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A RAPID PERTURBATION PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING NONLINEAR FLOW SOLUTIONS: APPLICATION TO TRANSONIC TURBOMACHINERY FLOWS

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SUMMARY

An investigation was conducted to develop perturbation procedures and associated computational codes for determining nonlinear flow solutions, with the objective of establishing a method for minimizing computational requirements associated with parametric studies of transonic flows in turbomachines. The theoretical analysis involved the development of a rapid method for calculating first-order changes in nonlinear flow solutions due to variations of an arbitrary geometrical or flow parameter.

The procedure developed and evaluated, referred to as the direct correction method, was found to be capable of determining highly accurate approximations to families of strongly nonlinear solutions which are either continuous or discontinuous, and which represent variations in some arbitrary parameter. method consists of defining a unit perturbation by employing two nonlinear solutions which differ from one another by a nominal change in some geometric or flow parameter, and then using that unit perturbation to predict a family of related nonlinear solutions over a range of parameter variation. Coordinate straining is used in determining the unit perturbation to account for the movement of discontinuities and maxima of highgradient regions due to the perturbation. While simultaneous multiple-parameter perturbations can be treated by the method, the theoretical development and results presented in this initial study are for the single-parameter perturbation problem.

Although the procedure is generally applicable, the results reported here have been directed toward nonlinear aerodynamic applications. Attention is focused in particular on transonic

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flows which are strongly supercritical and exhibit large surface shock movement over the parametric range studied; and on subsonic flows which display large pressure variations in the stagnation and peak suction pressure regions. Flows past both isolated airfoils and compressor cascades involving a wide variety of flow and geometry parameter changes are reported. Comparisons with the corresponding 'exact' nonlinear solutions indicate a remarkable accuracy and range of validity of such a procedure. Computational time of the method, beyond the determination of the base solutions, is trivial.

1. INTRODUCTION

Given the remarkable growth in capability of advanced computational methods for the determination of a spectrum of nonlinear phenomena in such diverse disciplines as fluid dynamics, structures, and nuclear physics to name just a few a capability which has already made many difficult calculations routine and which is certain to improve in the future - it is apparent that a need exists for complementary methods capable of alleviating, at least in part, the usage limitations imposed on these methods by their run times. The need becomes particularly compelling when large numbers of related cases are required as in parametric or design studies. Techniques such as direct acceleration procedures provide an important means of reducing computer time by improving computational efficiency of the solution algorithm, but these and similar methods, which enhance the solution algorithm itself, represent only a partial answer. What is most desirable is a means to minimize the actual number of separate calculations required in a particular application by extending, over some parametric range, the usefulness of each individual solution determined by these computationally expensive procedures.

Consequently, the basic motivation underlying this study is to extend the usefulness of such numerical solutions computed for specific turbomachinery configurations and flow conditions with a view toward reducing the computational requirements now necessary. The nature of the present investigation is both exploratory and developmental in the sense that aspects of the procedure such as validity, range of application, and economy will be investigated, and a computational code embodying all the results of the study will be developed.

Two fundamental methods for accomplishing such a perturbation procedure are available: a classical approach involving posing and solving linear perturbation equations; and a direct correction method employing two or more nonlinear base solutions. In this report, both of these methods are discussed; and an evaluation of the latter method, based on a large number of different applications, is made.

A crucial aspect of such perturbation methods is their ability to accurately treat regions where either discontinuities or high gradients exist. For the results presented here coordinate straining is introduced as a means of accounting properly for the displacement of discontinuities due to an arbitrary change in some solution parameter. This is shown to result in highly accurate perturbation predictions in the vicinity of the discontinuity. That idea has also been extended to improve predictions in the vicinity of other high-gradient regions.

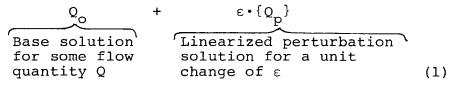
Although the procedures developed are generally applicable, the specific results reported here are for aerodynamic applications. Since one of the primary objectives of this study was to provide a definitive proof-of-concept of such a perturbation method, a large variety of perturbation results based on transonic small-disturbance and full potential solutions were studied and are presented for nonlinear subsonic and transonic flows past both isolated airfoils and compressor cascades. In order to enable a critical evaluation of the range of validity and accuracy of the straining procedure, emphasis was placed on transonic flows which are strongly supercritical and exhibit large surface shock movement over the parametric range studied; and on subsonic flows which display large pressure variations in the stagnation and peak suction pressure regions.

ANALYSIS

2.1 Perturbation Concept and Methods

The basic hypothesis underlying the present procedure is that a range of solutions in the vicinity of a previously determined or base solution can be calculated to first-order accuracy in the incremental change of the varied parameter by determining a linearized unit perturbation solution $\mathbf{Q}_{\mathbf{p}}$ defined according to the relation

Approximate solution for conditions differing from those of the base solution by an amount characterized by ε



The effectiveness of such a method, of course, depends upon the ability of the relationship defined by equation (1) to remain accurate over a range ϵ of practical significance, and the fact that the unit perturbation Q_p need be determined only once. The significance of the unit perturbation Q_p is obvious. It represents the local rate of change of the base flow solution Q_p with respect to the particular quantity, say q_p perturbed; that is $Q_p = \left(\frac{\partial Q}{\partial p} \right)_0$.

Two generic methods exist for determining Q_p , each differing in philosophy and having its own particular strengths and weaknesses. We refer to these methods simply as the linear perturbation equation method and the direct correction method.

The linear perturbation equation method represents the classical approach for performing a perturbation analysis and proceeds by establishing and solving a linear differential equation for the perturbation. Although in the present application, we confine out interest solely to the first-order term, the complete procedure represents a rational approximation scheme capable of continuation to any order. The method proceeds by expanding the dependent variables in an ascending power series in the incremental change ϵ of the varied parameter, inserting that representation into the full governing equations and then assembling the result into a corresponding series of linear equations in ascending orders in ϵ . Higher-order solutions

in general depend on both base flow plus lower-order solutions. Determination of the appropriate boundary conditions is done in a similar fashion.

The power of the linear perturbation equation method is that it requires the calculation of only one nonlinear base solution. With that information, any number of individual perturbations can then be calculated, subject to the particular governing linear partial differential equations and boundary conditions The disadvantages are that each perturbation which apply. problem must be posed individually, including differential equations and boundary conditions. Furthermore, it may be necessary to simplify the governing equations and boundary conditions to a point where they can be solved rapidly relative to rerunning the base flow procedure. Moreover, the perturbation solutions themselves may be quite sensitive to the base flow solutions which usually enter into the perturbation problem through the differential equation and sometimes through the boundary conditions as well.

The fundamental limitation of the method is the restriction of the range over which the perturbation procedure remains valid to a linear one. Since this characteristic depends upon the local behavior of the base flow with respect to the varied parameter, no general statement regarding range of validity is possible. Typical behavior for a given class of flows must be ascertained by checks with the base flow procedure. Initially unknown at the outset of an application with this technique, then, are the accuracy requirements imposed on the base solution by the perturbation procedure and the range of parameter variation over which the linear assumption is valid.

For the alternative method, the perturbation solution per unit change of the varied parameter, Qp, is determined simply by differencing two nonlinear base flow solutions removed from one another by some nominal change of a particular flow or geometrical quantity. A unit perturbation solution is then obtained by dividing that result by the change in the perturbed quantity. Related solutions are determined by multiplying the unit perturbation by the desired parameter change and adding that result to the base flow solution. This simple procedure, however, only works directly for continuous flows for which the perturbation change does not alter the solution domain. those perturbations which change the flow domain, coordinate stretching (usually obvious) is necessary to insure proper definition of the unit perturbation solution. Similarly, for discontinuous flows, coordinate straining is necessary to account for movement of discontinuities due to the perturbation solution.

The attractiveness of the correction method is that it is not restricted to a linear variation range but rather replaces the nonlinear variation between two base solutions with a linear

fit. This de-emphasizes the dependence and sensitivity inherent in the linear perturbation equation method on the local rate of change of the base flow solution with respect to the varied quantity. For many applications, particularly at transonic speeds, the flow is highly sensitive, and the linear range of parameter variation can be sufficiently small to be of no practical use. Furthermore, other than the approximation of a linear fit between two nonlinear base solutions, the direct correction method is not restricted by further approximations with respect to the governing differential equations and boundary conditions. Rather, it retains the full character of the original methods used to calculate the base flow solutions. importantly, no perturbation differential equations have to be posed and solved, only algebraic ones. In fact, it isn't even necessary to know the exact form of the perturbation equation, only that it can be obtained by some systematic procedure and that the perturbations thus defined will behave in some 'generally appropriate' fashion so as to permit a logical perturbation analysis. For situations involving perturbations of physical parameters, such as reported here, the governing perturbation equations are usually transparent, or at least readily derivable. Finally, in applying this method it isn't necessary to work with primitive variables; rather the procedure can be applied directly to the final quantity desired.

The primary disadvantage of this method is that two base solutions are required for each parameter perturbation considered. Furthermore, both flows must be topologically similar, i.e., discontinuities or other characteristic features must be present in both base solutions used to establish the unit perturbation.

2.2 Previous Applications

Detailed studies of the linear perturbation equation method to sensitive transonic flows, with a view toward testing the method as an effective tool for reducing computational requirements, have not been done. The primary reason is that such studies quickly become overwhelming. Each perturbation problem must be posed individually, subject to its own particular governing equations and boundary conditions; and then a separate computational code for the perturbation established. Generally, the governing equations and boundary conditions of the perturbation, even though they are linear, are more involved than those for the base solution. Additionally, the computational and convergence characteristics can pose similar or additional problems from those of the base flow procedure.

In an attempt to examine some of these problems for transonic applications in at least a preliminary fashion, an application of the linear perturbation equation method to

transonic turbomachinery flows was made in reference 1. The conclusions obtained from that study were that reasonable results could be anticipated from the method for blade geometry changes, such as blade thickness and angle of attack. Less satisfactory results were obtained for perturbation changes in overall quantities, such as blade spacing and free-stream Mach number, a result that could be anticipated a priori since such perturbations alter the basic character of the flow more rapidly. most significant conclusion of that study was the demonstration of the primary limitation of the linear perturbation equation method. That is, for sensitive flows such as occur in transonic situations, the basic linear variation assumption fundamental to the technique is sufficiently restrictive that the permissible range of parameter variation becomes so small as to be of limited Some preliminary applications of the direct practical use. correction method, however, displayed a significantly wider range of perturbation solution validity, in particular for strongly supercritical flows when coordinate straining was employed to account for shock movement.

2.3 Coordinate Straining

The concept of employing coordinate straining to remove nonuniformities from perturbation solutions of nonlinear problems is well established and originally suggested by Lighthill (ref. 2) three decades ago. The basic idea of the technique is that a straightforward perturbation solution may possess the appropriate form, but not quite at the appropriate location. The procedure is to strain slightly the coordinates by expanding them as well as the dependent variables in an asymptotic series. It is often unnecessary to actually solve for the straining. It can generally be established by inspection. The final uniformly valid solution is then found in implicit form, with the strained coordinate appearing as a parameter.

In the original applications of the method (ref. 3), it was applied in the 'classical' sense; that is, series expansions of the dependent and independent variables in ascending powers in some small parameter were inserted into the full governing equation and boundary conditions, and the individual terms of the series determined. An ingenious variation in the application of the method was made by Pritulo (ref. 4) who demonstrated that if a perturbation solution in unstrained coordinates has been determined and found to be nonuniform, the coordinate straining required to render that solution uniformily valid can be found by employing straining directly in the known non-uniform solution, and then solving algebraic rather than differential equations. The idea of introducing strained coordinates a posteriori has since been applied to a variety of different problems (see ref. 3), and forms the basis of the current applications.

The fundamental idea underlying coordinate straining as it relates to the application of perturbation methods to supercritical transonic flows is illustrated geometrically in figure 1. In the upper plot on the left, two typical transonic pressure distributions are shown for a highly supercritical flow about a nonlifting symmetric profile. The distributions can be regarded as related nonlinear flow solutions separated by a nominal change in some geometric or flow parameter. area between the solutions represents the perturbation result that would be obtained by directly differencing the two solutions. We observe that the perturbation so obtained is small everywhere except in the region between the two shock waves, where it is fully as large as the base solutions themselves. This clearly invalidates the perturbation technique in that region and most probably somewhat ahead and behind it as well. The key idea of a procedure for correcting this, pointed out by Nixon (refs. 5,6), is first to strain the coordinates of one of the two solutions in such a fashion that the shock waves align, as shown in the upper plot on the right of figure 1, and then determine the unit perturbation. Equivalently, this can be considered as maintaining the shock wave location invariant during the perturbation process, and assures that the unit perturbation remains small both at and in the vicinity of the shock wave. Obviously, shock points are only one of a number of characteristic high-gradient locations such as stagnation points, maximum suction pressure points, etc., in which the accuracy of the perturbation solution can degrade The plots in the lower left part of the figure 1 indicate such a situation and display typical transonic pressure distributions which contain multiple shocks and high-gradient Simultaneously straining at all these locations, as indicated in the lower right plot, serves to minimize the unit perturbation over the entire domain considered, and provides the key to maximizing the range of validity of the perturbation method.

2.4 Theoretical Formulation for Single-Parameter Perturbations

In order to provide the theoretical essentials of the correction method, consider the formulation of the procedure at the level of the full potential equation, as most of the results presented here are based on that level. We denote the operator L acting on the velocity potential Φ as that which results in the two-dimensional full potential equation for Φ , i.e.

$$L[\Phi] = 0 \tag{2}$$

If we now expand the potential in terms of zero- and higherorder components in order to account for the variation of some arbitrary geometrical or flow parameter q

and then insert this into the governing equation (2), expand the result, order the equations into zero- and first-order components, and make the obvious choice of expansion parameter $\varepsilon = \Delta q$, we obtain the following governing equations for the zero-and first-order components

$$L[\Phi_{O}] = 0$$

$$L[\Phi_{1}] + \frac{\partial}{\partial Q} L[\Phi_{O}] = 0$$
(4)

Here L_1 is a linear operator whose coefficients depend on zero-order quantities and $\partial L[\Phi]/\partial q$ represents a 'forcing'term due to the perturbation. Actual forms of L_1 and the 'forcing' term are provided in reference 1 for a variety of flow and geometry parameter perturbations of a two-dimensional turbomachine, and in reference 7 for profile shape perturbations of an isolated airfoil. An important point regarding equation (4) for the first-order perturbation Φ_1 is that the equation represents a unit perturbation independent of the actual value of the perturbation quantity ϵ .

Appropriate account of the movement of discontinuities and maxima of high-gradient regions due to the perturbation is now accomplished by the introduction of strained coordinates (s,t) in the form

$$x = s + \varepsilon x_{1}(s,t)$$

$$y = t + \varepsilon y_{1}(s,t)$$
(5)

where

$$x_{1}(s,t) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \delta x_{i} x_{1}(s,t)$$

$$y_{1}(s,t) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \delta y_{i} y_{1}(s,t)$$

$$(6)$$

and $\varepsilon \delta x_i$, $\varepsilon \delta y_i$ represents individual displacements of the N strained points, and $x_{l\,i}(s,t)$, $y_{l\,i}(s,t)$ are straining functions associated with each of the N strained points. Introducing the strained coordinate equations (5) and (6) into the expansion formulation leaves the zero-order result in equation (4) unchanged, but results in a change of the following form for the perturbation

$$L_1[\Phi_1] + L_2[\Phi_0] + \frac{\partial}{\partial q} L[\Phi_0] = 0$$
 (7)

Here the operators are understood to be expressed in terms of the strained (s,t) coordinates, and the additional operator L_2 arises specifically from displacement of the strained points. In references 6 and 7, specific expressions for L_2 are provided for selected perturbations involving transonic small-disturbance and full potential equation formulations. The primary point, however, with regard to perturbation equation (7) expressed in strained coordinates is that it remains valid as before for a unit perturbation and independent of ϵ .

In employing the correction method, equation (7) for the unit perturbation is solved by taking the difference between two solutions obtained by the full nonlinear procedure after appropriately straining the coordinates. If we designate the two solutions for some arbitrary flow quantity Q as base \mathbf{Q}_{O} and calibration \mathbf{Q}_{C} , respectively, of the varied parameter, we have for the predicted flow at some new parameter value q (ref. 8)

$$Q(x,y) = Q_O(s,t) + \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon_O} [Q_C(\overline{x},\overline{y}) - Q_O(s,t)]$$
 (8)

where

$$\overline{x} = s + \varepsilon_{O} x_{1}(s,t)$$

$$\overline{y} = t + \varepsilon_{O} y_{1}(s,t)$$

$$x = s + \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon_{O}} [\overline{x}-s]$$

$$y = t + \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon_{O}} [\overline{y}-t]$$

$$\varepsilon_{O} = q_{C} - q_{O}$$

$$\varepsilon = q - q_{O}$$
(9)

In the following section, applications of the correction procedure are made to predict surface properties. Also provided are the particular forms of the straining functions equation (6) for those applications.

2.5 Current Applications: Surface Pressures

For the current applications, we have employed coordinate straining with the correction method to predict surface pressure distributions for a wide variety of single-parameter geometrical flow perturbations of isolated airfoils and cascades. In that instance where flow properties are required along some contour, the solutions can be represented by

$$Q(x;\varepsilon) \sim Q_{O}(s) + \varepsilon Q_{1}(s) + \dots$$

$$x \sim s + \varepsilon x_{1}(s) + \dots$$
(10)

where x is the independent variable measuring distance along the contour or a convenient projection of that distance, s is the strained coordinate, and ϵ a small parameter representing the change in some flow or geometrical variable which we wish to vary.

In order to determine the first-order corrections $Q_1(s)$, we require a base and calibration solution in which the calibration solution is determined by varying an arbitrary parameter q by some nominal amount from the base flow value.

In this way, the first-order correction $Q_1(s)$ can be determined as

$$Q_{1}(s) = \frac{Q_{C}(\overline{x}) - Q_{O}(s)}{q_{C} - q_{O}}$$
 (11)

where Q is the calibration solution corresponding to changing the parameter q to a new value $q_{\rm C}$, \overline{x} is the strained coordinate pertaining to the $Q_{\rm C}$ calibration solution, and $q_{\rm C}$ - $q_{\rm O}$ represents the change in the q parameter from its base flow value. If we now desire to keep invariant during the perturbation process a total of N points corresponding to discontinuities or high-gradient maxima, we can represent the solution by:

$$Q(x;\varepsilon) = Q_{O}(s) + \varepsilon Q_{1}(s)$$
 (12)

where

$$Q_{1}(s) = \frac{Q_{C}(\overline{x}) - Q_{O}(s)}{\varepsilon_{C}}$$
 (13)

$$\overline{x} = s + \sum_{i=1}^{N} \varepsilon_{c}(\delta x_{i}^{c}) \cdot x_{l_{i}}(s)$$
 (14)

$$x = s + \sum_{i=1}^{N} \varepsilon (\delta x_{i}^{c}) \cdot x_{1_{i}}(s)$$
 (15)

$$\varepsilon_{C} = q_{C} - q_{O} \tag{16}$$

$$\varepsilon = q - q_0 \tag{17}$$

$$\varepsilon_{C}(\delta x_{i}^{C}) = (x_{i}^{C} - x_{i}^{O})$$
 (18)

$$\varepsilon \left(\delta \mathbf{x}_{i}^{O}\right) = \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon_{C}} \left(\mathbf{x}_{1} - \mathbf{x}_{i}^{O}\right) \tag{19}$$

Here $\epsilon_{\rm C}(\delta {\rm x}_1^{\rm C})$ given in equation (18) represents the displacement of the ith invariant point in the calibration solution from its base flow location due to the selected change $\epsilon_{\rm C}$ in the q parameter given by equation (16), $\epsilon(\delta {\rm x}_1^{\rm C})$ given in equation (19) represents the predicted displacement of the ith invariant point from its base flow location due to the desired change ϵ in the q parameter given by equation (17), and ${}^{\rm X}{}_{1i}$ (s) is a unit-order straining function having the property that

$$x_{1_{\dot{1}}}(x_{k}^{0}) = \begin{cases} 1 & k = i \\ & & \\ 0 & k \neq i \end{cases}$$
 (20)

which assures alignment of the ith invariant point between the base and calibration solutions.

In addition to the single condition equation (20) on the straining function, it may be convenient or necessary to impose additional conditions at other locations along the contour. For example, it is usually necessary to hold invariant the end points along the contour, as well as to require that the straining vanish in a particular fashion in those locations. All of these conditions, however, do not serve to determine the straining uniquely. The nonuniqueness of the straining, nevertheless, can often be turned to advantage, either by selecting particularly simple classes of straining functions or by requiring the straining to satisfy further constraints convenient for a particular application. An example of the effect of employing two different straining functions for a strongly-supercritical flow was

provided in reference 6. Here we provide additional results demonstrating some of the limitations of various polynomial straining functions and provide some comparisons with piecewise-continuous functions. The particular classes of straining functions employed were continuous polynomial and linear piecewise-continuous. For these two classes, the functional forms of the straining can be compactly written. For example, equation (14) becomes, for continuous polynomial straining

$$\bar{x} = s + \sum_{i=2}^{N-1} L_i(s) \cdot (x_i^C - x_i^O)$$
 (21)

where L; are Lagrangian coefficients given by

$$L_{i}(s) = \prod_{\substack{k=1 \ k \neq i}}^{N} \frac{(s - x_{k}^{O})}{(x_{i}^{O} - x_{k}^{O})}$$
(22)

whereas for linear piecewise-continuous straining, \overline{x} is given by

$$\overline{x} = s + \sum_{i=2}^{N-1} \left\{ \frac{x_{i+1}^{O} - s}{x_{i+1}^{O} - x_{i}^{O}} \cdot (x_{i}^{C} - x_{i}^{O}) + \frac{s - x_{i}^{O}}{x_{i+1}^{O} - x_{i}^{O}} \cdot (x_{i+1}^{C} - x_{i+1}^{O}) \right\} H(x_{i+1}^{O} - s) \cdot H(s - x_{i}^{O})$$
(23)

where H denotes the Heaviside step function. As discussed above, it is usually necessary to hold invariant both of the end points along the contour in addition to the points corresponding to discontinuities or high-gradient maxima. Consequently, for the results reported here, the array of invariant points in the base and calibration solutions have been taken as

$$\mathbf{x}_{i}^{O} = \{0, \mathbf{x}_{1}^{O}, \mathbf{x}_{2}^{O}, \dots, \mathbf{x}_{n}^{O}, 1\}$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{i}^{C} = \{0, \mathbf{x}_{1}^{C}, \mathbf{x}_{2}^{C}, \dots, \mathbf{x}_{n}^{C}, 1\}$$
(24)

where the contour length has been normalized to unity. Figure 2 provides a summary of the various combinations of flows and straining functions employed.

RESULTS

One of the primary objectives of the present investigation is to explore the accuracy and range of validity of such perturbation procedures to determine to what extent they are capable of providing results useful in an engineering analysis. this end, we have tested the correction method with coordinate straining over a wide variety of different geometrical and flow condition perturbations, including applications to both isolated airfoils and compressor cascades. In particular, since the ability of the method to account accurately for the movement of discontinuities and maxima of high-gradient but continuous regions is essential if such procedures are to be of general use, emphasis was placed on transonic flows which are strongly supercritical and exhibit large surface shock movement over the parametric range studied. Base flow theoretical solutions were determined from small-disturbance transonic potential (ref. 9) and full potential solutions (refs. 10, 11, 12). In the results to follow, which were selected as typical from systematic calculations of a much larger number of cases, the choice of base and calibration solutions was often made at the limits of validity of the procedure to observe how well the method works under such conditions.

3.1 Perturbation Results for Supercritical Single-Shock Flows and Subcritical Flows

3.1.1 Supercritical applications. - In figure 3, we present results for a thickness-ratio perturbation of strongly supercritical flows past a nonlifting cascade of biconvex profiles at $M_m = 0.80$ having a spacing-to-chord ratio of H/C = 1.0. dotted and dashed results on the figure represent the base and calibration surface pressure distribution for $\tau = (0.075, 0.065)$, respectively, and were obtained by solving the transonic smalldisturbance potential equation using the code TSFOIL (ref. 9). An x-grid having 48 points on the blade profile was used. These solutions were then used to determine the unit perturbation. open circles represent the perturbation solution for $\tau = 0.073$ in the plot on the left and for $\tau = 0.070$ in the plot on the right. Those perturbation results are meant to be compared with the solid lines in the plots which are the corresponding nonlinear solutions obtained by rerunning TSFOIL at the new thickness Quadratic straining was used with shock point and leading ratios. and trailing edges held invariant. The base and calibration flow shock-point locations for this example, as well as for all of the supercritical cases presented here, were determined as the point where the pressure coefficient passed through critical with compressive gradient.

With regard to the results, several points are noteworthy. Selection of a cascade rather than an isolated airfoil provides a more sensitive transonic flow situation. Additionally, the choice of a highly supercritical base and almost subcritical calibration solution provides both an example of extreme separation between the two nonlinear solutions used to define the unit perturbation, as well as a situation where one solution is near the limits of validity of the perturbation analysis. Recall that both solutions must be topographically similar, i.e., must contain the same number of discontinuities (shocks) and other characteristic features.

We note that comparisons of the perturbation results with the nonlinear calculations are very satisfactory for both thickness ratios, with the only discrepancy being a slight disagreement at the lower thickness ratio ($\tau = 0.070$) at several points in the post-shock region. Additional calculations not presented here in which a more reasonable choice of calibration solution is made, say at $\tau = 0.070$, removes that discrepancy as well. The main point provided by the results of figure 3 is that for certain classes of supercritical flows even widely separated base solutions can be used to provide reasonable perturbation predictions.

In figure 4, we provide similar strongly supercritical results again for interpolation-only perturbation solutions, but in this instance on a somewhat finer grid. These results employed full potential base solutions (ref. 10), and represent thickness ratio perturbations of nonlifting symmetric free-air flows past NACA four-digit thickness-only airfoils at $M_{\infty} = 0.820$. The body-fitted mesh employed had 75 points on both upper and lower surfaces, which is half again as many as in the preceding example. For the base and calibration flows, the thickness ratios were $\tau = 0.120$ and 0.080, respectively. Comparisons between the perturbation predictions and the full nonlinear calculation are exhibited in figure 4 for $\tau = 0.110$, 0.105, 0.100, and 0.095. We note that the comparisons are remarkably good, in particular, in the region of the shock. The first-order perturbation accurately predicts both shock location and the post-shock expansion behavior. Reference to the coarser grid results given in figure 3 indicates that the finer grid resolution clearly enhances the perturbation result, indicating that better accuracy and a larger range of validity of the perturbation solutions can be anticipated when fine-grid base solutions are used to define the unit perturbation.

In the two preceding examples, perturbation results were provided for interpolation-only between widely spaced base and calibration solutions. In figure 5, we provide similar strongly supercritical thickness-ratio perturbation results for extreme solution extrapolation using very closely spaced base and calibration solutions (ref. 10). The upper plots display results

for extrapolation downward from base and calibration flows past nonlifting NACA 00XX profiles with $\tau = 0.115$ and 0.120 at $M_m = 0.820$. Perturbation predictions are shown for $\tau = 0.105$ and 0.100, which represent $\Delta \tau$ excursions from the base flow $(\tau = 0.115)$ that are two and three times the parameter change between the base and calibration solutions ($\Delta \tau = 0.005$) used to define the unit perturbation. For these results, comparisons with the full nonlinear calculations are very good. plots display similar results for extreme extrapolation upward from base and calibration solutions have $\tau = 0.095$ and 0.090. Perturbation predictions are shown for $\tau = 0.105$ and 0.110, which again represent excursions from the base flow that are two and three times the parameter change between the base and calibration solutions. In this instance, while comparisons of the perturbation results and the full nonlinear solutions for both cases are good, the results at $\tau = 0.110$ are beginning to display some not surprising discrepancies near the shock wave, indicating that the perturbation result is nearing the limit of its range of validity for this particular choice of base and calibration flows.

The results indicated in figure 5, however, clearly demonstrate that not only is accurate solution extrapolation possible, but that for some situations even closely spaced nonlinear solutions can be used to cover a wide range of related solutions. Additionally, the range of parameter variation in this example over which the perturbation results remain accurate - i.e., parameter changes three times the difference between the two nonlinear solutions used to define the unit perturbation - is remarkable, and far beyond what one would anticipate for a first-order correction.

Perturbation results using a more reasonable choice of base and calibration solutions are provided in figure 6. results involve Mach number perturbations of highly supercritical full potential (ref. 10) flows past a NACA 0012 airfoil at $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$. The base and calibration results are for $M_{m} = 0.800$ and 0.820, and the comparisons indicated are for perturbation results interpolated to $M_{\infty}=0.810$ and extrapolated downward to $M_{\infty}=0.790$. As in the case of the geometric perturbations given in figures 4 and 5, these perturbation results are also in very good agreement with the nonlinear calculations at the new Mach numbers. For this perturbation, as well as for a number of other Mach number perturbations, we have separately determined the perturbation result in two different ways. First, we have taken cognizance of the fact that a Mach number perturbation alters the governing differential equation for the first-order perturbation from that of other geometric or flow parameter changes; and have used the suggestion of reference 6 to consider such perturbations via a transonic small-disturbance approximation, whereby the same perturbation equation can be preserved by employing a modified expansion parameter ϵ . An alternative procedure is to treat a

Mach perturbation directly and interpret ϵ as the difference in Mach number. We have done these calculations and compared the perturbation results for a number of cases using both full potential solutions, as for the results shown in figure 6, and transonic small-disturbance solutions, and have observed no essential difference between the two sets of results. The perturbation results presented in figure 6 correspond to those for ϵ equal to the difference in Mach number.

All of the supercritical perturbation results presented in figures 3 to 6 have been for symmetric flows and have employed a quadratic straining function. In figure 7, we present results for an angle of attack perturbation of lifting flows past a NACA 0012 profile at $M_{\infty} = 0.70$. The full potential (ref. 10) base and calibration solutions are at $\alpha = 3.0^{\circ}$ and 4.0°, with comparisons of the perturbation and full nonlinear results shown for $\alpha = 3.5^{\circ}$ and 2.5° . Cubic straining has been used with the invariant points corresponding to the lower trailing edge, stagnation point, shock point, and the upper trailing edge (see fig. 2). We note that $\alpha = 3.5^{\circ}$, the perturbation results are very good everywhere, in particular, in the vicinity of the shock and At $\alpha = 2.5^{\circ}$, the perturbation results are still stagnation regions. very good in the shock and stagnation regions and on most of the upper and lower surface, but near the trailing edge a discrepancy has occurred. The cause of this discrepancy lies solely with the cubic straining function used. It is due to the fact that although the straining vanishes identically at the trailing edge, for the particular choice of base and calibration solutions in this example, the straining in the near vicinity of the trailing edge becomes sufficiently large to introduce a misalignment in the unit perturbation in that high-gradient region. The correction to this is discussed in the section describing piecewise-continuous straining functions.

3.1.2 Subcritical applications.— Although supercritical flows are clearly of central concern in any transonic analysis for which the perturbation methods presented here would be used, applications to subcritical nonlinear flows are also of significance. To this end, we have applied these same techniques to a variety of subcritical flows to examine their accuracy and range of validity for such applications.

In figure 8, we present some summary results for four different subcritical perturbation applications to an isolated airfoil. All of these results are based on full potential solutions (ref. 10) with quadratic straining holding invariant the stagnation point and the trailing edge points. The plot on the upper left displays comparisons for a camber line perturbation of a lifting flow with $M_{\infty} = 0.50$ and $\alpha = 2^{\circ}$ past an airfoil having a NACA 0012 thickness distribution and a parabolic-arc camber line having the maximum camber located at midchord. Base

and calibration flows with camber ratio h/c = 0.02 and 0.01 were used to extrapolate perturbation results to h/c = 0.05. Comparisons with the full result is essentially exact. The plot on the upper right provides similar results for a thickness-ratio perturbation of a lifting flow with $M_{\infty} = 0.50$ and $\alpha = 2.0^{\circ}$ past NACA 00XX thickness-only airfoils. Base and calibration flows with $\tau = 0.12$ and 0.04 were used to provide interpolation results at τ = 0.08. Again, the agreement is essentially exact even in the peak suction pressure region. The plot on the lower left provides angle-of-attack perturbation results for $M_{\infty} = 0.50$ flow past a NACA 0012 airfoil, using base/calibration results for $\alpha = 4.0^{\circ}$, 2.0° to predict results at $\alpha = 3.0$ °, with the agreement again being quite good. The final comparisons given in the plot on the lower left are for a Mach number perturbation of a lifting flow at $\alpha = 2^{\circ}$ past an airfoil having a NACA 0012 thickness distribution and a parabolic-arc camber line with camber ratio h/c = 0.03 at midchord. Base/calibration results at $M_{\infty} = 0.40$, 0.60 were used to predict results at $M_{\infty} = 0.55$, with good agreement with the full nonlinear calculation.

In figure 9, we present similar summary results for subcritical perturbation applications to a compressor cascade having a 4% biconvex thickness distribution and a 1% parabolic-arc camber line blade, a pitch of t/c = 0.37, and oncoming Mach number $M_m = 0.770$. These results are based on the full potential solution procedure of reference 11 and have also used quadratic straining to hold the trailing edge points and stagnation point invariant. The plots in the upper part of the figure represent an inflow angle perturbation, with base/calibration inflow angles $\beta_i = 47.8^{\circ}$, 49.8° used to predict extrapolation results in the plot on the left for $\beta_i=48.8^\circ$ and interpolation results in the plot on the right for $\beta_i=48.8^\circ$. In the lower left plot, interpolation results are displayed for an outflow angle perturbation with base/calibration outflow angles $\beta_0 = 31.5^{\circ}$, 39.5° used to predict the flow at $\beta_0 = 35.5^{\circ}$. The lower right plot provides interpolation results for a rotational speed perturbation with base/calibration rotational speeds $\omega = 967,667$ rad/sec used to predict the flow at $\omega = 827$ rad/sec. In all of these results, the perturbation results are good, including the regions near the leading and trailing edge where a peaky behavior due to local grid resolution is observed.

3.2 Comparison of Continuous and Piecewise-Continuous Straining Function Perturbation Results

The results presented in figures 10 to 13 illustrate the effect of using different straining functions to determine the perturbation results. Comparisons are provided for several strongly supercritical flows, demonstrating the differences in perturbation solutions between using quadratic and cubic straining

functions and corresponding piecewise-continuous straining functions.

Figure 10 displays a comparison for a symmetric supercritical thickness-ratio perturbation at $\tau = 0.110$ for which results based on quadratic straining were given in figure 4. figure the open circles denote the previously obtained perturbation results using quadratic straining, while the asterisks denote the corresponding result when using linear piecewise-continuous The points held invariant are the leading and trailing edges and the shock point. For this case there is virtually exact agreement everywhere between the two perturbation results as well as with the nonlinear result. An analogous comparison with a cubic straining result is provided in figure 11 where the invariant points are the lower trailing edge, stagnation point, shock point, and upper trailing edge. Displayed in that figure as open circles are the cubic-straining supercritical angle-of-attack perturbation results at $\alpha = 2.5$ ° which were previously given in figure 7. Asterisks denote the corresponding linear piecewise-continuous straining perturbation result. We note that the discrepancy near the trailing edge caused by the cubic straining has been effectively removed in the piecewise-continuous result. Moreover, the good agreement with the full nonlinear result which the cubic result displayed near the shock and stagnation regions, as well as over the remainder of the airfoil surface, is also obtained with the piecewise-continuous result.

Finally, we have found that when employing quadratic, cubic, and higher-order polynomials as straining functions, for certain combinations of base flow shock location and shock movement between base and calibration solutions, particularly when large shock movements are involved, the polynomial straining functions will strain some points off the airfoil surface. This, of course, invalidates the determination of the unit perturbation, and requires that a different straining function be employed. Piecewise-continuous straining functions provide a simple means of avoiding such difficulties.

In figures 12 and 13, we have provided examples illustrating this effect for both quadratic and cubic straining functions. Figure 12 provides a comparison of perturbation results obtained using quadratic (open circles) and linear piecewise-continuous (asterisks) straining applied to a supercritical Mach number perturbation for symmetric nonlifting flow past a NACA 0012 airfoil. Widely separated base/calibration flows (ref. 10) at $\rm M_{\infty}=0.820$ and 0.750 were used to predict the flow at $\rm M_{\infty}=0.810$. The spurious behavior near the leading edge displayed by the open circles is due to the quadratic function moving points in the strained calibration solution off the airfoil surface. The piecewise-continuous results indicated by the asterisks display a smooth variation in that region, and provide good agreement

everywhere with the full nonlinear result. Figure 13 provides a corresponding comparison for cubic straining. Angle-of-attack perturbation results at $\text{M}_{\infty}=0.70$ for flow past a NACA 0012 profile using base/calibration results (ref. 10) at $\alpha=2.25^{\circ}$ and 4.00° are used to predict the flow at $\alpha=3.25^{\circ}$. The unusual results displayed by the open symbols near the trailing edge indicate that the cubic function has strained points off the airfoil surface in that region. However, the linear piecewise-continuous result corrects that problem and displays good agreement with the nonlinear calculation in that region as well as at the shock and stagnation point.

3.3 Perturbation Applications to Complex Supercritical Flows

In order to provide a severe test of the perturbation procedure, we have applied the method to a number of transonic flows that are characterized by surface pressure distributions having multiple shock and/or high-gradient locations, such as those typified schematically in the lower plots of figure 1. Demonstration of the ability of the perturbation method to predict accurately such classes of flows, which are typical of those encountered in certain transonic turbomachinery applications, is crucial to the present study. In order to accomplish such a demonstration, we have investigated two separate classes of sensitive supercritical transonic flows, i.e. those with multiple-shock waves, and those having a single shock together with multiple high-gradient regions. Examples of perturbation results for such flows are provided below.

Multi-Shock Supercritical Flows. - In figure 14, we present results for an angle-of-attack perturbation of supercritical lifting flows past a NACA 0012 profile at $M_m = 0.80$. These highly sensitive flows exhibit two shocks, one on each the upper and lower surface. The full potential (ref. 10) base and calibration flows employed are at $\alpha = 0.50^{\circ}$ and 0.20°, with comparisons of the perturbation and full nonlinear results shown for $\alpha = 0.0^{\circ}$, 0.1° , 0.4° , and 0.6° . Piecewise-continuous linear straining has been used with the invariant points corresponding to the lower trailing edge, lower surface shock point, stagnation point, upper surface shock point, and upper trailing edge (see fig. 2). We note that the symmetrical extrapolation result at $\alpha = 0.0^{\circ}$ is separately predicted from both the upper surface and lower surface pressure distributions, and, as can be seen, the results are quite good. The remaining results at $\alpha = 0.1^{\circ}$, 0.4° , and 0.6°, which represent both extrapolation and interpolation from the base and calibration flows, are in excellent agreement with the full nonlinear result. As an indication of the sensitivity of these flows, we have found that the lower surface shock

disappears at an angle of attack of approximately 0.8°; yet the lower surface pressure distribution is well predicted by the perturbation result over the parametric range studied.

Supercritical Compressor Cascade Flows. - As an example of the ability of the method to predict a complex supercritical flow, in figure 15 we provide results for oncoming Mach number perturbation of supercritical flows past a cascade composed of Jose Sanz (ref. 12) profiles. For these results, the oncoming and exit flow angles are 30.81° and 0.09°, respectively, the blade twist is 9.33°, while the gap to chord ratio The full potential (ref. 12) base and calibration flow is 1.028. oncoming Mach numbers are $M_m = 0.77$ and 0.81, with comparisons of perturbation and full nonlinear results shown at $M_m = 0.75$, 0.79, 0.89, and 0.83. Piecewise-continuous linear straining was employed with invariant points at the lower trailing-edge, stagnation point, shock point and upper trailing edge. As with the multiple-shock example shown in figure 14, we note that the perturbation predictions are in excellent agreement with the nonlinear results. In particular, we note that the perturbation procedure captures the variation of the plateau-like pressure distribution on the upper surface near the leading edge, the location and strength of the shock, the post-shock expansion region, the rapid expansion near the trailing edge, and the expansion on the lower surface near the stagnation point, indicating a capability for treating very general flow situations.

4. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

An evaluation has been made of a perturbation procedure for determining highly accurate approximations to families of nonlinear solutions which are either continuous or discontinuous, and which represent variations in some arbitrary parameter. procedure employs a unit perturbation, determined from two nonlinear solutions which differ from one another by a nominal change in some geometric or flow parameter, to predict a family or related nonlinear solutions. Coordinate straining is used in determining the unit perturbation in order to account properly for the motion of discontinuities and maxima of highgradient regions. Extensive perturbation calculations based on full potential nonlinear solutions have been carried out. These calculations cover a variety of flow and goemetric parameter perturbations involving isolated airfoils and compressor cascades at both subsonic and transonic flow conditions. Particular emphasis was placed on supercritical transonic flows which exhibit large surface shock movements over the parameter range studied; and on subsonic flows which display large pressure variations in the stagnation and peak suction pressure regions. Perturbation results for single-parameter perturbations, characterized by both extreme solution interpolation using widely separated base flow solutions and extreme solution extrapolation using closely spaced based flow solutions, were obtained in order to determine the accuracy and range of validity Additionally, calculation of perturbation results of the method. were made to investigate the effectiveness of employing piecewise-continuous straining functions rather than polynomial (quadratic, cubic, quartic) functions. Multi-shock and other complex flow situations were studied in order to examine the capability for treating general transonic flows.

Comparisons of the perturbation results with the corresponding 'exact' nonlinear solutions indicate a remarkable accuracy and range of validity of the perturbation method across the spectrum of examples reported. Geometry and flow parameter perturbations are treatable with equal success. Solution interpolation and extrapolation are both feasible. Results evaluating the polynomial and piecewise-continuous straining functions indicate that the piecewise-continuous functions are superior. The latter class of straining functions eliminate both the problem of unwanted straining in the domain of interest, as well as the problem of spurious straining out of the domain. Finally, it was demonstrated that this procedure can successfully treat flows containing multiple shocks and high-gradient regions by simultaneously straining all of these characteristic points. Computational time of the method, beyond the determination of the base solutions, is trivial. A code encompassing these developments has been written for the single-parameter perturbation problem

and is included as part of this report. Based on these results, we conclude that such a perturbation procedure can provide a means for substantially reducing computational requirements in design studies or other applications where large numbers of related nonlinear solutions are needed. Further development is needed, however, to provide a computational tool of wide utility. Because of the practical need in design or parametric studies to consider variations in several parameters simultaneously, we suggest the development of the capability for multiple-parameter perturbations, making full use of the current developments of the single parameter procedure. That procedure should incorporate a limiting-parameter calculation whereby the parameter bounds with respect to each varied parameter are determined. Finally, in order to demonstrate their ultimate power and utility, these procedures should now be tested by actual application to a practical problem which involves the high-frequency use of expensive computational codes in order to determine a large number of related flow solutions. We suggest transonic turbomachinery blade design optimization studies as both feasible and of high current importance.

APPENDIX A - USER'S MANUAL FOR COMPUTER PROGRAM PERTURB

A.1 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this appendix is to describe the operation of the computer code which was developed in conjunction with the theoretical work presented in this report, and to provide sufficient detail to permit convenient use and change of the program. The program computes and plots an arbitrary flow variable on a contour surface by employing the strained-coordinate perturbation method previously discussed. The plot package included in this version refers to system routines at the Stanford University Center for Information Processing facility. In general, the plotting software must be supplied by the user according to the requirements of his operating system. This can be accomplished directly by replacing or modifying the subroutines PLOT, LIMITS, and ROUND.

A description of the general operating procedure of the program is given, together with complete description of both input and output. The program is written in FORTRAN IV and has been developed on an IBM 3033 computer. Typical run times are 1 to 3 seconds. The storage requirements are $50K_{10}$.

A.2 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The program calculates both continuous and discontinuous nonlinear perturbation solutions which represent a single-parameter change in either geometry or flow conditions by employing a strained-coordinate procedure. The method utilizes a unit perturbation, determined from two previously calculated solutions ('base' and 'calibration' solutions) obtained from an 'expensive' computational procedure and displaced from one another by some reasonable change in geometry or flow variable, to predict new nonlinear solutions over a range of parameter variation.

This version of the procedure is configured to predict and plot an arbitrary flow variable (e.g., pressure coefficient) on the surface of a blade or airfoil, and can account for the motion of:

- one or more critical points (shock points),
- 2. a stagnation point,
- 3. a maximum-suction-pressure point,

or simultaneously for any combination of these.

The program is also configured to compare the perturbation-predicted solutions with the corresponding 'exact' solutions obtained by employing the same 'expensive' computational procedure used to determine the base and calibration solutions.

The coordinate straining employed is piecewise linear with the end points and up to six interior points held invariant. At the option of the user, these additional interior points may be arbitrarily preselected, or chosen from among the minimum, maximum, and critical points automatically located by the program itself.

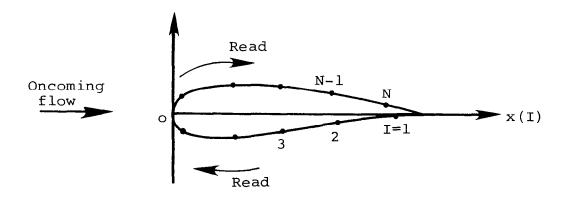
Critical or shock points are located on the basis of a user-supplied statement function defining the critical value of the dependent variable as a function of some single flow variable. The program default is with dependent variable y defined as pressure coefficient, with the independent variable being Mach number. In this case, the critical value is defined as

$$y_{\text{crit}} = c_{\text{p}}^{\star} = \frac{2}{\gamma M_{\infty}^{2}} \left[\left(\frac{2 + (\gamma - 1) M_{\infty}^{2}}{\gamma + 1} \right) \frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1} - 1 \right]$$
 (A-1)

where γ is the ratio of specific heats. If instead of surface pressure coefficient, the surface velocity distribution were used, then the value of $\gamma_{\mbox{crit}}$ would be given by

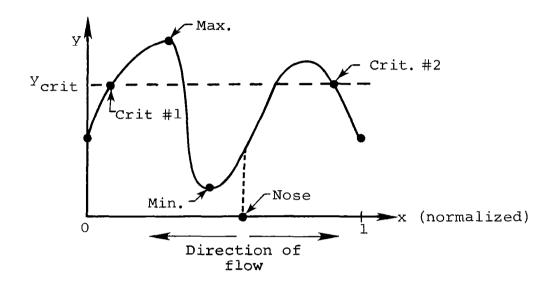
$$y_{\text{crit}} = \frac{V^*}{V_{\infty}} = \left(\frac{\gamma + 1}{2 + (\gamma - 1)M_{\infty}^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma - 1}}.$$
 (A-2)

Data for base, calibration, and comparison solutions (if available) are input as an array x(I) of coordinates and a corresponding array y(I) giving the dependent variable at each coordinate location, where $1 \leq I \leq N$ and $N \leq 200$.



The leading edge is at x=0; the data are read in beginning on the lower surface at the point farthest from the leading edge and proceeding clockwise around the surface as shown in the sketch. Data for the different solutions need not correspond to identical locations on the surface, except for the initial and final points, i.e., x(1) and x(N) must be the same for all cases. The program normalizes the x coordinates $(0 \le x \le 1)$ such that x=0 corresponds to I=1 and x=1 to $I=\overline{N}$.

The base and calibration solutions are searched for minimum, maximum, and critical points, e.g.,

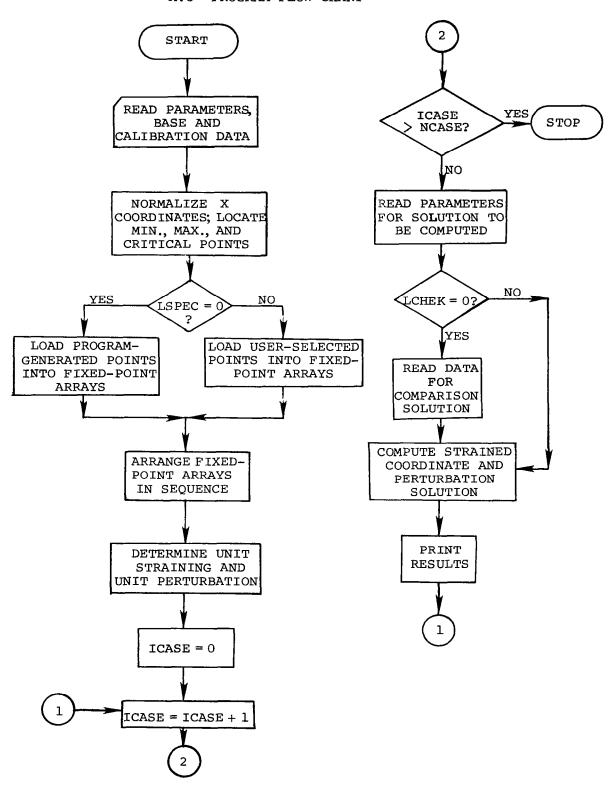


Note that the sign of dy/dx in physical coordinates is used in determining the critical points. For example, both critical points indicated on the above figure correspond to dy/dx > 0 in physical coordinates, since at point #1 the physical coordinate increases in the direction from right to left, whereas at point #2 it increases from left to right.

The points to be held invariant in straining are either selected from among those located by the program or individually specified by the user, after which the unit coordinate straining and unit perturbation are computed.

Data for the test cases is then read in and nonlinear perturbation solutions constructed from the unit perturbation.

A.3 PROGRAM FLOW CHART



A.4 DICTIONARY OF INPUT VARIABLES

A Scaling parameter in straining procedure. A = -x(1), where x(1) is location of first data point on lower surface (see PROGRAM DESCRIPTION).

B Scaling parameter in straining procedure. B = x(N), where x(N) is location of last data point on upper surface (see PROGRAM DESCRIPTION).

LCHEK Specifies whether or not perturbation solution is to be compared with an exact solution.

LCHEK = 0 ... no comparison LCHEK = 1 ... comparison

LECHO Controls whether or not input deck is printed.

LECHO = 0 ... no print LECHO = 1 ... print

- LOCO(I) Array of length 6 containing subscripts of user-specified invariant points in base solution; operational only when LSPEC = 1.
- LOC1(I) Array of length 6 containing subscripts of user-specified invariant points in calibration solution; operational only when LSPEC = 1.
- LPERT Specifies type of perturbation; operational only when LCHEK = 1 and only affects output from plot subroutine.

LPERT = 1 ... thickness-ratio perturbation LPERT = 2 ... angle-of-attack perturbation LPERT = 3 ... Mach-number perturbation

- LSELCT(I) Array of length 6 of which NSELCT elements are read in; operational only when LSPEC = 0, and specifies nature of points to be held invariant according to the code:
 - 1 ... minimum point held invariant
 - 2 ... maximum point held invariant
 - 3 ... 1st critical point held invariant
 - 4 ... 2nd critical point held invariant
 - 5 ... 3rd critical point held invariant
 - 6 ... 4th critical point held invariant

Note that critical point ordering is determined from order of occurrence starting at the lower surface at the point furthest from the leading edge and proceeding clockwise around the surface (see PROGRAM DESCRIPTION).

Note that the code numbers can be assigned in any order, e.g.,

LSELCT(1) = 1 LSELCT(1) = 4 LSELCT(2) = 3 and LSELCT(2) = 1 LSELCT(3) = 4 LSELCT(3) = 3

are equivalent, both corresponding to NSELCT = 3, with the minimum, and first and second critical points held invariant.

LSPEC Controls how invariant points in straining are specified.

LSPEC = 0 ... invariant points selected from among those located by the program, using the array LSELCT(I)

LSPEC = 1 ... invariant points preselected by user, using the arrays LOCO(I), LOC1(I)

LUNIT Controls whether or not unit coordinate straining and unit perturbation are printed.

LUNIT = 0 ... no print LUNIT = 1 ... print

M0,M1,M2 Oncoming Mach numbers in base, calibration, and perturbation solutions.

N Number of locations for which data are input for base, calibration, and comparison solutions.

NAME Character string of length 2 which symbolizes dependent variable, e.g., "CP" for pressure coefficient.

NCASE Number of cases for which perturbation solutions are to be computed.

NSELCT Number of points (in addition to end points) to be held invariant in straining; note: 1 < NSELCT < 6.

Q0,Q1,Q2 Values of perturbation parameter in base, calibration, and perturbation solutions.

TITLE Character string of length 80; identifies job and is printed as headline on first page of output.

XBASE(I), XCALB(I), XCHEK(I)...

Arrays of surface coordinates in base, calibration, and comparison solutions.

YBASE(I), YCALB(I), YCHEK(I)...

Arrays of dependent variables in base, calibration, and comparison solutions.

A.5 PREPARATION OF INPUT DATA

A.5.1 Description of Input

- Item 1 One card, containing the parameters N, NCASE, LSPEC, LECHO, LUNIT, LCHEK, LPERT.
- Item 2 One card, containing either
 - (a) NSELCT, (LSELCT(I), I=1, NSELCT)
 - (b) NSELCT, (LOCO(I), I=1,NSELCT), (LOC1(I), I=1,NSELCT)

where (a) and (b) correspond to LSPEC = 0 and LSPEC = 1, respectively.

- Item 3 One card, containing the character string TITLE.
- Item 4 One card, containing the character string NAME.
- Item 5 One card, containing the scaling parameters A and B.
- Item 6 One card, containing MO(real) and QO.
- Item 7 One set of K cards, where K = 1 + INT(N/8), containing data for x coordinate in base solution.
- Item 8 One set of K cards, K as above, containing data for dependent variable in base solution.
- Item 9 One card, containing Ml(real) and Ql.
- Item 10 One set of K cards, K as above, containing data for x coordinate in calibration solution.
- Item 11 One set of K cards, K as above, containing data for dependent variable in calibration solution.

- Item 12 One card, containing M2(real) and Q2.
- Item 13 One set of K cards, K as above, containing data for x coordinate in comparison solution. This item is required only when LCHEK = 1.
- Item 14 One set of K cards, K as above, containing data for dependent variable in comparison solution. This item is required only when LCHEK = 1.
- Note: Items 12-14 are required, in sequence, as many times as specified by NCASE.

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Variable	N	NCASE	LSPEC	LECHO	LUNIT	LCHEK	LPERT
Card column	5	10	15	20	25	30	35
Format type	I	I	I	I	I	I	I

I

Item no. 2a (LSPEC = 0): 1 card

_ LSE	LCT (NSELCT)	1
*		1
25	30	35

Variab	ole
Card o	column
Format	type

	NSELCT	LSELCT(1)	LSELCT(2)		<i>y</i>			1
ı	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	7
:	I	I	I	I	I			\Box

Item no. 2b (LSPEC = 1): 1 card Variable NSELCT LOC0(1)

I

_ LOCO (NSELCT)			_ LOC	l (NSELCT)	
V		LOC1(1)		V	
	20	25	30	35	
_		1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Format type

Card column

Item no. 3: 1 card

Varia	able
Card	column

Variable			TJ	TLE	_			
Card column	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Format type				A				

Item no. 4: 1 card

Variable	NAME	7
Card column	2	
Format type	A	

Item no. 5:

Varia	able
Card	column
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n	10	20	
e	F	F	

10

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Item no. 6: l card

Variable	M 0	Q0	
Card column	10	20	}
Format type	F	F	

<u>ltem no. /</u> :	K carus,	K = T + TN	T(N/8), 8	<u>values per</u>	card			
Variable	XBASE(1)	XBASE(2)	XBASE(3)					
Card column	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Format type	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

Item no. 8: K cards, K as above, 8 values per card

Variable	YBASE(1)	YBASE(2)	YBASE(3)					
Card column	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Format type	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

Item no. 9: 1 card

Variable	Ml	Ql	
Card column	_10	20	
Format type	F	F	

Item no. 10: K cards, K as above, 8 values per card

Variable	XCALB(1)	XCALB(2)	XCALB(3)					
Card column	_10	20	30	40	_50	_60	70	80
Format type	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

Item no. 11: K cards, K as above, 8 values per card

			<u>, </u>					
Variable	YCALB(1)	YCALB(2)	YCALB(3)				L	
Card column	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Format type	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

Item no. 12: 1 card

Variable	M2	Q2	
Card column	10	20	
Format type	F	F	

Item no. 13: K cards, K = 1 + INT(N/8), 8 values per card

Variable	XCHEK(1)	XCHEK(2)	XCHEK(3)					
Card column	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Format type	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

Item no. 14: K cards, K as above, 8 values per card

			·	-				
Variable	YCHEK(1)	YCHEK(2)	YCHEK(3)					
Card column	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
Format type	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

A.6 DESCRIPTION OF OUTPUT

The first output item consists of a banner page, and the card images of the input data, the latter only if LECHO = 1.

The second item is a page headed by the job title, listing:

- 1. the input parameters relevant to the actual calculation;
- 2. the critical values of the dependent variable;
- 3. the locations of the minimum, maximum, and critical points found by the program;
- 4. the straining points selected;
- 5. the invariant points.

Results for unit straining of XBASE, and unit perturbation of the dependent variable are the third item output; this is done only if LUNIT = 1.

The fourth item (repeated for each case computed) summarizes the results of the calculation. The Mach number, the value of the perturbation parameter, and the critical value of the dependent variable are printed first, followed by the locations of the minimum, maximum, and critical points in the perturbation solution and comparison solution (if any). Then follows a table listing XBASE, YBASE, XCALB, YCALB, XPERT (the strained coordinate), and YPERT (the computed value of the dependent variable). If LCHEK = 1, three additional columns list XCHEK, YCHEK, and YPERT(INT), the latter being interpolated values of YPERT (the computed solution) at the points given by XCHEK. This allows direct numerical comparison of YPERT with YCHEK, since the values of XPERT and XCHEK do not coincide in general.

A.7 ERROR MESSAGES

NUMBER OF CRITICAL POINTS IN BASE AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS ARE UNEQUAL - CALCULATION ENDED

This message will be printed if critical points are specified in straining (LSPEC = 0) and the number of critical points in base and calibration solutions are unequal. The remedy is to avoid use

of critical points in straining, or to use base and calibration solutions having equal numbers of critical points.

NUMBER OF CRITICAL POINTS
SELECTED EXCEEDS NUMBER
ACTUALLY LOCATED - CALCULATION
ENDED

This message will be printed if more critical points are specified in straining (LSPEC = 0) than the number located by the program. The remedy is to specify a number of points less than or equal to the actual number.

ORDER OF SPECIFIED POINTS IN BASE AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS DOES NOT CORRESPOND

This message will be printed if the fixed points specified (LSPEC = 0) occur in a different sequence in the base and calibration solutions. The remedy is to use base and calibration solutions having the same qualitative features.

A.8 SAMPLE CASE

The sample case presented in this section provides results (6 perturbation calculations and comparisons with 'exact' nonlinear solutions) for a multiple-shock flow for which partial results were provided in figure 14 of the main text. The calculation is for angle-of-attack perturbations of full potential flows past an isolated NACA 0012 airfoil at $\rm M_{\infty}=0.80$. The base and calibration angles-of-attack are $\alpha_{\rm b}=0.500^{\circ}$ and $\alpha_{\rm C}=0.200^{\circ}$. Perturbation results are determined at $\alpha=0.00^{\circ}$, 0.10°, 0.30°, 0.40°, 0.60°, and 0.70° and are compared with previously-calculated 'exact' nonlinear flows at those angles.

The input data is tabulated in figure A.1, with item numbers corresponding to those indentified in Section A.5.1 and A.5.2. The first card, item 0, indicates that there are 149 points (N = 149) at which data will be input for the base, calibration, and comparison solutions; that there will be 5 cases (NCASE = 6) for which perturbation solutions are to be computed, that the invariant points will be located by the program (LSEPC = 0), that the input card deck will not be printed (LECHO = 0), that the information regarding the unit perturbation will be printed (LUNIT = 1), that there will be a comparison of the perturbation results with the exact solution (LCHEK = 1), and that the plot output will denote an angle-of-attack perturbation (LPERT = 2). The second card, item 2a, indicates that there will be three invariant points (NSELCT = 3) in addition to the end points; and that those points will be (1) where the maximum occurs (LSELCT(1) = 2) i.e. the stagnation point, (2) the first critical point (LSELCT(2) = 3) i.e. the 1st shock point found when moving forward on the bottom surface from the trailing edge, and (3) the second critical point (LSELCT(3) = 4) i.e. the 2nd shock point. The next card, item 3, contains the identifying title. next card, item 4, the 2 length character string indicates that the dependent variable for print output will be symbolized by a 'CP' denoting pressure coefficient. Item 5 indicates that the coordinates of the data points to be read in will start at x = 1.0on the upper surface (refer to descriptions in A.4). The next card, item 6, indicates that the base flow values of Mach number and perturbation parameter (angle-of-attack in this case) are M0 = 0.80 and Q0 = 0.50, respectively. The following 19 cards, item 7, provide the 149 base flow values of the surface coordinates, while the next 19 cards, item 8, provide the 149 base flow values of the dependent variable (pressure coefficient). Items 9, 10, and 11 indicate for the calibration flow the corresponding information given by the items 6,7, and 8 for the base flow. Items 12, 13, and 14, of which there are six sets corresponding to the 6 cases to be studied, provide analogous information as items 6,7, and 8, but now refer to the 'exact' nonlinear results. These, of course have been previously computed at the indicated

values of angle-of-attack (Q2) given in Item 12, and are included here for comparative purposed to enable assessment of the perturbation results.

Figure A.2 provides an abbreviated print output for the sample case, while figure A.3 provides the plot output of the results for the six cases, and display the base (...), calibration (---), perturbation (****), and 'exact' nonlinear (----) flow solutions.

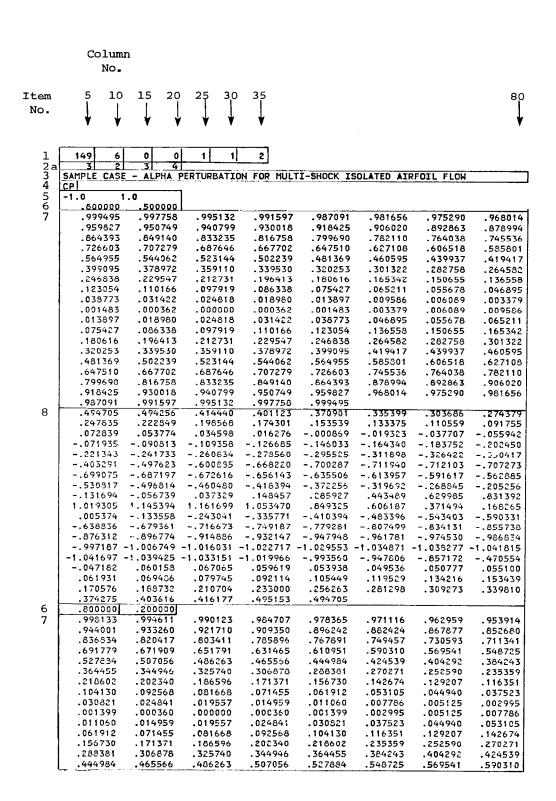


Figure A.1- Card input for sample case

				 				
į	.610951	.631465	.651791	.671909	.691779	.711341	.730593	.749457
	.767891	.785896	.803411	.820417	.836834	.852680	.867877	.882424
	.896242	.909350	.921710	.933260	.944001	.953914	.962959	.971116
	.978365	.984707	.996123	.994611	.998133	.286384	254046	.228251
	.449164	.448979	.152770	.131478	.107828	.088414	.256968	.049604
	.030206	.011790	005341	023660	041742	059474	074743	092628
	109767	125161	141841	156432	170621	181949	190490	196776
ı	198872	203294	235719	367492	586069	746810	804612	822557
ĺ	830010	830430	828029	823224	815167	805731	794610	760953
	765371	748500	728200	707375	685933	658961	629807	598386
ı	565587	528007	483403	441165	394459	336198	271604	211304
ĺ	136609	051358	.052134	.163559	.296591	.449001	.621890	.810551
١	.994877	1.129638	1.169160	1.096662	.933160	.727769	.526208	.346353
ı	.190742	.056809	053975	156994	241464	316023	377381	443985
	500232	542507	588047	626762	662591	693996	723334	751171
	777519	798919	819680	839982	857221	873286	888300	901015
	912830	923922	932634	940086	946688	949963	952335	951561
ı	946329	937133 054497	917745	885770	780090	450920	135657	055363
İ	048879	034497	059285 .011570	058713 .025968	056033 .042113	048960 .059613	039039 .077446	030023 .095514
Ì	017360 .113310	.136492	.156974	.178507	.204143	.230640	.258908	.289933
	.324329	.357590	. 36 93 90	.449350	.449164			
	.800000	.000000	005470	224527	207224	204/5/	075000	0/004/
	.999495	.997758	.995132	.991597	.987091	.981656	.975290 .892863	.968014
}	.959827	.950749	.940799 .833235	.930018 .816753	.918425 .799690	.90602 0 .78211 0	.764038	.878994 .745536
Ì	.86439 3 .72660 3	.849140 .707279	.687646	.667702	.647510	.627108	.606518	.585801
Ì	.564955	.544062	.523144	.502239	.481369	.460595	.439937	.419417
-	.399095	.378972	.359110	.339530	.320253	.301322	.282758	.264582
-	.246838	.229547	.212731	.196413	.180616	.165342	.150655	.136558
	.123054	.110166	.097919	.0 86338	.075427	.065211	.05 5678	.046895
	.038773	.031422	.024818	.018980	.01 3897	.009586	.006089	.003379
J	.001403	.000362	.000000	.000362	.001483	.003379	.006089	.009586
1	.013897	.018980	.024818	.031422	.038773	.046895	.055678	.065211
-	.075427	.086338	.097919	.110166	.123054	.136558	.150655	.165342
- 1	,180616	.196413	.212731	.229547 .378972	.246838	.264582	.282758	.301322
-	.320253 .481369	.339530 .502239	.359110 .523144	.544062	.399095 .564955	.419417 .585801	.439937 .606518	.440595 .627108
-	.647510	.667702	.687646	.707279	.726603	.745\$36	.764038	.782110
	.799690	.816758	.833235	.849140	.864393	.878994	.892663	.906020
-	.918425	.930018	.940799	-950749	.959827	.968014	.975290	.981656
1	.987091	.991597	.995132	.997758	.999495			
T	.436539	.486539	.406037	.392728	.362350	.326615	.294714	.265263
	.238623	.213577	.189264	.164999	.144313	.124278	.101626	- 0 8 30 98
1	.064554	.045974	.027430	.009934	006143	023238	039876	055862
1	068951	084043	0 97616	108363	118872	125296	-,128789	127030
1	123011	131088	199788	450296	729836	839648	868610	882942
	889736	891484	891050	886414	880317	872670	862403	851047
1	838181 662052	822989 629341	805990 593876	787772 553475	766224 510373	744070 459592	721154 407829	692722 341769
	267177	193761	101301	.008967	.147792	.309038	.505174	.724631
	.941542	1.107686	1,170402	1.107686	.941542	.724631	.505174	.309038
	.147792	.008967	101302	193761	267177	341769	407829	459592
1	510373	553475	593876	629341	662053	692722	721154	744070
1	766224	787772	805991	822989	838182	851047	862403	872670
	880317	886415	891050	891484	889736	882942	868610	839649
1	729837	450298	199788	131088	123011	127030	128789	125296
	118372	103362	097616	084043	068951	055862	0 39376	023238
t	006143	.009934	.027430	.045974	.064554	.083098	.101626	.124277

Figure A.1- Continued

tem								
No.								
8	.144313	.164999	.189264	.213576	.238623	.265263	.294714	.326615
•	.362350	.392727	.406037	.486539	.486539	.205203	.677/14	.320013
6	.8000001	.100000	.400037	. 100337	. 100337			
6 7	.998531	.996261	.992734	.988238	.982815	.976464	.969203	.961034
•	.951976	.942049	.931291	.919724	.907346	.894219	.880381	.865812
	.850593	.834722	.818282	.801251	.783710	.765678	.747217	.728326
	.709045	.689455	.669555	.649407	.629051	.608507	.587835	.567035
	.546189	.525317	.504458	.483635	.462907	.442295	.421820	.401543
	.381464	.361646	.342110	.322876	.303986	.285462	.267326	.249620
	.232366	.215565	.199302	.183537	.168293	.153635	.139563	.126082
	.113216	.100986	.089419	.078517	.068305	.058770	.049977	.041834
	.034450	.027794	.021880	.016686	.012213	.008485	.005447	.003104
	.001403	.000361	.000000	.000361	.001403	.003104	.005447	.008485
	.012213	.016686	.021880	.027794	.034450	.041834	.049977	.053770
	.068305	.078517	.089419	.100986	.113216	.126082	.1 3956 3	.153635
	.168293	.183537	.199302	.215585	.232366	.249620	.267326	.285462
	.303986	.322876	.342110	.361646	.381464	.401543	.421820	.442295
	.462907	.483635	.504458	.525317	.546189	.567035	.587835	.608507
	.629051	.649407	.669555	.689455	.709045	.728326	.747217	.765678
	.783710	.801251	.818282	.834722	.650593	.865812	.880381	.694219
	.907346	.919724	.931291	.942049	.951976	.961034	.969203	.976464
_	.982815	.982238	.992734	.995261	.998881			
8	.458393	.458791	.378081	.371267	.338882	.305476	.273840	.245302
	.218790	.193380	.168300	.146953	.126374	.103259	.084303	.065328
	.046302	.027281	.009255	007440	025268	042783	059836	074259
	091057	106811	120384	134618	145906	155618	161043	162445
	162500	168324	216625	409216	665613	793270	838444	852963
	858704	860938	858258	853577	847175	837775	827215	815116
	800639	784352	766860	745036	724693	702694	675207	645547
	614010	580003	541413	~.500299	451419	402259	340192	270822
	204426	121671	025336	.093513	.226491	.387549	.572665	.774910
	.971786	1.120096	1.170101	1.103351	.940608 256245	.733454	.524863 393605	.336348
	501918	549224	589936	627684	660684	691319	720232	747349
	769284	790569	811391	829099	845728	860684	873407	864928
	895825	-,904302	911372	917277	919415	920039	916639	907461
	890188	860794	748397	440787	163682	093649	088298	093776
	096178	095105	088954	061614	070719	057721	046263	031594
	016004	.000265	.015696	.032676	.050827	.069131	.087505	.105956
	.123637	.148966	.169896	.194712	.219897	.246217	.274591	.306084
	.339369	.371654	.378391	.458995	.456893			
6	.800000	.300000						
7	.999455	.997755	.995132	.991597	.987091	.961656	.975290	.968014
,	.959327	.950749	.940799	.930018	-918425	.906000	.892863	.87899+
	.864393	.849140	.833235	.816758	.799690	.782110	.764033	.745536
	.726603	.707279	.687646	.667702	.647510	.627108	.606518	.585801
	.564955	.544062	.523144	.502239	.481369	.460595	.439937	-419417
	.399095	.378972	.359110	.339530	.320253	.301322	.282758	.264502
	.246833	.229547	.212731	.196413	.180616	.165342	.150655	.136558
	.123054	.110166	.097919	.086338	.075427	.065211	.055678	.046895
	.038773	.031422	.024818	.018780	.013897	.009586	.066089	.003379
	.001483	.000362	.000000	.000362	.001483	.003379	.006089	.009586
	.013897	.018988	.024318	.031422	.038773	.046895	.055678	.065211
	.075427	.086338	.097919	.110166	.123054	.136553	.150655	.165342
	.180616	.196413	.212731	.229547	.246838	.264582	.282758	.301322
	.320253	.339530	.359110	.378972	.399095	.419417	.439937	.460595
	.481369	.502237	.523144	.544062	.564955	.505801	.606518	.627108
	.647510	.667702	.687546	.707279	.726603	.745536	.764038	.782110
	.799690	.816753	.633235	.849140	.864393	.878994	.892863	906020
	.916425	.930018	.940799	.950749	.959827	.968014	.975290	.931656

Figure A.1- Continued

						,		
7	.987091	.991597	.995132	,997758	.999495		•	Ī
8	.489108	.488886	.408558	.395215	.364845	.329132	.297230	.267752
Ŭ	.241058	.215931	.191510	.167103	.146228	.125956	.103014	.084120
	.065123	.045986	.026752	.008404	008728	027140	045429	063491
	079201	097685	115657	132155	150327	166937	183882	198952
	212493	225064	233421	238540	247696	284055	404125	589334
	720706	772628	790788	795047	794404	790553	782963	773702
	762569	748667	732627	715095	693840	671857	649105	620354
	530698	~.554654	518249	477942	432722	378478	326477	262355
	188543	~.114700	021243	.089693	.227968	.387372	.579277	
	.938193	1.131475	1.167507	1.078406	.890077	.657697	.429117	.228601
	.066214	072675	182169	274184	348235	424712	488345	535603
	585089	~.627328	666135	699952	731236	760614	783219	810703
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	966756	949158	918589	860190	600836	220297	035550	008065
	014402	021252	025646	024423	019218	013954	004358	.007052
	.019861	.032428	.046981	.063042	.079533	.096314	.113339	.134662
	.153582	.173302	.196701	.220258	.244641	.270691	.299605	.331015
	.366298	.396308	.409349	.489330	.489108			j
6	.800000	.400000						
7	.99883:	.996261	.992734	.988238	.982815	.976464	.969203	.961034
	.951976	.942049	.931291	.919724	.907346	.894219	.880381	.865812
	.850593	.834722	.818282	.801251	.783710	.765678	.747217	.728326
	.709045	.689455	.669555	.649407	.629051	.608507	.5 87835	.567035
	.546189	.525317	.504458	.433635	.462907	.442295	.421820	.401543
	.381464	.361646	.342110	.322876	.303936	.285462	.267326	.249620
	.232356	.215585	.199302	.183537	.168293	.153635	.139563	.126082
	.113216	.100986	.089419	.078517	.068305	.053770	.049977	.041834
	.034450	.027794	.021880	.016686	.012213	.008485	.005447	.003104
	.001403	.000361	.000000	.000361	.001403	.003104	.005447	.008485
	.012213	.016686	.021880	.027794	.034450	.041834	.049977	.058770
	.068305	.073517	.089419	.100786	.113216	.126062	.139563	.153635
	.168293	.183537	.199302	.215585	.230366	.249520	.267326	.285452
	.203986	.322876	.342110	.361646	.351464	.401543	.421820	.440295
	.462907	.483635	.504458	.525317	.546189	.567035	.587835	.608507
	.629051	.649407	.669555	.689455	.709045	.728326	.747217	.765678
	.783710	.801251	.818282	.834722	.850593	.865812	.880381	.894219
	.907346	.919724	.931291	.942649	.951976	.961034	.969203	.976464
_	,982815	.988233	.992734	.996261	.998331			
8	.463906	.463542	.383210	.376335	. 344041	.310753	.279223	.250763
	.224307	.198933	.173878	.152520	.131881	.108699	.089614	.070459
	.051192	.031852	.013404	003844	022380	040809	059045	075003
	093607	112203	129293	148268	166067	184700	202242	219409
	237169	252367	264630	275050	-,287088	310622	- 384371	520500
	651464	723049	749049	757014	75 7358	752284	744825	735153
	722462	707479	690900	670467	649353	627514	599640	568836
	535928	501070	461913	418310	367155	318745	258751	190444
	123351	039674	.057341	.175989	.308200	.466303	.645304	.836752
	1.016671	1.141682	1.165213	1.072227	.857264	.664673	.446882	.253724
	.089560	043323	161762	257318	340367	408038	476755	534029
1	5 76586	625309	664559	700900	732686	762251	790133	816546
	638046	858656	878603	896170	913119	928684	942283	954687
	956554	976380	985336	9 93910		-1.005513	-1.009427	
[-1.011613		993251	981310	951183	898942	675924	207956
	014439	.028454	.026068	.017221	.012851	.013018	.014088	.020132
	.028577	.033929	.049469	.062311	.076941	.092261	.108099	.124370
	.145106	.163688	.183252	.206792	.230823	.256119	.283563	.314198
اے	.346700	.378313	.384611	.464269	.463906			
6	.800000	.600000						

Figure A.1- Continued

I,	t	em
	N	\sim

7	.998133	.994611	.990123	.984707	. 978365	.971116	.962959	.953914
- 1	.944001	.933260	.921710	.909350	.896242	.882424	.867877	
	.836834	.820417	.803411	.785896				
					.767891	.749457	.730593	
- 1	.691779	.671909	.651791	.631465	.610951	.590310	.569541	.548725
- 1	.527884	.507056	.486263	.465566	.444984	.424539	.404292	.384243
	.364455	.344946	.325740	.306878	.288381	.270271	.252590	.235359
	.218602	.202340	.186596	.171371	.156730	.142674	.129207	.116351
- 1	.104130	.092568	.081668	.071455	.061912	.053105	.044940	.037523
	.030821	.024841	.019557	.014959	.011060	.007786	.005125	.002995
	.001399	.000360	.000000	.000360	.001399	.002995	.005125	.007786
	.011060	.014959	.019557	.024841	.030821	.037523	.044940	.053105
	.061912	.071455	.081668	.092568	.104130	.116351		
	.156730	.171371	.186596	.202340			.129207	.142674
					.218602	.235359	.252590	.270271
	.288361	.306878	.325740	.344946	.364455	.384243	.404292	.424539
	.444984	.465566	.486263	.507056	.527884	.548725	.569541	.590310
i	.610951	.631465	.651791	.671909	.691779	.711341	.730593	.749457
	.767891	.785896	.803411	.820417	.836834	.852680	.867877	.882424
	.896242	.909350	.921710	.933260	.944001	. 953914	.962959	.971116
	.978365	.984707	.990123	. 994611	.998133			
8	.462483	.461570	.382264	.370167	.336918	.302577	.271523	.243132
	.216423	.190478	.168483	.147409	.124007	.104765	.085520	.066233
ļ	.046930	.028541	.011355	007085	025401	043535	059445	078202
	096599	113795	133011	151223	170603	189406	208636	229710
	250142	270238	291004	312540	331581	351860	373582	403607
	454352	519560	581649	625410				
					647867	656544	656523	649851
	638908	625234	606912	587538	567393	540859	511204	479994
	446358	407620	366183	319089	274597	218665	155032	093624
	017795	.068219	.171463	282458	.413040	.560212	.723428	.895624
	1.054411	1.155458	1.157109	1.047605	.852882	.625219	.410777	.224683
	.066900	066937	176675	280304	366630	442649	499694	558762
	611902	653198	695634	731009	764265	793388	820540	646013
	870094	839922	909713	929431	946512	962757	977730	990991 i
	-1.003343	-1.015392	-1.025594	-1.035091	-1.044424	-1.051292	-1.058472	-1.064373
	-1.068684	-1.073640	-1.075761	-1.077063		-1.073327		-1.045402
	-1.011530	950877	686516	212324	.066583	.111356	.110028	.101566
	.097637	.097297	.100041	.104126	.111381	.121190	.132408	.144782
	.158122	.176327	.192981	.211133	.233658	.257373	.283129	.311842
	.344092	.375500	.385985	.463397	.462483	123,3,3		.5,,,,,,,
6	.8000000	.700000	. 302 702	. 40 3 3 7 7	.402403			
6 7	.997307	.992822	.987410	001070	077000	0/5/77	05//70	2//
,				.981072	.973828	.965677	.956638	.946732
	,935998	.924455	.912104	.899005	.885196	.870659	.855472	.839636
	.823231	.806236	.788732	.770739	.752317	.733466	.714226	.694678
	.674821	.654716	.634403	.613903	.593275	.572520	.551718	.530890
	.510077	.489297	.468614	.448046	.427614	.407361	. 3 87345	. 367569
	.348073	.328880	.310029	.291544	.273445	.255774	.238553	.221805
	.205551	.189815	.174597	.159960	.145909	.132444	.119590	.107368
	.095802	.084896	.074673	.065117	.056291	.048101	.040650	.033903
	.027865	.022504	.017806	.013774	.010327	.007438	.005001	.002992
	.001397	.000359	.000000	.000359	.001397	.002992	.005001	.007438
	.010327	.013774	.017806	.022504	.027865	.033903	.040650	.048101
	.056291	.065117	.074673	.084896	.095802	.107368	.119590	.132444
	.145909	.159960	.174597	.189815	.205551	.221805		
	.273445	.291544	.310029	.328880			.238553	.255774
					.348073	.367569	.387345	.407381
	.427614	.448046	.468614	.489297	.510077	.530890	.551718	.572520
	.593275	.613903	.634403	.654716	.674821	.694678	.714226	.733466
	.752317	.770739	.788732	.806236	.823231	.839636	.855472	.870659
	.885196	.899005	,912104	.924455	.935998	.946732	.956638	.965677
	.973828	.981072	.987410	.992822	.997307			į
8	.668728	.668307	.522300	.441943	.369762	.314595	.273042	.239321
_	.209654	.185547	.163233	.139135	.119414	.099830	.080298	.060812
'					* 1 7 7 7 1 7		.000270	.000012

Figure A.1- Continued

```
.024934
                        .006399
                                           -.030082
                                                                           -.082762
                                  -.011958
                                                      -.045955
                                                                 -.064578
8
    .042266
   -.099687
              -.118538
                        -.136324
                                  -.155210
                                            -.173483
                                                      -.192160
                                                                -.212669
                                                                           -.232627
             -.273361
                       -.295668
                                  -.316378
                                           -.338889
                                                      -.361301
                                                                 -.383949
                                                                           -.409232
   -.252466
   -.437231
              -.471741
                       -.508264
                                  -.539430
                                            -.562879
                                                      -.577161
                                                                 -.581808
                                                                           -.579150
                                            -.498949
             -.557257
                       -.540964
                                  -.523283
                                                      -.471497
                                                                 -.441655
                                                                           -.409089
   -.571404
   -.372779
              -.334533
                        -.290600
                                  -.249155
                                            -.196686
                                                       -.137268
                                                                 -.081064
                                                                           -.012045
                                                                  .770906
                                                                            .932586
                        .250797
                                                        .618924
                                   .360544
               .156050
                                             .482506
    .064911
                                                                            .198798
   1.076892
             1.162004
                       1.149382
                                  1.027122
                                             .829499
                                                       .598496
                                                                  .380563
                       -.187047
                                  -.280101
                                            -.373953
                                                      -.451564
                                                                 -.515760
                                                                           -.564158
             -.077266
    .049066
   -.619415
             -.668576
                        -.705960
                                  -.744879
                                            -.777275
                                                       -.808043
                                                                 -.834895
                                                                           -.859770
                                  -.944910
                                                      -.979917
                                                                -.995537 -1.010093
             -.906457
                       -.925930
                                            -.963698
   -.883137
   -1.023092 -1.035272 -1.047226 -1.057403 -1.066934 -1.076385 -1.083463 -1.090957
   -1.097319 -1.102275 -1.108152 -1.111634 -1.114988 -1.117839 -1.119957 -1.119530
   -1.117793 - .112354 -1.098409 -1.070169
                                           -1.009848
                                                       -.890889
                                                                 -.417645
                                                                            .062612
                                                                  .164013
                                                                            .171487
                                                        .158521
                         .160082
                                   .157352
                                             .156120
    .154654
               .163569
    .180676
               .191367
                         .207425
                                   .222816
                                             .240828
                                                        .265001
                                                                  .293844
                                                                            .331050
               .450996
                         .528020
                                   .669150
                                             .668728
     .382321
```

PROGRAM PERTURB CALCULATES NONLINEAR SINGLE-PARAMETER CONTINUOUS OR DISCONTINUOUS PERTURBATION SOLUTIONS WHICH REPRESENT A CHANGE IN EITHER GEOMETRY OR FLOW CONDITIONS BY EMPLOYING A STRAINED-COORDINATE PROCEDURE UTILIZING A UNIT PERTURBATION DETERMINED FROM THO PREVIOUSLY CALCULATED 'BASE' AND 'CALIBRATION' SOLUTIONS DISPLACED FROM ONE ANOTHER BY SOME REASONABLE CHANGE IN GEOMETRY OR FLOW CONDITION WRITTEN BY JAMES P. ELLIOTT AND STEPHEN S. STAHARA NIELSEN ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH, INC. MOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA

SAMPLE CASE - ALPHA PERTURBATION FOR MULTI-SHOCK ISOLATED AIRFOIL FLOW

<><<<< LIST OF INPUT PARAMETERS >>>>>>>

N = 149

A = -1.0 B = 1.0

BASE SOLUTION: MO = 0.8000 QO = 0.5000

CALIBRATION SOLN: M1 = 0.8000 Q1 = 0.2000

Figure A.2- Abbreviated print output for sample case

BASE SOLUTION:

CPCRIT = -0.4346

CALIBRATION SOLN:

CPCRIT = -0.4346

<><< LOCATIONS OF MIN., MAX., AND CRITICAL PTS. >>>> (* DENOTES POINT ON LOWER SURFACE)

BASE SOLUTION:

MINIMUM AT X = 0.4606(POINT #112) 0.000 = X TA MUMIXAM (POINT # 75)

2 CRITICAL POINT(S): 1ST AT X = 0.3924*

(AFTER POINT # 41) (AFTER POINT #120)

2ND AT X ≈ 0.6288

CALIBRATION SOLN:

MINIMUM AT X = 0.4043 MAYIMUM AT X = 0.0000 (POINT #111)

(POINT # 75)

2 CRITICAL POINT(S):

1ST AT X = 0.4592* (AFTER POINT # 36)

2ND AT X = 0.5498(AFTER POINT #118)

<><<<< straining points selected >>>>>>>>

NUMBER OF FIXED POINTS : 5

FIXED POINTS SELECTED (IN ADDITION TO END POINTS) :

POINT OF MAXIMUM CP CPCRIT (1ST OF 2) CPCRIT (2ND OF 2)

<<<<<< LOCATION OF FIXED POINTS >>>>>>>>

(* DENOTES POINT ON LOWER SURFACE)

· BASE SOLUTION:

XFIX(1) = 1.0000*

XFIX(2) = 0.3924*

XFIX(3) = 0.0000XFIX(4) = 0.6288

XFIX(5) = 1.0000

CALIBRATION SOLN:

XFIX(1) = 1.0000*

XFIX(2) = 0.4592*

XFIX(3) = 0.0000

XFIX(4) = 0.5498

XFIX(5) = 1.0000

POINT	XBASE	XSTRUNIT	CPUNIT
1	0.9995	0.9996	0.1516
ż	0.9978	0.9980	0.1503
3	0.9951	0.9957	-0.1153
4	0.9916	0.9925	-0.0350
5	0.9871	0.9885	0.0192
6	0.9817	0.9837	-0.0527
7	0.9753	0.9780	-0.0591
8	0.9680	0.9715	-0.0533
9	0.9.,98	0.9642	-0.0470
10	0.9507	0.9562	-0.0418
11	0.9408	0.9473	-0.0390
12	0.9300	0.9377	-0.0386
13	0.9184	0.9274	-0.0339
14	0.9060	0.9164	-0.0339
15	0.8929	0.9046	-0.0415
16	0.8790	0.8923	-0.0351 -0.0381
17 18	0.8644 0.8491	0.8793 0.8657	-0.0381
19	0.8332	0.8516	-0.0417
20	0.8168	0.8369	-0.0468
21	0.7997	0.8217	-0.0471
22	0.7821	0.8061	-0.0556
23	0.7640	0.7900	-0.0611
24	0.7455	0.7735	-0.0662
25	0.7266	0.7567	-0.0647
26	0.7073	0.7395	-0.0775
27	0.6876	0.7220	-0.0888
28	0.6677	0.7043	-0.0928
29	0.6475	0.6863	-0.1067
30	0.6271	0.6681	-0.1201
31	0.6065	0.6498	-0.1349
32	0.5858	0.6314	-0.1532
33	0.5650	0.6128	-0.1734
34	0.5449	0.5942	-0.2064
35	0.5231	0.5756	-0.2428
36	0.5022	0.5570	-0.2809
37	0.4814	0.5384	-0.3257
38	0.4606	0.5199	-0.3711
39	0.4399	0.5015	-0.3818
40	0.4194	0.4833	-0.3191
41	0.3991	0.4652	-0.1193 0.2948
42 43	0.3790	0.4435 0.4203	0.2948
43 44	0.3591	0.3974	0.5270
44 45	0.3395 0.3203	0.3748	0.4194
46	0.3203	0.3526	0.3944
47	0.2828	0.3309	0.3886
48	0.2646	0.3096	0.3889
49	0.2468	0.2889	0.3877
50	0.2295	0.2686	0.3917
51	0.2127	0.2490	0.3971

Figure A.2- Continued

52	0.1964	0.2299	0.3990
53	0.1806	0.2114	0.4079
54	0.1653	0.1935	0.4105
55	0.1507	0.1763	0.4084
56	0.1366	0.1598	0.4252
57	0.1231	0.1440	0.4357
58 59	0.1102 0.0979	0.1289	0.4411 0.4454
60	0.0979	0.1146 0.1010	0.4572
61	0.0063	0.0883	0.4672
62	0.0652	0.0763	0.4799
63	0.0557	0.0652	0.4718
64	0.0469	0.0549	0.4757
65	0.0388	0.0454	0.4779
66	0.0314	0.0368	0.4874
67	0.0248	0.0290	0.4954
68	0.0190	0.0222	0.4945
69	0.0139	0.0163	0.5134
70	0.0096	0.0112	0.5078
71	0.0061	0.0071	0.4605
72 73	0.0034 0.0015	0.0040 0.0017	0.3529 0.2112
74	0.0004	0.0004	0.0803
75	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0247
76	0.0004	0.0003	-0.1734
77	0.0015	0.0013	-0.3329
78	0.0034	0.0030	-0.4227
79	0.0061	0.0053	-0.4710
80	0.0096	0.0084	-0.4994
81	0.0139	0.0121	-0.4931
82	0.0190	0.0166	-0.5033
83	0.0248	0.0217	-0.4911
84	0.0314	0.0275	-0.4720
85	0.0388	0.0339	-0.4489 -0.4620
86 87	0.0459 0.0557	0.0410 0.0487	-0.4517
88	0.0557	0.0570	-0.4917
89	0.0754	0.0659	-0.4024
90	0.0863	0.0755	-0.3963
91	0.0979	0.0856	-0.3821
92	0.1102	0.0963	-0.3693
93	0.1231	0.1076	-0.3594
94	0.1366	0.1194	-0.3552
95	0.1507	0.1317	-0.3520
96	0.1653	0.1446	-0.3368
97	0.1806	0.1579	-0.3235
98 99	0.1964 0.2127	0.1717 0.1860	-0.3246 -0.3201
100	0.2235	0.1000	-0.3143
101	0.2468	0.2158	-0.3143
102	0.2.46	0.2313	-0.3079
103	0.2828	0.2472	-0.3037
104	0.3013	0.2634	-0.3028
105	0.3203	0.2800	-0.2994
106	0.3395	0.2969	-0.2961
107	0.3591	0.3140	-0.2961
108	0.3790	0.3313	-0.2930
109	0.3991	0.3489	-0.2937
110	0.4194	0.3667	-0.2927
111	0.4399	0.3846	-0.2942

Figure A.2- Continued

112	0.4606	0.4027	-0.2989
113	0.4814	0.4209	-0.3000
114	0.5022	0.4391	-0.3053
115	0.5231	0.4574	-0.3079
116	0.5441	0.4757	-0.3077
117	0.5650	0.4939	-0.2921
118	0.5858	0.5122	-0.2933
119	0.6065	0.5303	-0.3833
120	0.6271	0.5483	-0.0654
121	0.6475	0.5724	0.2949
122	0.6677	0.5969	0.3781
123	0.6876	0.6211	0.3958
124	0.7073	0.6449	0.3910
125	0 .7266	0.6684	0.3758
126	0.7455	0.6913	0.3521
127	0. 7640	0.7138	0.3283
128	0.7821	0.7357	0.3056
129	0.7997	0.7570	0.2892
130	0.8168	0.7777	0.2640
131	0.8332	0.7977	0.2435
132	0.8491	0.8170	0.2301
133	0.8644	0.8355	0.2154
134	0.8790	0.8532	0.1976
135	0.8929	0.8700	0.1802
136	0.9060	0.8860	0.1773
137	0.9184	0.9011	0.1615
138	0.9300	0.9151	0.1423
139	0.9408	0.9 28 2	0.1398
140	0.9507	0.9403	0.1259
141	0.9598	0.9513	0.1090
142	0. 968 0	0.9612	0.0929
143	0.9753	0.9700	0.0783
144	0.9817	0.9777	0.0614
145	0.9871	0.9843	0.0620
146	0.9916	0.9898	0.1164
147	0.9951	0.9941	-0.0799
148	0.9978	0.9973	0.1531
149	0.9995	0.9994	0.1520

Figure A.2- Continued

M2 = 0.8000

Q2 = 0.0000

CPCRIT = -0.4346

<><<< LOCATIONS OF MIN., MAX., AND CRITICAL PTS. >>>> (* DENOTES "OINT ON LOWER SURFACE)

PERTURB'TION SOLN:

MINIMUM AT X = 0.4112* (POINT # 45) MAXIMUM AT X = 0.0000* (POINT # 75)

2 CRITICAL POINT(S):

1ST AT X = 0.5024* (AFTER POINT # 41)

2ND AT X = 0.4961 (AFTER POINT #120)

COMPARISON SOLN:

MINIMUM AT X = 0.3790* (POINT # 42)
MAXIMUM AT X = 0.0000 (POINT # 75)

2 CRITICAL POINT(S):

1ST AT X = 0.5035* (AFTER POINT # 35) 2ND AT X = 0.5035 (AFTER POINT #114)

POINT	XBASE	CPBASE	XCALB	CPCALB	XPERT	CPPERT	XCHEK	CPCHEK	CPPERT(INT)
1	0.9995	0.4947	0.9981	0.4492	0.9996	0.4189	0.9995	0.4865	0.4189
ż	0.9978	0.4943	0.9946	0.4490	0.9982	0.4191	0.9978	0.4865	0.4293
3	0.9951	0.4144	0.9901	0.3687	0.9960	0.4721	0.9951	0.4060	0.4556
4	0.9916	0.4011	0.9847	0.3567	0.9931	0.4186	0.9916	0.3927	0.3946
5	0.9871	0.3709	0.9784	0.3231	0.9895	0.3613	0.9871	0.3623	0.3615
6	0.9817	0.3354	0.9711	0.2884	0.9850	0.3618	0.9817	0.3266	0.3433
7	0.9753	0.3037	0.9630	0.2570	0.9798	0.3332	0.9753	0.2947	0.3087
8	0.9680	0.2744	0.9539	0.2283	0.9739	0.3010	0.9680	0.2653	0.2750
9	0.9598	0.2478	0.9440	0.2012	0.9672	0.2713	0.9598	0.2386	0.2440
10	0.9507	0.2228	0.9333	0.1750	0.9598	0.2438	0.9507	0.2136	0.2155
1.1	0.9408	0.1986	0.9217	0.1528	0.9517	0.2180	0.9408	0.1893	0.1886
12	0.9300	0.1743	0.9093	0.1315	0.9428	0.1936	0.9300	0.1650	0.1638
13	0.9184	0.1535	0.8962	0.1078	0.9334	0.1705	0.9184	0.1443	0.1418
14	0.9060	0.1334	0.8824	0.0884	0.9232	0.1503	0.9060	0.1243	0.1187
15	0.8929	0.1106	0.8679	0.0690	0.9125	0.1313	0.8929	0.1016	0.0972
16	0.8790	0.0918	0.8527	0.0496	0.9012	0.1093	0.8790	0.0831	0.0777
17	0.8644	0.0728	0.8368	0.0302	0.8893	0.0919	0.8644	0.0646	0.0581
18	0.8491	0.0538	0.8204	0.0118	0.8768	0.0746	0.8491	0.0460	0.0382
19	0.8332	0.0346	0.8034	-0.0053	0.8638	0.0574	0.8332	0.0274	0.0195
20	0.8168	0.0163	0.7859	-0.0237	0.8504	0.0397	0.8168	0.0099	0.0029
21	0.7997	-0.0009	0.7679	-0.0417	0.8364	0.0227	0.7997	-0.0061	-0.0151
22	0.7821	-0.0193	0.7495	-0.0595	0.8221	0.0085	0.7821	-0.0232	-0.0338
23	0.7640	-0.0377	0.7306	-0.0747	0.8073	-0.0 072	0.7640	-0.0399	-0.0496
24	0.7455	-0.0559	0.7113	-0.0926	0.7922	-0.0228	0.7455	-0.0559	-0 .064 5
25	0.7266	-0.0719	0.6918	-0.1098	0.7767	-0.0396	0.7266	-0.0690	-0.0818

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. ...

Figure A.2- Continued

26	0.7073	-0.0908	0.6719	-0.1252	0.7609	-0.0520	0.7073	-0.0840	-0.0961
27	0.6876	-0.1094	0.6518	-0.1418	0.7449	-0.0650	0.6876	-0.0976	-0.1099
28	0.6677	-0.1267	0.6315	-0.1564	0.7286	-0.0803	0.6677	-0.1084	-0.1225
29	0.6475	-0.1460	0.6110	-0.1706	0.7121	-0.0927	0.6475	-0.1189	-0.1332
30	0.6271	-0.1643	0.5903	-0.1819	0.6955	~0.1043	0.6271	-0.1253	
31	0.6065		0.5695	-0.1905	0.6787				-0.1385
		-0.1838				-0.1163	0.6065	-0.1288	-0.1391
32	0.5858	-0.2024	0.5487	-0.1968	0.6617	-0.1259	0.5858	-0.1270	-0.1356
33	0.5650	-0.2213	0.5279	-0.1989	0.6447	-0.1347	0.5650	-0.1230	-0.1284
34	0.5441	-0.2417	0.5071	-0.2033	0.6277	-0.1385	0.5441	-0.1311	-0.1347
35	0.5231	-0.2608	0.4863	-0.2357	0.6106	-0.1394	0.5231	-0.1998	-0.2159
3 6	0.5022	-0.2786	0.4656	-0.3675	0.5935	-0.1381	0.5022	-0.4503	-0.4368
37	0.4814	-0.2955	0.4450	-0.5861	0.5765	-0.1327	0.4814	-0.7298	-0. 6896
38	0.4606	-0.3119	0.4245	-0.7468	0.5595	-0.1263	0.4606	-0.8396	-0.8651
39	0.4399	-0.3264	0.4043	~0.8046	0.5426	-0.1355	0.4399	-0.8686	-0.8992
40	0.4194	-0.3504	0.3842	-0.8226	0.5259	-0.1909	0.4194	-0.8829	-0.9086
41	0.3991	-0.4033	0.3645	-0.8300	0.5093	-0.3436	0.3991	-0.8897	-0.9096
42	0.3790	-0.4976	0.3449	-0.8304	0.4866	-0.6450	0.3790	-0.8915	-0.9082
43	0.3591	-0.6009	0.3257	-0.8280	0.4611	-0.8644	0.3591	-0.8910	-0.9056
44	0.3395	-0.6682	0.3069	-0.8232	0.4359	-0.9059	0.3395		
								-0.8864	-0.9016
45	0.3203	-0.7003	0.2884	-0.8152	0.4112	-0.9100	0.3203	-0.8803	-0.8942
46	0.3013	-0.7119	0.2703	-0.8057	0.3869	-0.9091	0.3013	-0.8727	-0.8860
47	0.2828	-0.7121	0.2526	-0.7946	0.3630	-0.9064	0.2828	-0.8624	-0.8765
48	0.2646	-0.7073	0.2354	-0.7810	0.3397	-0.9017	0.2646	-0.8510	-0.8648
49	0 .2458	-0.6991	0.2186	-0.7654	0.3169	-0.8929	0.2468	-0.8382	-0.8514
50	0.2295	-0.6872	0.2023	-0.7485	0.2947	-0 .8830	0.2295	-0.8230	-0.8370
51	0.2127	-0.6726	0.1866	- 0 .7282	0.2731	-0.8711	0.2127	-0.8060	-0.8197
52	0.1964	-0.6561	0.1714	-0.7074	0.2522	-0.8556	0.1964	-0.7878	-0.7995
53	0.1806	-0.6355	0.1567	-0.6859	0.2319	-0.8395	0.1806	-0.7662	-0.7814
54	0.1653	-0.6140	0.1427	-0.6590	0.2123	-0.8192	0.1653	-0.7441	-0.7601
55	0.1507	-0.5916	0.1292	-0.6298	0.1934	-0.7958	0.1507	-0.7212	-0.7348
56	0.1366	-0.5629	0.1164	-0.5989	0.1753	-0.7755	0.1366	-0.6927	-0.7068
57	0.1231	-0.5308	0.1041	-0.5656	0.1580	-0.7487	0.1231	-0.6621	-0.6767
58	0.1102	-0.4968	0.0926	-0.5280	0.1414	-0.7174	0.1102	-0.6293	-0.6450
59	0.0979	-0.4605	0.0817	-0.4884	0.1257	-0.6832	0.0979		
60	0.0863	-0.4184	0.0715	-0.4412				-0.5939	-0.6090
					0.1108	-0.6470	0.0863	-0.5535	-0.5689
61	0.0754	-0.3723	0.0619	-0.3945	0.0968	-0.6058	0.0754	-0.5104	-0.5224
62	0.0652	-0.3197	0.0531	-0.3362	0.0837	-0.5597	0.0652	-0.4596	-0.4704
63	0.0557	-0.2688	0.0449	-0.2716	0.0715	-0.5047	0.0557	-0.4078	-0.4116
64	0.0469	-0.2053	0.0375	-0.2113	0.0602	-0.4431	0.0469	-0.3418	-0.3492
65	0.0388	-0.1317	0.0308	-0.1366	0.0498	-0.3706	0.0388	-0.2672	-0.2838
66	0.0314	-0.0567	0. 0248	-0.0514	0.0403	-0.3004	0.0314	-0.1938	-0.2038
67	0.0248	0.0373	0.0196	0.0521	0.0319	-0.2104	0.0248	-0.1013	-0.1055
68	0.0190	0.1485	0.0150	0.1636	0.0244	-0.0988	0.0190	0.0090	0.0069
69	0.0139	0.2859	0.0111	0.2966	0.0178	0.0292	0.0139	0.1478	0.1436
70	0.0096	0.4435	0.0078	0.4490	0.0123	0.1896	0.0096	0.3090	0.3170
71	0.0061	0.6300	0.0051	0.6219	0.0078	0.3998	0.0061	0.5052	0.5266
72	0.0034	0.8314	0.0030	0.8106	0.0043	0.6549	0.0034	0.7246	0.7570
73	0.0015	1.0193	0.0014	0.9949	0.0019	0.9137	0.0015	0.9415	0.9699
74	0.0004	1.1454	0.0004	1.1296	0.0005	1.1052	0.0004		
7 5	0.0300	1.1617	0.0004	1.1692	0.0000			1.1077	1.1206
76			0.0004		0.0003	1.1740	0.0000	1.1704	1.1739
	0.0004	1.0535		1.0967		1.1402	0.0004	1.1077	1.1294
77 70	0.0015	0.8493	0.0014	0.9332	0.0012	1.0158	0.0015	0.9415	0.9745
78	0.0034	0.6062	0.0030	0.7278	0.0027	0.8175	0.0034	0.7246	0.7479
79	0.0061	0.3715	0.0051	0.5262	0.0048	0.6070	0.0061	0.5052	0.5197
80	0.0096	0.1683	0.0078	0.3464	0.0076	0.4180	0.0096	0.3090	0.3201
81	0.0139	0.0054	0.0111	0.1907	0.0110	0.2519	0.0139	0.1478	0.1549
82	0.0190	-0.1336	0.0150	0.0568	0.0150	0.1181	0.0190	0.0090	0.0185
83	0.0248	-0.2430	0.0196	-0.0540	0.0196	0.0025	0.0248	-0.1013	-0.0993
84	0.0314	-0.3358	0.0248	-0.1570	0.0248	-0.0998	0.0314	-0.1938	-0.1939
85	0.0388	-0.4104	0.0308	-0.2415	0.0306	-0.1859	0.0388	-0.2672	-0.2684

Figure A.2-Continued

88 0.0652 -0.5903 0.0551 -0.0440 0.0515 -0.3880 0.0652 -0.4,95% 0.754 -0.6,180	86	0.0469	-0.4834	0.0375	-0.3160	0.0371	-0.2524	0.0469	-0.3418	-0.3445
88 0.0652 -0.5903 0.0551 -0.0440 0.0515 -0.3880 0.0652 -0.4,95% 0.754 -0.6,180	87	0.0557	-0.5434	0.0449	-0.3774	0.0440	-0.3175	0.0557	-0,4078	-0.4134
89		0.0652	-0.5903	0.0531	-0.4440	0.0515		0.0652	-0.4596	
91 0.3863 -0.6794 0.07167 0.05425 0.0602 -0.4612 0.0863 -0.5535 -0.5614 91 0.1007 -0.7167 0.05017 -0.5685 0.0977 -0.5555 0.0979 -0.6014 92 0.1102 -0.7492 0.0926 -0.6268 0.0871 -0.5645 0.1073 -0.6293 -0.6354 94 0.1366 -0.8075 0.1164 -0.6906 0.1080 -0.6299 0.1366 -0.6927 -0.7006 0.1563 -0.8034 0.1222 -0.7233 0.1191 -0.6299 0.1366 -0.6927 -0.7005 0.1081 -0.6593 0.1653 -0.7414 -0.7294 0.1653 -0.8557 0.1627 -0.8557 0.1427 -0.7512 0.1307 -0.6874 0.1653 -0.7414 -0.7579 0.1227 -0.7018 0.1904 -0.8078 0.1714 -0.7593 0.1553 -0.7345 0.1904 -0.8078 0.1914 -0.6908 0.1231 -0.7579 0.1227 -0.9149 0.1866 -0.8979 0.1553 -0.7550 0.1808 -0.8928 0.1914 -0.8988 0.1714 -0.7899 0.1815 -0.7750 0.1227 -0.9149 0.1866 -0.8972 0.1815 -0.7750 0.1229 -0.8060 -0.8115 0.100 0.2295 -0.9321 0.2023 -0.8000 0.1815 -0.7750 0.2295 -0.8230 -0.8279 0.101 0.2668 -0.9779 0.206 -0.8572 0.1915 -0.7750 0.2295 -0.8230 -0.8279 0.101 0.2666 -0.9775 0.8252 -0.8830 0.2295 -0.8038 0.2092 -0.8078 0.2646 -0.9618 0.2354 -0.8732 0.2925 -0.8078 0.2646 -0.8618 0.2354 -0.8732 0.2925 -0.8078 0.2646 -0.8618 0.2354 -0.8032 0.08279 0.0303 -0.9072 0.2684 -0.9018 0.2352 -0.8078 0.2646 -0.8618 0.2354 -0.9018 0.2352 -0.8078 0.2546 -0.8510 -0.8572 0.9018 0.3013 -0.8727 -0.8750 0.2018										
91 0.0979 -0.7167 0.0817 -0.5980 0.0774 -0.5256 0.0979 -0.5939 -0.6014 92 0.1102 -0.7492 0.0926 -0.6268 0.0973 -0.5595 0.1102 -0.6293 -0.6355 93 0.1231 -0.7492 0.0926 -0.6268 0.0973 -0.5996 0.1231 -0.6621 -0.6621 -0.6621 0.1507 -0.8136 -0.8075 0.1164 -0.6626 0.0973 -0.5996 0.1366 -0.6927 -0.7081 0.1507 -0.8341 0.1292 -0.7233 0.1191 -0.6581 0.1507 -0.7212 -0.7271 0.1606 -0.8557 0.1567 -0.7512 0.1307 -0.6874 0.1653 -0.7441 -0.7599 0.1566 -0.8763 0.1567 -0.7775 0.1428 -0.7145 0.1806 -0.7622 -0.7739 0.1806 -0.8763 0.1567 -0.7775 0.1428 -0.7145 0.1806 -0.7622 -0.7739 0.12127 -0.9149 0.1866 -0.8197 0.1682 -0.7548 0.12127 -0.8060 -0.8115 0.1904 -0.8948 0.1714 -0.7939 0.1553 -0.7345 0.1946 -0.8050 -0.8115 0.1904 -0.8098 0.1202 -0.8572 0.1682 -0.7548 0.12127 -0.8060 -0.8115 0.1806 -0.8197 0.1682 -0.7548 0.12127 -0.8060 -0.8115 0.1806 -0.7642 0.0829 0.1816 0.1819 0.1818 0.0829 0.1816 0.0829 0.0829 0.1816 0.0829 0.0829 0.1816 0.0829 0.0829 0.1816 0.0829										
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94 0.1231 -0.7793 0.1041 -0.6626 0.0973 -0.5996 0.1366 -0.6627 -0.6601 95 0.1507 -0.8341 0.1292 -0.7233 0.1191 -0.6581 0.1507 -0.7212 -0.7270 96 0.1563 -0.8557 0.1427 -0.7512 0.1307 -0.6874 0.1653 -0.7441 -0.7570 97 0.1806 -0.8763 0.1567 -0.7775 0.1428 -0.7145 0.1507 -0.7612 -0.7270 98 0.1806 -0.8763 0.1567 -0.7775 0.1428 -0.7145 0.1606 -0.7662 -0.7737 99 0.12127 -0.9149 0.1866 -0.8197 0.1682 -0.7588 0.12127 -0.8060 -0.8173 100 0.2295 -0.9321 0.223 -0.8400 0.1815 -0.7750 0.2295 -0.8250 -0.8217 101 0.2468 -0.9479 0.2106 -0.8572 0.1951 -0.7918 0.2466 -0.8392 -0.8279 102 0.2646 -0.9618 0.2554 -0.8393 0.2295 -0.8277 0.2295 -0.8510 -0.8259 103 0.2628 -0.9745 0.2526 -0.8890 0.2235 -0.8627 0.2295 -0.8510 -0.8511 -0.85510 104 0.3303 -0.9986 0.2735 -0.9010 0.2355 -0.8227 0.2806 -0.8610 -0.8559 103 0.2628 -0.9792 0.2684 -0.9128 0.2532 -0.8475 0.3395 -0.8624 -0.8893 107 0.3591 -1.0160 0.3257 -0.9326 0.2839 -0.8660 0.3591 -0.8034 -0.8894 107 0.3591 -1.0160 0.3257 -0.9326 0.2839 -0.8660 0.3591 -0.8910 -0.8918 109 0.3991 -1.0227 0.3449 -0.9467 0.3155 -0.8626 0.3591 -0.8915 -0.8918 109 0.3991 -1.0247 0.3449 -0.9463 0.3915 -0.8862 0.3591 -0.8034 -0.8918 110 0.4149 -1.0349 0.3645 -0.9467 0.3155 -0.8812 0.4914 -0.8073 111 0.4414 -1.0417 0.4450 -0.9463 0.3805 -0.8917 0.4814 -0.7298 112 0.4606 -1.0348 0.4663 -0.9176 0.3858 0.4914 0.5891 0.5891 -0.8082 -0.8566 112 0.4914 -0.9466 0.5572 0.5685 0.4914 -0.8975 -0.8566 0.3591 -0.8039 -0.8036 0.3514 -0.8036 0.3514 -0.8036 0.3514 -0.8036 0.3514 -0.8036 0.3514 -0.8036 0.3514 -0.8036 0.0514 -0.8056 0.0514 -0.8057 0.0000 0.3316 -0.8057 0.0916 0.3658 0.4914 0.0916 0.3946 0.0916 0.3046 0.0916 0.3046 0.0916 0.3046 0.0916 0.3046 0.0916 0.3046 0.0916 0.3046 0.0916 0.3046 0.0916 0										
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	145	0.9871	0.3743	0.9784	0.3243	0.9 82 5	0.3433	0.9871	0.3623	0.3449

146	0.9916	0.4036	0.9946	0.3576	0.9886	0.3454	0.9916	0.3927	0.414
147	0.9951	0.4162		0.3694	0.9934	0.4561	0.9951	0.4060	0.437
148	0.9978	0.4952		0.4493	0.9970	0.4186	0.9978	0.4865	0.418
149	0.9995	0.4947		0.4492	0.9993	0.4187	0.9995	0.4865	0.418
149	0.9995	0.4947	0.9981	0.4492	0.9993	0.4187	0.9995	0.4865	0.41

M2 = 0.8000

Q2 = 0.1000

CPCRIT = -0.4346

<<<< LOCATIONS OF MIN., MAX., AND CRITICAL PTS. >>>>
 (* DENOTES POINT ON LOWER SURFACE)

PERTURBATION SOLN:

MINIMUM AT X = 0.3834 (POINT #112)
MAXIMUM AT X = 0.0000* (POINT # 75)
2 CRITICAL POINT(S):
 1ST AT X = 0.4805* (AFTER POINT # 41)
2ND AT X = 0.5229 (AFTER POINT #120)

COMPARISON SOLN:

نذ

MINIMUM AT X = 0.4015 (POINT #110)
MAXIMUM AT X = 0.0000 (POINT # 75)
2 CRITICAL POINT(S):
 1ST AT X = 0.4816* (AFTER POINT # 36)
 2ND AT X = 0.5258 (AFTER POINT #116)

POINT	XBASE	CPBASE	XCALB	CPCALB	XPERT	CPPERT	XCHEK	СРСНЕК	CPPERT(INT)
1	0.9995	0.4947	0.9981	0.4492	0.9996	0.4341	0.9989	0.4589	0.4341
2	0.9978	0.4943	0.9946	0.4490	0.9981	0.4341	0.9963	0.4588	0.4557
3	0.9951	0.4144	0.9901	0.3687	0.9958	0.4606	0.9927	0.3781	0.4138
4	0.9916	0.4011	0.9847	0.3567	0.9928	0.4151	0.9882	0.3713	0.3621
5	0.9871	0.3709	0.9784	0.3231	0.9890	0.3632	0.9828	0.3389	0.3483
6	0.9817	0.3354	0.9711	0.2884	0.9843	0.3565	0.9765	0.3055	0.3148
7	0.9753	0.3037	0.9630	0.2570	0.9789	0.3273	0.9692	0.2738	0.2811
8	0.9680	0.2744	0.9539	0.2283	0.9727	0.2957	0.9610	0.2453	0.2503
9	0.9598	0.2478	0.9440	0.2012	0.9657	0.2666	0.9520	0.2188	0.2216
10	0.9507	0.2228	0.9333	0.1750	0.9580	0.2396	0.9420	0.1934	0.1944
11	0.9438	0.1986	0.9217	0.1528	0.9495	0.2142	0.9313	0.1683	0.1692
12	0.9300	0.1743	0.9093	0.1315	0.9403	0.1897	0.9197	0.1470	0.1468
13	0.9 84	0.1535	0.8962	0.1078	0.9304	0.1671	0.9073	0.1264	0.1249
14	0.9060	0.1334	0.8824	0.0884	0.9198	0.1469	0.8942	0.1033	0.1022
15	0.8929	0.1106	0.8679	0.0690	0.9086	0.1271	0.8804	0.0843	0.0828
16	0.8790	0.0918	0.8527	0.0496	0.8967	0.1058	0.8658	0.0653	0.0634
17	0.8644	0.0728	0.8368	0.0302	0.8843	0.0881	0.8506	0.0463	0.0438
18	0.8491	0.0538	0.8204	0.0118	0.8713	0.0705	0.8347	0.0273	0.0246
19	0.8332	0.0346	0.8034	-0.0053	0.8577	0.0528	0.8183	0.0093	0.0071
20	0.8168	0.0163	0.7859	-0.0237	0.8436	0.0350	0.8013	-0.0074	-0.0105
21	0.7997	-0.0009	0.7679	-0.0417	0.8291	0.0180	0.7837	-0.0253	-0.0286
22	0.7821	-0.0193	0.7495	-0.0595	0.8141	0.0029	0.7657	-0.0428	-0.0469
23	0.7640	-0.0377	0.7306	-0.0747	0.7986	-0.0133	0.7472	-0.0598	-0.0623
24	0.7455	-0.0559	0.7113	-0.0926	0.7829	-0.0295	0.7283	-0.0743	-0 .0786
25	0.7266	-0.0719	0.6918	-0.1098	0.7667	-0.0461	0.7090	-0.0911	-0.0955

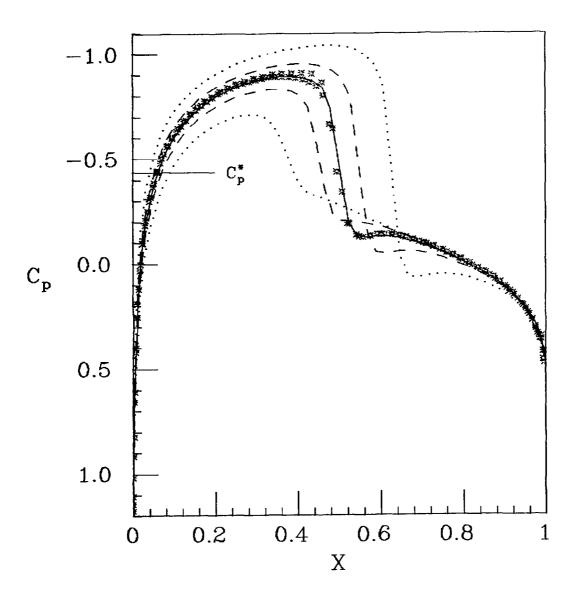
26	0.7073	-0.0908	0.6719	-0.1252	0.7502	-0.0598	0.6895	-0.1068	-0.1106
27	0.6876	-0.1094	0.6518	-0.1418	0.7335	-0.0738	0.6696	-0.1204	-0.1257
28	0.6677	-0.1267	0.6315	-0.1564	0.7164	-0.0896	0.6494	-0.1346	-0.1393
29	0.6475	-0.1460	0.6110	-0.1706	0.6992	-0.1034	0.6291	-0.1459	-0.1518
30	0.6271	-0.1643	0.5903	-0.1819	0.6818	-0.1163	0.6085	-0.1556	-0.1598
31	0.6065	-0.1838	0.5695	-0.1905	0.6642	-0.1298	0.5878	-0.1610	-0.1644
32	0.5858	-0.2024	0.5487	-0.1968	0.6466	-0.1412	0.5670	-0.1624	-0.1658
33	0.5650	-0.2213	0.5279	-0.1989	0.6288	-0.1520	0.5462	-0.1625	-0.1641
34	0.5441	-0.2417	0.5071	-0.2033	0.6109	-0.1592	0.5253	-0.1683	-0.1718
35	0.5231	-0.2608	0.4863	-0.2357	0.5931	-0.1637	0.5045	-0.2166	-0.2237
36	0.5022	-0. 2786	0.4656	-0.3675	0.5752	-0.1662	0.4836	-0.4092	-0.3977
37	0.4814	-0.2955	0.4450	-0.5861	0.5574	-0.1652	0.4629	-0.6656	-0.6327
38	0.4606	-0.3119	0.4245	-0.7468	0.5397	-0.1634	0.4423	-0.7983	- 0. 798 5
39	0.4399	-0.3264	0.4043	-0.8046	0.5221	-0.1737	0.4218	-0.8384	-0.8483
40	0.4194	-0.3504	0.3842	-0.8226	0.5046	-0.2228	0.4015	-0.8530	-0.8645
41	0.3991	-0.4033	0.3645	-0.8300	0.4872	-0.3556	0.3815	-0.8587	-0.8689
42	0.3790	-0.4976	0.3449	-0.8304	0.4650	-0.6156	0.3616	-0.8609	-0.8689
43	0.3591	-0.6009	0.3257	-0.8280	0.4407	-0.8117	0.3421	-0.8583	-0.8665
44	0.3395	-0.6682	0.3069	-0.8232	0.4166	-0.8583	0.3229	-0.8537	-0.8621
45	0.3203	-0.7003	0.2884	-0.8152	0.3930	-0.8681	0.3040	-0.8472	-0.8546
46	0.3013	-0.7119	0.2703	-0.8057	0.3698	-0.8697	0.2855	-0.8378	-0.8457
47	0.2828	-0.7121	0.2526	-0.7946	0.3470	-0.8675	0.2673	-0.8272	-0.8352
48	0.2646	-0.7073	0.2354	-0.7810	0.3247	-0.8628	0.2496	-0.8151	-0.8225
49	0.2468	-0.6991	0.2186	-0.7654	0.3029	-0.8542	0.2324	-0.8006	-0.8081
50	0.2295	-0.6872	0.2023	-0.7485	0.2817	-0.8439	0.2156	-0.7844	-0.7920
51	0.2127	-0.6726	0.1866	-0.7282	0.2610	-0.8314	0.1993	-0.7669	-0.7735
52	0.1964	-0.6561	0.1714	-0.7074	0.2410	-0.8157	0.1835	-0.7460	-0.7533
53	0.1806 0.1653	-0.6355	0.1567	-0.6859	0.2216 0.2029	-0.7987	0.1683 0.1536	-0.7247 -0.7027	-0.7339
54 55	0.1507	-0.6140 -0.5916	0.1427 0.1292	-0.6590 -0.6298	0.1849	-0.7782 -0.7550	0.1336	-0.6752	-0.7095 -0.6821
56	0.1366	-0.5629	0.1272	-0.5989	0.1676	-0.7330	0.1261	-0.6455	-0.6523
50 57	0.1231	-0.5308	0.1041	~0.5656	0.1510	-0.7051	0.1132	-0.6140	-0.6204
58	0.1102	-0.4968	0.0926	-0.5280	0.1352	-0.6733	0.1010	-0.5800	-0.5857
59	0.0979	-0.4605	0.0817	-0.4864	0.1202	-0.6386	0.0894	-0.5414	-0.5472
60	0.0863	-0.4184	0.0715	-0.4412	0.1059	-0.6013	0.0785	-0.5003	-0.5047
61	0.0754	-0.3723	0.0619	-0.3945	0.0926	-0.5591	0.0683	-0.4514	-0.4574
62	0.0652	-0.3197	0.0531	-0.3362	0.0800	-0.5117	0.0588	-0.4023	-0.4026
63	0.0557	-0.2688	0.0449	-0.2716	0.0683	-0.4575	0.0500	-0.3402	-0.3403
64	0.0469	-0.2053	0.0375	-0.2113	0.0575	-0.3955	0.0418	-0.2708	-0.2775
65	0.0388	-0.1317	0.0308	-0.1366	0.0476	-0.3229	0.0345	-0.2044	-0.2056
66	0.0314	-0.0567	0.0248	-0.0514	0.0386	-0.2517	0.0278	-0.1217	-0.1194
67	0.0248	0.0373	0.0196	0.0521	0.0305	-0.1608	0.0219	-0.0253	-0.0199
68	0.0190	0.1485	0.0150	0.1636	0.0233	-0.0493	0.0167	0.0935	0.0917
69	0.0139	0.2859	0.0111	0.2966	0,0171	0.0806	0.0122	0.2265	0.2268
70	0.0096	0.4435	0.0078	0.4490	0.0118	0.2404	0.0085	0.3875	0.3973
71	0.0061	0.6300	0.0051	0.6219	0.0075	0.4458	0.0054	0.5727	0.5947
72	0.0034	0.8314	0.0030	0.8106	0.0041	0.6902	0.0031	0.7749	0.7999
73	0.0015	1.0193	0.0014	0.9949	0.0018	0.9348	0.0014	0.9718	0.9890
74	0.0004	1.1454	0.0004	1.1296	0.0004	1.1133	0.0004	1.1201	1.1243
7 5	0.0000	1.1617	0.0000	1.1692	0.0000	1.1716	0.0000	1.1701	1.1715
76	0.0004	1.0535	0.0004	1.0967	0.0003	1.1228	0.0004	1.1034	1.1138
7 7	0.0015	0.8493	0.0014	0.9332	0.0012	0.9825	0.0014	0.9406	0.9603
78	0.0034	0.6062	0.0030	0.7278	0.0028	0.7753	0.0031	0.7335	0.7474
79	0.0061	0.3715	0.0051	0.5262	0.0051	0.5599	0.0054	0.5249	0.5349
80	0.0096	0.1683	0.0078	0.3464	0.0080	0.3680	0.0085	0.3363	0.3447
81	0.0139	0.0054	0.0111	0.1907	0.0116	0.2026	0.0122	0.1738	0.1820
82	0.0190	-0.1336	0.0150	0.0568	0.0158	0.0677	0.0167	0.0407	0.0469
83	0.0248	-0.2430	0.0196	-0.0540	0.0207	-0.0466	0.0219	-0.0780	-0.0689
84	0.0314	-0.3358	0.0248	-0.1570	0.0262	-0.1470	0.0278	-0.1738	-0.1694
85	0.0388	-0.4104	0.0308	-0.2415	0.0323	-0.2308	0.0344	-0.2562	-0.2526

Figure A.2- Continued

0.9978	0.4952	0.9946	0.4493	0.9971	0.4339	0.9963	0.4590	0.4375
0.9951	0.4162	0.9901	0.3694	0.9937	0.4481	0.9927	0.3784	0.4278
0.9916	0.4036	0.9847	0.3576	0.9892	0.3571	0.9882	0.3717	0.3558
0.9871	0.3743	0.9784	0.3243	0.9834	0.3495	0.9828	0.3394	0.3465
0.9817	0.3398	0.9711	0.2899	0.9764	0.3153	0.9765	0.3061	0.3154
0.9753	0.3093	0.9630	0.2589	0.9683	0.2780	0.9692	0.2746	0.2822
0.9680	0.2813	0.9539	0.2306	0.9589	0.2441	0.9610	0.2462	0.2517
0.9598	0.2563	0.9440	0.2041	0.9484	0.2127	0.9520	0.2199	0.2233
0.9507	0.2330	0.9333	0.1785	0.9368	0.1826	0.9420	0.1947	0.1763
0.9300	0.1887 0.2107	0.9093 0. 9217	0.1565	0.9101 0.9240	0.1318 0.1552	0.9197 0.9313	0.1489 0.1699	0.1480 0.1709
0.9184 0.9300	0.1706	0.8962	0.1138 0.1365	0.8953	0.1060	0.9073	0.1286	0.1270
0.9060 0.9184	0.1534	0.8824	0.0955	0.8793	0.0825	0.8942	0.1060	0.1045
0.8929	0.1342	0.8679	0.0774	0.8624	0.0621	0.8804	0.0875	0.0841
0.8790	0.1195	0.8527	0.0596	0.8446	0.0405	0.8658	0.0691	0.0662
0.8644	0.1054	0.8368	0.0421	0.8259	0.0193	0.8506	0.0508	0.0477
0.8491	0.0921	0.8204	0.0260	0.8063	0.0001	0.8347	0.0327	0.0293
0.8332	0.0797	0.8034	0.0116	0.7859	-0.0176	0.8183	0.0157	0.0118
0.8168	0.0695	0.7859	-0.0034	0.7647	-0.0361	0.8013	0.0003	-0.0043
0.7997	0.0619	0.7679	-0.0174	0.7428	-0.0537	0.7837	-0.0160	-0.0195
0.7821	0.0551	0.7495	-0.0300	0.7202	-0.0672	0.7657	-0.0316	-0.0353
0.7640	0.0508	0.7306	-0.0390	0.6970	-0.0805	0.7472	-0.0463	-0.0502
0.7455	0.0495	0.7113	-0.0490	0.6733	-0.0913	0.7283	-0.0577	-0.0624
0.7266	0.0539	0.6918	-0.0560	0.6490	-0.0964	0.7090	-0.0707	-0.0736
0.7073	0.0596	0.6719	-0.0587	0.6242	-0.0968	0.6895	-0.0816	-0.0840
0.6876	0.0671	0.6518	-0.0593	0.5990	-0.0912	0.6696	-0.0890	-0.0921
0.6677	0.0602	0.6315	-0.0545	0.5733	-0.0911	0.6494	-0.0951	-0.0963
0.6475	-0.0472	0.6110	-0.0489	0.5474	-0.1651	0.6291	-0.0962	-0.0967
0.6271	-0.4706	0.5903	-0.0554	0.5220	-0.4444	0.6085	-0.0938	-0.0933
0.6965	-0.8572	0.5695	-0.1357	0.5049	-0.7038	0.5878	-0.0883	-0.0912
0.5858	-0.9478	0.5487	-0.4509	0.4876	-0.8305	0.5670	-0.0936	-0.1091
0.5650	-0.9936	0.5279	-0.7801	0.4703	-0.8767	0.5462	-0.1637	-0.1787
0.5441	-1.0200	0.5071	-0.8858	0.4529	-0.8969	0.5253	-0.4408	-0.4081
0.5231	-1.0332	0.4863	-0.9177	0.4355	-0.9100	0.5045	-0.7489	-0.7069
0.5022	-1.0394	0.4656	-0.9371	0.4181	-0.9173	0.4836	-0.8608	-0.8411
0.4814	-1.0417	0.4450	-0.9463	0.4007	-0.9217	0.4629	-0.8922	-0.8853
0.4506	-1.0418	0.4245	-0.9516	0.3834	-0.9223	0.4423	-0.9075	-0.9049
0.4399	-1.0383	0.4043	-0.9523	0.3662	-0.9206	0.4218	-0.9166	-0.9157
0.4194	-1.0349	0.3842	-0.9500	0.3491	-0.9178	0.4015	-0.9200	-0.9215
0.3991	-1.0296	0.3645	-0.9467	0.3322	-0.9121	0.3815	-0.9194	-0.9221
0.3790	-1.0227	0.3449	-0.9401	0.3155	-0.9055	0.3616	-0.9173	-0.9198
0.3591	-1.0160	0.3257	-0.9326	0.2989	-0.8976	0.3421	-0.9114	-0.9154
0.3395	-1.0067	0.3069	-0.9239	0.2826	-0.8883	0.3229	-0.9043	-0.9084
0.3203	-0.9972	0.2884	-0.9128	0.2666	-0.8774	0.3040	-0.8958	-0.9000
0.3013	-0.9868	0.2703	-0.9010	0.2508	-0.8657	0.2855	-0.8849	-0.8899
0.2828	-0.9745	0.2526	-0.8880	0.2354	-0.8530	0.2673	-0.8734	-0.8779
0.2646	-0.9618	0.2354	-0.8733	0.2202	-0.8386	0.2496	-0.8607	-0.8647
0.2468	-0.9479	0.2186	-0.8572	0.2055	-0.8230	0.2324	-0.8457	-0.8502
0.2295	-0.9321	0.2023	-0.8400	0.1911	-0.8064	0.1773	-0.8291	-0.8337
0.2127	-0.9149	0.1866	-0.8197	0.1771	-0.7868	0.1993	-0.8114	-0.8159
0.166	-0.8968	0.1714	-0.7989	0.1635	-0.7669	0.1835	-0.7906	-0.7759
0.1806	-0.8763	0.1567	-0.7775	0.1503	-0.7469	0.1683	-0.7693	-0.7740
0.1633	-0.8557	0.1427	-0.7512	0.1376	-0.7210	0.1536	-0.7202	-0.7519
0.1507	-0.8341	0.1292	-0.7233	0.1137	-0.6933	0.1261	-0.7202	-0.8949
0.1366	-0.7773	0.1164	-0.6940	0.1024	-0.6654	0.1132	-0.6913	-0.6949
0.1102	-0.7793	0.1041	-0.6626	0.1024	-0.6355	0.1010	-0.6607	-0.6509
0.1102	-0.7492	0.0926	-0.6268	0.0815	-0.6015	0.0894	-0.5899	-0.5930
0.0979	-0.7167	0.0817	-0.5880	0.0815	-0.5638	0.0765	-0.5899	-0.5930
0.0754	-0.6794	0.0715	-0.5425	0.0028	-0.5208	0.0683 0.0785	-0.5019 -0.5492	-0.5040 -0.5505
0.0652 0.0754	-0.5903 -0.6388	0.0531 0.0619	-0.4440 -0.5002	0.0543 0 .0628	-0.4285 -0.4779	0.0588	-0.4554 -0.5019	-0.4545
0.0557		0.0449	-0.3774	0.0463	-0.3627	0.0500	-0.3936	-0.3928
0.0469	-0.4834 -0.5434					0.0418	-0.3229	-0.3231
0.0440	0 6076	0 0775	0.71/0	0.0700	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.0/40		
0.0	469	469 -0.4834	469 -0.4834 0.0375	469 -0.4834 0.0375 -0.3160	469 -0.4834 0.0375 -0.3160 0.0390	469 -0.4834 0.0375 -0.3160 0.0390 -0.2986	469 -0.4834 0.0375 -0.3160 0.0390 -0.2986 0.0418	469 -0.4834 0.0375 -0.3160 0.0390 -0.2986 0.0418 -0.3229

Figure A.2- Concluded

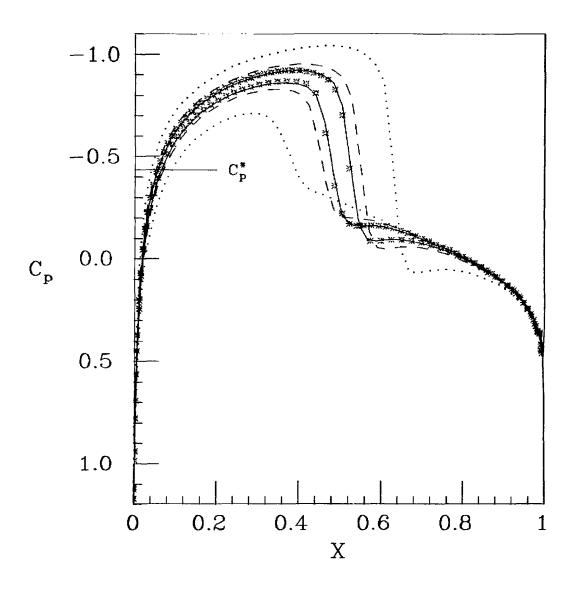
Full ϕ_{Holst} Nonl. α Pert. $\alpha_b = 0.500$ $\alpha_c = 0.200$



$$M_{\infty} = 0.800 \qquad \alpha = 0.000$$

Figure A.3- Plot output for sample case

Full ϕ_{Holst} Nonl. α Pert. $\alpha_{\text{b}} = 0.500$ $\alpha_{\text{c}} = 0.200$



 $\mathbf{M}_{\bullet \bullet} = 0.800 \qquad \alpha = 0.100$

Figure A.3- Continued

Full ϕ_{Holst} Nonl. α Pert. $\alpha_{\text{b}} = 0.500$ $\alpha_{\text{c}} = 0.200$

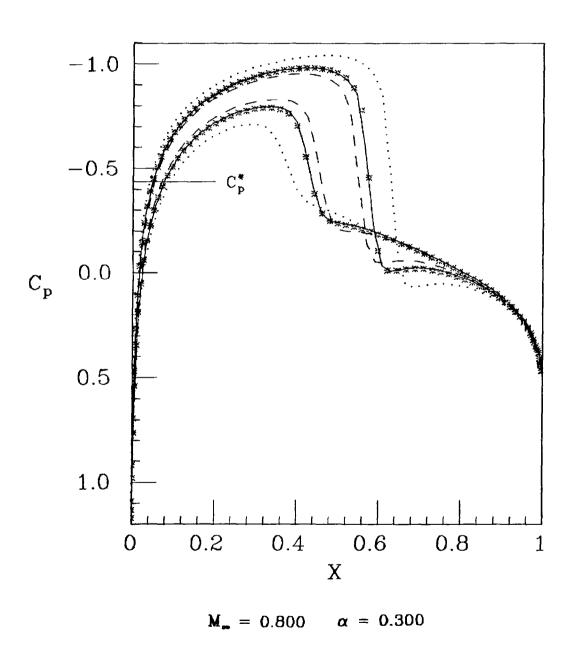
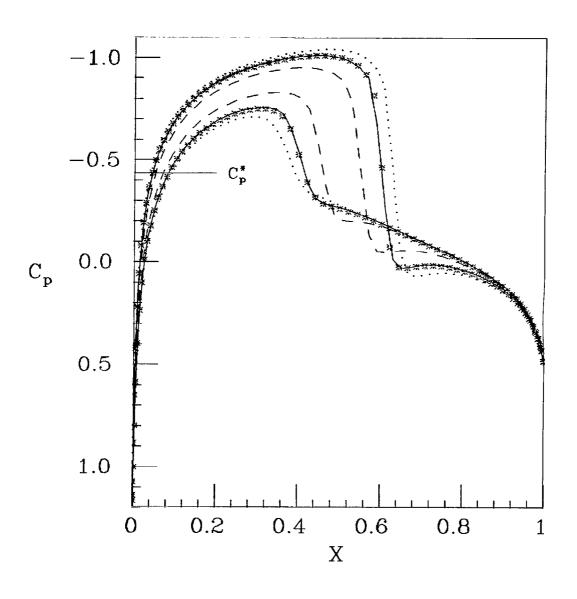


Figure A.3- Continued

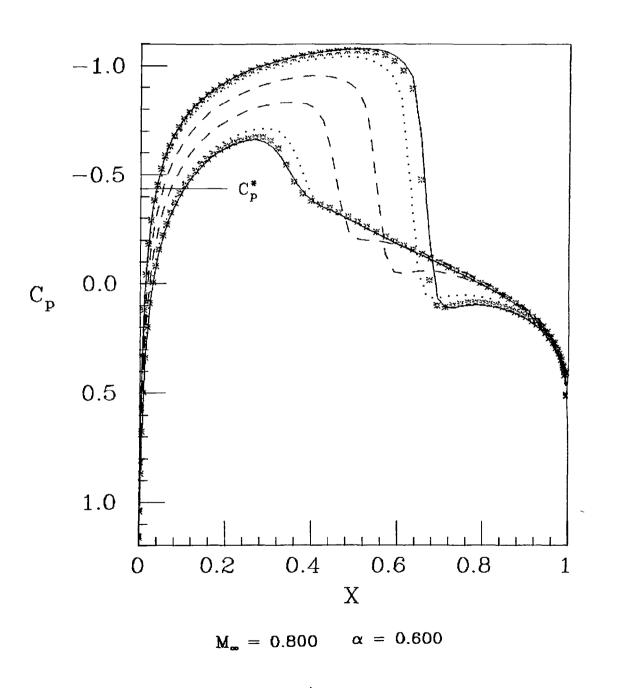
Full ϕ_{Holst} Nonl. α Pert. $\alpha_b = 0.500$ $\alpha_c = 0.200$



 $M_{\infty} = 0.800 \quad \alpha = 0.400$

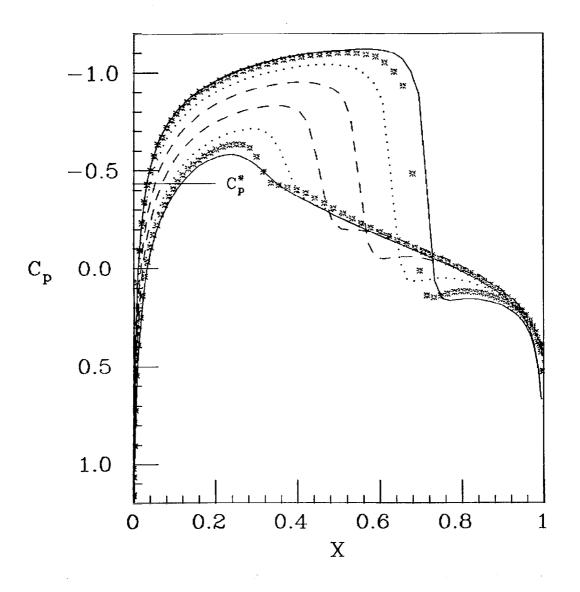
Figure A.3- Continued

Full ϕ_{Holst} Nonl. α Pert. $\alpha_b = 0.500$ $\alpha_e = 0.200$



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Full ϕ_{Holst} Nonl. α Pert. $\alpha_{\text{b}} = 0.500$ $\alpha_{\text{c}} = 0.200$



 $\mathbf{M}_{\infty} = 0.800 \qquad \alpha = 0.700$

Figure A.3- Concluded

6							
4							
6<<<	<<<<<<< < < < < < < < < < < < < HAIN PROG	RAM PERTURB >>>>>>	·>>>>>>>		c		MAIN061 MAIN062
č	CALCULATES CONTINUOUS OR DISC	ONTINIOUS NONLINEAD	DEDTINDRATION	MAINGO2	C	LSELCT(3) = 5	MAINO63
č	SOLUTIONS WHICH REPRESENT A S			MAIN004	c	ESELCITAT " 5	MAINO64
č	GEOMETRY OR FLOW CONDITIONS B			MAIN005	č	PROVISION IS ALSO MADE TO ALLOW THE USER TO SPECIFY THE POINTS IN	
č	PROCEDURE. THE METHOD UTILIZE			MAIH006	Č	THE BASE AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS THAT WILL BE HELD INVARIANT, TO	
č	FROM THO PREVIOUSLY CALCULATE				č	A MAXIMUM OF SIX, SEE THE SUBROUTINE INPUT FOR DETAILS.	IMAIN067
C	SOLUTIONS) OBTAINED FROM AN '			MAINGOS	č		MAIN068
C	AND DISPLACED FROM ONE ANOTHE	R BY SOME REASONABLE	CHANGE IN	MAIN009	_	DIMENSION XBASE(200), XCALB(200), XCHEK(200), XPERT(200), XUNIT(200)	MAIN069
C	GEOMETRY OR FLOW VARIABLE, TO	PREDICT NEW NONLINE	AR SOLUTIONS OVER	DIONIAM		DIMENSION YBASE(200), YCALB(200), YPERT(200), YCHEK(200), YINTP(200),	MAIN070
C	A RANGE OF PARAMETER VARIATIO	н.		HAINO11		X YPRTI(200), YUNIT(200)	MAIN071
ε				MAINO12		DIMENSION XLOC0(6), XLOC1(6), XLOC2(6), XLOC3(6), XFIX0(8), XFIX1(8)	MAIN072
c	THIS CURRENT VERSION OF THE P					DIMENSION LCR0(4), LCR1(4), LCR2(4), LCR3(4), LOC0(6), LOC1(6),	MAIN073
ç	PLOT PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS ON	A BLADE OR AIRFOIL	SURFACE, AND CAN			X ISEQU(8), ISEQ1(8), LSELCT(6)	MAIN074
Č	ACCOUNT FOR THE MOTION OF:			MAIN015		DIMENSION XOUT(8)	MAIN075
c		CRITICAL POINTS (SHO	CK POINTS),	MAIN016		DIMENSION TITLE(20)	MAINO76
C	(2) A STAGNATION		•	MAIN017		INTEGER*2 NAME	MAIN077
č	OR SIMULTANEOUSLY FOR ANY COM	CTION-PRESSURE POINT	,	MAINOIS		INTEGER HEADO(5) /4HBASE,4H SOL,4HUTIO,4HN: ,4H /,	MAIN078 MAIN079
c	OR SIMULIANEOUSLY FOR ANY COM	STUALITON OF THESE.		MAINO19		<pre>% HEAD1(5) /4HCALI,4HBRAT,4HIQN ,4HSQLN,4H: /, % HEAD2(5) /4HPERT,4HURBA,4HTIQN,4H SQL,4HN: /,</pre>	IMAINO80
Č	THE PROGRAM IS ALSO CONFIGURE	TO COMBABE THE DES	TIMPATTON-	MAINO20		% HEAD3(5) /4HCOMP,4HARIS,4HON S,4HOLN:,4H /	IMAIN081
č	PREDICTED SOLUTIONS WITH THE			MAINO22		INTEGER ORD(4) /4H1ST ,4H2ND ,4H3RD ,4H4TH /	MAIHO82
č	OBTAINED BY EMPLOYING THE SAM			MAIN023		LOGICAL*1 FLAG(8)	MAIN083
Ċ	PROCEDURE USED TO DETERMINE TO			MAIN024		REAL MT, M1, M2	MAIN084
č	SEE THE SUBROUTINE INPUT FOR		2011 00201201101	MAINO25		COMMON /COEFF/ C(7),D(7)	MAINO85
C				MAIN026			MAINO86
C	N = NO. OF POINTS IN SURFACE	PRESSURE DISTRIBUTIO	N - ASSUMED EQUAL			Z LCHEK, LPERT, NSELCT, A, B, NAME	MAIN087
C	FOR BASE, CALIBRATION, AND PR			MAIN028		COMMON /PERT/ MO,M1,M2,Q0,Q1,Q2,YCR0,YCR1,YCR2	880NIAM
c	NOTE: N <	= 200.		MAIN029		COMMON /XY/ XBASE, XCALB, XPERT, XCHEK, YBASE, YCALB, YPERT, YCHEK	P80NIAN
C				MAIN030		DATA LTERM /0/, LCORR /0/	MAIN090
c			BRATION	MAINO31	C		MAIN091
C			MI	MAIN032		***************************************	
c	PARAMETER PERTURBED	90	Q1	MAIN033	C		MAIH093
C	MA - DISCOUTING MASH NO. OF DOS			MAIN034	C	USER-SUPPLIED STATEMENT FUNCTION YCRIT(Z) DETERMINES CRITICAL	MAIN094
C	M2 = ONCOMING MACH NO. OF PRE		611	MAIN035	C	VALUES OF FLOW VARIABLE YORIT AS FUNCTION OF FLOW PARAMETER Z.	MAINO95
Č	Q2 = VALUE OF PERTURBED PARAM	EIEK TU LKENTCIER LE	UM	MAIN036 MAIN037	Č	IGRAD (+1 OR -1) IS THE USER-SUPPLIED ALGEBRAIC SIGN OF DYCRIT/DX USED IN LOCATING THE CRITICAL POINT.	MAIN095
č	COORDINATE STRAINING IS PIECE	UTSE ITHEAD UTTH ENG	DOTNIE AND ONE	MAIN037	Č	DSED IN LOCALING THE CRITICAL POINT.	IMAIN098
č	OR MORE USER-SELECTED INTERIO			MAIN039	č	IN THE PRESENT VERSION OF THE CODE, YCRIT REPRESENTS THE FULL-	IMAIN099
č	DA TIONE OSEA SELECTES INTERES	TOTHIS HEED THANKS	Att .	MAIN040	č	POTENTIAL CRITICAL PRESSURE COEFFICIENT FOR AIR (GAMMA = 1.4), Z	
Č	THE PROGRAM LOCATES MINIMUM,	MAXIMUM, AND ALL CRI	TICAL POINTS	MAIN041	č	IS THE FREE STREAM MACH NUMBER, AND IGRAD CORRESPONDS TO POSITIVE	
č	(SHOCK POINTS) IN THE BASE AN				č	PRESSURE GRADIENT (+1).	MAIN102
C	THESE IN THE ARRAYS XLOCO AND				c		MAIN103
С	OF CRITICAL POINTS DOES NOT E			MAIN044		YCRIT(Z)=2.0*(((2.0+0.4*Z**2)/2.4)**(1.4/0.4)-1.0)/(1.4*Z**2)	MAIN104
С				MAIN045		IGRAD=1	MAIN105
Ċ	BASE	CALIBRA	TION	MAIN046	С		MAIN106
C				MAIN047	-	***************************************	MAIN107
C	XLOCO(1) = HINIMUM PT.	XLOC1(1) = 1		MATH048	C		BOINIAM
c	XLOCO(2) = MAXIMUM PT.	XLOC1(2) = 1		MAIN049		.INPUT CONTROL, GEOMETRY, AND STRAINING PARAMETERS, AND DATA FOR	MAIN109.
C	XLOCO(3) = CRITICAL PT. #1			MAIN050	Č	BASE AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS.	MAIN110
č	= XLOCO(6) = CRITICAL PT. #4	= .		MAIN051	C	CALL THRUTAL	MAIN111
Č	ALOCOTO / - CRITICAL PI. #4	X(UL)(6) = (RITICAL PT. #4	MAINO52	С	CALL INPUT(1)	MAIN112
Č	THE NUMBER OF POINTS SELECTED	FROM THESE IS SEC.	ETER BY NEELCT	MAIN053	_	.PRINT BANNER PAGE	IMAIN114
č	THE CORRESPONDING SUBSCRIPTS			MAINOSS	č	.FRITTO DATITURE FAGE	[HAIN115
č	THE FIRST NSELCT ELEMENTS OF			MAINOS6	-	CALL BANNER	IMAIN116
č	MAXIMUM POINT AND THE FIRST A			MAIN057	С	where wontern	IMAIN117
Ċ	SPECIFIES:			MAIN058	_	.ECHO INPUT DECK IF LECHO .NE. 0.	IMAIN118
С				MAIN059	C		MAIN119
С	NSE	LCT = 3		MAING60	-	IF (LECHO .NE. O) CALL ECHINP	MAIN120

```
IMAIN121
                                                                                                                                                               IBINIAN
                                                                                           XFIX1(I+1)=XCALB(LOC1(I))
      DEL1=Q1-Q0
                                                                          IMAIN122
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN182
                                                                                            GO TO 10
      YCRO=YCRIT(MO)
                                                                          IMAIN123
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN183
                                                                                         5 CONTINUE
                                                                          IMAIN129
      YCR1=YCRIT(M1)
                                                                                           XFIX0(7+1)=XLOCO(LSELCT(I))
                                                                                                                                                               MAIN184
                                                                          IMAIN125
      WRITE (6,2000) TITLE
                                                                                           XFIX1(I+1)=XLOC1(LSELCT(I))
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN185
                                                                          |MAIN126
      WRITE (6,2010) N,A,B,HEADO,MO,QO,HEAD1,M1,Q1
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN186
                                                                                         10 CONTINUE
      WRITE (6,2020) NAME, HEADO, NAME, YCRO, HEADI, NAME, YCRI
                                                                          |MAIN127
                                                                                            WRITE (6,2050) NFIX
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN187
                                                                          IMAIN128
                                                                                            IF (LSPEC .EQ. 0) GO TO 14
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN188
    .. NORMALIZE X COORDINATES AND LOCATE MINIMUM, MAXIMUM, AND CRITICAL
                                                                         MAIN129
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN189
С.,
                                                                                            WRITE (6,2046) HEADO, HEAD1
      POINTS FOR BASE AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS.
                                                                          IMAIN130
                                                                                            DO 13 I=1,NSELCT
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN190
                                                                          IMAIN131
                                                                                                                                                               I HAIN191
                                                                                           WRITE (6,2047) LOCO(I), LOC1(I)
      CALL SCALE (N, XBASE, 1, A, B)
                                                                          LMAIN132
                                                                                        13 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN192
      CALL LOCATE (N.XBASE, YBASE, YCRO, IGRAD, LMNO, LMXO, NCRO, LCRO, XLOCO)
                                                                          |MAIN133
                                                                                           GO TO 18
                                                                                                                                                               I MATN 193
                                                                          MAIN134
      CALL SCALE (N,XCALB,1,A,B)
                                                                                         14 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN194
      CALL LOCATE (N, XCALB, YCALB, YCR1, IGRAD, LMN1, LMX1, NCR1, LCR1, XLOC1)
                                                                         MAIN135
                                                                                            DO 15 I=1.NSELCT
                                                                                                                                                               MAIN195
                                                                          MAIN136
      WRITE (6,2030)
                                                                                            IF (LSELCT(I) .EQ. 1) WRITE (6,2060) NAME
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN196
      WRITE (6,2035)
                                                                          IMAIN137
                                                                                            IF (LSELCT(I) .EQ. 2) WRITE (6,2070) NAME
                                                                                                                                                                | MAIN1 97
      CALL UPLOW (A.B.XLOCO,6.NCRO+2,XOUT,FLAG)
                                                                          IMAIN138
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN198
                                                                                            IF (LSELCT(I) .LE. 2) GO TO 15
      WRITE (6,2040) HEADO, XOUT(1), FLAG(1), LMN0, XOUT(2), FLAG(2), LMX0
                                                                          IMAIN139
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN199
                                                                                            LCORR=1
      IF (NCRO .GT. 0) WRITE (6,2045) NCRO,
                                                                          MAIN140
                                                                                                                                                               | MAIN200
                                                                                            LPR=LSELCT(I)-2
           (ORD(1),XOUT(1+2),FLAG(1+2),LCRO(1),I=1,NCRO)
                                                                          MAIN141
                                                                                            WRITE (6,2080) NAME, ORD(LPR), NCRO
                                                                                                                                                                |HAIN201
      CALL UPLOW (A,B,XLOC1,6,NCR1+2,XOUT,FLAG)
                                                                          IMAIN142
                                                                                                                                                               IMAIN202
                                                                                         15 CONTINUE
      WRITE (6,2040) HEADI, XOUT(1), FLAG(1), LMN1, XOUT(2), FLAG(2), LMX1
                                                                          IMAIN143
                                                                                         18 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN203
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN204
      IF (NCR1 .GT. 0) WRITE (6,2045) NCR1,
                                                                          MAIN144
           (ORD(I),XOUT(I+2),FLAG(I+2),LCR1(I),I=1,NCR1)
                                                                          MAIN145
                                                                                     C.....ARRANGE SELECTED FIXED POINTS IN A HONOTONE SEQUENCE.
                                                                                                                                                                [HAIN205
                                                                          |MAIN146
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN206
                                                                                     С
C....CHECK FOR INVALID STRAINING SPECIFICATION IF LSPEC = 0.
                                                                          MAIN147
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN207
                                                                                            CALL SORT (NFIX, XFIX0, ISEQ0)
                                                                                                                                                               BOSHIAM
                                                                          MAIN148
                                                                                            CALL SORT (NFIX, XFIX1, ISEQ1)
      IF (LSPEC .EQ. 1) GO TO 4
                                                                          IMAIN149
                                                                                                                                                               [MAIN209
                                                                                            WRITE (6,2090)
                                                                          MAIN150
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN210
      ICOUNT=0
                                                                                            WRITE (6,2035)
                                                                          [MAIN151
                                                                                                                                                                I HAIN211
      DO 2 I=1.NSELCT
                                                                                            CALL UPLOW (A,B,XFIXB,8,NFIX,XOUT,FLAG)
      IF (LSELCT(I) .LE. 2) GO TO 2
                                                                          IMAIN152
                                                                                            WRITE (6,2100) HEADO,(I,XOUT(I),FLAG(I),I=1,NFIX)
                                                                                                                                                                | MAIN212
                                                                          IMAIN153
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN213
      ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
                                                                                            CALL UPLOW (A,B,XFIX1,8,NFIX,XOUT,FLAG)
                                                                          |MAIN154
      IF (NCRO ,NE. NCRI) LTERM=1
                                                                                            WRITE (6,2100) HEAD(,(I,XOUT(I),FLAG(I),I=1,NFIX)
                                                                                                                                                                I MAIN214
    2 CONTINUE
                                                                          MAIN155
                                                                                                                                                                I HAIN215
                                                                                           STOP EXECUTION IF ORDER OF OCCURRENCE OF CRITICAL POINTS IN BASE
                                                                          MAIN156
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN216
     STOP EXECUTION IF CRITICAL POINTS ARE TO BE USED IN STRAINING AND [MAIN157
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN217
                                                                                            AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS DOES NOT CORRESPOND.
τ.,
                                                                                     C
      NUMBER OF CRITICAL POINTS IN BASE AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS ARE
                                                                          |MAIN158
                                                                                                                                                                MAIN218
С
                                                                                     C
                                                                          |MAIN159
                                                                                                                                                                IHAIN219
      UNEQUAL.
                                                                                            IF (LSPEC .EQ. 1) GO TO 25
r.
                                                                          IMAIN160
                                                                                            DO 20 I=1,NFIX
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN220
                                                                          |MAIN161
                                                                                                                                                                [MAIN221
      IF (LTERM .EQ. 1) GO TO 900
                                                                                            IF (ISEQO(I) .NE. ISEQ1(I)) GO TO 910
                                                                          MAIN162
                                                                                                                                                                MAIN222
                                                                                         20 CONTINUE
     STOP EXECUTION IF NUMBER OF CRITICAL POINTS SELECTED EXCEEDS
                                                                          IMAIN163
                                                                                                                                                                I MAIN223
                                                                                         25 CONTINUE
                                                                          MAIN164
                                                                                                                                                                |MAIN224
      NUMBER ACTUALLY LOCATED.
                                                                                     C....COMPUTE COEFFICIENTS IN UNIT STRAINING OF XBASE:
                                                                          |MAIN165
                                                                                                                                                                MAIN225
      IF (ICOUNT .GT. NCRO) GO TO 905
                                                                          MAIN166
                                                                                                                                                                IMAINI226
                                                                                     С
                                                                          IMAIN167
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN227
                                                                                                 XSTR = C(I) + D(I)*XBASE, I=1,2, ..., NSEG,
С
    4 CONTINUE
                                                                          |HAIN168
                                                                                                                                                                | MAIN228
                                                                          |MAIN169
                                                                                            WHERE HSEG IS THE NUMBER OF LINEAR SEGMENTS.
                                                                                                                                                                MAIN229
C
    ... LOAD SELECTED STRAINING POINTS INTO FIXED-POINT ARRAYS FOR BASE
                                                                          IMAIN170
                                                                                                                                                                MAIN230
С.,
                                                                          IMAIN171
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN231
      AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS.
                                                                                            NSEG=NFIX-1
                                                                          IMAIN172
                                                                                           DO 30 I=1,HSEG
                                                                                                                                                                | MAIN232
                                                                          IMAIN173
                                                                                            CHUM=XFIX1(I)*XFIX0(I+1)-XFIX1(I+1)*XFIX0(I)
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN233
      NFIX=NSELCT+2
                                                                          IMAIN174
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN234
      XFIX0(1)=0.0
                                                                                            DNUM=XFIX1(I+1)-XFIX1(I)
                                                                          IMAIN175
      XFIX1(1)=0.0
                                                                                            DENOM=XFIXO(I+1)-XFIXO(I)
                                                                                                                                                                MAIN235
                                                                          IMAIN176
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN236
      XFIXOURFIX)=1.0
                                                                                            C(I)=CNUM/DENOM
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN237
      XFIXIU FIX)=1.0
                                                                          |MAIN177
                                                                                            D(I)=DNUM/DENOM
                                                                          IMAIN178
                                                                                                                                                                IMAIN238
      DO 10 =1.NSELCT
                                                                                         30 CONTINUE
                                                                          IMAIH179
                                                                                                                                                                HAIN239
      IF (LSPEC .EQ. 0) GO TO 5
                                                                          | MAIN1BO
                                                                                                                                                                MAIN240
      XFIX017+1)=XBASE(LOCO(1))
                                                                                      C.... DETERMINE UNIT STRAINING OF XBASE
```

С		MAIN241	C	MAIN301
•	CALL STRAIN (N.NSEG,XFIXO,XBASE,1.0,XUNIT)	MAIN242	CLOCATE MINIMUM, MAXIMUM, AND CRITICAL POINTS IN PERTURBATION	SOENIAM
С		MAIH243	C SOLUTION.	[MAIN303
č	INTERPOLATE CALIBRATION SOLUTION TO BASE FLOW POINTS CORRESPONDING	MAIN244	C	MAIN304
c	TO UNIT STRAINING.	MAIN245	CALL SCALE (N,XPERT,2,A,B)	MAIN305
č	(D DILL STRAILEIGE	MAIN246	CALL SCALE (N,XPERT,1,A,B)	MAIN306
·	CALL INTERP (N, XCALB, YCALB, XUNIT, YINTP)	IMAIN247	CALL LOCATE (N, XPERT, YPERT, YCR2, IGRAD, LMN2, LMX2, NCR2, LCR2, XLOC2)	MAIN307
С	CALL INTER CHYNCALD, CALD, CAL	MAIN248	WRITE (6,2130) ICASE, NCASE, M2, Q2, NAME, YCR2	MAIN308
č	CORRECT VALUES ON EITHER SIDE OF CRITICAL POINTS, IF THESE ARE	MAIN249	WRITE (6,2030)	MAIN309
C		IMAIN250	WRITE (6,2035)	MAIN310
Ċ		IMAIN251	CALL UPLOW (A,B,XLOC2,6,NCR2+2,XOUT,FLAG)	IMAIH311
L		MAIN252	WRITE (6,2040) HEAD2,XOUT(1),FLAG(1),LMN2,XOUT(2),FLAG(2),LMX2	MAIN312
		MAIN253	IF (NCR2 .GT. 0) WRITE (6,2045) NCR2,	IMAIN313
		MAIN254	<pre>% (ORD(I),XOUT(I+2),FLAG(I+2),LCR2(I),I=1,NCR2)</pre>	IMAIN314
	THIF CORDITION CALD CONTAIN	MAIN255	CALL SCALE (N,XBASE,2,A,B)	MAIN315
_	12MIT COROLLY TOMED BONNES	MAIN256	ביירר ממערה ווויויייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	MAIN316
	J CONTINUE		CIF LCHEK .NE. O READ IN DATA FOR COMPARISON SOLUTION AND LOCATE	MAIN317
	6 CONTINUE		C MINIMUM, MAXIMUM, AND CRITICAL POINTS.	MAIN318
C	THE PERSON OF TH	IMAIN259	C	IMAIN319
C	RESTORE THISTORE X IN CHEEDING TO THE TENTE		-	IMAIN320
C	FURTHER USED.	MAIN260 MAIN261	IF (LCHEK .EQ. 0) GO TO 90 CALL INPUT(3)	MAIN321
С			:	IMAIN322
	CALL SCALE (N,XCALB,2,A,B)	MAIN262	CALL SCALE (N,XCHEK,1,A,B)	
C		MAIN263	CALL LOCATE (N,XCHEK,YCHEK,YCR3,IGRAD,LMN3,LMX3,NCR3,LCR3,XLOC3)	IMAIN323
	DETERMINE THE UNIT PERTURBATION.	MAIN264	CALL UPLOW (A,B,XLOC3,6,NCR3+2,XOUT,FLAG)	
C		MAIN265	WRITE (6,2040) HEAD3,XOUT(1),FLAG(1),LMN3,XOUT(2),FLAG(2),LMX3	MAIN325
	DO 40 I=1,N	MAIN266	IF (NCR3 .GT. 0) WRITE (6,2045) NCR3,	MAIN326
-	O YUNIT(I)=(YINTP(I)-YBASE(I))/DEL1	MAIN267	<pre>% (ORD(I),XOUT(I+2),FLAG(I+2),LCR3(I),I=1,NCR3)</pre>	MAIN327
С		MAIN268	CALL INTERP (N,XPERT,YPERT,XCHEK,YPRTI)	MAIN328
С	PRINT UNIT PERTURBATION AND UNIT STRAINING IF LUNIT .NE. 0.	MAIN269	CALL SCALE (N,XPERT,2,A,B)	MAIN329
C		MAIN270	CALL SCALE (N,XCHEK,2,A,B)	MATH330
	IF (LUNIT .EQ. 0) GO TO 50	MAIN271	WRITE (6,2135) NAME, NAME, NAME, NAME	MAIN331
	CALL SCALE (N,XBASE,2,A,B)	lmain272	WRITE (6.2140) (I,XBASE(I),YBASE(I),XCALB(I),YCALB(I),	SEENIAM!
	CALL SCALE (N,XUNIT,2,A,B)	MAIN273	<pre>X XPERT(I),YPERT(I),XCHEK(I),YCHEK(I),YPRTI(I),</pre>	MAIN333
	HRITE (6,2110) NAME, NAME	MAIN274	χ I=1,N)	MAIN334
	WRITE (6,2120) (I,XBASE(I),XUNIT(I),YUNIT(I),I=1,N)	MAIN275	GD TO 100	MAIN335
	CALL SCALE (N,XBASE,1,A,B)	MAIN276	90 CONTINUE	MAIN336
1	50 CONTINUE	MAIN277	С	MAIN337
c ·		MAIN278	CALL SCALE (N.XPERT,2,4,8)	MAIN338
č.,	CONSTRUCT PERTURBATION SOLUTIONS FOR TEST CASES (AND COMPARE WITH	MAIN279	WRITE (6,2145) NAME,NAME,NAME	MAIN339
Č	EXACT SOLUTION, IF AVAILABLE).	MAIN280	WRITE (4,2150) (I,XBASE(I),YBASE(I),XCALB(I),YCALB(I),	MAIN340
č		MAIN281	<pre>% XPERT(I),YPERT(I),I=1,N)</pre>	IMAIN341
•	DO 200 ICASE=1,NCASE	MAIN282	100 CONTINUE	MAIN342
	CALL INPUT(2)	MAIN283	c	MATH343
	DEL2=Q2-Q0	MAIN284	CIF LCHEK .NE. 0 PLOT PERTURBATION AND COMPARISON SOLUTIONS.	MAIN344
	DEL21=DEL2/DEL1	IMAIN285		MAIN345
	YCR2=YCRIT(M2)	MAIN286	IF (LCHEK .EQ. 1) CALL PLOT (N, LPERT)	MAIN346
	YCR3=YCR2	MAIN287	CALL SCALE (N, XBASE, 1, A, B)	MAIN347
_	TCR3-TCR2	MAIN288	200 CONTINUE	MAIN348
C	DETERMINE STRAINED COORDINATE FOR GIVEN PERTURBATION.	IMAIN289	GO TO 999	IMAIN349
	DETERMINE STRAINED COORDINATE FOR STYLIN TERTORDATION.	MAIN290	C	MAIN 350
С	CALL STRAIN (N,NSEG,XFIXO,XBASE,DEL21,XPERT)	MAIN291	CABNORMAL TERMINATION OF COMPUTATION.	MAIN351
_	CALL SIRAIN INTROCATOLIVATIONSTINCTCLIVILLY	IMAIN292	C	MAIN352
č	RETERMINE REPTIERATION SOLUTION	MAIN293	900 HRITE (6,9000)	MAIN353
	DETERMINE PERTURBATION SOLUTION.	MAIN294	GO TO 979	MAIN354
С	PO 40 T=4 N	MAIN295	905 WRITE (6,9050)	MAIN355
	DO 60 I=1,N	IMAIN296	GO TO 99	MAIN356
	60 YPERT(I)=YBASE(I)+DEL2*YUNIT(I)	IMAIN297	910 WRITE (6,9100)	IMAIN357
C	THE WALL TO WELL COTTECH POTHT FOR MONOTONE DELIVITOR	IMAIN298		MAIN358
	ADJUST VALUES NEAR CRITICAL POINT FOR MONOTONE BEHAVIOR.	MAIN299	999 WRITE (6,9500)	MAIN359
C	TE (10000 FO 1) CALL MONO (NCDA 1000 VDEDT VDEDT)	MAIN300	STOP	MAIN360
	IF (LCORR .EQ. 1) CALL MONO (NCRO, LCRO, XPERT, YPERT)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	9101	,

	1MAIN361			******* ******* **********************	I M 1 T 1 1 / A 4
C T/O POOMAT STATEMENTS EDUING	MAIN362				MAIN421 MAIN422
CI/O FORMAT STATEMENTS FOLLOW.	IMAIN363				MAIN422
2000 FORMAT (1H1,132(1H*)/	lmain364				IMAIN424
	IMAIN365				MAIN425
	IMAIN366				MAIN426
% 1X,132(1H*)///) 2010 FORMAT (!H ,!0(!H<),1X,24HLIST OF INPUT PARAMETERS	<u> </u>				MAIN427
	MAIN368				MAIN428
% 6X,3HN =,1X,I3// % 6X,3HA =,1X,F4.1,4X,3HB =,1X,F4.1//	MAIN369		FORMAT (1H1)		MAIN429
% 6X,5A4,1X,4HM0 =,1X,F6.4,4X,4H90 =,1X,F6.4		7900	END		MAIN429
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		SUBROUTINE INPO		INPUODI
% 6X,5A4,1X,4HM1 =,1X,F6.4,4X,4HQ1 =,1X,F6.4 2020 FORMAT (1H ,10(1H<),1X,18HCRITICAL VALUES OF,1X,A2		_	200KOOTTHE THE		INPUOO2
		č	ALL THELIT FOR E	PROGRAM PERTURB IS READ BY THIS SUBROUTINE, AND IS	
2 2(6X,5A4,1X,A2,6HCRIT =,1X,F7.4//)/) 2030 FORMAT (1H ,5(1H<),1X,37HLOCATIONS OF MIN., MAX.,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				INPUCO4
		č	ACCOMPANYING M		I INPUOOS
% 1X,4HPTS.,1X,5(1H>}) 2035 FORMAT (1H ,2X,34H(* DENOTES POINT ON LOWER SURFAC		č	ACCOMPANIANG IN		INPUGG
			CARR #1 (14TE)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2040 FORMAT (/6X,5A4// 2 11X,14HMINIMUM AT X =,1X,F6.4,A1,3X,8H(POI		C	CWKD #1 (1013)		INPUOOR
<pre>// 11X,14HMINIMUM AT X =,1X,F6.4,A1,3X,8H(POI // 11X,14HMAXIMUM AT X =,1X,F6.4,A1,3X,8H(POI</pre>			н і		INPU009
2045 FORMAT (1H ,10X,11,1X,18HCRITICAL POINT(S):/		Č			INPUOTO
	IMIN361		•		INPUOTO
% (15X,A4,6HAT X =,1X,F6.4,A1,3X, % 14H(AFTER POINT #,I3,1H)))	IMAIN382		HCASE I	NUMBER OF CASES FOR WHICH PERTURBATION SOLUTIONS ARE	
	:			TO BE COMPUTED.	INPUOIS
2046 FORMAT (1H ,10X,2(5A4)/)	IMAIN364				
2047 FORMAT (1H ,14X,2HX(,13,1H),15X,2HX(,13,1H))			LSPEC (INPUG14 INPUG15
2050 FORMAT (///1x,10(1H<),1x,25HSTRAINING POINTS SELEC	MAIN386				INPUOIS
% 19(1H>),// % 6X,24HNUMBER OF FIXED POINTS :,1X,I1//	MAIN387		•		INPUOTO
					INPUSIS
	BENIAM!		,	THOSE LOCATED BY THE PROGRAM	INPUOTA
2060 FORMAT (1H ,10X,16HPOINT OF MINIMUM,1X,A2)	MAINA90				INPUOZO
	(MAIN391		,	COPEC = 1 INVARIANT PUINTS PRESELECTED DE USER	
2070 FORMAT (1H ,10X,16HPDINT OF HAXIMUM,1X,A2)	MAIN392		LECHO (CONTROLS WHETHER OR NOT INPUT DECK IS PRINTED.	INPU021 INPU022
2080 FORMAT (1H ,10X,A2,6HCRIT (,A4,3HOF ,I1,1H)) 2090 FORMAT (///1X,10(1H<),1X,24HLOCATION OF FIXED POIN			EECHO (
		Č			INPU023
2100 FORMAT (/6X,5A4// // (1H ,10X,5HXFIX(,I1,3H) =,1X,F6.4,A1))					INPU024
		č	,	LECHO - 1 GOTPOT	INPUO25
21)3 FORMAT (1H1,27(1H*)/ 2 1X,1H*,1X,20HUNIT PERTURBATION OF,1X,A2,1X	<u> </u>		LUNIT (CONTROLS WHETHER OR NOT UNIT COORDINATE STRAINING	INPUGET
	HAIN398	č		AND UNIT PERTURBATION ARE PRINTED.	INPUOZA
<pre>% 1x,1H*,12X,1HC,12X,1H*/ % 1x,1H*,1X,23HUNIT STRAINING OF XBASE,1X,1H</pre>			'		INPU029
% 1X,27(1H*)///		č			INPUO30
% 1X,5HPOINT,4X,5HXBASE,4X,8HXSTRUNIT,3X,A2,					INPU030
2120 FORHAT (1H ,1X,13,1X,3F10.4)	MAIN402		!	EGN21 - 1 GOTFOT	I INPUO32
2130 FORHAT (1H1,27(1H*)/	HAIN403		LCHEK S	SPECIFIES WHETHER OR NOT PERTURBATION SOLUTION IS TO	
2130 FORMAL CHRISZYCHA-72 2 1X,19H* OUTPUT FOR CASE #,11,4H OF ,11,2H					I INPUO34
% 1X,27(1H*)//	- T	č			INPU034
% 6X,4HM2 =,1X,F6.4//		Ċ	•		INPU035
% 6X,4HQ2 =,1X,F6.4//	imain407		ı		INPU036
% 6X,A2,6HCRIT =,1X,F7.4///	HAIN408				INPU037
2135 FORMAT (///IX,5HPOINT,4X,5HXBASE,5X,A2,4HBASE,	HAIN409		!		INPU039
2135 FORMAT (7/71X)5HPOINT,4X,5HXCALB,5X,A2,4HCALB,			LPERT :		INPU039
% 4X,5HXPERT,5X,A2,4HPERT,	[MAIN411				INPUGAT
2 4X,5HXCHEK,5X,A2,4HCHEK,	HAIN412			SUBROUTINE.	INPUG42
% 2X,A2,9HPERT(INT)/)	HAIN413		•		INPU042
2140 FORHAT (1H ,1X,13,1X,9F10.4)	IHAIN414		ı		INPU044
2145 FORMAT (///1x,5HPOINT,4X,5HXBASE,5X,A2,4HBASE,	IMAIN415				INPU044
2 4X,5HXCALB,5X,A2,4HCALB,	MAIN416				INPU045
% 4X,5HXPERT,5X,A2,4HPERT/)	IMAIN417	Ċ	,		1 INPU046
2150 FORMAT (1H ,1X,13,1X,6F10.4)			CADD #2 (147E)	网络拉尔森斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯	
9000 FORMAT (///1x,28HNUMBER OF CRITICAL POINTS IN/		C	CARD WE (1015)		INPUG49
% 1X,30HBASE AND CALIBRATION SOLUTIONS/	HAIN420		SECULTORN THOUSE		INPU050
" INTERIOR NEW AUTOMATICAL ANTOLITONAL	,	-	WE HOTIVED TILLD!	TELEFOR OF TALLE OF FOLLOW	0030

222	·2222222	 XXXXXXXXX INPUT FOR LSPEC = 0 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	INPU051	C			INPI INPI
Z			INPU053		D #5 (8F10.		INP
Z.	NSELCT	NUMBER OF POINTS (IN ADDITION TO END POINTS) TO BE		C			INPI
Z		HELD INVARIANT IN STRAINING. NOTE: 1 <= NSELCT <= 6.		С	A	SCALING PARAMETER (A = -X(1), WHERE X(1) IS FIRST	INP
Z.			INPU056	C		DATA POINT ON LOWER SURFACE SEE MANUAL).	INPI
Z	LSELCT(I)	•••	INPU057	C		\	INPI
Z.		ARRAY OF LENGTH 6 OF WHICH NSELCT ELEMENTS ARE READ		E	В	SCALING PARAMETER (B = X(N), WHERE X(N) IS LAST DATA	INP
Z.		IN. SPECIFIES NATURE OF POINTS TO BE HELD INVARIANT	INPU059	č	_	POINT ON UPPER SURFACE SEE MANUAL).	INP
Z		ACCORDING TO THE CODE:	INPU060	č			INP
Z			INPU061		n #6 (8F10	. 6) **********************************	INP
ÿ		1 MINIMUM PT. HELD INVARIANT	INPU062	Canal Ca			INP
ÿ			INPU063	Č	но	:	INP
ÿ		3 1ST CRITICAL PT. HELD INVARIANT	INPU064	č	110		INP
ÿ			INPU065	č	Q0		INP
ž			INPU066	C	40		INP
ź			INPU067				
;;			INPU068	C#### UNI	SEI UF K	CARDS (8F10.6), WHERE K = 1 + INT(N/8) ***********	
:			INPU069	C		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	INP
Z			INPUOTO	C	XBASE(I),	• ''''	INP
Z.			INPU070	C			INP
×				C			INP
×			INPUO72	C#### ON	E SET OF K	CARDS (8F10.6), K AS ABOVE *****************	
Z.			INPU073	C			INP
X			INPU074	C	YBASE(I),		INP
X			INPU075	C		DEPENDENT VARIABLE IN BASE SOLUTION.	INF
Z			INPU076	C			INF
Z.			INPU077	CHHHH NE	KT CARD (8F	10.6) жжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжжж	INF
Z.		LSELCT(1) = 4	INPU078	Č			INF
Z		LSELCT(2) = 1	INPU079	č	MI	ONCOMING MACH NUMBER IN CALIBRATION SOLUTION.	INF
Z		LSELCT(3) = 3	INPUGBO	č	***		INF
Z.			INPUOB	č	Q1		INF
ž		BOTH CORRESPONDING TO NSELCT = 3 WITH THE MINIMUM,		Č	41		INP
ä		AND FIRST AND SECOND CRITICAL POINTS HELD INVARIANT.		č			INP
ÿ			INPU084		F CET OF V	CARDS (8F10.6), K AS ABOVE *******************	
·;.,.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX			E 3E1 UF K		INF
****			INPU086	C			INF
•/-/-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	XXXXXXXXX INPUT FOR LSPEC = 1 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		C	YCALD(I)		INF
7.7.1 Z.	(./././././././././././		I INPUOSS				
ź	NSELCT	NUMBER OF POINTS (IN ADDITION TO END POINTS) TO BE		C			INF
ž	MJELUI	HELD INVARIANT IN STRAINING. NOTE: 1 <= NSELCT <= 6.			E SET OF K	CARDS (8F10.6), K AS ABOVE *****************	
			INPU091	C			INF
×				C	YCALB(I),		INF
Z	LOCO(I)	ARRAY OF LENGTH 6 OF WHICH NSELCT ELEMENTS ARE READ		С			INF
Z.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	INPU093	С			INF
Z.			INPU094	C#### NC	ASE SETS OF	CARDS, EACH SET COMPRISED AS FOLLOWS: **********	INF
Z			INPU095	С			INF
Z.	LOC1(I)	ARRAY OF LENGTH 6 OF WHICH MSELCT ELEMENTS ARE READ		С	***	FIRST CARD (8F10.6) ********************	INF
Z.			INPU097	C			IN
Z.		POINTS WHICH ARE TO BE HELD INVARIANT.	INPU098	C	M2		INF
Z.			INFU099	č			INF
ZZ	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		č			INF
			INPU101	č	Q2	VALUE OF PERTURBATION PARAMETER IN SOLUTION TO	
CA	RD #3 (20A4	***********************************	INPU102				INF
			INPU103	C C			IN
	TITLE	IDENTIFIES JOB - PRINTED AS HEADLINE ON FIRST PAGE	INPU104	č	Anna	ONE SET OF K CARDS (8F10.6), K AS ABOVE **********	
			I INPU105	C	***		INF
		01 0011011	INPUI 06	L .	14011		
	DN #6 (49)	***************************************	INPU107	C	XCH		INF
- CA	ND #7 (A6)		INPU108	C			
	MAME	CHARACTER STRING OF LENGTH 2 HUTCH SYMPOLITIES	INPUIOS	C			INF
	NAME		INPUITO	C	***	ONE SET OF K CARDS (8F10.6), K AS ABOVE *********	
		DEPENDENT VARIABLE, E.G. 'CP' FUR PRESSURE	ITULOTIO	r			INF

```
YCHEK(I), I=1,N ...
C
                                                                           LINPU171
                                                                                            WRITE (6.1700) (XBASE(I).I=1.N)
                                                                                                                                                                 IECHIO20
                           DEPENDENT VARIABLE IN COMPARISON SOLUTION.
                                                                           LINPULTS
                                                                                            WRITE (6,1700) (YBASE(I), I=1,N)
                                                                                                                                                                 IECHIO21
                                                                           11NPU173
                                                                                            WRITE (6,1700) M1,Q1
                                                                                                                                                                 1ECHI022
     *****
                 THE LATTER TWO SETS OF K CARDS ARE
                                                                           I INPU174
                                                                                            WRITE (6,1700) (XCALB(I), I=1,N)
                                                                                                                                                                 IECHI023
                 OMITTED WHEN LCHEK = 0 (NO COMPARISON
     * NOTE *
                                                                           1 INPU175
                                                                                            WRITE (6,1700) (YCALB(I), I=1,N)
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHIO24
                 SOLUTION AVAILABLE).
     *****
                                                                           INPU176
                                                                                            RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                  {ECHIO25
                                                                           I INPU177
                                                                                       1400 FORMAT (1H1,25(1H*)/
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHIO26
     DIMENSION LOCO(6), LOC1(6), LSELCT(6), TITLE(20)
                                                                           I INPU178
                                                                                                     1X,1H*,1X,21HLISTING OF INPUT DECK,1X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHIO27
                                                                                           Z
     DIMENSION XBASE(200), XCALB(200), XPERT(200), XCHEK(200),
                                                                           1 INPU1 79
                                                                                                     1X,25(1H+1///)
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHIO28
                YBASE(200), YCALB(200), YPERT(200), YCHEK(200)
                                                                           INPU180
                                                                                       1500 FORMAT (1X,1615)
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHIO29
      REAL MG,M1,H2
                                                                           INPULBE
                                                                                       1550 FORMAT (1X,20A4)
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHI030
      INTEGER#2 NAME
                                                                           I INPU182
                                                                                       1600 FORMAT (1X,A2)
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHIO31
     COMMON /PARAM/ TITLE.LOCG.LOC1.LSELCT.N.NCASE.LSPEC.LECHO.LUNIT.
                                                                           I INPULAT
                                                                                       1700 FORMAT (1X,8F10.6)
                                                                                                                                                                  IECHIO32
                     LCHEK, LPERT, NSELCT, A, B, NAME
                                                                           I INPU184
                                                                                            FND
                                                                                                                                                                  ECHIO33
     COMMON /PERT/ MO,M1,M2,Q0,Q1,Q2,YCR0,YCR1,YCR2
                                                                           I INPUI 85
                                                                                            SUBROUTINE BANNER
                                                                                                                                                                  I BANNOG1
      COMMON /XY/ XBASE, XCALB, XPERT, XCHEK, YBASE, YCALB, YPERT, YCHEK
                                                                           1 TNPU186
                                                                                            WRITE (6,1300)
                                                                                                                                                                  IBANNO02
      60 TO (100,200,300), ICALL
                                                                           I THPUT 87
                                                                                            WRITE (6,1310)
                                                                                                                                                                  PANNOGZ
  100 READ (5,1000) N,NCASE, LSPEC, LECHD, LUNIT, LCHEK, LPERT
                                                                           INPU188
                                                                                       1300 FORMAT (1H1,10(/),49X,55(1H*)/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANNO04
     IF (LSPEC .EQ. 0) READ (5,1000) NSELCT, (LSELCT(I), I=1, NSELCT)
                                                                           INPUI89
                                                                                           2 49X,1H*,19X,15HPROGRAM PERTURB,19X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  I BANNOOS
                                                                                           % 49X,1H*,8X,37HCALCULATES NONLINEAR SINGLE-PARAMETER.
     IF (LS.EC .EQ. 1) READ (5,1000) NSELCT, (LOCO(I), I=1, NSELCT).
                                                                           I INPUS 90
                                                                                                                                                                  BANNOOS
                                              (LOCI(I), I=1, NSELCT)
                                                                           1 INPU191
                                                                                                                              8X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANNIOO7
     READ (5,1050) TITLE
                                                                           I INPU192
                                                                                           2 49X,1H*,13X,27HCONTINUOUS OR DISCONTINUOUS.
                                                                                                                                                                  BANNOOS
     READ (5,1100) NAME
                                                                           1 INPU193
                                                                                                                             13X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  I BANNOO9
     READ (5.1200) A.B.
                                                                           I INPU194
                                                                                            2 49X, 1H*, 15X, 22HPERTURBATION SOLUTIONS, 16X, 1H*/49X, 1H*, 53X, 1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                 I BANNO 10
     READ (5,1200) HO, QO
                                                                           INPUI 95
                                                                                            2 49X.1H*.9X.34HWHICH REPRESENT A CHANGE IN EITHER.
                                                                                                                                                                  I BANNO 11
     READ (5,1200) (XBASE(I),I=1,N)
                                                                           I INPU196
                                                                                                                             10X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN012
     READ (5,1200) (YBASE(I), I=1,N)
                                                                           INPU197
                                                                                            % 49X,1H*,13X,27HGEOMETRY OR FLOW CONDITIONS,
                                                                                                                                                                  BANNO13
     READ (5,1200) M1.Q1
                                                                           I INPU1 98
                                                                                                                             13X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN014
     READ (5,1200) (XCALB(I),I=1,N)
                                                                           INPUI99
                                                                                            2 49X.1H*.4X.44HBY EMPLOYING A STRAINED-COORDINATE PROCEDURE.
                                                                                                                                                                  BANRID15
      READ (5,1200) (YCALB(I), I=1,N)
                                                                           INPU200
                                                                                                                              5X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANRID16
     RETURN
                                                                           I INPU201
                                                                                           % 49X,1H*,4X,45HUTILIZING A UNIT PERTURBATION DETERMINED FROM.
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN017
 200 READ (5,1200) H2,Q2
                                                                           INPU202
                                                                                                                              4X.1H*/49X.1H*.53X.1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANNO18
      RETURN
                                                                           INPU203
                                                                                           2 49X, 1H*, 14X, 25HTWO PREVIOUSLY CALCULATED.
                                                                                                                                                                  I RAHMINT Q
 300 READ (5,1200) (XCHEK(I),I=1,N)
                                                                           I INPU204
                                                                                                                             14X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*)
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN020
     READ (5,1200) (YCHEK(I), I=1,N)
                                                                           I INPU205
                                                                                       1310 FORMAT ( 49X,1H*,9X,34H'BASE' AND 'CALIBRATION' SOLUTIONS,
                                                                                                                                                                  BANNO21
     RETURN
                                                                           INPU206
                                                                                                                             10X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN022
1000 FORMAT (1615)
                                                                           INPU207
                                                                                           % 49X, 1H*, 4X, 45HDISPLACED FROM ONE ANOTHER BY SOME REASONABLE,
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN023
 1050 FORMAT (20A4)
                                                                           I INPU208
                                                                                                                              4X.1H*/49X.1H*.53X.1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN024
 1100 FORMAT (A2)
                                                                           INPU209
                                                                                            Z 49X,1H*,8X,36HCHANGE IN GEOMETRY OR FLOW CONDITION,
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN025
 1200 FORMAT (8F10.6)
                                                                           I INPU210
                                                                                                                              9X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  I BANNO26
     EΝD
                                                                           1 INPU211
                                                                                                                                     49X.1H*.53X.1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN027
     SUBROUTINE ECHINP
                                                                           LECHIOOT
                                                                                            % 49X,1H*,21X,10HWRITTEN BY,22X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN028
     DIMENSION LOCO(6), LOC1(6), LSELCT(6), TITLE(20)
                                                                           | ECHIO02
                                                                                            2 49X,1H*,7X,39HJAMES P. ELLIOTT AND STEPHEN S. STAHARA.
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN029
     DIMENSION XBASE(200), XCALB(200), XPERT(200), XCHEK(200),
                                                                           IECHIO03
                                                                                                                              7X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  I BANNO30
                YBASE(200), YCALB(200), YPERT(200), YCHEK(200)
                                                                           | ECHIOO4
                                                                                                                                     49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN031
     REAL MO.HI.M2
                                                                                            2 49X,1H*,7X,38HNIELSEN ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH, INC.,
                                                                           | ECHIOOS
                                                                                                                                                                  |BANN032
     INTEGER#2 NAME
                                                                           | ECHIOO6
                                                                                                                              8X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/
                                                                                                                                                                  IBANN033
     COMMON /PARAM/ TITLE, LOCO, LOC1, LSELCT, N, NCASE, LSPEC, LECHO, LUNIT,
                                                                                           Z 49X,1H*,14X,25HMOUNTAIN VIEW, CALIFORNIA,14X,1H*/49X,1H*,53X,1H*/10ANN034
                                                                          [ECHIOO7
                     LCHEK, LPERT, NSELCT, A.B. NAME
                                                                           IECHIOO8
                                                                                                                                                                  I BANNO35
                                                                                                                             49X,55(1H*))
     COMMON /PERT/ MO,M1,M2,Q0,Q1,Q2,YCR0,YCR1,YCR2
                                                                           ECHIO09
                                                                                            RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                  BANN036
     COMMON /XY/ XBASE, XCALB, XPERT, XCHEK, YBASE, YCALB, YPERT, YCHEK
                                                                                                                                                                 I BANNO 37
                                                                           | ECHIO10
     WRITE (6,1400)
                                                                           [ECHIO11
                                                                                                                                                                  SCALOOT
                                                                                            SUBROUTINE SCALE (N.X.M.A.B)
     WRITE (6,1500) N.NCASE, LSPEC, LECHO, LUNIT, LCHEK, LPERT
                                                                           |ECHIO12
                                                                                                                                                                  LSCALOG2
     IF (LSPEC .EQ. 0) WRITE (6,1500) NSELCT; (LSELCT(I), I=1, NSELCT)
                                                                           IECHIO13
                                                                                      C....
                                                                                           .. ENTRY NITH M = 1 CONVERTS FROM PHYSICAL X (0 TO -A ON LOWER
                                                                                                                                                                  ISCALOG3
     IF (LSPEC .EQ. 1) WRITE (6,1500) NSELCT, (LOCO(I), I=1, NSELCT),
                                                                           |ECHIO14
                                                                                            SURFACE, 0 TO B ON UPPER SURFACE) TO NORMALIZED X (0 < X < 1).
                                                                                                                                                                  ISCALO04
                                               (LOC1(I), I=1, NSELCT)
                                                                           IECHIO15
                                                                                            ENTRY WITH M=2 REVERSES THE PROCESS. NZ (DETERMINED WHEN M=1)
                                                                                                                                                                  SCALOO5
                                                                                      C
     WRITE (6,1550) TITLE
                                                                           ECHI016
                                                                                             CORRESPONDS TO POINT AT NOSE OF BLADE OR AIRFOIL.
                                                                                                                                                                  ISCALOO6
     WRITE (6,1600) NAME
                                                                           ECHIO17
                                                                                                                                                                  SCALOO7
                                                                                      C
     WRITE (6,1700) A,B
                                                                           IECHIO18
                                                                                                                                                                 ISCALO08
                                                                                            COMMON /FLOREV/ NZ
     WRITE (6.1700) NO.QO
                                                                          [ECHIO19
                                                                                            DIMENSION X(200)
                                                                                                                                                                 ISCALO09
```

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| SCAL010
                                                                                                                                                             ILOCA044
                                                                                         DO 200 I=1,NCRIT
     GO TO (1,6),M
                                                                         SCAL011
                                                                                      200 XLOC(I+2)=XCRIT(I)
                                                                                                                                                             LOCA045
    1 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                             LOCA046
                                                                         SCAL012
                                                                                          RETURN
      NZ=0
                                                                                                                                                             LOCA047
                                                                         |SCAL013
     DO 2 I=2,N
                                                                         ISCAL014
                                                                                          SUBROUTINE SORT (N,X,ISEQ)
                                                                                                                                                             LSORTOOL
     IF (X(I) .LT. X(I-1)) NZ=I
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTOO2
    2 CONTINUE
                                                                         SCAL015
                                                                                          ARRANGES THE SET X(1), X(2), ..., X(N) IN A MONOTONE INCREASING
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTOO3
                                                                         ISCAL016
     DO 5 I=1.N
                                                                                          SEQUENCE. ISEQ GIVES ORDER OF SUBSCRIPTS IN REARRANGED SEQUENCE.
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTOO4
     IF (I .LE. NZ) T=-X(I)
                                                                         SCAL017
                                                                         ISCALO18
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTOOS
      IF (I .GT. NZ) T=X(I)
                                                                         ISCAL019
                                                                                          DIMENSION X(8), ISEQ(8)
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTOO6
     X(I)=(T-A)/(B-A)
                                                                                                                                                             1SORT007
    5 CONTINUE
                                                                         SCAL020
                                                                                          NM1=N-1
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTOOS
                                                                         SCAL021
                                                                                          DO 1 I=1,N
     RETURN
                                                                                                                                                             ISCRT009
   6 DO 7 I=1.N
                                                                         SCAL022
                                                                                        1 ISEQ(I)=I
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTO 10
                                                                         ISCAL023
     X(I)=ABS((B-A)*X(I)+A)
                                                                                       10 ITEST=0
                                                                         ISCAL024
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTOI1
    7 CONTINUE
                                                                                          DO 100 I=1,NM1
                                                                                                                                                             ISORT012
     RETURN
                                                                         ISCAL025
                                                                                          IF (X(I) .LE. X(I+1)) GO TO 100
                                                                                                                                                             ISORT013
                                                                         ISCAL026
     FNO
                                                                                          XSAVE=X(I)
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTO14
      SUBROUTINE LOCATE (N,X,Y,YCRIT,IGRAD,LMIN,LMAX,NCRIT,LCRIT,XLOC)
                                                                        LOCADOL
                                                                                          X(I)=X I+1)
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTO15
                                                                         I LOCADO2
                                                                                          X(I+1)=XSAVE
     .OPERATES ON THE INPUT ARRAY Y, LOCATING MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM
                                                                         I LOCADO3
                                                                                          ISAVE=ISEQ(I)
                                                                                                                                                             ISORT016
                                                                         LOCADO4
                                                                                                                                                             ISORT017
      VALUES, AND ALL CRITICAL POINTS (Y=YCRIT) FOR WHICH DY/DX (IN
                                                                                          ISEQ(I:=ISEQ(I+1)
                                                                                                                                                             SORTOIA
      PHYSICAL COORDINATES) HAS ALGEBRAIC SIGN GIVEN BY IGRAD. NCRIT
                                                                         LOCA005
                                                                                          ISEQ(I+1)=ISAVE
                                                                                                                                                             SORT019
     IS NUMBER OF CRITICAL POINTS. POINTS FOUND ARE STORED IN THE ARRAY LOCAGO
                                                                                          ITEST=1
                                                                                                                                                             I SORTO28
                                                                         I LOCAGO7
                                                                                      100 CONTINUE
      XLOC AS FOLLOWS:
                                                                         I LOCAGOS
                                                                                          IF (ITEST .EQ. 1) 60 TO 10
                                                                                                                                                             ISORT021
                                                                                                                                                             ISORT022
C
                           XLOC(1) = MINIMUM PT.
                                                                         ILOCA009
                                                                                          RETURN
                                                                         LOCADIO
                                                                                                                                                              SORTO23
                           XLOC(2) = MAXIMUM PT.
c
                                                                                          END
                                                                                                                                                             INTEG01
                           XLOC(3) = CRITICAL PT. #1
                                                                         I LOCA 011
                                                                                          SUBROUTINE INTERP (N,X,Y,XI,YI)
                                                                         LOCA012
                                                                                                                                                             INTEGO2
                                                                                                                                                             I INTEGOS
                           XLDC(6) = CRITICAL PT. #4
                                                                         LOCA013
                                                                                         .GIVEN THE SET OF POINTS X(I), Y(I), I=1,N, AND THE SET XI(J),
                                                                                          J=1,N, USES LINEAR INTERPOLATION TO COMPUTE THE SET YI(J), J=1,N.
                                                                                                                                                             I INTEO04
                                                                         LOCA014
     DIMENSION X(200), Y(200), LCRIT(4), XCRIT(4), XLOC(6)
                                                                                                                                                              INTEOUS
                                                                         I LOCA 015
                                                                                                                                                             INTEOO6
                                                                         I LOCA016
                                                                                          DIMENSION X(200),Y(200),XI(200),YI(200)
     COMMON /FLOREY/ IREV
                                                                         I LOCA 017
                                                                                                                                                             I INTEGO7
     IFLOW=-1
                                                                                          NM1=N-1
                                                                                                                                                             I INTEOOS
      LMIN=1
                                                                         ILOCA018
                                                                                          JSTART=1
                                                                                                                                                             INTEO09
      LMAX=1
                                                                         LOCA019
                                                                                          DO 100 I=1.N
                                                                                                                                                             INTEO10
      ISTART=2
                                                                         11004020
                                                                                          IF (XI(I) .LE. X(1)) GO TO 10
                                                                                                                                                              INTEO11
                                                                         I LOCA021
                                                                                          IF (XI(I) .GE. X(N)) GO TO 20
      IF (IREV .EQ. 0) GO TO 5
                                                                         I LOCA022
                                                                                                                                                              INTEG12
      LMIN=2
                                                                                          GO TO 30
                                                                                                                                                             INTE013
      LHAX=2
                                                                         I LOCA023
                                                                                       10 .1=1
                                                                                                                                                             INTE014
      ISTART=3
                                                                         I LOCA024
                                                                                          GO TO 95
                                                                                                                                                              INTEO15
    5 CONTINUE
                                                                         LOCA025
                                                                                       20 J=N-1
                                                                                                                                                              INTEO16
      NCRIT=0
                                                                         I LOCA026
                                                                                          60 TO 95
      DO 100 I=ISTART.N
                                                                         LOCA027
                                                                                       30 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                              I INTEO17
                                                                                          DO 90 J=JSTART,NM1
                                                                                                                                                              I INTEO18
      IF (IREV .NE. 0 .AND. I .EQ. N) GO TO 10
                                                                         ILOCA028
                                                                                                                                                              (INTEO19
      IF (Y(I) .GT. Y(LMAX)) LMAX=I
                                                                         LOCA029
                                                                                          IF (XI(I) .NE. X(J)) GO TO 40
                                                                                                                                                              INTE020
      IF (Y(I) .LT. Y(LMIN)) LMIN=I
                                                                         LOCA030
                                                                                          (L)Y=(I)IY
                                                                                                                                                              INTEG21
                                                                         I LOCA031
                                                                                          GQ TO 100
                                                                                                                                                              INTE022
      IF ((Y(I) .GT. YCRIT .AND. Y(I-1) .GT. YCRIT) .OR.
                                                                         LOCA032
                                                                                       40 IF (XI(I) .GT. X(J) .AND. XI(I) .LT. X(J+1)) GO TO 95
     2 (Y(I) .LT. YCRIT .AND. Y(I-1) .LT. YCRIT)) GO TO 100
                                                                         LOCA033
                                                                                                                                                              INTE023
                                                                                       90 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                              INTER24
      IF (I .GT. IREV) IFLOW=1
                                                                         LOCA034
                                                                                       95 SLOPE=(Y(J+1)-Y(J))/(X(J+1)-X(J))
      IF ((Y(I)-Y(I-1))*FLOAT(IFLOH*IGRAD) .LT. 0.0) GO TO 100
                                                                         LOCA035
                                                                                          YI(I)=Y(J)+SLOPE*(XI(I)-X(J))
                                                                                                                                                              INTE025
      NCRIT=NCRIT+1
                                                                         LLOCA036
                                                                                          JSTART=J
                                                                                                                                                              INTE026
      LCRIT(NCRIT)=I-1
                                                                         LOCA037
                                                                                      100 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                              INTE027
      SLOPE=(X(I)-X(I-1))/(Y(I)-Y(I-1))
                                                                         LOCA038
                                                                                                                                                              INTE028
                                                                                          RETURN
      XCRIT(NCRIT)=X(I-1)+SLOPE*(YCRIT-Y(I-1))
                                                                         LOCA039
                                                                                                                                                              IINTE029
                                                                                           END
                                                                                                                                                              ISTRACO1
  100 CONTINUE
                                                                                           SUBROUTINE STRAIN (N,NSEG,XFIX,XIN,PARM,XOUT)
                                                                         LOCA040
      XLOC(1)=X(LHIN)
                                                                         LOCA041
                                                                                    C
                                                                                                                                                              1STRA002
                                                                                    C.....COMPUTES STRAINED COORDINATE FROM INPUT ARRAY XIN, USING PIECEMISE STRA003
      XLOC(2)=X(LMAX)
                                                                         LOCA042
                                                                                          LINEAR STRAINING WITH USEG LINEAR SEGMENTS. FOR UNIT STRAINING,
      IF (NCRIT .EQ. 0) RETURN
                                                                         LOCA043
```

```
r
      INPUT VALUE OF PARM IS 1.0; FOR GENERAL CASE.
                                                                           ISTRADOS
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1300)
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO22
                                                                                            HRITE (4,1350) SYM(LPERT), SYM(LPERT), QO, SYM(LPERT), Q1
                              PARM = (Q2-Q0)/(Q1-Q0).
                                                                           ISTRADO6
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO23
С
                                                                           151PA007
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOT024
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1360)
      DIMENSION XFIX(8),XIN(200),XOUT(200)
                                                                           ISTPACOS
                                                                                            HRITE (4,1370) SUB(LPERT), SUB(LPERT), SUB(LPERT)
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOT025
      COMMON /COEFF/ C(7),D(7)
                                                                           ISTRACOS
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOT026
                                                                                            HPITE (4,1400)
      JSTART=1
                                                                           STRACTO
                                                                                            IF (LPERT .NE. 3) WRITE (4,1500) MO, SYM(LPERT), Q2
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOT027
      BO 50 I=1.N
                                                                           ISTRAOIS
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOT028
                                                                                            IF (LPERT .EQ. 3) WRITE (4,1505) Q2
      DO 40 J=JSTART, NSEG
                                                                           ISTRA012
                                                                                            IF (LPERT .NE. 3) GO TO 10
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO29
      IF (XIN(I) .GE. XFIX(J) .AND. XIN(I) .LE. XFIX(J+1)) GO TO 45
                                                                           ISTRACTS
                                                                                                                                                                 1 PLOTO30
                                                                                            WRITE (4,5000) XL, YCRO, XRO, YCRO
                                                                           ISTRA014
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO31
                                                                                            HRITE (4,1700)
   45 XOUT(I)=XIN(I)+PARM*(C(J)+(D(J)-1.0)*XIN(I))
                                                                           ISTRA015
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1530) XT0, YCR0,50
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO32
      JSTART=J
                                                                           ISTRA016
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO33
                                                                                            HRITE (4,5000) XL,YCR1,XR1,YCR1
   50 CONTINUE
                                                                           |STRAC17
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1800)
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO 34
      RETURN
                                                                           ISTRAG18
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1530) XT1,YCR1,S1
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO35
      END
                                                                           STRA019
                                                                                         10 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOT 036
      SUBROUTINE MONO (N,L,X,Y)
                                                                           1000001
                                                                                            WRITE (4.5000) XL,YCR2,XR2,YCR2
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOT 037
                                                                           1 MONOOO2
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO38
                                                                                            WRITE (4.1510)
     .. CHECKS POINTS IN VICINITY OF A CRITICAL POINT FOR MONOTONE
                                                                           1 MOH0003
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1550) XT2,YCR2
                                                                                                                                                                 |PLOT039
      BEHAVIOR, AND ADJUSTS VALUES TO GIVE A LINEAR PROFILE.
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO40
                                                                           MON0004
                                                                                            WRITE (4.5000) (XO(I),YO(I),I=1,N)
                                                                           MON0005
                                                                                            WRITE (4.1700)
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT041
      DIMENSION L(4),X(200),Y(200)
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT042
                                                                           1 MOHO006
                                                                                            WRITE (4,5000) (X1(I),Y1(I),I=1,N)
      DO 100 I=1.N
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO43
                                                                           1110110007
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1800)
      LS=L(I)
                                                                           8000100M
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT044
                                                                                            WRITE (4,5000) (X2(I),Y2(I),I=1,N)
      Y1=Y(LS-1)
                                                                           1 MOHO0 9
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1900)
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT045
      Y2=Y(L5)
                                                                           1 MOHOO 1 0
                                                                                            WRITE (4,5000) (X3(I),Y3(I),I=1,N)
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO46
      Y3=Y(LS+1)
                                                                           1100HOM
                                                                                            WRITE (4,1510)
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOT047
      Y4=Y(L5+2)
                                                                           1 MOHO012
                                                                                                                                                                 LPI OT048
                                                                                            RETURN
                                                                                                                             JIM ELLIOTT', REGION=512K/
      IF ((Y1 .LT. Y2) .AND. (Y2 .LT. Y3) .AND. (Y3 .LT. Y4)) GO TO 100 [MOHOO13
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOT049
                                                                                       1000 FORMAT 145H//PERTPLOT JOB ,'
      IF ((Y1 .GT. Y2) .AND. (Y2 .GT. Y3) .AND. (Y3 .GT. Y4)) GO TO 100 | MOHOO14
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOTOSO
                                                                                                     19H//DRAW EXEC TOPDRAW/
                                                                                           z
                                                                                                     40HSET DEVICE VERSATEC CONTINUOUS INTENSITY/
                                                                           1 MOHO0 15
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOTO51
      X2=X(LS)
                                                                           1100HO016
                                                                                                     18HSET CARD LENGTH 80/
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOTO52
                                                                                           2
      X3=X(LS+1)
                                                                           110010017
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOT053
                                                                                                     15HSET FONT DUPLEX )
      X4=X(LS+2)
                                                                           BLOOHON
                                                                                       1050 FORMAT (9HNEW FRAME/
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOT 054
      SLOPE=(Y4-Y1)/(X4-X1)
                                                                           1 00HOM |
                                                                                                     27HSET TICKS TOP OFF RIGHT OFF/
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTOSS
      Y(LS)=Y1+SLOPE*(X2-X1)
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO56
                                                                           0.200HOH1
                                                                                                     22HSET WINDOW X 2 7 Y 2 8/
      Y(LS+1)=Y1+SLOPE*(X3-X1)
                                                                           1 MONO021
                                                                                                     20HSET SYMBOL 8P SIZE 1)
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOT057
  100 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTOS8
                                                                           1 MONO022
                                                                                       1100 FORMAT (18HSET LIMITS X 0 1 Y,2F5.1)
      RETURN
                                                                                       1200 FORMAT (51HTITLE 4.5 9.5 CENTER SIZE 3 SPACES 7 'PLOT OF C2P3'/
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT059
                                                                           I MONOD23
      FND
                                                                           I MONO024
                                                                                                     19HCASE ' LLL LL CLC')
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO60
      SUBROUTINE PLOT (N, LPERT)
                                                                           PLOTOGI
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO61
                                                                                       1300 FORMAT (39HTITLE 4.5 8.7 CENTER SIZE 1.5 SPACES 38,1X,
                                                                           [PL01002
                                                                                                     24H'FULL F2HOLST3 NONL. ')
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOTO62
                                                                                           Z
C.....CREATES FILE OF COMMANDS FOR PROGRAM 'TOPDRAW' AT STANFORD CENTER [PLOT003
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO63
                                                                                        1350 FORMAT (4HMORE, 1X, 1H', A1, 1X, 5HPERT., 3X, A1, 5H2B3 =, F6.3, 3X, A1,
      FOR INFORMATION PROCESSING (S.C.I.P.). CALLED ONLY ONCE IN MAIN
                                                                           I PLOT 004
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOT064
                                                                                                     5H2C3 = ,F6.3,1H')
      PROGRAM AND MAY BE DELETED OR REPLACED.
                                                                           | PLOTOOS
                                                                                       1360 FORMAT (4HCASE, 1X, 24H' LLL GC LLLLC LLL ')
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOT065
                                                                                       1370 FORMAT (4HCASE, 1X, 1H', A1, 2X, 3HLLL, 4X, A1, 3HCLC, 11X, A1, 3HCLC, 8X, 1H') PLOT066
                                                                           IPLOT006
      DIMENSION X0(200),X1(200),X2(200),X3(200),
                                                                           IPLOT007
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT067
                                                                                       1400 FORMAT (25HTITLE 0.8 5 SIZE 2 'C2P3'/
                YO(200),Y1(200),Y2(200),Y3(200)
                                                                           IPLOTO08
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTOSA
                                                                                                     4HCASE, 1X, 6H' CLC'/
      COMMON ./PERT/ MO,M1,M2,Q0,Q1,Q2,YCR0,YCR1,YCR2
                                                                           | PLOTO09
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOT069
                                                                                                     23HTITLE BOTTOM SIZE 2 'X')
      COMMON /XY/ X0,X1,X2,X3,Y0,Y1,Y2,Y3
                                                                           PLOTOSO
                                                                                       1500 FORMAT (47HTITLE 4.5 0.5 CENTER SIZE 1.5 SPACES 17 'M203 =,
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOTO70
      LOGICAL*1 SYM(3) /1HT,1HA,1HM/, SUB(3) /1HG,1HG,1H /,
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOT071
                                                                           PLOTOII
                                                                                                     F6.3,3X,A1,2H =,F6.3,1H'/
                SO /1HB/, S1 /1HC/
                                                                           PLOT012
                                                                                                     10HCASE ' CSC, 11X, 1HG, 8X, 1H')
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOT072
      REAL MJ,M1,M2
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO73
                                                                           [PLOT013
                                                                                        1505 FORMAT (34HTITLE 4.5 0.5 CENTER SIZE 1.5 'M =,F6.3,1H')
      DATA ICALL /0/, XL, XRO, XTO, XR1, XT1, XR2, XT2
                                                                           IPLOT014
                                                                                       1510 FORMAT (6HJOIN 1)
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT074
                 /0.0, 0.12, 0.14, 0.16, 0.18, 0.2, 0.24/
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOT075
                                                                           | PLOTO15
                                                                                       1530 FORMAT (5HTITLE, 1X, 2(F6.3, 1X),
                                                                                                     27HDATA SIZE 1.0 '(C42P350*1)2,A1,2H3'/
      IF (ICALL .EQ. 0) WRITE (4,1000)
                                                                           LPI OTO16
                                                                                                                                                                 IPLOT076
      ICALL=1
                                                                           I PLOTO 17
                                                                                                     4HCASE, 1X, 16H' CCLCCC C CLC')
                                                                                                                                                                 I PLOTO77
      CALL LIMITS (N, YMIN, YMAX)
                                                                           |PLOT018
                                                                                       1550 FORMAT (5HTITLE, 1X, 2(F6.3, 1X), 25HDATA SIZE 1.5 'C42P350*1'/
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOTO78
      WRITE (4,1050)
                                                                                                                                                                 | PLOT079
                                                                           IPLOT019
                                                                                                     16HCASE ' CCLCCC C')
                                                                                           Z.
      HRITE (4,1100) YMIN,YMAX
                                                                           I PLOTO26
                                                                                       1700 FORMAT (15HSET INTENSITY 3/
                                                                                                                                                                 PLOTO80
      WRITE (4,1200)
                                                                                                                                                                 1 PLOTO81
                                                                           I PLOTO21
                                                                                                     11HJOIN 1 DOTS/
```

```
15HSET INTENSITY 2)
                                                                        I PLOTOB2
 1800 FORMAT (13HJOIN 1 DASHES)
                                                                        IPLOT083
1900 FORMAT (4HPLOT)
                                                                        IPLOT084
5000 FORMAT (5(2(F6.3,1X),1H;))
                                                                        I PLOTO85
                                                                         PLOT086
     SUBROUTINE LIMITS (N, YMIN, YMAX)
                                                                         |LIMI001
                                                                         LIMIDOS
C.....SEARCHES FOUR DATA ARRAYS Y0,Y1,Y2,Y3 FOR MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM.
                                                                        ILIMI003
                                                                         |LIMI004
C
     CALLED ONLY BY PLOT SUBROUTINE.
                                                                        ILIMI005
     DIMENSION X0(200),X1(200),X2(200),X3(200),
                                                                         |LIMI006
                Y0(200),Y1(200),Y2(200),Y3(200)
                                                                         |LIMI007
    Z.
     DIMENSION Z(800)
                                                                        LIMICOS
     COMMON /XY/ X0,X1,X2,X3,Y0,Y1,Y2,Y3
                                                                         ILIMI009
      EQUIVALENCE (YO(1),Z(1))
                                                                         | LIMIO10
      YMIN=Z(1)
                                                                         LIMIOII
      YMAX=Z 11
                                                                         |LIMI012
                                                                         LI IMTOL3
     DO 10 I=1,4
      JSTART=200*(I-1)+1
                                                                         |LIMI014
                                                                         |LIMI015
      JSTOP=JSTART+N-1
     DO 10 J=JSTART, JSTOP
                                                                         1LIMIO16
      IF (Z(J).GT.YMAX) YMAX=Z(J)
                                                                         |LIMI017
      IF (Z(J).LT.YMIN) YMIN=Z(J)
                                                                         |LIMI018
                                                                         LIMI019
   10 CONTINUE
      YSAVE=YMAX
                                                                         ILIMI020
      MINY=XAMY
                                                                         LIMI021
                                                                         LIMI022
      YMIN=YSAVE
      CALL ROUND (YMIN)
                                                                         ILIMI023
      CALL ROUND (YMAX)
                                                                         ILIMI024
      RETURN
                                                                         |LIMI025
                                                                         |LIMI026
      END
      SUBROUTINE ROUND (Y)
                                                                         I ROUNGO 1
                                                                         IRQUNO02
C.....ROUNDS Y LIMITS FOR OUTPUT IN F5.1 FORMAT. CALLED ONLY BY
                                                                         I ROUNO03
      SUBROUTINE LIMITS.
                                                                         I ROUNGG4
C
                                                                         1ROUND05
                                                                         LROUN006
      Z=ABS(Y)
      IF (10.*Z-INT(10.*Z).LT..5) Z=Z+.05
                                                                         IROUN007
      IF (Y.GT.0.) GO TO 1
                                                                         1R0UN008
                                                                         ROUN009
      Y=-Z
                                                                         ROUNDID
      RETURN
                                                                         I ROUNG 11
    1 Y=Z
      RETURN
                                                                         IROUN012
                                                                         I POUNO 13
      SUBROUTINE UPLOW (A,B,XIN,K,N,XOUT,FLAG)
                                                                         |UPL0001
                                                                         IUPL0002
    .. CONVERTS NORMALIZED ARRAY XIN TO PHYSICAL ARRAY XOUT AND FLAGS
                                                                         IUPL0003
С...
      POINTS ON LOWER SURFACE WITH A '*'.
                                                                         | UPL0004
                                                                         1UPLO005
      DIMENSION XIN(K), XOUT(8)
                                                                         |UPL0006
                                                                         |UPL0007
      LOGICAL*1 FLAG(8), BLANK/1H /, STAR/1H*/
                                                                         IUPL0008
      XNOSE=-A/(B-A)
      DO 1 I=1,N
                                                                         UPL0009
      FLAG(I)=BLANK
                                                                         |UPL0010
      IF (XIN(I) .LT. XNOSE) FLAG(I)=STAR
                                                                         IUPL0011
      XOUT(I)=ABS((B-A)*XIN(I)+A)
                                                                         [UPL0012
     1 CONTINUE
                                                                         IUPL0013
                                                                         JUPL0014
      RETURN
      END
                                                                         UPLO015
```

APPENDIX C

LIST OF SYMBOLS

С	blade chord, m
H	blade spacing for nonstaggered cascades, m
i	invariant point index; eq. (6); also, index for Lagrangian coefficients; eq. (22)
k	dummy index; eq. (20)
L	two-dimensional full potential operator; eq. (2)
Ll	linear operator representing first-order perturbation of two-dimensional full potential equation; eq. (4)
^L ₂	linear operator representing first-order perturbation terms arising from coordinate straining; eq. (9)
L _i	Lagrangian coefficients; eq. (22)
n	total number of shock points and high-gradient maxima points; eq. (24)
N	total number of invariant points, equal to $n+2$; eq. (24)
đ	arbitrary geometric or flow parameter to be perturbed; eq. (13)
q _c	calibration flow value of q; eq. (9)
q _o	base flow value of q; eq. (3)
Q	approximate flow solution for arbitrary flow quantity; eq. (1)
Q _C	calibration flow solution for value $q_{\rm c}$ of arbitrary parameter; eq. (8)
Qo	base flow solution for value \boldsymbol{q}_{o} of arbitrary parameter; eq. (1)
Qp	linearized perturbation solution per unit change of perturbed parameter; eq. (1)
(s,t)	strained (x,y) coordinates; eq. (5)

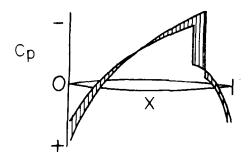
nondimensional blade-fixed orthogonal coordinates: (x,y)eq. (5), normalized by C $(\overline{x}, \overline{y})$ nondimensional blade-fixed orthogonal coordinates related to calibration solution; eq. (9) (x_1, y_1) straining functions associated with (x,y) coordinates; eq. (6) straining functions associated with ith invariant point; eq. (6) (δx,,δy,) unit displacements in (x,y) directions associated with ith invariant point; eq. (6) unit displacement in x direction between base and calibration flows of the ith invariant point; eq. (18) perturbation change of geometric or flow parameter; ε eq. (17)perturbation of geometric or flow parameter between ε_C base and calibration flows; eq. (18) nondimensional total velocity potential; eq. (2), normalized by CV_{∞} nondimensional base flow velocity ptential; eq. (3), normalized by CV_ Φι nondimensional perturbation velocity potential; eq. (3), normalized by CV_ Subscripts denotes base flow quantities O 1 denotes perturbation quantities denotes quantities associated with calibration C flow.

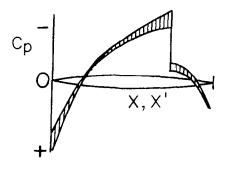
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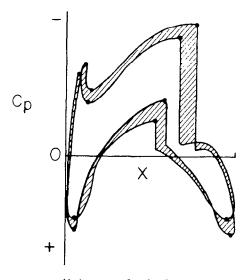
Perturbation for calibration solution in physical coordinates

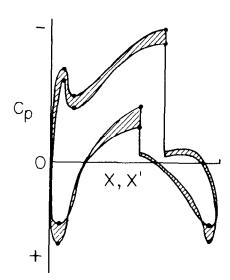
Perturbation for calibration solution in strained coordinates





(a) Single shock.





(b) Multiple shock and high-gradient locations.

Figure 1.- Illustration of perturbation solution for calibration solution in physical and strained coordinates

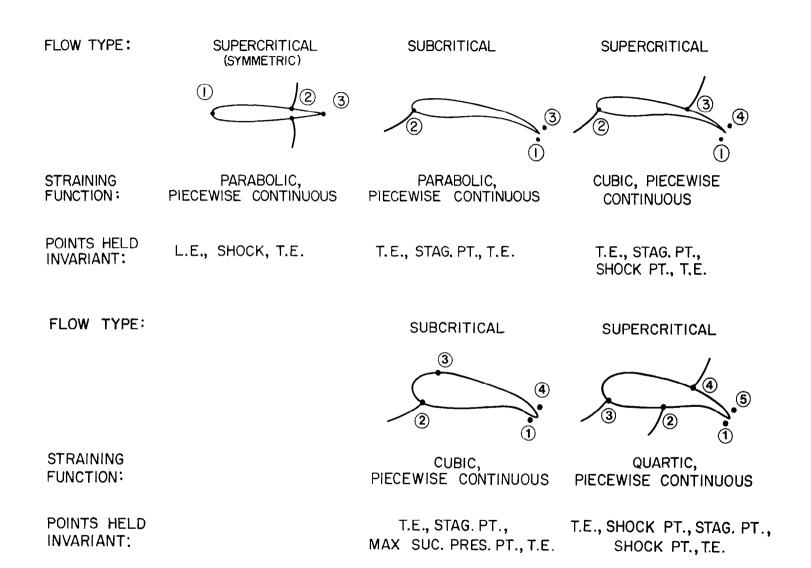
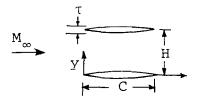


Figure 2.- Summary of various flows and straining functions considered

BICONVEX PROFILES



•••• BASE

CALIBRATION

000000 PERTURBATION

EXACT NONLINEAR

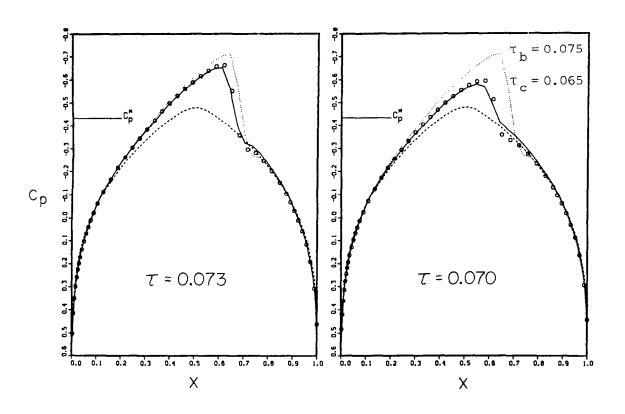


Figure 3.- Comparison of perturbation (0) and non-linear (—) surface pressures for a thickness-ratio perturbation of a nonlifting cascade of biconvex profiles with H/C = 1.0 at $\rm M_{\infty}$ = 0.80

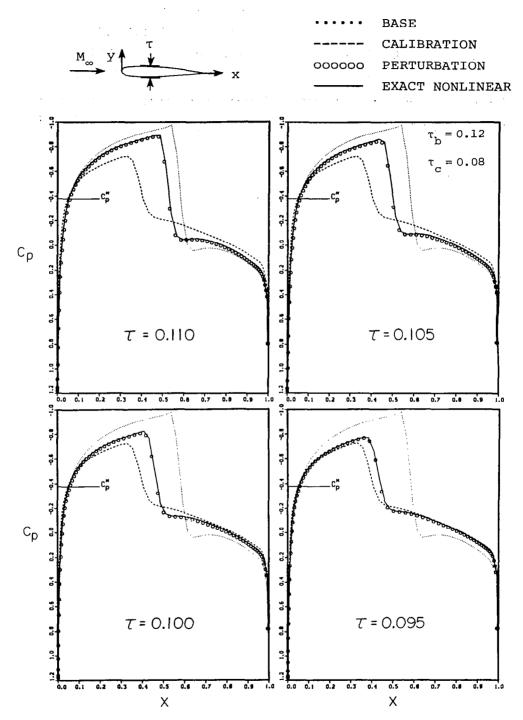


Figure 4.- Comparison of perturbation (O) and non-linear (—) surface pressures for a thickness-ratio perturbation for an isolated NACA 00XX airfoil at M_{∞} = 0.820 and α = 0° for solution interpolation

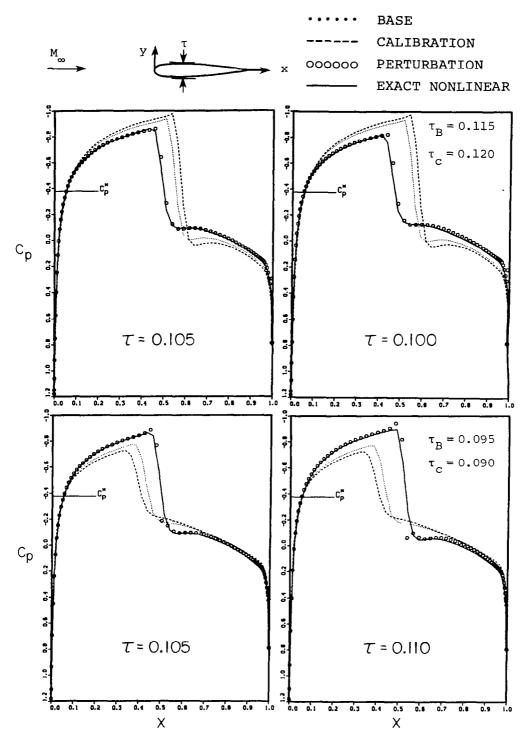


Figure 5.- Comparison of perturbation (0) and nonlinear (—) surface pressures for a thickness-ratio perturbation for an isolated NACA 00XX airfoil at $\rm M_{\infty} = 0.820$ and $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$ for extreme solution extrapolation

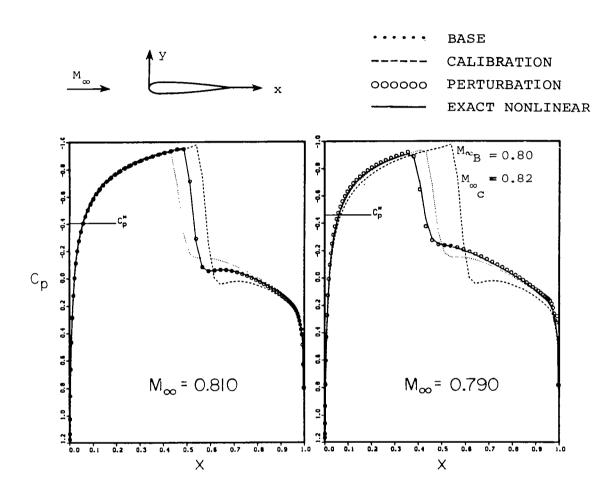


Figure 6.- Comparison of perturbation (0) and nonlinear (—) surface pressures for a Mach number perturbation of an isolated NACA 0012 airfoil at α = 0°

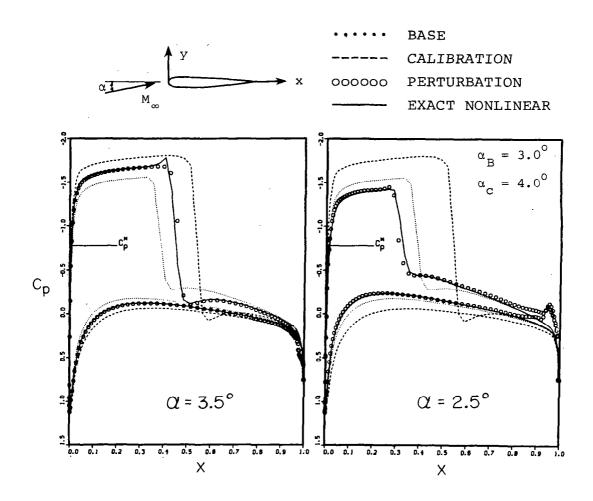


Figure 7.- Comparison of perturbation (O) and nonlinear (—) surface pressures for an angle-of-attack perturbation of an isolated NACA 0012 airfoil at $\rm M_{\infty} = 0.70$

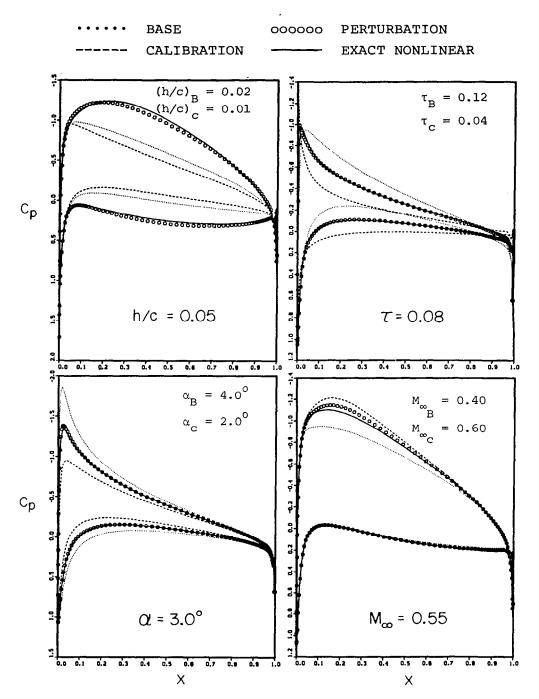


Figure 8.- Comparison of perturbation (0) and nonlinear (—) surface pressures for various geometry and flow parameter perturbations of isolated airfoils at subcritical speeds

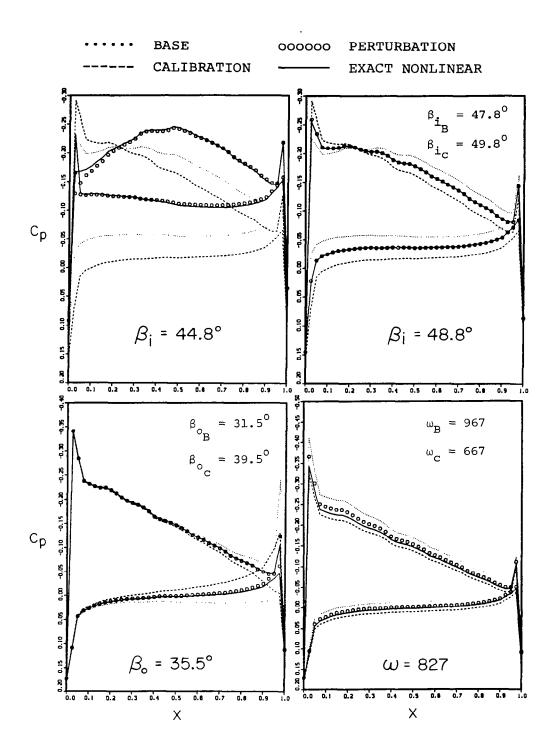
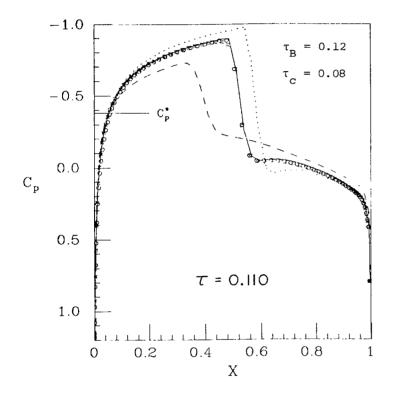


Figure 9.- Comparison of perturbation (0) and nonlinear (---) surface pressures for various flow parameter perturbations of a compressor cascade at subcritical speeds



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EXACT NONLINEAR

Figure 10.- Comparison of nonlinear (—) surface pressures with perturbation results using quadratic (O) and linear piecewise-continuous (*) straining functions for a thickness-ratio perturbation of an isolated NACA 00XX airfoil at $\rm M_{\infty} = 0.820$ and $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$

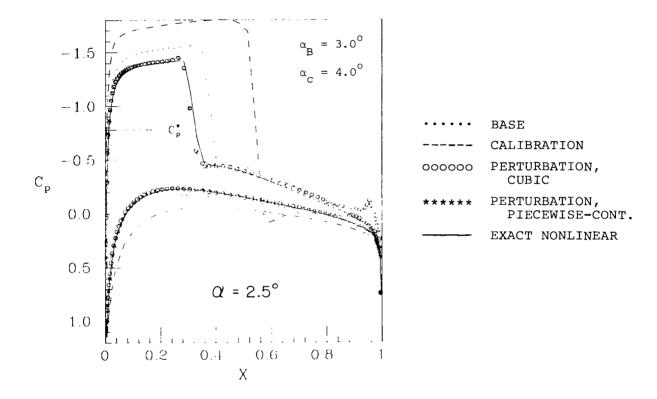


Figure 11.- Comparison of nonlinear (—) surface pressures with perturbation results using cubic (O) and linear piecewise-continuous (*) straining functions for an angle-of-attack perturbation of an isolated NACA 0012 airfoil at $\rm M_{\infty} = 0.70$

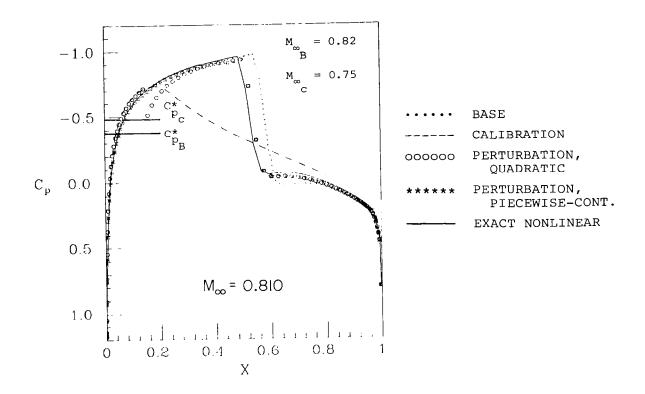
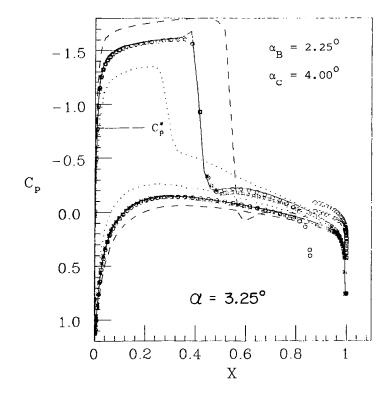


Figure 12.- Comparison of nonlinear (--) surface pressures with perturbation results using quadratic (O) and linear piecewise-continuous (*) straining functions for a Mach number perturbation of an isolated NACA 0012 airfoil at $\alpha = 0^{\circ}$



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EXACT NONLINEAR

Figure 13.- Comparison of nonlinear (—) surface pressures with perturbation results using cubic (O) and linear piecewise-continuous (*) straining functions for an angle-of-attack perturbation of an isolated NACA 0012 airfoil at $M_{\infty} = 0.70$

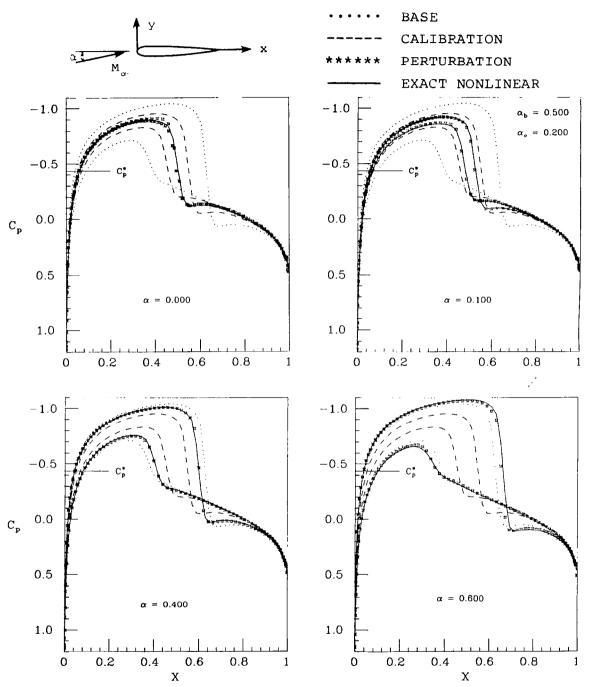


Figure 14.- Comparison of perturbation (*) and nonlinear (—) surface pressures for an angle-of-attack perturbation of an isolated NACA 0012 airfoil at $\rm M_{\infty}=0.80$ having multiple shocks

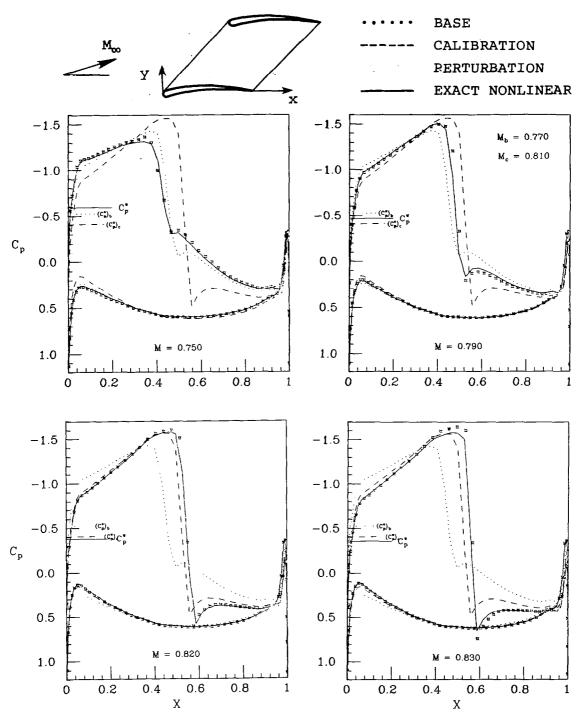


Figure 15.- Comparison of perturbation (*) and nonlinear (--) surface pressures for an oncoming Mach number perturbation of supercritical flow past a cascade of Jose Sanz blade profiles

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16. Abstract An investigation was conducted to develop perturbation procedures and associated computational codes for determining nonlinear flow solutions, with the objective of establishing a method for minimizing computational requirements associated with parametric studies of transonic flows in turbomachines. The procedure that was developed and evaluated was found to be capable of determining highly accurate approximations to families of strongly nonlinear solutions which are either continuous or discontinuous, and which represent variations in some arbitrary parameter. Coordinate straining is employed to account for the movement of discontinuities and maxima of high-gradient regions due to the perturbation. Although simultaneous multiple-parameter perturbations can be treated, the development and results reported here are for the single-parameter perturbation problem. Flows past both isolated airfoils and compressor cascades involving a wide variety of flow and geometry parameter changes are reported. Attention is focused in particular on transonic flows which are strongly supercritical and exhibit large surface shock movement over the parametric range studied; and on subsonic flows which display large pressure variations in the stagnation and peak suction pressure regions. Comparisons with the corresponding 'exact' nonlinear solutions indicate a remarkable accuracy and range of validity of such a procedure. Computational time of the method, beyond the determination of the base solutions, is trivial.									
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