https://ntrs.nasa.gov/search.jsp?R=19800014843 2020-03-21T18:08:03+00:00Z NITSH T/1-81819



NASA Technical Memorandum 81819

# NASA-TM-81819 19800014843

TWINTAN: A PROGRAM FOR TRANSONIC WALL INTERFERENCE ASSESSMENT IN TWO-DIMENSIONAL WIND TUNNELS

William B. Kemp, Jr.

FOR REFERENCE

במכבו במנה והמוזע נוגאה: ביו סו יישה

BACTOR PERSONAL PROPERTY OF

MAY 1980

1 am a cost ROPY

MAY 1 6 1980

HANGLEY REJEARCH CENTER



Langley Research Center Hampton, Virginia 23665 c

#### SUMMARY

A method for assessing the wall interference in transonic two-dimensional wind tunnel tests has been developed and implemented in a computer program. The method involves three successive solutions of the transonic small disturbance potential equation to define the wind tunnel flow, the perturbation attributable to the model, and the equivalent free air flow around the model. Required input includes pressure distributions on the model and along the top and bottom tunnel walls which are used as boundary conditions for the wind tunnel flow. The wall-induced perturbation field is determined as the difference between the perturbation in the tunnel flow solution and the perturbation attributable to the model. The methodology used in the program is described and detailed descriptions of the computer program input and output are presented. Input and output for a sample case are given in an appendix.

#### INTRODUCTION

A method has been developed for assessing the wall-induced velocity perturbation existing during transonic airfoil tests in two-dimensional wind tunnels. The method can be considered as a transonic nonlinear counterpart of the classical wall interference theory. The basic principles are outlined in reference 1 and a qualitative description of the method is given in reference 2 along with a discussion and illustration of its capabilities. The present implementation of the method includes some capabilities which were added subsequent to the date of reference 2.

The present paper is intended to serve as a user's guide to the computer program TWINTAN\* in which the method has been implemented. This paper presents the methodology used in the program and a detailed description of the input required and the output provided by the program in its present form. Input and output for a sample case are given in an appendix.

The computer program described herein is in an elementary form suitable for evaluation and exploratory use. Current experience with the program leads to the belief that the Mach number correction is generally reliable and that the nonuniformities in the wall-induced perturbation field and their effect on the airfoil pressure distribution are adequately revealed. The accuracy of the angle of attack correction, however, depends directly on the accuracy with which a flow direction reference for the wind tunnel flow computation can be established. It is anticipated that improvements in both accuracy and convenience could result from mutual optimization of this program with the instrumentation and data system of the particular test facility with which it is to be used.

\*Program TWINTAN is distributed through COSMIC, Computer Software Management and Information Center, 112 Barrow Hall, University of Georgia, Athens, GA 30602.

N80-23332.#

# SYMBOLS

a	coefficient of $\phi_y$ in boundary condition expressions
A,B,C,D	coefficients in tridiagonal form of governing equation
B',D'	coefficients in line relaxation algorithm
С	airfoil chord
c	section lift coefficient
f	transformation derivative in longitudinal direction
g	transformation derivative in transverse direction
j	longitudinal grid index, also longitudinal computational coordinate
k	transverse grid index, also transverse computational coordinate
М	Mach number
n	stretching parameter in coordinate transformation
Ρ,Q	quantities in the finite difference formulation of the governing equation
đ	dynamic pressure
S	distance along airfoil surface
U	longitudinal velocity of uniform flow
v	resultant velocity
x	longitudinal physical coordinate
У	transverse physical coordinate
z	general physical coordinate
α	angle of attack
Г	circulation
γ	ratio of specific heats
Δ	prefix denoting an increment
δ	scaling parameter in coordinate transformation

- ζ general computational coordinate
- Λ coefficient of longitudinal term in governing equation
- µ switching parameter in finite difference formulation of the governing equation
- Φ total velocity potential
- dimensionless perturbation velocity potential

Subscripts:

- x,y denote partial differentiation with respect to x or y
- j,k denote value at j-th or k-th grid line
- R wind tunnel reference conditions
- ∞ corrected far field conditions

#### METHODOLOGY

The procedure implemented in program TWINTAN involves three successive finite-difference solutions to the two-dimensional transonic small disturbance potential equation. The first solution is a calculation of the flow around the test airfoil in the wind tunnel. Pressure distributions measured during the test to be assessed, both on the airfoil and at the upper and lower walls, are imposed as boundary conditions to enhance the fidelity of reproduction of the actual tunnel flow. The assumptions and inaccuracies usually encountered in modeling the ventilated walls and the remaining tunnel geometry are thereby avoided.

The second solution is a calculation of the flow perturbation attributable to the model. Free air outer boundary conditions are used and the model boundary conditions are imposed in the form of singularity distributions extracted from the tunnel flow solution. The wall-induced perturbation is then determined as the difference between the perturbations calculated in the two flow solutions. In order to keep the nonlinear effects comparable, the streamwise component of the wall-induced perturbation at a user specified match point is evaluated iteratively during the second solution and is transferred as a correction to the far field velocity. Upon convergence of the second solution, the wall-induced corrections to Mach number and free-stream static and dynamic pressures are thereby fixed.

The third solution is a calculation of the free-air flow at the corrected free-stream Mach number around the equivalent airfoil shape determined in the tunnel flow solution. The test lift coefficient, corrected by the dynamic pressure ratio, is specified and the angle of attack adjusted to satisfy the Kutta condition. The results include a specific value for the angle-of-attack correction and a pressure distribution which could be considered fully corrected for wall interference if it does not depart excessively from the original airfoil pressure distribution reduced according to the corrected free-stream conditions. Some features of the method are described in detail in the following sections to aid the user in adapting the program to a specific facility as well as in making refinements.

#### Governing Equation

The dependent variable in each of the flow solutions of the present program is the dimensionless perturbation potential  $\phi$  which is related to a total dimensional velocity potential  $\Phi$  by

$$\Phi = U_{R} c \left( \frac{U_{\infty}}{U_{R}} \frac{x}{c} + \phi \right)$$
(1)

where  $U_R$  is the velocity corresponding to the tunnel reference Mach number. For the tunnel flow solution  $U_{\infty}$  is set equal to  $U_R$  but during the model perturbation solution  $U_{\infty}$  is updated by adding the wall induced blockage velocity. The updated value is used for the equivalent free air solution. Thus, by equation (1)  $\phi$  is scaled to the same units in all solutions while representing the perturbation from uniform flows of different velocities.

The perturbation potential is governed by an extended form of the transonic small disturbance equation expressed as

$$\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y^2} = 0$$
 (2)

where

$$\Lambda = 1 - M_{\infty}^{2} - (\gamma + 1) M_{\infty}^{2} \frac{U_{R}}{U_{\infty}} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \left( 1 + \frac{U_{R}}{2U_{\infty}} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)$$

The higher order term in  $\Lambda$  is included to improve the accuracy of velocity equivalence between the perturbation and the far field and thereby suppress spurious errors which were otherwise observed when  $U_R/U_{\infty}$  differed significantly from unity.

The conservative form finite difference approximation to equation (2) used in the program is described by the following expressions:

$$\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y^2} = g_k \left[ \left( \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right)_{j, k+l_2} - \left( \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right)_{j, k-l_2} \right]$$

$$\Lambda \frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial x^{2}} = f_{j} \left[ \left( 1 - \mu_{j} \right)^{P_{j}} + \mu_{j-1}^{P_{j-1}} \right]$$

$$P_{j} = \Lambda_{j} \left[ \left( \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{j+l_{2},k} - \left( \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{j-l_{2},k} \right]$$

$$\Lambda_{j} = 1 - M_{\infty}^{2} - (\gamma + 1) M_{\infty}^{2} \frac{U_{R}}{U_{\infty}} Q_{j} \left( 1 + \frac{U_{R}}{2U_{\infty}} Q_{j} \right)$$

$$Q_{j} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left( \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{j+l_{2},k} + \left( \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{j-l_{2},k} \right]$$

$$\mu_{j} = \begin{cases} 0 \text{ if } \Lambda_{j} \ge 0 \\ 1 \text{ if } \Lambda_{j} < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f_{j} = \left( \frac{d_{j}}{dx} \right)_{j}$$

$$g_{k} = \left( \frac{d|k|}{dy} \right)_{k}$$

In defining the transformation derivatives f and g, the quantities j and k each serve the dual role of computational variable and grid index because the transformation is scaled so that the mesh size is one unit of the computational variable. The first derivatives of  $\phi$  appearing in the preceding expressions are all formed by single mesh differencing; for example:

$$\left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y}\right)_{j,k+l_2} = g_{k+l_2}\left(\phi_{j,k+l} - \phi_{j,k}\right)$$

Note that at shock points,  $\mu_j = 0$  and  $\mu_{j-1} = 1$  so the longitudinal term of the governing equation contains the sum of central difference and upwind difference contributions. If the nonconservative form is selected (ICNSV = 0) the upwind difference contribution is omitted at shock points.

In the following discussion, points in the lower half plane will be identified by a negative sign on the k index. Accordingly,  $g_{-k} = -g_k$ . The governing equation is arranged in the tridiagonal form

$$A_{k} \phi_{j,k-1} + B_{k} \phi_{j,k} + C_{k} \phi_{j,k+1} = D_{k}$$
 (3)

along j = constant lines and is solved by the method of successive line overrelaxation subject to boundary conditions imposed in Dirichlet form at the outer boundary and in various forms at the airfoil. The development of these boundary conditions for the three flow computations is described in subsequent sections. The implicit algorithm used to solve equation (3) along each line is based on the recursive relationship

$$\phi_{j,k} = D'_k + B'_k \phi_{j,k-1} \tag{4}$$

where the coefficients B' and D' are defined by

$$D'_{k} = \frac{D_{k} - C_{k} D'_{k+1}}{B_{k} + C_{k} B'_{k+1}}$$
$$B'_{k} = \frac{-A_{k}}{B_{k} + C_{k} B'_{k+1}}$$

and are calculated recursively starting with the outer boundary condition and proceeding inward to  $k = \pm 2$ .

Because of the symmetric grid indexing used, the k = 1 grid line is treated numerically as a boundary along its entire length. At points ahead of the airfoil and in the wake, the boundary condition is derived from the governing equation. In the wake, the potential jump relation

 $\phi_{j,-1} = \phi_{j,1} - \Gamma \tag{5}$ 

is used along with equation (4) applied at  $k = \pm 2$  to write equation (3) at k = 1 and obtain the solution.

$$\phi_{j,1} = \frac{D_1 - C_1 \left[ D'_2 + D'_{-2} + \Gamma \left( 1 - B'_{-2} \right) \right]}{B_1 + C_1 \left( B'_2 + B'_{-2} \right)}$$
(6)

Equations (5) and (4) are then used to complete the line solution. The same procedure, but with  $\Gamma = 0$ , is used ahead of the airfoil.

#### Boundary Conditions for Tunnel Flow Computation

All input pressure coefficients are interpolated onto the appropriate longitudinal mesh center points, converted to the form of velocity magnitude squared using the exact pressure coefficient definition, and stored in this form. The boundary conditions for the tunnel flow computation are derived primarily from these data.

On the longitudinal outer boundaries at  $k = \pm KW$ , values of  $\phi_{\mathbf{X}}$  are found from

$$v^2 = (1 + \phi_x)^2 + \phi_y^2$$

and integrated to determine the boundary values of  $\phi$ . Values of  $\phi_Y$  are assumed initially to be zero and then are updated iteratively. The  $\phi_X$  gradients approaching the ends of the upper and lower boundaries are used with the governing equation (2) to find  $\phi_{yy}$  at each boundary corner. At the two upstream corners,  $\phi_Y$  is specified by input quantities. The variation of  $\phi$ on the upstream boundary is described as a fourth degree polynomial in y whose coefficients are determined from the values of  $\phi_Y$  and  $\phi_{yy}$  noted above and the assumption that  $\phi = 0$  at the lower upstream corner. On the downstream boundary,  $\phi$  is defined as a cubic in y with the term  $\Gamma/2$  sgny added to provide the needed potential jump across the wake. The four coefficients are determined to satisfy the known values of  $\phi$  and  $\phi_{yy}$  at the corners.

The airfoil boundary conditions are imposed in Dirichlet form on a slit at y = 0 rather than on the airfoil surface. It is not appropriate to require that the airfoil surface velocities be reproduced on the slit. Instead, we require that the longitudinal distribution of velocity potential on the airfoil surface be reproduced on the slit. Thus,

$$\int v \frac{ds}{dx} dx = \int \left( 1 + \phi_x \right) dx \tag{8}$$

where V is the airfoil surface velocity determined from the pressure coefficients and ds is the element of surface arc length. The present program calculates  $\phi_{\mathbf{X}}$  by equating the integrands of equation (8) using the approximation

$$\frac{\mathrm{ds}}{\mathrm{dx}} = \sqrt{1 + \phi_y^2}$$

in which  $\phi_y$  is calculated at the slit and is updated iteratively. This procedure may be recognized as an adaptation of the Riegels rule.

The approximations inherent in the above procedure are unacceptable at a blunt leading edge, therefore equation (8) is used to determine  $\phi_x$  for only

7

(7)

those mesh intervals downstream of the leading edge. In the mesh interval bracketing the leading edge, upper and lower surface values of  $\phi_x$  are determined such that two broad constraints are satisfied. The first requires that the total circulation determined by integrating  $\Delta \phi_{\mathbf{x}}$  over the entire airfoil chord must correspond to the prescribed lift coefficient. The circulation error is corrected directly by adjusting the  $\Delta \phi_{\mathbf{x}}$  in the leading edge interval. The second constraint is the airfoil thickness closure condition which requires that the net source strength determined by integrating  $\Delta \phi_{f v}$ over the entire airfoil chord must correspond to the prescribed drag coefficient. This constraint is implemented by allowing the error in net source strength to control the average value of  $\phi_{\mathbf{x}}$  in the leading edge interval. The direct effect of negative  $\phi_x$  at the leading edge is to depress the value of  $\phi$  at the first grid point behind the leading edge, thereby creating source strength at this point. As a secondary effect, however, added source strength is created over the entire chord with a distribution such that the  $\phi_x$  boundary conditions are still satisfied in each mesh interval. The existence of such a source distribution which has no effect on  $\phi_{\mathbf{X}}$  anywhere on the chord line causes the thickness design problem to be ill posed without a specific constraint on thickness closure. The role of the thickness closure constraint in the airfoil thickness design problem is analogous to the role of the Kutta condition in the airfoil lift analysis problem.

#### Boundary Conditions for Model Perturbation Computation

The purpose of the model perturbation computation is to define that part of the tunnel flow perturbation which is attributable directly to the airfoil. Accordingly, the airfoil boundary condition in this computation should assure that the vorticity and source distributions on the slit representing the airfoil duplicate those existing in the tunnel flow solution. Thus, the quantities

$$\Delta \phi_{j} = \phi_{j,1} - \phi_{j,-1}$$
(9a)

$$\Delta \phi_{yj} = \phi_{yj,1} - \phi_{yj,-1}$$
(9b)

as extracted from the tunnel flow solution are to be reproduced in the free air computation.

The values of  $\phi_y$  used in (9b) are those at grid points on the slit. They may be expressed in terms of the  $\phi$  values at surrounding grid points by using a  $\phi_{yy}$  at the slit expressed by the governing equation (2). The results can be written in the following form:

$$B_{1} \phi_{j,1} + C \phi_{j,2} = D_{1} - a \phi_{yj,1}$$
(10a)  
$$B_{-1} \phi_{j,-1} + C \phi_{y,-2} = D_{-1} + a \phi_{yj,-1}$$
(10b)

From equations (10), (9) and (4) we find

$$\phi_{j,1} = \frac{D_1 + D_{-1} - C(D'_2 + D'_{-2}) + (B_{-1} + CB'_{-2})\Delta\phi_j - a\Delta\phi_{yj}}{B_1 + B_{-1} + C(B'_2 + B'_{-2})}$$
(11)

which is used along with equation (9a) to impose the airfoil boundary conditions in the model perturbation computation.

The values of the perturbation potential imposed on the outer boundary of this computation are calculated from a far field analytic expression which includes the two-dimensional lift and thickness integral terms given in reference 3 and an additional term representing the far field influence of the net source strength at the airfoil.

During this computation, the far field Mach number is updated by transferring the wall-induced longitudinal velocity perturbation evaluated at the specified match point into the far field velocity using the following procedure:

$$\frac{U_{\infty}}{U_{R}} = 1 + \left(\phi_{x}\right)_{T} - \left(\phi_{x}\right)_{M}$$
(12)

where  $(\phi_x)_T$  is the value of  $\phi_x$  at the match point in the converged tunnel flow solution and  $(\phi_x)_M$  is that in the current iteration step of the model perturbation solution. The updated Mach number is then found from

$$M_{\infty}^{2} = \frac{\left(\frac{U_{\infty}}{U_{R}}\right)^{2} M_{R}^{2}}{1 + \frac{\gamma - 1}{2} M_{R}^{2} \left[1 - \left(\frac{U_{\infty}}{U_{R}}\right)^{2}\right]}$$

The linearized compressibility factor used in calculating the outer boundary conditions is updated along with M<sub>m</sub>.

#### Boundary Conditions for Equivalent Free Air Computation

The equivalent free air computation is to define the free air flow at the corrected far field Mach number around the equivalent airfoil shape described by the tunnel flow solution at an angle of attack corresponding to the lift measured in the experiment. The lift coefficient based on the free stream conditions at  $M_m$  is

9

(13)

$$c_{l_{\infty}} = c_{l_{R}} \frac{q_{R}}{q_{\infty}}$$

where  $C_{lp}$  is based on tunnel reference conditions and

$$\frac{q_{\infty}}{q_{R}} = \left(\frac{M_{\infty}}{M_{R}}\right)^{2} \left(\frac{1 + \frac{\gamma - 1}{2} M_{R}^{2}}{1 + \frac{\gamma - 1}{2} M_{\infty}^{2}}\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1}}$$

The far field boundary conditions and the potential jump in the wake are determined using

$$\Gamma_{\infty} = \Gamma_{R} \frac{U_{\infty}}{U_{R}} \frac{q_{R}}{q_{\infty}}$$

where the velocity ratio accounts for the fact that  $\Gamma$  (like  $\phi$ ) is expressed in units of  $U_p$  c.

The airfoil boundary condition is a Neumann condition using values of  $\phi_y$  extracted directly from the tunnel flow solution by use of equation (10). The boundary condition is then formed by combining equation (10) and (4) and allowing for an angle of attack correction  $\Delta^{\alpha}$ .

$$\phi_{j,\underline{+1}} = \frac{D_{\pm 1} - C D'_{\pm 2} + a(\phi_{yj,\pm 1} - \Delta \alpha)}{B_{\pm 1} + C B'_{\pm 2}}$$

where the upper and lower signs refer to the airfoil upper and lower surfaces, respectively.

#### DESCRIPTION OF INPUT

Program TWINTAN is written in FORTRAN 4 and has been implemented on the CDC CYBER 175 computer with a central memory requirement of approximately 60,000 (octal) of 60 bit words. The program input is provided in two namelist blocks. The first, labeled NPUT, contains 12 parameters to define the computational grid, 6 parameters for problem constraint and 8 parameters for numerical process control. The second block, RDPX, provides arrays of wall and model pressure coefficients and their longitudinal locations. All input data are nondimensional with the airfoil chord assumed to be the unit of length.

#### Computational Grid Inputs

The perturbation potential is stored by the program in an array addressed as PHI(J, K, L). The index L takes on values of 1 or 2 for the upper or lower half plane respectively. J and K are the longitudinal and lateral indices respectively in each half plane. The physical configuration of the upper half grid is sketched in figure 1. The K = 1 grid line is the axis of grid symmetry between the two half planes and represents the tunnel center line, y = 0. The lower half grid is a mirror image of the upper. The longitudinal grid spacing is uniform from J1 to J4. The longitudinal spacing upstream from J1 and downstream from J4 and the lateral spacing of the entire grid are stretched by transformations of the form.

$$z = n\delta \frac{\zeta}{n - \zeta}$$
(14)

where z represents a physical coordinate and  $\zeta$  is the computational coordinate in the corresponding direction. In the present program, the transformation is truncated to prevent z reaching infinity. Equation (14) is used to relate the coordinate x or y directly to the grid index J or K by assuming a computational mesh interval  $\Delta \zeta$  of unity. The stretching parameter n then represents the number of mesh intervals which would cover the range  $0 \leq z \leq \infty$ , and the scaling parameter  $\delta$  is the limit as z approaches zero of the physical mesh interval  $\Delta z$ . The specific relations for the upstream and downstream, and lateral transformations are formed by substituting the parameters tabulated below into equation (14).

Index Range	$1 \leq J \leq J1$	J4 <u>&lt;</u> J <u>&lt;</u> J5	$1 \leq K \leq KB$
ζ	Jl - J	J - J4	к <b>-</b> 1
z	x(Jl) - x	x - x(J4)	У
n	М	М	N
δ	DXMN	DXMN	DYMN

The program sets the uniform mesh interval  $\Delta x$  in the range from Jl to J4 equal to DXMN, locates J3 at the airfoil trailing edge (x = 1.), and determines J2 such that the airfoil leading edge (x = 0.) lies in the mesh space between J2 and J2 + 1. The boundaries of the uniform longitudinal mesh region are

x(J1) = 1. - DXMN \* (J3 - J1)x(J4) = 1. + DXMN \* (J4 - J3) The foregoing information is sufficient to determine the physical coordinates x,y of each grid intersection J,K in terms of the following program input parameters. The longitudinal grid used in the free-air computation is defined by the integers J1, J3, J4, J5 and M and the real constant DXMN which must satisfy the following constraints.

> $J_{5} \leq 100$   $J_{1} \leq M$   $J_{5} - J_{4} < M$   $(J_{3} - J_{1}) * DXMN \geq 1$ .  $J_{4} > J_{3}$

The grid lines serving as the upstream and downstream boundaries of the tunnel flow computation are denoted by the integers JU and JD respectively which must satisfy:

 $JD \ge 1$  $JD \le J5$ 

In addition, all wall boundary points, located at mesh centers from x(JU + 1/2) to x(JD - 1/2) must lie within the longitudinal range of the input wall pressures.

The lateral grid is defined by the integers KB, N and KW and the real constant DYMN which must satisfy:

 $\frac{\text{KB}}{\text{KB}} \leq 50$  $\frac{\text{KB}}{\text{KW}} \leq \text{KB}$ 

KW identifies the lateral boundary of the tunnel flow computation and must be selected along with N and DYMN such that  $\pm y(KW)$  is the lateral distance from the tunnel center line to the upper or lower line of input wall pressures.

The following points should be considered also in selecting grid input parameters. The outer boundaries of the free-air computation, x(1), x(J5) and y(KB) should lie several chord lengths from the model for best accuracy of the free-air boundary conditions. If, however, Jl and (J5-J4) closely approach M, and KB closely approaches N, the solution convergence rate is adversely affected.

## Problem Constraint Inputs

Five real and one integer input parameters provide constraints needed in the tunnel flow computation. AMREF is the reference Mach number corresponding to the tunnel reference conditions used in reducing the input data to coefficient form. The lift coefficient CL defines the total airfoil circulation. The accuracy of the calculated wall-induced upwash depends on the accuracy of the CL input. CD is the airfoil drag coefficient which provdes the airfoil thickness closure constraint. The integer JP defines the location (x = x(JP - 1/2), y = 0) at which the local Mach number in the model perturbation computation is matched to that in the tunnel flow. For low Mach number cases, the results are essentially independent of the choice of JP. For supercritical flows, the match point should be located just upstream of the sonic point in the shock, thereby matching shock strength in the two flows. Numerical divergence might be encountered if the match point is just downstream of a strong shock.

The real parameters SLA and SLB are the onset flow streamline slopes at the upper and lower corners respectively of the upstream boundary of the tunnel flow computation x(JU). The present formulation presumes that this upstream boundary is located in the solid nozzle region of the tunnel where the flow direction is constrained by the known wall slopes SLA and SLB. If this condition cannot be met or if other conditions, such as poor resolution of the wall pressures, prevent accurate modeling of this upstream region, SLA and SLB may be input as zero and the tunnel flow direction monitored by comparing the orientation of the airfoil shape calculated in the tunnel flow solution with the known incidence of the test airfoil. It has been observed that for supercritical cases, the calculated airfoil orientation is affected by the choice between conservative and nonconservative differencing at shock points. Because it is not yet clear which choice leads to the most accurate angle of attack correction, the choice is made optional as described in the following section.

#### Computational Control Inputs

The parameters discussed in this section affect the differencing form, convergence rate, stabilization, termination and amount of diagnostic output for the iterative process in each of the three solutions. Default values of each of these parameters are established in the program but may be overridden simply by including new values in the NPUT namelist.

The integer parameter ICNSV, if left as its default value of 1 provides for fully conservative differencing of the governing equation. Nonconservative differencing at shock points may be selected by setting ICNSV = 0.

The real parameter RFM affects only the model perturbation solution and is the underrelaxation factor used in transferring the Mach number correction evaluated at the match point to the far field. The default value of 0.2 is satisfactory for most cases but a smaller value might be needed to avoid oscillatory instability if the match point is located in or just upstream of a

very strong shock. The real parameter RFA, used only in the equivalent free air solution, similarly controls the angle of attack adjustment in response to a mismatch between the circulation integral around the airfoil and the circulation value prescribed for the far field and wake.

The five remaining parameters are dimensioned quantities denoting values stored in three-element arrays. The array subscripts from 1 to 3 correspond to the three successive flow solutions. The real array ORF contains the overrelaxation factor used at subsonic points in the successive line overrelaxation procedure. The real array DXT contains a damping factor to retard updating of longitudinal velocity perturbations. The real array EPS contains the convergence criterion in terms of the absolute value of the perturbation potential change in one iteration at the grid location where this change is greatest. Iteration is termined either when this criterion is met or when the number of iteration steps exceeds the value obtained from the integer array IMX. Information describing the convergence history is available for output at each step of iteration. The values stored in the integer array ITRC determine how much of this information is actually printed. An ITRC value of 1 causes printing at each iteration step; a value of 2 causes printing every tenth step and at termination; and the dafault value of zero causes only the final values to be printed so that it may be determined whether the iteration converged or ran the maximum number of steps. If either of the first two solutions is terminated by reaching the maximum number of iterations and the final value of the convergence parameter is greater than 10 times the criterion given in EPS, then all further processing of that case is aborted.

## Pressure Distribution Inputs

In the tunnel flow computation, the outer boundary conditions are established from the input pressure coefficient distributions along or near the upper and lower tunnel walls. Similarly, the inner boundary conditions are established from input pressure coefficient distributions on the airfoil upper and lower surface. These data are input through parameters in the namelist block RDPX. The wall pressure data are described in a two-element integer array and two real two-dimensional arrays. The integers NW(1) and NW(2) are the numbers of pressure input locations along the upper and lower walls respectively. The first real array XW inputs the x coordinates of the wall pressure locations in order from upstream to downstream. The first index numbers these locations from 1 to the appropriate NW element and the second index is 1 or 2 for the upper or lower wall respectively. The second real array CPW inputs the pressure coefficients with the same order and indexing as their corresponding locations. The airfoil upper and lower surface pressure coefficients and their chordwise locations are input in a fully analogous manner using the integers NM(1), and NM(2) and the arrays XM and CPM. All four real arrays are dimensioned to accommodate values of NW or NM up to 30.

All input pressure distributions are interpolated onto boundary points located at the centers of the longitudinal mesh intervals. These boundary points range from J2 + 3/2 to J3 - 1/2 on the airfoil (K = 1) and from JU + 1/2 to JD - 1/2 on the outer boundary (K = KW). The interpolation routine

fits a spline to each distribution with a zero second derivative condition at the spline ends. Because the routine as presently implemented does not provide for extrapolation, each input pressure distribution must cover the full range of boundary points. Manual extrapolation of the experimental pressures at the airfoil trailing edge might be necessary in some cases to provide the required range of data. Near the leading edge, on the other hand, the number of experimental measurements might far exceed the requirements of this program and, therefore, one might omit some of the experimental data. Care should be taken not to introduce spurious oscillations in the spline fit between data points. One might even input a false pressure coefficient at the leading edge to help the spline provide a smooth fairing in the range of interest.

#### DESCRIPTION OF OUTPUT

Output is generated during each major phase of computation so that the user may scrutinize the processes leading to the final wall-induced perturbation results. The process output will be described in four sequential phases, input processing, tunnel flow solution, model perturbation solution, and equivalent free air solution. All output velocities are expressed in units of the reference stream velocity corresponding to the input tunnel Mach number AMREF. All output velocity potentials are expressed in units of the product of this reference velocity and the airfoil chord.

#### Input Processing

The contents of the namelist block NPUT are listed first. The longitudinal grid structure is then described by listing the x location and the derivative dJ/dx. These quantities evaluated at the grid lines J are identified as X(J) and Fl(J). The corresponding quantities evaluated at J + 1/2 are given by XMID(J) and F2(J). The lateral grid structure is described by the grid line location Y(K), and the derivative dK/dy evaluated at the grid lines Gl(K) and at the K + 1/2 points G2(K). The user should check to see that Y(KW) is the lateral location of the input wall pressures. The results of interpolating the airfoil pressure coefficients onto the mesh midpoints XMID(J) are then listed in separate groups for the upper and lower surfaces. This listing can be used in conjunction with the input data to judge the quality of the spline fit.

#### Tunnel Flow Solution

The convergence history of the tunnel flow solution is shown by listing the iteration number I, the largest change in the perturbation potential from the previous iteration DPHIMX, and the grid intersection JMX, KMX where this change is located. Negative values of KMX indicate points in the lower half plane. The flag ISUP is 1 if this grid point is a supersonic point and 0 if it is subsonic. The number of supersonic points NS and the current value of airfoil trailing edge thickness TTE are also listed. Both the inner and the outer boundary conditions depend on the solution and therefore are updated iteratively. To avoid using poorly developed data for the update, it is performed only when the convergence parameter DPHIMX is less than some threshold value. The threshold levels specified for the inner and outer boundary condition updates are  $10^{-3}$  and EPS(1)\*10. respectively. The threshold levels are separated so that numerical problems associated with each update process might be identified more readily. Because the initial approximation to the inner boundary conditions is poor, it is normal for the convergence history to show that DPHIMX bounces up from the  $10^{-3}$  level several times before sinking through it. This listing will end either with DPHIMX  $\leq$  EPS(1) or with I = IMX(1) depending on whether or not convergence was achieved.

The data in the following listings are identified by a heading as pertinent to the tunnel flow. The critical pressure coefficient is given as CPSTAR. Data evaluated at the airfoil surface are listed next. Two lines are printed for each grid index J. Data on the first line pertain to the uppper surface or both surfaces and those on the second line to the lower surface or the increment between surfaces. The first four columns give data evaluated at the center of the mesh interval upstream from J. The calculated shape of the airfoil surface streamlines is given by the coordinates X(J-.5) and YMOD. The pressure coefficient CP(REF) can be compared with the previous listing of interpolated pressure coefficients to see how well the inner boundary conditions were satisfied. The longitudinal perturbation velocity component U is obtained directly from the potential gradient along the K = 1 grid line. The data in the last four columns are evaluated at the grid points located at X(J). V is the lateral component of perturbation velocity and DELTA PHI and DELTA V are the increments between the upper and lower surface values of the perturbation potential and the lateral velocity respectively. These increments are stored for use as the model boundary conditions in the model perturbation computation.

The perturbation velocity components along the outer boundaries of the tunnel flow computational region are given next. The next listing pertains to the upstream and downstream boundaries. The different coordinate locations given for the two components reflect the fact that U is evaluated over longitudinal mesh intervals and V over lateral mesh intervals. In the case of the upper and lower boundaries listed next, the V component is extrapolated to grid points on the K = KW boundary. Thus, the listed values of U and V are given at the indicated longitudinal location along the upper and lower boundaries at K = KW.

The final listing from the tunnel flow solution gives the perturbation potential at grid points in the immediate vicinity of the airfoil. The grid points are those on the K = 1, 2, and 3 grid lines in the upper and lower half planes for J from Jl to J4.

#### Model Perturbation Solution

Data output listed for the model perturbation solution is structured similarly to that described for the tunnel flow solution. This discussion, therefore, will highlight the differences between the two. In the model perturbation solution, the far field Mach number is updated after each iteration cycle for which the convergence parameter DPHIMX is less than EPS(2)\*10. As was previously indicated, the numerical stability of this update can be affected by the input parameters JP and RFM. The update stability characteristics can be judged from the convergence history by comparing the sign and magnitude of the UFAC changes immediately following two successive penetrations of the EPS(2)\*10. threshold.

After convergence, the final far field Mach number is given as AMINF, the corresponding velocity as UINF/UREF and the dynamic pressure ratio as QFAC. This far field condition represents the corrected reference condition for the tunnel data. Accordingly, the model surface pressures listed as CP(INF) as well as the critical pressure CPSTAR are in the form of pressure coefficients based on the corrected reference. The change from CP(REF) in the tunnel flow to CP(INF) at the match point JP - 1/2 is due simply to this reference change but, at other locations, it is also influenced by nonuniformity of the wallinduced blockage velocity. Similarly, the airfoil shape given by YMOD, when compared with that in the tunnel flow, might show not only a different angle of attack due to wall-induced downwash, but also differences in mean camber shape due to nonuniformity of wall-induced downwash. It should be noted that the perturbation velocities and the perturbation potential in the free-air solution output are perturbations from a uniform flow at the far field velocity The velocity unit, however, is still the tunnel reference velocity UREF. UINF.

The wall-induced velocities are calculated as the difference between the perturbation velocities calculated at the same locations in the two flow solutions. This is performed in the present program only along the tunnel center line (K = 1) from JU to JD. The lateral velocities in the free air solution VF and due to the walls VW are listed at the grid point locations XV. The longitudinal velocity perturbations in the free air solution UF and due to the walls UW are given at the mesh center location XU. Over the model chord, values corresponding to both upper and lower surfaces are given. Although the wall-induced velocities should be identical on the two surfaces, some differences can appear in VW which reflect the accuracy with which the velocity jump boundary conditions are satisfied.

## Equivalent Free Air Solution

The convergence history listing for the equivalent free air solution includes the current value of DA, the angle of attack correction in radians. This solution should converge in a relatively small number of iterations. If convergence difficulties are encountered, the iteration process can generally be stabilized by some combination of reduced RFA, reduced ORF(3), and increased DXT(3).

After convergence, the final value of the angle of attack correction is listed and results at the airfoil surface are given in the same form as those from the previous solutions. The airfoil shape described by YMOD should be the airfoil shape from the tunnel flow solution rotated through the angle of attack correction. The numerical procedure used, however, applies the angle of attack correction as a surface slope increment and the rotation is approximated by a shearing transformation. The listing of CP(INF) from the equivalent free air solution gives a pressure distribution in the form of coefficients based on the corrected free stream conditions and is, of course, free of the influence of any nonuniformity in the wall-induced velocity perturbation.

The final output gives the corrected lift coefficient and lists the result of transforming the experimental airfoil pressures to coefficients based on the corrected free stream conditions. The effect of any nonuniformity in the wall-induced velocity perturbations can be seen by comparing this distribution with the one resulting from the equivalent free air solution.

#### APPENDIX

#### SAMPLE CASE

The sample case consists of the application of program TWINTAN to a test case which was provided by M. Mokry and L. H. Ohman of the National Aeronautical Establishment, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada and has been used by them to compare several methods for interference corrections. The experimental data were obtained in a test of the BGK-1 airfoil in the NAE blowdown wind tunnel with 20 percent porosity top and bottom walls. The ratio of tunnel height to airfoil chord was 6. The airfoil was set at  $2.56^{\circ}$  incidence and tested at a reference Mach number of 0.784 and a Reynolds number of 21.03 x  $10^{6}$ .

The input card images are listed and followed by the program output listing. The results of the model perturbation solution give a corrected Mach number of about 0.767 and show distributions of the wall-induced velocities VW and UW which are nearly uniform over the model chord. The results of the equivalent free air solution indicate an angle of attack correction of about -0.0112 radians which corresponds to  $-0.64^{\circ}$ . If, however, the airfoil shape calculated in the tunnel flow solution is plotted and compared with the actual BGK-1 airfoil shape at 2.56° incidence, it is found that the correspondence between shapes is improved by adding downwash to the tunnel flow solution equivalent to a rotation of 0.25°. The corresponding angle of attack correction would then be  $-0.89^{\circ}$ .

#### INPUT FOR SAMPLE CASE

\$NPUT J1=29, J3=51, J4=53, J5=75, M=34, DXMN=.0488, JU=1, JD=75, KB=23, N=30, DYMN=.048333, KW=21,

AMREF= •784, CL= •764, CD= •03, SLA=0 •, SLB=0 •, JP=44,

ICNSV=C, OPF(1)=2\*1.85, ITPC(1)=2,2,1\$

\$RDPX NW(1)=15,14,XW(1,1)=-7.85,-5.75,-3.35,-2.15,-1.25,-.65,.1,.7,1.15, 1.6,2.35,2.95,3.55,4.15,4.75,XW(1,2)=-7.85,-5.75,-3.35,-2.15,-1.25,-.65, .1,.7,1.3,1.75,2.35,2.95,4.15,4.75,NM(1)=24,14,XM(1,1)=.025,.0402,.0602, .08015,.1002,.14,.2,.26,.3402,.4004,.4402,.5004,.56045,.58035,.6002,.6201, .6501,.7C01,.7503,.8003,.8502,.9004,.95,1.,XM(1,2)=.0198,.05,.1003,.1504,.2001, .2501,.3496,.4501,.5504,.65035,.7503,.8497,.95,1., CPW(1,1)=-.0063,-.0013,.0135,.0191,.0064,-.0049,-.0212,-.0277,-.0242,-.0245, -.0274,-.0232,-.0196,-.0172,-.0172,CPW(1,2)=-.0064,.01,.029,.0422,.0553,

0721, 0842, 0944, 0949, 0905, 0797, 0688, 0396, 0257, CPM(1,1) = .4455, -.5856, -.7686, -.9334, -.9919, -1.0309, -1.0327, -1.0446, -1.0476, -1.0623, -1.0828, -1.112, -1.1347, -1.1416, -1.1343, -.8942, -.5369, -.3707, -.2454, -.1454, -.044, 0496, .1344, .224, CPM(1,2) = .4226, .1443, -.0498, -.1415, -.1906, -.2088, -.2049, -.1172, -.0072, .1695, .3345, .4078, .3795, .2245

	\$NPUT	• •
	J1	= 29,
	13	- 51,
	J4	= 53,
	J5 ·	<del>-</del> 75,
	м	= 34,
	DXMN	= .488E-01,
	JU	- 1,
	JD	- 75,
	КВ	= 23,
	N	= 30,
	DYMN	= .48333E-01,
	ĸw	- 21,
	AMREF	≖ •784E+00,
•	CL	= •764E+OG,
	CD	= .3E-01,
	SLA	= C.O,
	SLB	= 0.0,
	J P	= 44,
	ICNSV	= 0,
	RFM	= .2E+00,
	RFA	= •5E+CO,
	ORF	<pre>* .185E+01, .185E+01, .18E+01,</pre>
	DXT	= •5E+00, •5E+00, •5E+00,
	ITRC	= 2, 2, 1,
	EPS	× •5E−05, •5E−05, •5E−05,
	IMX	= 350, 500, 200,
	\$END	· · ·

J	X(J)	F1(J)	F2(J)	XMID(J)
1	78165E+01	•63815E+00	•74894E+00	71489E+01
2	-+64734E+01	•86860E+00	•99711E+00	59719E+01
3	54660E+01	•11345E+01	•12807E+01	-•50756E+01
4	46825E+01	•14358E+01	15998E+01	43700E+01
5	40557E+01	•17726E+01	•19543E+01	-•37998E+01
6	35428E+01	•21449E+01	•23443E+01	33296E+01
7	31155E+01	•25526E+01	•27698E+01	29349E+01
8	27538E+01	•29958E+01	.32306E+01	25991E+01
9	24439E+01	•34744E+01	•37270E+01	23097E+01
10	21753E+01	•39885E+01	•42588E+01	20578E+01
11	19402E+01	•45380E+01	,48260E+01	18366E+01
12	17328E+01	•51230E+01	•54287E+01	16407E+01
13	15484E+01	•57434E+01	•60669E+01	14660E+01
14	13835E+01	•63993E+01	•67405E+01	13093E+01
15	1235CE+01	•70906E+01	•74496E+01	11679E+01
16	11007E+01	•78174E+01	81941E+01	10397E+01
17	97862E+00	•85796E+01	•89740E+01	92290E+00
18	86713E+00	•93773E+01	•97894E+01	81606E+00
19	-,76493E+00	•10210E+02	10640E+02	71794E+00
20	67091E+00	•11079E+02	,11527E+02	62753E+00
21	58412E+00	•11983E+02	•12448E+02	-•54396E+00
22	50376E+00	•12923E+02	13406E+02	-•46647E+00
23	42914E+00	•13898E+02	14398E+02	-•39442E+00
24	35967E+00	14908E+02	15426E+02	32726E+00
25	29483E+00	15954E+02	16490E+02	-•26451E+00
26	23417E+00	17035E+02	•17589E+02	20574E+00
27	1773CE+00	18152E+02	18724E+02	15060E+00
28	12388E+00	•19304E+02	19894E+02	98745E-01
29	73600E-01	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	-•49200E-01
30	24800E-01	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	40000E-03
31	•24000E-01	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•48400E-01
32	•72800E-01	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•97200E-01
33	•12160E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•14600E+00
34	•17040E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•19480E+00
35	•21920E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•24360E+00
36	•26800E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•29240E+00
37	•31680E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	• 34120E+00
38	•36560E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•39000E+00
39	•41440E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•43880E+00
40	•46320E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•48760E+00
41	•512C0E+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•53640E+00
42	.560802+00	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•58520E+00
43	•00900E+00	• 204 92 E + 02	•204926+02	+63400E+00
44 75	• C 2 8 4 U E + U U	• 20492E+02	+2U492E+U2	• 00280E+00
42	• /U/2UE+UU	•20492E+02	• 20492E <b>+02</b>	•/3160E+00
40	• / 5 5 U U E + U U	• 20492E+02	•20492E+02	• 78040E+00
41 70	• <u>504505+00</u>	● Z \$P\$ 5 Z F 1 U Z 20 Z 0 2 F 1 0 2	• 20492ETU2	• CZYZUE+00
40 70	• C D J D U E + U U	• CU44 2ETU2	•204726402 204025+02	• 8 / 8 UUE + 00
77	• 7024LETUU 05120E+00	● C U H 7 C E T U C 20 / 0 2 C + 0 2	● <u>CU</u> 996E4UC 20602E+02	• 72000E+00
9Ú	• 4015NE+NN	· LUNYLETUC	+CN#4CE+UC	• 41200F +00
22				• •

51	.100C0E+01	•20492E+02	•20492E+02	•10244E+01
52	.10488E+01	.20492E+02	.20492E+02	.10732E+01
53	•10976E+01	•20452E+02	•19894E+02	•11227E+01
54	•11479E+01	•19304E+02	18724E+02	11746E+01
55	12013E+01	•18152E+02	17589E+02	•12297E+01
56	.12582E+01	•17035E+02	•16490E+02	.12885E+01
57	•13188E+01	•15954E+02	•15426E+02	13512E+01
58	•13837E+01	•14908E+02	•14398E+02	•14184E+01
59	•14531E+01	•13898E+02	.13406E+02	•14904E+01
60	•15278E+01	12923E+02	•12448E+02	.15679E+01
61	•16081E+C1	•11983E+02	11527E+02	•16515E+01
62	•16949E+01	•11079E+02	10640E+02	•17419E+01
63	•17889E+01	•10210E+02	•97894E+01	•18400E+01
64	•18911E+01	•93773E+01	•89740E+01	.19468E+01
65	•20026E+01	.85796E+01	•81941E+01	•20636E+01
66	•21247E+01	•78174E+01	•74496E+01	•21918E+01
67	•22590E+01	•70906E+01	•67405E+01	•23332E+01
68	•24075E+01	•63993E+01	•60669E+01	•24899E+01
69	•25724E+01	•57434E+01	•54287E+01	•26645E+01
70	•27568E+01	•51230E+C1	•48260E+01	.28604E+01
71	•29642E+01	•45380E+01	•42588E+01	.30816E+01
72	•31993E+01	•39885E+01	•37270E+01	.33334E+01
73	•.34679E+01	•34744E+01	•32306E+01	•36227E+01
74	•37778E+01	.29958E+01	•27698E+01	•39584E+01
75	•41395E+01	•25526E+01	•23443E+01	•43527E+01
				· ·
к	Y(K)	G1(K)	G2(K)	
1	0.	•2C690E+02	•20006E+02	
2	•50000E-01	•19333E+02	18673E+02	•
3	.10357E+00	18023E+02	.17385E+02	
4	•16111E+0C	•16759E+02	16144E+02	
5	•22308E+00	15540E+02	•14948E+02	
-6	•29000E+00	•14368E+02	•13799E+02	
7	-36250E+00			
R		•13241E+02	12695E+02	
0	•44130E+00	•13241E+02 •12161E+02	<pre>.12695E+02</pre>	
9	•44136E+00 •52727E+00	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02</pre>	
9 10	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02</pre>	•12695E+02 •11638E+02 •10627E+02 •96610E+01	
9 10 11	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01</pre>	
9 10 11 12	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+00	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .82989E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01</pre>	
9 10 11 12 13	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+00 •96666E+00	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .62989E+01 .74483E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01</pre>	
9 10 11 12 13 14	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+00 •96666E+00 •11088E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .82989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01</pre>	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	•4413GE+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+0C •72500E+00 •83947E+CC •96666E+00 •11C88E+01 •12687E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .62989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01</pre>	.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	•44136E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+60 •96666E+00 •11088E+01 •12687E+01 •14500E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .62989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01 .51724E+01</pre>	.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01 .48334E+01	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+00 •11088E+01 •12687E+01 •14500E+01 •16571E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .62989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01 .51724E+01 .45058E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01 .48334E+01 .41897E+01</pre>	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+00 •96666E+00 •11088E+01 •12687E+01 •14500E+01 •16571E+01 •18961E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .82989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01 .51724E+01 .45058E+01 .38851E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01 .48334E+01 .41897E+01 .35920E+01</pre>	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	•4413GE+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+CC •96666E+00 •11088E+01 •12687E+01 •1450CE+01 •16571E+01 •16571E+01 •21750E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .62989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01 .51724E+01 .38651E+01 .33104E+01 .27046E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01 .48334E+01 .41897E+01 .35920E+01 .30403E+01</pre>	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	•4413GE+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+0C •72500E+00 •83947E+CC •96666E+00 •11C88E+01 •12687E+01 •1450CE+01 •16571E+01 •16571E+01 •21750E+01 •25045E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .82989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01 .51724E+01 .38851E+01 .38851E+01 .33104E+01 .27816E+01</pre>	.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01 .48334E+01 .41897E+01 .35920E+01 .30403E+01 .25345E+01	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+00 •11088E+01 •12687E+01 •14500E+01 •16571E+01 •16571E+01 •16961E+01 •21750E+01 •25045E+01 •29000E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .62989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01 .51724E+01 .38851E+01 .38851E+01 .33104E+01 .27816E+01 .22989E+01 .18621E+01</pre>	.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01 .48334E+01 .41897E+01 .35920E+01 .30403E+01 .25345E+01 .20747E+01	
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	•44130E+00 •52727E+00 •62142E+00 •72500E+00 •83947E+00 •1088E+01 •12687E+01 •14500E+01 •16571E+01 •16571E+01 •16961E+01 •21750E+01 •25045E+01 •29000E+01 •33833E+01	<pre>.13241E+02 .12161E+02 .11127E+02 .10138E+02 .91955E+01 .62989E+01 .74483E+01 .66437E+01 .58851E+01 .51724E+01 .38E51E+01 .33104E+01 .27816E+01 .22989E+01 .1E621E+01</pre>	<pre>.12695E+02 .11638E+02 .10627E+02 .96610E+01 .87414E+01 .78679E+01 .70403E+01 .62587E+01 .55230E+01 .48334E+01 .41897E+01 .35920E+01 .30403E+01 .25345E+01 .12931E+01</pre>	

AIRFOIL CP INTEPPOLATED AT MESH MIDPOINTS

-1.	66018 13080	 -1.	98743 15017	-1.03	-1.0328 3972	-1.04092 629534	-1.04717 18227	-1.04767 08718	-1.05809 .00947	-1.08208 .09477	-1.10536 .17975
• -•	15611 02606		04324 04758	13 .13	1872 3809 .230	2420728 0 .31041	21550 .36387	20857 .39603	17643 .42325	12863 .41531	08033 .30876
I	JMX	кнх	ISUP	N S	DPHIMX	TTE					
10	58	-1	0	83	14972E+00	0.					
20	59	-1	ō	98	-32637E-01	0.					
30	60	-1	ō	104	.57918E-02	0.	•				
40	43	10	Ö	8.8	.28225E-02	0.					
50	27	-12	0	94	10169E-02	0.	+				· ·
60	31	3	0	97	23619E-02	10111E+00	•				
70	31	3	0	96	10462E-02	10111E+00	6. 1		•		
BO	31	3	O	95	99001E-03	40739E-01					
90	.29	1	0	95	10775E-02	36273E-03	· · · ·				
100	29	1	0	94	£9197E-03	.16329E-01					
110	22	-9	0	96	35498E-03	.14887E-01		• • • • • • • • • •			
120	28	-10	0	96	19063E-03	15835E-01					
130	25	-13	0	96	94511E-04	.15230E-01		•			
140	25	-11	٥	96	47021E-04	.15148E-01			· .		
150	66	- 3	O	96	13578E-03	.15088E-01		•			
160	57	· 8	٥	96	42739E-04	.14991E-01					
170	47	-10	10	96	23393E-04	.14965E-01					
180	38	-14	÷0	96	12391E-04	.15014E-01		• •			
190	29	-15	0	96	62766E-05	.15024E-01			•		
195	24	-13	0	96	48187E-05	.15020E-01	•				

## PESULTS IN TUNNEL FLOW

•

## CPSTAR = -.48183E+00

X(J5)	YMOD	CP(REF)	U	J	X(J)	v	DELTA PHI	DELTA V
00040	0.00000	.81668	44457	31	.02400	•64698		
	0.00000	1.04505	69171		• • • • •	61341	.01206	1.26040
-04 640	.03157	65531	43819	32	.07280	.23048		
	- 02993	.14630	.00250			21816	•03332	• 44863
.09720	.04282	98835	.50106	33	.12160	.10789		
	04058	04325	.03945			15799	•05585	•26588
.14600	04808	-1.03534	.50885	34	.17040	.05745		
	04829	13500	.07642			11232	•07695	•16978
.19480	.05089	-1.03288	.50379	35	•21 920	.02607	•	
•••	05377	18725	•09705			07635	.09680	.10242
.24360	•05216	-1.04089	.50665	36	.26800	00159		
	05750	20729	.10406		•	04819	.11645	.04660
.29240	.05208	-1.04715	.50982	37	.31680	02213		
	05985	-,21550	.10660		••••	02228	.13612	.00015
. 341 20	.05100	-1-04768	.51066	38	.36560	03753		• • • • • • •
	06094	-,20857	10260			.00332	.15604	04085
. 2 00 00	.04917	-1.05821	-51697	20	. 41 4 4 0	05530	• • • • • •	••••••
• 3 7000		- 17643	.08705			. 02563	.17702	08093
43880		-1.08205	.53085	40	46320	07704		
• 43000	- 05052	- 12962	06424	70		.04327	.10070	+.12031
1.8760		-1 10509	54521	41	51200	09771	•••	*****
.40/00	• 07271	- 08033	.04126	41		- 0 7 7 7 2	- 22438	15769
62440			6U7ICU	1.2	540.90	- 11092		~~13707
+23040	aU3/93	-1+15017	010140	72		-+11902	25102	- 10759
50530	05449	02000	•UI040	10	40040	. 12430	•29109	-+14120
. 58520	• 03210	-1.14320	.57160	43	.00900	-13030	2700/	
	05069	• 04798	02060		15010	•04140	• 2 1 9 9 4	-•22021
•63400	.02545	/0622	• 34367	44	•02840	•02360	20002	
	04620	•13808			70700	•09098	• 2 9 9 9 3	
•68280	.02860	40090	•19637	40	• 70 7 20	11440		
	-•C4147	23046	11457			.08910	•31510	20350
•73160	.02102	29546	•15453	40	. /5600	15059		
	03712	.31037	15875			.06730	• 33039	21790
•78040	•01367	18235	•10348	47	•80480 ·	-10/15		
	03384	• 36385	18963			•03916	•34469	20631
.82920	•00551	08720	●05860	48	.85360	17707		
	03193	• 39602	20857			•01038	• 35773	18744
•87800	00313	•00947	•01076	49	•90240	17726		
	03142	• 42325	22424			03276	•36920	-,14450
•92680	01178	•09476	03350	50	•95120	17127		
	03302	.41527	21831			08807	•37822	08320
.97560	02014	17971	07975	51	1.00000	15391		
	03732	• 30869	15728			08451	38200	06940
1.02440	02765	•						
	04144							

• •

.....

.

# DUTER BOUNDARY VELOCITIES

	X =	71489E+01	78165E+01	•39584E+01	•41395E+01
YU	YV	U	v	U	V
0.	•24993F-01	14172E-02	.63647E-03	71975E-02	14018E-01
•20000E-01	•76777E-01	13974E-02	.61360E-03	69205E-02	14145E-01
10357E+00	13233E+00	13740E-02	•58868E-03	66230E-02	14277E-01
•16111E+00	19208E+00	13463E-02	•56150E-03	63027E-02	14415E-01
•22308E+00	•25652E+00	13136E-02	•53180E-03	59569E-02	14559E-01
•29000E+00	•32623E+00	12749E-02	•49932E-03	55827E-02	14710E-01
•36250E+00	•40188E+00	12291E-02	•46380E-03	51764E-02	14867E-01
•44130E+00	•48426E+00	11745E-02	•42492E-03	47340E-02	15030E-01
•52727E+00	•57432E+00	11096E-02	•38240E-03	42507E-02	15200E-01
•62142E+00	•67318E+00	10320E-02	•33595E-03	37208E-02	15375E-01
•7250CE+00	•78219E+CO	93881E-03	28537E-03	31378E-02	15555E-01
•83947E+00	•90302E+00	82653E-03	.23056E-03	24937E-02	15739E-01
•96666E+00	10377E+01	69052E-03	•17167E-03	17791E-02	15923E-01
11088E+01	11887E+01	-•52485E-03	10928E-03	98259E-03	16105E-01
•12687E+01	•13593E+01	32181F-03	•44796E-04	90493E-04	16278E-01
•14500E+01	15534E+01	71363E-04	19009E-04	•91422E-03	16434E-01
•16571E+01	•17765E+01	•23966E-03	76823E-04	•20529E-02	16559E-01
•18961E+C1	•20353E+01	.62847E-03	11876E-03	•33530E-02	16632E-01
•21750E+01	•23394E+01	•11173E-02	12641E-03	•48523E-02	16616E-01
•25045E+01	•27018E+01	•17335E-02	65014E-04	.66061E-02	16456E-01
0.	24993E-01	14172E-02	•65818E-03	71975E-02	13894E-01
50000E-01	76777E-01	14351E-02	•68026E-03	74743E-02	<b>-</b> •13762E-01
10357E+00	13233E+CO	14520E-02	•70341E-03	77700E-02	13617E-01
16111E+00	1920EE+00	14677E-02	•72764E-03	80866E-02	13456E-01
22308E+00	25652E+00	14816E-02	•75292E-03	84262E-02	13279E-01
	32623E+00	14933E-02	•77916E-03	87913E-02	13082E-01
36250E+00	40188E+00	15020E-02	.80624E-03	91850E-02	12861E-01
-+44130E+00	48426E+00	15068E-02	•83391E-03	96105E-02	12614E-01
52727E+00	57432E+CO	15065E-02	•86179E-03	10072E-01	12334E-01
62142E+00	67318E+00	14997E-02	.88929E-03	10574E-01	12016E-01
-,72500E+00	78219E+00	14844E-02	•91548E-03	11121E-01	11652E-01
83947E+00	903028+00	14582E-02	•93897E-03	11722E-01	11232E-01
-•96666E+00	10377E+01	14177E-02	•95765E-03	12382E-01	10744E-01
11088E+01	11887E+01	13586E-02	•96827E-03	13113E-01	10171E-01
12687E+01	13593E+01	12753E-02	•96582E-03	13928E-01	94920E-02
14500E+01	15534E+01	11602E-02	•94248E-03	14842E-01	86774E-02
16571E+01	17765E+01	10033E-02	•88578E-03	15880E-01	76869E-02
18961E+01	20353E+01	79135E-03	•77547E-03	17074E-01	64636E-02
21750E+01	23394E+01	50690E-03	•57767E-03	18475E-01	49254E-02
25045E+01	27018E+01	12816E-03	•23388F-03	-,20168E-01	-,29493F-02

	Y =	•29000E+01	•29000E+01	29000E+01	29000E+01	
xu	хv	U	V	U	v	
71489E+01	78165E+01	•25072E-02		•36941E-03		
-•59719E+01	-•64734E+01	10247E-02	•26550E-02	41939E-02	17655E-02	
-•50756E+01	54660E+01	80003E-03	•46979E-02	73929E-02	16798E-02	
43700E+01	46825E+C1	28168E-02	•64776E-02	99856E-02	14948E-02	
-•37998E+01	40557E+01	48768E-02	•79912E-02	12365E-01	14866E-02	
33296E+01	35428E+01	68958E-02	•92090E-02	14649E-01	16209E-02	
29349E+01	31155E+01	-•86739E-02	•10031E-01	16818E-01	18286E-02	
-+25991E+01	27538E+01	97369E-02	•10334E-01	18734E-01	20503E-02	
23097E+C1	24439E+01	99262E-02	•10313E-01	20346E-01	23374E-02	
20578E+01	21753E+01	-•92929E-02	•10189E-01	21663E-01	27598E-02	
18366E+01	19402E+01	80934E-02	10179E-01	22837E-01	34230E-02	
-•16407E+01	17328E+01	-•66636E-02	•10391E-01	24080E-01	43724E-02	
14660E+01	15484E+01	52005E-02	10758E-01	<b>→</b> •25495E-01	55152E-02	
13093E+01	13835E+01	38100E-02	•11193E-01	27112E-01	67484E-02	
11679E+01	12350E+01	25427E-02	•11614E-01	28919E-01	79746E-02	
10397E+C1	11007E+01	13881E-02	•11936E-01	30787E-01	90428E-02	
92290E+00	-•97862E+00	-•31399E-03	•12113E-01	32560E-01	98811E-02	
8160(E+00	86713E+CO	•70150E-03	•12131E-01	34151E-01	10519E-01	
71794E+00	-•76493E+00	•16726E-02	•11994E-01	35515E-01	10996E-01	
62753E+00	67091E+00	•26084E-02	11707E-01	36636E-01	11353E-01	
-•54396E+00	58412E+00	•35100E-02	•11288E-01	37534E-01	11649E-01	
46647E+00	-•50376E+00	•43696E-02	10757E-01	38267E-01	<b>-</b> •11951E-01	
39442E+00	42914E+00	•51821E-02	•10127E-01	38879E-01	12268E-01	
32726E+00	-•35967E+CO	•59454E−02	•94061E-02	-•39404E-01	12599E-01	
26451E+00	-•29483E+00	•66588E-02	86069E-02	39867E-01	12939E-01	
20574E+00	-•23417E+00	•73233E-02	•77402E-02	40287E-01	13284E-01	
15060E+00	17730E+CO	•79403E-02	•68173E-02	40675E-01	13630E-01	
-•98745E-01	-•1238EE+00	•85118E-02	.58492E−02	41043E-01	13971E-01	
49200E-01	73600E-01	•90477E-02	48348E-02	41402E-01	14316E-01	
4000CE-03	24800E-01	•95635E-02	•37915E-02	41768E-01	14641E-01	
•48400E-01	•24000E-01	•10065E-01	26525E-02	42151E-01	14984E-01	
•97200E-01	•7280CE-01	■10550E-01	•14334E-02	42557E-01	15332E-01	
•14600E+00	•12160E+00	•11017E-01	•13883E-03	42989E-01	15678E-01	
•19480E+DO	•1704CE+C0	•11460E-01	12230E-02	43442E-01	16005E-01	
•24360E+00	•21920E+00	•11876E-01	26438E-02	43910E-01	16304E-01	
•29240E+CO	•26600E+00	•12260E+01	41145E-02	44386E-01	16574E-01	

• •

•34120E+CO	•3168CE+00	.12608E-01	56246E-02	44865E-01	16811E-01
•39000E+00	•36560E+00	•12916E-01	71620E-02	45338E-01	17014E-01
•43880E+00	•4144CE+00	•13179E-01	87140E-02	45801E-01	17183E-01
•48760E+00	•46320E+00	13393E-01	10267E-01	46246E-01	17316E-01
•53640E+00	•51200E+00	13555E-01	11807E-01	46667E-01	17413E-01
•2820E+00	•56080E+00	•13660E-01	13322E-01	- 47057E-01	17475E-01
•63400E+00	•60960E+00	.13705E-01	14798E-01	47411E-01	17504E-01
•68280E+CO	•6584CE+00	13686E-01	16226E-01	47720E-01	17499E-01
•73160E+00	•70720E+00	13599E-01	17599E-01	47980E-01	17464E-01
•78040E+00	•75600E+00	•13451E-01	18923E-01	48190E-01	17412E-01
•82920E+00	•8048CE+00	•13255E-01	20205E-01	48352E-01	17352E-01
•87800E+00	•85360E+00	•13024E-01	21440E-01	48470E-01	17285E-01
•92680E+00	•90240E+00	12770E-01	22627E-01	48547E-01	17214E-01
•97560E+00	•9512CE+00	12507E-01	23762E-01	48584E-01	17139E-01
•10244E+01	•10C0CE+01	•12247E-01	24844E-01	48586E-01	17062E-01
.10732E+01	•10488E+C1	•12003E-01	25871E-01	48556E-01	16984E-01
•11227E+01	10976E+01	11785E-01	26839E-01	48495E-01 '	16901E-01
•11746E+01	•11479E+01	•11603E-01	27789E-01	48401E-01	16817E-01
•12297E+01	•12013E+01	•11468E-01	28711E-01	48272E-01	16725E-01
•12885E+01	12582E+01	•11384E-01	29582E-01	48106E-01	16623E-01
•13512E+01	13188E+01	11356E-01	30385E-01	47902E-01	16509E-01
•14184E+01	•13837E+01	.11387E-01	31100E-01	47651E-01	16368E-01
•14904E+C1	•14531E+01	•11478E-01	31709E-01	47341E-01	16189E-01
15679E+C1	•15278E+01	•11631E-01	32188E-01	46955E-01	15965E-01
•16515E+01	16081E+01	•11840E-01	32514E-01	46473E-01	15686E-01
•17419E+01	16949E+01	.12099E-01	32664E-01	45867E-01	15342E-01
•18400E+01	17885E+01	12396E-01	32613E-01	45105E-01	14930E-01
•19468E+01	•18911E+01	•12710E-01	32333E-01	44173E-01	14471E-01
•20636E+01	•20026E+C1	•13004E-01	31796E-01	43071E-01	13975E-01
•21918E+C1	•21247E+01	•13219E-01	30977E-01	41812E-01	13445E-01
•23332E+01	•2259CE+01	•13260E-01	29854E-01	40432E-01	12881E-01
•24899E+01	•24075E+01	•13004E-01	28438E-01	38979E-01	12258E-01
•26645E+01	•25724E+01	•12436E-01	26845E-01	37409E-01	11463E-01
•28604E+01	•27568E+01	• <b>11644E−01</b>	25185E-01	35587E-01	10401E-01
•30816E+01	•29642E+01	.10832E-01	23542E-01	33289E-01	90154E-02
•33334E+01	•31993E+C1	•10115E-01	21873E-01	30334E-01	73698E-02
•36227E+01	•34679E+01	•94160E-02	20085E-01	26665E-01	55885E-02
•39584E+01	•37778E+01	•87079E-02	18217E-01	22303E-01	37565E-02
			•		

4

.

28

e •

# PHI IN VICINITY OF AIRFOIL

۰.

۲

κ٩.

J	PHI(J,3,2)	PHI(J,2,2)	PHI(J,1,2)	PHI(J,1,1)	PHI(J,2,1)	PHI(J,3,1)
29	14693E+00	14677E+00	14428E+00	14428E+00	13808E+00	13021E+00
30	15732E+00	16010E+00	<b>-</b> .15975E+00	15975E+00	14830E+00	13661E+00
31	16795E+00	17693E+00	19351E+00	18145E+00	15778E+00	14087E+00
32	17422E+00	18281E+00	19339E+00	16007E+00	14855E+00	13620E+00
33	17683E+00	18384E+00	<b></b> 19146E+00	13561E+00	12948E+00	12171E+00
34	17690E+00	18225E+00	18773E+00	11078E+00	10780E+00	10352E+00
35	17539E+00	17922E+00	18300E+00	86198E-01	84965E-01	83047E-01
36	17303E+00	17552E+00	17792E+00	61473E-01	61513E-01	61214E-01
37	17032E+00	17158E+00	17272E+00	36594E-01	37656E-01	38556E-01
38	16767E+00	16778F+00	16771E+00	11674E-01	13538E-01	15379E-01
39	16547F+00	16459F+00	16346F+00	13554E-01	•10880E-01	•82011E-02
40	164C4E+00	16231E+00	16033E+00	.39460E-01	•35815E-01	•32240E-01
41	16353E+00	16109E+00	15831E+00	.66066E-01	•61406E-01	.56854E-01
42	16415E+00	16110E+00	15756E+00	•93465E-01	•87744E-01	.82144E-01
43	16607E+00	16265E+00	15857E+00	12137E+00	•11473E+00	•10811E+00
44	16944E+00	16601E+00	16179E+00	13814E+00	13677E+00	.13217E+00
45	17423E+00	17119E+00	16738E+00	•14772E+00	•14211E+00	.13598E+00
46	18026E+00	17801E+00	17512E+00	15526E+00	14797E+00	.14057E+00
47	18724E+00	18603E+00	18438E+00	.16031E+00	15225E+00	•14421E+00
48	19481E+00	19481E+00	19456E+00	.16317E+00	15472E+00	•14642E+00
49	20260E+00	20396E+00	20550E+00	.16370E+CO	15529E+00	.14710E+00
50	21010E+00	21273E+00	21615E+00	.16206E+00	.15405E+00	14633E+00
51	21678E+00	22003E+00	22383E+00	.15817E+00	.15113E+00	.14430E+00
52	22255E+00	22609E+00	23010E+00	•15190E+00	•14696E+00	.14143E+00
53	22744E+00	23094E+00	23466E+00	.14734E+00	•14320E+00	•13850E+00

•

.

I	JMX	KMX	ISUP	NS	DPHIMX	UFAC
10	68	-13	0	108	•18612E-01	0.
20	59	-10	0	109	•67615E-02	0.
30	49	-9	0	123	•35451E-02	0.
40	45	2	1	136	•22124E-02	0.
50	31	-14	0	136	•11244E-02	0.
60	22	-15	0	136	•74607E-03	0.
70	31	1	0	136	•52888E-03	0.
80	31	1	0	136	•39228E-03	0.
90	31	1	0	135	•30070E-03	0.
100	31	1	0	135	•22584E-03	0.
110	31	1	0	134	•16935E-03	0.
120	31	1	0	134	.12720E-03	0.
130	31	1	0	134	•95640E-04	0.
140	31	· 1	0	134	•72079E-04	0.
150	31	1	0	134	•54323E-04	0.
160	46	3	0	116	•33826E-02	•98176E+00
170	,32	3	0	114	•30474E-03	•98176E+00
180	22	3	0	112	•17189E-03	•98176E+00
190	28	3	0	112	•81272E-04	•98176E+00
200	37	8	1	112	•69777E-04	•98136E+00
210	39	7	1	111	•52532E-04	•98091E+00
220	27	2	0	111	•30374E-04	•98093E+00
230	25	-3	0	111	.19915E-04	•98103E+00
240	27	-6	0	111	•13692E-04	•98107E+00
250	28	-7	0	.111	•99122E-05	•98110E+00
260	28	-7	0	111	•73158E-05	.98112E+00
270	28	-6	0	111	•54218E-05	•98113E+00
273	28	-6	0	111	•49535E-05	•98113E+00

## MODEL PERTURBATION (U AND V ARE PERTURBATIONS FROM UINF BUT NORMALIZED BY UREF)

JP = 44, AMINE = .76745, UINF/UREE = .98113, CPSTAR = -.53345E+00, QFAC = .97372

X(J5)	YMOD	CP(INF)	U	J	(L)X	v	DELTA PHI	DELTA V
00040	0.00000	.80657	42744	31	.02400	•65838		
	0.0000	1.03564	67458			60217	.01206	1.26054
•04840	•03213	68965	•45648	32	.072 80	.24158		а.
	02939	.11051	.02079			20711	.03332	• 448 70
.09720	.04392	-1.04515	•51950	33	.12160	.11919		
	03949	08506	•05788			14675	•05585	.26594
.14600	.04973	-1.09732	.52721	34	.17040	.06880		
	04665	17875	•09478			10103	•07695	.16983
.19480	.05309	-1.09649	•52212	.35	•21920	.03744		
	05158	23178	.11538			06503	.09680	.10247
.24360	.05492	-1.10594	.52502	36	.26800	.00981		
	05476	25182	.12244			03684	.11645	.04665
.29240	.05540	-1.11334	.52824	37	.31680	01070		
	05656	25974	.12502			01090	.13612	.00020
.34120	■054EE	-1.11461	.52914	38	.36560	02608		
	05709	- 25209	.12108		•••••	.01471	.15604	04060
.39000	-05360	-1.12612	.53553	30	. 41 4 4 0	04382		
	05637	21860	.10561			.03706	.17702	08088
.43880	-05146	-1,15136	54950	40	.46320			
13000	05456	- 16013	-06268		UNOSEU	.05473	.10070	- 12025
. 4 8760	-04827	-1.17575	-56392	41	.51200	- 08614	• 4 7717	-012025
	05189	-, 11920	.05998	<b>T4</b>		-07149	22438	- 15763
53640	- 0 0 0 1 0 7	-1.20210	- 58023	42	560.80	-10817	.22430	-+12102
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- 04840	-1+20217	•JC025	72	• 300 50		25102	- 10753
50 520	02970	-1 21411	E0062	43	60060	- 12454	•25103	-+141.22
• 20 220	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-1.011011	• 19002	73	.00960	12450	2700/	
(2/00		• U 1 3 4 U	00178		1 50 10	•10305	• 2 / 9 9 4	-•22821
.03400	+03271	/0240	• 302 33	44	• 0284U	•03544	20002	
(		•10576	04/08		70700	.10876	• 29993	07332
.08280	• 0 3 4 4 4	45206	•21549	42	• 10 1 20	10174		
	03368	•19998	09544			.10166	•31510	20340
•73160	•02947	34401	•17282	46	75600	13789		
	02871	•28313	14046	. –		•07990	.33039	21779
•78040	•C2274	- • 226 92	.12122	47	•80480	15458		
	02482	•33837	17189			•05161	• 34469	20619
•82920	•01520	12857	•07604	48	.85360	16466	,	
	02230	•37128	19113			•02267	•35773	18733
.87800	•00716	02881	.02804	49	•90240	16498	;	
	02119	•39884	20697			02059	•36920	14439
•92680	00089	•05916	01631	50	.95120	15909		
	02220	• 39004	20113			07600	•37822	08309
•97560	00865	.14676	06261	51	1.00000	14183		÷
	02590	.28031	14014			07254	.38200	-,06929
1.02440	01557							
	02944				•			

.

.

## VELCCITIES ON CENTER LINE

×v	VF	VW	×U	UF	UW
78165E+01	•48334E-02	41861E-02			
64734E+01	.58019E-02	46516E-02	71489E+01	10242E-02	39298E-03
54660E+01	•68195E-02	48291E-02	59719E+01	13779E-02	18801E-02
46825E+01	.78896E-02	50390E-02	50756E+01	18719E-02	38246E-02
40557E+01	•99129F-02	53548E-02	43700E+01	24890E-02	56849E-02
35428E+01	.10190E-01	57604E-02	37998E+01	32202E-02	73341E-02
31155E+01	•11421F-01	62175E-02	33296E+01	40606E-02	87452E-02
27538E+01	-12709E-01	66894E-02	29349E+01	50099E-02	99330E-02
24439E+01	-14058E-01	71493E-02	25991E+01	60725E-02	10932E-01
21753E+01	15473E-01	75810E-02	23097F+01	72580E-02	11781E-01
- 194028+01	-16960E-01	79768E-02	20578E+01	85807F-02	12513F-01
-17328F+01	-18528E-01	83342E-02	18366F+01	10060E-01	13152F-01
15484F+61	-20184E-01	86544E-02	16407E+01	11722E-01	-,13718F-01
- 13835E+01	-21941E-C1	89399E-02	14660E+01	-13596F-01	-14221E-01
-1225CE+01	-23811E-01	- 919415-02	13093E+01		146718-01
- 11007E+01	-258105-01	94203E-02	= 11679E+01	-18151E-01	- 15074E-01
- 078625+00	279556-01	=.96217E=02	- 10397E+01	- 20030E-01	-154355-01
	-302705-01		=,92290F+00	-241645-01	-15760E-01
- 76403E+00	-327845-01	99615E-02	- 81 606E+00	279235-01	-16052E-01
- 67001E+00	-355315-01	m 10104Em01	- 717945+00		- 163155-01
58412E+00	-385605-01	-102325-01	- 627536+00		==16515E=01
	-41936E-01		- 543065+00		
- 420145+00	457405-01	- 104475-01	- 466475400	= 51 61 1 Em01	
- 250676±00	501245-01	- 105375-01	- 204425+00		
- 206835+00	55300F-01	- 106185-01	- 227245+00	- 733635-01	- 172805-01
- 224175+00	+15C0E-01	-100100-01	- 266515400	- 902045-01	
- 177205400	+0445E-01	- 107515-01	- 205745400	- 111175+00	
- 122985400	80740E-01	- 107012-01	- 150605+00	- 142225400	- 176135-01
- 726005-01	077045-01		- 097455-01	- 106215400	- 176725-01
249005-01	128885400		- 692006-01		176375-01
240005-01	412000E+00		- 400005-03	- 427445400	
•24000E-01	602175400				
728005-01	-241585+00	- 111055-01	484005-01	-456485400	
•12000E-01	- 207115400	- 110435-01	.404001-01	- 207025-01	-182005-01
121405400	130305+00	- 112035-01	072005-01	51050E+00	
•12100E+00	-146755+00		• 712002-01	578835-01	
170405+00	686045-01	- 112505-01	146005+00	- 52721 5+00	
·1/040E+00	- 101035+00		\$14000E+00	+JEIE+00 04779E-01	- 193595-01
210205400	276625-01	- 112715-01	104 905+00	- 5221 25+00	
•219206+00	- 650305-01	- 112176-01	•19400E+00	• J2212E+00	- 193346-01
240005+00		- 116025-01	243405+00	611930E+00 52502E+00	- 193725-01
•2000UE+00	- 368305-01		•2430UE+UU	122665400	
216905400		- 11420E-01	202405400	- 53934EANA	
•2100VE+UU	- 100045-01		• 272705700	• J2027ETUU	
265605+00			361205+00	52016E+00	
	.147165-01	-•II9905-VI _ 119055-01	• 34120ETUU	1 21 00 2400	
	***************	-+TT2A5C=0T		+IZIU0C400	- FIGAGIE-OI

32

.

	07174UCTUU		<b>~.</b> 114/0L-01	• 39000E+00	• 53553E+00	-185621-01	
		•37057E-01	11422E-01		•10561E+00	185628-01	
	•46320E+00	65517E-01	11522E-01	•43880E+00	•54950E+00	18645E-01	
		•54735E-01	11467E-01	•	.82880E-01	18645E-01	
	•51200E+00	86136E-01	11579E-01	•48760E+00	•56392E+00	18715E-01	
		•71495E-01	11522E-01		•59976E-01	18715E-01	
	•56080E+00	10817E+00	11653E-01	•53640E+00	• 580 23 E+00	18778E-01	
		.89358E-01	11595E-01		•34176E-01	18778E-01	
	•60960E+00	12456F+00	11745E-01	•58520E+00	•59062E+00	18817E-01	
		.10365E+00	11685E-01		17804E-02	18817E-01	
	•65840E+00	•35439E-01	11838E-01	•63400E+00	•36253E+00	18861E-01	
		10876E+00	11776E-01		47076E-01	18861E-01	
	•70720E+00	10174E+00	12660E-01	•68280E+00	21549E+00	19122E-01	
		.10166E+00	12553E-01		95443E-01	19122E-01	
	•75600E+00	13789E+00	12706E-01	•73160E+00	17282E+00	18294E-01	
		.79899F-01	12596E-01		14046E+00	18294E-01	
	.80480E+00	15458F+00	12563E-01	•78040E+00	•12122E+00	17739E-01	
		•51612E-01	12450E-01		17189E+00	17739E-01	
	•85360E+00	16466F+00	12405E-01	•82920E+00	•76041E-01	17442E-01	
•		.22666E-01	12291E-01		19113E+00	17442F-01	
	•90240E+00	16498E+00	12281E-01	.87800E+00	-28039E-01	17278F-01	
		20592E-01	12166E-01		20697F+00	-17278E-01	
	•95120E+00	159098+00	12182E-01	•92680E+00	16313E-01	171865-01	
		76002E-01	12070E-01	• • • • • • • • • •	-,20113F+00	17186F-01	
	.10000E+01	14163E+00	12076E-01	•97560E+00	62609E-01	17144E-01	
		72540E-01	11968E-01		14014E+00	17144E-01	
	•10488E+C1	77620E-01	11929E-01	•10244E+01	11135E+00	17100E-01	
	10976E+01	667996-01	11847E-01	.10732E+01	76554E-01	17002E-01	
•	•11479E+C1	59284E-01	11767E-01	•11227E+01	59943E-01	16911E-01	
	•12013F+C1	534438-01	11685E-01	•11746E+01	49094E-01	16812E-01	
	12582E+01	48652E-01	11598E-01	12297E+01	41081E-01	16701E-01	
	13188E+01	44579E-01	11506E-01	12885E+01	34798E-01	16574E-01	
	13837E+01	410295-01	11404E-01	13512E+01	29707E-01	16427E-01	
	•14531E+C1	378776-01	11290E-01	14184E+01	25494E-01	16258E-01	
	•15278E+01	3504CE-01	11160E-01	•14904E+01	<b>-</b> •21957E-01	16062E-01	
	•16081E+01	<b>-</b> .32459F-01	11012E-01	15679E+01	18956E-01	15836E-01	
	16949E+01	30092E-01	10840E-01	16515E+01	16391E-01	15574E-01	
	•17889E+01	27905E-01	10641E-01	17419E+01	14185E-01	15273E-01	
	18911E+01	25875E-01	10409E-01	18400E+01	12280E-01	14925E-01	
	•20026E+01	23982E-01	10138E+01	•19468E+01	10630E-01	14526E-01	
	•21247E+01	22208E-01	98209E-02	.20636E+01	91969E-02	14066E-01	
	•22590E+01	205436-01	94506E-02	.21918E+01	79513E-02	13536E-01	
	.24075E+01	18974E-01	90188E-02	•23332E+01	68686E-02	12924E-01	
	•25724E+01	17492E-01	85169E-02	.24899E+01	59292E-02	12218E-01	
	•27568E+01	16091E-01	79371E-02	.26645E+01	51172E-02	11399E-01	
	.29642E+01	14761E-01	72735E-02	.28604E+01	44211E-02	10444F-01	
	•31993E+01	13498E-01	65246E-02	.30816E+01	38337E-02	93235E-02	
	•34679E+01	12294E-01	56978E-02	•33334E+01	33531E-02	-,79950E-02	
	.37778E+01	11140E-01	48163E-02	• 36227E+01	29854E-02	63987E-02	
	•41395E+01	10024E-01	39319E-02	.39584E+01	27497E-02	44478E-02	
ω	· · ·						
ΰ.							

I	JMX	KHX	ISUP	'N S	DPHIMX	DA
1	52	-1	0	111	387708-02	0.
2	52	-1	0	111 -	37163E-02	0.
3	52	-1	0	111	30487E-02	0.
- 4	52	-1	0	111	.26640E-02	0.
5	52	-1	0	111	21190E-02	0.
6	52	-1	0	111	17805E-02	0.
7	52	-1	0	111	138205-02	0.
6	53	-1	0	111	11457E-02	0.
9	53	-1	0	111	90558E-03	0.
10	53	-1	ō	111	.729715-03	0.
11	54	-1	0	111	582105-03	0.
12	54	-1	Ó	111	469045-03	0.
13	54	-1	Ō	111	372085-03	0.
14	55	-1	0	111	. 29874E-03	0.
15	55	-1	0	111	23880F-03	0.
16	55	-1	0	111	19047E-03	0.
17	56	-1	<b>0</b> .	111	15124F-03	0.
18	56	-1	0	111	12347E-03	0.
19	56	-1	C	111	954375-04	ů.
20	56	-1	0	111	.79340F-04	0.
21	57	-1	0	111	60930E-04	0.
22	52	-1	0	111	.51205E-04	0.
23	58	-1	0	111	39412F-04	0.
24	- 44	1	1	111	.29864E-03	-115816-0
25	44	8	C	111	12614E-03	11581E-0
26	45	8	Ō	111	.62226F-04	·
27	46	10	0	111	.54555E-04	11581F+0
28	49	18	0	111	-31439E-04	115816-0
29	44	1	1	111	-22222F-03	114146-0
30	44	8	Ó	111	98535E+04	11414E-0
31	44	8	Ō	111	.66069E-04	114146-0
32	45	10	0	111	41065E-04	11414E-0
33	44	1	1	111	-12934E-03	11304E-0
34	46	1	Ō	112	-41907E-04	11304E-0
35	45	2	ċ	112	-10148E-03	-112256-0
36	45	1	Ó	112	-33001F-04	
37	45	2	0	112	£5594F-04	+.11171E=0
38	45	1	ō.	112	-31122E-04	~.11171E=0
39	45	2	Ó	112	.395715-04	~.11135E=0
40	44	1	1	112	.51630F-04	~.11108E=0
41	39	-1	0	112	26794E-04	~.11108E-0
42	44	e	0	112	.44215E-04	~_11094E-0
43	38	-1	0	112	23409E-04	11087E-0
44	37	-1	0	112	21082E-04	~_11084E-0
45	39	-1	0	112	18932E-04	11084E-0
46	38	-1	0	112	17072E-04	11087E-0
47	38	-1	0	112	15336F+04	11092E-01
48	36	-8	0	112	14035E-04	11098E-0
49	36	-9	0	112	-,13348E-04	11105E-01
50	36	-11	0	112	12752E-04	11111E-01
51	35	-12	0	112	12241E-04	11118E-01
52	34	-12	0	112	11781E-04	11125E-01
53	34	-13	0	112	11346E-04	11131E-01
54	33	-13	0	112	10932E-04	11137E-01
55	33	-14	0	112	10525E-04	11143E-01
56	32	-14	0	112	10150E-04	11148E-01
57	31	-14	0	112	-,97685E-05	11153E-01
58	30	-14	0	112	93f31E-05	11158E-01
59	30	-15	0	112	40201F-05	11162E-01
60	29	-15	0	112	865978-05	11166E-01
61	29	-15	C	112	830418-05	11170E-01
62	29	~15	0	112	79499E-05	-,11174E-01
63	29	~15	0	112	76130E-05	11177E-01
64	28	-15	0	112	72905E-05	111802-01
65	28	-15	٥	112	69775E-05	~.11182E-01
66	28	-15	C	112	66714E-05	11185F-01
67	28	-16	0	112	63678E-05	11187F-01
68	28	-16	0	112	61147E-05	1119DE-01
69	28	-16	0	112	58552E-05	11192F-01
70	28	-16	0	112	56121F-05	11193E-01
71	28	-16	0	112	538298-05	11195E-01
72	28	-16	0	112	51642E-05	11197E-01
73	28	-16	0	112	495625-05	- 111095 - 01

FOUIVALENT FREE AIR (U AND V ARE PERTURBATIONS FROM UINF BUT NORMALIZED BY UREF)

ALPHA CORRECTION = -.11198E-01

~

.

X{J5)	YMOD	CP(INF)	U	J	X(J)	v	DELTA PHI	DELTA V
00040	0.00000	.80555	42654	31	-02400	.65814		
	0.0000.0	1.03680	- 67611		•••	60215	.01218	1.26029
.04840	.03212	- 69260	45795	32	.07280	.24168		
	02538	. 11355 .	.01910	52		-,20691	-03360	.44859
00720	.04201	-1.04716	.52049	22	.12160	.11908	100000	• • • • • • •
• • • • • • • •	03648	08143	-05608	55		14675	- 05626	. 26584
14600	04072	-1.00030	.52817	34	.17040	.06865		
•14000	- 04412 - 04464	-17506	-00301	74	•11040	10108	. 07749	.16973
10480	05207	-1 00840	.52310	2.5	. 21 9 20	.03727	•••••	••••
•19400	- 05159	-1+07077	11262	55	• 21 7 2 0	- 06511	.00748	10238
3/ 3/ 5		-1 10704	61130Z	26	269.00	00061	• 0 7 1 4 8	.10730
.24300		-1.10/94	• 92001	20	.20000	- 02405	11776	04454
	05475	24.010	•12000 F202/	<b>.</b>	214.00		•11/20	04030
• 29240	•05536	-1.11030	• 22 92 4	31	• 31000	-•01043	12707	00013
	02020	20004	•12328				•13/0/	+00011
•34120	.05483	-1.11064	•23015	38	• 30 2 6 0	02033		
	05710	24846	•11937	• -		•01455	•15/11	04089
• 39000	.05354	-1.12818	•53657	39	•41440	04410		
	05639	21510	•10395			•03687	•17823	-•08097
•43880	.05139	-1.15347	•55058	40	•46320	06584	•	
	05459	16576	•08126			•05450	.20113	12034
.48760	.C4818	-1.17793	•56506	41	•51200	08652		
	05193	11592	•05838			•07121	•22585	15772
•53640	•04395	-1.20445	•58145	42	• 560 80	10862		
	04845	05993	.03259			•089 <b>00</b>	.25264	1,9762
.58520	•03865	-1.21854	•59195	43	•60960	12510		
	04411	.01629	00335			.10320	.28169	22831
•63400	•03255	77083	•36509	44	65840	.03480		
	03907	.10879	04866			.10822	.30188	07342
.68280	.03425	46563	.22187	45	.70720	10323		
,	03379	.20336	09728	•		.10034	• 31 746	20358
•73160	.02921	35231	.17696	46	.75600	13943		
	02889	.28487	14149			.07854	•33300	21797
.78040	.02240	23126	.12354	47	.80480	15598		
	02506	• 33916	- 17239			.05040	•34744	20638
. 82920	.01479	13099	.07745	48	.85360	16590		
	- 02260	.37162	19135		• • • • • •	.02162	.36056	18752
. 87800	.00670	03020	.02893	49	.90240	- 16610		
	02155	39899	- 20705	•••	• • • • • •	02152	.37207	14458
92680	00141	.05839	01576	50	. 951 20	-16011		
472004	02260	30011			• / - 2 - 4	07693	- 38112	08328
07540	- 00022	14645	06231	51	1.00000	-14275	- JULIC	
•7730U		614045 20032	- 14007		1.00000	- 07297	28401	- 06049
1.00//0	02032	•20U21	-+14007			01321	*304AT	00948
102440	-aU1019							

.

-.02992

ω S

# EXPERIMENTAL CP BASED ON CORRECTED AMINE, CL = .78462

x	CP(INF)
•04840	71661
.09720	12171 -1.05269
•14600	08301 -1.09972
.19480	17723 -1.09930
•24360	23090 -1.10762
•29240	25149 -1.11404
. 34120	25993
. 39000	25281
. 37000	-1.12525
• 43000	-1.14989 17071
•48760	-1.17380 12111
•53640	-1.19993 06537
• 58520	-1.21982
•63400	76277
•68280	44659
•73160	34192
.78040	22580
.82.920	12814
.87800	•36811 -•02888
•92680	•39607 •05872
.97560	•38791 •14599
	•27849

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Kemp, William B., Jr.: Toward the Correctable-Interference Transonic Wind Tunnel. AIAA 9th Aerodynamic Testing Conference, 1976, pp. 31-38.
- Kemp, William B., Jr.: Transonic Assessment of Two-Dimensional Wind Tunnel Wall Interference Using Measured Wall Pressures. NASA Conference Publication 2045, March 1978, pp. 473-486.
- 3. Klunker, E. B.: Contribution to Methods for Calculating the Flow About Thin Lifting Wings at Transonic Speeds - Analytic Expressions for the Far Field. NASA TN D-6530, 1971.





1. Report No. NASA TM-81819	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recip	ient's Catalog No.		
4. Title and Subtitle	·····	5. Repo	5. Report Date		
TWINTAN: A Program for T	ransonic Wall Interferenc	e <u>May</u>	1980		
Assessment in Two-Dimensi	ional Wind Tunnels	6. Perfo	forming Organization Code		
7. Author(s)		8. Perfo	rming Organization Report No.		
William B. Kemp, Jr.		10. Work	Unit No.		
9. Performing Organization Name and Addres	55	505	505-31-53-03		
NASA Langley Research Cen	iter	11. Contr	act or Grant No.		
Hampton, Virginia 23665					
	·	13. Туре	of Report and Period Covered		
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address		Tec	hnical Memorandum		
National Aeronautics and Washington, DC 20546	Space Administration	14. Spon	soring Agency Code		
15. Supplementary Notes		l			
	······································	····	·		
16. Abstract					
A method for assessi	ing the wall interference	in transonic t	wo-dimensional wind-		
tunnel tests has been dev	veloped and implemented in	a computer pr	ogram. The method		
equation to define the wi	ind-tunnel flow, the pertu	rbation attrib	utable to the model.		
and the equivalent free a	air flow around the model.	Required inp	ut includes pressure		
distributions on the mode	and along the top and b	ottom tunnel w	alls which are used		
as boundary conditions fo	or the wind-tunnel flow.	The wall-induc	ed perturbation		
field is determined as the solution and the perturba	tion attributable to the	perturbation 1 model The me	n the tunnel flow		
program is described and	detailed descriptions of	the computer p	rogram input and		
output are presented. Ir	nput and output for a samp	le case are gi	ven in an appendix.		
17 Key Words (Suggested by Author(s))	19 Dietribu	tion Statement			
(17. Ney mords (suggested by Author(s))					
Wall interference	Unclas	sified - Unlim	ited		
Boundary effects					
Wind tunnels		Subject category 09			
Transonic flow	<b>I</b>	1			
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (of this page)	21. No. of Pages	22. Price		
Unclassified	Unclassified	38	\$4.50		

For sale by the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161

•

and the second second

x x

۲

.

•

1