.0(g)}{R(\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma})^{T}TO} (\frac{P_{TO}}{P_{BG}}) \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} \left[(\frac{P_{TO}}{P_{BG}}) \frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma} -1\right]\right]^{1/2}$$

o RAKE COMPUTED

$$W_{\rm T} = P_{\rm STE} \left[(\gamma g/R)^{1/2} \left[(2.0 \ (\frac{P_{\rm TTE}}{P_{\rm STE}}) \ \frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma} - 2.0) / (\gamma - 1) \right]^{1/2} \ (\frac{P_{\rm TTE}}{P_{\rm STE}})^{\frac{\gamma - 1}{2\gamma}} (A_{\rm TE}) / (T_{\rm TTE})^{1/2}$$

o <u>CORRECTED</u>

$$W_{T}\sqrt{\odot}/\delta = W_{T}\sqrt{T_{G1}/T_{STD}}/(P_{0}/P_{STD})$$

THRUSTS

FAN

• RAKE COMPUTED IDEAL
• (2.0 (
$$\frac{P_{TFE}}{P_0}$$
) $\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}$ -2.0)
• $F_{GFI} = W_F \left[\frac{(2.0 (\frac{P_{TFE}}{P_0}) -2.0)}{(\gamma-1)} (\gamma_{gR}) (\frac{P_0}{P_{TFE}})\right]^{1/2}$
• CORRECTED
• CORRECTED
• CORRECTED
• MCDONNELL \approx RORAFT COMPANY

EQUATIONS (continued)

TIP TURBINE

,

o RAKE COMPUTED IDEAL

$$F_{GTI} = W_{T} \left[\frac{(2.0 \ (\frac{P_{TTE}}{P_{0}})^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} - 2.0)}{(\gamma-1)} (\gamma gR) \ (\frac{P_{0}}{P_{TTE}})^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} (T_{TTE}) \right]^{1/2}$$

o CORRECTED

$$F_{GTI}/\delta = F_{GTI}/(P_0/P_{STD})$$

COEFFICIENTS

THRUST

FAN MASS FLOW

$$CAF = \frac{Measured Flow Via Fan Bellmouth}{Rake Computed Fan Flow}$$

TURBINE MASS FLOW

 $CAT = \frac{Measured Flow Via Gas Generator Bellmouth}{Rake Computed Turbine Flow}$

CORRECTED FAN SPEED

$$N_{\rm F}/\sqrt{\odot} = N_{\rm F}/\sqrt{T_{\rm B}/T_{\rm STD}}$$

PERCENTAGE CORRECTED FAN SPEED

X376B

$$(N_{\rm F}/\sqrt{6}) \ \% = \frac{N_{\rm F}/\sqrt{T_{\rm B}/T_{\rm STD}}}{4074}$$
 (100)

LF336

$$(N_{F}/\sqrt{0}) \% = \frac{N_{F}/\sqrt{T_{B}/T_{STL}}}{6047}$$
(100)
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EQUATIONS (continued)

THRUST VECTOR ANGLE

$$\frac{\text{NOSE}}{\tau = TAN^{-1}} (\frac{i=1}{3})$$

$$\sum_{\substack{\Sigma = S \ (i) \\ \Xi = 1}} (\frac{i=1}{3})$$

$$\frac{\text{LIFT/CRUISE}}{1=1}$$

$$\tau = TAN^{-1} (\frac{i=1}{3})$$

$$\sum_{\substack{\Sigma = A \ (i) \\ i=1}} (\frac{i=1}{3})$$

THRUST MOMENT ARM

$$\frac{\text{NOSE}}{\text{d}} = \frac{\text{M}_{\text{Y}}}{\text{F}_{\text{G}}}$$

LIFT/CRUISE

$$d = \frac{M_P}{F_G}$$

1. INTRODUCTION

Evaluation of exhaust jet induced aerodynamics for Vertical/Short Takeoff and Landing (V/STOL) aircraft in ground effect is most often established experimentally. This is a result of the sensitivity of induced lift effects to aircraft geometry, the propulsion system arrangement, and the difficulty in analyzing the complex impingement flow field formed beneath the aircraft.

Induced effects are those forces and moments imposed on the airframe exclusive of the direct propulsion system thrust forces, and, chus, a means to separate the direct and induced forces must be included in the experimental technique. Operation of powered test models is one approach used commonly for determination of ground effect characteristics, (References 1-4). Powered models offer an advantage over other techniques in that both inlet and nozzle exit flows are simulated, however, calibration of the propulsive units on an isolated basis both in and out of ground effect is required. Thrust calibration of the power units provides the means to separate the direct propulsion forces from the total model forces and thereby establish the jet induced effects.

Large scale powered model (LSPM) investigations of a three fan V/STOL aircraft were initiated at NASA-Ames in 1976. Figure 1-1 is a schematic of the 70 percent scale aircraft model which is a subsonic, low wing, multimission design. The propulsion system arrangement consists of a nose mounted lift fan and two lift/cruise fans located over the wing. This model was built by NASA under a contracted program with the McDonnell Aircraft Company (MCAIR) and underwent low speed tests in the 40×80 ft wind tunnel and static ground effects tests on the static test facility at NASA-Ames. Ground proximity calibrations of the powered model propulsion units were not included in the initial 1976 test phase due to program scope limitations.

The results of the initial static tests in ground effect indicated only a slight variation of total lift with ground heights, (Reference 4). This characteristic was at variance with subsequent test data obtained on a similar small scale, flat plate, jet effects model at MCAIR, (Reference 5). The large scale tests also indicated an improvement in thrust performance on the nose mounted fan in ground proximity, and this was attributed to base pressurization of the large hub area on the nose fan unit.

Questions concerning the LSPM induced lift characteristics provided the impetus for further investigations of the model, including calibrations of each of the turbotip fan propulsion units. The second ground effects test program was carried out at NASA-Ames between 4 June and 28 July 1978; the results of which are reported in Reference 6. Following completion of the 70 percent model tests, the individual X376B/T58 turbotip fan and exhaust nozzle systems were removed from the LSPM, installed and tested on an isolated thrust stand.

The objectives of the isolated fan calibration test program were:

- Establish thrust and mass flow performance of each LSPM propulsion unit in and out of ground effects
- o Establish fan performance maps
- Evaluate the effect of higher fan pressure ratio on the LSPM nose nozzle installation

FIGURE 1-1 LARGE SCALE POWERED MODEL



o Determine the effect of an alternate nose fan exit hub shape on nose unit performance.

The experimental approach used to meet these objectives involved installation of each fan and gas generator combination on a thrust measurement rig with bellmouth inlets, associated fan exit instrumentation, and exhaust nozzle hardware. Tests of the propulsion unit with a large plate located at various distances from the nozzle exit provided performance in ground proximity. Comparison of thrust and mass flow measurements with fan exit rake computed values established calibration coefficients for the fan exit instrumentation. The rake coefficient data was then utilized in the reduction of the 70 percent scale, powered model test data to establish installed thrust performance.

The overall program was conducted under Contract NAS 2-9690. Mr. L. Stewart Rolls and Mr. Bruno Gambucci of NASA-Ames Research Center served successively as Technical Monitor. MCAIR established the design of the thrust stand rig and associated test apparatus. Fabrication and assembly of the test hardware was performed at NASA-Ames. The experimental tests were carried out by NASA-Ames personnel with MCAIR support during the period 18 August to 29 September 1978. Data reduction and analysis were performed by MCAIR and are documented in this report.

A description of the test hardware used in this program is given in Section 2. The test results and discussion are presented in Section 3 and the conclusions in Section 4. The schedule of test runs carried out at NASA-Ames is given in Appendix A. Appendix B is a listing of the primary test data. Appendix C lists the data used to construct the thrust and massflow coefficient curves presented in Section 3.

2. TEST APPARATUS

The apparatus used during this test program consisted of the three X376B/T58 turbotip fan propulsion units used in the LSPM, the LF336/J85 turbotip fan system, fan calibration hardware including bellmouth inlets and calibration nozzles, and the thrust stand rig used to support the bellmouth, fan, gas generator, and nozzle assemblies. A description of the test configurations is given below.

2.1 LF336/J85 TURBOTIP LIFT FAN SYSTEM

The LF336/J85 lift fan system used in the test program was designed and built by General Electric for NASA under Contract NAS 2-4130. The LF336 fan, shown schematically in Figure 2-1, is a single stage, turbotip, fan-in-wing design with a fan diameter of 91.44 cm (36 in.) and an aerodynamic design pressure ratio cf 1.3. The LF336 fan flow is 98.88 kg/sec (218 lb/sec) when operating at a 100 percent design speed of 6047 rpm. The LF336 tip turbine is an axial flow, impulse turbine fed by a 360-degree double entry scroll. The turbine is designed to accept the full exhaust flow of a J85-GE-5 General Electric turbojet engine at military power setting. Figure 2-2 summarizes the LF336/J85 system performance.

2.2 X376B/T58 TURBOTIP LIFT FAN SYSTEM

The X376B/T58 lift fan systems used in the test program were supplied by the Large Scale Aerodynamics Branch of NASA-Ames. The X376B fan, shown in Figure 2-3, is a single stage, turbotip fan-in-wing design with a fan diameter of 91.44 cm (36 in.) and an aerodynamic design pressure ratio of 1.08. The X376B fan flow is 69.4 kg/sec (153 lb/sec) when operating at 100 percent design speed of 4074 rpm. The X376B tip turbine is an axial flow, impulse turbine fed by a 180-degree entry scroll. The turbine accepts the full exhaust flow of a T58-GE-8 ⁻⁻ eral Electric turbojet engine at military power setting. Figure 2-3 summarizes .e design characteristics of the gas generator and fan.

2.3 TEST NOZZLES

2.3.1 <u>CALIBRATION NOZZLES</u> - Calibration of the lift fan systems with a near ideal thrust performance nozzle was performed with four different nozzle exit areas to establish corrected flow characteristics of the test propulsion system and to establish baseline thrust performance levels. The thrust calibration nozzle was designed by MCAIR and fabricated at NASA-Ames.

Figure 2-4 presents a schematic of the thrust calibration nozzle which consists of a cylindrical outer duct and sinusoidal shaped (tapered cone) hub centerbody which transitions the exhaust flow from an annular cross section at the nozzle entrance station to a circular cross section at the nozzle exit station. At the nozzle entrance station, the outer wall diameter is 107.2 cm (42.2 in.). Two separate tapered cone hub centerbodies were used for the LF336 and X376B fans, respectively. The characteristic dimension of diameter and length for these hubs may be found on Figure 2-4. The hub centerbody is aligned with the fan aft hub and is supported off the outer wall by means of two struts which span the annular flow passage. The struts incorporate a chord length of 12.55 cm (4.94 in.), a thickness to chord ratio of 0.10, and a double circular arc cross section.

The nozzle exit area was varied by means of removable nozzle aft cones. A total



FIGURE 2-2 LF336/J85 DESIGN PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

FAN F .LW, KG/SEC, (LB/SEC)	
FAN PRESSURE RATIO	1.3
BYPASS RATIO	
RPM	
FAN TIP SPEED, M/SEC (FT/SEC)	
FAN DIAMETER, CM, (IN.)	
RADIUS '\ATIO	
TUN SINE INLET FLOW, KG/SEC (LB/SEC)	
TURBINE INLET PRESSURE, N/CM ² (PSIA)	
TURBINE INLET TEMPERATURE, ^o K, (R ^o)	
TURBINE DISCHARGE PRESSURE RATIO	1.118
TURBINE DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE, OK (R	^o)
FAN THRUST, N, (LB)	
TURBINE THRUST, N, (LB)	4,982 (1,120)
TOTAL THRUST, N, (LB)	
	GP76 0867 30

FIGURE 2-3 GAS GENERATOR AND TURBOTIP FAN DESIGN CHARACTERISTICS

T58-GE-88 Gas Generator

2..18 cm (10.7 in.) Engine Face Dia. 12.88 cm (5.07 in.) Hub Dia Length = 91.44 cm (36.0 in.)

Design Point Performance (Intermediate Power)

Air Flow	5.62 kg/sec
Compressor Pressure Ratio.	8.0:1
Turbine Inlet Temperature	932 ⁰ C
Exhaust Gas Temperature	677 ⁰ С
Engine Speed	19,500 rpm

GE-X376B Turbotip Fan



Design Point Performance (100% Speed)

69.4 kg/sec	
1.08	
180 ⁰	
4074 rpm	GP79-0064-4
	69.4 kg/sec 1.08 180 ⁰ 4074 rpm



FIGURE 2-4 THRUST CALIBRATION TEST NOZZLE

GP78-1188-134

Hub Centerbody Characteristic Dimensions

7

ſ

LF336		X3/68	
D	L	D	L
cm (in.)	cm (in.)	cm (in.)	cm (in.)
47.75	76.83	41.15	ô5.52
(18.8)	(30.2)	(16.2)	(25.8)

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of four aft cone sections were fabricated to provide nozzle exit areas of 6730, 6285, 5935, and 5485 cm^2 (1043, 974, 920, and 850 in^2).

The entire thrust calibration assembly was mounted to a supporting framework by means of a series of struts and brackets which prevented transfer of nozzle loads to the fan. A series of nichrome leaf seals was attached to the outer duct element at the entrance station to minimize gas leakage at the fan/nozzle interface.

2.3.2 <u>NOSE NOZZLE AND HUB</u> - The nose lift unit thrust vectoring nozzle system utilized a remotely activated louver and drive system. Fourteen low camber louvers, each with a thickness ratio of 10 percent, provide thrust vectoring over a range from 105 to 30 degrees (δ_{NL}). Two 10 percent thick, manually positioned, articulated yaw vanes located beneath the louvers provide yaw vectoring of 0, +6, and +12 degrees (δ_Y). The yaw vanes were of the same design as those on the lift/cruise units and were detachable from the model. Details of the nose lift unit vectoring system, as installed in the LSPM, are presented in the sketch of Figure 2-5. The nose unit was tested with two fan exit hubs: hemispherical and flat plate.

2.3.3 <u>LIFT/CRUISE NOZZLE</u> - The lift/cruise nozzle consisted of thrust vectoring nood segments and a nozzle exit cone, as shown, installed in the LSPM, on Figure 2-6. Thrust vectoring was achieved with the fixed diameter, detachable angular hood segments, so arranged as to provide geometric deflection angles (δ_{LC}) of 0, 2., 38, 56, 71 and 95 degrees. The thrust vectoring hood segments were constant diameter with a turning radius ratio of 0.54 R/D. The nozzle exit cone was detachable and was equipped with two 10 percent thick, manually positioned, articulated yaw vanes. These vanes provide lateral vectoring of 0, ±6, and ±12 degrees (δ_{Y}) to produce yawing moments. The nozzle cone had a fixed nozzle exit area of 0.7677 m² (1190 in.²) with an exit contraction ratio (A_{HOOD}/A_{NOZ}) of 1.16.

2.4 THRUST STAND RIG

The thrust stand rig consisted of a steel framework designed to support the fan assembly consisting of fan and gas generator, bellmouth inlets and exhaust nozzle system. The entire assembly was supported by means of three load cells located under the rig. For ground effect testing a large steel plate was used to simulate ground proximity. This ground plane was 3.67 m (12.0 ft) square providing 13.38 m² (144 ft²) of simulated ground area.

Several configurations of thrust stand rig and ground plane were required to carry out the fan tests with the calibration nozzles, nose louvered lift nozzle and the lift/cruise deflector nozzles. Each of these test arrangements are described below.

2.4.1 <u>CALIBRATION NOZZLE TEST ARRANGEMENT</u> - Mapping of two X376B/T58 fan units, (nose and left lift/cruise) and the LF336/J85 system was carried out with the calibration nozzles installed. Figure 2-7 is a schematic of the thrust stand assembly for the mapping tests of the LF336/J85 fan. The fan bellmouth inlet used to measure fan flow was a GE-4 unit supplied by NASA and had a throat diameter of 152.4 cm. Bellmouths were also installed on the J85 and T58 gas generators for determination of gas generator inlet flow. Three load cells were positioned under the thrust stand rig and were oriented with the normal force elements parallel with the vertical direction and the axial force elements parallel with the horizontal direction. The load cell arrangement for both the LF336/J85 and X376B/T58 tests is shown in Figure 2-8. Photographs of the fan calibration test setup are shown in Figure 2-9.







FIGURE 2-6 LIFT/CRUISE UNIT VECTORING SYSTEM GEOMETRY

> $\delta_{LC} = 0^{O}$ GP78-1188-149







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FIGURE 2-9 LF336/J85 FAN CALIBRATION TEST SET-UP





2.4.2 NOSE LIFT NOZZLE TEST ARRANGEMENT - The experimental apparatus used for tests of the nose lift nozzle units is shown schematically in Figure 2-10. The exhaust flow of the nozzle was directed in the horizontal $p^{1-1}e$ for these tests. Ground effect testing was accomplished by positioning the ound plane downstream of the nozzle exit plane and normal to the thrust vector. A deflector was attached to one side of the ground plane such that the impingement flow could be directed away from the bellmouth inlets and thereby eliminate ingestion of the exhaust flow. Figures 2-11 and 2-12 show a series of photographs of the nose lift nozzle test apparatus for both the LF336/J85 anu X376B/T58 units.

2.4.3 <u>LIFT/CRUISE NOZZLE TEST ARRANGEMENT</u> - The setup for the lift/cruise nozzle tests is shown schematically in Figure 2-13 and in the photographs of Figure 2-14. The deflected exhaust flow was directed upwards, again to prevent ingestion of the exhaust flow.

2.5 INSTRUMENTATION

The bellmouths, turbotip fans, gas generators, test nozzles and thrust stand rig were i strumented for the determination of fan and nozzle performance. The primary experimental measurements were fan speed, total gross thrust and direction, and fan and tip turbine inlet and exit pressares and temperatures. The instrumentation utilized is described below.

2.5.1 <u>BELLMOUTH INLETS</u> - Each bellmouth inlet (fan and gas generator) incorporated static pressure ports to provide a static differential pressure read-out. The gas generator used a single port for the differential pressure read-out, while the fan bellmouth incorporated four static ports manifolded to provide a single read-out.

The fan bellmouth static differential pressure was teed to a 2.069 x $10^3 \frac{11}{m^2}$ (0.3 psid) transducer for recording on the digital data acquisition system and to a water manometer for hand recording. The manometer became the primary means for determining fan bellmouth airflows. Differential pressures in the fan bellmouth ranged from 2.1 to 10.8 cm.H₂O (.030 to .154 p⁻¹) for the LF336 fan and from 1.1 to 5.9 cm.H₂O (.016 to .084 psi) for the X376B fan. The water manometer was inherently more accurate than the 2.069 x $10^3 \frac{n}{m^2}$ transducer at these low differential pressures. Accordingly, all fan belimouth air flowrates presented in "his report were calculated using the hand recorded wa er manometer data.

The gas generator bellmouth static differential pressure was measured using a 1.724 X $10^2 \frac{n}{\pi^2}$ (2.5 psid) transducer.

Fan airflow temperature was measured using four thermocoupl located 90 degrees apart on the lip of the bellmouth inlet. Gas generator airflow temperature was determined by means of a single thermocouple located on the lip of the bellmouth inlet.

2.5.2 <u>LF336/J85 FAN AND TIP TURBINE EXIT</u> - The fan and tip turbine exit instrumentation consisted of fixed rakes comprising 38 total pressure and 17 total temperature probes. Figure 2-15 presents 'he geometry of this rake, showing at the fan exit a 6 leg, 30 probe total pressure rake, a 3 leg, 9 probe total temperature rake, and at the tip turbine exit, 8 total pressure probes and 8 total temperature probes. Fan exit static pressure was measured by four taps on the hub during fan calibration test runs and 'six taps on the spacer between the fan exit face and hemispherical hub during g. effects test runs. Tip turbine exit static pressure was measured



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FIGURE 2-11 LF336/J85 NOSE IN GROUND EFFECT TEST SET-UP











H,'D = 6.45

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

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FIGURE 2-12 X376B/T58 NOSE IN GROUND EFFECT TEST SET-UP





H/D = 1.02



 $\delta_{\mathbf{Y}} = \pm \mathbf{12^{0}}$



 $\delta y = \pm 12^{0}$ H/D = 1.02

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2-14



REPORT MDC A5704 FIGURE 2-14 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE IN GROUND EFFECT TEST SET-UP δLC = 95° H/D = 6.45 OF FOOR CURLING H/D = 1.55 $\delta_{\text{LC}} = 0^{\circ}$ $\delta_{LC} = 56^{\circ}$ GP78 1188 143

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2-16

FIGURE 2-15 LF336 NOSE FAN AND TIP TURBINE EXIT INSTRUMENTATION



Thermocouple Locations

T/C No.	Radius - cm (in.)
1	42.77 (16.84)
2	36.32 (14.30)
3	28.35 (11.16)

Pressure Tube Locations

Tube No.	Radius - cm (in.)
1	43.99 (17.32)
2	40.39 (15.9)
3	36.42 (14.34)
4	31.95 (12.58)
5	26.72 (10.52)

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by twelve taps on the calibration nozzle outer wall during fan calibration test runs and by eight taps on the nozzle outer wall during ground effects testing.

2.5.3 X376B/T58 FAN AND TIP TURBINE EXIT - Each of the three X376B fans was instrumented at the stator exit (fan and tip turbine) with the pressure and temperature rakes used in the LSPM. Figure 2-16 depicts the tube and port locations, showing 30 total pressure and 9 total temperature probes at the fan exit and 4 total pressure and 4 total temperature probes at the tip turbine exit. During ground effects testing, fan and tip turbine exit static pressures were obtained from taps as shown on the figure.

2.5.4 <u>NOSE FAN EXIT HUB</u> - The hemispherical hubs used during the ground effects testing of the LF336 and X376B nose fan configurations were instrumented with 21 static pressure taps as shown on Figure 2-17. The flat plate hub also used on the X376B nose fan during ground effects testing was instrumented in a like manner.

2.5.5 <u>LOAD CELLS</u> - Three load cells were used to determine gross thrust and thrust direction. Each load cell was a three component strain gauge balance. Load cell No. 1 (See Figure 2-8) is a unit with 26,690 n (6000 lb) normal force, 17,793 n (4000 lb) axial force and 13,345 n (3000 lb) side force capability. Load cells Nos. 2 and 3 had normal, axial and side force capability of 13,345 n (3000 lb), 8,596 n (2,000 lb) and 4,448 n (1000 lb) respectively.

2.5.6 <u>NOZZLE EXIT</u> - The left lift/cruise unit was instrumented at the nozzle exit. The nozzle exit included 10 total pressure probes attached to the leading edge of the two fixed yaw vane struts and four external nozzle exit base pressure static ports. A schematic of the nozzle exit instrumentaion is presented in Figure 2-18.

2.5.7 <u>ADDITIONAL</u> - Instrumentation to monitor the "health" of the test fan and gas generator and provide diagnostic capability included:

Fans - Speed Vibration - Hub Horizontal Hub Axial

Gas Generator - Speed Fuel Flow Vibration - Compressor Vertical Oil Pressure and Temperature Exhaust Gas Temperature

Ambient conditions monitored were pressure, temperature, wind velocity, and wind direction.

2.5.8 <u>INSTRUMENTATION JUMMARY</u> - A list of the test instrumentation is presented in Figure 2-19.

2.6 DATA ACQUISIFION

The experimental test parameters of pressure, temperature, fan and gas generator speed, and load cell forces were measured, digitized, and recorded on paper punch tape utilizing a VIDAR Corporation digital data system. This system is comprised of analog signal conditioning, an integrating digital voltmeter, and a Teletype Paper-Tape punch. A total of 97 data recording channels are available with



FIGURE 2-16 X376B FAN AND TIP TURBINE EXIT INSTRUMENTATION

Thermocouple Locations

T/C No.	Radius - cm (in.)		
	L/C	Fwd	
1	40.64 (16.00)	41.73 (16.43)	
2	33.07 (13.02)	34.11 (13.43)	
3	27.18 (10.70)	28.32 (11.15)	

Pressure Tube Locations

Tube No.	Radius - cm (in.)		
	L/C	Fwd	
1	43.61 (17.17)	44.81 (17.64)	
2	37.54 (14.78)	38.71 (15.24)	
3	32.41 (12.76)	33.93 (13.36)	
4	28.12 (11.07)	29.49 (11.61)	
5	24.28 (9.56)	25.65 (10.10)	

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LF336 HEMISPHERICAL HUB STATIC PRESSURES TAPS, HP(i), i = 1 THROUGH 21



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2 - 2 0


FIGURE 2-18 LIFT/CRUISE NOZZLE EXIT INSTRUMENTATION



FIGURE 2-19

PARANETER	MB 01.	80.	MASURMANT DEVICE	RECORDING MDDE
AND LENT CONDITIONS TROPENATURE PRESSURE WIED VELOCITY WIED DIRECTION	- 26 23	1 1 1 1	THEMOCOUPLE PLEASURE CAUCE ANDIMETER	PARE PARE PARE PARE/VEDAS
JÖJ GAS GENERATOR RPH FUEL FLOW	NC VI	1	TACHORETER FLORETER	PARTI/VIDAR PARTI/VIDAR
OIL PRESSURE TEMPERATURE FURALIST CAS	-	1	TRANSDUCER TELENOCOUPLE	PANEL PANEL
TEMPERATURE PRESSURE VIRATION	BGT1-BGT1 BGP1-BGP3	3	THERMOCOUPLE TRANSDUCER	PAREL/VIDAR VIDAR
COMPRESSOR VERTICAL BELLHOUTE STATIC PRESSURE	- PIG	1	ENGLIE STRAIN GADGE	
LF336 PAN RPM		1	TACBORETER	PAREL/VIDAR
VISRATION HUB HORIZONTAL HUB AVIAL BUB AVIAL	-	1	PAR STRAIR GADGE Par Strair Gadge	PANEL PANEL
STATIC PRESSURE TRAPERATURE INLET	PBF TB1-TB4	1 4	820 NAMONETER/TRANSDUCER THEIMOCOUPLE	PAREL/VIDAR VIDAR
TEAPERATURE Exit Fan	m	1	THEINOCOUPLE	VIDAR
STATIC PRESSURE TUTAL PRESSURE TENPERATURE TENPERATURE	P51-P54,6 PT1-PT30 TT1-TT9	4-6 30 9	s/v s/v Theshocouple	VIDAR VIDAR
STATIC PRESSURE TOTAL PRESSURE TEMPERATURE	P51-P58,12 PT1-PT8 TT1-TT8	6-12 8 8	S/V S/V THERMOCOUPLE	VIDAR VIDAR VIDAR
TS8 GAS GENERATOR OIL PRESSURE	-	1	TRANSDUCEL	PARE.
TEMPERATURE EXERUST GAS TEMPERATURE	- 167	1	THERMOCOUPLE THERMOCOUPLE	PANEL PANEL
BELLMOUTH STATIC PRESSURE TEMPERATURE	PB G 161	1	H20 HANGGETER/TRANSDOCER TEREMOCOUPLE	PANEL/VIDAR VIDAR
<u>R376B FAN</u> RPH Vibeation	¥7	-	TACEOUTER	PANEL/VIDAR
PAR ATTAL Bellmoute Static Pressure	- 711	1	-	PANEL PAREL/VIDAR
TEMPELATURE LIGLET STATIC PRESSURE	TB1-TB4 PS1.3.5.7		THERMOCOUPLE	VIDAE
TOTAL PRESSURE TEMPERATURE EXIT	PT1-PT48 TT1-TT8	48 8	S/V THERMOCOUPLE	VIDAR VIDAR
STATIC PRESSURE TOTAL PRESSURE TEMPERATURE	P51-P56,12 PT1-PT30 TT1-TT9	6-12 30 9	S/V S/V THERMOCOUPLE	VIDAR VIDAR VIDAR
TIP TURBINE STATIC PRESSURE TOTAL PRESSURE TRAPERATURE	P81-5,6 PT1-PT4 TT1-TT4	ۍ بر ۱	S/V S/V THERMOCOUPLE	VIDAR VIDAR VIDAR
<u>FAN EXIT BUB</u> EEMISPHERICAL AND FLAT PLATE STATIC PRESSURE	BP1-EP21	21	\$/⊽	VIDAR
CALIBRATION MOZILE AND				
STATIC FRESSURE TEOPERATURE	P51-P535 T51-12,4	35 12-14	THERMOCOUPLE E/V	VIDAR
STATIC PRESSURE TOTAL TEOPERATURE	PSB1-PSB4 PT1-PT10	4 10	\$/V \$/V	VIDAR VIDAR
LOAD CELLS 1, 2, 3 AXIAL FORCE SIDE FORCE BOOMAL FORCE TENPERATURE	A1-A3 81-83 H1-H3 LCT1-LCT3	3	STRAIN GADGE STRAIN GANGE STRAIN GADGE THERMOCOUPLE	VIDAR VIDAR VIDAR

this system. The first 20 channels of the VIDAR system are multiple scan channels, and the remaining channels are single scan. During a recording sequence, the first 20 channels were recorded a total of 48 times, and the remaining channels were recorded once. The total time for one data recording sequence was approximately 90 seconds.

The paper tape data records were processed at NASA-Ames on the 40 \times 80 wind tunnel data computer which converted the raw test data to engineering test parameters.

Ambient temperature, wind velocity, wind direction, and barometric pressure were visually monitored and hand recorded.

The gas generator operating conditions were visually monitored and recorded by hand including speed, exhaust gas temperature, oil pressure and temperature, and vibration. The turbotip fan vibration levels, together with fan rpm (as a backup), were also monitored and hand recorded.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Four turbotip fan configurations were investigated during this program: the three LSPM X376B/T58 units and an LF336/J85 unit. Fan performance maps were established for each of the fan units except the right lift/cruise unit of the LSPM. Mapping of the right unit was omitted because of program score limitations. The three \times :76B/T58 units with their corresponding LSPM exhaust nozzle systems and the LF336/J85 with the LSPM nose louver nozzle were each tested in and out of ground proximity to establish performance trends with ground height.

The primary experimental data gathered during the tests consisted of gross thrust agnitude and direction, fan and gas generator mass flows, and fan and tip turbine stator exit pressures and temperatures. This information was sufficient to determine both fan performance maps and a comparison of the measured thrust and mass flow with values computed using the fan and tip turbine exit pressure and temperature data.

The comparison of thrust information obtained from the load cells, $(F_G)_{MEASURED}$, to the calculated from the fan exit pressure and temperature instrumentation, $(F_G)_{IDEAL}$, and similarly, the comparison of mass flow information from the bellmouths, $(W)_{BELLMOUTH}$, to that obtained from the fan exit instrumentation, $(W)_{RAKE}$, were established in coefficient form using the following expressions:

thrust coefficient, $CF = \frac{(F_G)_{MEASURED}}{(F_G)_{IDEAL}}$ fan mass flow coefficient, $CAF = \frac{(W_F)_{BELLMOUTH}}{(W_F)_{RAKE}}$ turbine mass flow coefficient, $CAT = \frac{(W_T)_{BELLMOUTH}}{(W_T)_{RAKE}}$

The coefficients relate the rake ideal thrust and mass flow to the actual measured values and provide the means to establish installed thrust for the LSPM tests where rake ideal thrust is the measured performance parameter. The present tests established the three coefficients for each $f_{3n}/nozzle$ configuration and the effects thereon of ground height variations.

A total of 44 tests runs were carried out with the four fan units according to the schedule in Appendix A. A test run consisted of operation of the fan unit from idle to near 100 percent physical speed followed by a decrease to idle. Test data were recorded during both up and downward speed variations at nominal speeds of 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 and 100 percent.

3.1 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT

Tests of the X376B/T58 nose lift unit included mapping runs with the calibration nozzle and ground effect runs with the louvered lift nozzle. The flat plate and hemispherical fan exit hubs were both evaluated during the ground tests to investigate hub geometry variations on performance. In addition, tests with the two yaw vanes each splayed 12° were conducted. The results for each of these test configurations are presented below.

3.1.1 <u>FAN PERFORMANCE MAP</u> - Mapping of the X376B/T58 nose lift unit was accomplished over test runs 19-22. Figure 3-1 presents the fan exit total pressure ratioed to ambient pressure, P_{TFE}/P_0 , versus corrected fan speed, $N_F/\sqrt{\theta}$, characteristics for the four calibration nozzle exit areas. The open symbols represent data obtained with increasing fan speed and closed symbols with decreasing speed. The turbine total pressure ratio, P_{TTE}/P_0 , versus fan speed data shown in Figure 3-2 indicates no significant differences in total pressure between the fan and turbine streams. Plots of the fan and gas generator bellmouth corrected airflow, $W/\theta/\delta$, variations with fan speed are illustrated in Figure 3-3. The thrust characteristics of the X376B/T58 nose unit with the calibration nozzles are shown in Figure 3-4 as a function of fan speed.

The fan pressure ratio and corrected flow data described above were combined to define the fan map for this unit shown in Figure 3-5. Similarly, thrust performance maps were generated as a function of both fan corrected mass flow and total nozzle flow (fan plus tip turbine flow) and are depicted in Figure 3-6.

Inspection of the fan map indicates that the nose unit falls below the design point pressure ratio of 1.08 at the design airflow of 69.4 kg/sec. The thrust performance map shows, at a constant corrected fan speed, a small variation of thrust with expected airflow over the range tested with a maximum occurring at a nozzle exit true of 6285 cm².

3.1.2 LOUVERED NOZZLE PERFORMANCE IN GROUND PROXIMITY, FLAT PLATE HUB - Te \cdot of the louvered nozzle with the flat plate exit hub installed were carried out for ground heights corresponding to H/D values of ∞ (ground plane removed), 6.45, 2 \cdot , 1.55 and 1.02. The nozzle louver angle, δ_{NL} , and yaw vane angle, δ_{Y} , were main fined at 95° and 0° respectively for this sequence of runs.

Corrected fan flow and turbine flow versus fan speed are illustrated in Figures 3-7 and 3-8, which also depict the flow data computed by means of the fan exit rake. Corrected measured thrust and ideal thrust values computed vit the exit take are presented in Figure 3-9.

The effect of ground height on fan operating characteristics may be illustrated by superimposing the __assured fan operating line at each ground height on the previously determined fan map described under Section 3.1.1. Figure 3-10 provides this illustration where it may be seen that the operating line generated with this nozzle is unchanged for all the heights except the lowest H/D value of 1.02. At this height, a definite shift to the left occurred indicating a reduction in effective nozzle exit area. This reduction in effective nozzle area is typical of nozzle performance in ground effect and is attributed to an increase in pressure above ambient at the nozzle exit plane.

Comparison, at a constant corrected fan speed, of the measured thrust data for the several ground heights reveals no significant change except at the lowest height. At the lowest ground position a definite increase in thrust magnitude was recorded. The improvement in thrust is associated with a change in pressure leve! on the fan exit hub which occurs at the lowest height. Figure 3-11 shows the fan exit hub pressure data recorded on the centerline tap as a function of fan speed for the two lowest heights. An increase in magnitude and a change in _lope with fan speed is evident at the lowest height.

Evaluation of the thrust and mass flow coefficients for the fan exit rake was determined from the data of Figures 3-7, 3-8 and 3-9, by forming the ratio of measured to rake computed data at a given fan speed. Figure 3-12 shows the variation

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of the three rake coefficients as a function of E/D. (The light curves represent the coefficients as particular corrected fan speeds, while the dark curve represents the average value over the test speed range. Since, in most instances, the data for individual corrected fan speeds resulted in closely bunched curves, it was not practical to label these curves with respect to RPM. The reader is directed to Appendix C for the coefficient data at a specific corrected fan speed.) The average values for the mass flow coefficients, CAF and CAT, remain relatively constant over the range of ground heights tested. The thrust coefficient is relatively constant except for the lowest height where an increase of approximately 10 percent is indicated. The thrust coefficient improvement is a result of the measured thrust increase previously d⁴:- cussed.

The thrust vector angle and line of thrust action generated by this arrangement of the louvered exhaust nozzle is shown in Figure 3-13. A nominal thrust vector angle, τ , of 23 degrees was measured with an average moment arm from the fan center-line of 3.3 cm.

3.1.3 LOUVERED NOZZLE PERFORMANCE IN GROUND PROXIMITY, HEMISPHERICAL HUB - The louvered nozzle with the hemispherica fan exit hub installed was tested in a similar fashion as the above described flat plate hub configuration.

The fan and turbine airflow information recorded at the five ground neights is given in Figures 3-14 and 3-15, and the corrected thrust data versus fan speed is presented in Figure 3-16.

The location of the fan operating lines on the fan map for the five ground heights is depicted in Figure 3-17. A reduction in effective nozzle exit area is indicated as was the case with the flat plate hub, however the change is not quite as large.

Figure 3-16 indicates that thrust performance was unchanged, at a constant corrected fan speed, except at the lowest height where an increase in thrust of approximately 3 ercent was measured. Hub pressure information is displayed in Figure 3-18 for the hemispherical hub test runs and is similar to the flat plate data of Figure 3-11, however the change in pressure between H/D of 1.55 and 1.02 is slightly lower for the hemispherical hub geometry.

Fan exit rake coefficients for this configuration are shown in Figure 3-19 and are similar to the flat plate ub rake coefficients. The increase in thrust coefficient at H/D = 1.02 is 5 percent for the hemispherical hub, whereas 10 percent was the increment obtained with the flat plate hub.

The thrust vector angle and moment arm data recorded for the hemispherical hub geometry is shown in Figure 3-20 and again is similar to the flat plate hub information.

The effect of the fan exit hub shape on the thrust performance of the X376B/T58 nose lift unit appears to be small over the range of ground heights tested. No thrust change at and above an H/D of 1.55 was greater than 2 percent. Pressurization of the fan exit hub region was observed with both hub shapes and served to cause an increase in thrust at a ground height of H/D = 1.02. Pressure-area integration of pressure distribution on the fan hub (21 pressure taps), obtained from the Reference 6 test, yielded hub forces as shown in Figure 3-21 and represents confirmation of the hub pressurization effect at the lowest ground height.

3.1.4 LOUVERED NOZZLE PERFORMANCE IN GROUND PROXIMITY, FLAT PLATE HUB WITH YAW VANES <u>SPLAYED</u> - Splaying of the nose unit exhaust flow by deflecting the two yaw vanes to each side was a technique investigated on the LSPM to reduce gas generator ingestion levels. As a consequence, this nozzle configuration was included in the fan calibration test matrix.

The airflow, thrust, fan operating line, rake coefficient, thrust vector angle and moment arm tost data for this configuration is shown in Figures 3-22 through 3-27. Review of the test results shows no significant variations from the results obtained with either the flat plate or hemispherical hub tests with the yaw vanes undeflected. It was expected that a 12° splay of the nozzle exit vanes would cause a decrease in gross thrust performance of the nose unit, however, if this is indeed true, the effect is within the uncertainty band of the present thrust measurement technique.

3.2 X376B/T58 LEFI LIFT/CRUISE UNIT

The tests of the left lift/cruise unit encompassed mapping of the fan with the calibration nozzles and evaluation of the vectoring nozzle performance for hood deflection angles, δ_{LC} , of 0°, 56° and 95°.

3.2.1 FAN PERFORMANCE MAP - Calibration of the left lift/cruise unit was accomplished over test runs 15 through 18. Figures 3-28 and 3-29 present the fan pressure ratio and turbine discharge pressure ratio characteristics as a function of fan speed for the four calibration nozzle exit areas. Fan airflow data versus fan speed is shown in Figure 3-30, whereas the gross thrust produced with the calibration nozzle is illustrated in Figure 3-31.

Construction of the fan map was performed and is shown in Figure 3-32. The thrust performance maps are provided in Figure 3-33. Comparison of these maps with the nose unit maps shows, as expected, good agreement in both pressure rise and thrust performance.

3.2.2 LIFT/CRUISE NOZZLE PERFORMANCE IN GROUND PROXIMITY - The effect of ground proximity on the left lift/cruise nozzle in its 95° deflected position was evaluated at the same five heights covered with the nose lift unit. The performance data set isting of airflow and thrust as a function of corrected fan speed is plotted in es 3-34 through 3-36.

Superposition of the fan operating line for each height on the fan map for this unit is shown in Figure 3-37. No relative movement of the fan operating line with ground height is indicated and is in contrast to the nose unit which exhibited back pressure effects at H/D = 1.02. It is hypothesized that this difference is a result i differences in nozzle configuration and exit flow distribution between the lift/ cruise and hose units.

The fan exit rake coefficient variation with ground height is shown in Figure 3-38. The data used to make-up this figure may be found in Appendix C.

3.2.3 <u>LIFT/CRUISE NOZZLE VECTOR PERFORMANCE</u> - The change in fan and nozzle performance with lift/cruise nozzle deflection angle was evaluated out of ground effect. Figures 3-39 through 3-41 depict the fan and gas generator mass flow and thrust characteristics as a function of fan speed for hood deflection angles of 0° and 56°.

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Fan exit rake coefficient, thrust vecto. angle, and moment arm information is shown in Figures 3-42 and 3-43. The general effect of increasing hood deflection angle on gross thrust is slight. A nominal thrust level of 5600 newtons was measured at 3600 RPM for each of the three vector positions.

3.3 X376B/T58 RIGHT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT

Testing of the right lift/cruise unit was confined to evaluation of the unit in ground effect. Mapping was not carried out due to program scope limitations. An additional ground height at H/D = 2.0 was included in the test runs on this unit.

The results of the ground effects testing of the right lift/cruise unit are shown in Figures 3-44 through 3-46.

The fan exit rake coefficients for the right lift/cruise unit are provided in Figure 3-47. The average values remain relatively constant with respect to R/D, although the thrust coefficient shows a drop in value of approximately 4 percent from E/D = 2.0 to 1.02.

The thrust vector angle and moment arm characteristics for the right unit are given in Figure 3-48.

3.4 LF336/J85 NOSE LIFT UNIT

Testing of the LF336/J85 turbotip fan unit was included in the test program primarily to establish the effects of higher fan pressure ratio on the ground height characteristics of the LSPM louvered nozzle. It was expected that the hub pressurization effect would be a function of fan total pressure. The LF336/J85 fan system has a design pressure ratio of 1.3 compared to 1.08 for the X376B/T58 units and possesses an exit geometry compatible with the LSPM louvered nozzle.

The test of the LF336/J85 system included both fan mapping and ground effects runs with the louvered lift nozzle at H/D values of ∞ , 6.45, 2.55 and 1.55. Data at H/D equal to 1.02 was not obtained so that testing could be focused on the units of primary importance: the three X3765/T58 LSPM units.

3.4.1 <u>FAN PERFORMANCE MAP</u> - Calibration of the LF336/J85 unit was accomplished over test runs 1-3 using three of the four calibration nozzle areas. Fan pressure ratio and turbine discharge pressure ratio as a function of fan speed is presented in Figures 3-49 and 3-50. Unlike the X376B/T58 fan units a sizeable difference in fan and turbine pressure ratio exists on this unit. Fan and gas generator airflow information is given in Figure 3-51 and the measured thrust data is provided in Figure 3-52. Operation of this fan unit was restricted to speeds of 90 percent and below due to minor tip turbine bucket damage, and as a consequence, the full design point performance of this fan could not be utilized.

The fan map for the LF336 fan is shown in Figure 3-53, whereas the thrust maps as a function of fan and total corrected flow are given in Figure 3-54. These performance maps compare closely with test results obtained during a previous nozzle test program described in Reference 7.

3.4.2 LOUVERED NOZZLE PERFORMANCE IN GROUND PROXIMITY - Tests of the louvered nozzle with the LF336/J85 were conducted with a hemispherical exit hub installed, with the louvers set at 95°, and with yaw vanes undeflected.

Figures 3-55 through 3-58 show the airflow and thrust data recorded at the four ground heights. Figure 3-59 illustrates the location of operating lines on the fan map for each ground height. As was observed with the X376B/T58 louvered nozzle test, no change in the operating line is indicated for H/D = 1.55 and above.

The fan exit rake coefficients were also calculated for this fan and are illustrated in Figure 3-60 as a function of ground height. No significant change in either thrust or flow coefficients is indicated. This same result was obtained with the X376B/T58 unit (down to an H/D = 1.55), consequently, it is concluded that the effect of fan pressure ratio changes on the performance of the nose nozzle in ground proximity is negligible for the range of pressure ratio and ground heights covered here. It is noted that turbine mass flow coefficient, CAT, for this unit is greater than 1.0. This result implies that all of the gas generator flow did not pass through the annular tip turbine exhaust duct. Flow leakage from the tip turbine section into the fan duct at the gas seal location (see Figure 2-2) is possible on this unit and is the probable reason for the turbine flow coefficient to have a value above 1.0.

FIGURE 3-1

X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PRESSURE RATIO CHARACTERISTICS FAN PRESSURE RATIO vs FAN SPEED

Calibration Nozzle



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FIGURE 3-4 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT CALIBRATION NOZZLE PERFORMANCE THRUST vs FAN SPEED







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FIGURE 3-7 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT FAN FLOW vs FAN SPEED

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FIGURE 3-9 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT









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FIGURE 3-14 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT FAN FLOW vs FAN SPEED



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FIGURE 3-14 (Continued) X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT



FIGURE 3-15 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT

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FIGURE 3-16 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT THRUST vs FAN SPEED









FIGURE 3-18 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT **EXIT HUB PRESSURE DATA HEMISPHERICAL HUB**









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FIGURE 3-21 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT FAN EXIT HUB FORCES

N_F∕√∂= 3600 rpm



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FIGURE 3-22 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT

FIGURE 3-23 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT TURBINE FLOW vs FAN SPEED $\delta_{NL} = 95^{\circ} \quad \delta_{\gamma} = \pm 12^{\circ}$ Flat Plate Hub H/D = ∞ , 2.55, 1.55, 1.02



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FIGURE 3-24 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT









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FIGURE 3-27 X376B/T58 NOSE LIFT UNIT THRUST VECTOR ANGLE AND MOMENT ARM CHARACTERISTICS $H/D = \infty$



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FIGURE 3-28 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT CRUISE UNIT PRESSURE RATIO CHARACTERISTICS FAN PRESSURE RATIO vs FAN SPEED

FIGURE 3-29 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT PRESSURE RATIO CHARACTERISTICS TURBINE PRESSURE RATIO vs FAN SPEED





FIGURE 3-31 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT CALIBRATION NOZZLE PERFORMANCE THRUST vs FAN SPEED



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FIGURE 3-31 (Continued) X376B/T58 LEFT LIFF/ CRUISE CALIBRATION NOZZLE PERFORMANCE THPUST vs FAN SPEED

FIGURE 3-32 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT FAN MAP CHARACTERISTICS



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FIGURE 3-33 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT PERFORMANCE MAP THRUST vs FAN FLOW, TOTAL FLOW

FIGURE 3-34

X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT FAN FLOW vs FAN SPEED





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FIGURE 3-36 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT THRU3T vs FAN SPEED







FIGURE 3-37 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT FAN PERFORMANCE

FIGURE 3-38 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT EXIT RAKE COEFFICIENTS δ_LC = 95° $\delta_y = 0^o$



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FIGURE 3-40 X376B/ T58 LEFT ' IFT ' CRUISE UNIT PERFORMANCE TURBINE FLOW vs FAN SPEED δ_y = 0° H/D =∞



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FIGURE 3-42 X376B/T58 LEFT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT EXIT RAKE COEFFICIENTS H/D = ∞ δ_y = 0°





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FIGURE 3-44 X376B/T58 RIGHT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT



FIGURE 3-45







FIGURE 3-46 X376B/T58 RIGHT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT THRUST vs FAN SPEED



FIGURE 3-47 X376B/T58 RIGHT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT EXIT RAKE COEFFICIENTS $\delta_{LC}=95^\circ~~\delta_y=0^\circ$



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FIGURE 3-48 X376B/T58 RIGHT LIFT/CRUISE UNIT THRUST VECTOR ANGLE AND MOMENT ARM CHARACTERISTICS $H/D = \infty$



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FIGURE 3-52

LF336/J85 CALIBRATION NOZZLE PERFORMANCE THRUST vs FAN SPEED



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FIGURE 3-54 LF336/J85 PERFORMANCE MAP THRUST vs FAN FLOW, TOTAL FLOW Calibration Nozzles





FIGURE 3-55 LF336/J85 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT EAN ELOW ve EAN SPEED

FIGURE 3-56 LF336/J85 NOSE LIFT UNIT PERFORMANCE IN GROUND EFFECT TURBINE FLOW vs FAN SPEED



GP78-1188-59















FIGURE 3-60 LF336/J85 NOSE LIFT UNIT EXIT RAKE COEFFICIENTS $\delta_{NL} = 95^{\circ} \quad \delta_{v} = 0^{\circ}$ Hemispherical Hub



4. CONCLUSIONS

The isolated fan calibration tests were conducted to establish thrust and mass flow performance "in" and "out" of ground effect for the three X376B/T58 turbotip fan thrust vectoring units used in the 70 percent scale, three fan V/STOL model. The ffects of a higher fan pressure ratio on the 70 percent model nose louvered lift nozzle were investigated with tests of the LF336/J85 turbotip fan system. The conclusions derived as a result of these tests are presented below:

- o The thrust and mass flow performance of the X376B/T58 nose lift unit with a flat plate exit hub installed is essentially constant for H/D variations down to 1.55. At H/D equal to 1.02, back pressurization of the fan nozzle exit occurs and is accompanied by an increase in thrust of 5 percent. Corresponding increases in fan exit hub pressure level were found to produce a change in hub forces which correlated well with measured thrust changes.
- o A change in fan exit hub shape from flat plate to hemispherical produces no significant change in louvered lift nozzle performance for height variations from H/D = 1.02 to ∞ .
- o Operation of the nose lift nozzle at the higher fan pressure ratios generated by the LF336/J85 fan system causes no significant change in ground proximity performance down to an H/D of 1.55, the lowest height tested.
- o The thrust and mass flow performance of the left and right X376B/T58 lift/ cruise units with 95 degree circular hood deflector nozzles remains unchanged, within ± 2 percent, for the range of ground heights from H/D = 1.02 to ∞ .

5. REFERENCES

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Esker, D. W., "Ground Test of the "D" Shaped Vented Thrus: Vectoring Nozzle", NASA CR 137959, October 1976.

APPENDIX A

TEST RUN SCHEDULE

The schedule of runs accomplished during the isolated fan tests is shown on Figure A-1. The key to the various parameters found in the run schedule is presented on Figure A-2.

RUN NO.	DATE	PO (PSIA)	T0 (°F)	FAN	CAL. OR GRD EFF.	NOZZLE	HUB	YAW ANGLE	LOUVER ANGLE	NOZZLE ANGLE	H/D
1	8/18	14.74	-	LF336	CAL.	AN-1	TAPERED	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
2	8/21	14.76	55-60			AN-4	JONE				
3	+	•	65		•	AN-3		i 🕈 🗌			
	8/24	14.77	5.		GRD EFF.	NOSE	HEMISPHERE	<u>0</u> °	95°		
5	8/25	14.78	63-64				1	1	1 1		6.45
2		14.77	68			🛉					2.55
		14.70	60-65	¥376B		1/H 1/C	OCIVE	0.0	N A	050	<u>†</u>
9		14.64	80	L/H L/C		L/n ./0	00175		N.A.	,,,	6.45
10			i								2.55
11	9/5	14.65	65-66								1.02
12		•	66								1.55
13	9/6	14.67	57							0°	~
14	0/0	14.60	63		CHI	411 2	TIDEDED			56*	<u> </u>
	9/0	14.72	67		CAL.	AN-3	CONF	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
16)/11	14.73	55			AN-2	COAL				
17		•	63			AN-4					
18	9/12	14.65	53	T		AN-1					
19	9/14	14.66	52	X376B		1					
				NOSE							
20		14.63	65			AN-2					
22	9/15	14 7:	73 65			AN-3	1				↓
23	9/19	14.81	70		GRD EFF.	NOSE	HEMISPHERE				
24	9/20	14.60	49				•		1 1		1.02
25			65								1.55
20											2.55
27		V	67								6.45
28	9/21	14.74	52						! !		∞ ∎
30		14.75	76				CLAI PLAIL	+120			
31	9/22		50								1.02
32			60					0°			
33	l l	▼	67					•			1.55
34	9/25	14.69	63					+12°			•
35		14.70	80								2.55
36		, †	77					0°	{ 🖌		
	9/2	14.73		"376P			OCTVE				6.45
39	7/43	14.70	61	R/. L/C			JOIVE		N.A.	95	1 02
40	•	🛉	67		1						1.55
41	9/29	14.71	60								1.55
42	ł		ذ ف		1						2.0
43			75		4					_ 	2.55
44	T	V	7	V	T		▼	T	T T	T I	6.45

FIGURE A-1 TEST RUN SCHEDULE

N.A. - Not Applicable

FIGURE A-2 RUN SCHEDULE KEY

H/D: Height of lift/cruise nozzle exit above ground plane ratioed to nozzle exit diameter: D = .99 m (3.25 ft)

$H/D = \infty$	H = Ground plane removed
= 6.45	= 6.4 m (21 ft)
= 2.55	= 2.53 (8.3)
= 1.55	= 1.52 (5.0)
= 1.02	= 1.01 (3.3)

Yaw Angle: Position of yaw vanes with respect to vertical Louver Angle: Position of louvers with respect to vertical Calibration Nozzle: $AN-1 = 5485 \text{ cm}^2$ (850 in²) -2 = 5935 (920) -3 = 6285 (974) -4 = 6730 (1043)

Vector Nozzle Angle: Geometric nozzle angle with respect to vertical

APPENDIX B

TEST DATA TABULATION

FGC	- Corrected Gross Thrust
FGIC	- Corrected Ideal Gross Thrust
NFC	- Corrected Fan Speed
PTFE/PO	- Fan Pressure Ratio
PTTE/PO	- Turbine Discharge Pressure Ratio
WCBF	- Corrected Measured Fan Flow Via Belimouth
WCBG	- Corrected Measured Gas Generator Flow Via Bellmouth
WC3F	- Corrected Rake Computed Fan Flow
WC4T	- Corrected Rake Computed Turbine Flow

NOTE: Speed (NFC) in RPM Flowrates (WCBF, WCBG, WC3F, WC4T) in %G/SEC Thrusts (FGC, FGIC) in Newtons

TEST DATA TABULATION

REM NO.	PT. NO.	NFC	VCBF	WCBG	WC3F	NC4T	FAC	FGIC	PTFE/PO	PTTE/PO
1	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	3037. 3693. 4412. 5037. 5553. 5020. 4384. 3847. 3010.	42.41 53.07 51.01 70.08 75.30 70.08 59.88 52.39 41.05	13.15 14.99 16.37 17.38 18.67 17.7 16.23 14.99 13.06			6166 9261- 12302 16092 19658 16200 12178 9203 6120		1,0674 1,1024 1,1418 1,1847 1,2274 1,1878 1,1378 1,1391 1,1021 1,0652	1.0510 1.0762 1.1102 1.1420 1.1791 1.4420 1.1791 1.0588 1.0779 1.0503
2	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	3095. 3867. 4457. 5097. 5048. 5048. 4442. 3846. 3105.	53.07 64.86 73.71 82.56 89.51 82.56 72.71 64.86 53.07	13.42 15.49 16.79 17.89 18.78 17.78 16.72 15.49 13.50			6389 9982 13147 16971 20309 16971 13130 9927 6595		1.0568 1.1096 1.1468 1.1966 1.2418 1.1977 1.1469 1.1074 1.32	1.0349 1.0553 1.0739 1.0973 1.1224 1.0963 1.0716 1.0566 1.0334
3	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	3052. 3797. 4371. 4944. 5505. 4967. 4406. 3708. 3101.	50.80 51.92 69.63 78.93 85.73 78.02 70.76 60.33 50.80	13.40 15.37 16.59 17.65 19.09 17.76 16.90 15.34 13.65			6379 9660 12743 16237 19964 16316 13078 9636 6425		1.0%86 1.1054 1.1054 1.1412 1.1824 1.2363 1.1861 1.1483 1.1024 1.0774	1,04/9 1,0633 1,0473 1,1114 1,1464 1,1172 1,06,11 1,7,610 1,0399
•	2 3 4 5 6 7	1124. 3894. 4502. 5098. 5663. 5085. 4395. 3861. 3153.	55.57 66.91 75.30 85.05 91.85 84.37 73.94 65.32 54.21	13.63 15.45 16.76 17.89 18.75 18.03 16.82 15.51 13.65	66.64 81.42 94.99 107.97 118.64 106.38 94.48 81.52 66.42	12.29 14.96 16.83 18.37 19.28 18.45 16.77 14.87 12.19	6/006 9041 11897 15198 17982 15174 11757 8828 5922	8702 12972 17576 22576 27178 22245 17305 12941 8639	1.0710 1.1040 1.1505 1.1989 1.2459 1.2459 1.1942 1.1478 1.1080 1.0708	
5	2 3 4 5 5 7 8 9 10	3103. 3774. 4435. 5054. 5570. 5078. 4424. 3781. 3099.	55.34 65.55 74.84 84.82 91.63 85.05 75.07 65.32 54.21	13.57 15.20 16.69 17.90 18.78 17.79 16.77 15.29 13.62	65.47 80.58 93.59 109.31 117.51 109.40 95.35 81.21 66.05	12.03 14.77 16.62 18.33 19.08 10.55 16.77 14.96 12.24	5593 8318 11237 14739 17693 15249 11764 8861 6043	6422 12629 17023 22977 .6523 23103 17505 12856 8542	1.0690 1.1045 1.1452 1.2025 1.2179 1.2030 1.1494 1.1062 1.0693	
6	2 3 4 5 6 7 9 9 10	3061. 3767. 4436. 4914. 5457. 4942. 4327. 3691. 3049.	55.34 65.32 75.30 82.56 91.63 83.24 73.71 64.64 54.43	12.64 15.41 16.85 17.51 18.59 17.77 16.73 15.3 13.78	67.26 79.79 97.20 105.22 105.72 92.88 79.83 42	12.49 14.82 16.82 19.18 18.10 16.95 14.66 11.89	5807 8313 11540 13876 16950 13981 10748 7909 5323	\$838 12419 17809 21514 25232 21587 16789 12159 8238	1.0721 1.1025 1.1521 1.1805 1.2225 1.1802 1.1418 1.0996 1.0669	
7	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	3058. 3754. 4390. 4951. 5419. 4926. 4351. 3730. 3060.	53.07 66.45 73.94 83.92 90.72 83.24 73.71 63.50 53.52	13.47 15.39 16.61 17.47 18.72 17.77 16.72 15.46 13.69	54.89 81.14 92.24 105.69 113.67 105.06 93.93 60.83 64.16	12.14 14.9, 16.91 18.30 19.08 18.00 16.60 14.73 12.01	5200 7894 10680 13709 16698 13789 10742 7780 5112	8138 12627 17019 21757 24908 21277 16772 12491 80119	1.0554 1.1037 1.1435 1.1853 7.2199 1.1850 1.1419 1.1030 1.0543	
8	2 3 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	2035. 2554. 2882. 3550. 3624. 3965. 3466. 3271. 2890. 2524. 2038.	33.79 42.41 48.08 53.07 58.74 62.60 59.88 53.52 46.72 41.05 33.11	3.05 3.91 4.35 5.34 5.59 5.35 4.91 4.25 3.81 3.16	34.48 43.20 55.45 55.71 62.58 66.72 62.96 56.40 49.20 42.71 34.82	3.81 4.82 5.46 5.99 6.4, 6.72 6 40 5.92 5.15 4.65 3.80	1822 2777 3748 4674 5836 6696 5979 4911 371A 2915 2035	2134 3416 4633 5643 7092 8122 7222 5779 4366 3302 2197	1.0, * 1.0277 1.0376 1.0456 1.0585 1.0573 1.0573 1.0597 1.0474 1.0350 1.0259 1.0269 1.0269	
9	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1941. 2520. 2804. 3285. 3669. 3855. 3678. 3248. 2850. 2504. 2012.	31.98 41.05 45.36 53.52 58.06 61.01 58.06 52.39 45.35 39.69 29.94	3.02 3.83 4.24 4.89 5.30 5.52 5.32 4.85 4.33 3.82 3.10	34.04 43.30 48.28 57.80 61.77 65.81 62.38 56.87 51.13 43.95	3.62 4.59 5.09 6.01 6.40 6.61 5.87 5.30 4.61 3.86	1660 2780 3447 4738 5846 6490 5910 4566 3454 2584 1584	2023 3312 4145 5947 6947 7904 6945 5810 4585 3399 2163	1.0165 1.0259 1.0336 1.0484 1.0572 1.0658 1.0572 1.0479 1.0371 1.0275 1.0479	

10.	PT. 80.	WFC	NOF	NCBE	WC3F	WEAT	FBC	FEBC	PTFE/P0	PTTE/PS
ic .	2	1995.	30.04 30.09	3.05	13.20 43.05	3.61	1615 2647	1993 3284	1.9165	
	4	2'17.	46.04	4.39	40.89	5.29	3534	4311	1.0352	
	,	3649.	56.93	5.27	60.96 65.30	6.36	5475	6798	1.6560	
	i	3533 .	58.66	5.30	60.18	6.46	5499	7351	1.0019	
	10	2835.	44.45	4.36	49.65	5.24	1356	4383	1.0355	
	12	2022.	39.94	1.12	34.55	3.69	1694	7123	1.0174	
n	2	1991. 2531.	33.79 41.73	3.87 3.83	33.20 42.49	3.66 4,36	1787 2795	2037 3280	1.0168 1.6270	
	4 5	2005. 3255.	47.17 54.43	4.32 4.95	49.94 56.62	5.28 5.93	3613 4736	4285 5752	1.030	
	67	3748. 3877.	59.88 61.24	5.43 5.57	62.72 65.25	6.36 6.62	5908 6489	7239 7825	1.0548	
	8	3672. 3271.	59.88 53.52	5.40 4.93	63.56 56.96	6.32 5.84	5961 4259	7351 5895	1.0607 1.0404	
	14	2837. 2487.	46.04 39.69	4.3) 3.82	48.30 42.66	5.14 4.51	3498 2631	4412 3267	1.6965 1.6260	
		1958.	39.84	3.07	11.11	1.69		1752	1.0002	
IZ	3	2967. 2528.	30.84	3.10	11.96 42.41	3.66 4.53	2682 2632	3794	1.0254	
	5	2009. 3243.	52.39	4.85	56.14	5.49	4624	5739	1.9657	
	7	3787. 3874.	58.06 61.24	5.29 5.58	62.91 66.47	6.65	6486	8011	1.0660	
	8.9	3648. 3196.	57.83 51.71	5.36	62.10 55.46	6.44 5.95	5772 4486	5593	1.0455	
	10	2894. 2458.	45.36 38.78	4.25	48.98 41.60	5.09 4.53	3256 2555	4191 3149	1.0305	
13		2012.	33.79	3.04	37.40	3.62	1707			<u></u>
	3	2557. 2005.	43.09 40.44	3.79 4.26	47.06 53.77	4.56 5.07	2722 3615			
	5	3326. 3701.	56.93 62.60	4.82	61.56 68.04	5.79 6.37	4758 5911			
	7	4091.	68.27	5.69	74.10	6.77	7060			
	5	3295.	56.93	4.83	61.80	5.89	4819			
	11 12	2536. 2034.	43.09 33.11	3.78	47.40 37.72	4.50 3.71	2756 1818			
14	2	2006.	<u>13 11</u>	3.09	35.72	3.73	1713		<u> </u>	
	4	2872.	47.63	4.13	52.07	5.16	3530			
	6	3792.	59.88	5.33	59.49 66.42	6.35	5904			
			59.88	5.37	74.43 66.51	6.40	5996			
	9 10	3397. 2904.	54.43 47.63	4.92	60.85 52.37	5.99 5.33	3725			
	11	2564. 2006.	41.05 30.84	3.86 3.10	45.14 35.84	4.61 3.65	2825 1822			
5	2 3	1990.	31.92 41.05	:			1830 3095	2265 1766	1.0173	1.0178
	4	2884. 3274.	47.17 54.43	:			3965 5067	4960	1.0378 1.0469	1_9417 1,0566
	6 7	3690. 4005.	60.33 65.32	2			6521 7681	8020	1.0607 1.2693	1,0745 1,0862
	8	3705.	61.01 55.34	:			6628 5432	8002	1.0605	1,0746
	10	2882.	48.31 41.05	:			4294	5111	1.7386	1.0447
	12	1963.	31.90	•			2060	2292	1 0173	1.0192
6	2 3	2015. 2556.	29.94 38.78	:			1880 3042	2183 3510	1.01 81 1.0290	1.0191 1.0324
	4 5	29 38 . 3317.	66.72 51.71	-			5033	4691 6035	1.0495	1,8697
	6 7	3758. 4050.	58.06 51.92	-			6316 7397	7535 8450	1.0616	1.0794
	89	3776. 3317.	57.83 51.71	•			6431 5160	7402 5867	1.0603	1.0802 1.0620
	10 11	2891. 2537.	46.04 39.69	-			3972 2992	4571 3444	1.0375	1.0441
	12	2012.	29.94	•			1966	2157	1.0178	1.0199
7	2	2015. 2521.	33.79 43.09	-			1740 2764	2117 3488	1.01 50 1.02 50	1.0149 1.0229 1.0202
	5	20070. 1367.	48.31 56.25	1			90.54 4923	6200	1.0448	1.0448
	5	3705. 3968.	62.14 67.13	:			6207 7203	9293	1.0591	1.0749
	8	3669. 3343.	61.24 56.93	:			6008 5122	7575 6390	1.0543	1.0510
	10 11	2846 . 2560 .	48.31 43.77	:			3804 3023	4708 3466	1.0342	1.0323 1.0234
	12	2010.	33.79	-			1913	2183	1.0154	1.0167

TEST DATA TABULATION (Cont'd)

C-2

10 0.	PT. 10.	IIF C	NCBF	NCBE	NCXF	NCAT	FGC	P61C	PTFE/PO	PTIE/PO
18	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	2836. 2569. 2915. 3279. 3737. 4634. 3753.	29.94 38.78 45.35 50.89 57.83 59.88 56.47				1902 3859 4122 5205 6487 7503 6581	2191 3561 4779 6037 7367 5210 7237	1.0149 1.0307 1.0410 1.0514 1.0523 3.0692 1.0613	1.0216 1.0361 1.0097 1.0669 1.0054 1.1001 1.0090
_	9 16 11 12	1134 2882. 2545. 2049.	50-12 44-45 38-78 28-80	-			5252 4121 3199 2078	5999 4985 3467 2164	1.0502 1.0394 1.0296 1.0186	1.0656 1.0404 1.0357 1.0217
19	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	2029. 2548. 2945. 3550. 3734. 4029. 3748. 3301. 2939. 2541. 2031.	30.04 38.78 44.45 99.88 55.57 48.31 43.77 37.42 29.98	2.94 3.65 4.17 4.60 5.12 5.42 5.14 4.59 4.13 3.61 2.95			1750 2874 3864 4777 6214 7263 6283 4859 3872 2930 1931	2189 3514 4344 5885 7820 8820 7616 5779 4562 3380 2180	1,0182 1,6292 1,0397 1,0495 1,0495 1,0495 1,0495 1,0492 1,0492 1,0492 1,0492 1,0492 1,0492	7.0190 1.0007 1.0405 1.0510 1.0510 1.0911 1.0921 1.0922 1.0405 1.0925 1.0405 1.0304 2.6192
20	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	2006. 2590. 2994. 3729. 3747. 3977. 3723. 3273. 3273. 2057. 2552. 2553. 2007.	37.90 40.14 46.04 51.26 57.43 61.01 57.43 51.26 45.36 30.70 30.84	2.53 3.77 4.18 4.63 5.14 5.47 5.10 4.61 4.09 3.63 2.55			1004 3056 4056 5002 6426 7461 6389 5089 4081 3064 2015	2262 3620 46059 7768 9000 7610 5918 4627 3654 2195	1,6185 1,6293 1,6395 1,0491 1,0425 1,0729 1,0614 1,0479 1,0375 1,0223 1,0178	1.0145 1.0234 1.0287 1.0485 1.0465 1.0467 1.0565 1.0499 1.0382 1.0382 1.0382
21	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	1990. 2499. 2868. 3369. 3660. 4104. 3689. 3292. 2690. 2484. 2011.	33.11 42.41 48.06 55.57 59.19 64.86 59.83 55.34 48.00 41.65 31.96	2.97 3.70 4.23 4.70 5.06 5.39 5.05 4.74 4.17 3.64 2.96			1883 3025 4065 5285 6257 7538 6296 5352 4120 3128 2040	2342 3594 5072 6506 7726 9173 7659 6635 4978 3585 2338	1.6178 1.0259 1.0381 1.0493 1.0589 1.0580 1.0580 1.0580 1.0588 1.0382 1.0270 1.0778	1.0170 1.6259 1.0357 1.0674 1.0568 1.0669 1.0669 1.0673 1.0356 1.0254 1.0167
22	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	2017, 2535, 2913, 3259, 3668, 4002, 3599, 3263, 2874, 2520, 2303,	35.63 44.65 51.26 54.93 63.50 67.59 63.50 56.93 50.12 '3.09 33.79	2.97 3.67 4.20 4.63 5.12 5.40 5.00 4.61 4.61 4.61 3.62 2.93			1853 2921 3938 4970 6275 7410 6286 5033 3899 2860 1829	2348 3719 5055 6306 8108 8121 6337 4073 3639 2277	t.0164 1.0262 7.0359 1.0456 1.0562 1.0562 1.0568 1.0454 1.0454 1.0349 1.0259 1.0259	1.0140 1.0226 1.0302 1.0393 1.0525 1.0596 1.0596 1.0512 1.0299 1.0292 1.0299 1.0299
23	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	1960. 2520. 2084. 3166. 3719. 3979. 3140. 2554. 7032.	34,47 43.09 48.08 53.52 59.88 64.17 52.39 41.05 33.11	2.83 3.58 4.11 4.40 4.98 5.37 4.43 3.50 2.92	36.2; 46.13 53.81 59.09 67.18 72.55 58.47 46.76 16.77	3.15 4.08 4.55 4.90 5.56 5.77 4.87 4.76 3.30	1587 2606 3444 4176 5677 6789 4281 2764 1794	1973 1951 4370 5330 7100 4335 5295 3361 2101		
24	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	2664 2566. 2957 3310. 3790. 4172. 3752. 3321. 2536. 2570. 2054.	13.79 41.73 48.11 54.43 60.33 65.12 59.88 54.43 47.63 41.73 33.11	3.03 3.71 4.22 4.72 5.17 5.54 5.14 4.71 4.20 3.70 2.99	36.64 45.57 59.63 67.08 74.19 66.99 59.96 52.45 45.71 36.69	3.43 4.19 4.77 5.27 5.66 6.00 5.64 5.19 4.59 4.25 3.52	1786 2835 3751 4885 6113 7756 6191 4987 3748 2908 1848	2244 3495 5595 7639 9441 7639 6035 6035 4504 3516 2237	1.0175 1.0277 1.0371 1.0482 1.0524 1.0782 1.0527 1.0485 1.0377 1.0278 1.0174	
25	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	2000. 2526. 2905. 3292. 3692. 4197 3717 3306. 2891. 2522. 2020.	33.11 41.73 48.31 54.43 61 01 65.32 60.33 54.43 47.43 40.14 29.94	2 94 3.70 4.21 4.69 5.08 5.56 5.10 4.69 4.20 3.67 2.97	36.70 47.06 54.78 61.57 68.73 75.76 69.27 61.89 54.63 46.75 36.90	3.28 4.20 4.69 5.12 5.88 5.62 5.20 4.65 4.05 3.35	1620 2657 3602 4575 5847 7135 5850 4636 3560 2629 1611	2119 3444 4693 5962 7560 9291 7653 6079 4695 3410 2120	1.0161 1.0260 1.0359 1.0461 1.0589 1.0598 1.0598 1.0471 1.0351 1.0259 1.0158	

TEST DATA TABULATION (Cont'd)

FUR: N1 MDC A5704

RLIN NO.	РТ. ND.	NEC	WCBF	WCBG	WC3F	NCAT	FGC	FGIC	PTFE/PO	PTTE/PO
26	2	2001.	33.11	2.94	36.77	3.25	1608	2104	1.0160	
	3	2494. 2896	42.41	3.67	46.45	4.10	2491 3444	3358	1.0254	
	5	3270.	55.34	4.63	61.19	5.04	4400	5859	1.0454	
	67	3658.	60.33 65.37	5.08	67.82 75.07	5.42	5725 7079	7330	1.0577	
	8	3681.	61.01	5.12	68.28	5.55	5906	7463	1.0584	
	10	3286. 2890.	55.34 48.06	4.60	60.93 54.48	5.03	4594	5840 4596	1.0453	
	11	2513.	41.05	3.66	46.02	4.06	2597	3409	1.0259	
		1981	31.98	2.97	30.02	3.38	1700	2078	1.0153	
.,	3	2516.	40.14	3.66	46.58	4.10	2517	3330	1.0250	
	4	2878. 1264	47.17	4,14	53 21 60 64	4.58	3456	4409	1.0336	
	6	3654.	59.88	5.08	67.72	5.52	5693	7244	1.0563	
	8	4102.	64.86 59.19	5.51	74.57	5.78	7081 5815	8951 2351	1.0707	
	9	3248.	53.52	4.55	60.06	5.08	4568	5654	1.0434	
	ii	28/5. 2512.	40.14	3.61	46.10	4.09	3332 2692	3317	1.0250	
	12	2008.	31.98	2.94	36.99	3.30	1741	2065	1.0154	
28	2	2031. 2565.	36.29 44.45	2.96 3.68	37.14 47.30	3.41 4.20	1620 2633	2174 3496	1.0163	
	4	2982.	51.26	4.27	54.98	4.82	3598	4735	1.0358	
	6	3741.	52.60	5.15	69.16	5.70	45/4 5946	7645	1.0595	
	7	4188.	66.23	5.54	75.76	5.84	7296	9273	1.9736	
	9	3337.	56.25	4.68	61.73	5.23	4670	6059	1.0466	
	10	2911.	50.12	4.21	54.46 AK KK	4.68	3629	4678	1.035#	
	12	2058.	34.47	3.00	36.89	3.37	1688	2165	1.0164	
29	3	1979.	31.98	2.95	36.97	3.44	1657	2110	1.0159	
	5	2889.	47 17	4.18	54,66	4.80	3564	4659	1.0356	
	6	3310.	54.43 59 PD	4.75	62.70 68.43	5.34	4708	6205	1.0483	
	8	4052.	65.32	5 49	75.38	5.98	7097	9219	1.0736	
	9	3702	59.88 54 21	5.19	69.23	5.75	5932 4837	7663	1.0603	
	11	2885.	47.63	4.21	54.27	4.80	3736	4694	1.0363	
	12	2495. 2021.	39.69 30.84	3.64 3.02	45.89 37.03	4.14 3.40	2765 1855	3343 2184	1.0256	
30	2	1996.	33.11	2 92	36.61	3.36	1730	2100	1.0161	
	3	2527. 2885.	42.41 48.31	3.69	47.35 54.75	4.22	2830	3482 4657	1.0267	
	5	3277.	55.34	4.69	61.62	5.22	4758	5981	1.0467	
	7	4032	66.23	5.53	75.16	5.91	7221	9110	1.0732	
	8	3701.	59.88	5.15	68 18	5.55	6071	7444	1.0590	
	10	2885.	48.08	4.20	54.28	4.69	3692	4656	1.0364	
	11 12	2488. 1998.	41.05 31.95	3.66 2.96	46.31 36.29	4.06 3.20	2715 1845	3370 2089	1.0261	
31	Z	2083.	36.29	3.04	36.10	3.45	1883	2271	1.0168	
	4	2556.	42.41	4.23	52.28	4.85	3818	4753	1.0395	
	5	3776.	55.34	4.72	59.13	5.25	5028	6092 75 80	1.0512	
	7	4112.	65.32	5.58	72.45	6.11	1111	9293	1.0794	
	8	3695.	59.88 54.21	5 14	65.28 58.53	5.62	6386 5048	7493	1.0638	
	10	2851.	48.08	4.20	51.50	4.69	3900	4634	1.0389	
	11	2547. 2036.	41.73 33.79	3.68 3.00	44.38 35.27	4 14 3.45	2943 1637	3435 2204	1.0285	
32	2	2006.	29.94	2 94	35.25	3.24	1717	2115	1.0175	
	3	2519.	.98,78	4.21	51.89	4.83	3824	4650	1.02/5	
	5	3362	51 26	4.64	58.75	5.23	4905	5964	1.0499	
	7	3/35. 4176.	62.60	5.52	73.08	5.96	7703	9339	1,0796	
	3	3697.	57 83	5 13	65 98 58 51	5.69	6314 4958	7567	1.0638	
	10	2811	44.45	4 15	50 98	4 78	3761	4535	1.0375	
	11	25°3. 2017.	38.10 28.80	3 64 2 97	44 31 34 99	4 26 3 36	2 866 1852	3393 2115	1.0277	
33	2	2006 .	33.11	2 93	35 67	3.30	1520	2006	1.0152	
	3	2493 2893.	41.05 47 63	3 62 4,21	45 34 53 55	3 97 4.72	2441 3439	3253 4624	1.0252	
	5	3315.	55 14	4 69	60 40	5.18	4472	5893	1.0467	
	6 7	3700 4083	59 88 65.55	5 11 5.48	6/ 41 74.68	5.50	5016 6802	9090	1.0740	
	8	3657.	58 06	5.06	66 73	5 54	5346	7284	1.0583	
	10	2858.	46 04	4 14	52 75	4 67	3363	4452	1.0345	
	11	2528.	40.14	3 68	46 39	4,14	2606	3455	1.0269	
	16	2016.	30.04	4.90	JU /4	3.30	1030	2134	1.010/	

TEST DATA TABULATION (Cont'd)

RUM NC).	PT. NO.	NFC	WCBF	WCBG	WC3F	WC4T	FGC .	FGIC	PTFE/PO	PTTE/PO
34	2	2032.	34.47	2 99	36.97 45.58	3.48	1604	2163	1.0163	
	4	2925.	48.31	4.22	53.32	4.66	3458	4571	1.0353	
	6	3694.	60.33	5.11	67.33	5.65	5659	7388	1.0587	
	7	4101, 3713,	66.23 60.33	5,54 5,11	74.10 67.49	5.77 5.55	7007 5699	8967 7421	1,0728	
	9	3282.	55.34	4.67	60.37	5.56	4531	5873	1.0464	
	11	2532.	42.41	3.65	46.06	4.17	2647	3396	1.0261	
	12	20.12.	33.79	2.9/		3.43	1782	2170	1.0765	
35	2 3	2014. 2479.	31.96 39.69	2.98 3.62	35,94 45,79	3.17 3.98	1597 2380	1959 3227	1.0148	
	4	2832. 3181.	47.17 53.07	4,12	53.29 59.66	4.55	3176 4148	4403 5606	1.0340	
	6	3618.	58.74	5.01	66.97	5.46	5293	7114	1.0563	
	8	3652.	59,19	5.05	67.26	5.56	5302	7200	1.0567	
	9 10	3237. 2862.	52.39 46.72	4.60 4.14	59.78 53.23	5.00 4.58	4171 3182	5654 4461	1.0444	
	11	2468.	39.69	3.62	45.32	3.89	2309	3207	1.0246	
76		1060		2.97	30.00	1.30	1611	1 155	1.0150	
	3	2489.	39.69	3.60	45.30	4.08	2407	3240	1.0251	
	4	2877. 3250.	46.72 53.52	4.13 4.58	53.36 59.24	4.57 4.95	3312 4220	4493 5593	1.0356	
	6	3603	58.06	5.05	66.54	5.51	5352	7111	1.0567	
	8	3663.	58.74	5.11	67.49	5.59	5524	7304	1.0579	
	9 10	3230. 2839.	53,52 46,04	4.64	60.31 52.65	5.04 4.58	4334 3334	5758 4420	1.0454	
	11	2490.	39.69	3.64	45,73	4.05	2569	3313	1.0256	
37	2	2070	33.79	3.02		3,30	1652	2016	1.0151	
	3	2563	41.73	3.69	46.60	4.26	2582	3434	1.0260	
	5	29 <i>3</i> 0. 3312.	48.08 54.21	4.65	60.51	5.14	4456	5861	1.0460	
	6 7	3722.	60.33 66.73	5.12	67.32 74.82	5.58 5.95	5705 7031	7372 9192	1.0585	
	8	3709.	59.88	5.11	67.16	5.57	5701	7322	1.0581	
	10	2891	47.63	4.16	52.78	4.57	45/8	4436	1.0344	
	11 12	2558. 2044.	41.05 33.11	3.66 2.98	45.93 36.86	4.11 3.30	2676 1702	3389 2175	1.0267 1.0168	
70		2041	20.04	3.01	14 89	1.09	1627	2721		
38	3	2564.	38.10	3.72	44.17	4.61	2633	3478		
	4	2891. 3344.	44,45 52,39	4.21 4.75	51.09 55.06	5.25 5.60	3441 4591	4675 5997		
	6	3772. 4166	57.38	5.17	61.10 70.58	5.91	5654 6872	7369		
	8	3774.	57.38	5.13	63.42	5.76	5683	7141		
	10	2944.	51.20	4.17	48.60	5.55	4000	4575		
	11 12	2557. 2033.	38.78 29.94	3.63 2.92	41,47 31,94	4.48 3.67	2634 1692	3442 2092		
70		1984	28.80	2.95	12.62	3.67	1494	2076		
	3	2496.	38.10	3.67	41.79	4.49	2478	3407		
	5	3296.	51.26	4.71	55.42	5.59	4466	6017		
	8 7	3691. 4030.	56.93 61.01	5.19 5.56	61.26 65.70	5.88 6.37	5660 6694	7375 8697		
	8	3648. 1268	56.47	5.16	60.6Z	5.87 5.58	5512	7232		
	10	2885.	44.45	4.21	48.28	4.83	3537	4553		
	12	2512.	38.10 28.80	3.67 2.93	42.03	4.48 3.67	1531	2113		
40	2	203.).	30.84	3.08	35.17	3.69	1462	2278		
	4	2515.	.50.10 44.45	3.00 4.22	41.69	4 82 5.26	2 JOB 3370	4721		
	5	3267	50 80 56 47	4.69 5.18	56.06 61.58	5.61 5.98	4251 5367	6055 7332		
	7	4007	61.24	5.54	68.24	6.39	6438	8792		
	9	JD67 3240.	50.25 50.12	5 14 4.65	56.30	5.40	. 4348	5815		
	10 11	2903.	44.45 38.10	4.20 3.64	48.99 42 64	4.95 4.50	3500 2620	4488 3404		
	12	2014.	29.94	2.98	34.63	3.67	1706	2208		
41	2	1985.	30.84	2.93	33.22 43 A1	3.73	1352	2048 3482		
	4	2934.	45.04	4 23	50.22	5.20	3519	4588		
	5	3340. 3724.	57.39 57.38	4,70 5,25	50.58 63,74	5.33	5347	7290		
	7 R	4036	61.24 57.39	5.55 5 18	67.43 63.87	6.08 5.84	6215 5447	8230 7284		
	ÿ	3296	51 26	4.72	56.42	5 46	4 394	5757		
	11	2528.	46,72 38 78	3.67	42.61	4,61	2450	3375		
	12	2004.	30,84	2.94	33.93	3.53	1616	2104		

TEST DATA TABULATION (Cont'd)

RUN NG.	РТ. NO.	NFC	WCBF	MCBG	WC3F	NCAT	FGC	FGIC	PTFE/PO	PTTE/PO
42	2	2023.	28.80	2.98	34.09	3.80	1610	2168		
	3	2539.	38.78	3.77	43.88	4.52	2628	3505		
	4	2902.	45.36	4.23	50.34	5.03	3583	4603		
	5	3285.	50.80	4.71	56.99	5.52	4620	5826		
	6	3720	56.47	5.17	63.84	5.91	5864	7300		
	7	4012.	60.33	5.48	69.30	6.23	6742	8617		
	8	3677.	56.25	5.12	63.29	5.90	5730	7189		
	9	3276.	50.12	4.67	56.62	5.59	4698	5806		
	10	2918.	44.45	4.22	50.54	5.08	3714	4567		
	11	2527.	38.10	3.69	43.05	4.59	2730	3394		
	12	1988.	28.80	2.94	33.59	3.75	1715	2098		
43	2	2014.	28.80	2.92	34.08	3.69	1705	2129		
	3	2522.	37.42	3.67	43.20	4.66	2620	3008		
	4	2871.	43.77	4.18	50.54	4.90	3606	4525		
	5	3273.	50.12	4.68	57.49	5.42	4670	5828		
	6	3691.	56.47	5.14	63.78	5.86	5690	7236		
	7	3909.	59.88	5.42	67.89	6.03	6458	8226		
	8	3651.	55.34	5.08	62.55	5.80	5468	6967		
	9	3246.	50.12	4.62	56.29	5.52	4420	5693		
	10	2834.	43.77	4.12	49,50	5.30	3506	4394		
	11	2516.	38,10	3.65	43,90	4.55	2659	3419		
	12	2022.	28.80	2.93	34.71	3.71	1687	2171		
44	2	1916.	28.80	2.93	33.18	3.52	1676	2033		
	3	2535.	37.42	3.71	43.63	4,49	2650	3361		
	4	2883.	44.45	4.21	50.24	5.22	3483	4504		
	5	3277.	50.12	4.69	58.78	5.50	4554	6033		
	6	3641.	56.47	5.14	63.86	5.95	5548	7239		
	7	3954	59.19	5.38	67.60	6.13	6485	8220		
	8	3542.	55.34	5.03	61.55	5.91	5353	6792		
	9	3266	50.12	4.67	57.09	5.49	4553	5798		
	10	2884	43.77	4.18	51.25	4.95	3619	4663		
	ii ii	2481.	36.29	3.59	42.13	4.23	2617	3147		
	12	2050.	29.94	2.99	35.23	3.82	1745	2243		

TEST DATA TABULATION (Cont'd)

APPENDIX C THRUST, FAN MASSFLOW AND TURBINE MASSFLOW COEFFICIENT DATA

DATA FOR:

	FI	GURE 3-1	12			F	IGURE 3-	-19	
N _F /νθ (RPM)	н/d	CF	CAF	CAT	NF/√θ (RPM)	H/D	CF	CAF	CAT
2000	œ	.805	.851	.857	2000	8	.782	.961	.853
	6.45	.789	,912	.875		6.45	.783	.851	.909
	2.55	.744	.855	.848		2.55	.770	.898	.848
	1.55	.776	.878	.875		1.55	.773	.818	.848
	1.02	.827	.853	.875		1.02	.807	.904	.824
2400	30	.803	.862	.857	2400	œ	.762	.939	.854
	6.45	.772	.896	.897		6.45	.775	.871	.923
	2.55	.762	.867	.872		2.55	.746	.898	.846
	1.55	.745	.891	.872		1.55	.763	.855	.875
	1.02	.826	.863	.875		1.02	.799	.909	.854
2800	00	.782	.871	.872	2800	00	.758	.907	.870
	6.45	.765	.892	.889		6.45	.772	.831	.911
	2.55	.748	.875	.867		2.55	.747	.898	.889
	1.55	.744	.895	.889		1.55	.765	.879	.891
	1.02	.826	.866	.870		1.02	.804	.912	.870
3200	80	.771	.873	.868	3200	œ	.762	.918	.882
	6.45	.769	.887	.882		6.45	.776	.884	.920
	2.55	.751	.883	.900		2.55	.762	.894	.920
	1.55	,747	.896	.918		1.55	.770	.888	.902
	1.02	.826	.872	.882		1.02	.806	.906	.882
3600	07	.778	.872	.895	3600	80	.770	.913	.909
	6.45	.773	.886	.927		6.45	.782	.877	.944
	2.55	.755	.882	.926		2.55	.773	.892	.944
	1.55	.748	.895	.926		1.55	.771	.885	.909
	1.02	.820	.870	.873		1.02	.811	.899	.891
4000	80	.782	.864	.915	4000	89	.778	.919	.914
	6.45	.774	.885	.931		6.45	.786	.864	.931
	2.55	.757	.882	.931		2.55	.776	.886	.931
	1.55	.753	.889	.947		1.55	.775	.874	.931
	1.02	.817	.862	.914		1.02	.813	.892	.914
		AVER	AGES				AVER	AGES	
	œ	.78 7	.866	.877		a a	.769	.926	.880
	6.45	.774	.893	.900		6.45	.779	.871	.923
	2.55	.753	.874	.891		2.55	.762	.894	.896
	1.55	.752	.891	.905		1.55	.770	.867	.893
	1.02	.824	.864	.882		1.02	.807	.904	.873

APPENDIX C THRUST, FAN MASSFLOW AND TURBINE MASSFLOW COEFFICIENT DATA (Cont'd)

DATA FOR:

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		FI	GURE 3-2	26			F	IGURE 3-	-38	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	N _F /ö (RPM)	H/D	CF	CAF	CAT	N _F /√θ (RPM)	H/D	CF	CAF	CAT
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2000	œ	.851	.889	.879	2000	80	.880	.964	.838
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.55	.777	.869	. 906		6.45	.759	.898	.816
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.55	.757	.937	.848		2.55	.751	.887	.833
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02	. 841	. 948	.848		1.55	.779	. 906	.833
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02	.041	•)40	.040		1.02	.817	.929	.827
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2400	œ	.804	.890	.875					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.55	.729	.876	.897	2400	30	.857	.957	.815
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.55	.752	.928	.875		6.45	.771	.918	.815
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02	.839	.945	.850		2.55	.777	.908	.818
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							1.55	.777	.922	.852
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2800	8	.793	.884	.870		1.02	.813	.951	.852
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.55	.722	.877	.932					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.55	.756	.919	.889	2800	80	.833	.953	.811
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02	.837	.935	.870		6.45	.780	.929	.819
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		_					2.55	.775	.917	.817
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3200	30	.795	.883	.902		1.55	.778	.930	.863
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.55	.732	.878	.900		1.02	.806	.960	.833
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.55	. 761	. 909	. 900					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02	.837	. 922	.822	3200	80	.825	.946	.814
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.00	.007			5200	6.45	.801	. 931	.828
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3600	80	808	882	927		2 55	774	. 971	.826
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2 5 5	751	877	926		1 55	791	935	842
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.55	760	.077	026		1 02	808	051	835
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.00	.709	010	• 920 901		1.04	.000		.0.0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02	.039	. 910	.091	3600	m	829	94.2	820
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4000	~	800	991	015	0000	6 4 5	820	031	.020
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	.009	.001	• 517		0.40	.020	. 201	.077
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.35	• CC I •	.0/0	• 914		2.55	.112	. 941	-0-0-0 - 1-1-0
1.02 $.826$ $.907$ $.913$ 1.02 $.811$ $.930$ $.841$ AVERAGES 4000 ∞ $.832$ $.940$ $.844$ ∞ $.810$ $.885$ $.895$ 2.55 $.772$ $.919$ $.844$ 2.55 $.744$ $.875$ $.913$ 1.55 $.92$ $.931$ $.844$ 1.02 $.837$ $.929$ $.876$ $.824$ $.823$ $.944$ $.853$ 1.02 $.837$ $.929$ $.876$ $.843$ $.950$ $.824$ 6.45 $.795$ $.923$ $.826$ 2.55 $.770$ $.912$ $.829$ 1.02 $.813$ $.951$ $.840$		1.55	•///	.097	.931		1.00	./9/	.932	•041 0/1
AVERAGES 4000 ∞ $.832$ $.940$ $.844$ ∞ .810.885.8952.55.772.919.844 2.55 .744.875.9131.55.902.931.844 1.55 .762.916.8951.02.813.944.853 1.02 .837.929.876 \checkmark ERAGES \checkmark .843.950.824 6.45 .795.923.826 2.55 .770.912.829 1.55 .787.926.846 1.02 .811.951.840		1.02	.820	.907	•915		1.02	.011	.950	.041
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			AVERA	AGES		4000	œ	.832	.940	.844
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							6.45	.837	.930	.844
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		~	.810	.885	.895		2.55	.772	.919	.844
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2.55	.744	.875	.913		1.55	. 802	.931	.844
1.02 .837 .929 .876		1.55	.762	.916	.895		1.02	813	.944	.853
		1.02	.837	.929	.876					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1.02 .037 .929 .070						♪ ERA	AGES	
6.45 .795 .923 .826 2.55 .770 .912 .829 1.55 .787 .926 .846 1.02 .811 .951 .840							зo	.843	.950	.824
2.55 .770 .912 .829 1.55 .787 .926 .846 1.02 .811 .951 .840							6.45	.795	.923	.826
1.55 .787 .926 .846 1.02 .811 .951 .840							2.55	.770	.912	.829
1.02 .811 .951 .840							1.55	.787	.926	.846
							1.02	.811	.951	.840

APPENDIX C THRUST, FAN MASSFLOW AND TURBINE MASSFLOW COEFFICIENT DATA (Cont'd)

	FIGURE 3-42 δ_{LC} CFCAFCAT 0° .837.897.83356.850.901.81195.880.964.8380.853.913.83756.339.903.84195.857.957.8150.858.921.80456.826.907.82795.833.953.8110.853.926.62556.821.910.82895.825.946.8140.852.931.82556.819.909.84195.829.942.8200.857.932.33656.814.910.83895.832.940.844AVERACES0.852.920.82756.828.907.83190.843.950.824				FIGURE 3-47				
N _F /ö (RPM)	⁶ LC	CF	CAF	CAT	N _F /√θ	H/D	CF	CAF	CAT
2000	0°	.837	.897	.833	2000	80	.780	.869	.763
	56	.850	. 901	.811		6.45	.793	.829	.829
	95	.880	.964	.838		2.55	.794	.842	.784
						2.0	.756	.852	.784
						1.55	.695	.879	.778
2400	0	.853	.913	.837		1.02	.718	.836	.757
	56	. 339	.903	.841					
	9 5	.857	.957	.815	2400	80	.740	.875	.814
						6.45 .75	.755	.850	.837
2800	0	.858	.921	.804		2.55	.768	.861	.795
	56	.826	.907	.827		2.0	.775	.876	.818
	9 5	.833	.953	.811		1.55	.728	.890	.795
						1.02	.736	.865	.837
3200	0	.853	.926	.825					
	56	.821	.910	.828	2800	00	.741	.880	.833
	95	.825	. 946	.814		6.45	.751	.867	.820
2/00	•	050				2.55	.//0	.8/5	.820
3600	0	.852	.931	.825		2.0	.787	.888	.837
	56	.819	.909	.841		1.55	./50	.890	.83/
	95	. 829	.942	.820		1.02	./54	.8/9	.854
6000	0	857	932	336	3200		757	870	840
4050	56	814	910	838	5200	6 45	761	873	836
	95	832	940	844		2 55	783	882	852
	,,			.044		2.0	.793	.889	.852
		AVER	AGES			1.55	.758	.896	.836
						1.02	.763	.887	.852
	0	.852	.920	. 827					
	56	.828	.907	.831	3600	00	.774	,880	.877
	90	.843	.950	.824		6.45	.775	.883	.864
						2.55	.790	.886	.895
						2.0	.798	.889	.879
						1.55	.759	.894	.864
						1.02	.772	.890	.864
					4000	60	.790	.880	.871
						6.45	.792	.887	.857
						2.55	.800	.888	.902
						2.0	.800	.876	.887
						1.55	.757	.891	.887
						1.02	.777	.884	.859
						AVERAGES			
						80	.764	.877	.835
						6.45	.771	.865	.841
						2.55	,784	.872	.841
						2.0	.785	.878	.843
						1,55	.741	.890	.833
						1.02	.753	.874	.837

APPENDIX C THRUST, FAN MASSFLOW AND TURBINE MASSFLOW COEFFICIENT DATA (Cont'd)

DATA FOR:

	FI	GURE 3-6	60	
N _F /və (RPM)	H/D	CF	CAF	CAT
3000	6.45 2.55 1.55	.679 .696 .654 .636	.889 .835 .844 .829	1.138 1.147 1.125 1.136
3800	∞	.705	.823	1.041
	6.45	.667	.809	1.034
	2.55	.646	.814	1.026
	1.55	.636	.802	1.033
4400	∞	.692	.796	1.006
	6.45	.667	.795	1.000
	2.55	.647	.795	.988
	1.55	.630	.792	.994
5000	∞	.676	.783	.989
	6.45	.665	.780	.983
	2.55	.644	.786	.967
	1.55	.644	.786	.984
5400	∞	.671	.782	.974
	6.45	.665	.771	.979
	2.55	.655	.783	.964
	1.55	.657	.784	.969
		AVERAG	GES	
	∞	.685	.815	1.030
	6.45	.672	.798	1.029
	2.55	.650	.804	1.014
	1.55	.641	.799	1.023