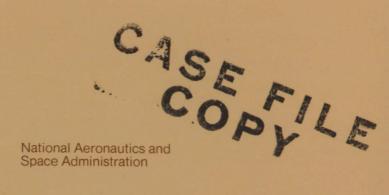
NASA

Aerospace Medicine and Biology A Continuing Bibliography with Indexes NASA SP-7011 (199) November 1979



/ Aerospace Medicine & Biology & Biology Aerospace Medicine Medicine & Biology Aerospace N ospace Medicine & Biology Aer ology Aerospace Medicine & Bio ine & Biology Aerospace Medic ce Medicine & Biology Aerospa Aerospace Medicine & Biology & Biology Aerospace Medicine ledicine & Biology Aerospace N ospace Medicine & Biology Aerospace Medicine

ACCESSION NUMBER RANGES

Accession numbers cited in this Supplement fall within the following ranges.

STAR (N-10000 Series) N79-28118 - N79-30137

IAA (A-10000 Series) A79-43833 – A79-46967

This bibliography was prepared by the NASA Scientific and Technical Information Facility operated for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration by Informatics Information Systems Company.

AEROSPACE MEDICINE AND BIOLOGY

A CONTINUING BIBLIOGRAPHY WITH INDEXES

(Supplement 199)

A selection of annotated references to unclassified reports and journal articles that were introduced into the NASA scientific and technical information system and announced in October 1979 in

- Scientific and Technical Aerospace Reports (STAR)
- International Aerospace Abstracts (IAA).

NASA SP-7011 and its supplements are available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). Questions on the availability of the predecessor publications, Aerospace Medicine and Biology (Volumes I - XI) should be directed to NTIS.

This Supplement is available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161, at the price code E03 (\$6.25 domestic; \$12.50 foreign).

INTRODUCTION

This Supplement to Aerospace Medicine and Biology (NASA SP-7011) lists 82 reports, articles and other documents announced during October 1979 in Scientific and Technical Aerospace Reports (STAR) or in International Aerospace Abstracts (IAA). The first issue of the bibliography was published in July 1964; since that time, monthly supplements have been issued.

In its subject coverage, Aerospace Medicine and Biology concentrates on the biological, physiological, psychological, and environmental effects to which man is subjected during and following simulated or actual flight in the earth's atmosphere or in interplanetary space. References describing similar effects of biological organisms of lower order are also included. Such related topics as sanitary problems, pharmacology, toxicology, safety and survival, life support systems, exobiology, and personnel factors receive appropriate attention. In general, emphasis is placed on applied research, but references to fundamental studies and theoretical principles related to experimental development also qualify for inclusion.

Each entry in the bibliography consists of a bibliographic citation accompanied in most cases by an abstract. The listing of the entries is arranged in two major sections: IAA Entries and STAR Entries, in that order. The citations, and abstracts when available, are reproduced exactly as they appeared originally in IAA or STAR, including the original accession numbers from the respective announcement journals. This procedure, which saves time and money, accounts for the slight variation in citation appearances.

Two indexes -- subject and personal author -- are included.

An annual index will be prepared at the end of the calendar year covering all documents listed in the 1979 Supplements.

AVAILABILITY OF CITED PUBLICATIONS

IAA ENTRIES (A79-10000 Series)

All publications abstracted in this Section are available from the Technical Information Service, American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Inc. (AIAA), as follows: Paper copies of accessions are available at \$6.00 per document up to a maximum of 20 pages. The charge for each additional page is \$0.25. Microfiche (1) of documents announced in IAA are available at the rate of \$2.50 per microfiche on demand, and at the rate of \$1.10 per microfiche for standing orders for all IAA microfiche. The price for the IAA microfiche by category is available at the rate of \$1.25 per microfiche plus a \$1.00 service charge per category per issue. Microfiche of all the current AIAA Meeting Papers are available on a standing order basis at the rate of \$1.35 per microfiche.

Minimum air-mail postage to foreign countries is \$1.00 and all foreign orders are shipped on payment of pro-forma invoices.

All inquiries and requests should be addressed to AIAA Technical Information Service. Please refer to the accession number when requesting publications.

STAR ENTRIES (N79-10000 Series)

One or more sources from which a document announced in STAR is available to the public is ordinarily given on the last line of the citation. The most commonly indicated sources and their acronyms or abbreviations are listed below. If the publication is available from a source other than those listed, the publisher and his address will be displayed on the availability line or in combination with the corporate source line.

Avail: NTIS. Sold by the National Technical Information Service. Prices for hard copy (HC) and microfiche (MF) are indicated by a price code followed by the letters HC or MF in the STAR citation. Current values for the price codes are given in the tables on page vii

Documents on microfiche are designated by a pound sign (#) following the accession number. The pound sign is used without regard to the source or quality of the microfiche.

Initially distributed microfiche under the NTIS SRIM (Selected Research in Microfiche) is available at greatly reduced unit prices. For this service and for information concerning subscription to NASA printed reports, consult the NTIS Subscription Section, Springfield, Va. 22161.

NOTE ON ORDERING DOCUMENTS: When ordering NASA publications (those followed by the * symbol), use the N accession number. NASA patent applications (only the specifications are offered) should be ordered by the US-Patent-Appl-SN number. Non-NASA publications (no asterisk) should be ordered by the AD, PB, or other *report* number shown on the last line of the citation, not by the N accession number. It is also advisable to cite the title and other bibliographic identification.

Avail: SOD (or GPO). Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, in hard copy. The current price and order number are given following the availability line. (NTIS will fill microfiche requests, at the standard \$3.00 price, for those documents identified by a # symbol.)

⁽¹⁾ A microfiche is a transparent sheet of film, 105 by 148 mm in size, containing as many as 60 to 98 pages of information reduced to micro images (not to exceed 26:1 reduction).

- Avail: NASA Public Document Rooms. Documents so indicated may be examined at or purchased from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Public Documents Room (Room 126), 600 Independence Ave., S.W., Washington, D.C. 20546, or public document rooms located at each of the NASA research centers, the NASA Space Technology Laboratories, and the NASA Pasadena Office at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory.
- Avail: DOE Depository Libraries. Organizations in U.S. cities and abroad that maintain collections of Department of Energy reports, usually in microfiche form, are listed in *Energy Research Abstracts*. Services available from the DOE and its depositories are described in a booklet, *DOE Technical Information Center Its Functions and Services* (TID-4660), which may be obtained without charge from the DOE Technical Information Center.
- Avail: Univ. Microfilms. Documents so indicated are dissertations selected from *Dissertation Abstracts* and are sold by University Microfilms as xerographic copy (HC) and microfilm. All requests should cite the author and the Order Number as they appear in the citation.
- Avail: USGS. Originals of many reports from the U.S. Geological Survey, which may contain color illustrations, or otherwise may not have the quality of illustrations preserved in the microfiche or facsimile reproduction, may be examined by the public at the libraries of the USGS field offices whose addresses are listed in this introduction. The libraries may be queried concerning the availability of specific documents and the possible utilization of local copying services, such as color reproduction.
- Avail: HMSO. Publications of Her Majesty's Stationery Office are sold in the U.S. by Pendragon House, Inc. (PHI), Redwood City, California. The U.S. price (including a service and mailing charge) is given, or a conversion table may be obtained from PHI.
- Avail: BLL (formerly NLL): British Library Lending Division, Boston Spa, Wetherby, Yorkshire, England. Photocopies available from this organization at the price shown. (If none is given, inquiry should be addressed to the BLL.)
- Avail: Fachinformationszentrum, Karlsruhe. Sold by the Fachinformationszentrum Energie, Physik, Mathematik GMBH, Eggenstein Leopoldshafen, Federal Republic of Germany, at the price shown in deutschmarks (DM).
- Avail: Issuing Activity, or Corporate Author, or no indication of availability. Inquiries as to the availability of these documents should be addressed to the organization shown in the citation as the corporate author of the document.
- Avail: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office. Sold by Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, at the standard price of 50 cents each, postage free.
- Other availabilities: If the publication is available from a source other than the above, the publisher and his address will be displayed entirely on the availability line or in combination with the corporate author line.

SUBSCRIPTION AVAILABILITY

This publication is available on subscription from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS). The annual subscription rate for the monthly supplements, excluding the annual cumulative index, is \$50.00 domestic; \$100.00 foreign. All questions relating to the subscriptions should be referred to NTIS.

ADDRESSES OF ORGANIZATIONS

American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics Technical Information Service 555 West 57th Street, 12th Floor New York, New York 10019

British Library Lending Division, Boston Spa, Wetherby, Yorkshire, England

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Washington, D.C. 20231

Department of Energy Technical Information Center P.O. Box 62 Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37830

ESA-Information Retrieval Service ESRIN Via Galileo Galilei 00044 Frascati (Rome) Italy

Her Majesty's Stationery Office P.O. Box 569, S.E. 1 London, England

NASA Scientific and Technical Information Facility P.O. Box 8757 -B. W. I. Airport, Maryland 21240

National Aeronautics and Space
Administration
Scientific and Technical Information
Branch (NST-41)
Washington, D.C. 20546

National Technical Information Service 5285 Port Royal Road Springfield, Virginia 22161 Pendragon House, Inc. 899 Broadway Avenue Redwood City, California 94063

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402

University Microfilms
A Xerox Company
300 North Zeeb Road
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

University Microfilms, Ltd. Tylers Green London, England

U.S. Geological Survey 1033 General Services Administration Building Washington, D.C. 20242

U.S. Geological Survey 601 E. Cedar Avenue Flagstaff, Arizona 86002

U.S. Geological Survey 345 Middlefield Road Menlo Park, California 94025

U.S. Geological Survey Bldg. 25, Denver Federal Center Denver, Colorado 80225

Fachinformationszentrum Energie, Physik,
Mathematik GMBH
7514 Eggenstein Leopoldshafen
Federal Republic of Germany

NTIS PRICE SCHEDULES

Schedule A

STANDARD PAPER COPY PRICE SCHEDULE

(Effective October 1, 1977)

Price	Page Range	North American	Foreign
Code		Price	Price
A01	Microfiche	\$ 3.00	\$ 4.50
A02	001-025	4.00	8.00
A03	026-050	4.50	9.00
A04	051-075	5.25	10.50
A05	076-100	6.00	12.00
A06	101-125	6.50	13.00
A07	128-150	7.25	14.50
A08	151-175	8.00	16.00
A09	176-200	9.00	18.00
A10	201-225	9.25	18.50
A11	226-250	9.50	19.00
A12	251-275	10.75	21.50
A12 A13	276-300	11.00	22.00
	301-325	11.75	23.50
A14 A15	326-350	12.00	24.00
A16	351-375	12.50	25.00
A10	331-373	12.55	20.00
A17	376-400	13.00	26.00
A18	401-425	13.25	26.50
A19	426-450	14.00	28.00
A20	451-475	14.50	29.00
A21	476-500	15.00	30.00
			30.50
A22	501-525	15.25	
A23	526-550	15.50	31.00
A24	551-575	16.25	32.50
A25	576-600	16.50	33.00
A99	601-up	1/	2/

- / Add \$2.50 for each additional 100 page increment from 601 pages up.
- 2/ Add \$5.00 for each additional 100 page increment from 601 pages up.

Schedule E

EXCEPTION PRICE SCHEDULE

Paper Copy & Microfiche

Price	North American	Foreign
Code	Price	Price
E01	\$ 3.25	\$ 6.50
E02	4.75	9.50
E03	6.25	12.50
E04	7.50	15.00
E05	9.00	18.00
E06	10.50	21.00
E07	12.50	25.00
E08	15.00	30.00
£09	17.50	35.00
E10	20.00	40.00
E11	22.50	45.00
E12	25.00	50.00
E13	28.00	56.00
E14	31.00	62.00
E15	34.00	68.00
E16	37:00	74.00
E17	40.00	80.00
E18	45.00	90.00
E19	50.00	100.00
E20	60.00	120.00
E99 - Write for quote		
N01	28.00	40.00

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
IAA Entries (A79	-10000)	251
	9-10000)	
Personal Author I	ndex	I-11
	·	
TYI	PICAL CITATION AND ABSTRACT FROM <i>Star</i>	
NASA SPONSORED DOCUMENT		- AVAILABLE ON
NASA ACCESSION		MICROFICHE
NUMBER	N79-10741*# McDonnell-Douglas Astronautics Co., Huntington ←	
TITLE -	Beach, Calif. → GENERALIZED ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL AND LIFE	SOURCE
	SUPPORT SYSTEM COMPUTER PROGRAM (G1894), PHASE 3 Final Report	
AUTHOR —	R. E. McEnulty Sep. 1978 23 p refs	- PUBLICATION
REPORT Number	(Contract NAS9-14877) ← (NASA-CR-151836; MDC-G7699) Avail: NTIS ←	DATE
NUMBER	→ (NASA-CR-151836; MDC-G7699) Avail: NTIS → [HC A02/MF A01_CSCL 06K	CONTRACT
COSATI	The work performed during Phase 3 of the Generalized Environmental Control Life Support System (ECLSS) Computer	OR GRANT
CODE —	Program is reported. Phase 3 of this program covered the period	AVAILABILITY SOURCE
•	from December 1977 to September 1978. The computerized	COUNCE
	simulation of the Shuttle Orbiter ECLSS was upgraded in the following areas: (1) the payload loop of the Shuttle simulation	•
	was completely recoded and checked out; (2) the Shuttle	
	simulation water and freon loop initialization logic was simplified to permit easier program input for the user; (3) the computerized	
	simulation was modified to accept the WASP subroutine, which	
	is a subroutine to evaluate thermal properties of water and freon;	
	(4) the 1108 operating system was upgraded by LEC; (5) the Shuttle simulation was modified to permit failure cases which	
	simulate zero component flow values; and (6) the Shuttle SEPS .	
	version was modified and secure files were setup on the 1108	
	and 1110 systems to permit simulation runs to be made from remote terminals. S.E.S.	
т	YPICAL CITATION AND ABSTRACT FROM IAA	
NASA SPONSORED	THORE STIMING AND ADDITION THOM IAA	
DOCUMENT -	<u></u>	*
AIAA ACCESSION NUMBER —	A79-12869 * Studies on the erythron and the ferrokinetic	TITLE
	responses in beagles adapted to hypergravity. D. A. Beckman, J. W.	
AUTHOR'S AFFILIATION	Evans (California, University, Davis, Calif.), and J. Oyama (NASA,	
	Ames Research Center, Biomedical Research Div., Moffett Field; California, University, Davis, Calif.). Aviation, Space, and Environ-	TITLE OF
PUBLICATION DATE	mental Medicine, vol. 49, Nov. 1978, p. 1331-1336, 23 refs. Grant	PERIODICAL
DAIL	No. NCA2-OR180-505.	CONTRACT,
	Red cell survival, ferrokinetics, and hematologic parameters	GRANT OR
	were investigated in beagle dogs exposed to chronic hypergravity (2.6 Gx). Ineffective erythropoiesis, red cell mass, plasma volume, and	SPONSORSHIP
	Cr-51-elution were significantly increased; maximum Fe-59 incorpo-	
	ration was decreased; and there was no change in the mean	•
	erythrocyte life span following autologous injection of Cr-51-labeled red cells and Fe-59-labeled transferrin. Red cell count, F(cells), total	
	body hemoglobin (Hb), susceptability to osmotic lysis, and differen-	
	tial reticulocyte count were increased. White blood cell count,	
	venous blood %Hb, mean cell volume, mean cell Hb, mean cell Hb	
	concentration, and serum iron were decreased. No changes were observed for body mass, mg Fe per g Hb, iron binding capacity,	
	percent saturation of iron carrying capacity, or the electrophoretic	
	mobility of purified Hb. This study indicated that chronic exposure	
	to hypergravity induced changes in red cell size, volume, total mass,	_
	and membrane permeability. (Author)	

AEROSPACE MEDICINE

AND BIOLOGY

A Continuing Bibliography (Suppl. 199)

NOVEMBER 1979

IAA ENTRIES

A79-43835 # The role of the neurohormone system of the hypothalamus in physiology and pathology (Rol' neirogormonal'nykh sistem gipotalamusa v fiziologii i patologii). A. F. Makarchenko, A. D. Dinaburg, and A. D. Lauta. Kiev, Izdatel'stvo Naukova Dumka, 1978. 216 p. 515 refs. In Russian.

The anatomy and physiology of the hypothalamus are considered with emphasis on the role of the neurohormone system in homeostasis and its breakdown. Interactions of the neurohormone system with other physiological systems, particularly the sympaticoadrenal and the hypothalamo-hypophyso-adrenal systems, are discussed for the normal state and for cases of hypothalamic lesions. Attention is given to the effects of neurohormonal disorders on homeostasis in autonomic-vascular hypothalamic syndromes and on the integration and regulation of autonomic functions, immunological functions, muscular tonus, lipid metabolism and adaptation processes. Finally, a therapeutic treatment for autonomic-vascular hypothalamic syndromes is presented.

A.L.W.

A79-43950 # Central and reflex mechanisms of controlling movements (Tsentral'nye i reflektornye mekhanizmy upravleniia dvizheniiami). A. G. Fel'dman. Moscow, Izdatel'stvo Nauka, 1979. 184 p. 225 refs. In Russian.

Biomechanical and neurophysiological foundations of movements in man and higher animals are the subject of the study. Mechanical properties of muscle and the organization of the motorneuron pool are investigated, and the role of the extension reflex in movement control is studied. Posture stability is analyzed, and some evidence is put forward supporting the hypothesis that shifting the equilibrium point is a means of controlling posture.

P.T.H

A79-44057 # Attempt to describe a class of man-machine dialogue systems based on a natural language (Proba opisu pewnej klasy systemow naturalnej konwersacji człowieka z maszyna cyfrowa). S. Mazon and R. Tadeusiewicz (Akademia Gormiczo-Hutnicza, Instytut Informatyki i Automatyki, Krakow, Poland). Archiwum Automatyki i Telemechaniki, vol. 24, no. 2, 1979, p. 293-299. 11 refs. In Polish.

An attempt is made to construct a formal description of dialogue systems based on the concept of key words. A set of system operations to be employed by the user is formulated. An attempt is then made to formalize operations consisting of the transformation of grammatical forms of component parts of statements and the extraction of semantic content on the basis of recognized key words.

A79-44081 Stabilization of the horizontal motion of a bipedal walking robot. V. B. Larin. (Akademiia Nauk SSSR, Izvestiia, Mekhanika Tverdogo Tela, Sept.-Oct. 1978, p. 35-44.) Mechanics of Solids, vol. 13, no. 5, 1978, p. 29-37. Translation.

The optimal controller for a biped walking machine is synthesized within the framework of linear quadratic Gaussian theory. For a particular case of the performance criterion, the desired periodic solution of the Riccati equation is found in explicit form. Asymptotic stability of the closed system 'object/controller' is demonstrated.

B.J.

A79-44166 The evolutionary pattern of exercise-induced ST segment depression. R. A. Chahine, A. E. Raizner, R. J. Luchi (Baylor University; U.S. Veterans Administration Hospital, Houston, Tex.), M. R. Awdeh (Tennessee, University, Memphis, Tenn.), and M. Mnayer. *Journal of Electrocardiology*, vol. 12, July 1979, p. 235-239, 21 refs.

The present study was designed to determine whether dynamic morphologic analysis of the various slopes of exercise-induced ST segment depression in EKG may improve the predictive value of treadmill testing, and whether such analysis may help identify the patients with more severe disease. Treadmill-test subjects showing 1 mm or more of horizontal or downsloping ST depression were categorized into either of two morphologic patterns: (1) those with 'evolutionary' ST depression with complete or partial inversion of the T-wave and gradual return toward baseline; and (2) those with 'simple' ST depression with horizontal or downsloping ST depression returning directly to baseline without any significant T-wave inversion. The results point out that the exercise-induced evolutionary ST depression is a more specific predictor of coronary artery disease and can be for noninvasive recognition of patients with more severe disease.

S.D.

A79-44300 * Computer design synthesis of a below knee-Syme prosthesis. P. T. Elangovan (Eindhoven, Technische Hogeschool, Eindhoven, Netherlands), D. N. Ghista (NASA, Ames Research Center, Biomedical Research Div., Moffett Field, Calif.), and R. S. Alwar (Indian Institute of Technology, Madras, India). Computer Programs in Biomedicine, vol. 9, Mar. 1979, p. 169-210. 24 refs.

A detailed design synthesis analysis of the BK Syme prosthesis is provided, to determine the socket's cutout orientation size and shape, cutout fillet shape, socket wall thickness distribution and the reinforced fiber distribution in the socket wall, for a minimally stressed structurally safe lightweight prosthesis. For analysis purposes, the most adverse socket loading is obtained at the push-off stage of gait; this loading is idealized as an axial in-plane loading on the bottom edge of the circular cylindrical socket shell whose top edge is considered fixed. Finite element stress analysis of the socket shell (with uniform and graded wall thickness) are performed for various orientations of the cutout and for various types of corner fillets. A lateral cutout with a streamline fillet is recommended. The wall material (i.e., thickness) distribution is determined so as to minimize the stresses, while ensuring that the wall material's stress limits are not exceeded. For such a maximally stressed lightweight socket shell, the panels in the neighborhood of the cutout are checked to ensure that they do not buckle under their acquired stresses. A fiber-reinforced laminated composite socket shell is also analyzed in order to recommend optimum variables in orientations and densities of reinforcing fibers.

A79-44582 Enchancement of luminance flicker by coloropponent mechanisms. P. Gouras (Columbia University, New York, N.Y.) and E. Zrenner (Max-Planck-Institut für physiologische und klinische Forschung, Bad Nauheim, West Germany). Science, vol. 205, Aug. 10, 1979, p. 587-589. 21 refs. Grant No. NIH-EY-02591.

Color-opponent ganglion cells in the monkey retina respond to luminance flicker at high temporal frequencies. Color opponency, which makes these cells so selective of wavelength at low temporal frequencies, is progressively lost at high frequencies. This loss is due to a frequency-dependent phase shift between the responses of spectrally different center and surround mechanisms in the receptive field of each of these cells. Center and surround responses, which are antagonistic at low temporal frequencies, become synergistic at high ones, making these cells most responsive at high frequencies to those wavelengths to which they are least responsive at low frequencies. This phenomenon can explain the differences between chromatic and luminance flicker in human vision. (Author)

A79-44775 * Hyperthermia and exercise. J. E. Greenleaf (NASA, Ames Research Center, Laboratory of Human Environmental Physiology, Moffett Field, Calif.). In: MTP International Review of Physiology. Volume 20 - Environmental Physiology III. Baltimore, Md., University Park Press, 1979, p. 157-208. 173 refs.

The paper emphasizes fluid and electrolyte parameters that affect the hyperthermia of physical exercise (metabolic heat production). The major hypothesis discussed is that fluid and electrolyte changes influence thermal regulation within the fine control boundaries. A second working hypothesis is that the elevation of core temperature during exercise is a regulated phenomenon that is beneficial to the organism in terms of efficiency and potential for survival and is not merely a failure of the thermoregulatory control system. The central thermoregulatory mechanism seems more responsive to the hypothermic effect of calcium than to the hyperthermic effect of sodium. The mechanisms controlling plasma fluid-electrolyte shifts, particularly during exercise and recovery from exercise, may play an important part in exercise thermoregulation.

S.D.

A79-44797 * Insulin-like effect of bovine growth hormone in vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats. D. D. Feller and E. D. Neville (NASA, Ames Research Center, Biomedical Research Div., Moffett Field, Calif.). *Physiological Chemistry and Physics*, vol. 10, no. 4, 1978, p. 291-304. 14 refs.

A79-44798 * Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other head structures of the pocket mouse - A histological study. L. M. Kraft, M. A. Kelly, J. E. Johnson, Jr., W. Haymaker (NASA, Ames Research Center, Moffett Field; San Francisco, University, San Francisco, Calif.), E. V. Benton, R. P. Henke, R. Cassou (San Francisco, University, San Francisco, Calif.), D. E. Philpott (NASA, Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, Calif.), F. S. Vogel (Duke University Medical Center, Durham, N.C.), and W. Zeman (Indiana University, Indianapolis, Ind.). International Journal of Radiation Biology, vol. 35, no. 1, 1979, p. 33-61. 30 refs. Grant No. NsG-2063; Contract No. NAS2-7927.

A79-44799 * Quantitative analysis of mating behavior in aging male Drosophila Melanogaster. A. C. Economos (Technology, Inc., Life Sciences Div., Mountain View, Calif.), J. Miquel, R. Binnard (NASA, Ames Research Center, Biomedical Research Div., Moffett Field, Calif.), and S. Kessler (Stanford University, Stanford, Calif.). Mechanisms of Ageing and Development, vol. 10, 1979, p. 233-240.

A79-44865 Carbon suboxide and the genetic code. M. Shimizu (Tokyo, University, Tokyo, Japan). Astrophysics and Space Science, vol. 62, no. 2, May 1979, p. 509-513. 20 refs.

This letter points out a close correlation between the genetic scheme of terrestrial life and carbon suboxide (C3O2) polymers. Evidence is discussed which indicates that carbon suboxide polymers

are likely to have yielded amino acids and nucleic acid bases in the primitive oceans. A correlation between C3O2 and t-RNA is also noted. It is concluded that the C3O2 scheme for the origin of life is in accord with both the essence of the present genetic code and the 'central dogma' of biochemistry.

F.G.M.

A79-45388 # Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air-to-air tracking task. D. K. Schmidt (Purdue University, West Lafayette, Ind.). In: Guidance and Control Conference, Boulder, Colo., August 6-8, 1979, Collection of Technical Papers. New York, American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Inc., 1979, p. 388-395. 9 refs. Contract No. F44620-76-C-0052; Grant No. AF-AFOSR-79-0042. (AIAA 79-1747)

A method based on optimal control techniques, closed-loop task-oriented design objectives, and an optimal control model of the human pilot was applied to augment the system dynamics in a longitudinal air-to-air tracking task. The plant dynamics included not only the vehicle short period mode but the dynamics of two different lead-computing sight displays, at different tracking ranges and levels of target acceleration. Previously obtained experimental results were duplicated, a family of full-state feedback linear control laws developed, tracking improvements predicted, and augmented system dynamics (eigenvalues) investigated. The results demonstrate the dependence of the desirable vehicle (short period) dynamics on the dynamics of the other system modes (e.g., the display), thus emphasizing the importance of considering all the system dynamics in handling qualities investigation and stability augmentation synthesis. (Author)

A79-45411 * # A structural model of the adaptive human pilot. R. A. Hess (NASA, Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, Calif.). In: Guidance and Control Conference, Boulder, Colo., August 6-8, 1979, Collection of Technical Papers. New York, American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Inc., 1979, p. 573-583. 25 refs. (AIAA 79-1784)

A compensatory tracking model of the human pilot is offered which attempts to provide a more realistic representation of the human's signal processing structure than that which is exhibited by pilot models currently in use. Two features of the model distinguish it from other representations of the human pilot. First, proprioceptive information from the control stick or manipulator constitutes one of the major feedback paths in the model, providing feedback of vehicle output rate due to control activity. Implicit in this feedback loop is a model of the vehicle dynamics which is valid in and beyond the region of crossover. Second, error-rate information is continuously derived and independently but intermittently controlled. An output injected remnant model is offered and qualitatively justified on the basis of providing a measure of the effect of inaccuracies such as time variations in the pilot's internal model of the controlled element dynamics. The data from experimental tracking tasks involving five different controlled element dynamics and one nonideal viewing condition were matched with model generated describing functions and remnant power spectral densities. (Author)

A79-45476 Skin-resistance measuring device with higher resolution (Hautwiderstandsmessgerät mit hoher Auflösung). H. B. Brinkhus (Heidelberg, Universität, Heidelberg, West Germany) and P. v. Walter. *Elektronik*, vol. 28, July 26, 1979, p. 50-54. 5 refs. In German, Research supported by the Bundesministerium für Forschung und Technologie.

The process of detecting small variations in biological skin resistance is described, using a varying-level measuring device that employs a balancing bridge which automatically sets the resistance level to zero. The device is capable of increasing or decreasing its preset resistance level if the recorded neutralized level of skin moisture exceeds a 5-ohm spread. The minimum stimulus needed for base resistance is measured in binary quantities between (0) and 1 H-ohm and can be instantaneously visualized on the digital display. Attention is given to the digital-to-analog converter and the balancing bridge, using various schematic diagrams, as well as the linear analog

readout form, that records the resolution in 2, 4, and 10 k-ohm/cm for recorder sensitivities of 1 v/cm.

A79-45639 Goodman et al.'s method for augmenting the number of nucleotide substitutions. Y. Tateno and M. Nei (Texas, University, Houston, Tex.). *Journal of Molecular Evolution*, vol. 11, May 12, 1978, p. 67-73. 10 refs. NSF Grant No. DEB-76-06069; Grant No. NIH-GM-20293.

Statistical properties of Goodman et al.'s (1974) method of compensating for undetected nucleotide substitutions in evolution are investigated by using computer simulation. It is found that the method tends to overcompensate when the stochastic error of the number of nucleotide substitutions is large. Furthermore, the estimate of the number of nucleotide substitutions obtained by this method has a large variance. However, in order to see whether this method gives overcompensation when applied together with the maximum parsimony method, a much larger scale of simulation seems to be necessary. (Author)

A79-45640 On investigating the statistical properties of the populous path algorithm by computer simulation - Counterconclusions to those of Tateno and Nei. J. Czelusniak, M. Goodman (Wayne State University, Detroit, Mich.), and G. W. Moore (Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md.). Journal of Molecular Evolution, vol. 11, May 12, 1978, p. 75-85. 18 refs. NSF Grant No. DE-72-02429.

A computer simulation confirming the accuracy of the populous path algorithm proposed by Goodman et al. (1974) for estimating the numbers of hidden nucleotide substitutions in protein evolution is presented in contradiction to the conclusions of the simulation by Tateno and Nei (1978). The simulation employed is essentially similar to the procedure of Tateno and Nei, however the maximum parsimony method is employed to construct from amino acid sequences ancestral and descendant mRNA sequences, which are used to find augmented mutational distances by the populous path algorithm. In contrast to the results of Tateno and Nei, an underaugmentation of the true distance is observed and the populous path algorithm is found to provide generally better estimates of mutational distances between contemporary amino acid sequences than the Poisson correction. The bias of the maximum parsimony method towards the overrepresentation of shared sequences especially in sparser evolutionary trees is considered to make the maximumparsimony/populous path approach more accurate as larger numbers of closely related species are considered. A.L.W.

A79-45641 * A proposal concerning the origin of life on the planet earth. C. R. Woese (Illinois, University, Urbana, III.). *Journal of Molecular Evolution*, vol. 13, July 18, 1979, p. 95-101. 20 refs. NASA-supported research.

It is proposed that, contrary to the widely accepted Oparin thesis, life on earth arose not in the oceans but in the earth's atmosphere. Difficulties of the Oparin thesis relating to the nonbiological nature of prebiotic evolution are discussed, and autotrophic, photosynthetic cells are proposed as the first living organisms to emerge, thus avoiding these difficulties. Recent developments in the geology of the earth at the time of the emergence of life are interpreted as requiring the absence of liquid surface water, with water partitioned between a molten crust and a dense, CO2-rich atmosphere, similar to the present state of Venus. Biochemistry in such an atmosphere would be primarily membrane chemistry on the interfaces of atmospheric salt water droplets, proceeding at normal temperatures without the absorption of electrical discharges or UV light. Areas not sufficiently accounted for by this scenario include the development of genetic organization and the breaking of the runaway greenhouse condition assumed. A.L.W.

A79-45643 Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as origin of proteinous amino acids. J. T.-F. Wong and P. M. Bronskill (Toronto, University, Toronto, Canada). *Journal of Molecular Evolution*, vol. 13, July 18, 1979, p. 115-125. 37 refs. Research supported by the Medical Research Council of Canada.

The production of some nonproteinous, and lack of production of other proteinous, amino acids in model prebiotic synthesis, along with the instability of glutamine and asparagine, suggest that not all of the 20 present-day proteinous amino acids gained entry into proteins directly from the primordial soup. Instead, a process of active co-evolution of the genetic code and its constituent amino acids would have to precede the final selection of these proteinous amino acids. (Author)

A79-45644 Augmentation algorithm - A reply to Holmquist. M. Nei and Y. Tateno (Texas, University, Houston, Tex.). *Journal of Molecular Evolution*, vol. 13, July 18, 1979, p. 167-171. 8 refs.

The criticism by Holmquist (1978) of a letter by Tateno and Nei (1978) in which the invalidity of the method of Goodman et al. (1974) for augmenting the number of nucleotide substitutions is demonstrated, is discussed. It is argued that, contrary to the claims of Holmquist, the procedure of Goodman et al. requires the assumption of the equality of nucleotide substitution rates in different evolutionary branches, while it introduces a systematic difference between the true number of substitutions and the augmented number that depends on their magnitudes, as demonstrated by computer simulations. Holmquist's criticism of the results that the augmented substitution numbers exhibit more variance than the true rates and that changes in the topology of the evolutionary tree have an effect on the augmented number of substitutions are attributed to a misconception of the probability space in question.

A.I.W.

A79-45645 * Molecular phylogenetic trees - On the validity of the Goodman-Moore augmentation algorithm. R. Holmquist (California, University, Berkeley, Calif.). *Journal of Molecular Evolution*, vol. 13, July 18, 1979, p. 173-178. 12 refs. NSF Grant No. PCM-76-18627; Grant No. NGR-05-003-460.

A response is made to the reply of Nei and Tateno (1979) to the letter of Holmquist (1978) supporting the validity of the augmentation algorithm of Moore (1977) in reconstructions of nucleotide substitutions by means of the maximum parsimony principle. It is argued that the overestimation of the augmented numbers of nucleotide substitutions (augmented distances) found by Tateno and Nei (1978) is due to an unrepresentative data sample and that it is only necessary that evolution be stochastically uniform in different regions of the phylogenetic network for the augmentation method to be useful. The importance of the average value of the true distance over all links is explained, and the relative variances of the true and augmented distances are calculated to be almost identical. The effects of topological changes in the phylogenetic tree on the augmented distance and the question of the correctness of ancestral sequences inferred by the method of parsimony are also clarified.

۹. L.W.

A79-45768 A revised model of gas transport in human lungs. D. A. Scrimshire (Aston, University, Birmingham, England). Applied Mathematical Modelling, vol. 3, Aug. 1979, p. 289-294. 18 refs.

A critical reappraisal is made of the boundary conditions assumed in contemporary models of gas transport in the human lungs. It is demonstrated that the previously assumed zero concentration gradient at the alveolar wall does not guarantee zero flux for an insoluble tracer gas at this point and, more importantly, causes an unrealistically rapid equilibration of gaseous concentrations to occur. In view of these major shortcomings, a revised set of boundary conditions are proposed which are shown to yield results in close agreement with experimental findings. (Author)

A79-45771 Test of the 10 bits/sec channel-capacity hypothesis for human tracking. T. O. Kvalseth (Norges Tekniske Hogskole, Trondheim, Norway). Applied Mathematical Modelling, vol. 3, Aug. 1979, p. 307, 308. Research supported by the Norges Tekniske Hogskole.

An experiment involving a time-discrete and amplitude-continuous input course generated by a zero-mean and band-limited white Gaussian noise is examined. Twenty-five amplitude values of a complete response or output track produced by a subject were measured perpendicularly to the time axis; and for the time-continuous responses, these measurements were made at the same time-axis points as those of the corresponding input sequences. It was determined that there was no general effect on the information ratio for either the continuous or discrete responses. This study provided the empirical evidence that 10 bits/sec is the maximum capacity for tracking; specifically the absolute maximum capacity is about 9 bits/sec for continuous tracking and 11 bits/sec for discrete tracking.

A79-46226 * Portable device for detection of petit mal epilepsy. R. G. Smith (Arizona, University, Tucson, Ariz.), J. C. Houge, and J. G. Webster (Wisconsin, University, Madison, Wis.). *IEEE Transactions on Biomedical Engineering*, vol. BME-26, Aug. 1979, p. 445-450. 20 refs. Contracts No. NASw-2716; No. NASw-2819; No. NASS-23500.

A portable device that analyzes the electroencephalogram to determine if petit mal epilepsy waveforms are present is developed and tested. Clinicians should find it useful in diagnosing seizure activity of their patients. The micropower, battery-operated, portable device indicates a seizure has occurred if three criteria are satisfied: (1) frequencies of 2.5-7 Hz, (2) large-amplitude waves, and (3) minimum number of waves per second. Levels and counts are adjustable, thus insuring high reliability against noise artifacts and permitting each subject to be individually fitted. The device has shown promise in giving the patient a possible mechanism of seizure control or suppression. (Author)

A79-46268 # Mathematical model of the respiration rhythm generation process (Matematicheskaia model' protsessa generatsii dykhatel'nogo ritma). V. M. Nekrasova, P. I. Kuznetsov, and V. A. Safonov (II Moskovskii Gosudarstvennyi Meditsinskii Institut, Moscow, USSR). Akademiia Nauk SSSR, Doklady, vol. 245, Apr. 21, 1979, p. 1315-1318. 5 refs. In Russian.

An attempt is made to construct a mathematical model of the respiration center (in the medulla oblongata), capable of interpreting the principal adaptive reactions of the respiration center in the generation of the respiration rhythm. The model is based on Nekrasov and Safonov's (1973) classification of respiration neurons and on Posin and Shul'pin's (1970) isolated neuron model.

A79-46276 # Relationship between the reproduction tactics and the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes (Sviaz' taktiki vosproizvedeniia s osnovnymi pokazateliami protsessov zapominaniia-vosproizvedeniia rechevogo materiala). L. N. Vinogradova (Nauchno-Issledovatel'skii Institut po Biologicheskim Ispytaniiam Khimicheskikh Soedinenii, Kupavna, USSR). Akademiia Nauk SSSR, Doklady, vol. 245, Apr. 21, 1979, p. 1504-1507. 5 refs. In Russian.

In the tests described, human subjects were required to memorize successively 15 lists of 12, 20, and 30 words (two-syllable nouns), read to them from tape at a frequency of one word per 2 seconds. The time to reproduce (in arbitrary order) the words of one list was 1 min. The averaged results were used to plot reproduction probability curves as a function of the position of the word in the list.

V.P.

A79-46286 Temporary threshold shift from transportation noise. M. Kabuto and S. Suzuki (Tokyo, University, Tokyo, Japan). Acoustical Society of America, Journal, vol. 66, July 1979, p. 170-175. 28 refs.

Temporary threshold shifts (TTS) induced by recordings of aircraft noise, road traffic noise, and interior railroad car noise were examined to estimate their auditory effects. The aircraft noise used was of a Boeing 747 landing recorded adjacent to the end of a

runway. Six hours of binaural exposure to the noise developed a TTS at 4 kHz of 1.0 plus or minus 2.7 dB as the mean value. The road traffic noise was recorded with traffic volume of 49.5 vehicles per minute, and the interior railroad commuter car noise was also recorded. The TTS measurements of these noises were described, and it was concluded that affected populations may have TTS induced by road traffic noise but that little effect is expected from aircraft noise or interior railroad car noise.

A79-46399 A study of the available evidence on duration effects on comfort and task proficiency under vibration. M. J. Clarke (Swansea, University College, Swansea, Wales). *Journal of Sound and Vibration*, vol. 65, July 8, 1979, p. 107-123. 22 refs.

Data on the effect of duration of exposure to vibration on human reaction and data on time dependence extracted from the results of comfort studies on passengers in hovercraft, railway trains, and aircraft are critically reviewed. It is concluded that there is little or no evidence to support the assertion of a time dependence effect, at least for durations up to two and a half hours.

V.P.

A79-46461 Polymers produced by heating an amino acid mixture in sea water enriched with transition elements. H. Okihana and F. Egami (Mitsubishi-Kasei Institute of Life Sciences, Machida, Tokyo, Japan). Origins of Life, vol. 9, July 1979, p.171-180. 5 refs.

A mixture of 18 protein amino acids was heated in medium sea water enriched with metal ions to determine the possible environment of the earth's origin. The solution yielded both dialyzable and undialyzable polymers. Hydrolysis produced Glu, Asp, Ser, and Thr for dialyzable polymers and also (besides these) Gly, Leu, Pro, His, Ple, and a few unidentifiable ninhydrin positive substances after acid hydrolysis. Results showed that the total amount of protein amino acids recovered after hydrolysis was only about 5 wt % of the polymer, suggesting a complex chemical composition rather than a simple polypeptide.

A79-46462 Mirror symmetry breaking in biochemical evolution. L. Morozov (All-Union Research and Design Institute Transprogress, Moscow, USSR). *Origins of Life,* vol. 9, July 1979, p. 187-217. 65 refs.

The origination of molecular asymmetry in biochemical evolution is discussed and theoretical analysis of the chiral purity of biomolecules and their significance for self-reproduction of organisms is examined. A mathematical presentation of the evolution of matter is given, where asymmetrical conditions could arise such that the homogeneous distribution of antipodal elements becomes unstable. It is concluded that the strategy of these investigations will be to study the basic laws linking the chiral evolutionary processes with the general evolutionary process and those for the functioning of modern organisms.

A79-46463 * An ultraviolet light induced bacteriophage in Beneckea gazogenes. M. Rambler and L. Margulis (Boston University, Boston, Mass.). Origins of Life, vol. 9, July 1979, p. 235-240. 9 refs. Research supported by Boston University; Grant No. NGR-22-004-025.

The effects of UV and high intensity irradiation on microorganisms growing under conditions prevalent during the early Precambrian Aeon are examined. The study employed the anaerobic red pigmented marine vibrio, Beneckea gazogenes (Harwood, 1978), using an extreme UV sensitivity of 2537 A, extensive cell lysis, and commitant production of bacteriophage induced by the UV light. Three types of white mutant, pink colony mutant, and red wild type isolates of B gazogenes were grown showing differential irradiation sensitivity and phage particles from all three lysates were collected and examined.

A79-46464 * Solar-driven chemical energy source for a Martian biota. B. C. Clark (Martin Marietta Aerospace, Planetary Sciences Laboratory, Denver, Colo.). Origins of Life, vol. 9, July 1979, p. 241-249. 40 refs. Contract No. NAS1-900.

Microorganisms deep in the Martian soil could derive energy indirectly from the sun via chemical reactions involving atmospheric photolysis products of the solar ultraviolet flux. The Viking discovery of a chemically uniform regolith which, though poor in organics, is rich in sulfur-containing compounds suggests reaction sequences in which sulfur is recycled through reduced and oxidized states by biologically catalyzed reactions with photochemicallyproduced atmospheric constituents. One candidate reaction, reduction of soil sulfate minerals by molecular hydrogen, is already exploited on earth by bacteria of the ubiquitous and tenacious Desulfovibrio genus. (Author)

A79-46465 Some comments on interpretations of Viking biological experiments. S. I. Aksenov (Moskovskii Gosudarstvennyi Universitet, Moscow, USSR). Origins of Life, vol. 9, July 1979, p. 251-256. 15 refs.

Data from Viking experiments conducted on Martian soil are examined from a biological viewpoint, siting a lack of organic matter, possibly due to the specificity of regions with optimal landing sites. Four experiments at two different landing sites showed a similarity of the elemental soil composition indicative of the presence of some constant active reagent in the soil. The assumed existence of psychrophilic organisms cultivated at temperatures above optimal ones, as well as unusual UV-resistant organisms that retain viability at low temperatures, are discussed and speculation on photosynthesizing organisms is made. C.F.W.

Changes in optokinetic, postoptokinetic, and reverse postoptokinetic nystagmus after bilateral labyrinthectomy (Izmenenie optokineticheskogo postoptokineticheskogo i reversivnogo postoptokineticheskogo nistagmov posle dvustoronnei labirintektomii). V. P. Neverov (Akademiia Nauk SSSR, Institut Fiziologii. Leningrad, USSR) and V. E. Koriukin (Voenno-Meditsinskaia Akademiia, Leningrad, USSR). Fiziologicheskii Zhurnal SSSR, vol. 65, May 1979, p. 687-693. 20 refs. In Russian.

Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in the myocardium (Vliianie adaptatsii k vysotnoi gipoksii na adrenoreaktivnost' serdtsa i sostoianie ademiltsiklaznoi i fosfodiesteraznoi sistem miokarda). F. Z. Meerson, E. G. Krauze, M. G. Pshennikova, L. Iu. Golubeva, P. Karchevski, and A. Wollenberger (Akademiia Meditsinskikh Nauk SSSR, Moscow, USSR; Deutsche Akademie der Wissenschaften, Zentralinstitut für Herz- und Kreislauf- Regulationsforschung, Berlin, East Germany). Fiziologicheskii Zhurnal SSSR, vol. 65, May 1979, p. 727-732. 14 refs. In Russian.

A79-46595 Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist's point of view (Illusions sensorielles - Le point de vue de l'ophtalmologiste). J.-P. Chevaleraud (Service de Santé des Armées, Paris, France). Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 319-321. In French.

Examples of three types of visual illusions experienced by aircraft pilots are discussed. Vestibulo-ocular illusions, which account for about 90 percent of all illusions reported, are explained by a nystagmus of vestibular origin, and are exemplified by disturbances of visual acuity during turns, the oculogyric illusion and the oculogravic illusion. Illusions of false equilibration include the visual autokinetic illusion, which was responsible for recorded dives into the ocean of aircraft flying in formation at night. Purely visual illusions, responsible for 10 percent of aircraft accidents due to disorientation, are illustrated by the misinterpretation of ground lights and the poor estimation of altitude during takeoff and landing due to the topography of the adjoining terrain. Recommendations for the prevention of visual illusions during flight are also presented.

A.L.W.

Sensory illusions of vestibular origin (Illusions sensorielles d'origine vestibulaire). P. Blanc. Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 322-324. In French.

The anatomy and physiology of the vestibular system are reviewed in order to illustrate the pathogenesis of vestibular errors leading to sensory illusions, and illusions experienced by aircraft pilots and believed to be of vestibular origin are examined. Examples of somatogyric illusions accounted for by the thresholds and sensitivities of the vestibular system are the illusions of linear motion when turning at a constant angular velocity and rotation in the opposite direction when coming out of a turn, erroneous perceptions of inclination and the Coriolis effect. Somatogravic illusions explained by the functions of the semicircular canals and the utricle and the saccule are illusions of climbing during a turn, Cabré's illusion and illusions of climbing during final descent.

A79-46597 The physiologist's view of sensory illusions (Le point de vue du physiologiste sur les illusions sensorielles). J. Colin (Service de Santé des Armées; Centre de Recherche de Médecine Aéronautique, Paris, France). Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale. Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 325-328. 5 refs. In French.

Physiological mechanisms associated with spatial disorientation during air and space flight are reviewed. Attention is given to the effects of linear and radial accelerations on the otolithic apparatus and other sensory receptors, including misperceptions of the vertical, postural and vestibulo-ocular reflexes and vestibulo-autonomic responses. Reactions brought about by angular accelerations, sensed by the semicircular canals, including illusions of rotation as well as postural, vestibulo-ocular and vestibulo-autonomic reflexes, are also discussed. Factors influencing the intensity of these responses, including state of wakefulness, adaptation and visual dominance and vestibular suppression levels are considered, and recommendations for preventing disorientation by relying on visual information are presented. A.L.W.

A79-46598 The vestibule and flying (Vestibule et pilotage). J.-C. Wanner (ONERA, Châtillon-sous-Bagneux, Hauts-de-Seine, France). Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 329-333. In French.

Consideration is given to typical cases of flight-induced sensory disorientation. It is seen that the inability of human gravireceptors to distinguish gravity from inertia leads to misperceptions of the vertical, while the detection thresholds and insensitivity to angular velocities of the semicircular canals lead to sensations of continuous turning at high inclinations during linear, level flight and the Coriolis effect on the semicircular canals causes apparent rotations. Flight and pilot conditions favoring the occurrence of disorientation are outlined and pilot procedures to lessen their effects are suggested.

A.L.W.

The influence of intermittent aircraft noise on sleep. I (Influence des bruits intermittents d'avion sur le sommeil, I). M. V. Strumza. Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 334-337. In French.

The results of various investigations on the effects of intermittent aircraft noise on the sleep of persons living near an airport are discussed. Subjects' sleep disturbances were monitored objectively by observations of waking, changes in the depth of sleep (as indicated by EEG, EOG and EMG patterns), neuro-autonomic reactions and body movements. In subjects exposed to various types of intermittent noise over the course of several consecutive nights, indications of sleep disturbances were observed less frequently during the later nights of the experiments than the first nights, with the least disturbances observed on the sixth and subsequent nights of exposure. The observed adaptation effect is attributed to a loss of the information content of the subjects, however orthosympathetic and parasympathetic responses were not observed to exhibit adaptation, indicating a continued physiological disturbance.

A79-46600 The electrocardiogram recorded by telemetry during a parachute jump, compared to a trace during stress tests - A preliminary study of 29 cases (L'électrocardiogramme enregistré par télé-mesure pendant le saut en parachute, comparé au tracé durant l'épreuve d'effort - A propos de 29 cas: étude préliminaire). A. Didier, L. Jouffray, P.-C. Pesquies, S.-P. Rosier, J.-F. Perrenoud, H. Ille, and C. Hiltenbrand (Hôpital d'Instruction des Armées du Val de Grace, Paris, France). Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 338-344. 19 refs. In French. Direction des Recherches, Etudes et Techniques Contract No. 78,1032.

The electrocardiograms of 29 experienced military parachutists were monitored during maximal exertion tests and parachute jumps and the results compared. The heart functions of subjects undergoing stress tests on a treadmill which increased in speed and slope until the maximal heart rate was attained were recorded by a six-trace electrocardiogram placed identically to an electrocardiogram which transmitted its data by means of a telemetry system during a parachute jump from an altitude of 2000 m. The parachute jump was found to be accompanied by tachycardia and various cases of extrasystole and minor modifications in repolarization, which differed from the results of the stress tests. The levels of biochemical and hormonal blood and urine constituents analyzed did not exhibit a specific response to the jump situation. It is concluded that the existence of a cardiac risk specific to parachuting necessitates a new definition of cardiological norms for the selection, testing and medical surveillance of parachutists. A.L.W.

A79-46601 Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizing radiation - An experimental study (Tolérance fonctionnelle pulmonaire aux radiations ionisantes - Etude expérimentale). A. Boulier, J. Fabre, J.-L. Hauttement, and J.-S. Abbatucci. *Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare*, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 345-348. 14 refs. In French. Direction des Recherches et Moyens d'Essais Contract No. 74/408.

The functional tolerance of the lungs to weak doses of ionizing radiation is investigated. The pulmonary functions of 19 subjects undergoing radiation therapy for extra-pulmonary tumors at a pulmonary dose of 1500 rads of Co-60 (870 rets) administered in four doses over the course of seven days were monitored before the beginning of the therapy and up to a period of three years afterward. A discrete restrictive functional syndrome was observed in the first six months, together with anomalies in gas exchange. The symptoms are observed to be similar to those found in pulmonary fibroses, however the stability of the global ventilation rate indicates a good pulmonary tolerance to the radiation. It is concluded that thoracic radiation doses should not be allowed to exceed 870 rets under any conditions.

A.L.W.

A79-46602 The application of vectorcardiography to aerospace medicine (Apport de la vectocardiographie à la médecine aérospatiale). A. Seigneuric and G. Leguay (Hôpital d'Instruction des Armées Dominique Larrey, Versailles, France). Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 349-351. In French.

The technique of vectorcardiography is presented and its applications in aerospace medicine are discussed. The recording technique of the Frank system, in which seven electrode traces yield three vectors, is outlined. Vector-cardiography is compared to traditional electrocardiography, and the advantages of vectorcardiography in information content, uniformity of normal traces and compression of data into functions of three orthogonal variables are pointed out. Applications in experimental aerospace medicine suggested by these advantages are discussed, including population studies, and studies of the effects of acceleration and of prolonged exposure to weightlessness, and the results of 200 h of Skylab experiments are surveyed.

A.L.W.

A79-46603 Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the rat · A study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue levels of superoxide dismutases and histology (Adaptation à l'hyperoxie chronique chez le rat · Etude du surfactant pulmonaire, dosage des superoxyde-dismutases tissulaires et étude histologique). H. Burnet, A. Baret, P. Michel, B. Broussolle (Hòpital d'Instruction des Armées Sainte-Anne, Toulon Naval, Var, France), B. Foligiet, and L. Marchal (Nancy I, Université, Vandoeuvre, Meurthe-et-Moselle, France). Médecine Aéronautique et Spatiale, Médecine Subaquatique et Hyperbare, vol. 17, 4th Quarter, 1978, p. 371-375. 14 refs. In French.

A79-46623 Retinal site of transient tritanopia. J. M. Valeton and D. van Norren (Centrale Organisatie voor Toegepast-Natuurwetenschappelijk Onderzoek, Institut voor Zintuigfysiologie, Soesterberg, Netherlands). *Nature*, vol. 280, Aug. 9, 1979, p. 488-490, 16 refs.

An attempt is made to localize the site of blue cone inhibition through intraretinal recordings from the eye of a rhesus monkey. The signal was recorded with a microelectrode positioned in the central fovea of the eye; the local electroretinogram consists mainly of the positive-going cone late receptor potential, with a superimposed negative-going b-wave, representing activity in the bipolar cell level. Transient tritanopia was found to be absent at the receptor level, suggesting that it originates at a site between the receptors and bipolar cells. Electrophysiological data confirms the hypotheses that short-wave length flashes, after switching off a yellow adaptation light, are visible in green but not blue cones.

C.F.W.

A79-46651 * Eye torsion and visual tilt are mediated by different binocular processes. J. M. Wolfe and R. Held (MIT, Cambridge, Mass.). Vision Research, vol. 19, no. 8, 1979, p. 917-920. 10 refs. Grants No. NGL-22-009-308; No. NIH-1-R01-EY-02649; No. NIH-1-T31-GM-07484.

Viewing a large, patterned field rotating about the line of sight produces two measurable effects; cyclotorsion of the eyes (torsion) and a perceived displacement of vertical and horizontal (tilt). Experiments examining binocular interaction for these effects show: (1) both effects demonstrate summation in normal individuals and thus both involve a binocular process; (2) the process for tilt is different than for torsion, since summation for torsion is spared in stereodeficient individuals while that for tilt is eliminated. (Author)

A79-46679 # Some forms of adaptation to extreme influences in the blood system (Nekotorye formy adaptatsii v sisteme krovi k ekstremal'nym vozdeistviiam). N. A. Troitskaia, G. V. Kobozev, E. I. Goncharova, and G. A. Kaminskaia (Krymskii Gosudarstvennyi Meditsinskii Institut, Simferopol, Ukrainian SSR). Fiziologicheskii Zhurnal /Kiev/, vol. 25, May-June 1979, p. 227-234. 14 refs. In Russian.

Experiments are carried out on rabbits to assess the process of blood regeneration after 40% blood loss. It is shown that the blood regeneration process may be regarded as adaptation of the organism to adverse environmental conditions. The experimental data presented point to a rigorous organization of this process: the recovery of hemoglobin and erythrocytes correlates with the recovery of plasma proteins, and is characterized by drastic changes in the structure of hemoglobin.

A79-46680 # Epiphysis of rats under the combined action of hypoxia, hypercapnia and cooling (Epifiz krys pri sochetannom vozdeistvii gipoksii, giperkapnii i okhlazhdeniia). V. I. Bertash, V. I. Baev, and S. V. Zozuliakova (Leningradskii Pediatricheskii Meditsinskii Institut, Leningrad, USSR). Fiziologicheskii Zhurnal /Kiev/, vol. 25, May-June 1979, p. 251-254. 14 refs. In Russian.

A biochemical and morphological-functional study on white male rats (150-210 g) is conducted with a view toward analyzing the changes in epiphysis under conditions of increasing CO2 concentra-

tions, decreasing O2 concentrations and constant cooling (2.3 C). These changes are compared with some biochemical indices of metabolism. The results support the hypothesis that there exists a definite pattern for the changes in the functional activity of the epiphysis and the biochemical indices considered.

S.D.

A79-46681 # Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis in healthy persons (Sutochnyi ritm elektrolitureza u zdorovykh liudei). E. I. Krimkevich, N. A. Futerman, and Iu. V. Persidskii (Kievskii Meditsinskii Institut, Kiev, Ukrainian SSR). Fiziologicheskii Zhurnal /Kiev/, vol. 25, May-June 1979, p. 270-274. 17 refs. In Russian.

Results are presented for an experimental study on 21 healthy human subjects with a view to evaluate the circadian rhythm of renal excretion of potassium, sodium, chlorine, calcium and magnesium. It is found that maximum excretions of water, potassium, chlorine and calcium occur from noon to 3 p.m., and of sodium and magnesium from 6 to 9 p.m. Minimum excretions of the electrolytes take place during the night. Similarities and differences are observed in the behavior of the circadian-rhythm curves for the excretion of individual electrolytes.

S.D.

A79-46967 Isolation of a shock-induced circulating cardiodepressant substance. R. D. Goldfarb, P. Weber, and J. Eisenman (Albany Medical College, Albany, N.Y.). *American Journal of Physiology*, vol. 237, Aug. 1979, p. H168-H173. 14 refs. Grants No. NIH-HL-19977; No. NIH-HL-00947.

Cardiodepressant activity was detected in plasma or serum obtained from dogs in the irreversible states of hemorrhagic shock. After sequential fractionation, L-leucine was identified as one compound that can exert significant cardiodepressant activity; however, it appears that leucine in the concentrations observed in shock serum may only exert 25% of the total cardiopressant activity of the whole shock serum. It is suggested that other, unidentified cardiodepressant substances in the shock serum are probably of higher molecular weight than leucine.

NTIS

NTIS

STAR ENTRIES

N79-28867*# National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center, Houston, Tex.

OPERATOR PERFORMANCE AND LOCALIZED MUSCLE FATIGUE IN A SIMULATED SPACE VEHICLE CONTROL TASK

James L. Lewis, Jr. Jun. 1979 83 p refs

(NASA-TM-58220; JSC-16033) Avail: NTIS

HC A05/MF A01 CSCL 05H

Fourier transforms in a special purpose computer were utilized to obtain power spectral density functions from electromyograms of the biceps brachii, triceps brachii, brachioradialis, flexor carpi ulnaris, brachialis, and pronator teres in eight subjects performing isometric tracking tasks in two directions utilizing a prototype spacecraft rotational hand controller. Analysis of these spectra in general purpose computers aided in defining muscles involved in performing the task, and yielded a derived measure potentially useful in predicting task termination. The triceps was the only muscle to show significant differences in all possible tests for simple effects in both tasks and, overall, was the most consistently involved of the six muscles. The total power monitored for triceps, biceps, and brachialis dropped to minimal levels across all subjects earlier than for other muscles. However, smaller variances existed for the biceps, brachioradialis, brachialis, and flexor carpi ulnaris muscles and could provide longer predictive times due to smaller standard deviations for a greater population range.

N79-28868# Civil Aeromedical Inst., Oklahoma City, Okla. A LOWER BODY NEGATIVE PRESSURE BOX FOR +Gz SIMULATION IN THE UPRIGHT SEATED POSITION Michael T. Lategola and Charles C. Trent Feb. 1979 9 p refs

(AD-A069326; FAA-AM-79-8) Avail: NTIS HC A02/MF A01

CSCL 06/19

The cost of purchasing and operating a human centrifuge is substantial. Lower body negative pressure (LBNP) is considered an acceptable experimental substitute for the +Gz stress of the centrifuge. Since civil aviation pilots are usually subjected to +Gz stress in an upright seated position, an upright seated version of the supine LBNP box was developed. In this version, a negative pressure of -40 mm Hg is considered the equivalent of a +2 Gz stress. This box has successfully withstood a test pressure of -120 mm Hg. Pedal ergometry within the box is easily accomplished. The box was anthropometrically engineered to accommodate a human height range of 160-195 cm. Locating the box within an altitude chamber allows the application of LBNP at any level of chamber altitude Author

N79-28869*# General Electric Co., Philadelphia, Pa. SKYLAB MEDICAL DATA EVALUATION PROGRAM (SMEDEP)

G. W. Hoffler, C. L. Huntoon, S. L. Kimzey, and J. A. Rummel [1979] 869 p

(Contract NAS9-14523)

(NASA-CR-160279) Avail: NTIS HC A99/MF A01 CSCL 06P

A day-by-day summary of selected data collected during the experiment is presented. The clinical and environmental data are presented in a mission-day format along with a tabulation of biomedical measurements whose values exceed three standard deviations from the preflight measurements.

N79-28870# California Univ., Irvine, Dayton, Ohio. TOXICITY OF HIGH DENSITY JET FUEL COMPONENTS Final Report

C. C. Haun, J. D. MacEwen, and E. H. Vernot Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio AMRL Apr. 1978 29 p refs

(Contract F33615-76-C-5005; AF Proj. 6302) (AD-A068596: AMRL-TR-78-16)

HC A03/MF A01 CSCL 06/20

Two constituents of a synthetic jet engine fuel were evaluated for toxicologic effects. These constituents of JP-9 fuel were perhydromethylcyclopentadiene (RJ-4) and bicycloheptadiene (RJ-5). Excess tumor lesions over control levels were seen in a small number of rats and mice held for a one year observation period following six months repeated daily inhalation exposures to RJ-5 Author (GRA)

N79-28871# Naval Air Development Center, Warminster, Pa. THERMAL CONDUCTION EFFECTS IN HUMAN SKIN. 1: EXPERIMENTAL DATA ACQUISITION

M. A. Chianta, A. M. Stoll, and J. R. Piergallini 15 Jan. 1979 19 p refs

(AD-A068479: NADC-79033-60)

HC A02/MF A01 CSCL 06/16

To determine the maximum permissible temperature any material may attain without causing pain or burn on contact with bare skin, over 2000 observations were made of pain threshold during contact with materials at elevated temperatures. Six materials were used representing the full range of thermal properties of good conductors to good insulators. Initial specimen and skin temperatures, interface (material-skin) temperatures throughout contact, and time to pain threshold were noted. An orderly relationship was found between pain threshold and material temperature, either longer exposures or higher specimen temperatures being associated with better insulative properties. Variations in thickness of the epidermis affect these times and temperatures so that families of curves are generated from data obtained at sites of increasing thickness. On the basis of the relationship demonstrated between pain sensation and thermal properties the material temperature which will cause a blister on contact may be predicted. Author (GRA)

N79-28872# Naval Air Development Center, Warminster, Pa. THERMAL CONDUCTION EFFECTS IN HUMAN SKIN. 3: INFLUENCE OF EPIDERMAL THICKNESS AND EXPOSURE TIME

A. M. Stoll, J. R. Piergallini, and M. A. Chianta 15 Jan. 1979 26 p refs

(AD-A068481; NADC-79035-60) Avail: NTIS HC A03/MF A01 CSCL 06/16

Empirical data relating temperatures and thermal properties of materials to pain and blister end points have provided graphs and equations for predicting safe temperatures for any material in contact with bare skin for 1 to 5 seconds solely from a knowledge of its thermal properties. Conversely, the thermal inertia (kpc) of the optimal material for a specific use, and safe skin contact, can be predicted from a knowledge of the maximum material temperature and the length of contact time anticipated. Increasing epidermal thickness causes can cause orderly elevation of the material temperature at pain threshold at fixed contact times, or lengthened contact times at fixed material temperatures, as indicated in the graphs and equations. The data base and procedures described provide a simple means of evaluating the thermal safety of materials in contact with bare skin and pre-determining the krhoc required for such safety in selecting suitable materials in myriad construction and manufacturing applications. Author (GRA)

N79-28873# Oak Ridge National Lab., Tenn. DOSE-RATE CONVERSION FACTORS FOR EXTERNAL EXPOSURE TO PHOTON AND ELECTRON RADIATION FROM RADIONUCLIDES OCCURRING IN ROUTINE RELEASES FROM NUCLEAR FUEL CYCLE FACILITIES

D. C. Kocher Feb. 1979 181 p refs (Contract W-7405-eng-26)

(NUREG/CR-0494; ORNL/NUREG/TM-283) Avail: NTIS HC A09/MF A01

Dose-rate conversion factors for immersion in contaminated air, immersion in contaminated water, and exposure to a contaminated ground surface were estimated for tissue equivalent material at the body surface of an exposed individual. For each exposure mode, photon dose-rate conversion factors were also estimated for 22 body organs. The calculations assumed that the contaminated air, water, and ground surface were infinite in extent and that the radionuclide concentration was uniform. Dose-rate conversion factors for immersion in contaminated air and water were based on the requirement that all energy emitted in the decay of a radionuclide was absorbed in the infinite medium. Dose-rate conversion factors for ground surface exposure was calculated for a height of 1 m using the point-kernel integration method and known specific absorbed fractions for photons and electrons in air. The computer code written to perform the calculations is described and documented.

N79-28874# National Technical Information Service, Springfield,

CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES, VOLUME 3. A BIBLIOGRA-PHY WITH ABSTRACTS Progress Report, Mar. 1977 - Feb. 1979

Elizabeth A. Harrison Mar. 1979 147 p Supersedes NTIS/PS-78/0103; NTIS/PS-77/0095; NTIS/PS-76/0118; NTIS/PS-75/264

(NTIS/PS-79/0063/2; NTIS/PS-78/0103; NTIS/PS-77/0095; NTIS/PS-76/0118; NTIS/PS-75/264) Avail: NTIS HC \$28.00/MF \$28.00 CSCL 06E

Research reports are cited on the epidemiology, etiology, risk factors, prevention, diagnosis, pathology, therapy, surgery, and rehabilitation of cardiovascular diseases. Reports on cardiac assist devices, health services, and facilities were excluded. GRA

N79-28875 Arizona Univ., Tucson.

STRESS MANAGEMENT: A COMPARISON OF EDUCA-TIONAL, AEROBIC AND AUTOSUGGESTIVE APPROACHES Ph.D. Thesis

Sandra Mary Sylvester 1979 71 p Avail: Univ. Microfilms Order No. 7914432

Three commonly used procedures for managing stress: (1) stress education, (2) aerobics, and (3) autosuggestion as to their relative effectiveness are analyzed. The use of education for stress management is based on a common belief that if one is informed about the nature of stress and taught specific procedures to cope more effectively with stress, then a rational person will utilize these procedures to reduce his personal stress level. The aerobics procedure which emphasizes physical exercise is a system of strengthening the cardiovascular and respiratory systems. In autosuggestion or self-hypnosis, subjects are taught to couple deep psychophysiological relaxation with ego strengthening suggestions regarding strengths and competencies in handling stress. The results indicated participants in the treatment groups significantly reduced their levels of trait anxiety over controls, the most effective being autosuggestion, followed by aerobics and then stress education. Dissert. Abstr.

N79-28876 Missouri Univ. - Columbia.
SELECTIVE ATTENTION: THE INFLUENCES OF SUBJECT SEX AND DEGREE OF PRIOR HABITUATION. ON PERFORMANCE OF AN ATTENTION TASK WITH DISTRACTION Ph.D. Thesis

Elizabeth Anne Beck 1978 118 p

Avail: Univ. Microfilms Order No. 7915211

An investigation was performed to determine: (1) whether varying the degree of prior habituation of the phasic orienting response (OR) to stimuli which were later to be used as distractors in an attention demanding task, would influence task performance and reduce OR frequency to distractors during the task; and (2) if there were sex differences in the effects of this prior habituation as well as sex differences in performance with distraction. The task was the solution of mathematical problems from immediate memory, and the distractors were random numbers and mathematical signs. The data did not support, in fact was contrary to, the hypothesis that females are more distractible than males.

N79-28877# Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, Calif.
DEVELOPMENT OF INFORMATION THEORY CONCEPTS
AND EQUATIONS FOR HUMAN MENTAL PROCESSING
M.S. Thesis

Jose Alberto Martinez Mar. 1979 34 p refs (AD-A068606) Avail: NTIS HC A03/MF A01 CSCL 09/4

This report presents the research and analysis accomplished in order to develop new concepts of information theory and new equations that could allow the researcher to compute with more precision, the amount of information processed by a subject during the execution of a sequential mental task. A very sophisticated piece of equipment was used in order to simulate a sequential task of military nature. The results of the experiment proved that new equations to compute the amount of information processed should be used when the task to be performed implies that the operator has to go through different levels of 'thinking' before he reacts to a stimulus.

N79-28878# New Mexico Univ., Albuquerque. Technology Application Center.

STRESS FACTORS ON PILOT PERFORMANCE. CITATIONS FROM THE INTERNATIONAL AEROSPACE ABSTRACTS DATA BASE Progress Report, 1974 - Jan. 1979

Gerald F. Zollars Jun. 1979 27 p Sponsored by NTIS (NTIS/PS-79/0506/0) Avail: NTIS HC \$28.00/MF \$28.00 CSCL 05J

Articles on biological aspects of flight, stress, psychophysiology, acceleration stresses, flight, fitness, and physiological effects and responses are presented. This bibliography contains 100 citations.

N79-28879 Ohio State Univ., Columbus.

COMBINED DISCRETE NETWORK-CONTINUOUS CONTROL MODELING OF MAN-MACHINE SYSTEMS Ph.D. Thesis

Deborah Jayne Roeckner Seifert 1979 204 p Avail: Univ Microfilms Order No. 7916025

The role of the human operator in control systems is evolving towards that of a supervisor who plans, sequences, and monitors away from strictly tracking. New modeling approaches and techniques are required to realistically represent and examine these new system configurations and resulting performance issues. An alternate modeling approach comprised of discrete network models in combination with elements of an open-loop optimal control model formulation was proposed. The feasibility of employing this combined modeling approach was demonstrated through its application to the DAIS (Digital Avionics Information System) system in which pilot duties involve information retrieval and cognitive processing tasks in addition to flight control.

Dissert. Abstr.

N79-28880*# Massachusetts Inst. of Tech., Cambridge. Dept. of Nutrition and Food Science.

MAXIMIZING STORAGE STABILITY OF FOODS TO BE USED FOR RESUPPLY IN A CONTROLLED ECOLOGICAL LIFE SUPPLY SYSTEM: EVALUATION OF RESEARCH

M. Karel, I. Saguy, R. Villota, and H. D. Heidelbaugh $\,$ Jul. 1979 187 $\,$ p $\,$ refs $\,$

(Grant NsG-2334)

(NASA-CR-158846) Avail: NTIS HC A09/MF A01 CSC 06H

The state of the art and research needs of storage stability of dehydrated foods were evaluated. A critical literature review is also included. R.E.S.

N79-28881*# National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Lewis Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio.

INTRAOCULAR PRESSURE REDUCTION AND REGULA-TION SYSTEM

Edward F. Baehr, James E. Burnett, Sanford F. Felder, and William J. McGannon 1979 14 p Presented at Symp. on Glaucoma Surgery, Detroit, 17-18 May 1979

(NASA-TM-70187: E-038) Avail: NTIS HC 402/MF 401 CSCL

(NASA-TM-79187; E-038) Avail: NTIS HC A02/MF A01 CSCL 06E

An intraocular pressure reduction and regulation system is described and data are presented covering performance in: (1) reducing intraocular pressure to a preselected value, (2) maintaining a set minimum intraocular pressure, and (3) reducing the dynamic increases in intraocular pressure resulting from external loads applied to the eye.

Author

N79-28882# Aeronautical Research Labs., Melbourne (Australia). COLD WATER SURVIVAL SUITS FOR AIRCREW

G. R. White Mar. 1978 27 p refs

(ARL/Sys-Note-56; NTIS AR-001-119) Avail:

HC A03/MF A01

Laboratory and sea trials were used to evaluate the effectiveness of three aircrew cold water survival garments: the British Mark 10 suit, the United States CWU 21/P suit, and the Canadian U.VIC Thermofloat jacket. It was concluded that the three alternatives provided similar thermal protection but with regard to several other important features, the U.VIC Thermofloat jacket was superior. Consequently, in this evaluation the U.VIC Thermofloat jacket was shown to provide the most effective form of aircrew protection.

N79-28883*# Life Systems, Inc., Cleveland, Ohio.
TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT OF AN OXYGEN GENERA-TION SUBSYSTEM Final Report

M. K. Lee, K. A. Burke, F. H. Schubert, and R. A. Wynveen May 1979 78 p refs

(Contract NAS2-9795)

(NASA-CR-152257; NTIS LSI-ER-336-4)

HC A05/MF A01 CSCL 06K

An oxygen generation subsystem based on water electrolysis was developed and tested to further advance the concept and technology of the spacecraft air revitalization system. Emphasis was placed on demonstrating the subsystem integration concept and hardware maturity at a subsystem level. The integration concept of the air revitalization system was found to be feasible. Hardware and technology of the oxygen generation subsystem was demonstrated to be close to the preprototype level. Continued development of the oxygen generation technology is recommended to further reduce the total weight penalties of the oxygen generation subsystem through optimization.

N79-28884# Honeywell, Inc., Minneapolis, Minn. and Research Center.

CREW WORKLOAD ASSESSMENT. DEVELOPMENT OF A MEASURE OF OPERATOR WORKLOAD Final Technical Report, 15 Jun. 1977 - 1 Sep. 1978

James D. Wolf Dec. 1978 93 p refs (Contract F33615-77-C-3065)

(AD-A068616; HONEYWELL-78SRC74; AFFDL-TR-78-165) Avail: NTIS HC A05/MF A01 CSCL 01/2

The study objective was to develop a quantitative measure of workload useful in crewstation evaluation. Flight tasks of varying difficulty were simulated, and 35 pilot response variables analyzed. Selected physiological and visual response variables were applied in a stepwise regression procedure to the prediction of a composite performance/opinion measure, which reflected differing levels of task difficulty. The resulting linear equation was reformulated as a preliminary operationally-defined measure of information-processing workload. Author (GRA)

N79-29784*# National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center, Houston, Tex.

BIOSPEX: BIOLOGICAL SPACE EXPERIMENTS, A COMPENDIUM OF LIFE SCIENCES EXPERIMENTS CAR-RIED ON US SPACECRAFT

Michele Anderson (Technology, Inc., Houston, Tex.), John A. Rummel, ed., and Stanley Deutsch, ed. (NASA, Washington) Jun.

1979 310 p refs Ann Uddgard Sep. 1977 65 p refs In SWEDISH; ENGLISH summary

(FOA-C-40063-C1) Avail: NTIS HC A04/MF A01

Peptides consisting of a maximum of 14 amino acids and their biological possessing activity are described. The substances are broken down according to the physiological systems mainly affected by them. Among peptides affecting the nervous system, the most interesting are endorphines, apamine, PCPA and scotophobine. Apamine and PCPA cause powerful mental and motor disturbance over relatively long periods. Scotophobine raises questions as to the learning and transference of specialized behaviour by a chemical substance. Many peptides exert their effect on the blood-pressure level, and produce marked symptoms. They include eledoisine, hypotensine and MDF. Amatoxins and phallotoxins affect the liver and are highly toxic. A convulsionproducing peptide which is effective in small doses is bombes-

N79-29785# Research Inst. of National Defence, Stockholm (Sweden)

BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE SHORT-CHAIN PEPTIDES

(NASA-TM-58217) Avail: NTIS HC A14/MF A01. 06C

United States space life science experiments, encompassing 27 years of experience beginning with sounding rocket flights carrying primates (1948) to the last U.S. spaceflight, the joint US/USSR Apollo Test Project (1975), are presented. The information for each experiment includes Principal Investigators, the program and mission on which it was flown, the specimens used, the objectives, protocol, equipment, results, conclusions, and bibliographic reference citations for publications derived from each experiment.

N79-29786# Scientific Translation Service, Ann Arbor, Mich. CELL BIOLOGY BASIS FOR THE LIFE OF AN ORGANISM IN THE RADIATION FIELD

T. M. Fliedner, K. H. Steinbach, and H. Raffler Nov. 1978 16 p refs Transl. into ENGLISH from Atomwirtschaft (West Germany), v. 21, no. 6, Jun. 1976 p 292-297 Sponsored by DOE Prepared for Argonne Natl. Lab., III.

(ANL-Trans-1152) Avail: NTIS HC A02/MF A01

The following topics are discussed: the human biosphere; temperature control mechanisms; the radiation field in the human environment; extraordinary isolated radiation exposure; chronic radiation exposure; structure, function, and regulation of cell regeneration systems; stimulation of the radiation reaction of cell systems; and effects of dose rate on the content of the Author (DOE) pluripotential stem cell pool.

N79-29787# Chemical Lab. RVO-TNO, Rijswikj (Netherlands). BINDING OF BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE AGENTS TO PLASMA **PROTEINS**

J. Mourik Aug. 1977 38 p refs In DUTCH; ENGLISH summary

(CL-1977-22) Avail: NTIS HC A03/MF A01

Some factors that influence binding to plasma proteins are discussed. Biologically active agents of low molecular weight are transported by the bloodstream. The origin of these agents can be endogeneous or exogeneous. Binding to plasma proteins, particularly to albumin, is of great influence on the distribution and activity of the agents in the body. The binding builds up a buffer store of a biologically active agent resulting in a prolonged time of action and a decreased acute activity. The binding to plasma proteins in vitro can be determined quantitatively with methods on separation of free and bound ligand or with methods based on the difference of physical properties of free and bound ligand. The last mentioned methods can give insight also into the molecular mechanism of protein binding. Quantitative data on binding is evaluated with statistical or graphic methods. A review is also given of data on binding to protein-insecticide complexes obtained from studies with organochlorine and organophosphate insecticides. Author (ESA)

N79-29788# Maryland Univ., Solomons. Chesapeake Biological

RESULTS OF BENTHIC STUDIES AT CALVERT CLIFFS

A. F. Holland, N. K. Mountford, M. Hiegel, K. Kaumeyer, and D. Cargo Dec. 1978 245 p refs (Contract AT(40-1)-4238)

(PB-294261/3; UMCEES-78-165-GBL; PPSP/MMC/CC-78/2) Avail: NTIS HC A11/MF A01 CSCL 13B

The effect of the thermal plume on the benthic communities near the Calvert Cliffs nuclear power plant during the 1976-1977 period were evaluated using ANOVA, cluster analysis, and multivatiate community analysis. Several changes in community structure were noted.

N79-29789 Michigan Univ., Ann Arbor.

A STOCHASTIC MODEL OF MUSCLE FATIGUE IN FREQUENT STRENUOUS WORK CYCLES Ph.D. Thesis

Myun Woo Lee 1979 224 p

Avail: Univ. Microfilms Order No. 7916756

An analytic and quantitative muscle fatigue model is important for the selection of effective work and rest periods for jobs requiring strenuous static strength and high frequency of exertions. Three Markov models of muscle fatigue are developed. These models are based on motor unit fatigue-recovery characteristics obtained from information on motor unit behavior, in particular, the amplitude, duration, and frequency of the muscle action potential (MuAP) as it relates to fatigue and graded exertions. These models also depend on a relationship developed between the recruitment of motor units and the EMG amplitude to explain muscle fatigue for various sequences of static contractions.

Dissert. Abstr.

N79-29790 Michigan Univ., Ann Arbor. ISOMETRIC STRENGTH TESTING IN SELECTING WORK-ERS FOR STRENUOUS JOBS Ph.D. Thesis

William Monroe Keyserling 1979 224 p Avail: Univ. Microfilms Order No. 7916744

Research was conducted to determine if strength testing can be used to reduce occupational illness and injuries which result from a mismatch between the strength abilities of workers and the strength demands of their jobs. To accomplish this, two field studies were performed in industrial plants. It was concluded that strength testing can be used to identify workers who would be at increased risk of suffereing a medical incident if placed on jobs with strength demands above their strength abilities.

Dissert. Abstr.

N79-29791# Istituto Superiore di Sanita, Rome (Italy). COMPUTED AXIAL TOMOGRAPHY (CAT)

F. P. Gentile, F. Sabetta, and V. Troi (Ospedale S. Camillo, Rome) 15 Mar. 1978 76 p refs In ITALIAN; ENGLISH summary (ISS-R-78/4) Avail: NTIS HC A05/MF A01

Current literature on computed tomography (CT) is reviewed. The working procedures for the CT machine are presented, and the contribution of this new radiological technique to the medical field is analyzed. Finally, the risk-benefit ratio is considered with particular attention to the dose received by the patient during a typical tomographic examination.

Author (ESA)

N79-29792# Unilever Research, Vlaardingen (Netherlands). ASPECTS OF DIETARY PREVENTION OF ARTERIOSCLER-OSIS

A. J. Vergroesen, J. J. Gottenbos, and F. Tenhoor 1978 39 p refs Submitted for publication Avail: NTIS HC A03/MF A01

After a brief characterization of the chronic, degenerative disease, atherosclerosis, a dietary approach to a cure, concentrating on some less well-known physiological effects of increased inlineic acid and decreased saturated-fat consumption on arterial blood pressure, thrombotic tendency of blood platelets, cardiac function, and carbohydrate metabolism in diabetes mellitus, is described. In conclusion it is claimed hypoenergetic diets will induce significant decreases in body weight and blood cholesterol, triglyceride and insulin levels, and will normalize most cases of maturity onset diabetes. After ideal body weight is reached, it is recommended that a normal maintenance diet be used.

Author (ESA)

N79-29793# Medical Physics Inst. Utrecht (Netherlands). GENERAL ACTIVITIES RELATED TO MEDICAL RESEARCH Progress Report, 1978

B. vanEijnsbergen and F. L. LopesdaSilva Dec. 1978 241 p refs

(TNO-MFI-PR-6) Avail: NTIS HC A03/MF A01

Highlights of the activities of the three departments (Medical technology: Physics in Medicine: and Biomedical and Brain Research) of the institute during a two year period are presented. Fields of study include 'rehabilitation and motorfunctions', 'brain functions and structure', 'biomathematics', and 'circulation'. Progress made in the field of instrumentation and computer techniques is also reported. Results are presented relative to the main objective of the Institute's investigations, which is 'the recording and analysis of biomedical signals'. Clinical applications are emphasized.

Author (ESA)

N79-29794*# Life Systems, Inc., Cleveland, Ohio. ELECTROCHEMICALLY REGENERABLE CARBON DIOXIDE

ABSORBER Final Report
R. R. Woods, R. D. Marshall, F. H. Schubert, and D. B. Heppner
Aug. 1979 63 p. refs

NTIS

(Contract NAS2-8666)

(NASA-CR-152099; LSI-ER-290-3) Avail: HC A04/MF A01 CSCL 06K

Preliminary designs were generated for two electrochemically regenerable carbon dioxide absorber concepts. Initially, an electrochemically regenerable absorption bed concept was designed. This concept incorporated the required electrochemical regeneration components in the absorber design, permitting the absorbent to be regenerated within the absorption bed. This hardware was identified as the electrochemical absorber hardware. The second hardware concept separated the functional components of the regeneration and absorption process. This design approach minimized the extravehicular activity component volume by eliminating regeneration hardware components within the absorber. The electrochemical absorber hardware was extensively characterized for major operating parameters such as inlet carbon dioxide partial pressure, process air flow rate, operational pressure, inlet relative humidity, regeneration current density and absorption/regeneration cycle endurance testing.

N79-29795# Navy Clothing and Textile Research Unit, Natick, Mass.

INSULATED FIREFIGHTERS' CRASH-CREW RESCUE BOOTS AND COMPONENTS: FIELD AND LABORATORY EVALUATION Final Report, Oct. 1976 - Sep. 1977

Milton Bailey Tyndall AFB, Fla. CEEDO Dec. 1978 43 p refs

(AFCEC Proj. 77-02; AF Proj. 414N)

(AD-A068264; NCTRF-137; CEEDO-TR-78-07) Avail: NTIS HC A03/MF A01 CSCL 06/17

The Navy Clothing and Textile Research Facility (NCTRF) conducted an evaluation of commercial insulated firefighters' boots worn by crash firefighters representing three Navy Air Stations and three Air Force Bases. The evaluation revealed that the insulated footwear was significantly superior to the standard firefighters' boots currently in the supply system. Reflective spats, accessories sometimes used to cover boots for additional protection against high heat, were considered unnecessary by the subjects who thought the insulation of the test boots provided sufficient protection. Laboratory findings, however, showed that spats would indeed be needed if personnel became immobilized and were subjected to 1.89 gcal/sq cm/sec heat for 30 seconds or longer. The laboratory tests also showed that the heat rapidly penetrates and destroys soiled aluminized fabrics. Based on these findings, NCTRF recommends: (1) insulated firefighters' boots replace standard firefighters' boots; (2) commercial aluminized spats be stocked as supporting gear; and (3) reflectivity of aluminized fabrics generally, and of spats particularly, be policed and maintained daily to assure peak personnel protection at all

N79-29796# Gulf and Western Applied Science Labs., Waltham, Mass.

SENSORY MECHANISM MODELING Final Report, Jun. 1977 - Sep. 1978

Joshua Borah, Laurence R. Young, and Renwick F. Curry Feb. 1979 87 p refs

(Contract F33615-76-C-0039; AF Proj. 6114)

(AD-A069439; AFHRL-TR-78-83) Ava HC A05/MF A01 CSCL 06/4

Avail: NTIS

Pilots use information from a variety of sensory mechanisms to determine their estimate of orientation and motion. An understanding of this process and a quantitative model are essential for development of effective simulator motion cueing devices. A multisensory model for dynamic spatial orientation is being developed for this purpose. Aircraft or simulator motion is translated into stimuli which are processed by dynamic models of the appropriate sensors (visual, vestibular, tactile, and proprioceptive), and are then fed to a central estimator which has been modeled as a linear optimal estimator, specifically a steady state Kalman Filter. In addition to the linear estimation process, some non-linear effects, such as the well documented

delay in onset of visually induced motion, require non-linear additions to the model. Such additions have been kept to a minimum so as to retain the uniqueness and conceptual appeal of a linear optimization algorithm. The model has been implemented as a computer program and has predicted some of the important qualitative characteristics of human dynamic spatial orientation under combined wide field visual motion and platform motion. Several types of special tactile and proprioceptive cues are also being considered but have not been validated. The modeling effort has underscored the need for additional data in some areas and several experiments have been suggested to help fill these gaps.

N79-29797# Research Inst. of National Defence, Stockholm (Sweden).

HUMAN PROCESSING OF INFORMATION AND THE COMPUTERIZED MODE OF PRESENTATION: ERGONOMIC PARAMETERS [MAANSKLAG INFORMATIONSBEARBETNING OCH DATORISERAT PRESENTATIONSSAATT: EN REFERENSRAM]

Mette Holmgren Nov. 1978 25 p refs (FOA-C-56018-H9) Avail: NTIS HC A02/MF A01

A theoretical frame of reference for human processing of computerized information is given. The definition of an average person's cognitive ability was primarily sought, but individual behavioral differences were also taken into account. Experimental psychology and the theory of personality development were used along with statistical analysis. The abstraction level, the stress involved in real time work, and individual difference mainly due to training and emotional factors were topics considered.

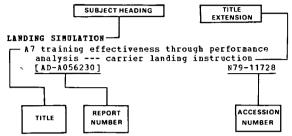
Author (ESA)

SUBJECT INDEX

AEROSPACE MEDICINE AND BIOLOGY / A Continuing Bibliography (Suppl. 199)

NOVEMBER 1979

Typical Subject Index Listing



	AD-AU	56230]	<u>N</u>	79-11728
	`			
	1			
	TITLE	REPORT		ACCESSION
	11112	NUMBER		NUMBER
		L		
	_			
T٢	ne title is used to	o provide a descri	ption of the subject matter. \	When the title is
in	sufficiently desc	riptive of the do-	cument content, a title exte	nsion is added.
se	parated from the	e title by three hyr	phens. The NASA or AIAA ac	cession number
			e user in locating the abstrac	
			able, a report number is also	
	d in identifying th		radio, a raport manipar la biol	
a i	a iii lacilaiyiilg a	ic document.		
			Λ.	
			Α	
	BIOGENESIS			
_		1	- Aloi-i6 1:6	
			g the origin of life	e on the
	planet	eartn	•	.== .==.
				A79-45641
			heating an amino ac	
	in sea	water enrich	hed with transition	elements
				A79-46461
A	BSORBERS (B	QUIPMENT)		
	Electroch	emically red	generable carbon dic	oxide
	absorbe		•	
	[NASA-C	R-152099]		N79-29794
		STRESSES (PHYSTOLOGY	
-	A lower h	ody negative	nresence how for	LC7
	cinulat	ion in the	e pressure box for a apright seated posit	tion
	2101100	02267	ipright seated posi-	N79-28868
	AD-AOA			N/9-20000
٨	CCELERATION			_
			pressure box for	
			upright seated posit	
	[AD-A06	9326]		`N79-28868
À	CTIVITY (BI			
	Biologica	lly active s	short-chain peptides	5
	[FO A-C-	40063-C1]		N79-29785
A	DAPTATION			
	Some form	s of adaptat	tion to extreme infl	luences in
		od system		
		•		A79-46679
R	DAPTIVE CON	TROI.		
			f the adaptive human	nilot
	FAIAA 7		. the adaptive human	A79-45411
	DREWAL META			A/3-43411
_			40 list-014i4udo L	
			to high-altitude hy	
	cardiac	adrenoreact	tivity and the state	of the
			phosphodiesterase sy	stems in
	the myo	cardium		
				A79-46500
A:	BROSPACE ME	DICIBE		
	The elect	rocardiogram	n recorded by teleme compared to a trace	etry during
	a parac	hute jump. o	compared to a trace	during
	stress	tests - A DI	eliminary study of	29 cases
	542 555		.ozz-zmazy boday oz	A79-46600
	The annli	cation of w	ctorcardingraphy to	
	medicin		ectorcardiography to	aeroshace
	mearcin	e		170 06600
				A79-46602
			and localized muscl	
			ce vehicle control t	
		M-58220]		N79-28867
	BIOSPEX:		space experiments,	
	compend	ium of life	sciences experiment	s carried
		pacecraft	-	
		M-582171		N79-29784

```
AGING (BIOLOGY)
    Quantitative analysis of mating behavior in aging
      male Drosophila Melanogaster
                                                      A79-44799
AIR PURIFICATION
    Technology advancement of an oxygen generation
      subsystem
      [ NASA-CR-152257]
                                                      N79-28883
AIRCRAFT BOISE
    Temporary threshold shift from transportation noise
                                                      A79-46286
    The influence of intermittent aircraft noise on
      sleep. I
                                                      A79-86599
AIRCRAFT PILOTS
   A structural model of the adaptive human pilot
[AIAA 79-1784] A79-4
                                                      A79-45411
ALBUMIUS
   Binding of biologically active agents to plasma
proteins
[CL-1977-22]
ALGORITHES
                                                     N79-29787
   On investigating the statistical properties of the
      populous path algorithm by computer simulation
Counterconclusions to those of Tateno and Nei
--- for mutational change in protein evolution
                                                     A79-45640
   Augmentation algorithm - A reply to Holmquist -- for nucleotide substitutions
                                                     A79-45644
   Molecular phylogenetic trees - On the validity of
      ALTITUDE ACCLINATIZATION
   Bffect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on
cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the
adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in
      the myocardium
                                                     A79-46500
AMINO ACIDS
   Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as origin of
      proteinous amino acids
   Polymers produced by heating an amino acid mixture in sea water enriched with transition elements
                                                     A79-46461
ARTERIOSCLEROSIS
   Aspects of dietary prevention of arteriosclerosis
                                                     N79-29792
ASTRONAUT PERFORMANCE
   The physiologist's view of sensory illusions
                                                     A79-46597
ATTENTION
   Selective attention: The influences of subject
     sex and degree of prior habituation on performance of an attention task with distraction
AUGHESTATION
   Augmentation algorithm - A reply to Holmquist ---
      for nucleotide substitutions
   Molecular phylogenetic trees - On the validity of
      the Goodman-Moore augmentation algorithm
                                                     179-45645
```

BACTERIOLOGY An ultraviolet light induced bacteriophage in Beneckea gazogenes --- organism growth on precambrian earth A79-46463

BACTERIOPHAGES	BI	ONICS
An ultraviolet light induced bacteriophage in Beneckea gazogenes organism growth on		A revised model of gas transport in human lungs A79-45768
precambrian earth	BI0 46463	OSYNTHESIS Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as origin of
BRHAVIOR	aina	proteinous amino acids A79-45643
Quantitative analysis of mating behavior in a male Drosophila Melanogaster	BIG	OTELENETRY
	44799	The electrocardiogram recorded by telemetry during a parachute jump, compared to a trace during
BIBLIOGRAPHIES Cardiovascular diseases, volume 3. A bibliographic between the control of the con	raph y	stress tests - A preliminary study of 29 cases A79-46600
with abstracts [NTIS/PS-79/0063/2] N79-		00р
Stress factors on pilot performance. Citation from the International Aerospace Abstracts	ns data	Some forms of adaptation to extreme influences in the blood system 179-46679
(8115/15 13/0000) 1	28878 BL	OOD PLASMA Hyperthermia and exercise plasma fluid and
BINOCULAR VISION Eye torsion and visual tilt are mediated by		electrolyte effects on human thermoregulation
different binocular processes	46651 BO	A79-44775 OTS (POOTWEAR)
BIOASTROBAUTICS		Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescue boots
The application of vectorcardiography to aero medicine		and components: Field and laboratory evaluation [AD-A068264] N79-29795
A79- Technology advancement of an oxygen generation		AIN DAMAGE Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle
subsystem		radiation on the brain, eyes and other head
	28883	structures of the pocket mouse - A histological study
Mirror symmetry breaking in biochemical evolu	tion 46462	A79-44798
Solar-driven chemical energy source for a Mar		C
biota		RBOHYDRATE METABOLISM
Binding of biologically active agents to plas		Insulin-like effect of bowine growth hormone in
proteins		vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats
[CL-1977-22] N79- BIOCONTROL SYSTEMS	29/8/	279-44797
Central and reflex mechanisms of controlling	CA	RBON DIOXIDE REMOVAL Electrochemically regenerable carbon dioxide
movements Russian book A79-	43950	absorber
BIODYNAMICS Central and reflex mechanisms of controlling		[NASA-CR-152099] N79-29794 RBOW SUBOXIDES
movements Russian book	43950	Carbon suboxide and the genetic code in biochemical evolution
Operator performance and localized muscle fat in a simulated space vehicle control task	igue	RBOH 14
[NASA-TM-58220] N79-	28867	Insulin-like effect of bowine growth hormone in vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of
BIOINSTRUMENTATION Computer design synthesis of a below knee-Sym	е	C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats
prosthesis		RDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM
Skin-resistance measuring device with higher	44300 CA	Isolation of a shock-induced circulating
resolution A79-	45476	cardiodepressant substance A79-46967
Portable device for detection of petit mal ep	ilepsy	Cardiovascular diseases, volume 3. A bibliography
BIOLOGICAL REFERCTS	46226	with abstracts [NTIS/PS-79/0063/2] N79-28874
Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cliffs		LLS (BIOLOGY)
[PB-294261/3] N79- BIOLOGICAL EVOLUTION	29788	Enchancement of luminance flicker by color-opponent mechanisms
Carbon suboxide and the genetic code in		A79-44582
biochemical evolution	44865	Cell biology basis for the life of an organism in the radiation field
Goodman et al.'s method for augmenting the nu	mber	[ANL-TRANS-1152] N79-29786
of nucleotide substitutions	CB 45639	IANNEL CAPACITY Test of the 10 bits/sec channel-capacity
On investigating the statistical properties of	f the	hypothesis for human tracking
populous path algorithm by computer simulat	ion -	IRMICAL BONDS
Counterconclusions to those of Tateno and N for mutational change in protein evolut	ion	Binding of biologically active agents to plasma
A proposal concerning the origin of life on t	·45640 :he	proteins [CL-1977-22] N79-29787
planet earth	Сн •45641	IBMICAL BHERGY Solar-driven chemical energy source for a Martian
Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as origin of		biota
proteinous amino acids	-45643 CE	A79-46464 IMPLICAL BYOLUTION
Augmentation algorithm - A reply to Holmquist		Carbon suboxide and the genetic code in
for nucleotide substitutions	45644	biochemical evolution A79-44865
Molecular phylogenetic trees - On the validit		Goodman et al.'s method for augmenting the number
the Goodman-Moore augmentation algorithm	45645	of nucleotide substitutions A79-45639
Mirror symmetry breaking in biochemical evolu		On investigating the statistical properties of the
179-	-46462 °	populous path algorithm by computer simulation - Counterconclusions to those of Tateno and Nei
BIOHEDICAL DATA Intraocular pressure reduction and regulation	system	for mutational change in protein evolution
	-28881	A79-45640

Intraocular pressure reduction and regulation system
[NASA-TH-79187] N79-28881

SUBJECT INDEX EYE PROTECTION

A proposal concerning the origin of lif		DIETS Aspects of dietary prevention of arterio	
Polymers produced by heating an amino a in sea water enriched with transition		DISORIENTATION The vestibule and flying pilot disor	N79-29792 cientation
Hirror symmetry breaking in biochemical	A79-46461 evolution	DISPLAY DEVICES	A79-46598
CHESAPEAKE BAY (US)	A79-46462	Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air-to tracking task	o-air
Results of benthic studies at Calvert C [PB-294261/3]	liffs N79-29788	[AIAA 79-1747] DROSOPHILA	A79-45388
CIRCADIAN RHYTHES Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis	in healthy	Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster	in aging
persons	A79-46681	· ·	A79-44799
COLOR VISION Enchancement of luminance flicker by	A79-40001	DYMAMIC STABILITY Stabilization of the horizontal motion of bipedal walking robot	of a
color-opponent mechanisms	.70 *****	•	A79-44081
COMPORT	A79-44582	Ε	
A study of the available evidence on du		_	
effects on comfort and task proficien vibration	cy under	EARTH (PLANET) A proposal concerning the origin of life	on the
	A79-46399	planet earth	A79-45641
COMPENSATORY TRACKING A structural model of the adaptive huma	n pilot	BCOLOGY	A79-43041
[AIAA 79-1784] COMPUTERIZED DESIGN	A79-45411	Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cl [PB-294261/3]	liffs N79-29788
Computer design synthesis of a below kn	ee-Syme	EDUCATION Stress management: A comparison of educ	rational
prosthesis	A79-44300	aerobic and autosuggestive approaches	N79-28875
On investigating the statistical proper	ties of the	BLECTRICAL RESISTANCE	213 20013
populous path algorithm by computer s	imulation -	Skin-resistance measuring device with hi	igher
Counterconclusions to those of Tatender for mutational change in protein		resolution	A79-45476
Test of the 10 bits/sec channel-capacit	A79-45640	ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY The evolutionary pattern of exercise-ind	luced ST
hypothesis for human tracking		segment depression	170 00466
Sensory mechanism modeling	A79-45771	The electrocardiogram recorded by teleme	A79-44166 etry during
[AD-A069439]	N79-29796 ·	a parachute jump, compared to a trace	during
CONSUMABLES (SPACECREW SUPPLIES)	o he need	stress tests - A preliminary study of	29 cases 179-46600
Maximizing storage stability of foods t for resupply in a controlled ecologic		BLECTROBECEPHALOGRAPHY	A73 40000
supply system: Evaluation of research	:h	Portable device for detection of petit m	
[NASA-CR-158846] COOLING	N79-28880	ELECTROLYTE METABOLISM	A79-46226
Epiphysis of rats under the combined ac	tion of	Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis i	in healthy
hypoxia, hypercaphia and cooling	A79-46680	persons	A79-46681
CRITICAL PLICKER FUSION		ELECTROLYTES	
Enchancement of luminance flicker by color-opponent mechanisms		Hyperthermia and exercise plasma flue electrolyte effects on human thermores	
COLOL Opponent mechanisms	A79-44582	-	A79-44775
CURRS	acalorosis	EMEXIES ACTIVITY Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hy	rnovia on
Aspects of dietary prevention of arteri	N79-29792	cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state	of the
_		adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase sp	stems in
ט		the myocardium	A79-46500
DATA PROCESSING	• .	BPILEPSY	
Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: I		Portable device for detection of petit m	A79-46226
parameters		EXOBIOLOGY	
[POA-C-56018-H9] DATA TRANSHISSION	พ79-29797	BIOSPEX: Biological space experiments, compendium of life sciences experiment	a s carried
Attempt to describe a class of man-mach		on US spacecraft	
dialogue systems based on a natural 1	language A79-44057	[NASA-TH-58217] EXTRATERRESTRIAL LIFE	N79-29784
DEHYDRATED FOOD Maximizing storage stability of foods t	o he used	Solar-driven chemical energy source for biota	a Martian
for resupply in a controlled ecologic	al life		A79-46464
supply system: Evaluation of research	ch N79-28880	Some comments on interpretations of Viking biological experiments	ing
[NASA-CR-158846] DEPRESSANTS Isolation of a shock-induced circulatin		EYE (AMATONY)	A79-46465
cardiodepressant substance	A79-46967	Intraocular pressure reduction and regul	lation system N79-28881
DIABRTES MELLITUS		EYE HOVEHERTS	
Insulin-like effect of bovine growth ho vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of	THOUG IN	Eye torsion and visual tilt are mediated different binocular processes	. n1
C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats	.50 ***	•	A79-46651
DIAGNOSIS	A79-44797	EYE PROTECTION Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particl	le
Portable device for detection of petit		radiation on the brain, eyes and other	head .
	A79-46226	structures of the pocket mouse - A his	stological
Computed axial tomography (CAT)	N79-29791	study	A79-44798

	REMATOLOGY
F	Some forms of adaptation to extreme influences in the blood system
PREDBACK CONTROL	A79-46679
Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air-to-air	HEMORRHAGES Translation of a short-indused singulating
tracking task [AIAA 79-1747] A79-45388	Isolation of a shock-induced circulating cardiodepressant substance
A structural model of the adaptive human pilot	179-46967
[AIAA 79-1784] A79-45411	HIGH ALTITUDE ENVIRONMENTS
FIRE COMTROL Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air-to-air	Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the
tracking task	adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in
[AIAA 79-1747] A79-45388	the myocardium
FIRE PIGHTING Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescue boots	HIGH RESOLUTION
and components: Field and laboratory evaluation	Skin-resistance measuring device with higher
[AD-A068264] N79-29795	resolution A79-45476
FLIGHT SIMULATION Sensory mechanism modeling	HOMEOSTASIS
[AD-A069439] N79-29796	The role of the neurohormone system of the
PLIGHT SIMULATORS	hypothalamus in physiology and pathology Russian book
A lower body negative pressure box for +Gz simulation in the upright seated position	179-43835
[AD-A069326] N79-28868	HORMONE METABOLISMS
The vestibule and flying pilot disorientation	Insulin-like effect of bovine growth hormone in vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of
A79-46598	C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats
	A79-44797
G	HORMONES The role of the neurohormone system of the
GALVABIC SKIN RESPONSE	hypothalamus in physiology and pathology
Skin-resistance measuring device with higher	Russian book
resolution A79-45476	A79-43835 HUMAN BRINGS
GANGLIA	Central and reflex mechanisms of controlling
Enchancement of luminance flicker by	movements Russian book 179-43950
color-opponent mechanisms A79-44582	HUMAN PACTORS ENGINEERING .
GAS TRANSPORT	Operator performance and localized muscle fatigue
A revised model of gas transport in human lungs A79-45768	in a simulated space vehicle control task [NASA-TM-58220] N79-28867
GENETIC CODE	Development of information theory concepts and
Carbon suboxide and the genetic code in	equations for human mental processing
biochemical evolution A79-44865	[AD-A068606] N79-28877 Cold water survival suits for aircrew
GLUCOSE	[ARL/SYS-NOTE-56] N79-28882
Insulin-like effect of bovine growth hormone in	Crew workload assessment. Development of a measure of operator workload
vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats	[AD-A068616] N79-28884
A79-44797	Isometric strength testing in selecting workers
GRAVIRECEPTORS The vestibule and flying pilot disorientation	for strenuous jobs N79-29790
A79-46598	Human processing of information and the
11	computerized mode of presentation: Ergonomic
H	parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] N79-29797
HABITS	HUNAN PATHOLOGY
Selective attention: The influences of subject sex and degree of prior habituation on	The role of the neurohormone system of the hypothalamus in physiology and pathology
performance of an attention task with distraction	Russian book
N79-28876	179-43835
HEAD (ANATOMY) Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle	HUMAN PERFORMANCE Test of the 10 bits/sec channel-capacity
radiation on the brain, eyes and other head	hypothesis for human tracking
structures of the pocket mouse - A histological	A79-45771 A study of the available evidence on duration
study A79-44798	effects on comfort and task proficiency under
HEALTH PHYSICS	vibration
Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizing radiation - An experimental study	HUMAN REACTIONS
A79-46601	A study of the available evidence on duration
Dose-rate conversion factors for external exposure	effects on comfort and task proficiency under
to photon and electron radiation from radionuclides occurring in routine releases from	vibration 'A79-46399
nuclear fuel cycle facilities	HUMAN TOLBRANCES
[NUREG/CR-0494] N79-28873	Temporary threshold shift from transportation noise
HEART DISEASES Cardiovascular diseases, volume 3. A bibliography	Thermal conduction effects in human skin. 1:
with abstracts	Experimental data acquisition
[NTIS/PS-79/0063/2] N79-28874 HEART FUNCTION	[AD-A068479] N79-28871 Thermal conduction effects in human skin. 3:
Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on	Influence of epidermal thickness and exposure time
cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the	[AD-A068481] N79-28872 HYPBRCAPNIA
adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in the myocardium	Epiphysis of rats under the combined action of
A79-46500	hypoxia, hypercapnia and cooling
Teolation of a shock-induced circulating	179-46680

A79-46967

A79-46680

Isolation of a shock-induced circulating cardiodepressant substance

SUBJECT INDEX RENTAL PERFORMANCE

HYPEROXIA Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the r study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue		LIFE SCIENCES BIOSPEX: Biological space experiments, a compendium of life sciences experiment:	
superoxide dismutases and histology HYPERTHERMIA	A79-46603	on US spacecraft [NASA-TH-58217] LIFE SUPPORT SISTERS	N79-29784
Byperthermia and exercise plasma flu electrolyte effects on human thermoreg	ulation	Electrochemically regenerable carbon dio:	
HYPROSIS	A79-44775	[NASA-CR-152099] LUMINANCE	N79-29794
Stress management: A comparison of educ aerobic and autosuggestive approaches	ational, N79-28875	Enchancement of luminance flicker by color-opponent mechanisms	A79-44582
HYPOTHALAMUS The role of the neurohormone system of t	he	LUMGS A revised model of gas transport in huma:	
hypothalamus in physiology and patholo Russian book	A79-43835	Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizi: radiation - An experimental study	
Effect of adaptation to high-altitude by cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase sy	of the	Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the restudy of pulmonary surfactant, tissue superoxide dismutases and histology	levels of
the myocardium	A79-46500		A79-46603
Epiphysis of rats under the combined act hypoxia, hypercaphia and cooling		M	
1	A79-46680	Attempt to describe a class of man-machi- dialogue systems based on a natural la	nguage
ILLUSIONS		HAN HACHINE SYSTEMS	A79-44057
Sensory illusions of vestibular origin	A79-46596	Attempt to describe a class of man-machi dialogue systems based on a natural la	
The physiologist's view of sensory illus IN-FLIGHT MONITORING	A79-46597	A structural model of the adaptive human	
The electrocardiogram recorded by teleme a parachute jump, compared to a trace	during	Combined discrete network-continuous con- modeling of man-machine systems	
stress tests - A preliminary study of INFORMATION THEORY	A79-46600	Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: Er	N79-28879
Development of information theory concep equations for human mental processing		parameters [N79-29797
[AD-A068606] INSULIN	N79-28877	Isometric strength testing in selecting	orkers
Insulin-like effect of bovine growth hor vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats	mone in	for strenuous jobs	N79-29790
INTRAOCULAR PRESSURB	A79-44797	Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cl: [PB-294261/3]	iffs N79-29788
Intraocular pressure reduction and regul [NASA-TM-79187]	ation system N79-28881	MARS (PLANET) Solar-driven chemical energy source for a	a Martian
IONIZING RADIATION Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizi radiation - An experimental study	ng	biota Some comments on interpretations of Viki	A79-46464
ISCHEMIA	A79-46601	biological experiments	A79-46465
The evolutionary pattern of exercise-ind segment depression		MATHEMATICAL MODELS A structural model of the adaptive human	
	A79-44166	[AIAA 79-1784] Mathematical model of the respiration rh generation process	A79-45411 ythm
J		generation process	A79-46268
JET ENGINE FUELS Toxicity of high density jet fuel compon	ents	A stochastic model of muscle fatigue in strenuous work cycles	frequent N79-29789 .
[AD-A068596]	N79-28870	MEDICAL BLECTRONICS Skin-resistance measuring device with his	
THER INTROMES		resolution	A79-45476
KNEE (ANATOMY) Computer design synthesis of a below kne prosthesis	e-Syme 179-44300	MEDICAL EQUIPMENT General activities related to medical res	
1	A79-44300	[TNO-MFI-PR-6] BBDICAL SCIENCE Skylab medical data evaluation program (:	
LABOR Isometric strength testing in selecting	vorkers	[NASA-CR-160279] General activities related to medical ref [TNO-MPI-PR-6]	N79-28869
for strenuous jobs	N79-29790	Relationship between the reproduction tag	
LABYRINTHECTORY Changes in optokinetic, postoptokinetic, reverse postoptokinetic nystagmus afte		the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes	A79-46276
bilateral labyrinthectomy	A79-46499	MENTAL PERFORMANCE Relationship between the reproduction ta	
LEUCINE Isolation of a shock-induced circulating		the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes	
cardiodepressant substance	A79-46967	***	A79-46276

equations for human mental processing	modeling of man-machine systems
[AD-A068606] N79-28877	N79-28879
HODELS	OPETHALBOLOGY
Combined discrete network-continuous control modeling of man-machine systems	Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist's point of view
N79-28879	OPTICAL ACTIVITY
A stochastic model of muscle fatigue in frequent strenuous work cycles	Mirror symmetry breaking in biochemical evolution A79-46462
N79-29789	OPTICAL ILLUSION Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist's point of
Isometric strength testing in selecting workers for strenuous jobs	view 179-46595
N79-29790	OPTIMAL CONTROL
MUTATIONS On investigating the statistical properties of the	Combined discrete network-continuous control
On investigating the statistical properties of the populous path algorithm by computer simulation -	modeling of man-machine systems N79-28879
Counterconclusions to those of Tateno and Nei	OPTIMIZATION
for mutational change in protein evolution A79-45640	Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air-to-air tracking task
HYOCARDIUM Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on	[AIAA 79-1747] A79-45388
cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the	P
adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
the myocardium	PARACHUTE DESCENT
A79-46500	The electrocardiogram recorded by telemetry during a parachute jump, compared to a trace during stress tests - A preliminary study of 29 cases
N	A79-46600
BATURAL LANGUAGE (COMPUTERS)	PASSENGERS
Attempt to describe a class of man-machine dialogue systems based on a natural language	A study of the available evidence on duration
A79-44057	effects on comfort and task proficiency under vibration
WEON ISOTOPES	A79-46399
Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other head	PEPTIDES Biologically active short-chain peptides
structures of the pocket mouse - A histological study	[FOA-C-40063-C1] H79-29785 PHOTOSYNTHESIS
A79-44798	A proposal concerning the origin of life on the planet earth
Combined discrete network-continuous control modeling of man-machine systems	A79-45641 PHYSICAL EXERCISE
N79-28879	The evolutionary pattern of exercise-induced ST segment depression
Mathematical model of the respiration rhythm	179-44166
generation process A79-46268 BEUROPHYSIOLOGY	Hyperthermia and exercise plasma fluid and electrolyte effects on human thermoregulation A79-44775
The role of the neurohormone system of the hypothalamus in physiology and pathology	Stress management: A comparison of educational, aerobic and autosuggestive approaches
Russian book	N79-28875
A79-43835 Central and reflex mechanisms of controlling	PHYSICAL WORK A stochastic model of muscle fatigue in frequent
movements Russian book	strenuous work cycles
A79-43950	N79-29789
Temporary threshold shift from transportation noise	PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS Retinal site of transient tritanopia
NOISE POLLUTION . A79-46286	A79-46623 Biologically active short-chain peptides
Temporary threshold shift from transportation noise	[FOA-C-40063-C1] N79-29785
A79-46286 The influence of intermittent aircraft noise on	PHYSIOLOGICAL FACTORS The physiologist's view of sensory illusions
sleep. I	A79-46597
NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS	PHYSIOLOGICAL RESPONSES Enchancement of luminance flicker by
Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cliffs	color-opponent mechanisms
[PB-294261/3] N79-29788	A79-44582
NUCLECTIORS Goodman et al.'s method for augmenting the number of nucleotide substitutions	Hyperthermia and exercise plasma fluid and electrolyte effects on human thermoregulation A79-44775
A79-45639	PHYSIOLOGICAL TESTS
Augmentation algorithm - A reply to Holmquist for nucleotide substitutions	Some forms of adaptation to extreme influences in the blood system
A79-45644	A79-46679
Changes in optokinetic, postoptokinetic, and reverse postoptokinetic nystagmus after	Epiphysis of rats under the combined action of hypoxia, hypercapnia and cooling A79-46680
bilateral labyrinthectomy A79-46499	PILOT PERFORMANCE Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air-to-air
47.7 40477	tracking task
0	[AIAA 79-1747] A79-45388
OPERATOR PERFORMANCE Selective attention: The influences of subject	Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist's point of view
sex and degree of prior habituation on	A79-46595 Sensory illusions of vestibular origin
performance of an attention task with distraction N79-28876	A79-46596 The physiologist's view of sensory illusions
	A79-46597

SUBJECT INDEX SENSORY PERCEPTION

Stress factors on pilot performance.	orientation A79-46598 Citations	Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the study of pulmonary surfactant, tissu superoxide dismutases and histology	
from the International Aerospace Abs			A79-46603
base [NTIS/PS-79/0506/0] Crew workload assessment. Development	N79-28878	PURSUIT TRACKING Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air- tracking task	to-air
measure of operator workload	0. u	[AIAA 79-1747]	A79-45388
[AD-A068616]	N79-28884		277 13300
PINBAL GLAND		R .	
Epiphysis of rats under the combined a	ction of		
hypoxia, hypercapnia and cooling	- 20 - 5000	RADIATION DAMAGE	
DISCHARGE TOPRODUC	A79-46680	Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ partic	:le
PITUITARY HORMONES	annona in	radiation on the brain, eyes and other	er nead
Insulin-like effect of bovine growth he vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of		structures of the pocket mouse - A h: study	istological
C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats		study	A79-44798
·, · ·, · · y===========================	A79-44797	RADIATION DOSAGE	477
POLYERRS		Dose-rate conversion factors for extern	al exposure
Carbon suboxide and the genetic code -	in	to photon and electron radiation from	
biochemical evolution	.==	radionuclides occurring in routine re	leases from
Malanasa anadusad bu bashina an asina .	A79-44865	nuclear fuel cycle facilities	#30 20032
Polymers produced by heating an amino a in sea water enriched with transition		[NUREG/CR-0494] Cell biology basis for the life of an o	N79-28873
In sea water engioned with transition	A79-46461	the radiation field	rganism in
PORTABLE EQUIPMENT		[ANL-TRANS-1152]	N79-29786
Portable device for detection of petit	mal epilepsy	RADIATION EPPECTS	
	A79-46226	Cell biology basis for the life of an o	organism in
POSTPLIGHT ANALYSIS		the radiation field	
Skylab medical data evaluation program		[ANL-TRANS-1152]	N79-29786
[NASA-CR-160279] PRINITIVE HARTH ATHOSPHERE	N79-28869	RADIATION HAZARDS	
Carbon suboxide and the genetic code	in	Pulmonary functional tolerance to ioni: radiation - An experimental study	1119
biochemical evolution		radiation in experimental study	A79-46601
	A79-44865	Dose-rate conversion factors for extern	al exposure
A proposal concerning the origin of li	fe on the	to photon and electron radiation from	
planet earth		radionuclides occurring in routine re	leases from
An ultraviolet light induced bacteriop	A79-45641	nuclear fuel cycle facilities	N79-28873
Beneckea gazogenes organism grow		[NUREG/CR-0494] RADIOBIOLOGY	M /9-200/3
precambrian earth	02	Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ partic	:1e
•	A79-46463	radiation on the brain, eyes and other	
PROBLEM SOLVING		structures of the pocket mouse - A hi	.stological
Selective attention: The influences of		stud y	170 44700
sex and degree of prior habituation of performance of an attention task with		RADIOLOGY	A79-44798
perioradice of an accondition table with	N79-28876	Computed axial tomography (CAT)	
PROSTRETIC DEVICES		[ISS-R-78/4]	N79-29791
Computer design synthesis of a below k	nee-Syme	REPLEXES	
- prosthesis	A79-44300	Central and reflex mechanisms of contro movements Russian book	lling
PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	A/3-44300	movements Russian book	A79-43950
Cold water survival suits for aircrew		RENAL PUNCTION	
		Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis	
[ARL/SYS-NOTE-56]	N79-28882		in healthy
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso	cue boots	persons	_
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rese and components: Field and laboratory	cue boots y evaluation	persons	in healthy 19-46681
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rese and components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264]	cue boots	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY)	A79-46681
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rese and components: Field and laboratory	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795	persons	A79-46681
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rese and components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer:	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation -	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavious male Drosophila Melanogaster	A79-46681
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laborator; [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer counterconclusions to those of Tatend	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavious male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	179-46681 or in aging 179-44799
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rese and components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer:	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the states of the and Nei evolution	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavious male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew resc and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tateneter of the counterconclusions are those of the counterconclusions.	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 cties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavious male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPHENT General activities related to medical I [TNO-MFI-PR-6]	179-46681 or in aging 179-44799
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator; [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical prope; populous path algorithm by computer; Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 cties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavious male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical related to medical related to medical responses.	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew resc and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tateneter of the counterconclusions are those of the counterconclusions.	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 cties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY NATE Mathematical model of the respiration r	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatender- for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY RATE Mathematical model of the respiration r generation process	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reseand components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatenter-for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as or proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical related to medic	A79-46681 or in aging
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatender- for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY RATE Mathematical model of the respiration r generation process	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-46268
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reseand components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatenter-for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as or proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of	persons REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical related to medic	A79-46681 or in aging
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew resc and components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatency for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EMPRETS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599	PETIBAL ADAPTATION REPROBORS REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY HATE Hathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIBAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion	A79-46681 or in aging
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation:	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599	PETSONS REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical related to medic	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-46268 A79-46623 of a
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical prope: populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as or proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: I parameters	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599	PETIBAL ADAPTATION REPROBORS REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY HATE Hathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIBAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion	A79-46681 or in aging
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatence for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9]	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599	PETSONS REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY HATE Hathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETINAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-46268 A79-46623 of a
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator; [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical prope; populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as or proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction to	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797	PETIBAL ADAPTATION REPROBORS REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY HATE Hathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIBAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-46268 A79-46623 of a
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatender———————————————————————————————————	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY HATE Mathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-46268 A79-46623 of a A79-44081
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator; [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical prope; populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as or proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction to	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797 tactics and	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY RATE Mathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot S SEA WATER Polymers produced by heating an amino a	A79-46681 or in aging
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical prope: populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction to the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY HATE Mathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot	A79-46681 or in aging
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatence for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EXPRECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Brgonomic N79-29797 tactics and	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY RATE Mathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot S SEA WATER Polymers produced by heating an amino a	A79-46681 or in aging
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical prope: populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TRSTS Relationship between the reproduction of the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes PULHONARY FUNCTIONS A revised model of gas transport in humans and the servised model of gas transport in hu	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797 tactics and A79-46276 man lungs A79-45768	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPHENT General activities related to medical r [TNO-MFI-PR-6] RESPIRATORY HATE Mathematical model of the respiration r generation process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot SEA WATER Polymers produced by heating an amino a in sea water enriched with transition	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 desearch N79-29793 thythm A79-46223 of a A79-44081 cid mixture elements A79-46461
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatence for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes PULHONARY FUNCTIONS A revised model of gas transport in humpulmonary functional tolerance to ioniz	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797 tactics and A79-46276 man lungs A79-45768	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical reflective (TNO-MFI-PR-6) RESPIRATORY HATE Hathematical model of the respiration regeneration process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot SEM WATER Polymers produced by heating an amino as in sea water enriched with transition	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 hythm A79-46268 A79-46623 of a A79-44081 cid mixture elements A79-46461 's point of
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew reso and components: Field and laborator: [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical prope: populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatend for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TRSTS Relationship between the reproduction of the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes PULHONARY FUNCTIONS A revised model of gas transport in humans and the servised model of gas transport in hu	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797 tactics and A79-46276 man lungs A79-45768 zing	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical reflection of the respiration regeneration process RESPIRATORY HATE Hathematical model of the respiration regeneration process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot SEM WATER Polymers produced by heating an amino as in sea water enriched with transition SEMSORY PERCEPTION Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist view	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 desearch N79-29793 thythm A79-46223 of a A79-44081 cid mixture elements A79-46461
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatence for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes PULHONARY FUNCTIONS A revised model of gas transport in humpulmonary functional tolerance to ioniz	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797 tactics and A79-46276 man lungs A79-45768	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical related	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-46268 A79-46623 of a A79-44081 cid mixture elements A79-46461 's point of
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatence for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes PULHONARY FUNCTIONS A revised model of gas transport in humpulmonary functional tolerance to ioniz	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797 tactics and A79-46276 man lungs A79-45768 zing	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT General activities related to medical reflection of the respiration regeneration process RESPIRATORY HATE Hathematical model of the respiration regeneration process RETIMAL ADAPTATION Retinal site of transient tritanopia ROBOTS Stabilization of the horizontal motion bipedal walking robot SEM WATER Polymers produced by heating an amino as in sea water enriched with transition SEMSORY PERCEPTION Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist view	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-4623 of a A79-46623 of a A79-46661 results A79-46461 results A79-46595 A79-46596 sions
Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescand components: Field and laboratory [AD-A068264] PROTEINS On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer: Counterconclusions to those of Tatence for mutational change in protein Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as on proteinous amino acids PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS The influence of intermittent aircraft sleep. I PSYCHOLOGICAL PACTORS Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: parameters [FOA-C-56018-H9] PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTS Relationship between the reproduction the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes PULHONARY FUNCTIONS A revised model of gas transport in humpulmonary functional tolerance to ioniz	cue boots y evaluation N79-29795 rties of the simulation - o and Nei evolution A79-45640 rigin of A79-45643 noise on A79-46599 e Ergonomic N79-29797 tactics and A79-46276 man lungs A79-45768 zing	REPRODUCTION (BIOLOGY) Quantitative analysis of mating behavior male Drosophila Melanogaster RESEARCH AND DEVELOPHENT General activities related to medical related	A79-46681 or in aging A79-44799 research N79-29793 rhythm A79-46268 A79-46623 of a A79-44081 cid mixture elements A79-46461 's point of A79-46595 A79-46596

Sensory mechanism modeling		SURPACTABIS	
[AD-A069439]	n79-29796	Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue	
SEX FACTOR Selective attention: The influences	of subject	superoxide dismutases and histology	levers or
sex and degree of prior habituation		ouponing anomatous and nationally	A79-46603
performance of an attention task w		SURVIVAL EQUIPMENT	
•	N79-28876	Cold water survival suits for aircrew	
SHOCK (PHYSIOLOGY)		[ARL/SYS-NOTE-56]	N79-28882
Isolation of a shock-induced circula	ting	SYMPATHETIC BERVOUS SYSTEM	Abo
cardiodepressant substance	A79-46967	The role of the neurohormone system of hypothalamus in physiology and pathol	
SITTING POSITION	R73-40307	Russian book	.091
A lower body negative pressure box for	or +Gz		A79-43835
simulation in the upright seated pe	osition		
[AD-A069326]	N79-28868	T	
SKIH (ANATOMY)		_	
Thermal conduction effects in human	skin. 1:	TASKS	
Experimental data acquisition	N79-28871	A study of the available evidence on du effects on comfort and task proficien	
[AD-A068479] Thermal conduction effects in human:		vibration	cy under
Influence of epidermal thickness a	nd exposure time	VIDE de l'on	A79-46399
[AD-A068481]	N79-28872	THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY	
SKYLAB PROGRAM		Thermal conduction effects in human ski	n. 1:
Skylab medical data evaluation progr	am (SMEDEP)	Experimental data acquisition	
[NASA-CR-160279]	N79-28869	[AD-A068479]	N79-28871
SLEEP	ft neigo en	Thermal conduction effects in human ski	
The influence of intermittent aircra	it noise on	Influence of epidermal thickness and [AD-A068481]	N79-28872
sleep. I	A79-46599	THERMAL POLLUTION	W/3-20072
SOLAR RADIATION	473 40333	Results of benthic studies at Calvert C	liffs
Solar-driven chemical energy source	for a Martian	[PB-294261/3]	N79-29788
biota		THERMOREGULATION	
	A79-46464	Hyperthermia and exercise plasma fl	
SPACEBORNE EXPERIMENTS		electrolyte effects on human thermore	
Some comments on interpretations of	Viking	MURROUNE (PROCEDETAR)	A79-44775
biological experiments	A79-46465	THRESHOLDS (PERCEPTION) Temporary threshold shift from transpor	tation noise
BIOSPEX: Biological space experimen		remporary chreshord shirt from transpor	A79-46286
compendium of life sciences experi	ments carried	TIME DEPENDENCE	
on US spacecraft		A study of the available evidence on du	ration
[NASA-TM-58217]	N79-29784	effects on comfort and task proficien	cy under
SPACECRAFT ENVIRONMENTS		vibration	
Technology advancement of an oxygen	generation		A79-46399
subsystem		TOROGRAPHY	
[NASA-CR-152257]	N79-28883	Computed axial tomography (CAT)	N79-29791
Relationship between the reproduction	n tactice and	[ISS-R-78/4] TOXICITY	117-23131
the major indices of speech	n cuccios una	Toxicity of high density jet fuel compo	nents
retention-reproduction processes		[AD-A068596]	N79-28870
	A79-46276	TRACKING (POSITION)	
STEREOCHERISTRY	_	Test of the 10 bits/sec channel-capacit	y
Mirror symmetry breaking in biochemic		hypothesis for human tracking	.20 #5224
	A79-46462	MDIRCTONE DECRANCE	A79-45771
STIMULATION Selective attention: The influences	of cubioct	TRANSIENT RESPONSE Retinal site of transient tritanopia	
sex and degree of prior habituation		Recinal site of clausient discunopia	A79-46623
performance of an attention task w		TREADMILLS	
position of the desired the second	N79-28876	The evolutionary pattern of exercise-in	duced ST
STOCHASTIC PROCESSES		segment depression	
A stochastic model of muscle fatigue	in frequent		A79-44166
strenuous work cycles		TURORS	
CHARLET CHARTITHY	ห79-29789	Toxicity of high density jet fuel compo [AD-A068596]	N79-28870
STORAGE STABILITY Maximizing storage stability of food	s to be used	[0.000300]	MIJ 20070
for resupply in a controlled ecolo		U	
supply system: Evaluation of rese		U	
[NASA-CR-158846]	N79-28880	ULTRAVIOLET RADIATION	
STRESS (PHYSIOLOGY)		An ultraviolet light induced bacterioph	
Stress management: A comparison of		Beneckea gazogenes organism growt	h on
aerobic and autosuggestive approac		precambrian earth	A79-46463
Stress factors on pilot performance.	N79-28875	URINALYSIS	M/3-40403
from the International Aerospace A		Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis	in healthy
base		persons	
[NTIS/PS-79/0506/0]	N79-28878	•	A79-46681
STRESS (PSYCHOLOGY)		• •	
Stress management: A comparison of		V	
aerobic and autosuggestive approac		VPCMCDCA DDTACDA DEV	
Ctross fastors on milet nonferrers	N79-28875	VECTORCARDIOGRAPHY The application of vectorcardiography t	n aproenace
Stress factors on pilot performance. from the International Aerospace A	CILACIONS	medicine	o geroshace
base			
		medicine	A79-46602
[NTIS/PS-79/0506/0]		VESTIBULES	A79-46602
[NTIS/PS-79/0506/0] STRESS AWALYSIS	bstracts data		
STRESS AWALYSIS Computer design synthesis of a below	bstracts data N79-28878	VESTIBULES Sensory illusions of vestibular origin	A79-46596
STRESS ANALYSIS	bstracts data N79-28878	VESTIBULES	A79-46596

VIBRATION EFFECTS
A study of the available evidence on duration
effects on comfort and task proficiency under vibration

VIKING MARS PROGRAM

Some comments on interpretations of Viking biological experiments

A79-46465

VISUAL PERCEPTION

Changes in optokinetic, postoptokinetic, and reverse postoptokinetic nystagmus after bilateral labyrinthectomy

A79-46499

Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist's point of

Retinal site of transient tritanopia .

A79-46623

Eye torsion and visual tilt are mediated by different binocular processes

A79-46651

WALKING MACHINES

Stabilization of the horizontal motion of a bipedal walking robot

A79-44081

WEIGHT REDUCTION

Computer design synthesis of a below knee-Syme prosthesis

WORDS (LANGUAGE)
Attempt to describe a class of man-machine dialogue systems based on a natural language

A79-44057

WORKLOADS (PSYCHOPHYSIOLOGY)

Crew workload assessment. Development of a measure of operator workload

[AD-A068616] N75

X

X RAY ANALYSIS

Computed axial tomography (CAT) [ISS-R-78/4]

N79-29791

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX

AEROSPACE MEDICINE AND BIOLOGY / A Continuing Bibliography (Suppl. 199)

NOVEMBER 1979

Typical Personal Author Index Listing

PERSONA	LAUTHOR	
AGIN, A. K. A behavioral realistic t	model of target ac	equisition in
[AD-A056760)	N79-10742
TITLE	REPORT NUMBER	ACCESSION NUMBER

The title of the document is used to provide the user with a brief description of the subject matter. The NASA or AIAA accession number is included in each entry to assist the user in locating the abstract in the abstract section of this supplement. If applicable, a report number is also included as an aid in identifying the document.

ABBATUCCI, J.-S. Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizing radiation - An experimental study

A79-46601

AKSENOV, S. I. Some comments on interpretations of Viking biological experiments

A79-46465

A79-46603

Computer design synthesis of a below knee-Syme prosthesis

A79-44300

ANDERSON, E.

BIOSPEX: Biological space experiments, a

compendium of life sciences experiments carried US spacecraft [NASA-TH-58217] N79-29784 AWDEH, M. R.

The evolutionary pattern of exercise-induced ST segment depression A79-44166

BABHR, E. F.
Intraocular pressure reduction and regulation system
[NASA-TM-79187] N79-28881

Epiphysis of rats under the combined action of hypoxia, hypercapnia and cooling A79-46680

Insulated firefighters' crash-crew rescue boots and components: Field and laboratory evaluation [AD-A068264]

BARET, A. Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the rat - A study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue levels of superoxide dismutases and histology

BECK, B. A. Selective attention: The influences of subject ser and degree of prior habituation on performance of an attention task with distraction N79-28876

BENTON. B. V. Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other head structures of the pocket mouse - A histological study A79-44798 BERTASH, V. I.

Epiphysis of rats under the combined action of hypoxia, hypercapnia and cooling A79-46680

BINNARD, R. Quantitative analysis of mating behavior in aging male Drosophila Melanogaster A79-44799

BLANC, P. Sensory illusions of vestibular origin

A79-46596

A79-44798

BORAH, J. Sensory mechanism modeling [AD-A069439]
BOULIER, A.

N79-29796

Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizing radiation - An experimental study A79-46601

BRINKHUS. H. B. Skin-resistance measuring device with higher resolution

A79-45476 BRONSKILL, P. H.

Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as origin of proteinous amino acids

BROUSSOLLE, B. Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the rat - A study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue levels of superoxide dismutases and histology

Technology advancement of an oxygen generation subsystem [NASA-CR-152257]

BURNET, H. Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the rat - A study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue levels of superoxide dismutases and histology

A79-46603

BURNETT, J. B.
Intraocular pressure reduction and regulation system [NASA-TM-79187] N79-28881

CARGO, D. Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cliffs [PB-294261/3] N79-29788 CASSOU, R.

Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other head structures of the pocket mouse - A histological study

CHAHIBE, R. A.
The evolutionary pattern of exercise-induced ST segment depression

CHEVALERAUD, J.-P.
Sensory illusions - The ophthalmologist's point of

view A79-46595 CHIABTA, B. A. Thermal conduction effects in human skin. 1:

Experimental data acquisition [AD-A068479] Thermal conduction effects in human skin. Influence of epidermal thickness and exposure time FAD-A0684817

Solar-driven chemical energy source for a Martian biota A79-46464

CLARKE, H. J. A study of the available evidence on du effects on comfort and task proficien		G	
vibration	A79-46399	GENTILE, F. P. Computed axial tomography (CAT)	
COLIN, J. The physiologist's view of sensory illu	sions	[ISS-R-78/4] GHISTA, D. H.	N79-29791
CURRY, R. F.	A79-46597	Computer design synthesis of a below kne prosthesis	e-Syne
Sensory mechanism modeling [AD-A069439]	N79-29796	GOLDFARB, R. D.	A79-44300
CZELUSHIAK, J. On investigating the statistical proper		Isolation of a shock-induced circulating cardiodepressant substance	
populous path algorithm by computer s Counterconclusions to those of Tateno	imulation - and Nei	GOLUBEVA, L. IU.	A79-46967
D	A79-45640	Effect of adaptation to high-altitude by cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state adenylcyclasse and phosphodiesterase sy	of the
DEUTSCH, S.		the myocardium	A79-46500
BIOSPEX: Biological space experiments, compendium of life sciences experimen on US spacecraft		GONCHAROVA, R. I. Some forms of adaptation to extreme infl	uences in
[NASA-TH-58217] DIDIER, A.	N79-29784	the blood system	A79-46679
The electrocardiogram recorded by telem a parachute jump, compared to a trace stress tests - A preliminary study of	during	GOODMAN, M. On investigating the statistical propert populous path algorithm by computer si Counterconclusions to those of Tateno	mulation -
DINABURG, A. D. The role of the neurohormone system of		GOTTEMBOS, J. J. Aspects of dietary prevention of arterio	
hypothalamus in physiology and pathol	ogy A79~43835	GOURAS, P.	N79-29792
E		Enchancement of luminance flicker by color-opponent mechanisms	
ECONOMOS, A. C.		GREENLEAF, J. B.	A79-44582
Quantitative analysis of mating behavio: male Drosophila Melanogaster		Hyperthermia and exercise	A79-44775
EGAHI, F.	A79-44799	· Н	
Polymers produced by heating an amino ac in sea water enriched with transition	elements	HARRISON, E. A.	
EISENMAN, J. Isolation of a shock-induced circulating	A79-46461	Cardiovascular diseases, volume 3. A bi	
cardiodepressant substance	a79-46967	[NTIS/PS-79/0063/2] HAUN, C. C. Toriging of high despite det fuel	N79-28874
BLANGOVAN, P. T. Computer design synthesis of a below known		Toxicity of high density jet fuel componer [AD-A068596] HAUTTERENT, JL.	N79-28870
prosthesis	A79-44300	Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizi: radiation - An experimental study	ng
F		HAYMAKER, W.	A79-46601
PABRE, J. Pulmonary functional tolerance to ionizi radiation - An experimental study	ing	Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other structures of the pocket mouse - A his study	head
PELDER, S. P.	A79-46601	BEIDELBAUGH, H. D.	A79-44798
Intraocular pressure reduction and regul [NASA-TM-79187] FELDMAN, A. G.	ัท79-28881	Maximizing storage stability of foods to for resupply in a controlled ecological supply system: Evaluation of research	l life
Central and reflex mechanisms of control movements	ling	[NASA-CR-158846] HELD, R.	N79-28880
PELLER, D. D.	A79-43950	Eye torsion and visual tilt are mediated different binocular processes	bу
Insulin-like effect of bovine growth hor vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of	mone in	BENKE, R. P.	A79-46651
C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats	A79-44797	<pre>Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other</pre>	; head
PLIEDHER, T. H. Cell biology basis for the life of an or	ganism in	structures of the pocket mouse - A hist study	tological
the radiation field [ANL-TRANS-1152]	N79-29786	HEPPNER, D. B.	A79-44798
POLIGUET, B. Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the r		Electrochemically regenerable carbon diomagnetic absorber	ide
study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue superoxide dismutases and histology		[NASA-CR-152099] HESS, R. A.	N79-29794
PUTERMAN, N. A. Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis i	A79-46603 n healthy	A structural model of the adaptive human [AIAA 79-1784] HIEGEL, H.	pilot A79-45411
persons	A79-46681	Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cli [PB-294261/3] HILTEBBRAND, C.	N79-29788
		The electrocardiogram recorded by telemet a parachute jump, compared to a trace of stress tests - A preliminary study of 2	luring

KIMZEY, S. L.
Skylab medical data evaluation program (SMEDEP)
[NASA-CR-160279]
N79-28869
KOBOZEV, G. V.
Some forms of adaptation to extreme influences in

the blood system

HOFFLER, G. W.	KOCHER, D. C.
Skylab medical data evaluation program (SMEDEP) [NASA-CR-160279] N79-28869	Dose-rate conversion factors for external exposure to photon and electron radiation from
HOLLABU, A. P. Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cliffs	radionuclides occurring in routine releases from nuclear fuel cycle facilities
[PB-294261/3] N79-29788	[NUREG/CR-0494] N79-28873 KORIUKIH, V. B.
Human processing of information and the computerized mode of presentation: Ergonomic parameters	Changes in optokinetic, postoptokinetic, and reverse postoptokinetic nystagmus after bilateral labyrinthectomy
[FOA-C-56018-H9] N79-29797	179-46499
Molecular phylogenetic trees - On the validity of the Goodman-Moore augmentation algorithm 179-45645	KRAFT, L. 8. Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other head structures of the pocket mouse - A histological study
Portable device for detection of petit mal epilepsy	A79-44798
A79-46226 HUNTOON, C. L. Skylab medical data evaluation program (SMEDEP) [NASA-CR-160279] N79-28869	KRAUZE, E. G. Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in the myocardium
I	A79-46500
ILLE, H.	KRIMKBVICH, B. I. Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis in healthy
The electrocardiogram recorded by telemetry during a parachute jump, compared to a trace during	persons A79-46681
stress tests - A preliminary study of 29 cases A79-46600	KUZNETSOV, P. I. Mathematical model of the respiration rhythm
1	generation process
JOHNSON, J. B., JR.	KVALSETH, T. O. Test of the 10 bits/sec channel-capacity
Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle	hypothesis for human tracking A79-45771
radiation on the brain, eyes and other head structures of the pocket mouse - A histological	
study A79-44798	L '
	LARIN, V. B.
JOUFFRNY, L. The electrocardiogram recorded by telemetry during a parachute jump, compared to a trace during	Stabilization of the horizontal motion of a bipedal walking robot
stress tests - A preliminary study of 29 cases A79-46600	A79-44081
K	A lower body negative pressure box for +Gz simulation in the upright seated position
	[AD-A069326] N79-28868
KABUTO, E. Temporary threshold shift from transportation noise A79-46286	The role of the neurohormone system of the hypothalamus in physiology and pathology
KAMINSKAIA, G. A. Some forms of adaptation to extreme influences in	A79-43835 LEB, H. K.
the blood system	Technology advancement of an oxygen generation subsystem
KARCHEVSKI, P. Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on	[NASÂ-CR-152257] N79-28883 LEE, H. W.
cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in	A stochastic model of muscle fatigue in frequent strenuous work cycles
the myocardium A79-46500	N79-29789 LEGUAY, G.
KARBL, H. Maximizing storage stability of foods to be used	The application of vectorcardiography to aerospace medicine
for resupply in a controlled ecological life supply system: Evaluation of research	A79-46602 LEWIS, J. L., JR.
[NASA-CR-158846] N79-28880	Operator performance and localized muscle fatigue in a simulated space vehicle control task
KAUHETER, K. Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cliffs [PB-294261/3] N79-29788	[NASA-TH-58220] N79-28867 LOPESDASILVA, P. L.
KELLY, H. A. Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle	General activities related to medical research [TNO-MFI-PR-6] N79-29793
radiation on the brain, eyes and other head structures of the pocket mouse - A histological	LUCHI, R. J. The evolutionary pattern of exercise-induced ST
stud y A79-44 7 98	segment depression A79-44166
KESSLER, S.	
Quantitative analysis of mating behavior in aging male Drosophila Melanogaster A79-44799	M
五/フ−ササノフフ	MACRERN, J. D.
KEYSERLING, W. H. Isometric strength testing in selecting workers	MACENER, J. D. Toxicity of high density jet fuel components [AD-A068596] N79-28870

[AD-AU08370]
MAKARCHEMKO, A. F.
The role of the neurohormone system of the hypothalamus in physiology and pathology
A79-43835 MARCHAL, L.

Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the rat - A
study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue levels of
superoxide dismutases and histology A79-46603

A79-46679

.MARGULIS, L.	:-	_	
An ultraviolet light induced bacterioph Beneckea gazogenes	•	. P	
MARSHALL, R. D.	A79-46463	PERREBOÙD, JP. The electrocardiogram recorded by telem	etry during
Electrochemically regenerable carbon di- absorber		a parachute jump, compared to a trace stress tests - A preliminary study of	
[NASA-CR-152099] MARTINEZ, J. A.	N79-29794	PERSIDSKII, IU. V.	A79-46600
Development of information theory conce equations for human mental processing		Circadian rhythm of electrolyte uresis	in healthy
[AD-A068606]	N79-28877	persons	A79-46681
MAZOH, S. Attempt to describe a class of man-mach:		PESQUIES, PC. The electrocardiogram recorded by telem	etry during
dialogue systems based on a natural l	anguage A79-44057	a parachute jump, compared to a trace stress tests - A preliminary study of	during 29 cases A79-46600
Intraocular pressure reduction and regu. [NASA-TM-79187]	lation system N79-28881	PHILPOTT, D. B. Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ partic	
BEERSON, F. Z.		radiation on the brain, eyes and other	er head
Bffect of adaptation to high-altitude h cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase s	e of the	structures of the pocket mouse – $f \lambda$ history	A79-44798
the myocardium	A79-46500	PIERGALLIBI, J. R. Thermal conduction effects in human ski	
HICHEL, P.		Experimental data acquisition	
Adaptation to chronic hyperoxia in the study of pulmonary surfactant, tissue		[AD-A068479] Thermal conduction effects in human ski	N79-28871 .n. 3:
superoxide dismutases and histology	A79-46603	Influence of epidermal thickness and [AD-A068481]	exposure time N79-28872
Quantitative analysis of mating behavior	r in aging	PSHENNIKOVA, H. G. Effect of adaptation to high-altitude h	ypowia on
male Drosophila Mélanogaster	A79-44799	cardiac adrenoreactivity and the stat adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase s	
The evolutionary pattern of exercise-inc	duced ST	the myocardium	A79-46500
segment depression	A79-44166	Б	213 40300
MOORE, G. W.		R	
On investigating the statistical proper populous path algorithm by computer si Counterconclusions to those of Tateno	imulation -	RAFFLER, H. Cell biology basis for the life of an o the radiation field	rganism in
HOROZOV, L.	A79-45640	[ANL-TRANS-1152] RAIZMER, A. B.	N79-29786
Mirror symmetry breaking in biochemical MOUNTPORD, N. K.	evolution A79-46462	The evolutionary pattern of exercise-in segment depression	
Results of benthic studies at Calvert Cl		RAMBLER, M.	A79-44166
[PB-294261/3] HOURIK, J.	N79-29788	An ultraviolet light induced bacterioph Beneckea gazogenes	age in
Binding of biologically active agents to proteins	o plasma	ROSIER, SP.	A79-46463
[CL-1977-22]	N79-29787	The electrocardiogram recorded by telem	etry during
N		a parachute jump, compared to a trace stress tests - A preliminary study of	29 cases
WEI, H.		RUMMEL, J. A.	A79-46600
Goodman et al.'s method for augmenting t of nucleotide substitutions	A79-45639	Skylab medical data evaluation program [NASA-CR-160279] BIOSPEX: Biological space experiments,	N79-28869
Augmentation algorithm - A reply to Holm	nguist A79-45644	compendium of life sciences experiment on US spacecraft	ts carried
WERRASOVA, V. H.		[NASA-TH-58217]	N79-29784
Mathematical model of the respiration regeneration process	A79-46268	S	
HEVEROV, V. P.		SABETTA, P.	
Changes in optokinetic, postoptokinetic, reverse postoptokinetic nystagmus afte bilateral labyrinthectomy		Computed axial tomography (CAT) [ISS-R-78/4] SAFONOV, V. A.	N 79-2979 1
NEVILLE, E. D.	A79-46499	Mathematical model of the respiration ri	hythm
Insulin-like effect of bovine growth hor vivo as demonstrated by oxidation of	mone in	SAGUY, I.	A79-46268
C/14/-U-glucose in diabetic rats	A79-44797	Maximizing storage stability of foods to for resupply in a controlled ecological	o be used al life
0		supply system: Evaluation of researc! [NASA-CR-158846]	
OKIHAWA, H.		SCHMIDT, D. K. Pilot-optimal augmentation of the air-te	
Polymers produced by heating an amino ac in sea water enriched with transition	cid mixture elements	tracking task [AIA 79-1747]	A79-45388
	A79-46461	SCHUBERT, F. H. Technology advancement of an oxygen gene	
		subsystem [NASA-CR-152257]	N79-28883
·		Electrochemically regenerable carbon did	
		absorber [NASA-CR-152099]	N79-29794

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX ZOLLARS, G. P.

SCRIMSHIRE, D. A. A revised model of gas transport in human lungs A79-45768	VERHOT, B. H. Toxicity of high density jet fuel components [AD-A068596] N79-28870
SEIPERT, D. J. R. Combined discrete network-continuous control modeling of man-machine systems	VILLOTA, R. Maximizing storage stability of foods to be used for resupply in a controlled ecological life
N79-28879 SEIGNEURIC, A.	supply system: Evaluation of research [NASA-CR-158846] N79-28880
The application of vectorcardiography to aerospace medicine	VINOGRADOVA, L. N. Relationship between the reproduction tactics and
SHIHIZU, H. A79-46602	the major indices of speech retention-reproduction processes
Carbon suboxide and the genetic code A79-44865	N79-46276
SHITH, R. G. Portable device for detection of petit mal epilepsy A79-46226 STRINBACH, K. H.	Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other head structures of the pocket nouse - A histological study
Cell biology basis for the life of an organism in	A79-44798
the radiation field [NT-TRANS-1152] N79-29786 STOLL, A. H.	W
Thermal conduction effects in human skin. 1: Experimental data acquisition	WALTER, P. V. Skin-resistance measuring device with higher
[AD-A068479] N79-28871	resolution A79-45476
Thermal conduction effects in human skin. 3: Influence of epidermal thickness and exposure time [AD-A068481] N79-28872	
STRUHZA, M. V.	A79-46598
The influence of intermittent aircraft noise on sleep. I	WEBER, P. Isolation of a shock-induced circulating
SUZUKI, S. A79-46599	cardiodepressant substance A79-46967
Temporary threshold shift from transportation noise A79-46286 SYLVESTER, S. M.	WEBSTER, J. G. Portable device for detection of petit mal epilepsy A79-46226
Stress management: A comparison of educational, aerobic and autosuggestive approaches	WHITE, G. H. Cold water survival suits for aircrew
n79-28875	[ARL/SYS-NOTE-56] N79-28882 WORSE, C. R.
T	A proposal concerning the origin of life on the planet earth
TADEUSIEWICZ, R. Attempt to describe a class of man-machine	WOLP, J. D.
dialogue systems based on a natural language A79-44057	Crew workload assessment. Development of a measure of operator workload
FATENO, Y. Goodman et al.'s method for augmenting the number	[AD-A068616] N79-28884 WOLPE, J. H.
of nucleotide substitutions A79-45639	Eye torsion and visual tilt are mediated by different binocular processes
Augmentation algorithm - A reply to Holmquist A79-45644	WOLLENBERGER, A.
PENHOOR, P. Aspects of dietary prevention of arteriosclerosis N79-29792 TRENT, C. C.	Effect of adaptation to high-altitude hypoxia on cardiac adrenoreactivity and the state of the adenylcyclase and phosphodiesterase systems in the myocardium
A lower body negative pressure box for +Gz	A79-46500
simulation in the upright seated position [AD-A069326] N79-28868 TROI, V-	Inadequacy of prebiotic synthesis as origin of proteinous amino acids
Computed axial tomography (CAT) [ISS-R-78/4] N79-29791	WOODS, R. R.
TROITSKAIA, R. A. Some forms of adaptation to extreme influences in	Electrochemically regenerable carbon dioxide absorber
the blood system	[NASA-CR-152099] N79-29794
i u	Technology advancement of an oxygen generation subsystem
UDDGARD, A.	[NASA-CR-152257] N79-28883
Biologically active short-chain peptides [FOA-C-40063-C1] N79-29785	YOUNG, L. R.
V ,	Sensory mechanism modeling [AD-A069439] R79-29796
VALBTON, J. H. Retinal site of transient tritanopia A79-46623	· Z
VAN HORREN, D. Retinal site of transient tritanopia A79-46623	ZEMAN, W. Effects of high-LET neon /Ne-20/ particle radiation on the brain, eyes and other head
VANELIJES BERGEE, B. General activities related to medical research	structures of the pocket mouse - A histological study
[TNO-HYI-PR-6] N79-29793	20LLARS, G. P.
Aspects of dietary prevention of arteriosclerosis N79-29792	Stress factors on pilot performance. Citations from the International Aerospace Abstracts data base
	Dase [NTIS/PS-79/0506/0] N79-28878

ZOZULIAKOVA, S. V.

PERSONAL AUTHOR INDEX

ZOZULIAKOVA, S. V.

Epiphysis of rats under the combined action of hypoxia, hypercapnia and cooling

A79-46680

ZRENNER, E.
Enchancement of luminance flicker by color-opponent mechanisms

A79-44582

1. Report No. NASA SP-7011 (199)	2. Government Access	ion No.	3. Recipient's Catalog	No.
4. Title and Subtitle AEROSPACE MEDICINE AND B	IOLOGY		5. Report Date November 19	
A Continuing Bibliograph	y (Supplement	199)	6. Performing Organia	zation Code
7. Author(s)			8. Performing Organiz	ation Report No.
9. Performing Organization Name and Address			10. Work Unit No.	
National Aeronautics and Washington, D. C. 20546	Space Adminis		11. Contract or Grant	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		13. Type of Report ar	nd Period Covered
		<u> </u>	14. Sponsoring Agency	Code
15. Supplementary Notes				
16. Abstract			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	0.5			
This bibliography li introduced into the	sts 82 reports NASA scientifi	, articles, and	other docume	ents system
in October 1979.	intori serementi	e and teeminear	TITI OT MIG ET ON	3,3 00
				•
17. Key Words (Suggested by Author(s))		18. Distribution Statement	:	
Aerospace Medicine	·			
Bibliographies		Unclassifie	d - Unlimited	I
Biological Effects		·		
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (o	f this provi	<u> </u>	
•	20. Security Classif, to	i tilis paye)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price* E03

PUBLIC COLLECTIONS OF NASA DOCUMENTS

DOMESTIC

NASA distributes its technical documents and bibliographic tools to ten special libraries located in the organizations listed below. Each library is prepared to furnish the public such services as reference assistance, interlibrary loans, photocopy service, and assistance in obtaining copies of NASA documents for retention.

CALIFORNIA

University of California, Berkeley

COLORADO

University of Colorado, Boulder

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Library of Congress

GEORGIA

Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta

ILLINOIS

The John Crerar Library, Chicago

MASSACHUSETTS

Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Cambridge

MISSOURI

Linda Hall Library, Kansas City

NEW YORK

Columbia University, New York

PENNSYLVANIA

Carnegie Library of Pittsburgh

WASHINGTON

University of Washington, Seattle

NASA publications (those indicated by an "*" following the accession number) are also received by the following public and free libraries:

CALIFORNIA

Los Angeles Public Library San Diego Public Library

COLORADO

Denver Public Library

CONNECTICUT

Hartford Public Library

MARYLAND

Enoch Pratt Free Library, Baltimore

MASSACHUSETTS

Boston Public Library

MICHIGAN

Detroit Public Library

MINNESOTA

Minneapolis Public Library

MISSOURI

Kansas City Public Library

St. Louis Public Library

NEW JERSEY

Trenton Public Library

NEW YORK

Brooklyn Public Library

Buffalo and Erie County Public Library

Rochester Public Library

New York Public Library

OHIO

Akron Public Library

Cincinnati Public Library

Cleveland Public Library

Dayton Public Library

Toledo Public Library

OKLAHOMA

Oklahoma County Libraries, Oklahoma City

TENNESSEE

Memphis Public Library

TEXAS

Dallas Public Library

Fort Worth Public Library

WASHINGTON

Seattle Public Library

WISCONSIN

Milwaukee Public Library

An extensive collection of NASA and NASA-sponsored documents and aerospace publications available to the public for reference purposes is maintained by the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Technical Information Service, 750 Third Avenue, New York, New York, 10017.

EUROPEAN

An extensive collection of NASA and NASA-sponsored publications is maintained by the British Library Lending Division, Boston Spa, Wetherby, Yorkshire, England, By virtue of arrangements other than with NASA, the British Library Lending Division also has available many of the non-NASA publications cited in STAR. European requesters may purchase facsimile copy or microfiche of NASA and NASA-sponsored documents, those identified by both the symbols "#" and "*", from: ESRO/ELDO Space Documentation Service, European Space Research Organization, 114, av. Charles de Gaulle, 92-Neuilly-sur-Seine, France.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Washington, D.C. 20546

Official Business
Penalty for Private Use, \$300

THIRD-CLASS BULK RATE

Postage and Fees Paid National Aeronautics and Space Administration NASA-451



NASA

POSTMASTER:

If Undeliverable (Section 158 Postal Manual) Do Not Return

NASA CONTINUING BIBLIOGRAPHY SERIES

NUMBER	TITLE	FREQUENCY
NASA SP-7011	AEROSPACE MEDICINE AND BIOLOGY Aviation medicine, space medicine, and space biology	Monthly
NASA SP-7037	AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING Engineering, design, and operation of aircraft and aircraft components	Monthly
NASA SP-7039	NASA PATENT ABSTRACTS BIBLIOGRAPHY NASA patents and applications for patent	Semiannually
NASA SP-7041	EARTH RESOURCES Remote sensing of earth resources by aircraft and spacecraft	Quarterly
NASA SP-7043	ENERGY Energy sources, solar energy, energy conversion, transport, and storage	Quarterly
NASA SP-7500	MANAGEMENT Program, contract, and personnel management, and management techniques	Annually

Details on the availability of these publications may be obtained from:

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION OFFICE

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

Washington, D.C. 20546