





National Aeronautics and Space Administration

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165) INVESTIGATORS ATMOSPHERIC STUDIES

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## 33 INVESTIGATORS SELECTED FOR CLIMATE, ATMOSPHERIC STUDIES

The National Aeronautics and Space Administration has selected 33 scientific investigations for four satellite missions during 1982 through 1985.

The investigations, 23 from the United States and 10 from six foreign nations, will be concerned with climate and upper atmospheric research.

The 23 U.S. investigations have been selected from 11 universities, one private organization and two government The foreign countries involved are: Canada, Japan, agencies. France, United Kingdom, Federal Republic of Germany and Italy.

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Along with the 33 principal investigators, more than 80 co-investigators are associated with the selected investigations. More than 80 responses were received by NASA from the world's scientific community in reply to an announcement last January.

The 33 principal investigators will be organized into three teams and will initially participate with NASA through scientific studies and investigations in support of the development of three experiment instruments.

Each country will be responsible for funding its own investigations and its participation in support of instrument development. Costs of the U.S. investigations are expected to total about \$55 million over the next five years, including NASA-developed instruments.

The Earth Radiation Budget Experiment and the Stratospheric Aerosol and Gas Experiment II will investigate the spatial and temporal variations of the radiation budget and stratospheric aerosols respectively. The Stratospheric Aerosol and Gas Experiment II and Halogen Occultation Experiments will each investigate ozone variability and the latter will focus on the effect of halogens on ozone along with other upper atmospheric constituents and physical processes.

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All three experiments will be flown on the Earth Radiation Budget Satellite. The satellite will be carried to a medium inclination orbit by the NASA Space Shuttle and released as a free-flyer for its two-year scientific mission.

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After instrument development, the investigators will plan for orbital operations, data processing, investigating instrument performance, verifying the adequacy of data products and completion of individual initial scientific data use investigations. Additional data use investigations may be sought through a subsequent announcement of opportunity.

Identical Earth Radiation Budget Experiment instruments will be flown on two near-polar orbiting, Sun-synchronous National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration operational meteorological satellites for two-year missions to complement the data coverage of the Earth Radiation Budget Satellite mission. The Halogen Occultation Experiments will be flown initially on a seven-day Spacelab 3 mission scheduled for late 1982.

The science activities will be managed by the NASA Langley Research Center, Hampton, Va., and the overall project, including satellite development, will be managed by the NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, Md.

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## INVESTIGATORS AND INVESTIGATIONS

## Earth Radiation Budget Experiment

Dennis L. Hartman University of Washington, Seattle Radiation Budget Diurnal Cycle and Seasonal Variation

Charles H. Duncan NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, Md. Radiation Budget Instrument Calibration

Robert D. Cess State University of New York, Stony Brook Models to Predict Radiation Budget Variations

V. Ramanathan National Center for Atmospheric Research, Boulder, Colo. Procedures for Determining Regional Radiation Budget

Edwin F. Harrison NASA Langley Research Center, Hampton, Va. Effects of Cloud Variability and Sampling on Radiation Budget Measurements

Friedrich O. Huck NASA Langley Research Center Model of Radiation Budget Measurement Process and Measurement Accuracy

William L. Smith University of Wisconsin, Madison Use of Radiation Budget Measurements in Weather Prediction Model

Alvin J. Miller National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Meteorological Center, Washington, D.C. Relationship Between Radiation Budget, Energy Cycle and Development of Atmospheric Wave Models

Robert Curran NASA Goddard Space Flight Center Angular Spectral Dependence of Radiation Field in Presence of Clouds

Frederick B. House Drexel University, Philadelphia Investigate Temporal and Spatial Variation of Regional Radiation

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G. Louis Smith NASA Langley Research Center Directional Models for Use in Establishing Top-of-Atmosphere Flux A. Berroir Laboratorie de Meteorologie Dynamique, Paris Correlation Between Radiation Budget and Planetary Waves R. Kandel Service d'Aeronomie, France Radiation Budget in the Sahel Region Using ERBE and Meteosat E. Raschke University of Cologne, Federal Republic of Germany Ground Level Radiation Budget Components and Mean Cloudiness Garry E. Hunt University College London, London, United Kingdom Investigate Effects of Clouds, Water Vapor and Surface Parameters on Radiation Flux Measurements Stratospheric Aerosol and Gas Experiment II J. Lenoble University of Sciences and Techniques of Lille, France Data Retrieval Algorithms and Effect of Tropical Aerosols on Radiative Balance Theodore J. Pepin University of Wyoming, Laramie Instrument Characterization and Data Product Validation Gerald W. Grams Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta Development of Aerosol Optical Models Philip B. Russell SRI International, Menlo Park, Calif. Investigation of Aerosol Data Retrieval and Effect of Aerosols on Radiation Balance David Rind Columbia University, Palisades, N.Y. Investigation of Aerosol Transport Mechanisms Using Three-Dimensional Models Derek M. Cunnold Georgia Institute of Technology Ozone Data Product Formats and Ozone Chemistry Models

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M. Hirono Kyushu University, Japan Validation of Data Products by Comparison with Auxiliary Measurements

James D. Laver National Meteorological Center Investigations of Constituent Transport and Transient Phenomena

Giorgio Fiocco Instituto di Fisica dell'Atmosfera, Rome Investigation of Aerosols on Stratospheric Photochemistry and Radiation Balance

David G. Murcray University of Denver Investigation of Ozone and Nitrogen Dioxide Data Retrieval

## Halogen Occultation Experiment

John E. Harries National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, United Kingdom Correlative Measurements by Independent Unique Instruments

Walter G. Planet National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Environmental Satellite Service, Washington, D.C. Instrument Development Support and Data Retrieval

A. F. Tuck Meteorological Office, Bracknell, United Kingdom Use Measurements to Establish Model Validation and Limitations

John E. Frederick NASA Goddard Space Flight Center Investigation of Theories for Predicting Ozone Amount

Ralph J. Cicerone University of California, San Diego Investigation of Measurements Versus Model Predictions

Jae H. Park NASA Langley Research Center Instrument Development and Investigation of Stratospheric Transport Mechanisms

Wayne F. J. Evans Atmospheric Environment Service, Downsview, Canada Correlative Measurements to Verify Data Accuracy

S. Roland Drayson University of Michigan, Ann Arbor Instrument Development and Data Inversion and Accuracy

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