TITLE: ATMOSPHERIC BACKSCATTER RESEARCH

RESEARCH INVESTIGATORS INVOLVED:

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS TO DATE IN FY-84:

 Refined scientific rationale for ongoing atmospheric backscatter research program based on "clean"/"dirty" airmass hypothesis. This research supports technology development studies for NASA's proposed space-based Doppler Lidar wind measurement system.

FOCUS OF CURRENT RESEARCH:

- 1. Analysis of MSFC airborne CO_2 backscatter measurements from previous field programs to evaluate spatial scales of backscatter variability and the correlation of backscatter and water vapor concentrations.
- Analysis of backscatter measurements obtained by MSFC and other groups, as well as aerosol measurements obtained by other means, to evaluate the "clean"/"dirty" airmass hypothesis.

PLANS FOR FY-85

- 1. Analysis of MSFC airborne CO₂ backscatter measurements to be obtained during the FY 84/85 Doppler Lidar System field program.
- 2. Continuing analysis of backscatter measurements by other groups and aerosol measurements obtained by other means.
- 3. Continuing investigation of backscatter/water vapor correlations.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR NEW RESEARCH:

1. Evaluate the potential of satellite imagery of atmospheric water vapor distributions to determine the distributions of aerosol backscatter.

PUBLICATIONS PREPARED SINCE JUNE 1983:

1

- 1. Bowdle, D. Aerosol effects on wind measurements from space: Rationale for an aerosol backscatter research program. In Preparation.
- 2. Oberbeck, V., and D. A. Bowdle. Atmospheric aerosol measurements in the central Pacific Ocean during the Global Tropopheric Experiment. In Preparation.