

JPL PUBLICATION 85-43, VOLUME I

Total-Dose Radiation Effects Data for Semiconductor Devices

1985 Supplement

Keith E. Martin
Michael K. Gauthier
James R. Coss
Armando R. V. Dantas
William E. Price



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National Aeronautics and
Space Administration

Jet Propulsion Laboratory
California Institute of Technology
Pasadena, California

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ABSTRACT

This document provides steady-state, total-dose radiation test data, in graphic format, for use by electronic designers and other personnel using semiconductor devices in a radiation environment. The data were generated by JPL for various NASA space programs. The document is in two volumes: Volume I provides data on diodes, bipolar transistors, field effect transistors, and miscellaneous semiconductor types, and Volume II provides total-dose radiation test data on integrated circuits.

Volume I of this 1985 Supplement contains new total-dose radiation test data generated since the August 1, 1981 release date of the original Volume I, JPL Publication 81-66.

Volume II of the 1985 Supplement will be published at a later date.

INDEX OF DEVICE TYPES

VOLUME I

Device Type	Device Number	Vendor ^a	Page	Device Number	Vendor ^a	Page
Diodes	MZ4626	MOT	6-3	S02048	SCN	6-7
Bipolar Transistors	2N918	MOT	6-11	2N3019	MOT	6-35
	2N1304	TIX	6-12	2N3350	MOT	6-36
	2N2222	MOT	6-16	2N3501	MOT	6-37
	2N2222	RAY	6-17	2N3637	MOT	6-40
	2N2369	MOT	6-18	2N3700	NSC	6-42
	2N2432	TIX	6-19	2N3799	TIX	6-45
	2N2484	MOT	6-21	2N3964	MOT	6-46
	2N2658	SOD	6-22	2N4150	SOD	6-47
	2N2907	MOT	6-23	2N4150	UTR	6-53
	2N2907	RAY	6-24	96EJ103	SOD	6-56
	2N2907	TIX	6-25	MQ2219	MOT	6-58
	2N2920	MOT	6-27	SDT3323	SOD	6-59
	2N2920	RAY	6-30	SDT3423	SOD	6-61
	2N2920	TIX	6-31			
Field-Effect Transistors	2N4338	SIL	6-64	IRF150	INR	6-75
	2N4391	SIL	6-65	J230	SIL	6-90
	2N4391	MOT	6-67	U401	SIL	6-92
	2N4867	SIL	6-72	U423	SIL	6-104
Optical Devices	TIL24	TIX	6-109			

^aSee Appendix A for Vendor Identification Code.

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SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this report describe the results of Total Ionizing Dose (TID) tests of semiconductor devices (Volume I) and integrated circuits (Volume II). The data were obtained by the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL), under contract to NASA, in order to assure the "hardness" (radiation resistance) of components to be used in a variety of radiation environments. However, the data are applicable to any ionizing radiation environment. Two primary radiation sources were used: a Cobalt-60 gamma ray source and a 2.5 MeV electron Dynamitron. Irradiations of complex ICs were subcontracted to the Boeing Radiation Effects Lab (BREL), Seattle, Washington, where the necessary computerized test equipment was available, but the work was subject to JPL specifications and procedures. The data presented here (Volume I of the 1985 Supplement) are primarily in a graphic format for various device operating conditions as a function of dose. Some measure of the statistical variations of each device lot is provided by the tabulated standard deviations and a statement of sample size. Irradiations of different lots of a given device type are treated as separate tests.

In Volume II, the information on some integrated circuits is presented in tabular format. For more complex large-scale integration (LSI) devices, the data are given in a narrative form, which gives proper emphasis to the radiation-induced changes in measured parameters. Volume II of the 1985 Supplement will be published at a later date.

All data taken here substantially meet the specifications of MIL-STD-883, Method 1019.1 for environments where short-term annealing is not a relevant problem. Three or more radiation levels at room temperature were performed, with electrical parameter measurements typically taken within 20 minutes of the completion of an irradiation, and a worst-case bias for JPL's systems applications sustained during irradiation.

An additional publication is scheduled for release in late 1986. This publication will present design guidelines regarding Single Event Upset (SEU) phenomena in high-energy-particle radiation environments. The original Volume III published in 1981 will not be updated.

SECTION II

DOCUMENT USES AND LIMITATIONS

The purpose of this report is to provide test data for semiconductor devices exposed to a steady-state TID irradiation. As such, it offers a useful radiation response comparison of different devices that might be considered in the development (circuit design) of a radiation-hardened system. It also offers a quick method for assisting an engineer to determine the weak links in an existing system, and the maximum radiation tolerance of the system as a whole.

The data presented here cannot, in any way, be used as a substitute for a comprehensive testing program of the devices actually used in a given system, but is intended as a useful guideline for device selection. It will be clear on inspecting the data that there are large lot-to-lot, or wafer-to-wafer, variations in the sample response of a given device type. The difference in response from functionally identical devices fabricated by different manufacturers is, of course, much greater. There was no attempt to remove maverick (outlier) devices from the data plots; thus, some data plots may appear anomalous when compared to other plots for the same device type. Finally, there is always the likelihood that given manufacturers will make minor adjustments in their processing procedures that will result in major differences in device radiation response.

SECTION III

GENERIC DEVICE TYPE INFORMATION

Some generalized comments appropriate to each generic device type are provided in the following subsections, and a description of vendor identification codes is provided in Appendix A. The mean of the electrical parameters measured for each generic device type is given on the ordinate of the graphs, and a detailed description of these parameters is provided in Appendix B.

A. DIODES

Radiation tests of diodes have been very limited for space programs because of the inherent radiation hardness at the total dose level of 300 krad(Si) (Galileo Project specification). However, testing may be required for special high-precision applications or for higher total-dose environments where large (orders of magnitude) increases in the leakage current can be expected.

B. BIPOLAR TRANSISTORS

For convenience, the degradation in transistor gain (h_{FE}) is plotted as $\Delta(1/h_{FE}) = 1/h_{FE\phi} - 1/h_{FEo}$, where $h_{FE\phi}$ is the value at the specified radiation level, and h_{FEo} is the initial value. Implicit in this approach is the assumption that the radiation behavior can be approximated by the well-known formula:

$$\Delta(1/h_{FE}) = K\phi$$

where ϕ is the dose (or fluence) and K is a damage constant that depends on the device and collector current, I_C .

C. FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS (FETs)

Junction-gate field effect transistors (JFETs) have a considerably higher tolerance to radiation-induced bulk damage than bipolar transistors because they are majority-carrier devices. Therefore, most tests were conducted using electron irradiations. Key parameters plotted as a function of dose include I_{GGS} , I_{DSS} , V_{GS} , transconductance, noise voltage, and I_D (off). (See Appendix B.)

D. OPTICAL DEVICES

The optical device type is an infrared-emitting diode (IR-LED). The emission efficiency of GaAs LEDs is greatly reduced by irradiation.

SECTION IV

RADIATION SOURCES AND DOSIMETRY

A. DYNAMITRON

The Dynamitron accelerators at JPL and BREL provide a 2.5-MeV beam with a beam-current range of 10^8 to 10^{10} electrons/cm²/sec. All tests described here were irradiated with exposure times between 5 and 45 minutes.

The test geometry for the two Dynamitrons is essentially the same in that the electron beam reaches the devices after passing through a 0.05-mm titanium window, copper and aluminum scattering foils, and 0.9 m of air. Each of these materials scatters the electrons slightly so the beam has a reasonable uniformity (<20%) over the device array under test. The device array is confined within a 25-cm-diameter circle perpendicular to the beam direction, and at the center of this circle is the aperture of a vacuum Faraday cup, which is used to control the electron-beam flux and fluence. The beam is centered on the Faraday cup with a quadrupole magnet prior to the installation of the test samples, and the Faraday cup output current fed into a current integrator, which is calibrated daily with a calibrated current source. The integrator is set to automatically shut off the electron beam when the desired fluence level is received by the Faraday cup.

B. COBALT-60 SOURCES

The Cobalt-60 gamma ray sources at JPL and BREL were both used. The gamma rays consisted primarily of 1.17 and 1.33 MeV photons with a consistent spectrum of lower-energy photons and secondary electrons arising from scattering and absorption. The gamma field was uniform within ± 10 percent in the area where parts were exposed, which was verified by thermoluminescent dosimetry (TLD), consisting of lithium fluoride/Teflon microrods. The main source

calibration was performed with Landsverk ion chambers of +2 percent accuracy, traceable to the National Bureau of Standards, and monthly dose rate computations were performed to account for the Cobalt-60 decay. Exposure times with the Cobalt-60 sources were typically 5 to 20 minutes for each radiation level, but longer times (up to 4 hours) were required for high-dose applications because the maximum uniform dose rate available was 50 rads/second.

SECTION V

TEST SETUP AND PROCEDURES

A. GENERAL REMARKS

The test setup and procedures used to gather these data were developed in accordance with MIL-STD-883 specifications. All tests were done at $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$, using low noise power sources and instrumentation subject to periodic calibration. Some tests were performed in situ (without removing the test devices from the radiation area), whereas others required remote testing. In the latter event, a mobile bias fixture was used to maintain bias, except during the brief measurement period.

A detailed test plan was written for each test. This plan included device description, irradiation bias conditions, radiation levels, electrical parameters to be measured, and measurement conditions. The data were processed by both hand and computer, and the calculation of normal standard deviations was made after deletion of clearly erroneous data. Each graph has a log number and can be retrieved if required by specifying the log number to the Radiation Effects Group (Section 514) at JPL.

B. TESTING WITH A MATRIX BOARD

A matrix board switching system was built to be used as a master control panel and was set up outside the irradiation area. The matrix board interfaces the devices under test (DUT) to the power supplies and measurement equipment via a special 15-meter (50-foot), double-shielded cable (see Figure 1). A built-in potentiometer for each DUT can be used to control bias voltages and currents. The matrix board was designed with very high insulation resistance so that very low current measurements (10-50 pA) can be made. When not being tested in situ, devices are removed from the radiation area for measurements.

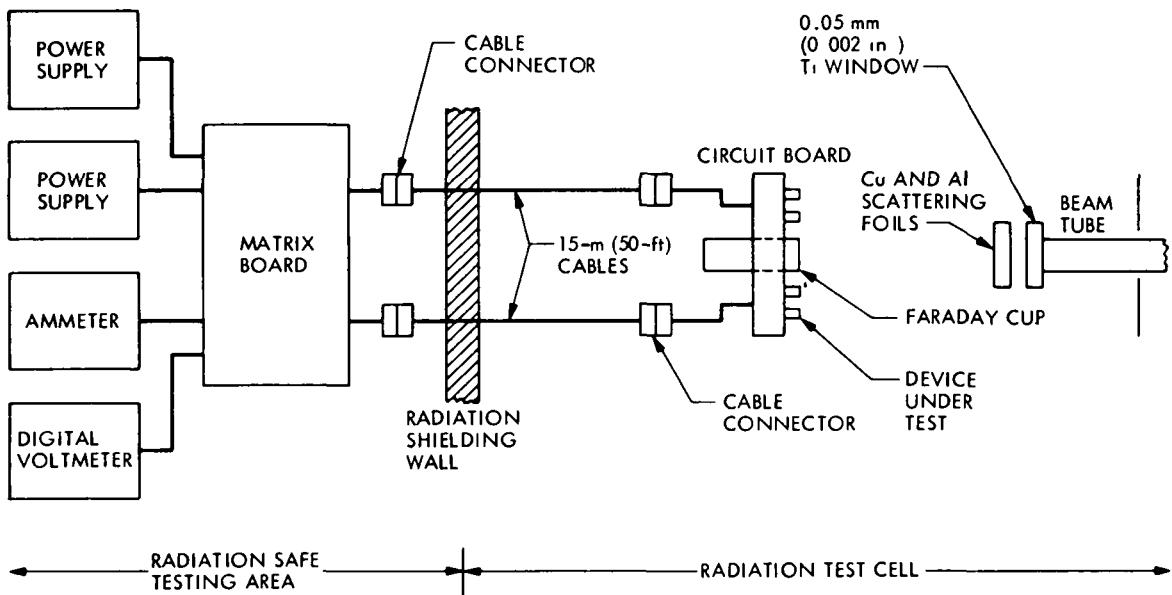


Figure 1. Diagram of the Test Setup for Dynamitron Testing

C. TESTING WITHOUT A MATRIX BOARD

For tests that are not in situ, the DUTs are removed from the site for approximately 20 minutes between each radiation level. A mobile bias (battery) is applied to the devices at all times except during parameter measurements. Remote measurements include tests at a Lorlin Impact 100 pulsed tester for some of the transistors, and readings from a Tektronix 178/577 curve tracer for testing some operational amplifiers. Occasionally, custom test circuits are used in the test to simulate the device application.

D. TESTING AT BREL

A number of ICs were tested for JPL by BREL personnel. Most of these tests were not in situ. Complex LSI devices such as A/D converters, memories, and microprocessors were irradiated with the BREL Dynamitron or Cobalt-60 sources and tested on a Tektronix 3260 computerized IC tester by test programs written by BREL to JPL's specifications.

SECTION VI

DATA PRESENTATION

A. GRAPH NOMENCLATURE

The data are presented in this section, and a sample graph, explaining the nomenclature, is shown in Figure 2. Each of the electrical parameter data plots is represented by a single line per graph except for bipolar transistor data, which use multiple lines to represent different collector currents. A table at the bottom of each graph lists the test conditions when applicable, and the normal standard deviations of each data point at each dose level.*

Date codes usually indicate when the device was packaged. For example, 8420 indicates the device was packaged in the twentieth week of 1984. If no date code is available, the space may be used for other identifying numbers such as wafer number or lot number.

* The log-normal distribution actually provides a better fit to most radiation data than the normal distribution. Hence, caution should be exercised in estimating worst-case conditions based on the limited statistical data presented herein.

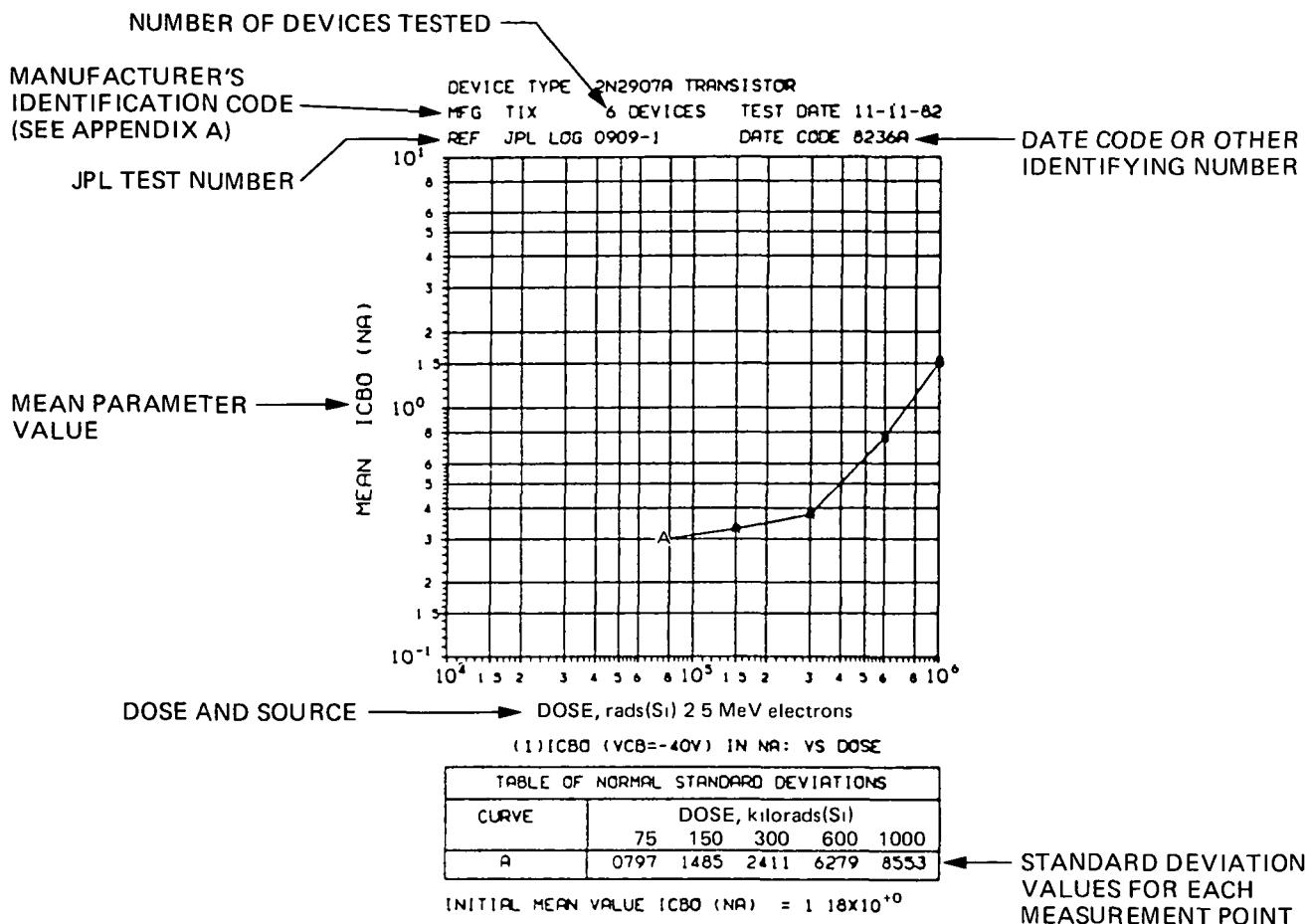


Figure 2. Graph Format Description

B. DIODES

Diode radiation tests have been very limited for space programs because of the inherent radiation hardness at the total worst-case dose levels [300 krad(Si)]. Testing may be required for special high-precision applications or for higher total-dose environments where large (orders of magnitude) increases in the leakage current can be expected.

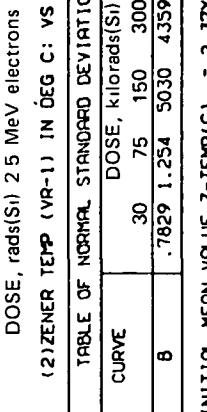
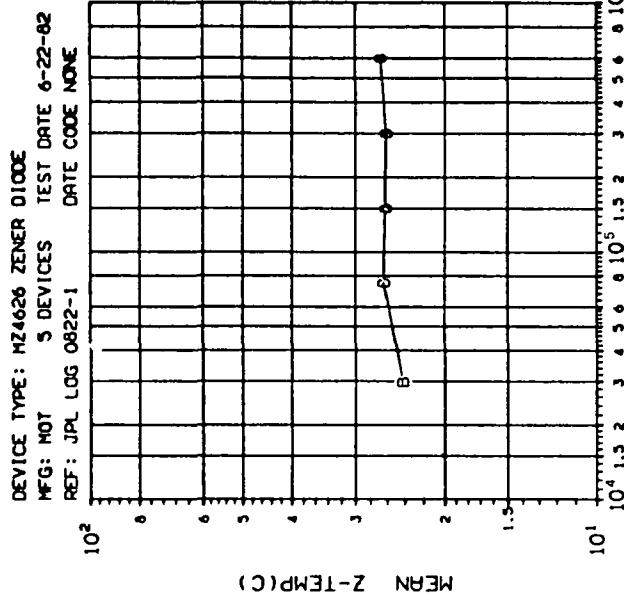
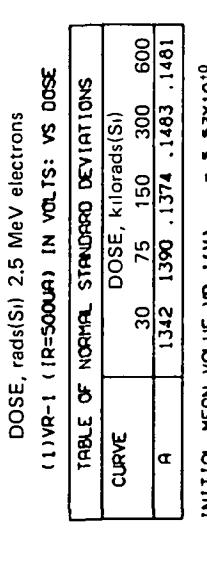
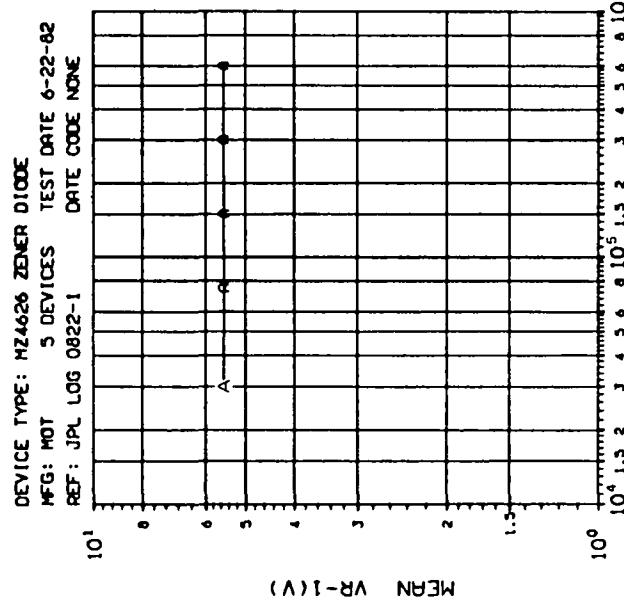
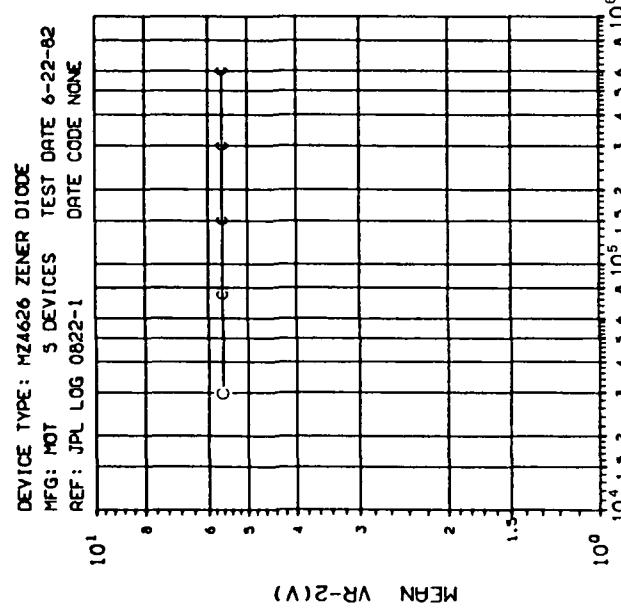


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)				
	30	75	150	300	600
A	1.342	1.390	.1374	.1483	.1481
B	.7829	1.254	5.030	4.359	.5727

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VR-1(V) = 5.33x10⁻⁰

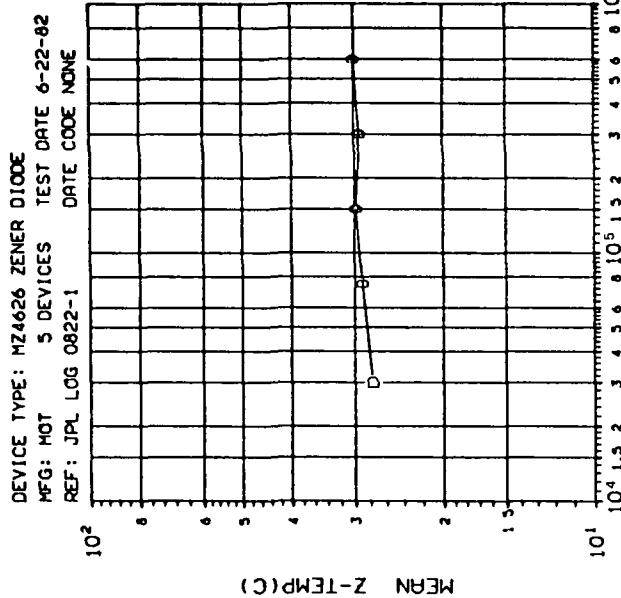
INITIAL MEAN VALUE Z-TEMP(C) = 2.37x10⁺¹



(3)VR-2 (IR=30mA) IN VOLTS: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
C	30 75 150 300 600	30	75 150 300 600
	1642 1841 1803 1796 .1766	D	4970 1.276 6611 1 150 2864

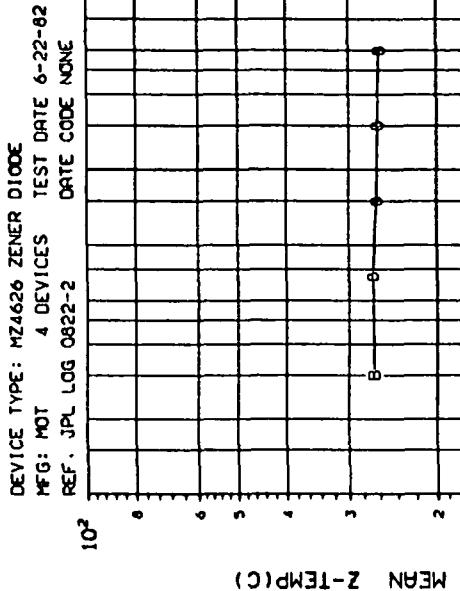
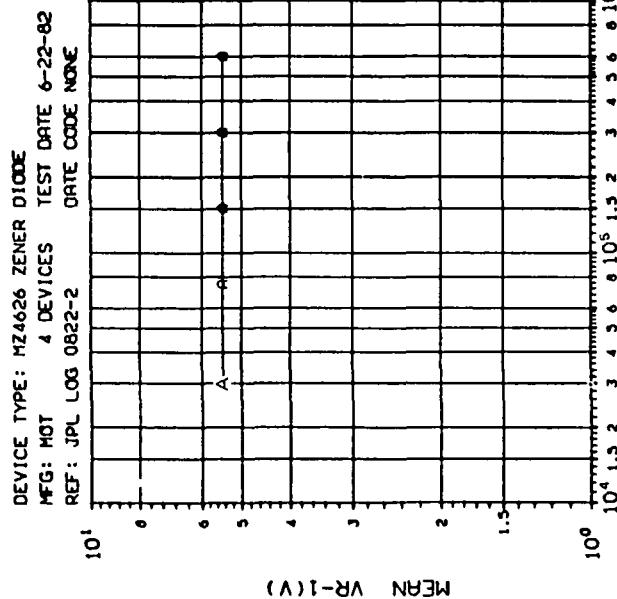
INITIAL MEAN VALUE VR-2(V) = 5.64x10⁻⁰



(4)ZENER TEMP (VR-1) IN DEG C: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	
C	30 75 150 300 600	30	75 150 300 600
	4970 1.276 6611 1 150 2864	D	

INITIAL MEAN VALUE Z-TEMP(C) = 2.67x10⁻¹



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(1)VR-1 (IR=500A) IN VOLTS: VS DOSE

(2)ZENER TEMP (VR-1) IN DEG C: VS DOSE

DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(2)ZENER TEMP (VR-1) IN DEG C: VS DOSE

(1)VR-1 (IR=500A) IN VOLTS: VS DOSE

(2)ZENER TEMP (VR-1) IN DEG C: VS DOSE

DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	30 75 150 300 600
B	.0356 .0337 .0350 .0370

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VR-1(V) = 5.44×10^{-4}
INITIAL MEAN VALUE Z-TEMP(C) = $2.71 \times 10^{+1}$

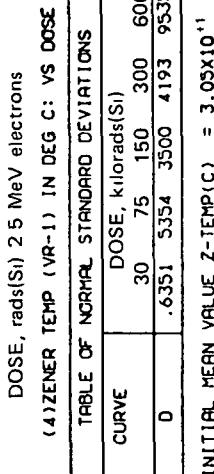
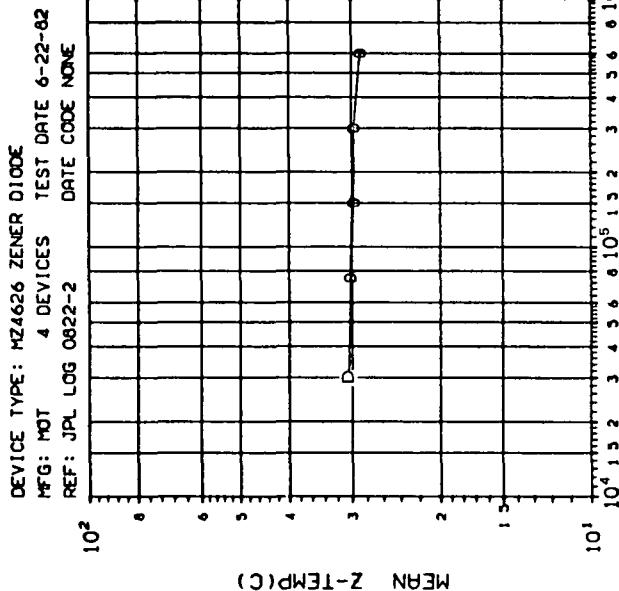
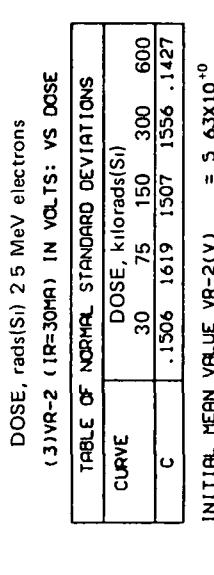
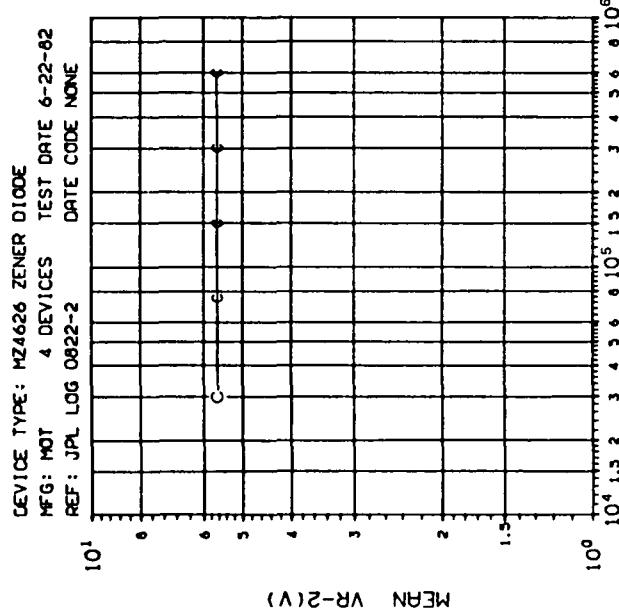
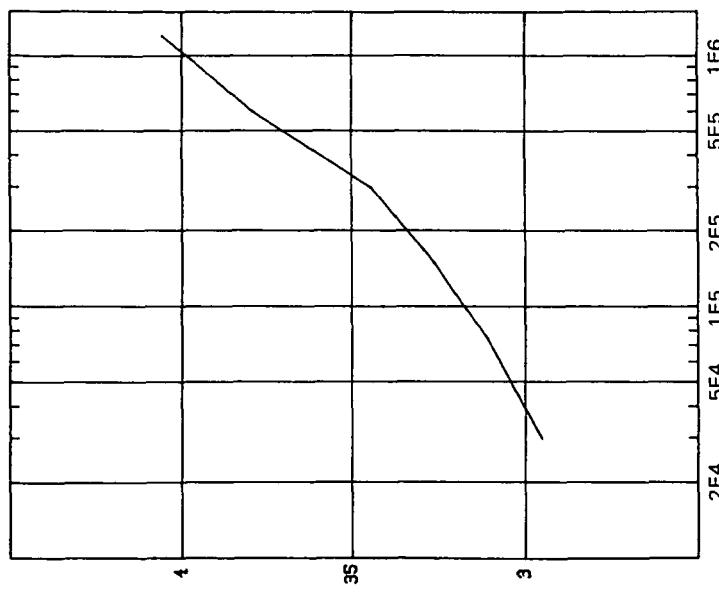


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS		
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
C	30 75 150 300 600	30 75 150 300 600
D	.1506 1619 1507 1556 .1427	.6351 5354 3500 4193 9535

DEVICE TYPE S02048 (SCHOTTKY DIODE)
 MFG SCN 10DEVICE(S) TEST DATE 2-14-84 & 2-15-84
 REF JPL LOG# 1042 DATE CODE NONE



MEAN IR MA

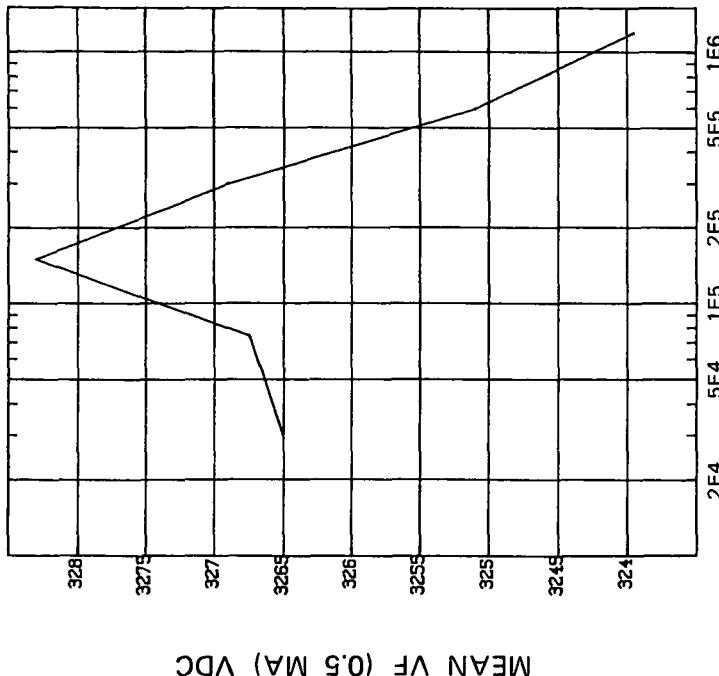
(1) IR MA vs DOSE

TEST DATE 2-14-84 & 2-15-84

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS				
DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)
3E4	7 5E4	1 5E5	3E5	6E5
2 7E-2	5 1E-2	6 3E-3	8 7E-2	1 3E-1

INITIAL MEAN VALUE (IR MA) = 2.8E-1

DEVICE TYPE S02048 (SCHOTTKY DIODE)
 MFG SCN 10DEVICE(S) TEST DATE 2-14-84 & 2-15-84
 REF JPL LOG# 1042 DATE CODE NONE



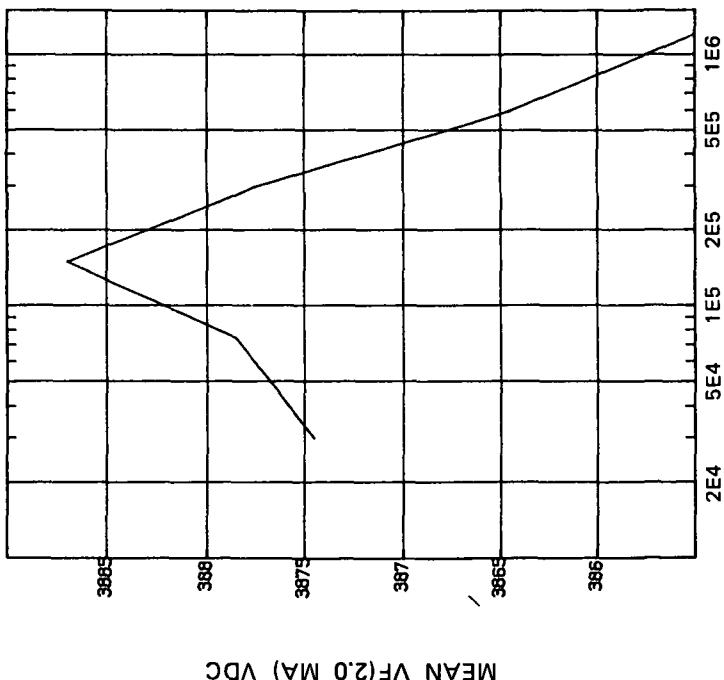
(2) VF(0.5 MA) VDC vs DOSE

TEST DATE 2-14-84 & 2-15-84

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS				
DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)
3E4	7 5E4	1 5E5	3E5	6E5
4 2E-3	4 3E-3	6 4E-3	8 5E-3	1 6E-1

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VF(0.5 MA) VDC = 3.2E-1

DEVICE TYPE S02048 (SCHOTTKY DIODE)
 MFG SCN 100 DEVICE(S) TEST DATE 2-14-84 & 2-15-84
 REF JPL LOG# 1042 DATE CODE NONE



(3) VF(2.0 MA) VDC vs DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS				
DOSE, rads(Si)				
3E4	7.5E4	1.5E5	3E5	6E5
9.2E-3	9.6E-3	4.5E-3	9.4E-3	2.1E-3
				1.8E-3

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VF(2.0 MA) VDC = 3.8E-1

C. BIPOLAR TRANSISTORS

Transistor gain (h_{FE}) degradation is plotted as $\Delta(1/h_{FE}) = 1/h_{FE\phi} - 1/h_{FEo}$, where $h_{FE\phi}$ is the value at the specified radiation level, and h_{FEo} is the initial value. This subject was discussed in Section III, paragraph B.

A method of determining the final h_{FE} , when the initial h_{FE} and post-irradiation $\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ are known, is shown in the following example for a 2N2222 device type at V_{CE} of 20 V at 300 krad(Si).

1. Scale the value of $\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ from the applicable graph for a 2N2222 transistor at the stated conditions. In this example, $\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ is determined to be 0.008.
2. Determine the minimum specified pre-irradiation h_{FE} for this device type. In this example, the initial specified minimum h_{FE} is 100. Then proceed as follows:

$$h_{FE}(\text{final}) = \frac{1}{\Delta(1/h_{FE}) + \frac{1}{h_{FEo}(\text{initial})}}$$

$$h_{FE}(\text{final}) = \frac{1}{0.008 + \frac{1}{100}} = 55.6$$

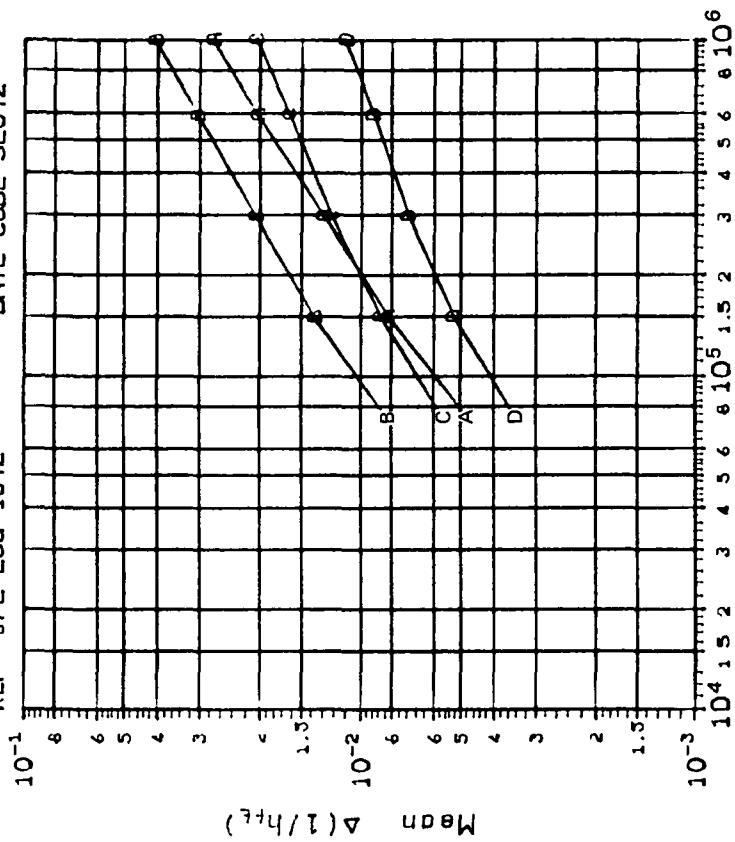
Table 6-1 may also be used to determine the final h_{FE} . Locate the post-irradiation $\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ value in the left-hand column, and the initial h_{FE} on the top row. The column and row intersection is the final h_{FE} .

The data on leakage and saturation currents are plotted directly as a function of dose.

Table 1. Determination of Final h_{FE} , Given Initial h_{FE_0}
and Post-Irradiation $\Delta(1/h_{FE})$

h_{FE_0}		h_{FE}																														
$\frac{1}{h_{FE}}$	$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$	10	12	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100	110	120	130	140	150	170	200	250	300	350	400
.0005	9.95	11.9	14.9	19.8	24.7	29.6	34.4	39.2	44.1	48.5	53.3	58.1	62.9	67.6	72.5	76.9	81.3	86.2	90.9	95.2	104	114	122	132	139	156	.02	222	263	294	333	
.0007	9.93	11.9	14.9	19.7	24.6	29.4	34.1	38.9	43.7	48.3	52.9	57.5	61.7	66.7	71.4	75.8	80.0	84.8	89.3	93.5	102	111	119	128	135	152	175	212	250	278	313	
.001	9.90	11.9	14.8	19.6	24.4	29.2	33.8	38.5	43.1	47.6	52.1	56.6	61.0	65.4	69.9	74.1	78.1	82.6	87.0	90.9	99.0	107	115	124	130	145	167	200	233	256	286	
.0015	9.85	11.8	14.7	19.4	24.1	28.7	33.2	37.7	42.2	46.5	51.8	56.0	59.2	63.4	67.6	71.4	75.2	79.4	83.3	87.0	94.3	102	109	116	122	135	154	182	208	237	250	
.002	9.80	11.7	14.6	19.2	23.8	28.3	32.7	37.0	41.3	45.5	49.5	53.6	57.5	61.4	65.4	69.0	72.5	76.3	80.0	83.3	90.1	96.8	103	110	115	127	143	167	189	204	222	
.0025	9.76	11.7	14.5	19.0	23.5	27.9	32.2	36.4	40.5	44.4	48.3	52.2	55.9	59.6	63.3	66.7	69.9	73.5	76.9	80.0	86.2	92.3	98.0	104	109	119	131	154	172	185	200	
.003	9.71	11.6	14.3	18.9	23.3	27.5	31.7	35.7	39.7	43.5	47.2	50.8	54.4	57.9	61.4	64.5	67.6	70.9	74.1	76.9	82.6	88.2	93.5	99.0	103	112	125	143	159	170	187	
.0035	9.66	11.5	14.3	18.7	23.0	27.2	31.2	35.1	38.9	42.6	46.1	49.5	52.9	56.2	59.5	62.5	65.4	68.5	71.4	74.1	79.4	84.0	89.3	94.3	98.0	106	118	133	147	156	167	
.004	9.62	11.5	14.1	18.5	22.7	26.8	30.7	34.5	38.2	41.7	45.1	48.4	51.6	54.7	57.8	60.6	63.3	66.2	69.0	71.4	76.3	81.1	85.5	90.1	93.8	101	111	125	137	145	154	
.005	9.52	11.3	13.9	18.2	22.2	26.1	29.9	33.3	36.8	40.0	43.1	46.2	49.0	51.9	54.6	57.1	59.5	62.1	64.5	66.7	70.9	75.0	78.7	82.6	85.7	91.7	100	111	121	127	133	
.006	9.43	11.2	13.8	17.9	21.7	25.4	28.9	32.3	35.5	38.5	41.3	44.1	46.7	49.3	51.8	54.1	56.2	58.5	60.6	62.5	66.2	69.8	73.0	76.3	79.0	84.0	90.9	100	108	112	118	
.007	9.35	11.1	13.6	17.5	21.3	24.8	28.1	31.3	34.3	37.0	39.7	42.3	44.6	47.0	49.3	51.3	53.2	55.2	57.1	58.8	62.1	65.2	68.0	70.9	73.2	77.5	83.3	90	97.1	101	105	
.008	9.26	11.0	13.4	17.2	20.8	24.2	27.4	30.3	33.1	35.7	38.2	40.5	42.7	44.9	47.0	48.8	50.5	52.4	54.1	55.6	58.5	61.2	63.7	66.2	68.2	71.9	76.9	83	88.5	91.7	95.2	
.009	9.17	10.8	13.2	16.9	20.4	23.6	26.6	29.4	32.1	34.5	36.8	39.0	41.0	42.9	44.8	46.5	48.1	49.8	51.3	52.6	55.3	57.7	60.0	62.1	63.8	67.1	71.4	76.9	81.3	84.0	87.0	
.010	9.09	10.7	13.0	16.7	20.0	23.1	26.0	28.6	31.1	33.3	35.5	37.5	39.4	41.2	42.9	44	45.9	47.4	48.8	50.0	52.4	54.5	56.5	58.5	60.0	62.9	66.7	71.4	75.2	77.5	80.0	
.011	9.01	10.6	12.9	16.4	19.6	22.6	25.3	27.7	30.1	32.3	34.3	36.1	37.4	39.5	41.1	42.6	43.4	45.3	46.5	47.6	49.7	51.2	53.5	55.1	55.5	59	62.5	66.7	69.9	71.9	74.1	
.012	8.93	10.5	12.7	16.1	19.2	22.1	24.7	27.0	29.2	31.3	33.1	34.9	36.5	38.1	39.5	40.8	42.0	43.3	44.4	45.5	47.4	49.2	50.8	52.4	53.6	55.9	58.0	62	65.4	67.1	69.0	
.013	8.85	10.4	12.6	15.9	18.9	21.6	24.1	26.3	28.4	30.3	32.1	33.7	35.2	36.6	38.0	39.2	40.3	42.5	42.6	43.5	45.3	47.0	48.3	49.8	50.8	52.9	55.6	58.8	61.4	62.9	64.5	
.014	8.77	10.3	12.4	15.6	18.5	21.1	23.5	25.6	27.6	29.4	31.1	32.6	34.0	35.1	36.6	37.7	38.8	39.8	40.8	41.7	43.3	44.6	46.1	47.4	48.3	50.3	52.6	55.6	57.8	59.2	60.6	
.015	8.70	10.1	12.2	15.4	18.2	20.7	23.0	25.0	26.9	28.6	30.1	31.6	32.9	34.1	35.3	36.4	37.3	38.3	39.2	40.0	41.5	42.9	44.1	45.1	46.2	47.9	50.0	52.6	54.6	55.9	57.1	
.017	8.62	10.0	12.0	14.9	17.5	21.9	23.8	25.5	27.0	28.4	29.7	30.9	32.0	33.0	33.9	34.7	35.6	36.4	37.0	38.1	39.5	40.5	41.5	42.2	43.7	45.5	47.6	49.1	50.1	51.3		
.020	8.33	9.67	11.5	14.3	16.7	18.8	20.6	22.2	23.7	25.0	26.2	27.3	28	29.2	30	30.8	31.5	32.2	32.8	33.3	34.4	35.3	36.1	36.9	37.5	38.6	39.6	40.4	41.7	42.9	43.7	44.4
.025	8.00	9.23	10.9	13.3	15.4	17.2	19.7	20.0	21.2	22.2	23	24.0	24.7	25.5	26.9	27.6	27.7	28.2	28.6	29.3	30.0	30.6	31.2	31.6	32.4	33.3	34.5	35.3	35.8	36.4		
.030	7.69	8.82	10.3	12.5	14.3	15.8	17.1	18.2	19.2	20.0	20.8	21.4	22.0	22.6	23.1	23.5	23.9	24.3	24.7	25.0	25.6	26.1	26.5	27.0	27.3	27.9	28.6	29.4	29.9	30.4		
.035	7.41	8.48	9.83	11.8	13.3	14.6	15.8	16.7	17	18.2	18	19.3	19.8	20.3	21.0	21.4	21.7	22	22	23	23.4	23.8	24	24.5	25	26	26	27	27	28	29	30
.040	7.14	8.11	9.38	11.1	12.5	13.6	14.6	15.4	16	16.7	17.2	17.6	18.0	18.4	18.8	19.0	19.3	19.6	19.8	20	20.4	20.7	21.0	21.4	21.8	22.2	22.7	23	23	23.5		
.050	6.67	7.50	8.57	10.0	11.1	12.0	12.7	13.3	13.9	14.3	14.7	15.0	15.3	15.6	15.8	16.0	16.2	16.4	16.5	16.7	16.9	17.2	17.3	17.8	17.6	17.9	18.2	18.5	18.9	19.1		
.060	6.25	6.98	7.89	9.09	10.0	10.7	11.3	11.8	12	12.5	12.8	13.0	13.3	13.5	13.6	13.8	13.9	14	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.6	14.8	14.9	15.0	15.2	15.4	15.6	15.8	16.0		
.070	5.88	6.52	7.32	8.33	9.09	9.71	10.1	10.5	10.8	11.1	11.5	11.7	11.8	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.8	12.9	13.0	13.2	13.3	13.5	13.7	13.8				
.080	5.56	6.12	6.82	7.69	8.33	8.85	9.21	9.52	9.8	10.0	10.2	10.3	10.5	10.6	10.7	10.8	10.9	10.9	10.9	11.0	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.6	11.8	11.9	12.0	12.1		
.090	5.26	5.77	6.38	7.14	7.69	8.13	8.42	8.70	8	9.09	9.25	9.38	9.49	9.59	9.68	9.76	9.88	9.98	9.98	9.98	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.7	10.8	10.8		
.100	5.00	5.45	6.00	6.87	7.14	7.52	7.81	8.00	8	8.33	8.46	8.57	8.67	8.75	8.83	8.89	8.95	8.96	9.06	9.09	9.17	9.23	9.28	9.34	9.44	9.52	9.62	9.68	9.72	9.76		

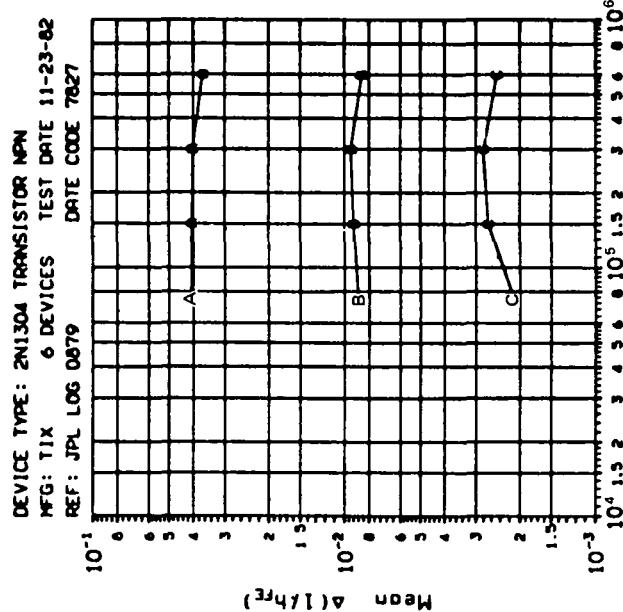
DEVICE TYPE: 2N918 NPN TRANSISTOR
 MFG: MOT 5 DEVICES TEST DATE 8-21-84
 REF: JPL LOG 1072 DATE CODE SLO72



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons
 $\Delta(I/I_{hfe})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

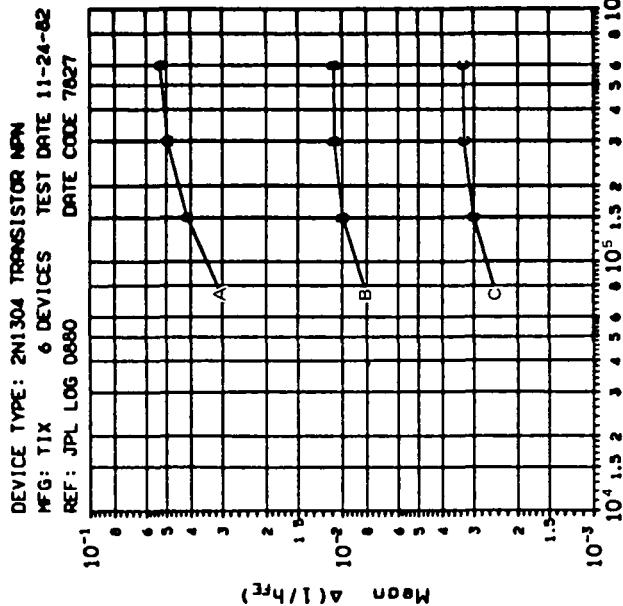
CURVE	I_c (μ A)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
A	10.00	5.00	.0012	.0013	.0013
B	10.00	5.00	.0007	.0012	.0017
C	100.0	5.00	.0005	.0007	.0009
D	1000.	5.00	.0004	.0005	.0006



$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C		DOSE, kilorads(Si)		DOSE, kilorads(Si)
	(mA)	(V _A)	(mA)	(V _A)	
A	1000	10.0	.0341	.0341	.0260
B	1000	10.0	.0049	.0049	.0050
C	10.00	10.0	.0025	.0027	.0026

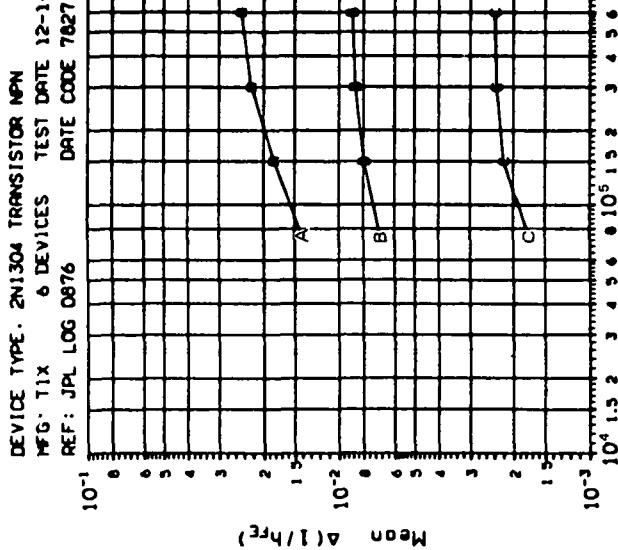


DOSE, rads(Si) Co60 Gammas

$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

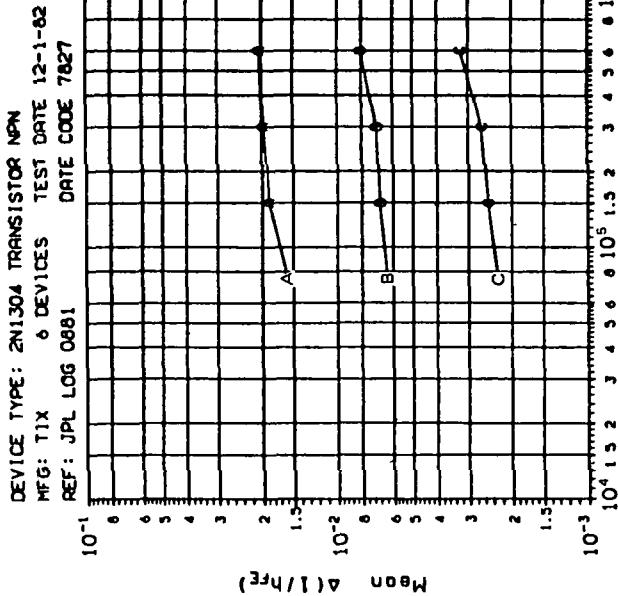
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C		DOSE, kilorads(Si)		DOSE, kilorads(Si)
	(mA)	(V _A)	(mA)	(V _A)	
A	1000	10.0	.0341	.0290	.0260
B	1000	10.0	.0049	.0052	.0050
C	10.00	10.0	.0025	.0027	.0026



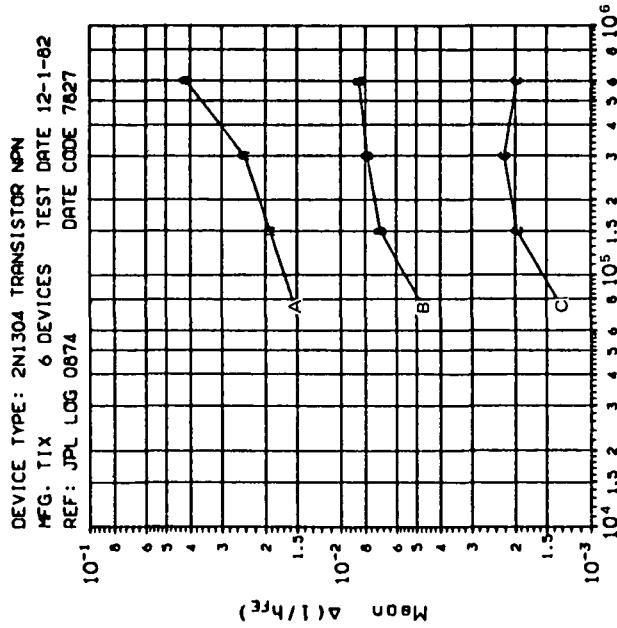
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 Mev electrons

$\Delta(I/I_{hfe})$ VS DOSE



DOSE, rads(Si) Co-60 Gammas

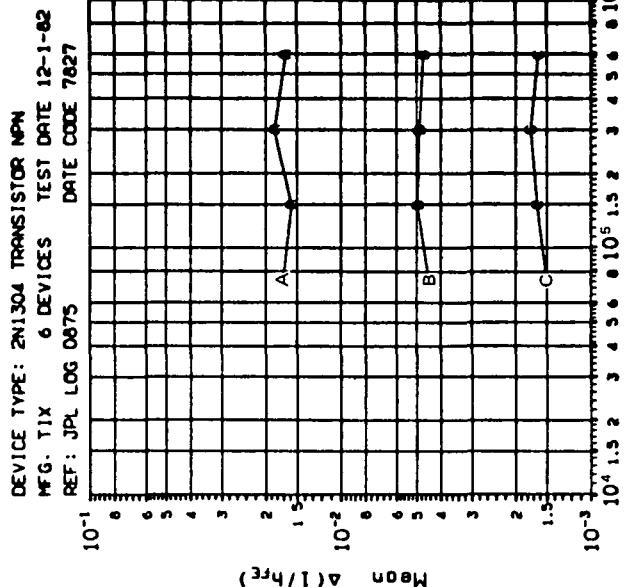
$\Delta(I/I_{hfe})$ VS DOSE



Δ(1/hFE) VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1000	10.0	75 150 300 600
B	1000	10.0	.0294 .0270 .0304 .0214
C	10.00	10.0	.0029 .0031 .0027 .0008



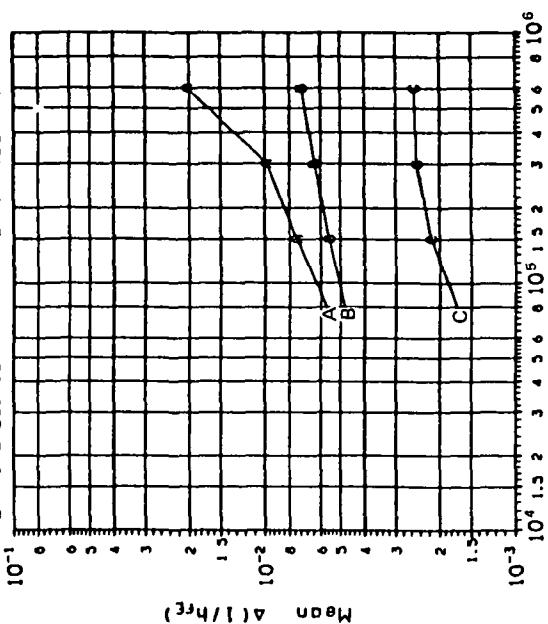
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

Δ(1/hFE) VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1000	10.0	75 150 300 600
B	1000	10.0	.0294 .0270 .0304 .0214
C	10.00	10.0	.0029 .0031 .0027 .0008

DEVICE TYPE: 2N1304 TRANSISTOR NPN
 MFG. TIX 6 DEVICES TEST DATE 12-2-82
 REF. JPL LOG 0877 DATE CODE 7827



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 Mev electrons
 $\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
A	1000	10.0	0.108	0.115	0.122
B	1.000	10.0	0.033	0.034	0.036
C	10.00	10.0	0.013	0.014	0.018

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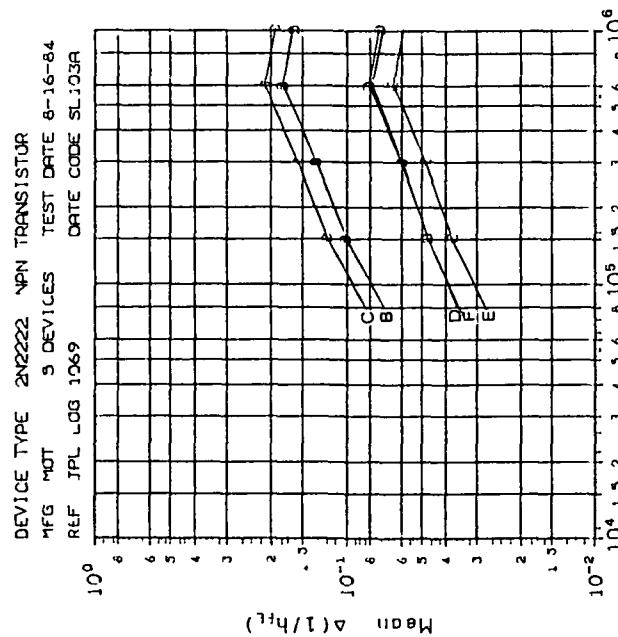


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
			75	150	300
B	1000	20.0	0036	0041	0048
C	1000	500	20.4	20.6	20.9
D	1000	500	0015	0016	0025
E	1000	20.0	20.3	20.3	20.9
F	20.00	20.0	0014	0019	0023

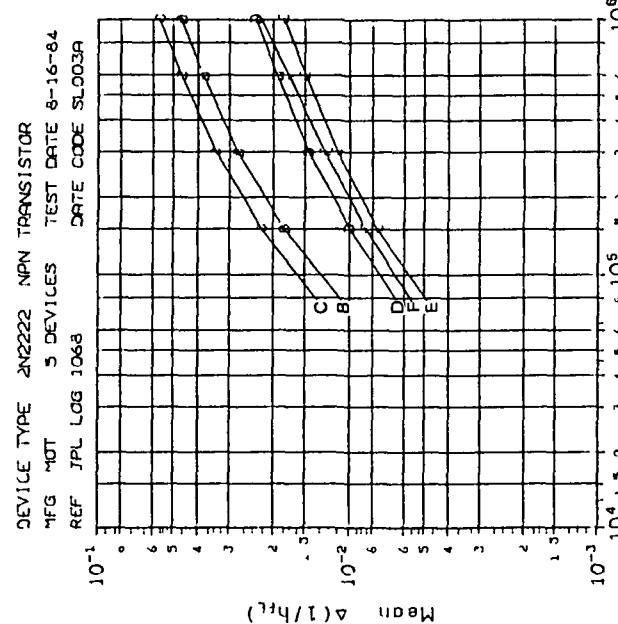
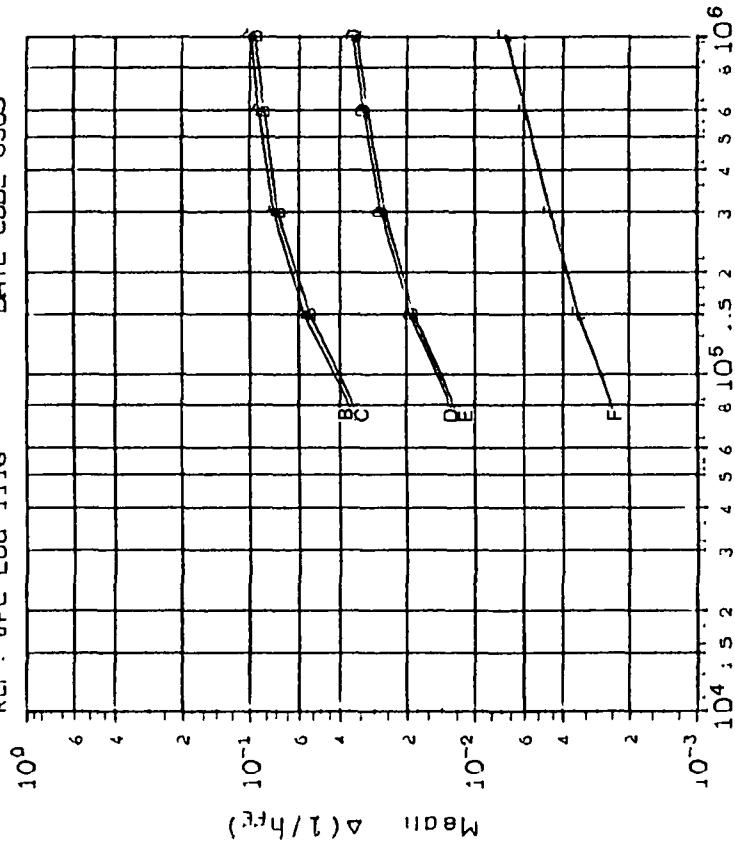


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
			75	150	300
B	1000	20.0	0047	0063	0076
C	1000	500	0054	0074	0093
D	1000	500	0019	0025	0032
E	1000	20.0	0015	0021	0025
F	20.00	20.0	0013	0017	0023

DEVICE TYPE: 2N2222 NPN TRANSISTOR
 RFG: RAY 3 DEVICES TEST DATE 1-16-85
 REF: JPL LOG 1116 DATE CODE 8305



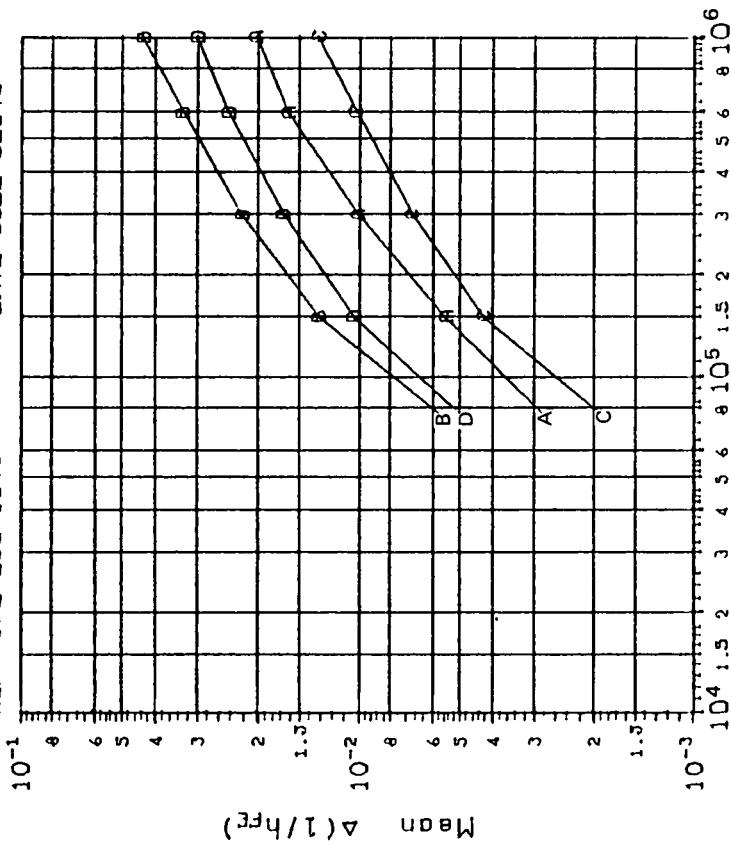
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

$\Delta(I/I_0)$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{α} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
B	1000	20.0	.0063	.0059	.0046
C	1000	500	.0067	.0062	.0049
D	1000	500	.0027	.0022	.0020
E	1000	20.0	.0026	.0021	.0019
F	20.00	20.0	.0004	.0004	.0004

DEVICE TYPE: 2N2369 NPN TRANSISTOR
 MFG: MOTT 5 DEVICES TEST DATE 8-20-84
 REF: JPL LOG 1073 DATE CODE SL073

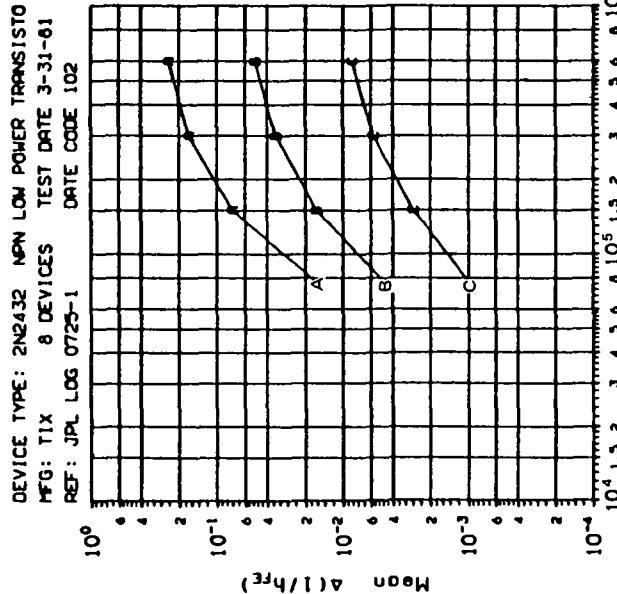


DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

$$\Delta(1/h_{FE}) \text{ VS DOSE}$$

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

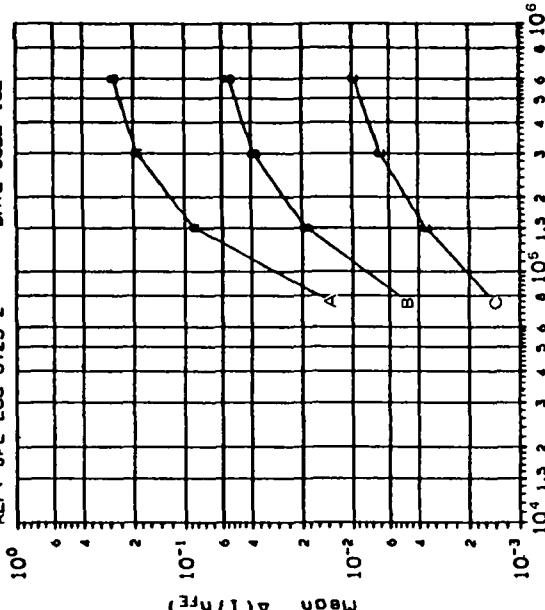
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{α} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)			
			75	150	300	600
A	2.000	10.0	.0012	.0026	.0042	.0047
B	2.000	10.0	.0034	.0066	.0099	.0126
C	10.00	400	.0011	.0022	.0032	.0039
D	55.00	.400	.0022	.0039	.0062	.0078



$\Delta(1/hFE)$ VS DOSE

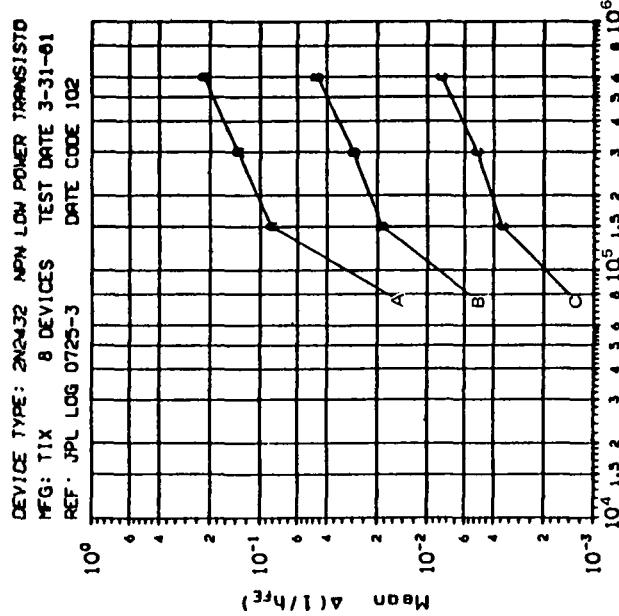
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	.1000	10.0	.0185
B	1.000	10.0	.0045
C	10.00	10.0	.0012
			75 150 300 600
A	.1000	10.0	.0826
B	1.000	10.0	.0121
C	10.00	10.0	.0020
			.0151 .0135
A	.1000	10.0	.0598
B	1.000	10.0	.0027
C	10.00	10.0	.0007
			.0167 .0219
			.0017 .0023 .0031

DEVICE TYPE: 2N2432 NPN LOW POWER TRANSISTOR
 MFG: TIX 8 DEVICES TEST DATE 3-31-61
 REF: JPL LOG 0725-2 DATE CODE 102



$\Delta(1/hFE)$ VS DOSE

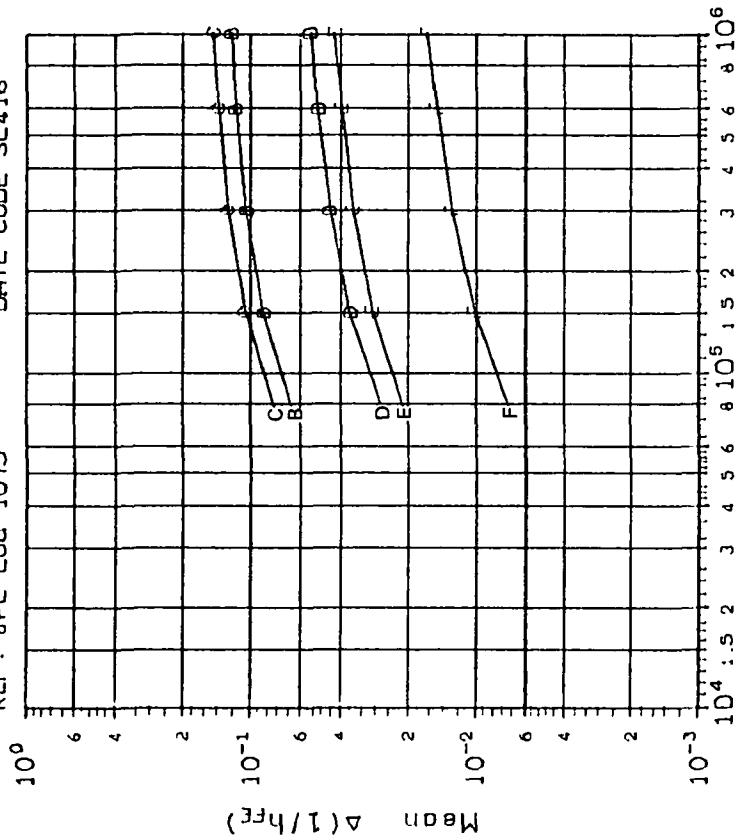
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	.1000	10.0	.0185
B	1.000	10.0	.0045
C	10.00	10.0	.0012
			75 150 300 600
A	.1000	10.0	.0826
B	1.000	10.0	.0121
C	10.00	10.0	.0020
			.0151 .0135
A	.1000	10.0	.0598
B	1.000	10.0	.0027
C	10.00	10.0	.0007
			.0167 .0219
			.0017 .0023 .0031



$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	.1000	10.0	.0076 .0373 .0598 .0819
B	1.000	10.0	.0022 .0078 .0112 .0150
C	10.00	10.0	.0006 .0013 .0016 .0024

DEVICE TYPE: 2N2484 NPN TRANSISTOR
 MFG: MOT 5 DEVICES TEST DATE 8-17-84
 REF: JPL LOG 1075 DATE CODE SL418



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
B	1000	20.0	0.118	0.101	0.115
C	1000	50.0	0.140	0.144	0.136
D	1000	50.0	0.053	0.054	0.052
E	1000	20.0	0.041	0.041	0.041
F	10.00	20.0	0.015	0.017	0.015

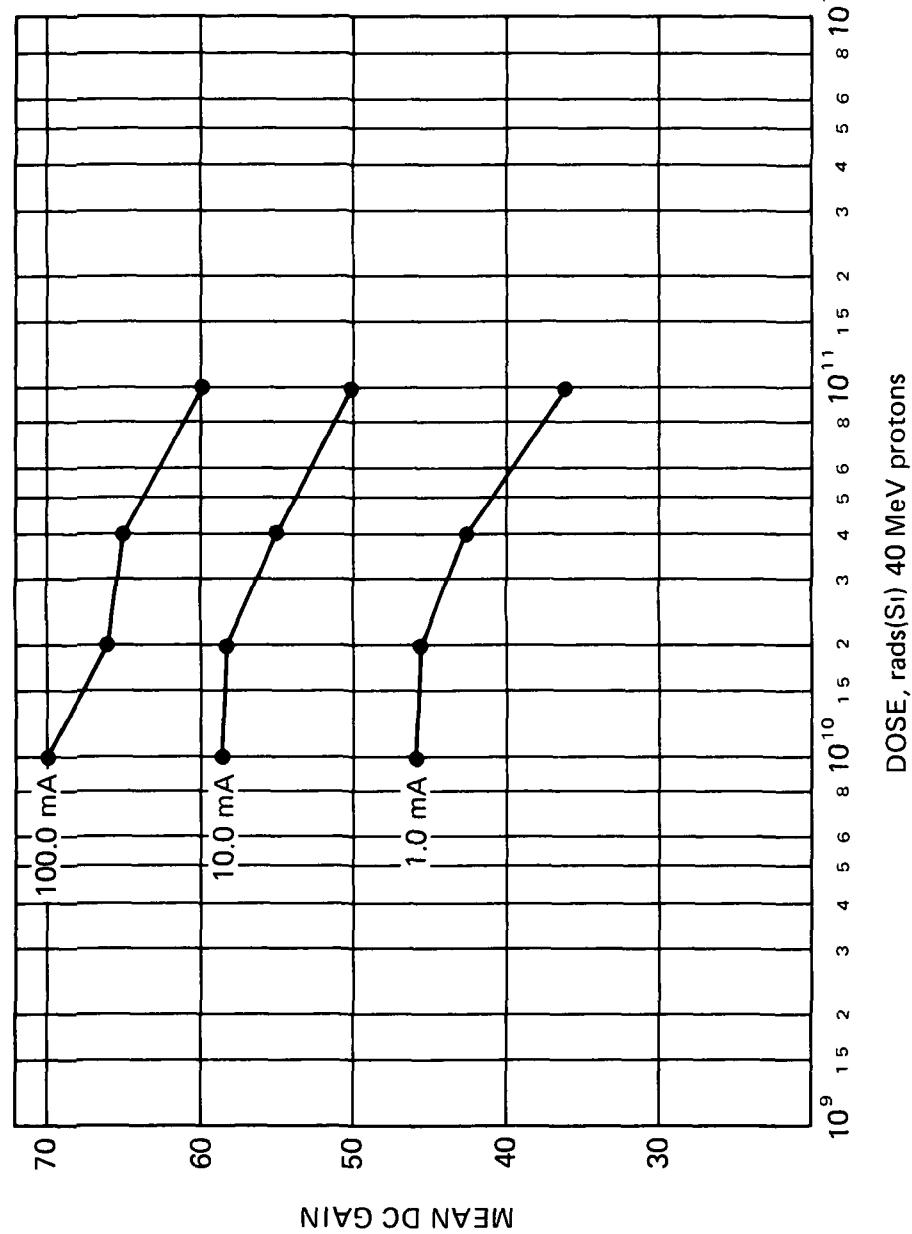
DEVICE TYPE. 2N2658 NPN POWER TRANSISTOR

MFG: SOD 6 DEVICES

REF: JPL LOG 0760

TEST DATE: 7/16/81

DATE CODE NONE



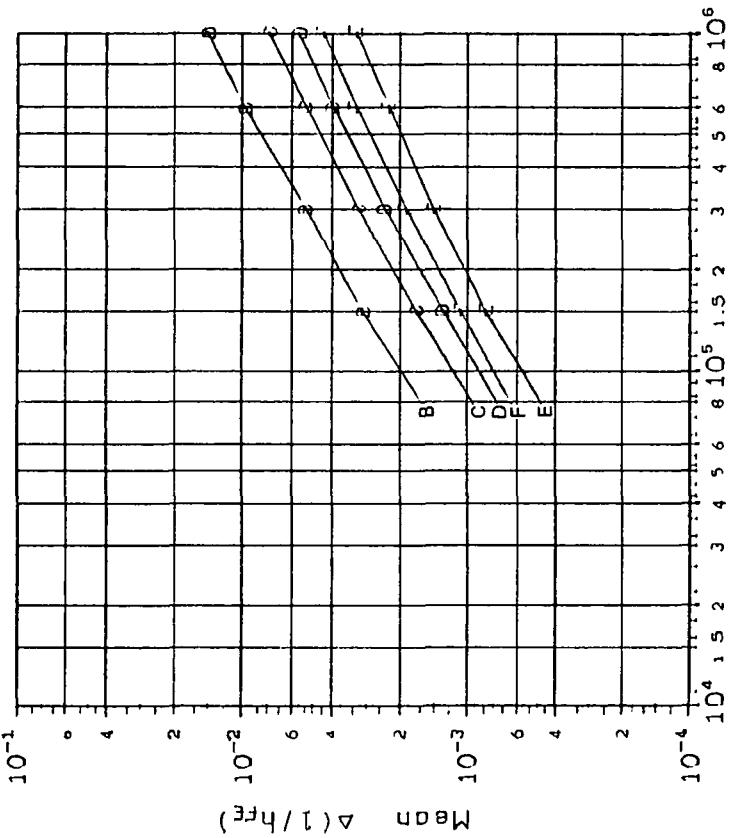
DC GAIN vs DOSE

INITIAL MEAN DC GAIN VALUE = 46.5 @ 1.0 mA

60.2 @ 10.0 mA

71.7 @ 100.0 mA

DEVICE TYPE: 2N2907 PNP TRANSISTOR
 MFG: MOT 5 DEVICES TEST DATE 2-7-85
 REF. JPL LOG 1074 DATE CODE SL333



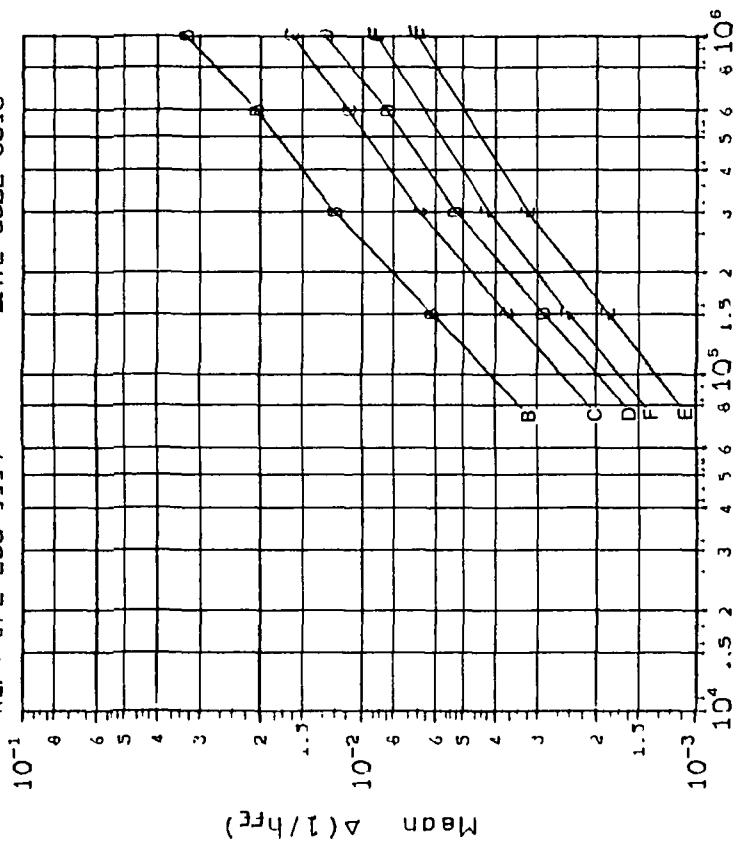
$\Delta(1/hFE)$ VS DOSE

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TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1000	500	.0001 .0002 .0005 .0002
C	1 000	500	.0000 .0000 .0002 .0001
D	1 000	20 0	.0000 .0000 .0001 .0001
E	10 00	20 0	.0000 .0000 .0001 .0001
F	10.00	500	.0000 .0001 .0001 .0001

DEVICE TYPE: 2N2907 PNP TRANSISTOR
 MFG: RAY 3 DEVICES TEST DATE 2-7-85
 REF: JPL LOG 1117 DATE CODE 8318

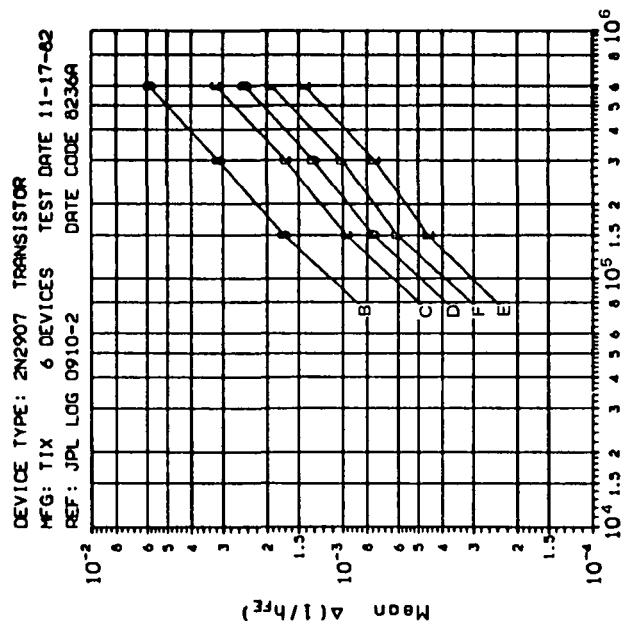


DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

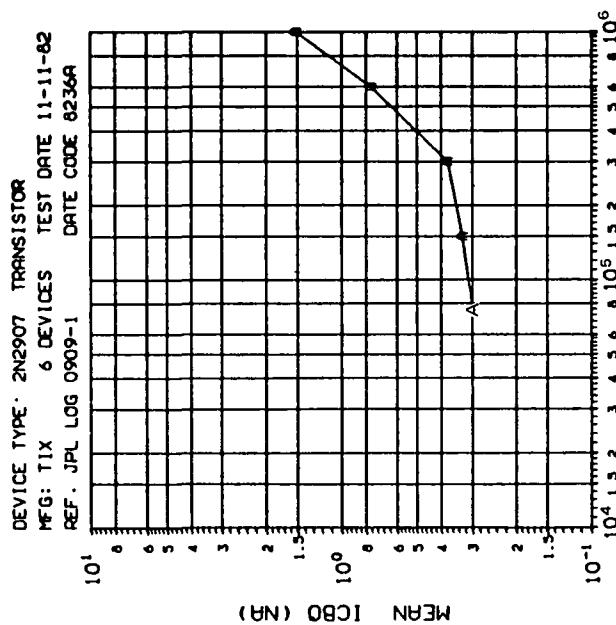
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
B	.1000	.500	.0008	.0012	.0033
C	1.000	.500	.0024	.0046	.004
D	1.000	20.0	.0004	.0006	.0012
E	10.00	20.0	.0002	.0003	.0004
F	10.00	.500	.0002	.0003	.0007

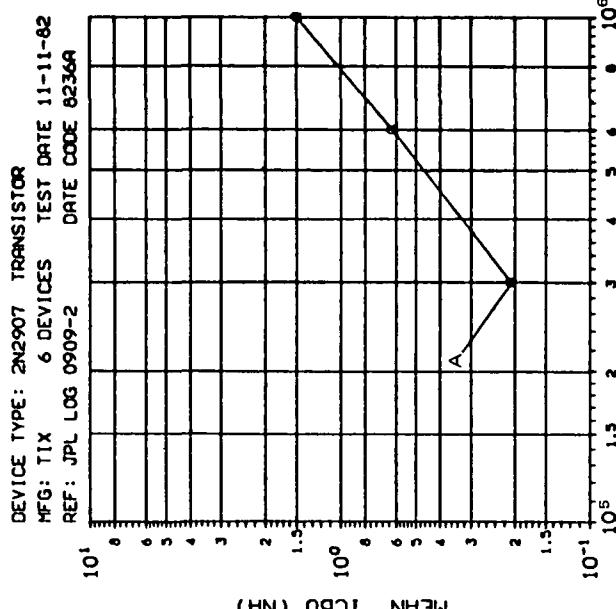


$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_α (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
B	1000	.500	.0003	.0005	.0009
C	1.000	.500	.0001	.0002	.0004
D	1.000	20.0	.0001	.0002	.0003
E	10.00	20.0	.0001	.0001	.0002
F	10.00	20.0	.0001	.0001	.0002



(11) ICBO (VCB=-40V) IN NA: VS DOSE



(11) ICBO (VCB= -40V) IN NA: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	75
A	150
A	300
A	600
A	1000

INITIAL MEAN VALUE ICBO (NA) = 1.18×10^{-1}

INITIAL MEAN VALUE ICBO (NA) = 2.19×10^{-1}

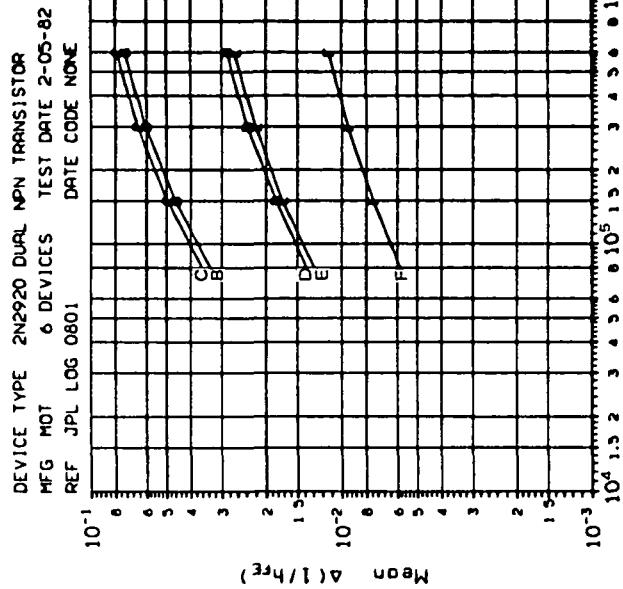
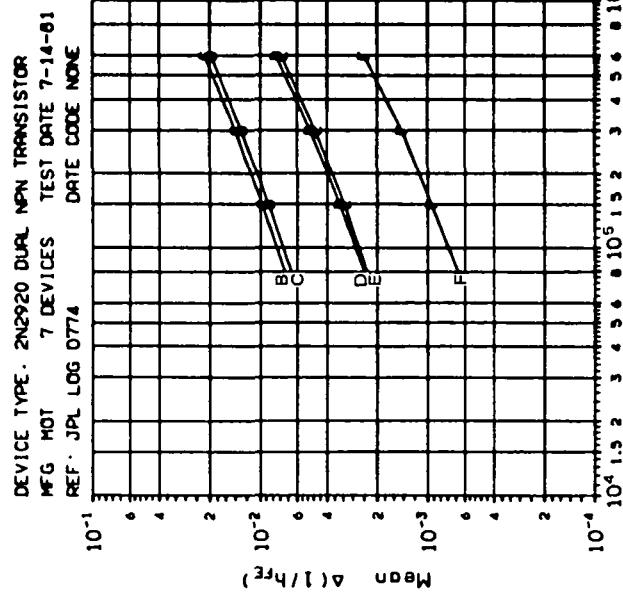
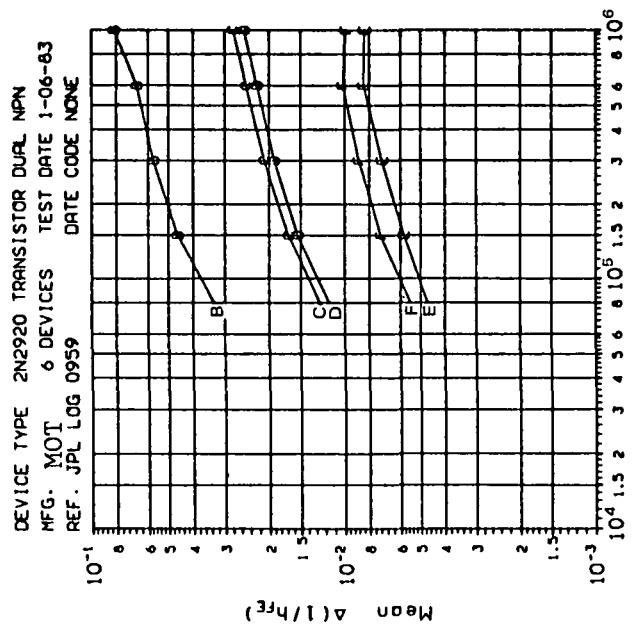


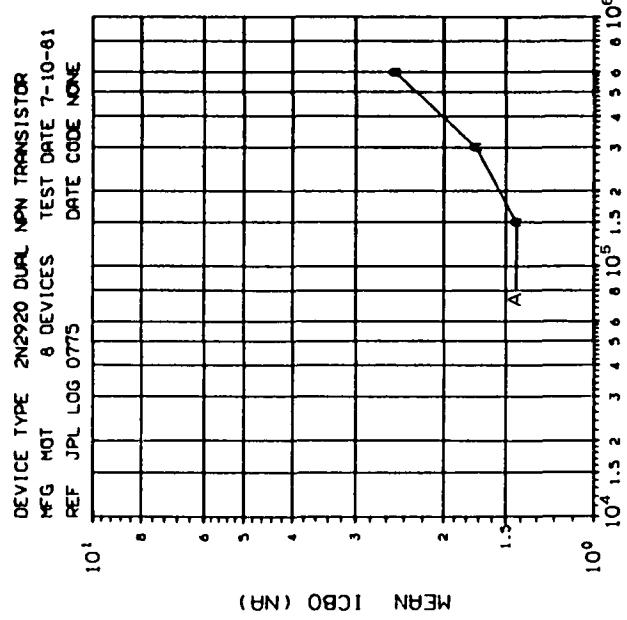
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1000	.0009	75
	20.0	.0015	150
	.0010	.0020	300
C	1000	.0017	600
	500	.0022	
D	1.000	.500	.0031
	.0003	.0006	.0011
E	1.000	.20.0	.0005
	.0003	.0007	.0011
F	10.00	.20.0	.0002
	.0002	.0003	.0004

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1000	20.0	75
	500	5.00	150
C	1000	1.000	300
	.500	.500	600
D	1.000	.20.0	.0009
	.0003	.0004	.0015
E	1.000	.10.0	.0012
	.0003	.0003	.0016
F	10.00	.20.0	.0002
	.0004	.0004	.0006



$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
B	1000	.500	0.028	0.033	0.044
C	1.000	.500	0.010	0.006	0.009
D	1.000	20.0	0.007	0.006	0.008
E	10.00	20.0	0.003	0.005	0.000
F	10.00	.500	0.003	0.004	0.003

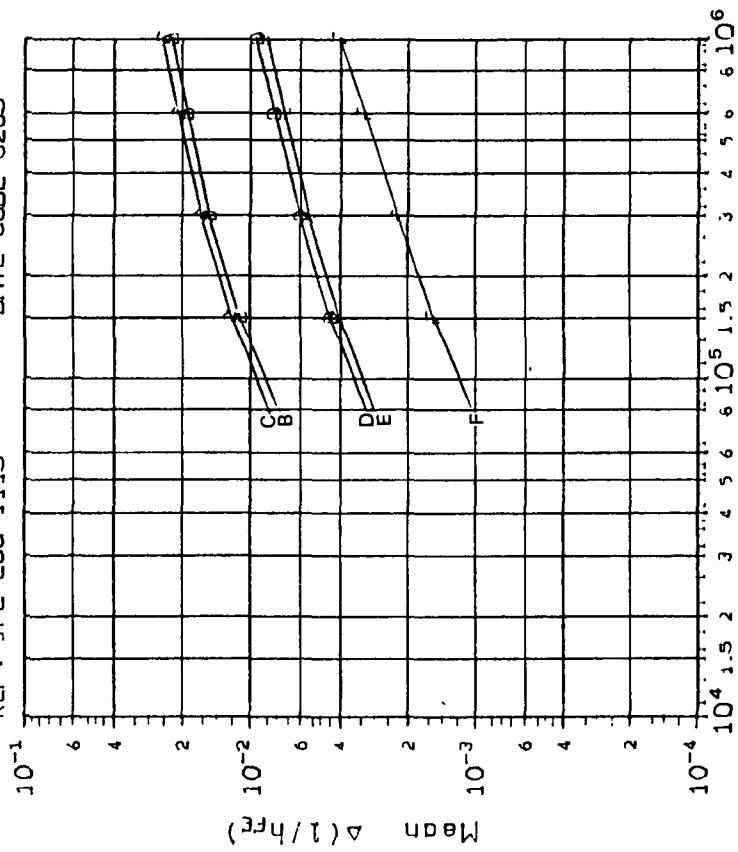


(1) ICBO IN mA (VCE=30V) VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS		
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
A	75	150
	300	600
	1.293	1.054
	1.025	1.069

INITIAL MEAN VALUE ICBO (mA) = 3.29×10^{-10}

DEVICE TYPE: 2N2920 NPN TRANSISTOR DUAL
 MFG: RAY 6 DEVICES TEST DATE 2-8-85
 REF: JPL LOG 1115 DATE CODE 8205



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

$$\Delta(I/I_0) \text{ vs } \text{DOSE}$$

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{α} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1.000	20.0	.0007 .0007 .0006 .0007
C	.1000	500	.0007 .0007 .0008 .0007
D	1.000	500	.0002 .0002 .0003 .0003
E	1.000	20.0	.0002 .0002 .0003 .0003
F	.10.00	20.0	.0001 .0001 .0001 .0002

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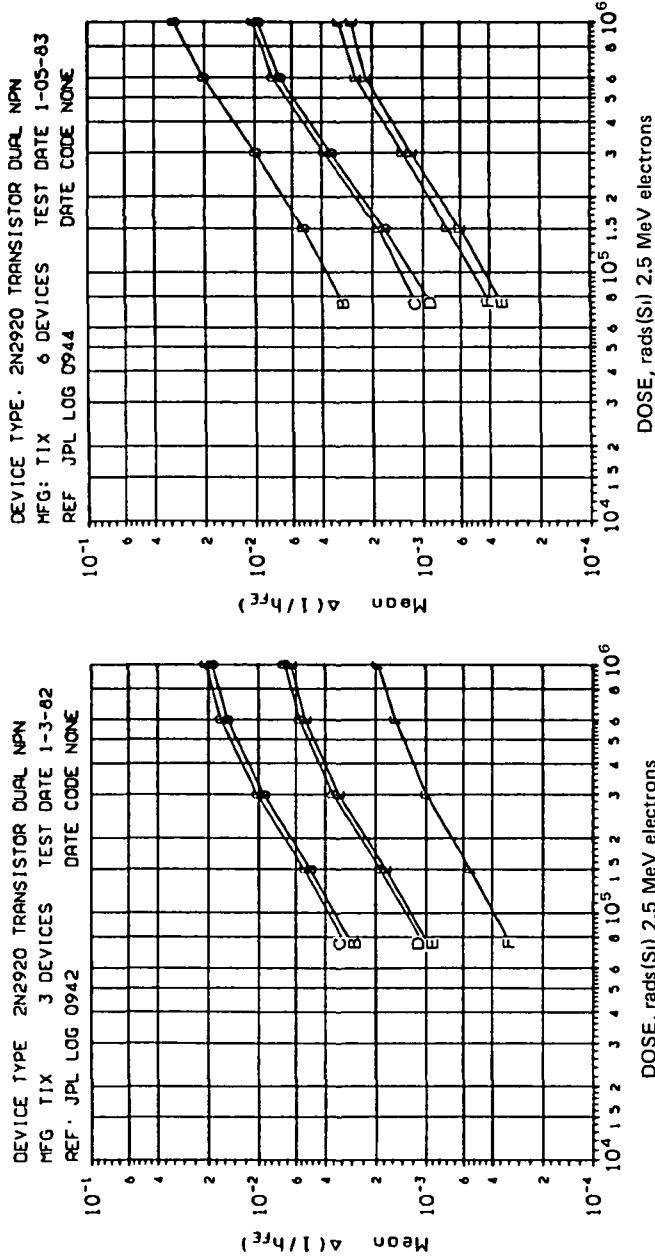


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1000	20.0	0.003 0.033 0.110 0.146
C	1000	500	0.004 0.038 0.122 0.162
D	1.000	500	0.003 0.019 0.046 .0056
E	1.000	20.0	0.002 0.017 0.042 0.051
F	10.00	20.0	0.001 0.005 0.010 0.012

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1000	500	.0007 .0026 .0076 .0092
C	1.000	500	.0003 .0011 .0022 .0026
D	1.000	20.0	.0002 .0009 .0021 .0024
E	10.00	20.0	.0001 .0003 .0004 .0005
F	10.00	500	.0001 .0003 .0005 .0006

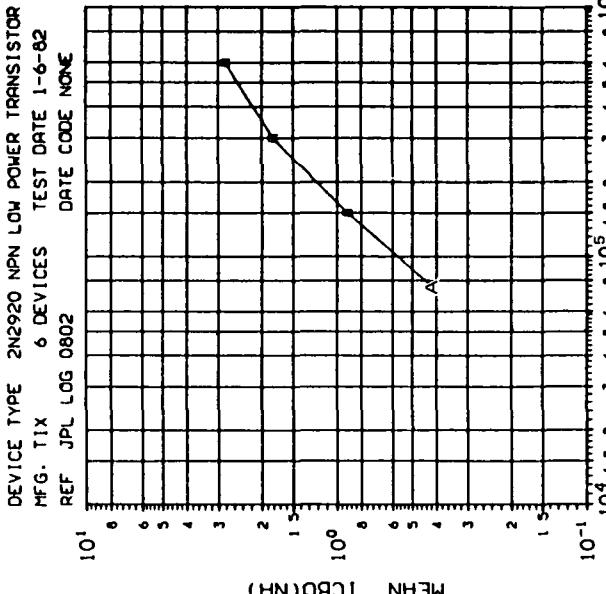
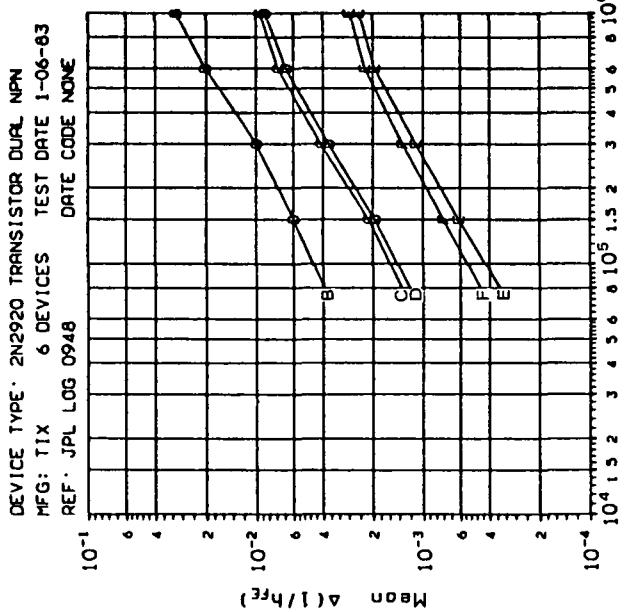
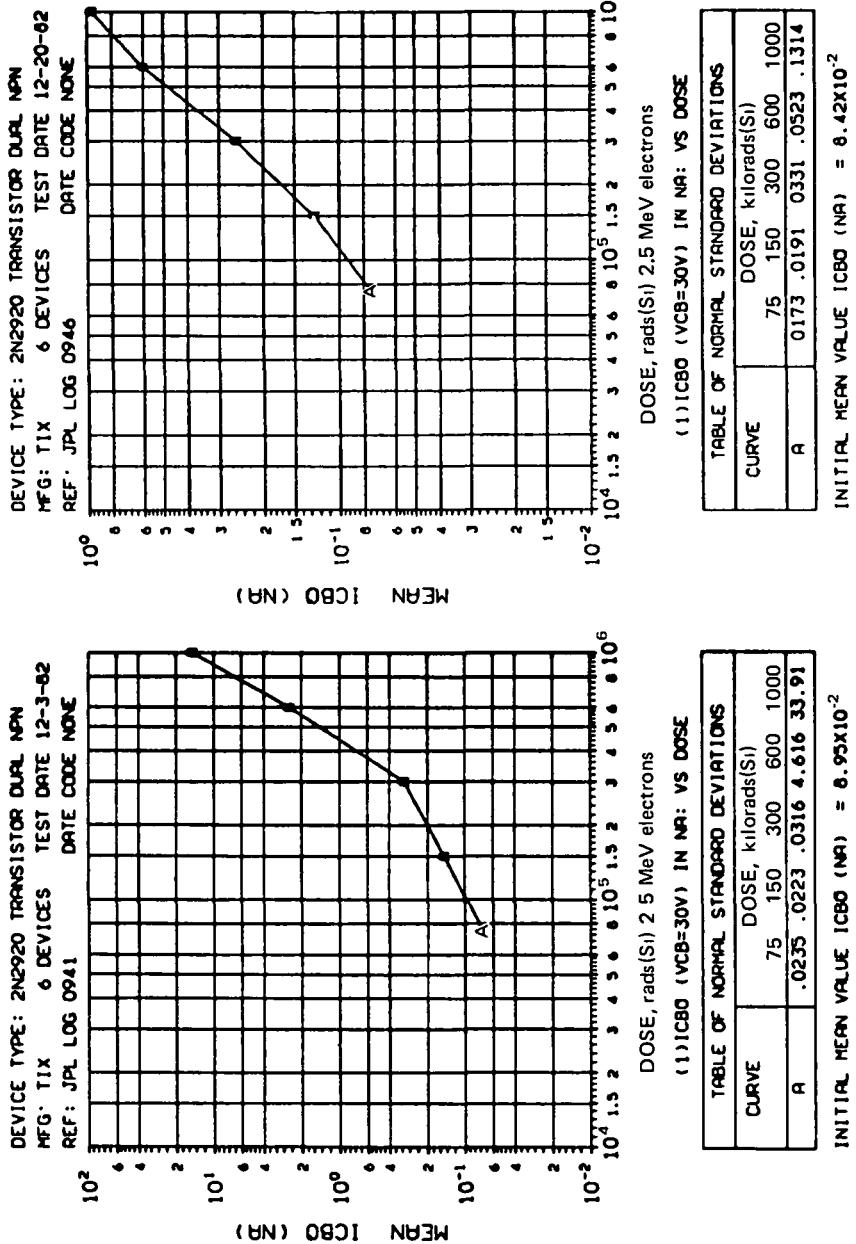
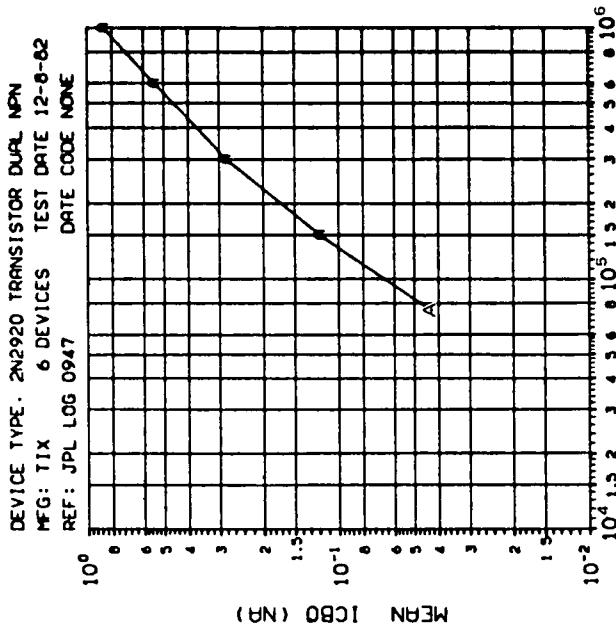


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
B	1.000	.500	.0002	0.008	0.025
C	1.000	.500	.0004	0.014	0.062
D	1.000	20.0	.0001	0.007	0.022
E	10.00	20.0	.0001	0.002	0.006
F	10.00	.500	.0001	.0003	.0007

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	DOSE, rads(Si)				
A	75	150	300	600	1260
	2884	7600	1470		

INITIAL MEAN VALUE $ICBO(NR) = 5.77 \times 10^{-2}$





(1) I_{CB0} ($VCB=30V$) IN N_A : VS. DOSE

DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

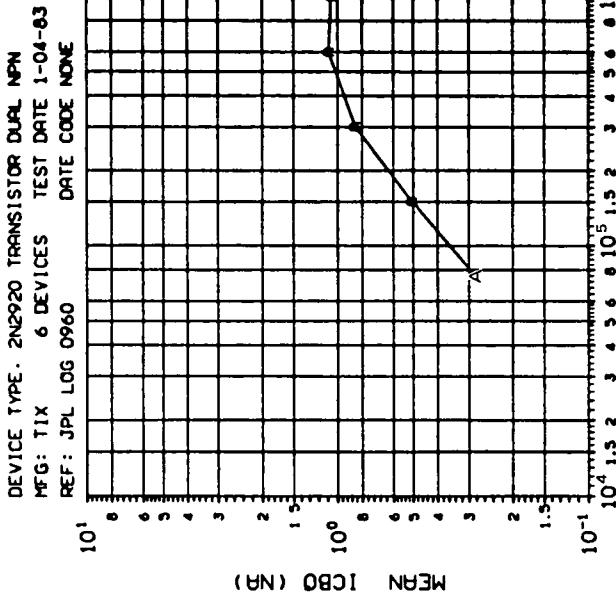
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
	75 150 300 600 1000	75 150 300 600 1000
A	.0134 .0290 .0320 .0568 .1240	.1425 .3433 .7930 1.069 .9699

INITIAL MEAN VALUE I_{CB0} (N_A) = 7.13×10^{-2}

(1) I_{CB0} ($VCB=30V$) IN N_A : VS. DOSE

CURVE	DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons
A	.1425 .3433 .7930 1.069 .9699

INITIAL MEAN VALUE I_{CB0} (N_A) = 1.53×10^{-1}



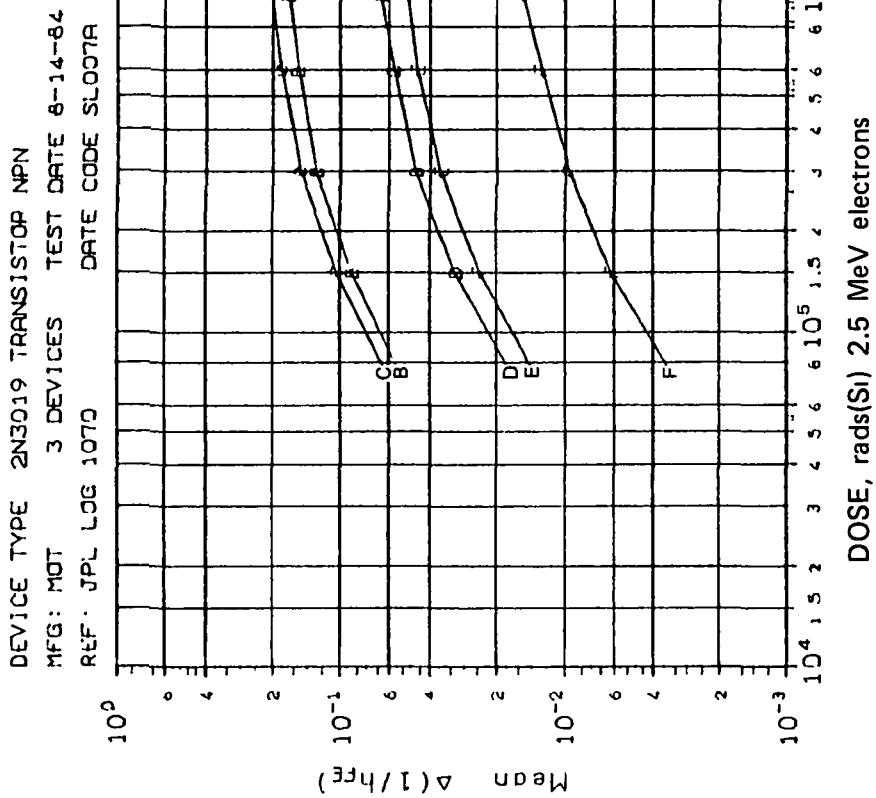
(1) I_{CB0} ($VCB=30V$) IN N_A : VS. DOSE

DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
	75 150 300 600 1000	75 150 300 600 1000
A	.1425 .3433 .7930 1.069 .9699	.1425 .3433 .7930 1.069 .9699

INITIAL MEAN VALUE I_{CB0} (N_A) = 1.53×10^{-1}



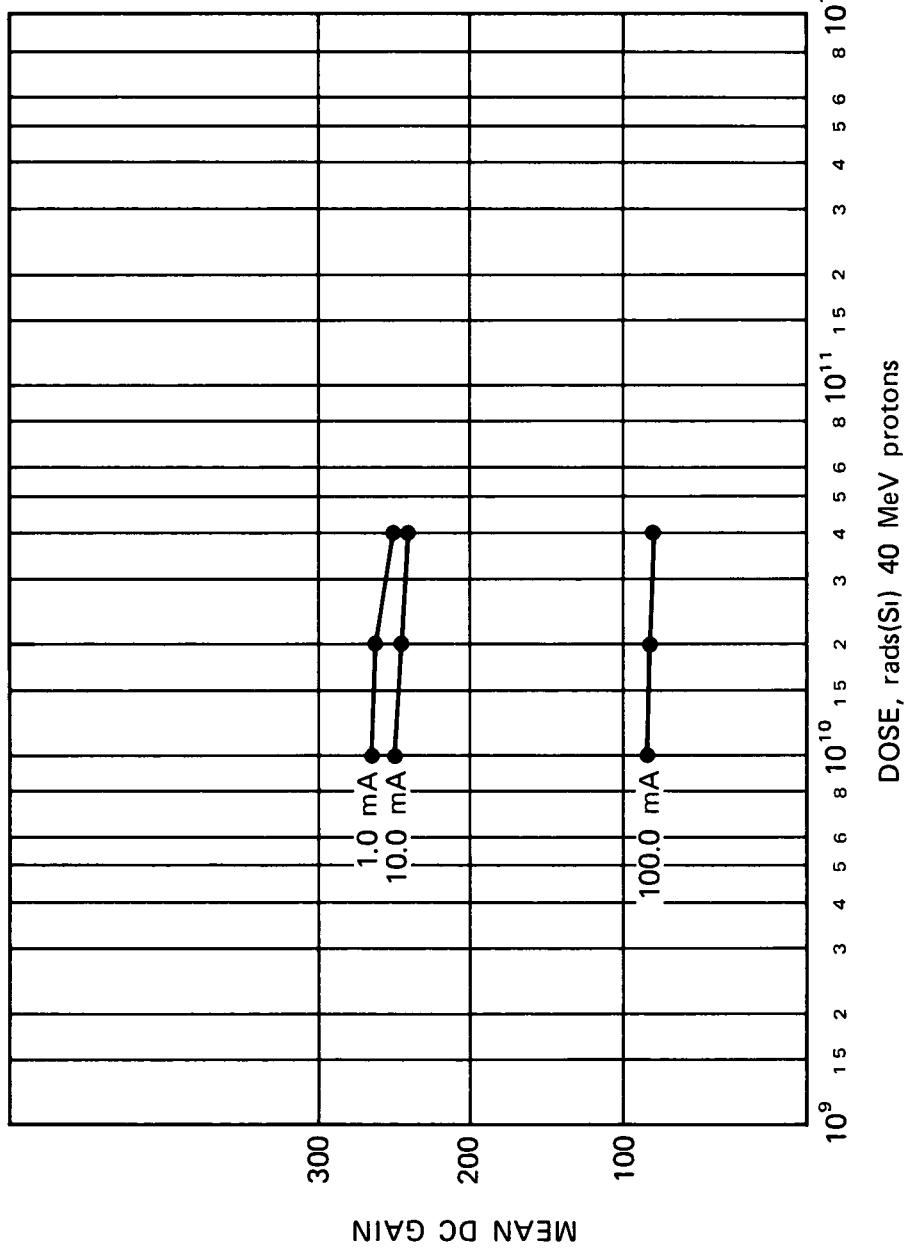
$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

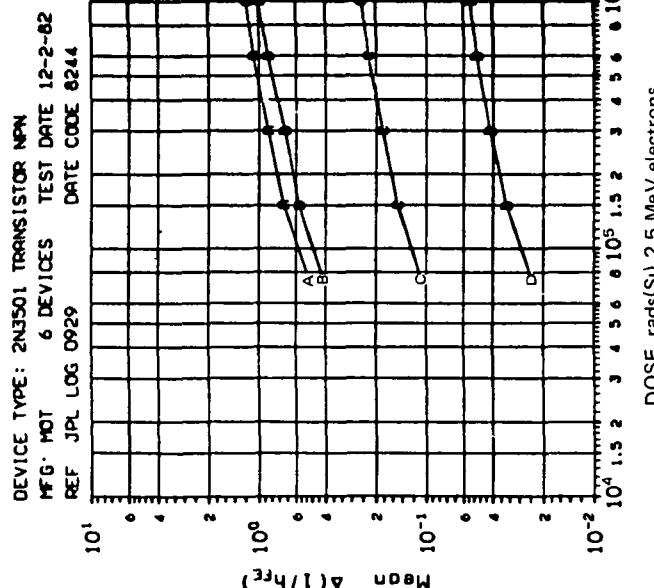
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)			
			75	150	300	600
B	1 020	20 0	0523	0672	0620	0634
C	1 020	500	0556	0694	0646	0653
D	10 00	500	0269	0073	0062	0060
E	10 00	20 0	0265	0070	0067	0066
F	100 0	20 0	0008	0010	0003	0006

DEVICE TYPE: 2N3350
MFG: MOT 6 DEVICES
REF: JPL LOG 0762

TEST DATE: 7/16/81
DATE CODE: NONE

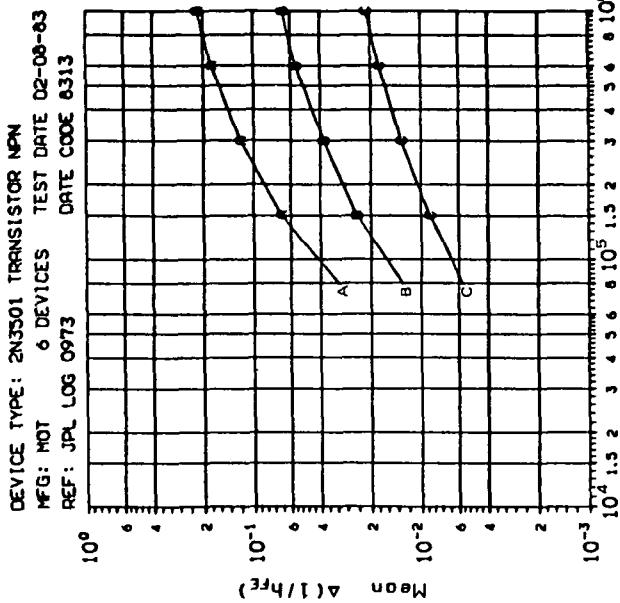




$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{α} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
			75	150	300
A	1000	20.0	.0933	.1223	.1497
					.1536
B	1000	20.0	.0826	.0927	.1339
					.1407
C	1.000	20.0	.0174	.0192	.0302
					.0323
D	10.00	20.0	.0030	.0034	.0051
					.0053

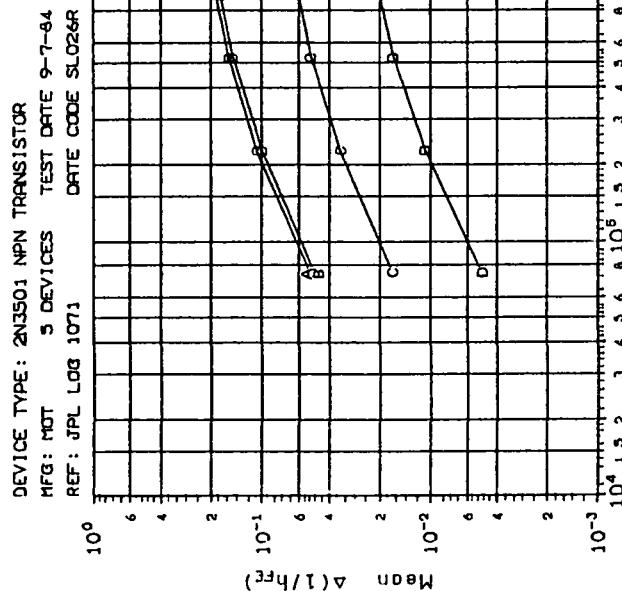
$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE



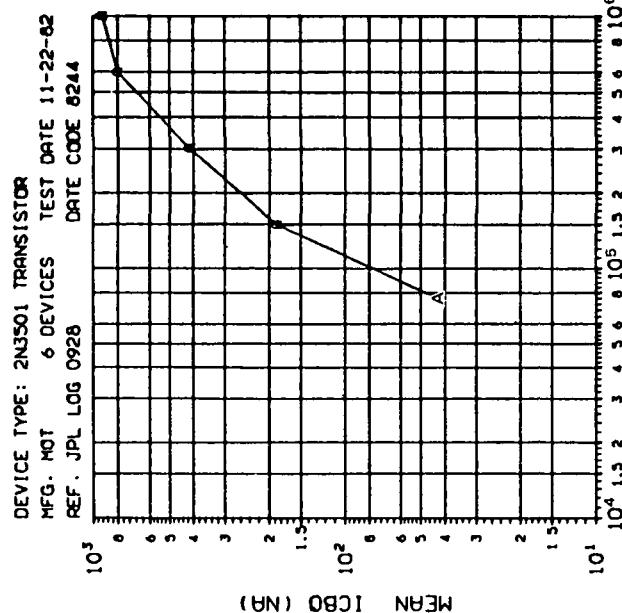
$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{α} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
			75	150	300
A	1000	20.0	.0033	.0059	.0074
					.0168
B	1.000	20.0	.0012	.0020	.0019
					.0022
C	10.00	20.0	.0004	.0003	.0002
					.0004

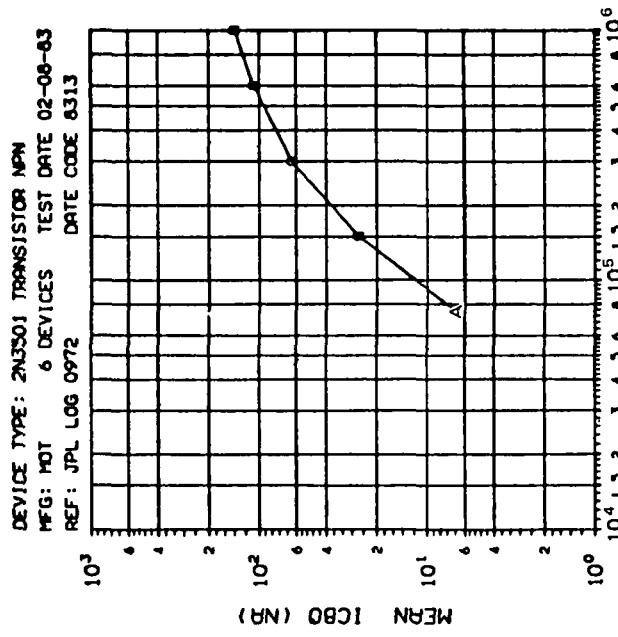
$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE



$\Delta(1/hFE)$ VS DOSE
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons	
(1) ICBO (V _{CB} =50V) IN NA: VS DOSE	
INITIAL MEAN VALUE ICBO (NA) = 1.10x10 ⁺⁰	

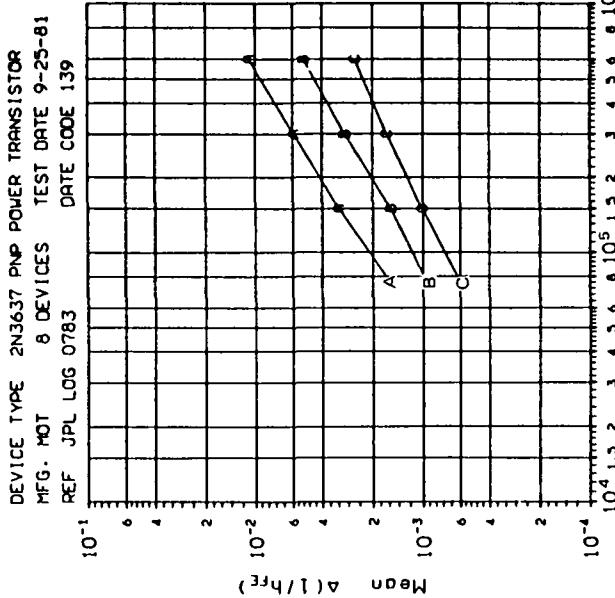


(1) I_{CB0} (VCB=50V) IN mA: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)				
	75	150	300	600	1000
A	1.157	5.477	15.41	19.69	21.54

INITIAL MEAN VALUE I_{CB0} (mA) = 5.38×10^{-2}

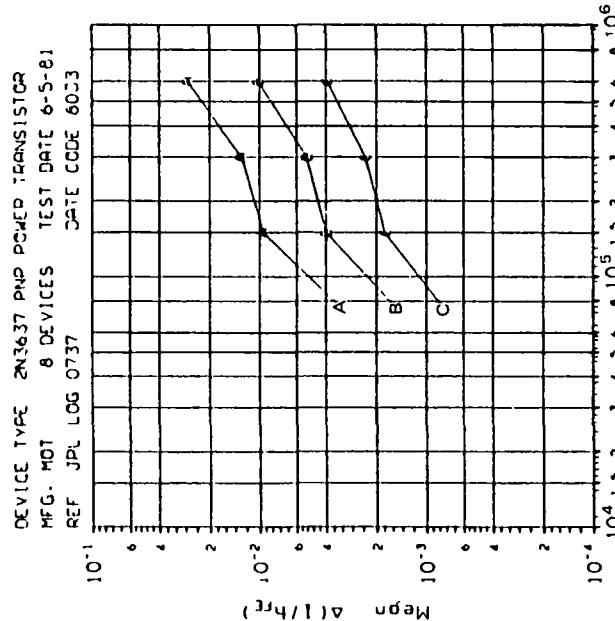
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DOSE, rads(Si) 25 MeV electrons

Δ(1/hFE) VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1000	75	600
B	1000	200	150
C	1000	200	300

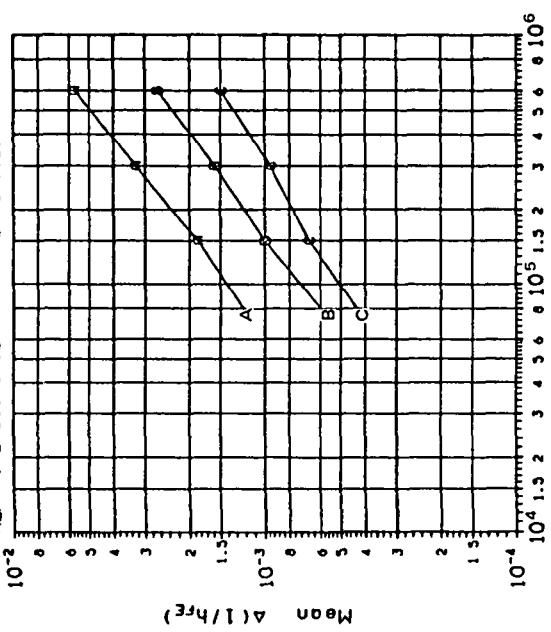


DOSE, rads(Si) Co-60 Gammas

Δ(1/hFE) VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1000	75	600
B	1000	200	150
C	1000	200	300

DEVICE TYPE: 2N3637 PNP POWER TRANSISTOR
 MFG. MOT 8 DEVICES TEST DATE 10-7-81
 REF. JPL LOG 0782 DATE CODE 139

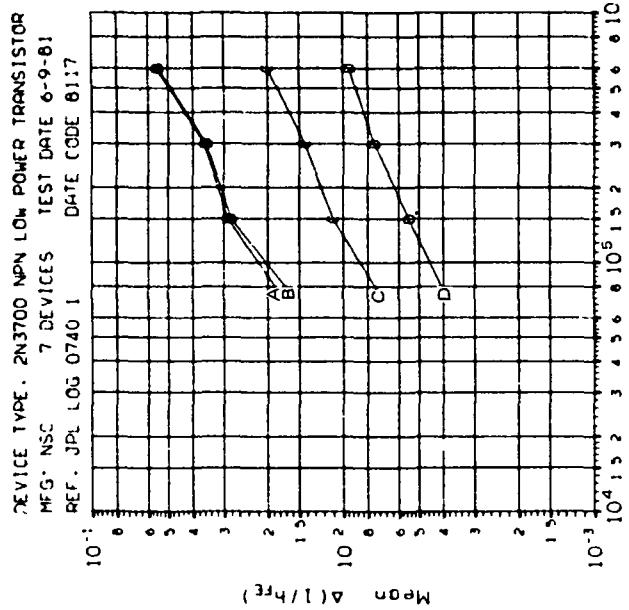


$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

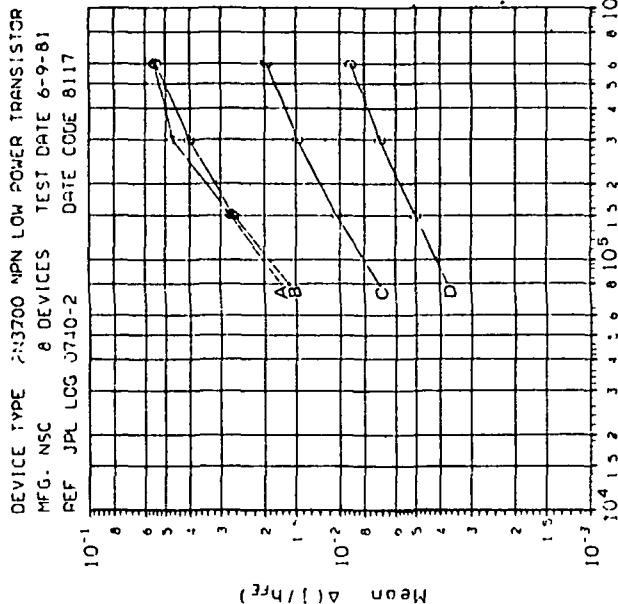
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1.000	20.0	.0007 .0011 .0016 .0023
B	1.000	20.0	.0003 .0004 .0005 .0006
C	10.00	20.0	.0002 .0002 .0003 .0003

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$\Delta(1/hFE)$ VS DOSE



$\Delta(1/hFE)$ VS DOSE
DOSE, rads(Si) Co60 Gammas

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (μA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1.000	20.0	0.022
B	1.000	20.0	0.045
C	10.00	20.0	0.009
D	100.0	20.0	0.007

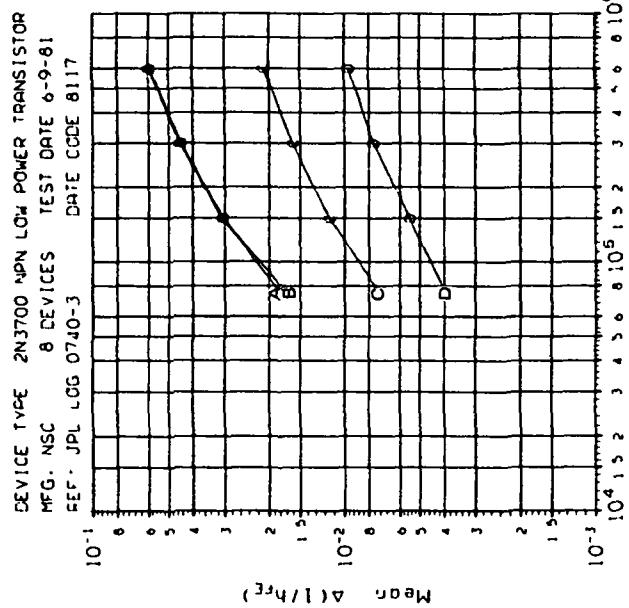


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1.000	20.0	0.007 75 150 300 600
B	1.000	20.0	0.007 0008 0010 0017
C	10.00	20.0	0.007 0013 0016 0023
D	100.0	20.0	0.004 0004 0005 0007
			0.003 0003 0005 0006

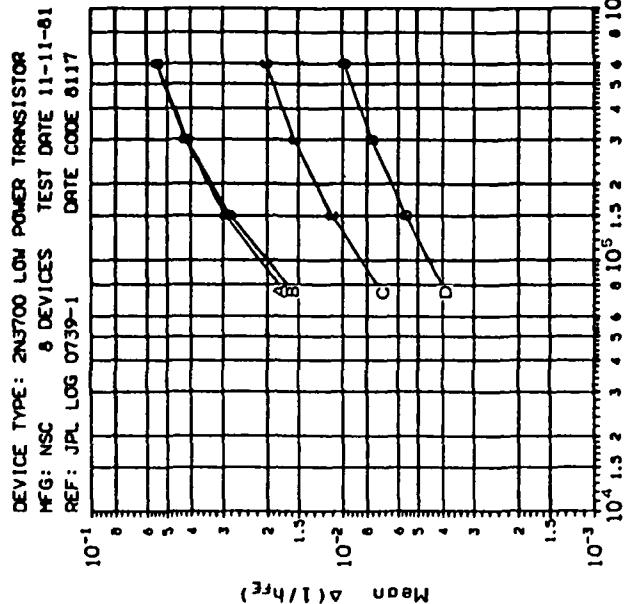


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I _c (mA)	V _{ce} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1.000	20.0	0.019 75 150 300 600
B	10.00	20.0	0.027 0042 .0059 .0076
C	100.0	20.0	0.008 .0011 .0014 .0016
D	*****	*****	.0006 .0007 .0009 .0011

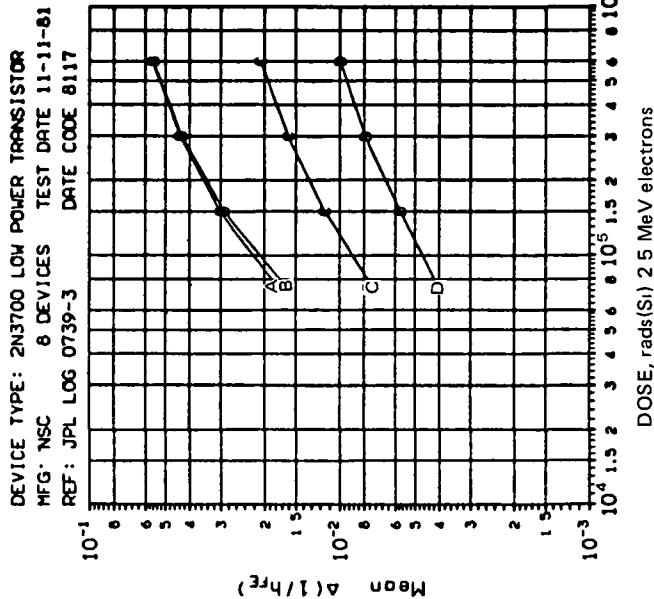
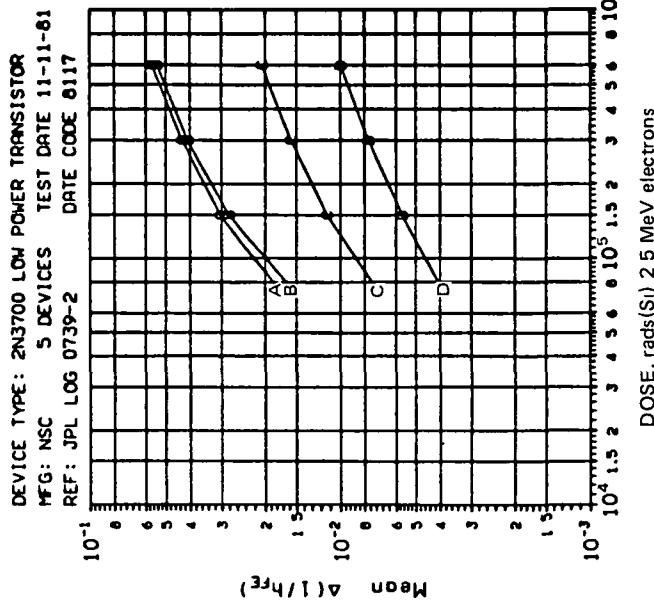


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
A	1.000	20.0	.0013	.0020	.0024
B	10.00	20.0	.0022	.0029	.0040
C	100.0	20.0	.0005	.0006	.0007
D	*****	*****	.0003	.0004	.0005

$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
A	1.000	20.0	.0012	.0017	.0020
B	10.00	20.0	.0018	.0026	.0034
C	100.0	20.0	.0005	.0007	.0008
D	*****	*****	.0003	.0003	.0004

$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

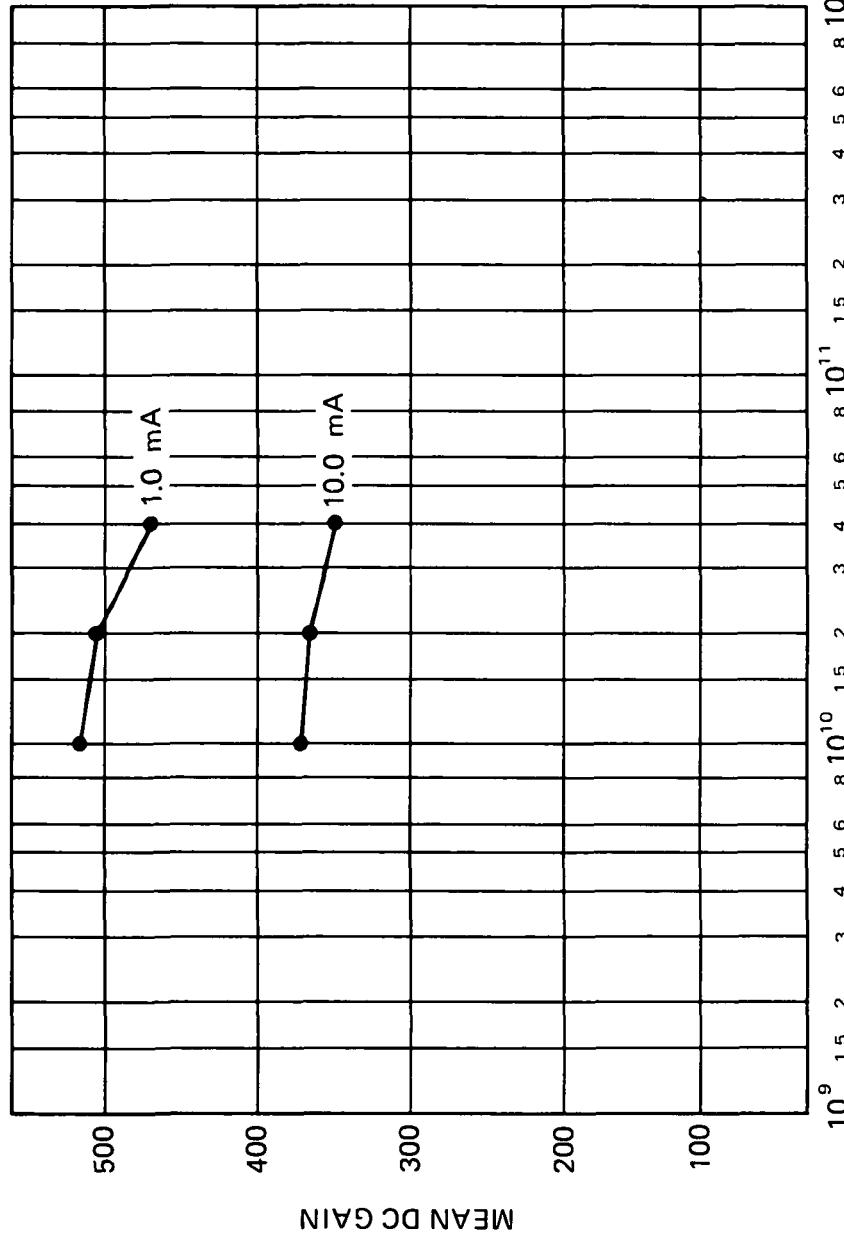
DEVICE TYPE. 2N3799

MFG: TIX 6 DEVICES

REF: JPL LOG 0769

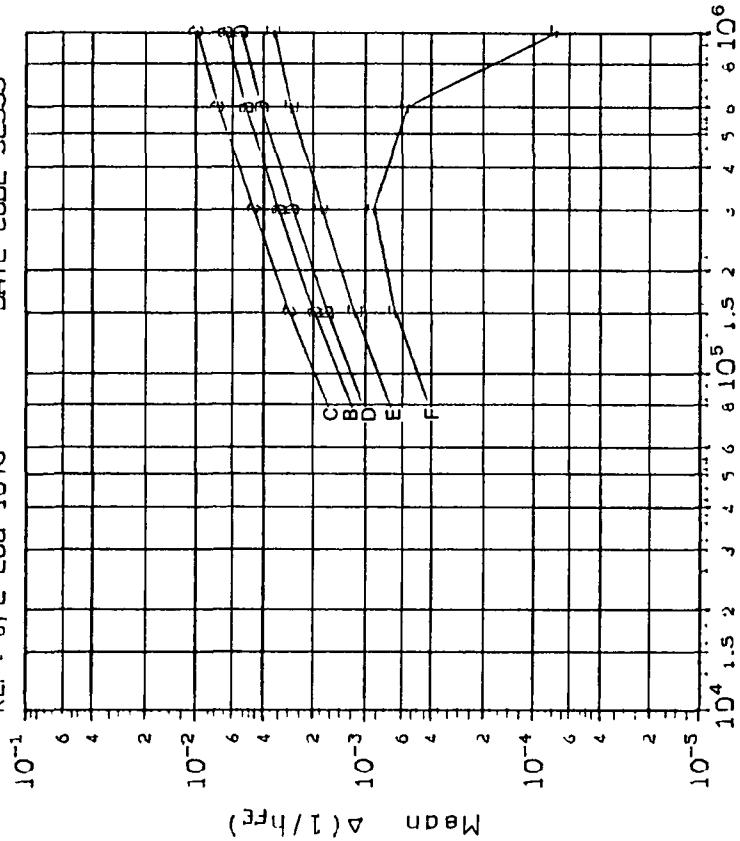
TEST DATE. 7/16/81

DATE CODE. NONE



DC GAIN vs DOSE
INITIAL MEAN DC GAIN VALUE = 528.8 @ 1.0 mA
384.7 @ 10.0 mA

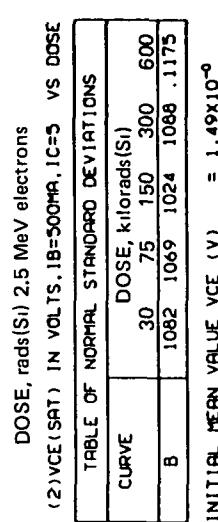
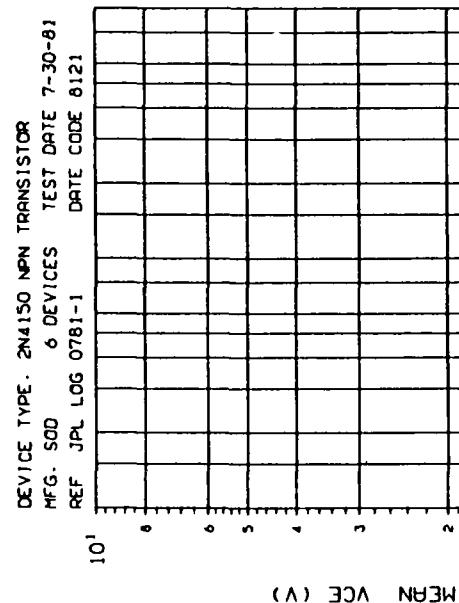
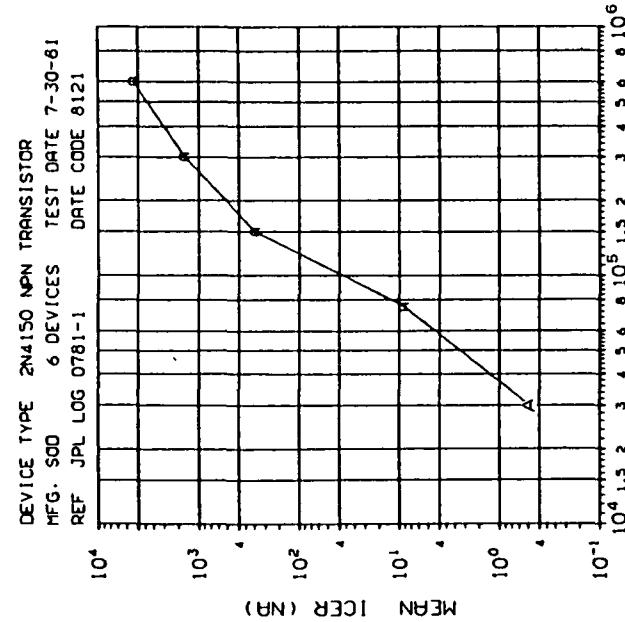
DEVICE TYPE: 2N3964 PNP TRANSISTOR
 MFG: MOT 5 DEVICES TEST DATE 2-8-85
 REF: JPL LOG 1076 DATE CODE S1555



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons
 $\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

TABLE 3F NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{CE} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
B	1000	30.0	.0005	.0005	.0005
C	1000	.500	.0006	.0006	.0007
D	1000	.500	.0003	.0004	.0003
E	1000	30.0	.0002	.0003	.0003
F	20.00	30.0	.0001	.0001	.0010



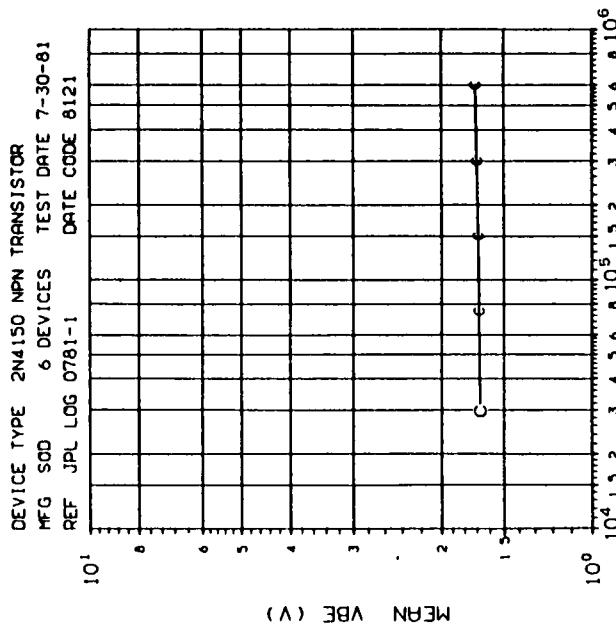


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)				
C	30	75	150	300	600
	0689	0703	0624	0697	0727

INITIAL MEAN VALUE V_{BE} (V) = 1.68x10⁻⁹

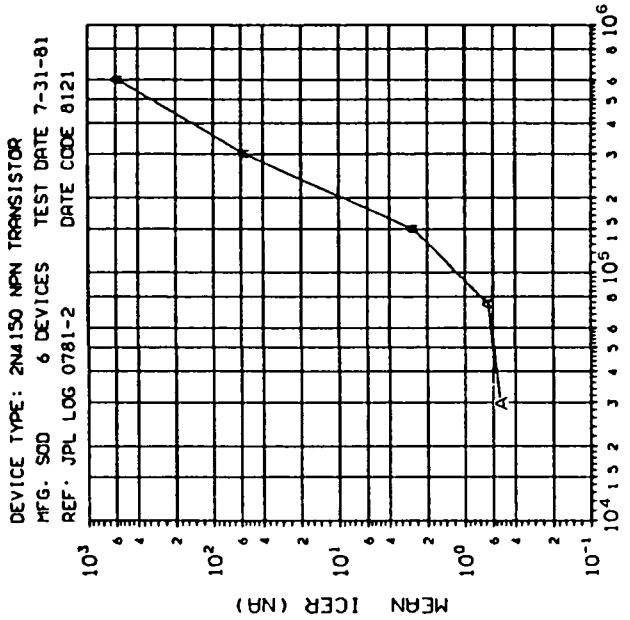
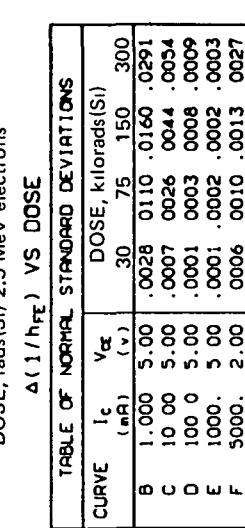
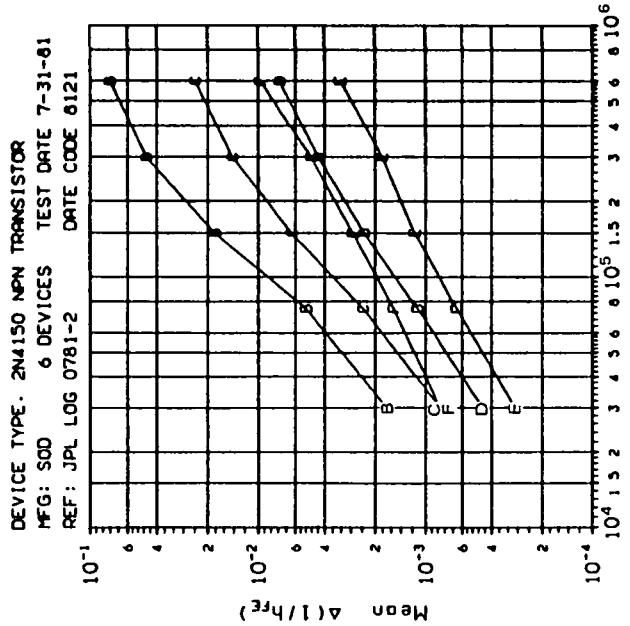
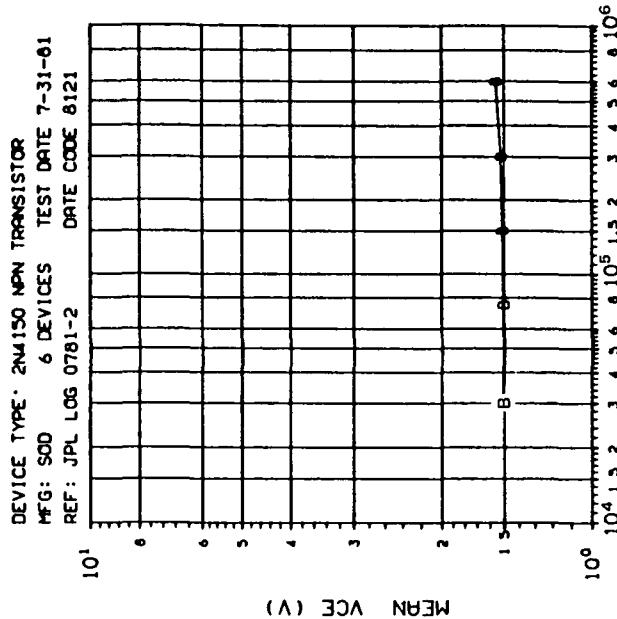
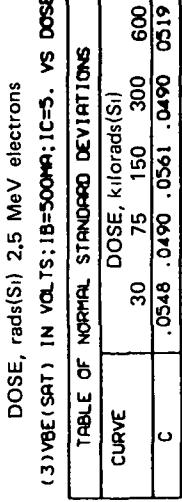


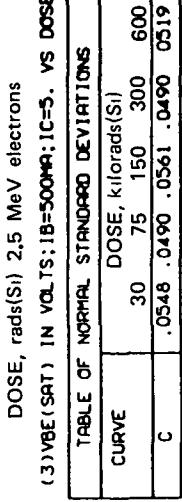
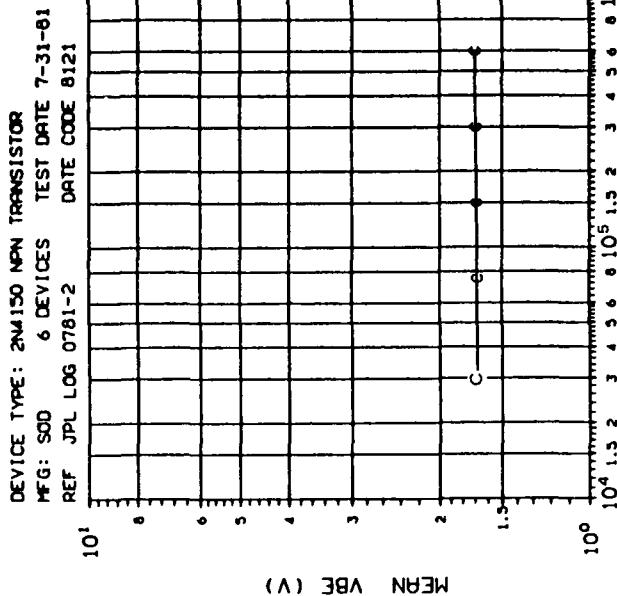
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS									
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)								
B	1.000	5.00	.0028	.0110	.0160	.0291			
C	10.00	5.00	.0007	.0026	.0044	.0054			
D	100.0	5.00	.0001	.0003	.0008	.0009			
E	1000.	5.00	.0001	.0002	.0002	.0003			
F	5000.	2.00	.0006	.0010	.0013	.0027			



(2) VCE(SAT) IN VOLTS; IB=500MA; IC=5. VS DOSE



INITIAL MEAN VALUE VBE (V) = 1.50x10^-9



INITIAL MEAN VALUE VBE (V) = 1.69x10^-9

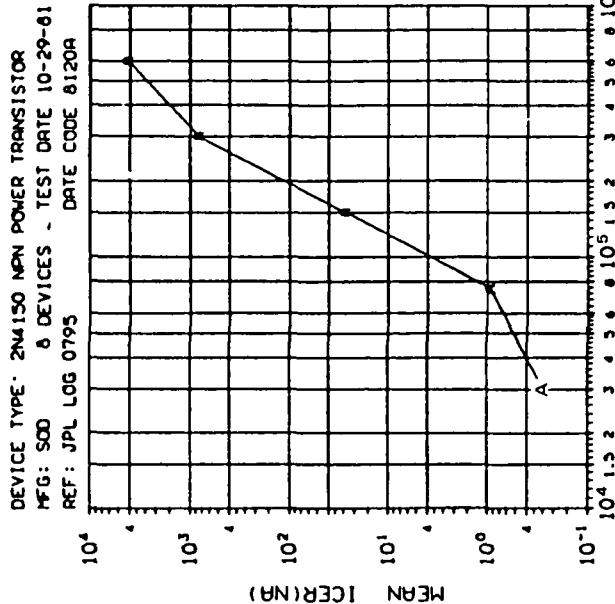
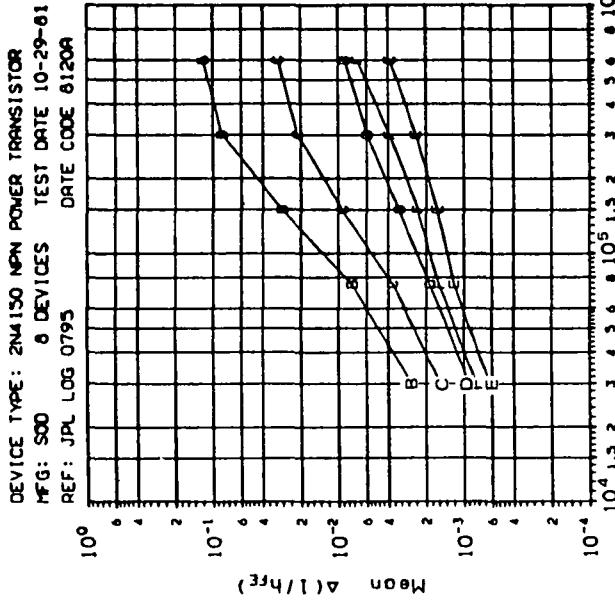


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

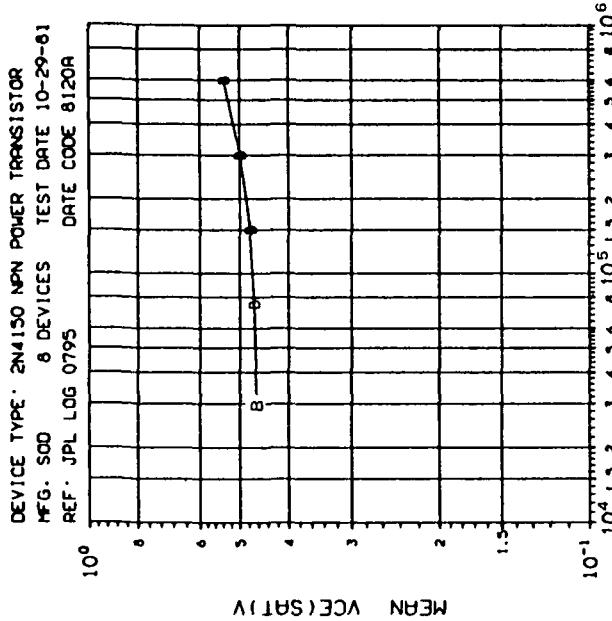
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)					
B	1,000	5.00	0.019	0.053	0.235	0.374	0.648	1.000
C	10,00	5.00	0.006	0.014	0.044	0.068	0.112	0.180
D	100,0	5.00	0.002	0.004	0.009	0.012	0.019	0.030
E	1,000	5.00	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.004	0.006	0.010
F	5,000.	2.00	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.008	0.013

(1) ICER(NR): VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE	DOSE	DOSE	DOSE
A	30	75	150	300

INITIAL MEAN VALUE ICER(NR) = 1.56×10^{-1}

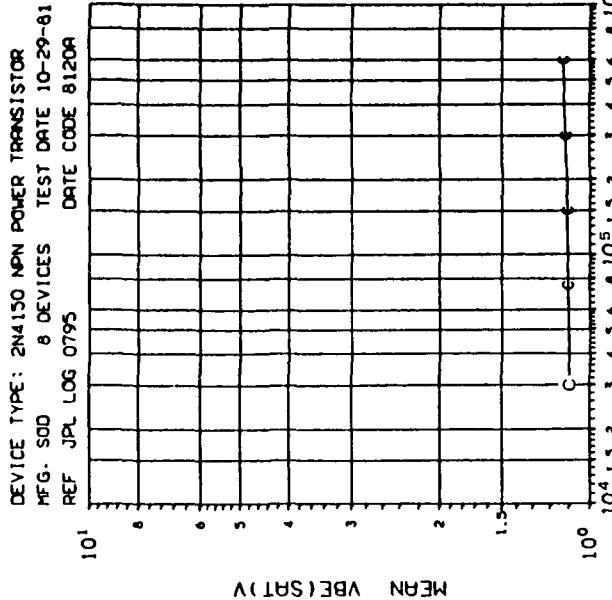


DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(2) VCE(SAT) VOLTS: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	30 75 150 300 600
C	.0043 .0045 .0045 .0049 .0061

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VCE(SAT)V = 4.62x10^-1



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(3) VBE(SAT) VOLTS: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	30 75 150 300 600
C	.0043 .0045 .0045 .0049 .0061

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VBE(SAT)V = 4.10x10^-1

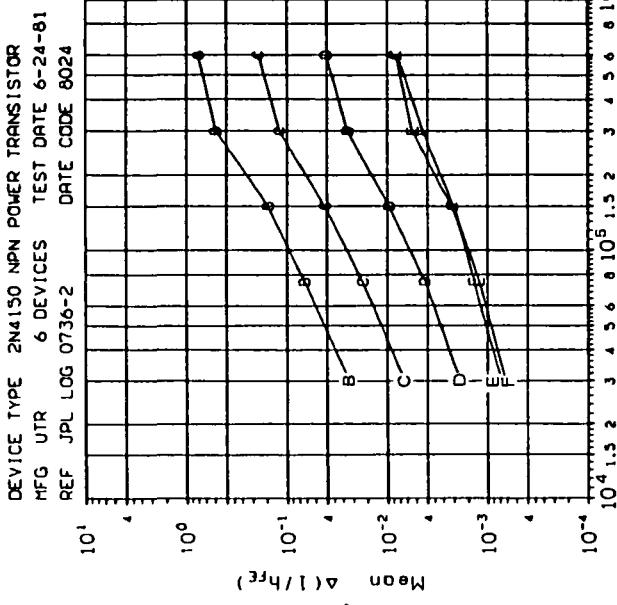
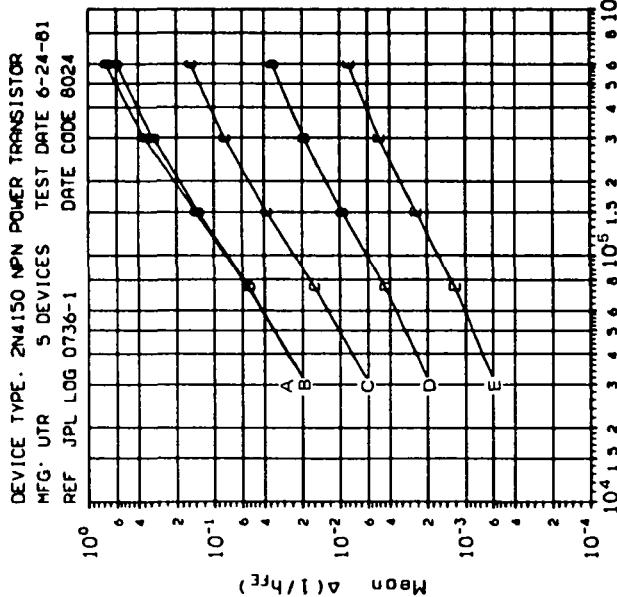
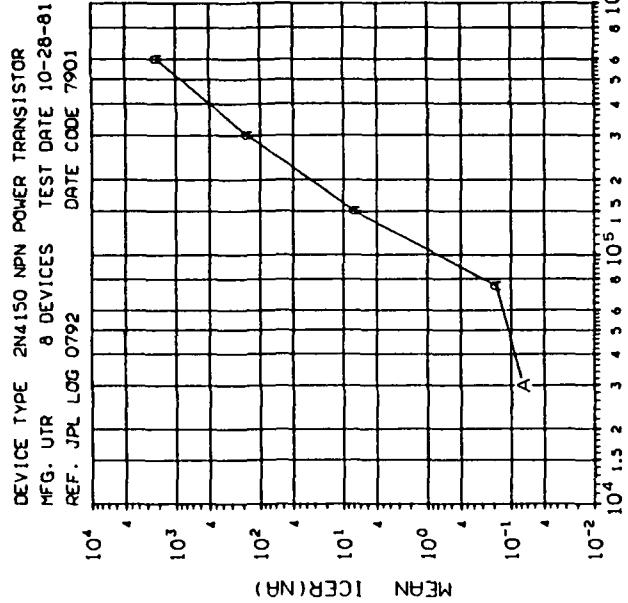
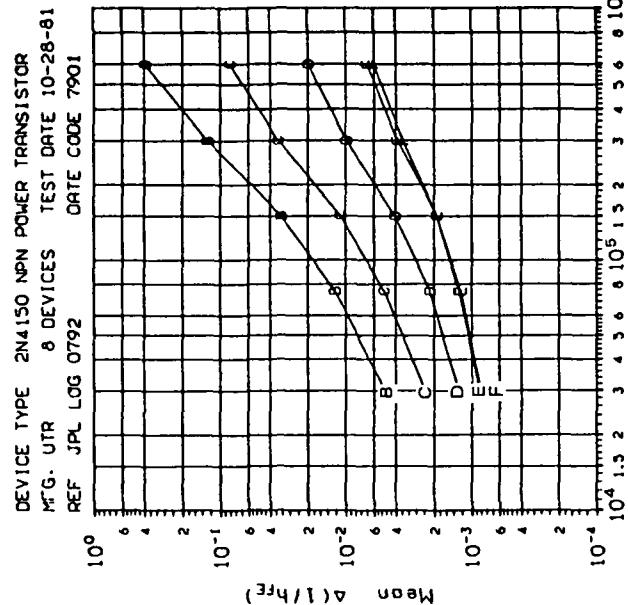


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
A	1.000	5.00	.0763 .1353 .1818 .0774		
B	1.000	5.00	.0751 .1341 .1796 .1208		
C	10.00	5.00	.0212 .0370 .0477 .0357		
D	100.0	5.00	.0050 .0082 .0100 .0084		
E	1000.	5.00	.0009 .0014 .0016 .0016		

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
B	1.000	5.00	.0679 .1128 .2106 .4407		
C	10.00	5.00	.0169 .0281 .0431 .0540		
D	100.0	5.00	.0035 .0056 .0077 .0095		
E	1000.	5.00	.0007 .0010 .0013 .0040		
F	5000.	5.00	.0002 .0004 .0008 .0012		



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(1)ICER(NR): VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	
			30	75	150
B	1.000	5.00	0.072	0.145	0.478
C	10.00	5.00	0.024	0.044	0.193
D	100.0	5.00	0.007	0.011	0.019
E	1000	5.00	0.002	0.002	0.003
F	5000.	2.00	0.001	0.001	0.002

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE
A	30 75 150 300 600

INITIAL MEAN VALUE ICER(NR) = 1.57×10^{-1}

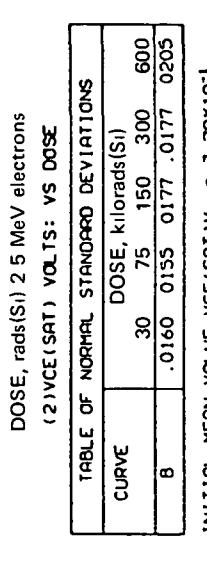
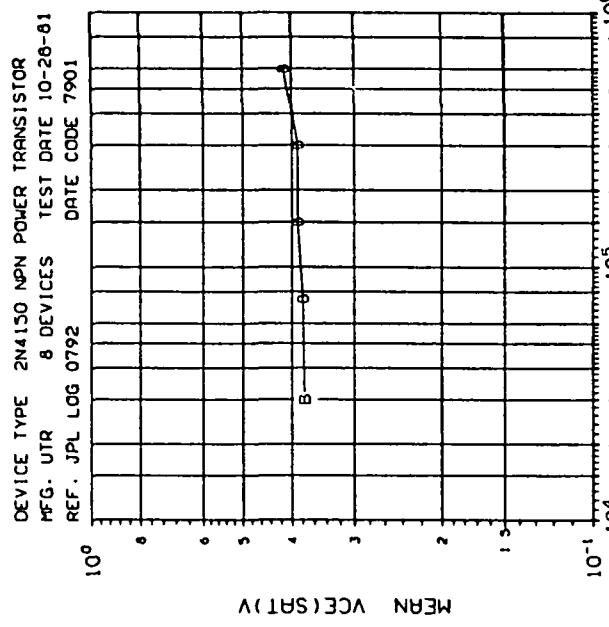
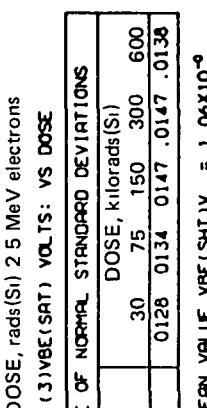


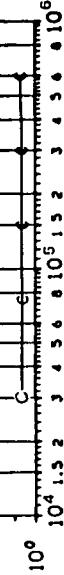
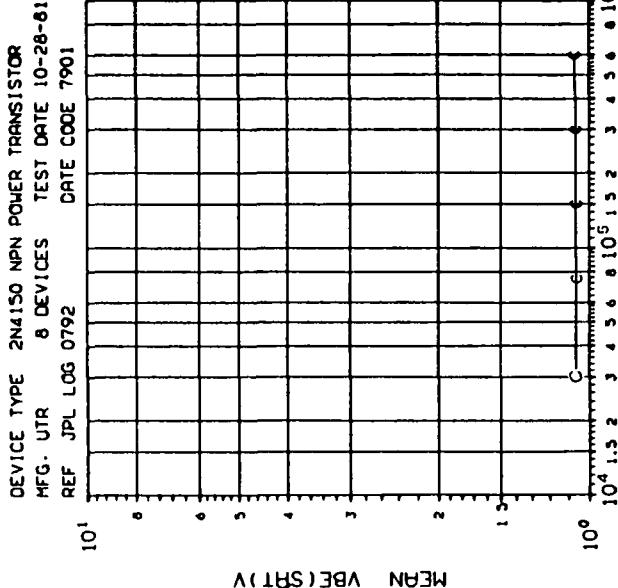
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	30 75 150 300 600
B	.0160 .0155 .0177 .0177 .0205

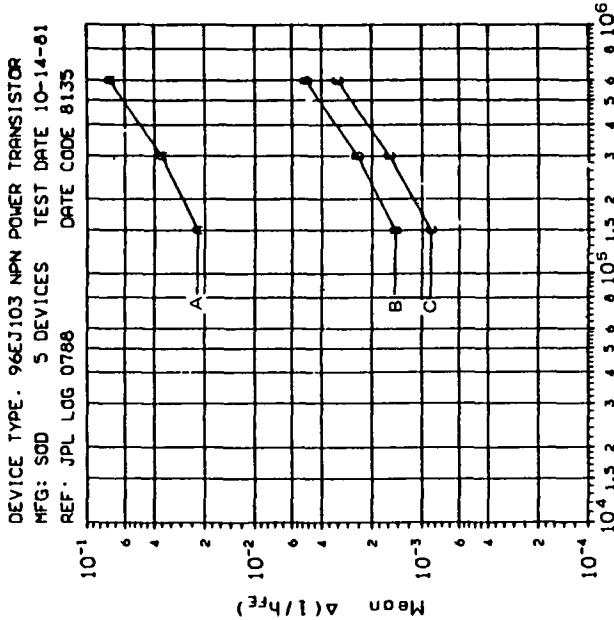
INITIAL MEAN VALUE V_{CE(SAT)V} = 3.79x10⁻¹

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
C	30 75 150 300 600
C	.0128 .0134 .0147 .0147 .0138

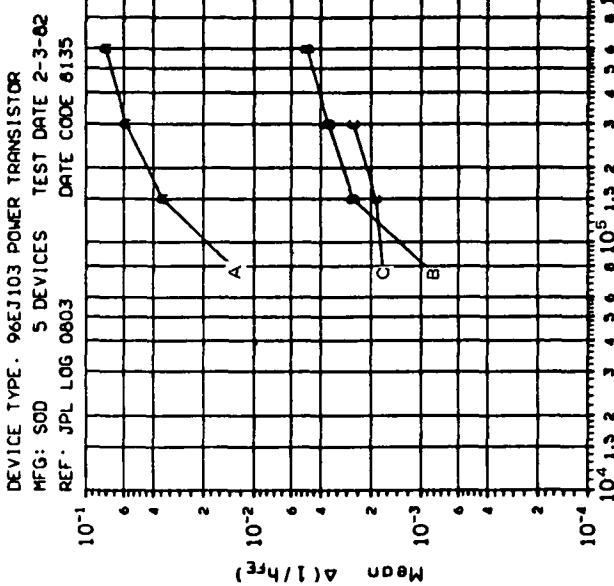


INITIAL MEAN VALUE V_{BE(SAT)V} = 1.00x10⁻⁰





$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE



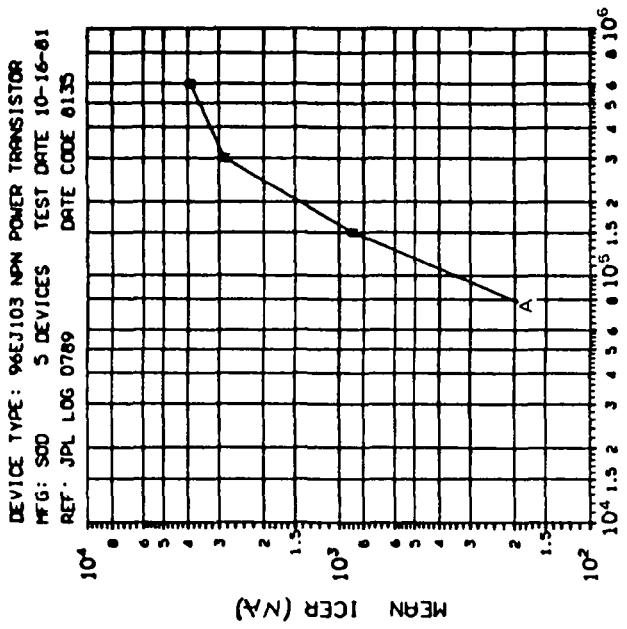
DOSE, rads(Si) Co60 Gammas

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C (A)	V_{CE} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1000	20.0	0.006
B	4 000	5.00	0.004
C	10 00	5.00	0.002

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	I_C (A)	V_{CE} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	1000	20.0	0.006
B	4 000	5.00	0.004
C	10 00	5.00	0.002



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(111)ICER IN mA, VCE=60V, PBE=40MHz: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	75 150 300 600 126.7 864 3 3046. 4660.

INITIAL MEAN VALUE (ICERA) = $1.74 \times 10^{+0}$

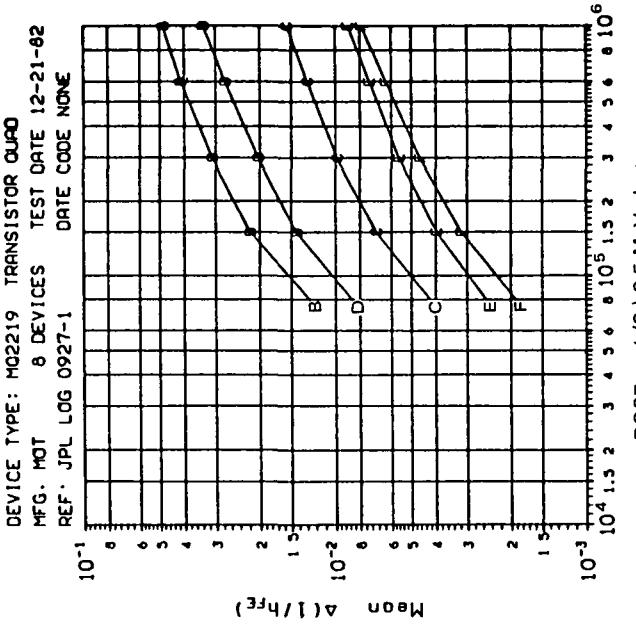


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	I_C (mA)	V_{CE} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
			75	150	300
B	2.000	100	.0012	.0013	.0020
C	2.000	2.40	.0010	.0013	.0017
D	10.00	100	.0006	.0007	.0011
E	10.00	2.40	.0005	.0006	.0008
F	40.00	250	.0003	.0003	.0005

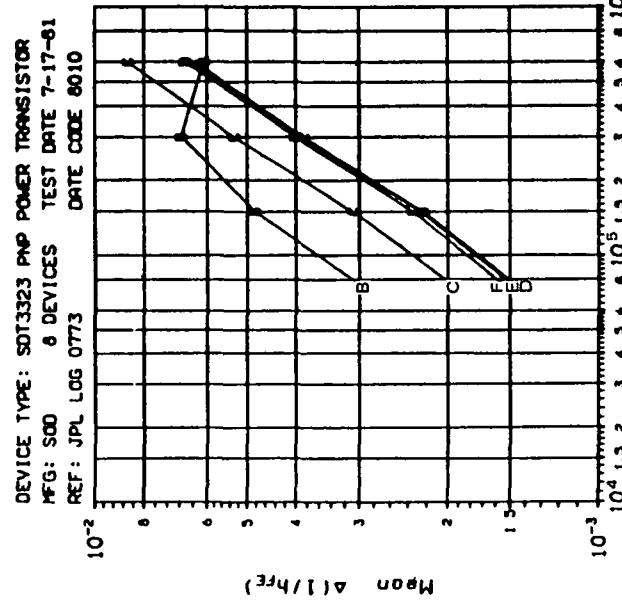


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1.000	5.00	.00007 .0011 .0020 .0046
C	10.00	2.00	.0004 .0006 .0010 .0015
D	100.0	2.00	.0003 .0005 .0008 .0012
E	1000.	2.00	.0004 .0006 .0009 .0012
F	2000.	5.00	.0004 .0006 .0009 .0013

$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

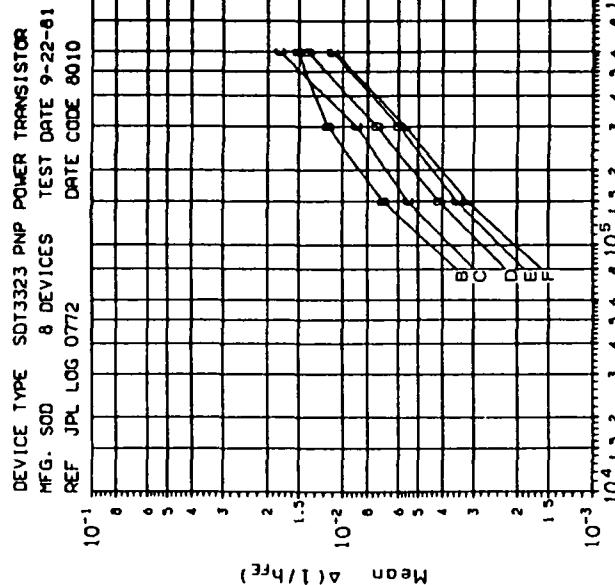


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (V)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1.000	5.00	.0003 .0006 .0023 .0073
C	10.00	2.00	.0002 .0005 .0028 .0015
D	100.0	2.00	.0002 .0003 .0005 .0009
E	1000.	2.00	.0002 .0004 .0004 .0006
F	2000.	5.00	.0007 .0008 .0009 .0014

$\Delta(1/h_{FE})$ VS DOSE

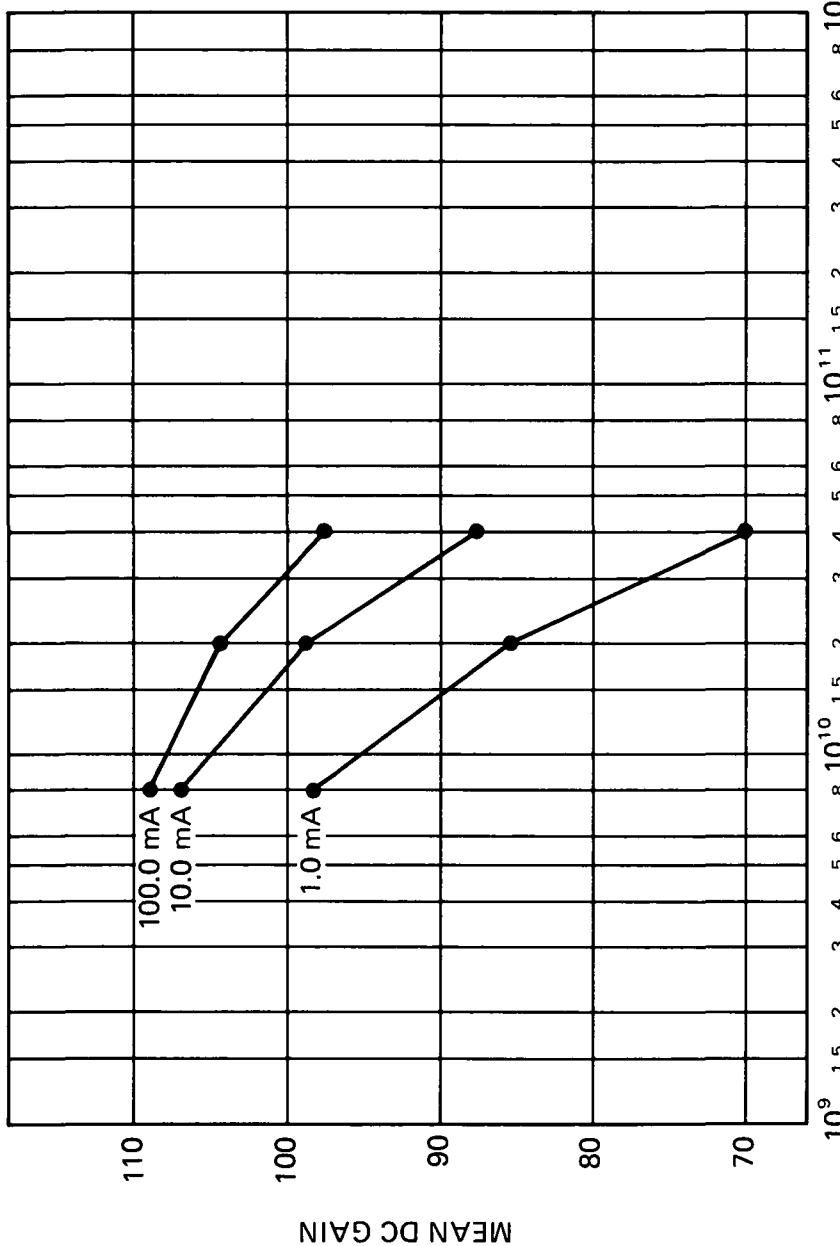
DEVICE TYPE: SDT3323 NPN POWER TRANSISTOR

MFG: SOD 6 DEVICES

TEST DATE: 7/15/81

REF: JPL LOG 0761

DATE CODE: NONE



DC GAIN vs DOSE

INITIAL MEAN DC GAIN VALUE = 107.5 @ 1.0 mA

111.7 @ 10.0 mA

110.5 @ 100.0 mA

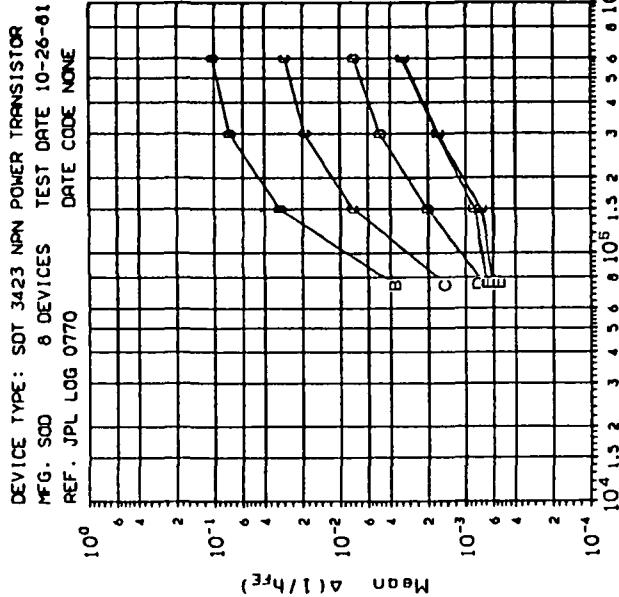
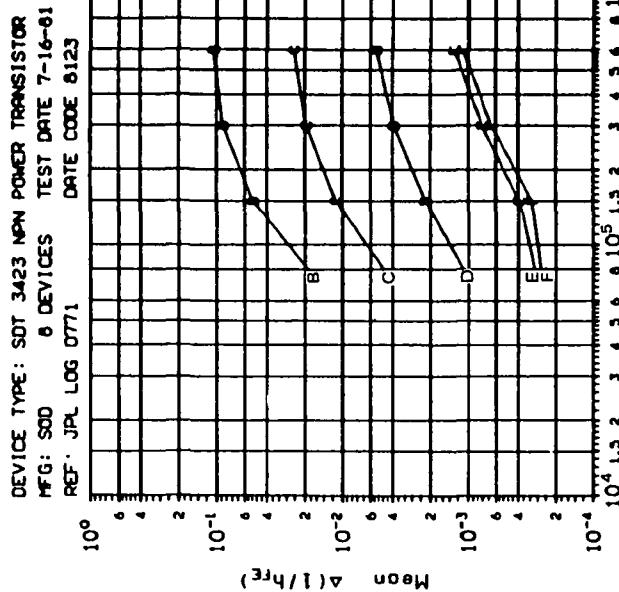


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1.000	5.00	75 150 300 600
C	10.00	2.00	.0213 .0370 .0539 .0886
D	100.0	2.00	.0044 .0079 .0123 .0163
E	1000.	2.00	.0007 .0013 .0020 .0028
F	2000.	5.00	.0003 .0003 .0003 .0004

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	I_c (mA)	V_{ce} (v)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	1.000	5.00	75 150 300 600
C	10.00	10.00	.0022 .0240 .0641 .0830
D	100.0	100.0	.0007 .0049 .0141 .0192
E	1000.	1000.	.0004 .0009 .0027 .0040
F	2000.	5.00	.0002 .0002 .0003 .0005

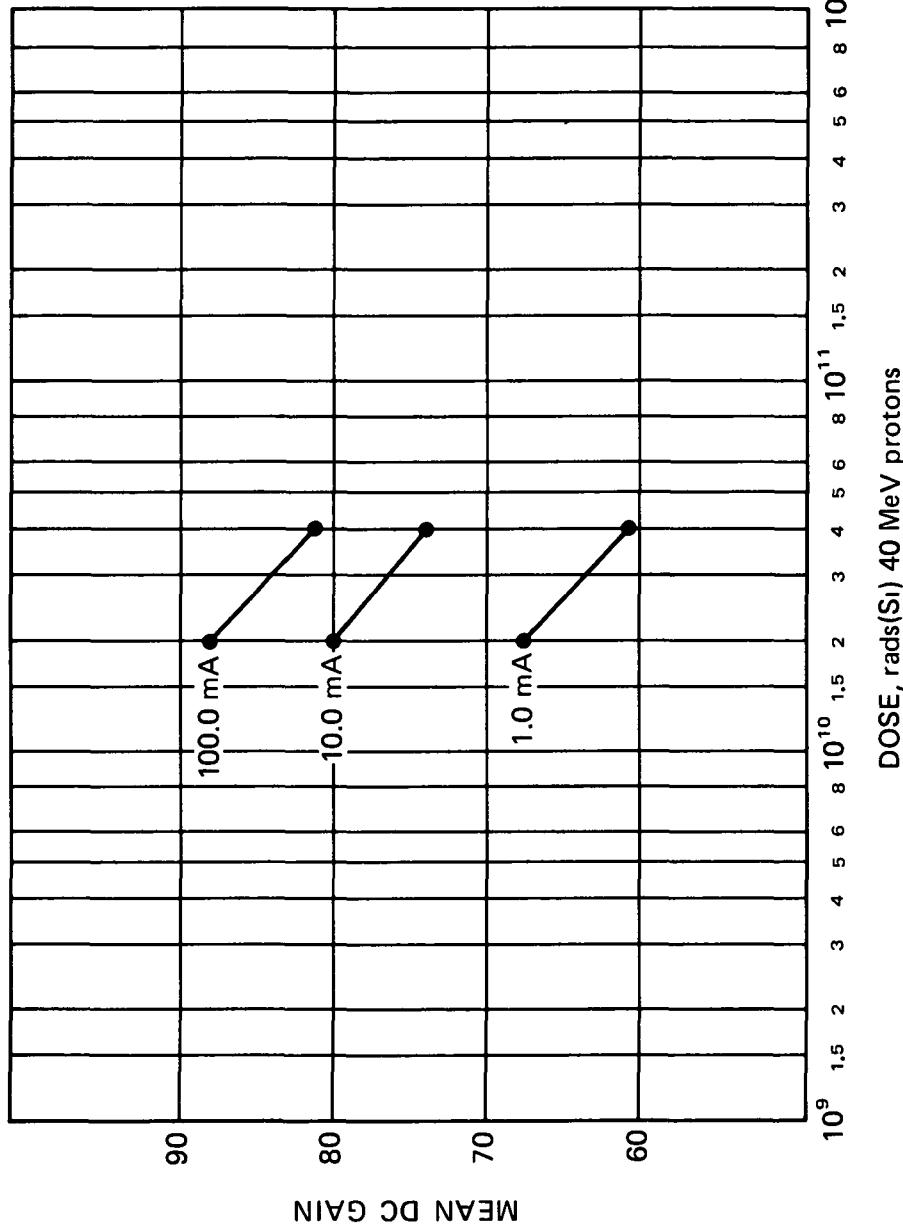
DEVICE TYPE: SDT 3423

MFG: SOD 6 DEVICES

REF: JPL LOG 0768

TEST DATE: 7/16/81

DATE CODE: NONE



DC GAIN vs DOSE

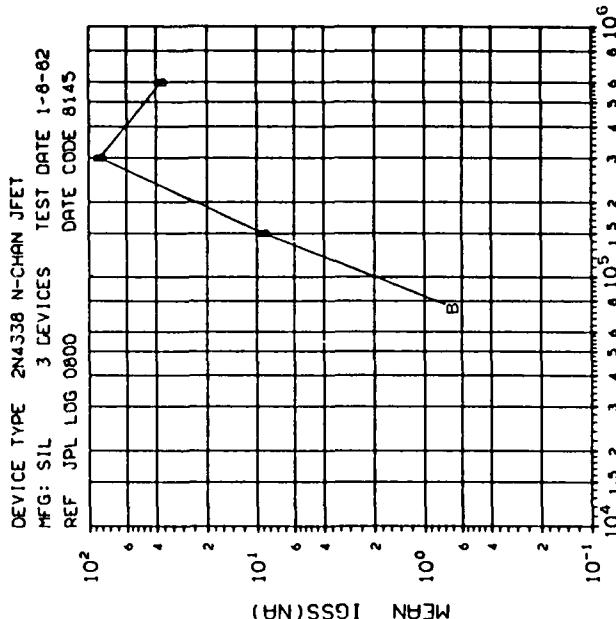
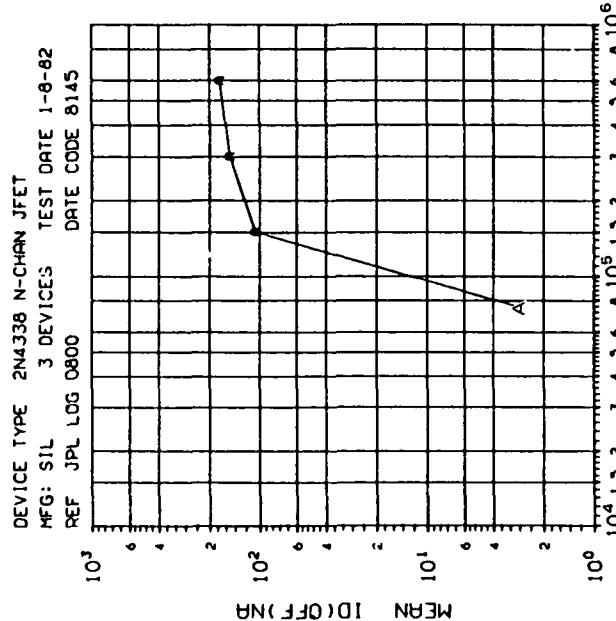
INITIAL MEAN DC GAIN VALUE = 72.2 @ 1.0 mA

83.8 @ 10.0 mA

91.8 @ 100.0 mA

D. FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS (FETs)

Junction-gate field effect transistors (JFETs) have a considerably higher tolerance to radiation-induced bulk damage than bipolar transistors since they are majority-carrier devices. Therefore, most tests were conducted using electron irradiation. Key parameters plotted as a function of dose include I_{GSS} , I_{DSS} , V_{GS} , transconductance, noise voltage, and I_D (off). (See Appendix B.)

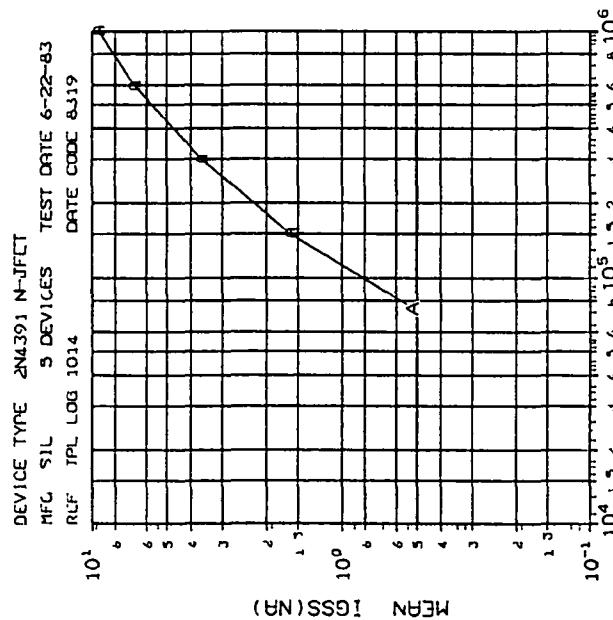


(1) ID OFF (VDS=12V, VGS=-5V) IN NA: VS DOSE

(2) I_GSS (VDS=0V, VGS=-12V) IN NA: VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

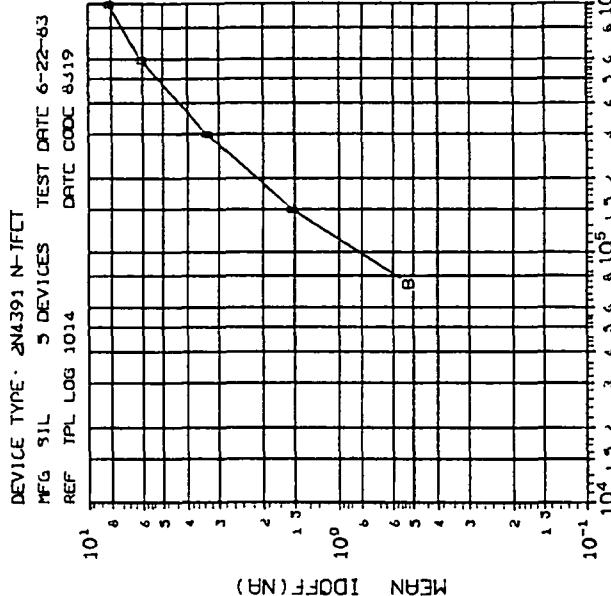
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	.7769 14 47 19 97 23 50
B	1510 1.012 6.658 7.024



(1) Igss (Vds=0, Vgs=-10V) IN NA VS DOSE
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

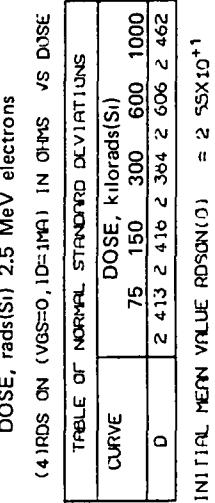
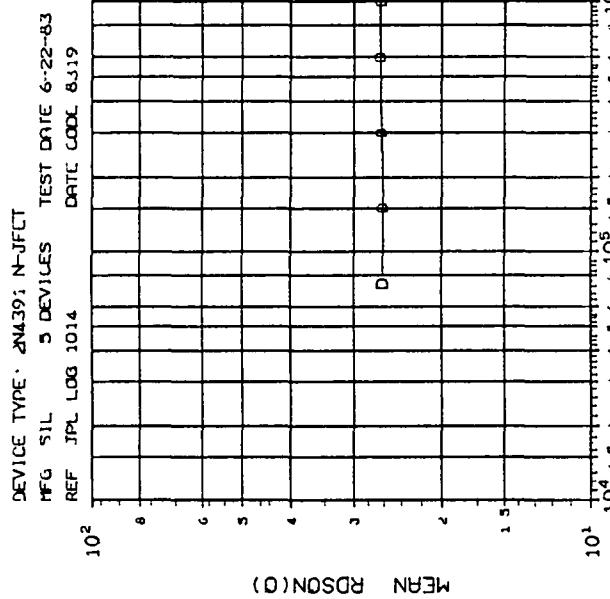
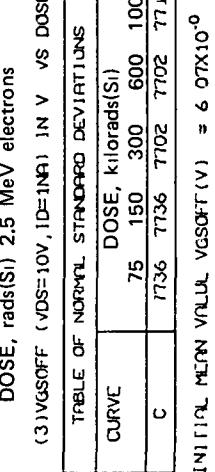
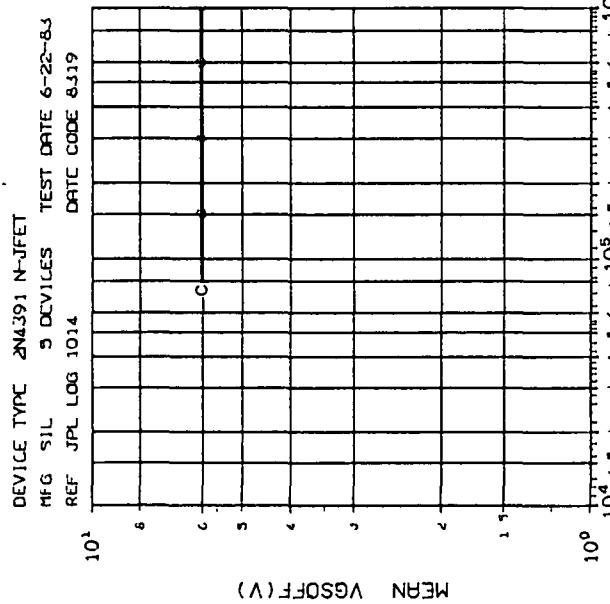
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	75 150 300 600 1000
B	0.02 2526 3857 1 060 1 575

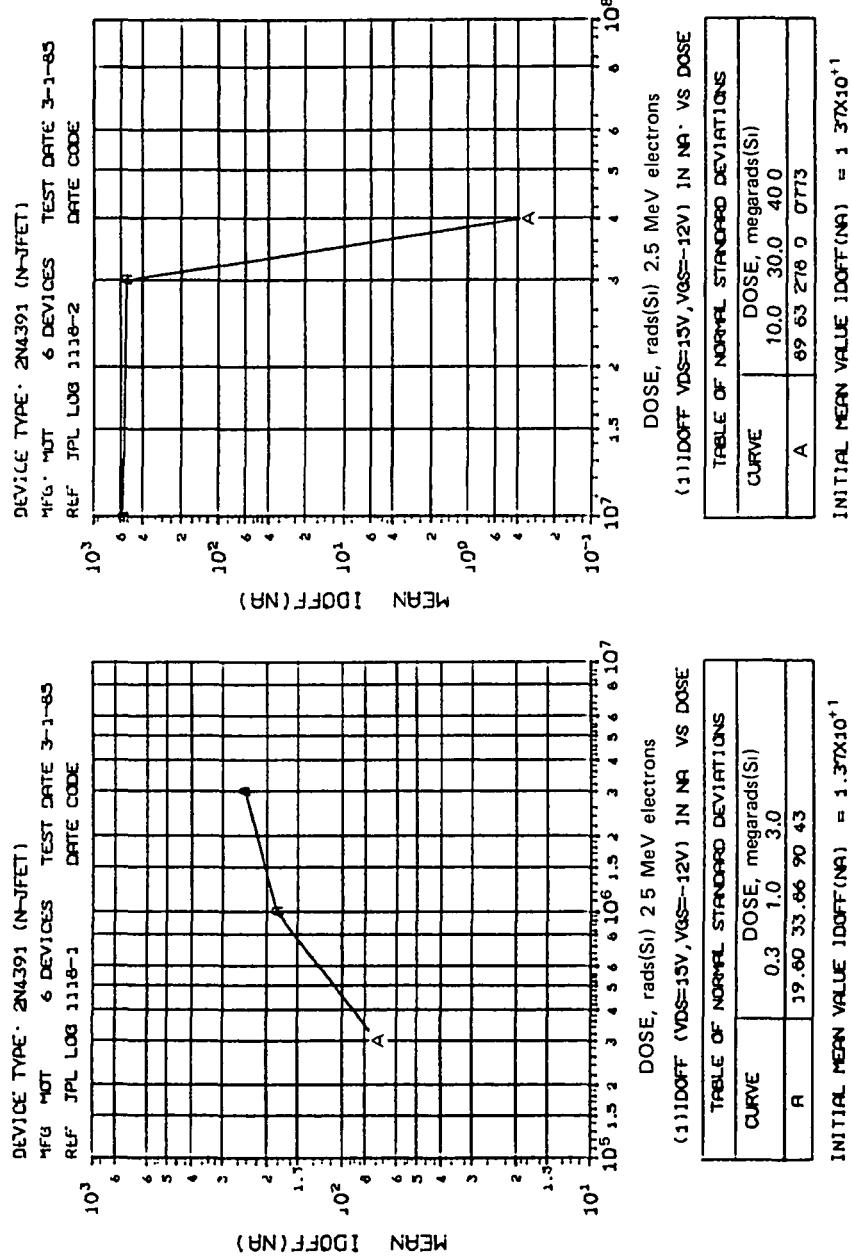
INITIAL MEAN VALUE Igss(NA) = 5 22x10⁻²

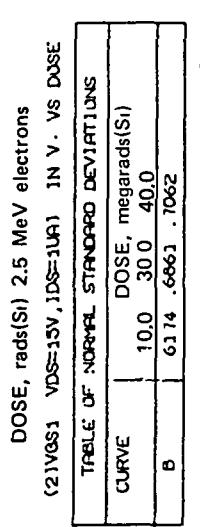
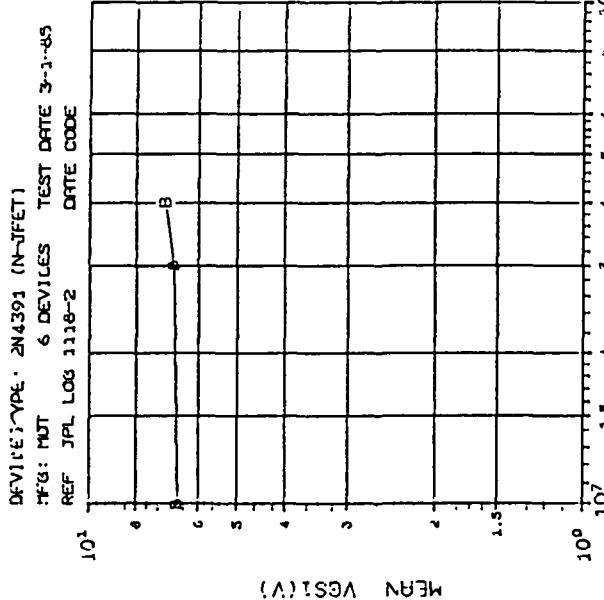
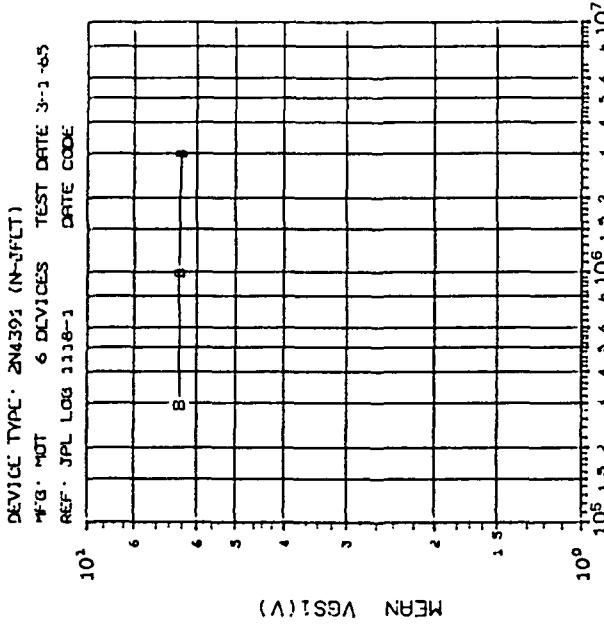


(2) Id off (Vds=10V, Vgs=-10V) IN NA VS DOSE	
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons	
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	75 150 300 600 1000
B	0.02 2633 3861 1 039 2 431

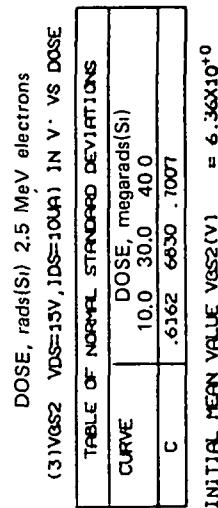
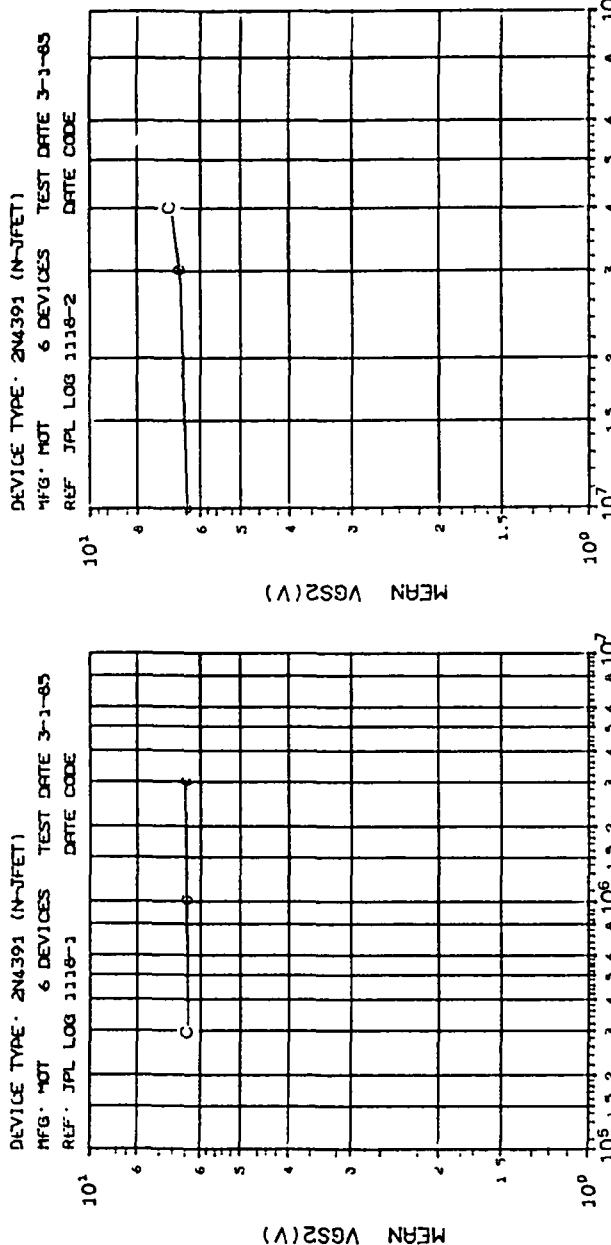
INITIAL MEAN VALUE Idoff(NA) = 5 20x10⁻²



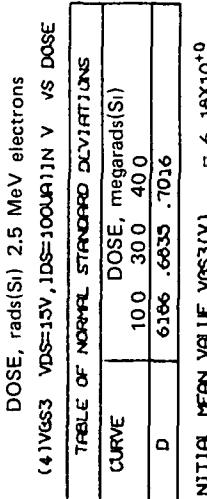
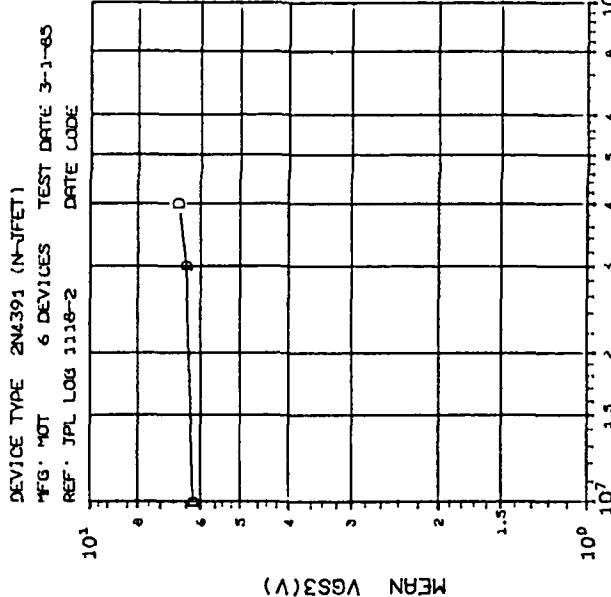
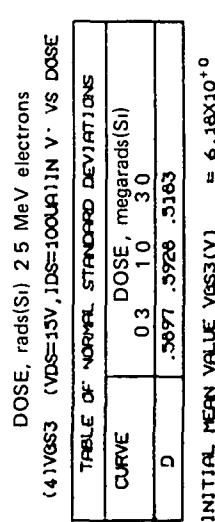
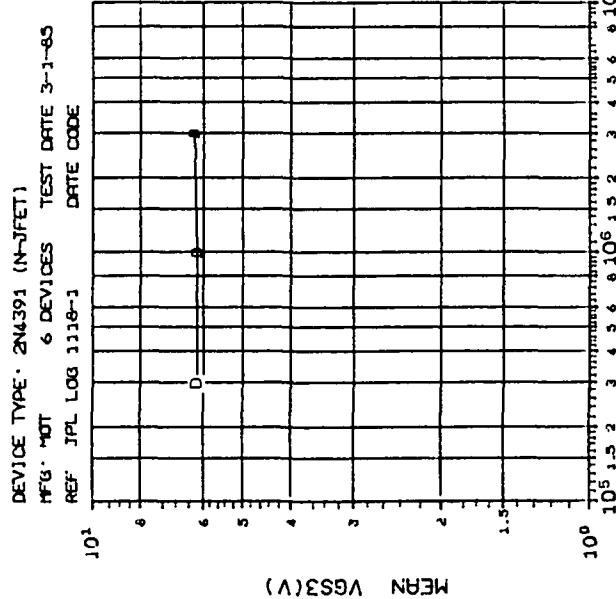




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INITIAL MEAN VALUE V_{G_S2}(V) = 6.36x10⁺⁰



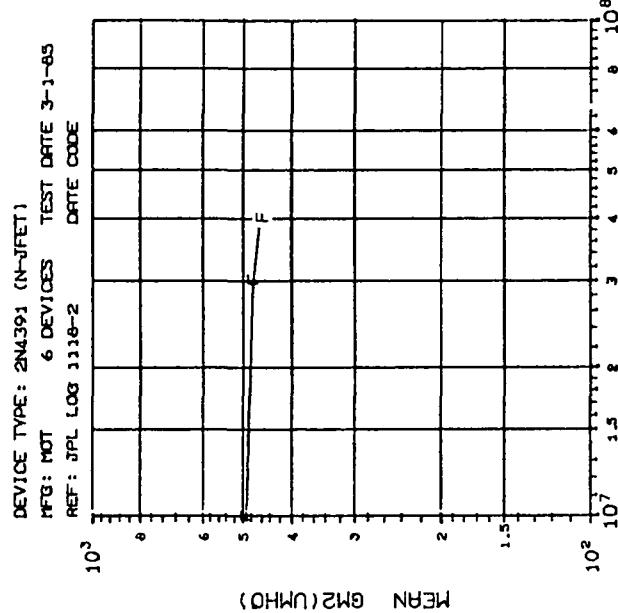
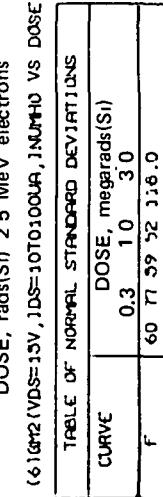
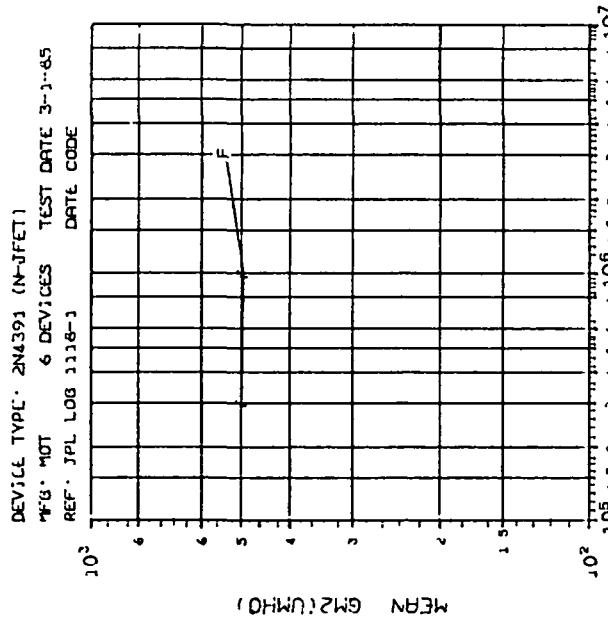
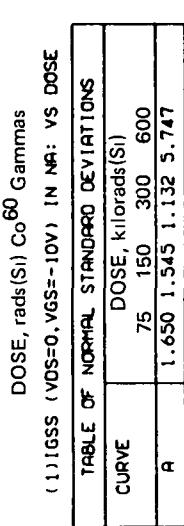
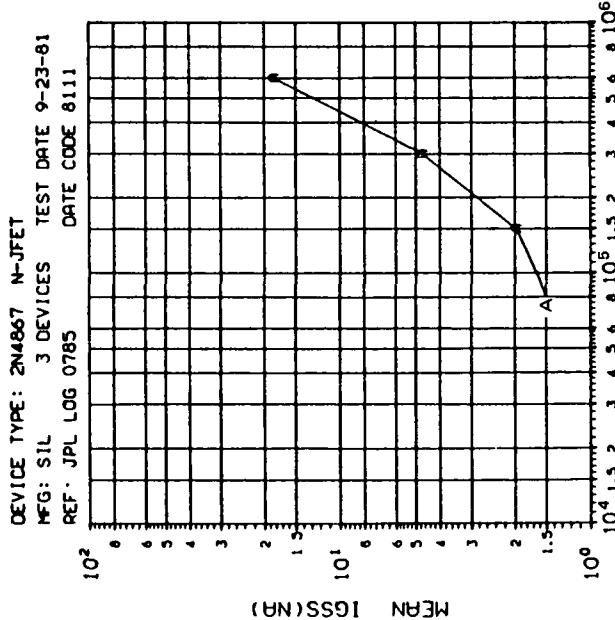


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, megarads(Si)
	10.0 30.0 40.0
F	62.87 60.89 59.21

INITIAL MEAN VALUE GM2(UMHO) = 5.06×10^{-2}



INITIAL MEAN VALUE $I_{GSS}(mA) = 3.50 \times 10^{-6}$

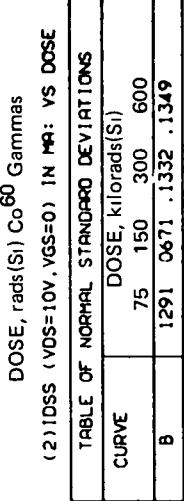
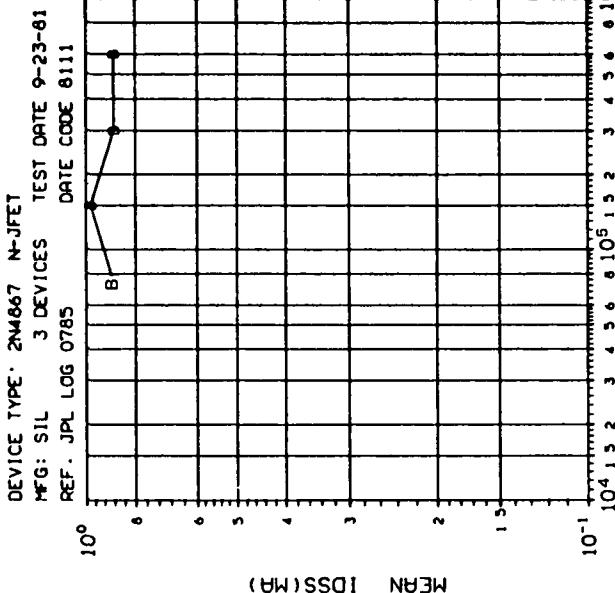
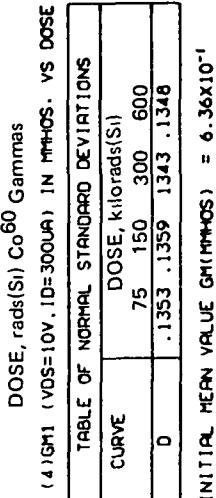
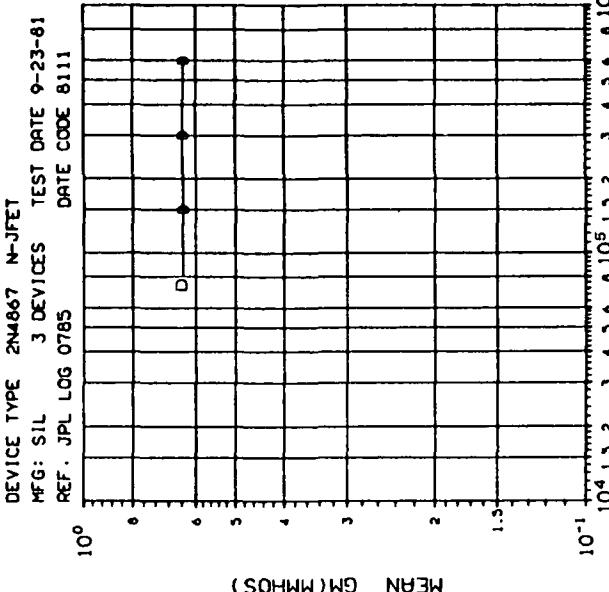
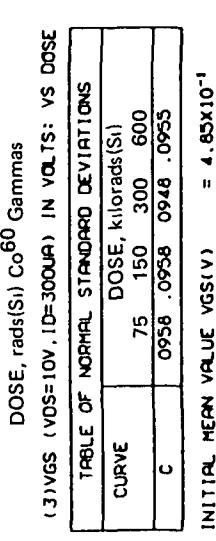
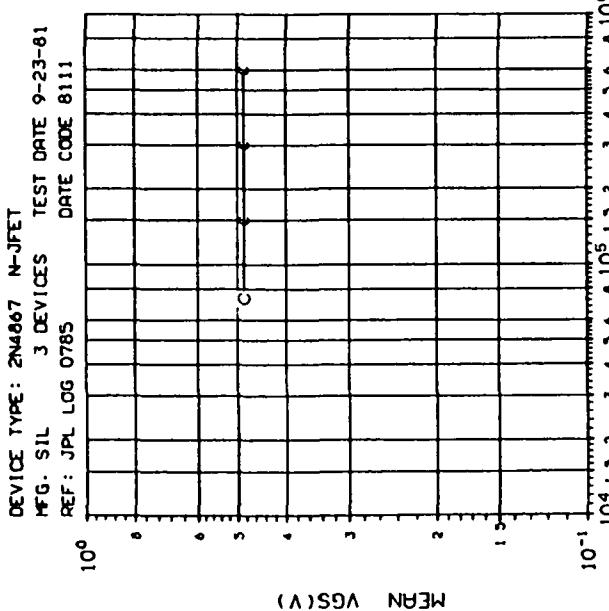
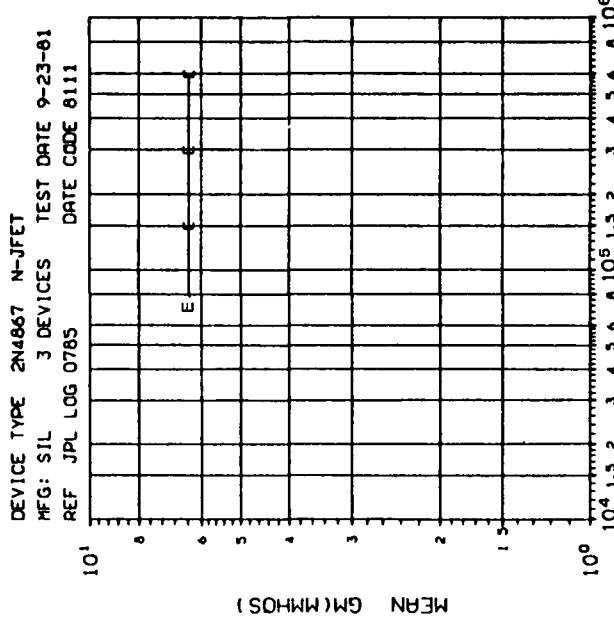


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	75 150 300 600
B	1.650 1.545 1.132 5.747

INITIAL MEAN VALUE $I_{DSS}(mA) = 0.84 \times 10^{-1}$



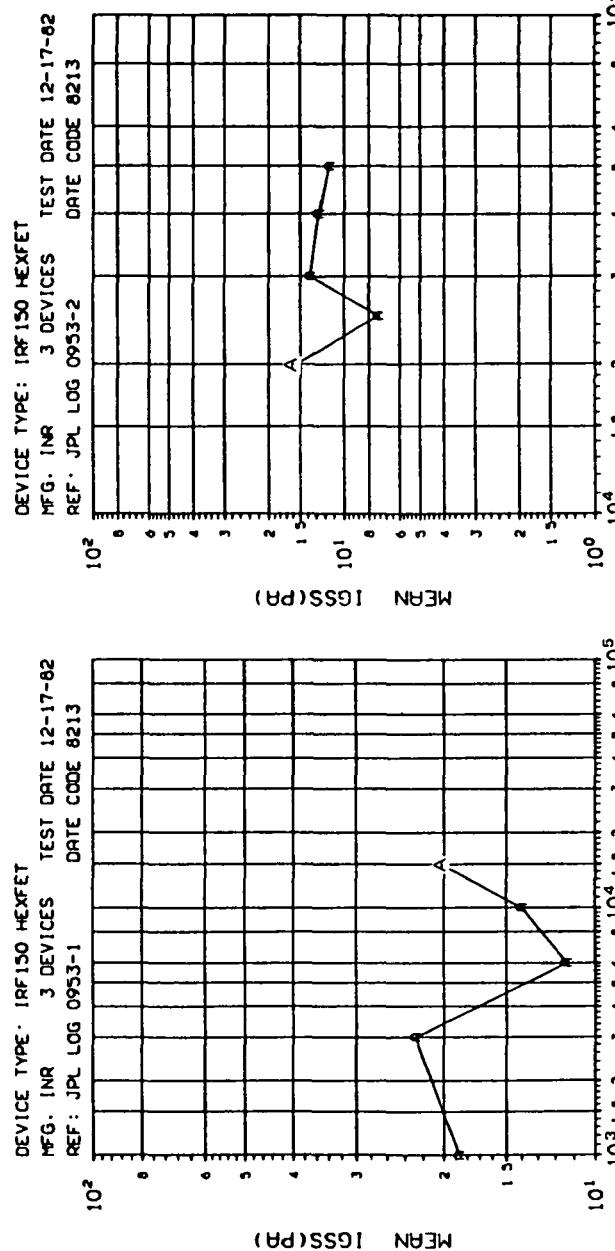


(5) GM2 (VDS=10V, ID=3.0mA) IN MHRS VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
E	75 150 300 600
C	1.353 1.359 1.336 1.348

INITIAL MEAN VALUE GM(MHRS) = 6.36×10^{-6}

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(1) IGSS (VGS=15V, VDS=0) IN PA VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
1	1 3 6 10 15
A	5 859 5 965 11 81 6.083 10.69

INITIAL MEAN VALUE IGSS(PA) = $4.37 \times 10^{+0}$

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
A	20 25 30 40 50 7 365 3.512 9 177 4 509 7 858

INITIAL MEAN VALUE IGSS(PA) = $4.37 \times 10^{+0}$

(1) IGSS (VGS=15V, VDS=0) IN PA VS DOSE

DOSE, rads(Si) Co60 Gammas

RADIATION TESTS

LOG. 797		IRF - 150		
MFG	INR			
		I_{DS}	(Leakage Current)	
Total Dose (Krads)	S/N AD01	S/N AD02	S/N AD03	
0	.778 uA	.774 uA	.28 NA	.776 uA
1	.778 n	.778 n		.778 n
3	.779 n	.779 n		.779 n
6	.784 n	.784 n		.779 n
10	.780 n	.790 n		.779 n
15	.826 n	.871 n		.780 n
20	1.13 n	1.91 n		.792 n
25	4.44 n	15.0 n		.862 n
30	20.0 n	86.0 n		1.50 n
40	300.0 n	1782.0 n		12.3 n
50	1.14 MA	3.82 MA		90.0 n
75	250.0 uA	15.4 n		.80 MA
150	22.8 MA	61.8 n		.250 uA
300	230.0 n	115.0 n		13.8 MA

LOG. 797		IRF - 150	
MFG	INR		
		Total Dose (Krads)	Conditions ID = 2A
S/N AD01	S/N AD02	S/N AD03	S/N AD04

RADIATION TESTS

LOG. 797		IRF - 150	
MFG	INR		
		Total Dose (Krads)	Conditions ID = 2A
S/N AD01	S/N AD02	S/N AD03	S/N AD04
0		.038 ohms	.042 ohms
1		.040 n	.044 n
3		.041 n	.044 n
6		.040 n	.045 n
10		.040 n	.044 n
15		.041 n	.044 n
20		.041 n	.043 n
25		.038 n	.043 n
30		.038 n	.043 n
40		.038 n	.042 n
50		.038 n	.042 n
75		.038 n	.043 n
150		.068 n	.043 n
300		.071 n	.046 n

Conditions. $V_{DS} = 39$ V

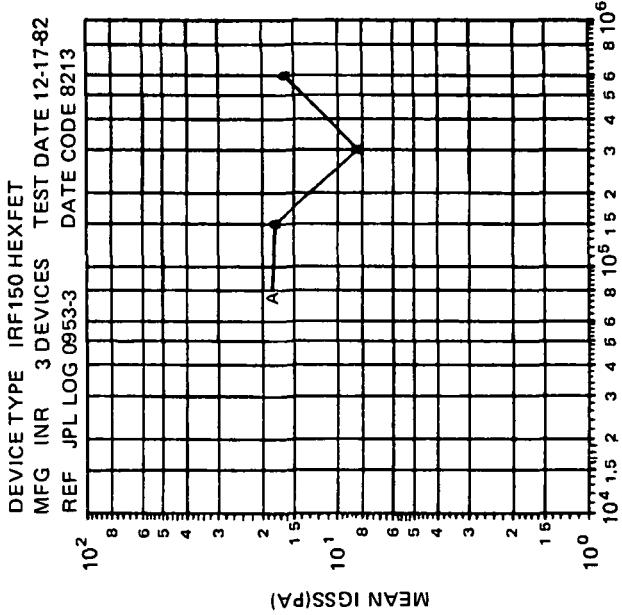
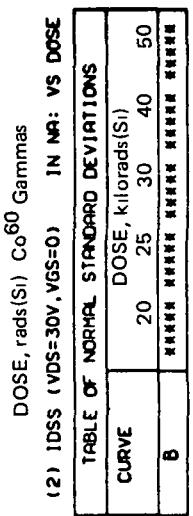
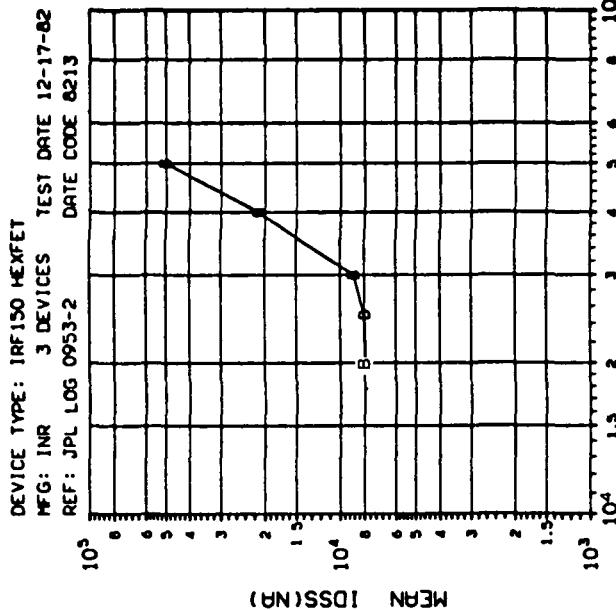
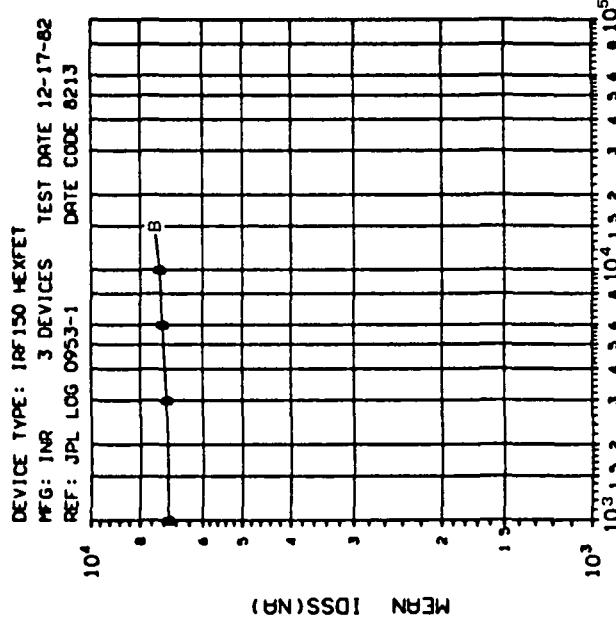
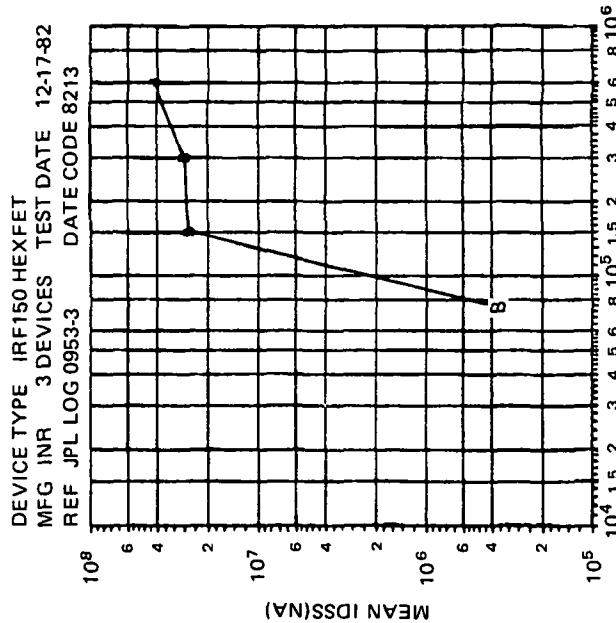


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
A	75	150	300
	600		
	16.07	4.509	2.517
		11.19	

INITIAL MEAN VALUE IGSS(PA) = $4.37 \times 10^{+0}$



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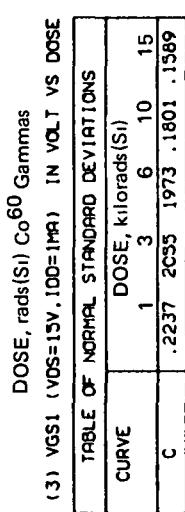
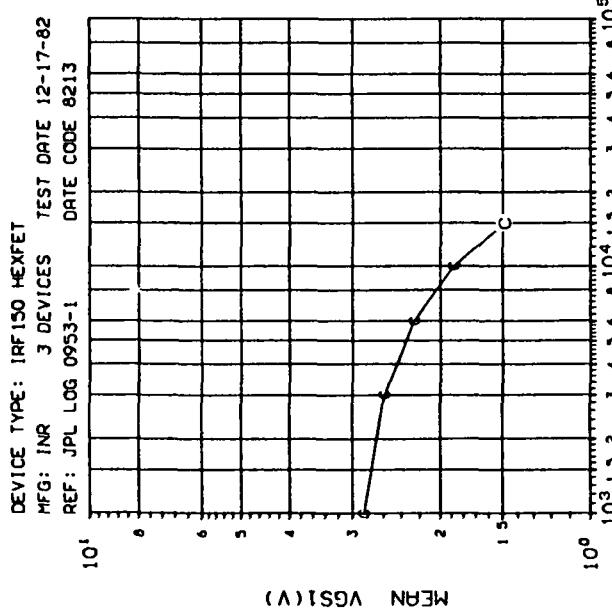
DOSE, rads(Si) Co60 Gammas

(2) IDSS (VDS=30V, VGS=0) IN NA vs DOSE

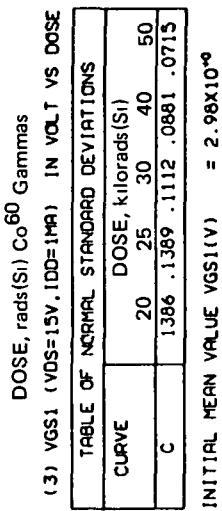
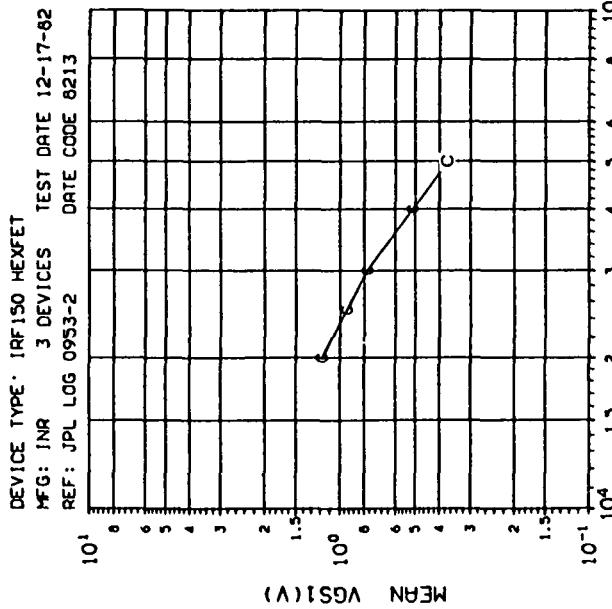
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
A	75	150	300
B	600	1200	2400

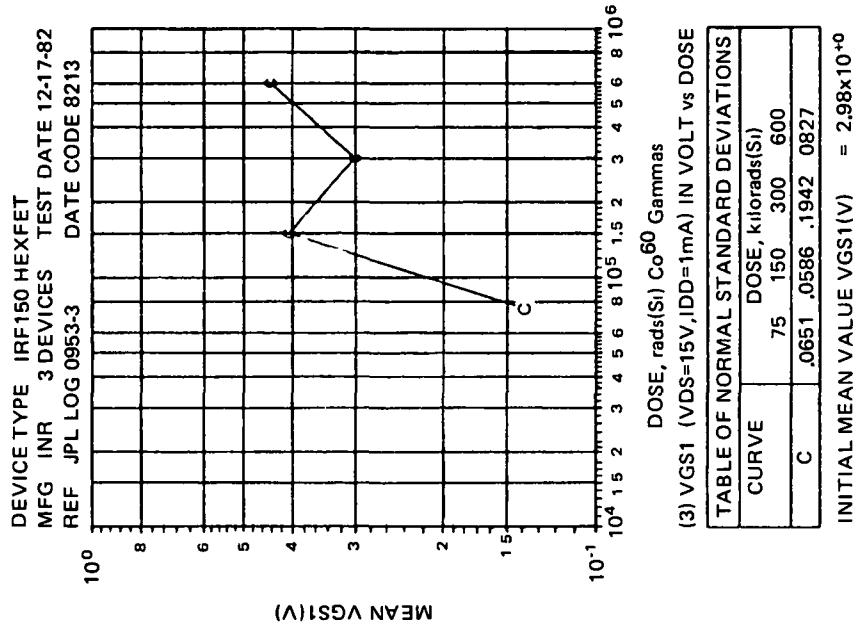
INITIAL MEAN VALUE 1DSS(NA) = $7.03 \times 10^{+3}$

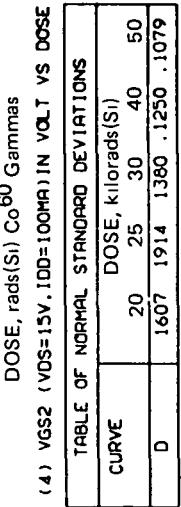
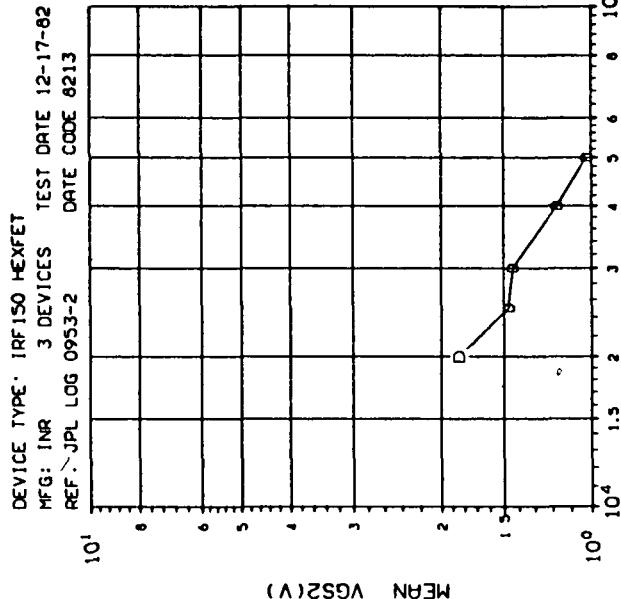
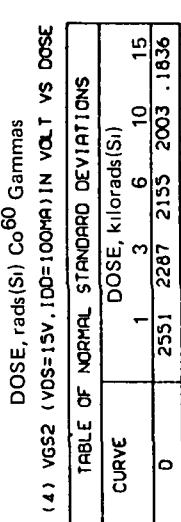
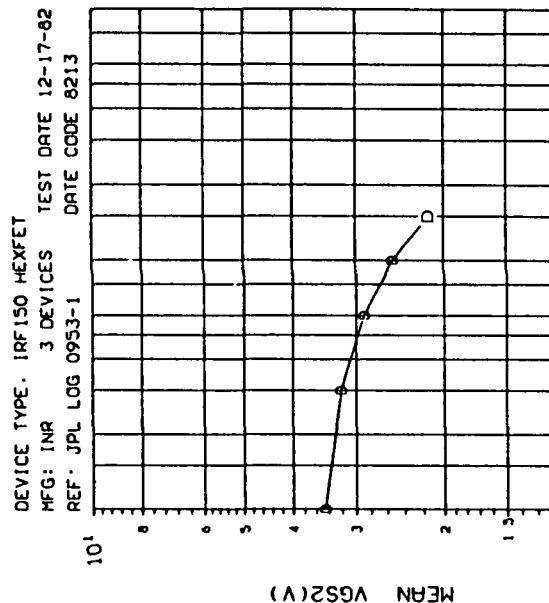


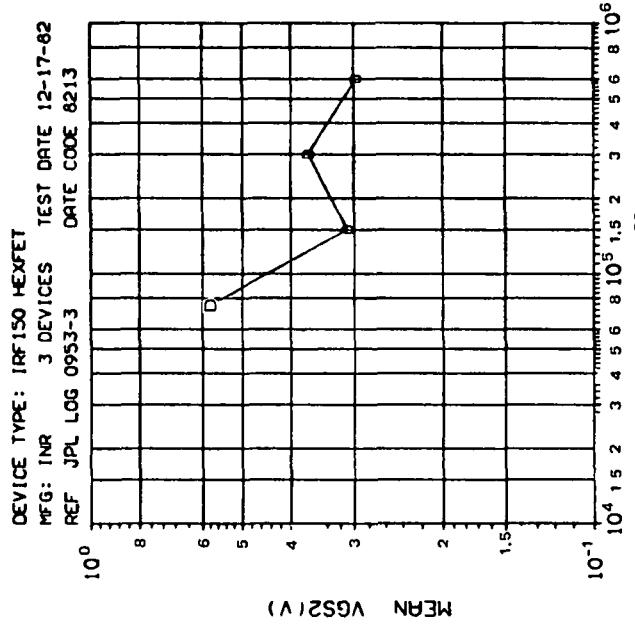
INITIAL MEAN VALUE VGS1(V) = 2.98×10^{-6}



INITIAL MEAN VALUE VGS1(V) = 2.98×10^{-6}







(4) VGS2 (VDS=15V, ID0=100mA) IN VOLT VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
	75	150	300
D	3595	1225	2377 .2091

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VGS2(V) = 3.59x10⁻⁹

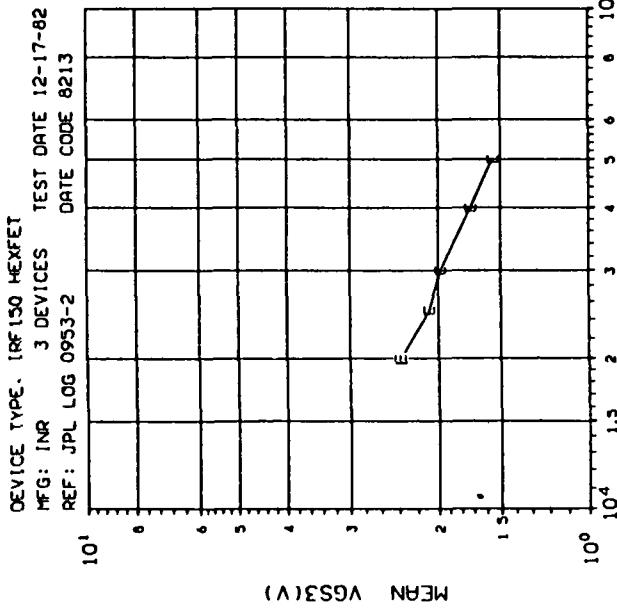
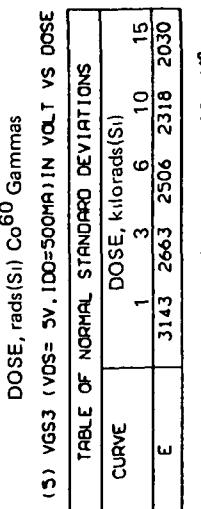
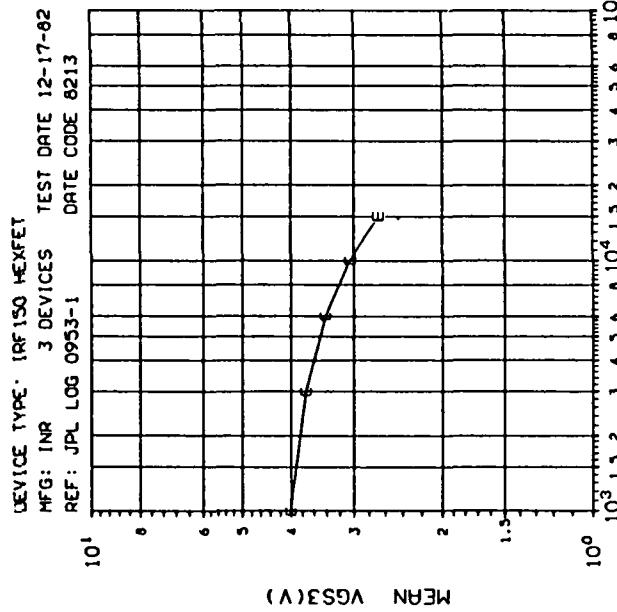
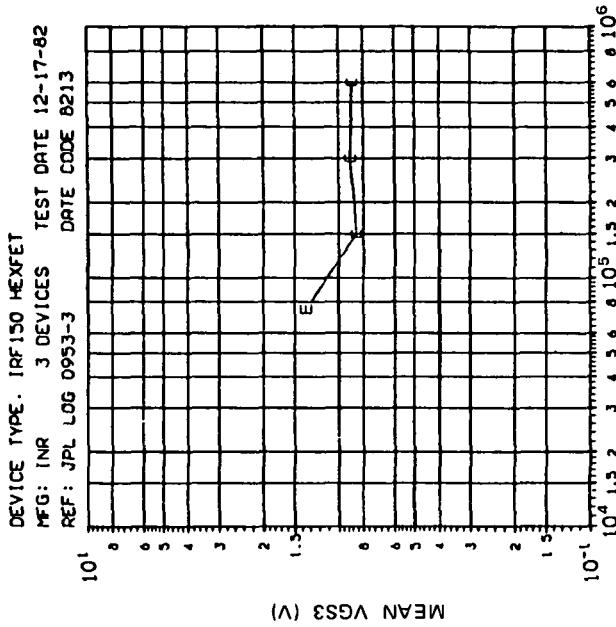


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS					
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)				
E	1	3	6	10	15
E	3143	2663	2506	2318	2030

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VGS3(V) = 4.03x10⁻⁹ INITIAL MEAN VALUE VGS3(V) = 4.03x10⁻⁹

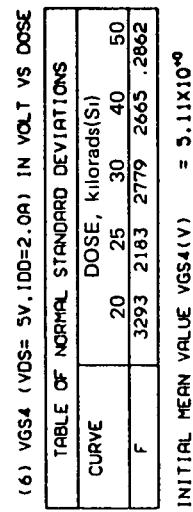
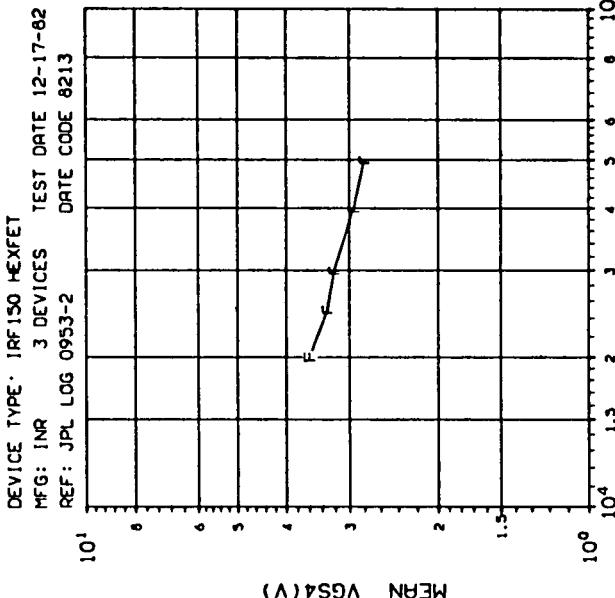
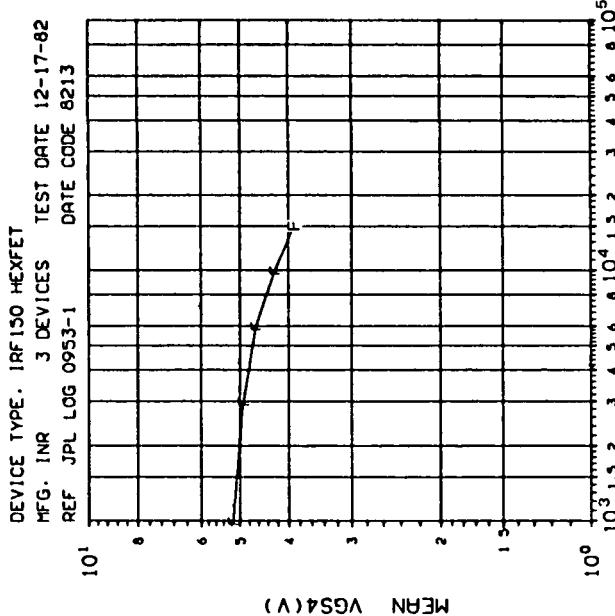
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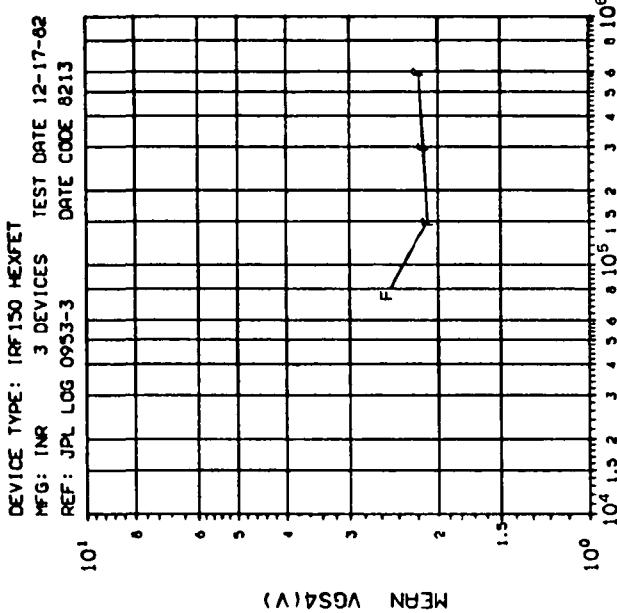


(5) V_{GS3} ($V_{DS} = 5\text{V}, I_{DD} = 500\text{mA}$) IN VOLTS VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)		
	75	150	300
E	1868	1628	2713
			2845

INITIAL MEAN VALUE $V_{GS3}(V) = 4.03 \times 10^{-4}$





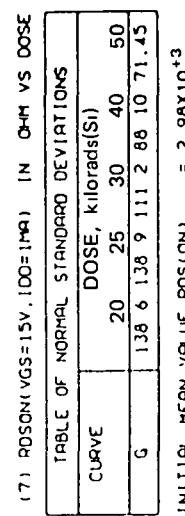
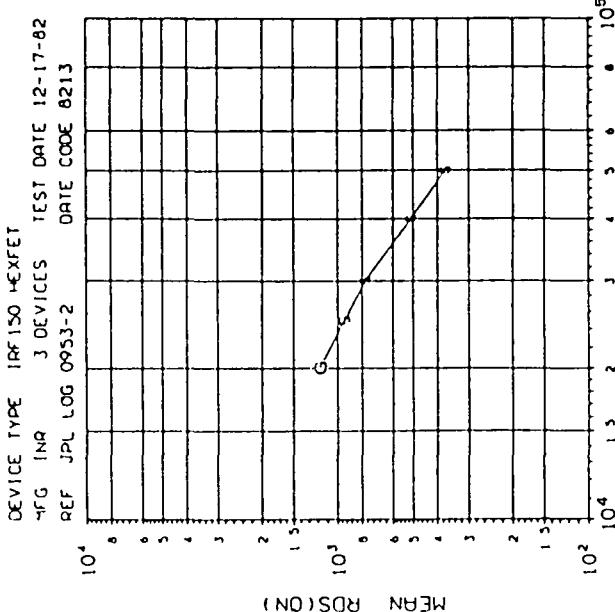
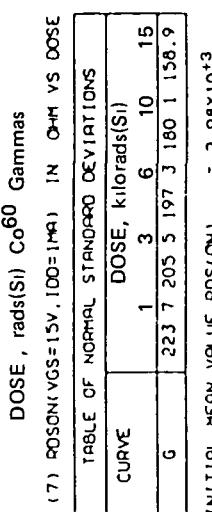
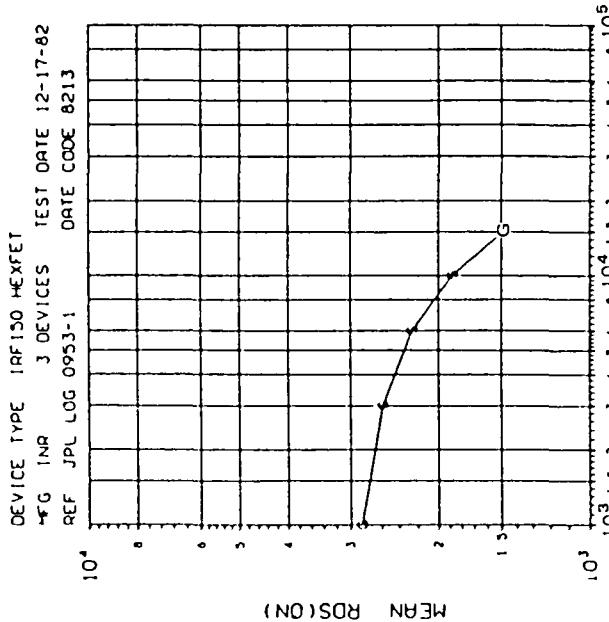
(6) VGS4 (VDS= 5V, ID=2.0A) IN VOLT VS DOSE

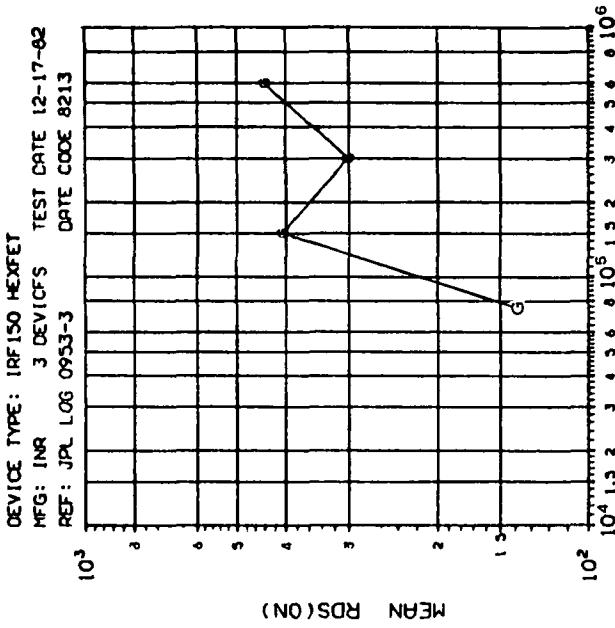
DOSE, rads(Si) Co60 Gammas

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	75	150	300	600
F	2689 .2411 3500 .4102				

INITIAL MEAN VALUE VGS4(V) = 5.11x10⁻⁹



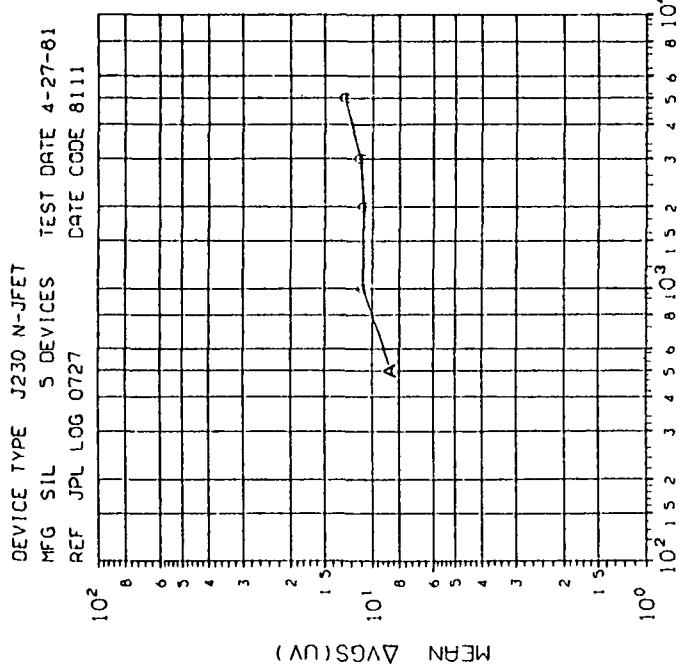


(7) $R_{DS(ON)}$ VS DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(SI)		
	75	150	300
G	65.11	58.59	194.2
			82.66

INITIAL MEAN VALUE $R_{DS(ON)} = 2.98 \times 10^{+3}$



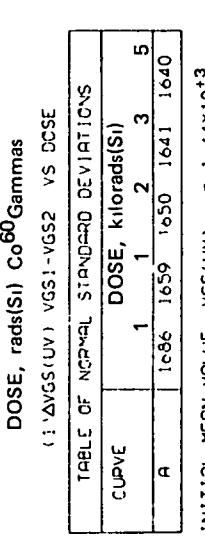
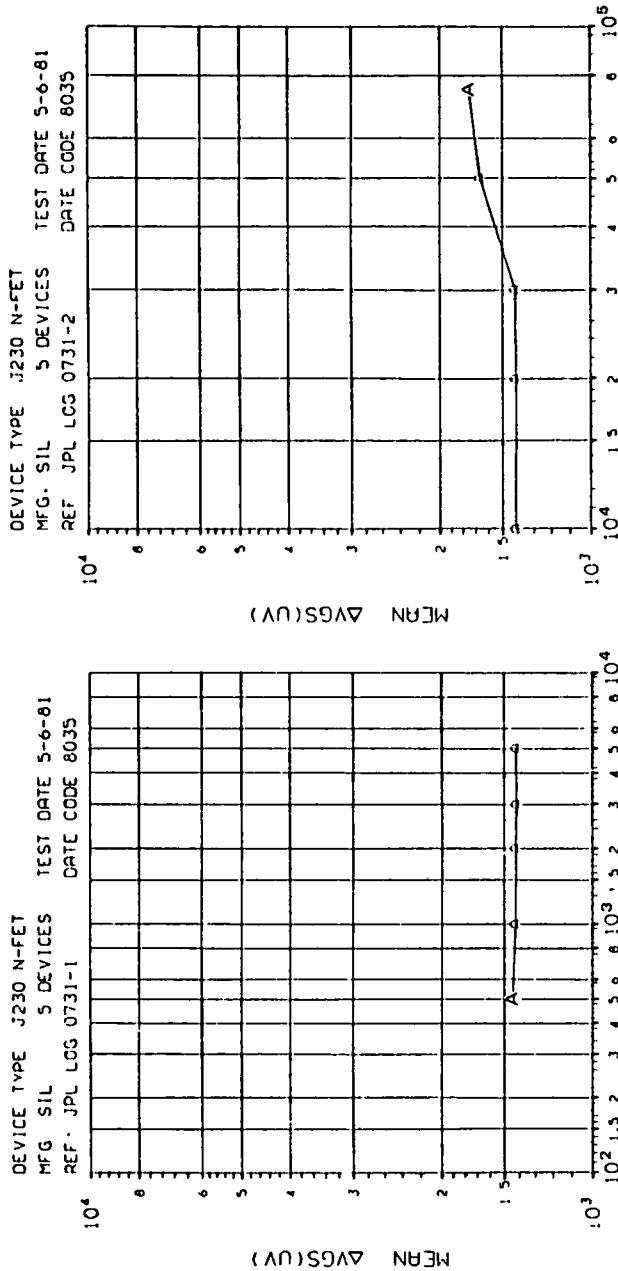
DOSE, rads(Si) Co₆₀ Gammas

(1, AVG(S(UV)), VGS1-VGS2 VS DCSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIAT CNS					
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)				
	.5	1	2	3	5
A	1 293	1 867	1 512	1 346	1 108

INITIAL MEAN VALUE = 7.68x10⁻⁹

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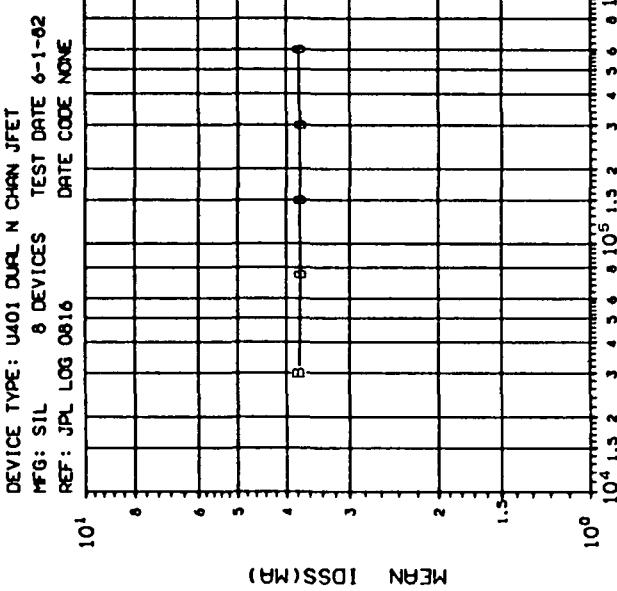
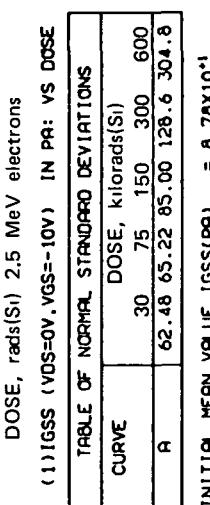
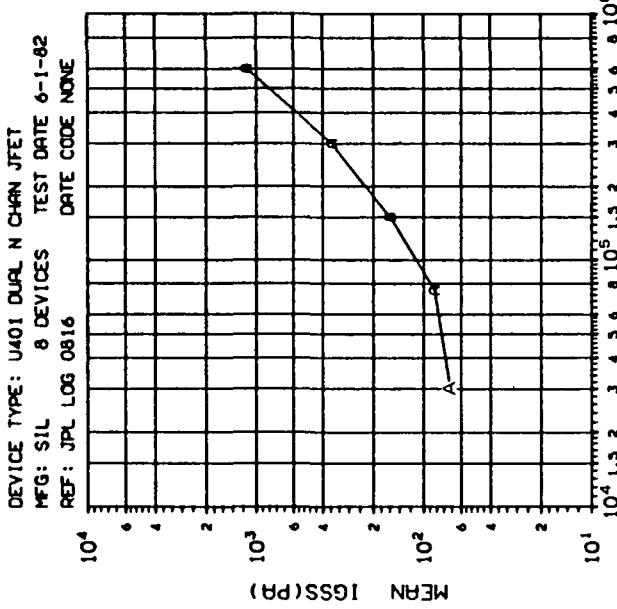
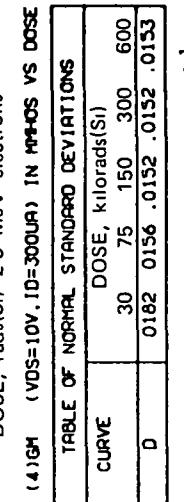
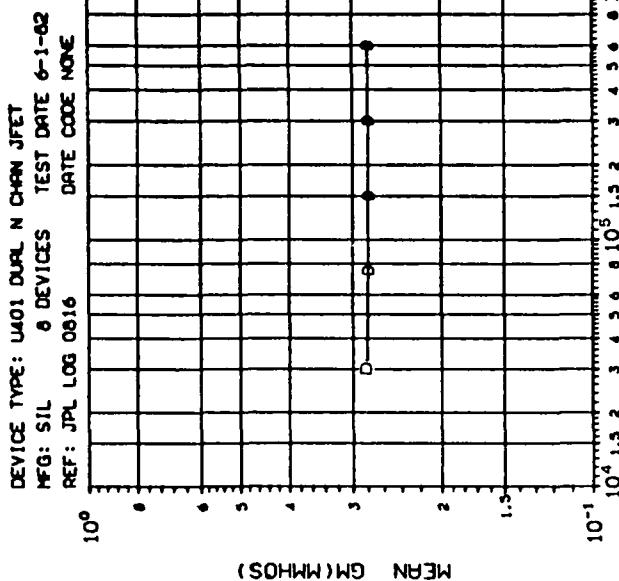
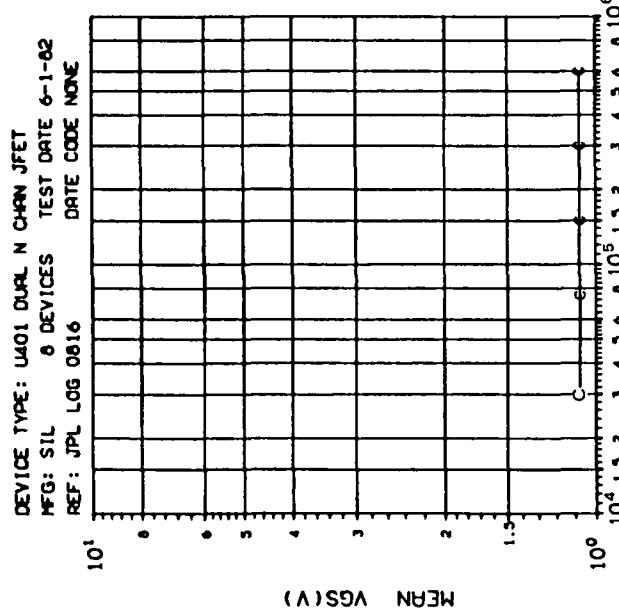
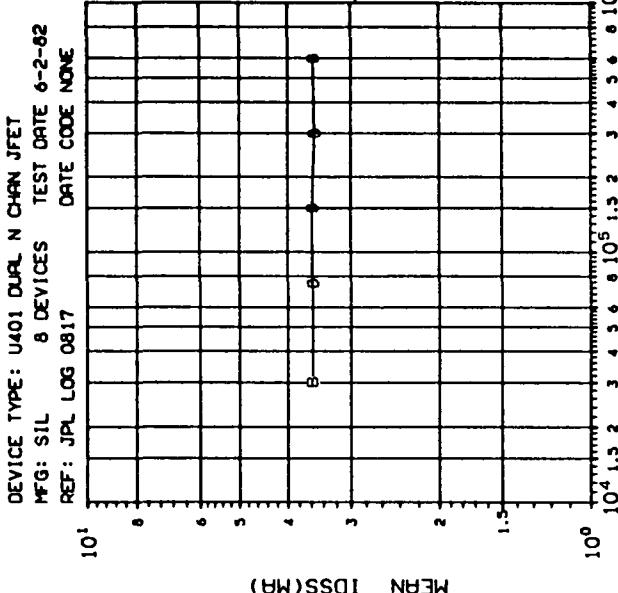
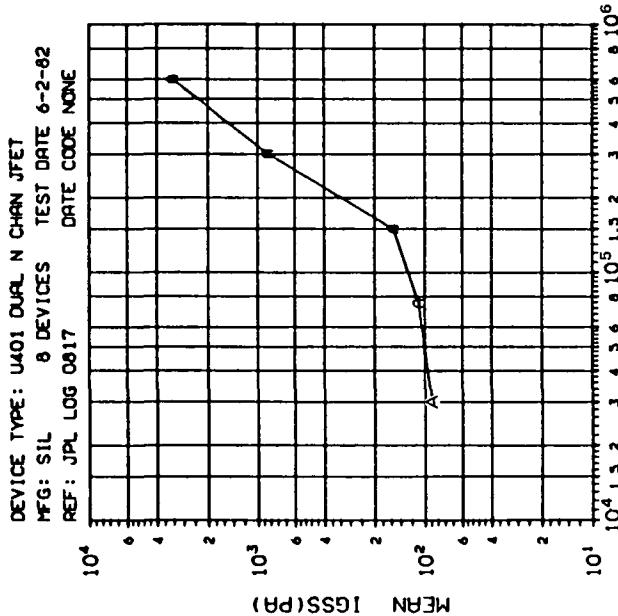


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
B	.2980 .2966 .3065 .3009 .3250	.2980 .2966 .3065 .3009 .3250

INITIAL MEAN VALUE IDSS(MA) = 3.80x10⁻⁹





(1) $IGSS(VDS=0V, VGS=-10V)$ IN PA: VS DOSE

(2) $DSS(VDS=10V, VGS=0V)$ IN MA: VS DOSE

DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, MeV electrons
30	30	30
B	1.261	1.264

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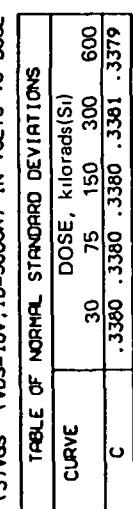
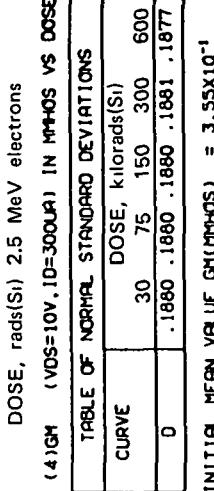
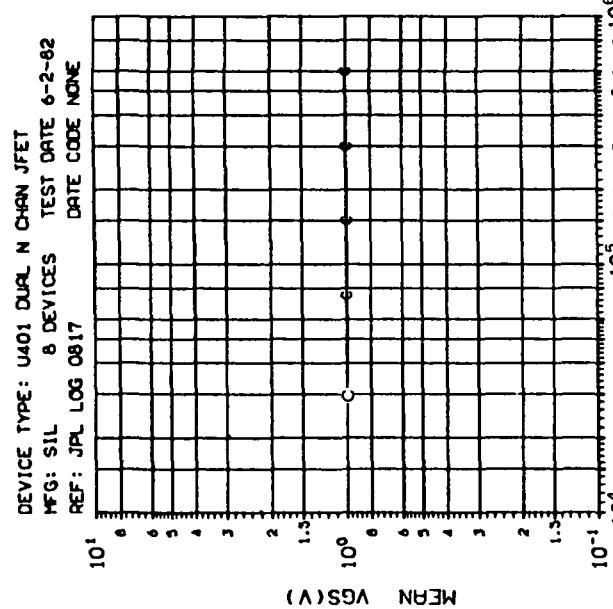
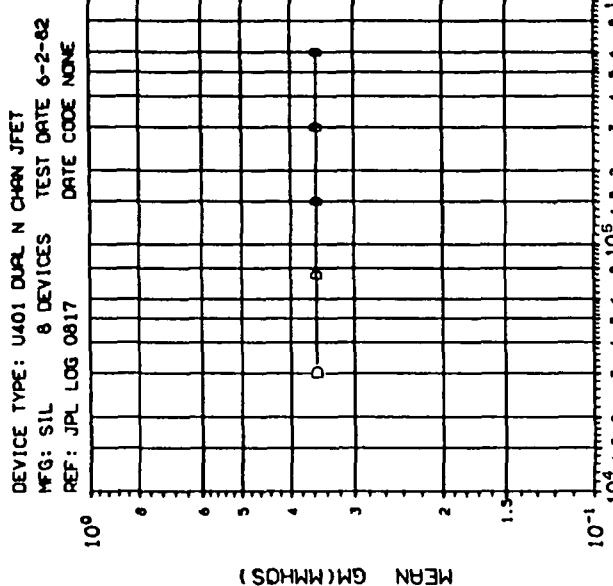
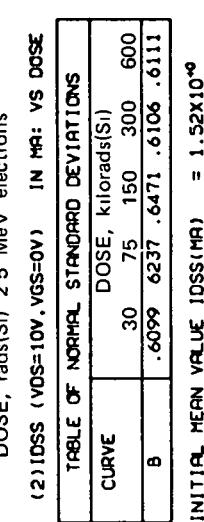
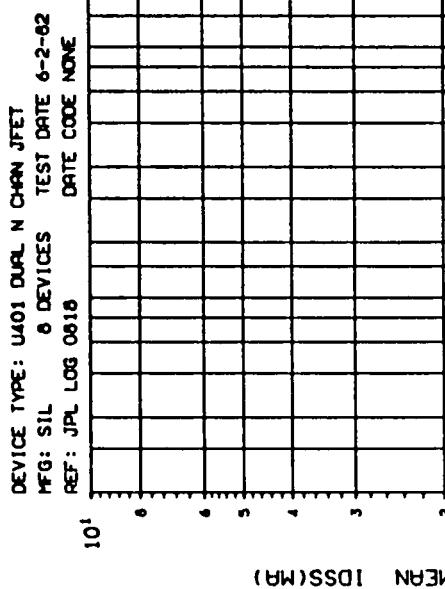
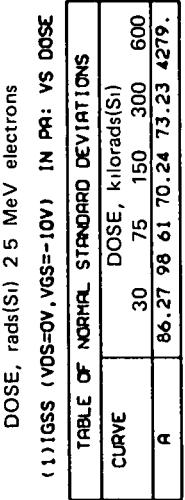
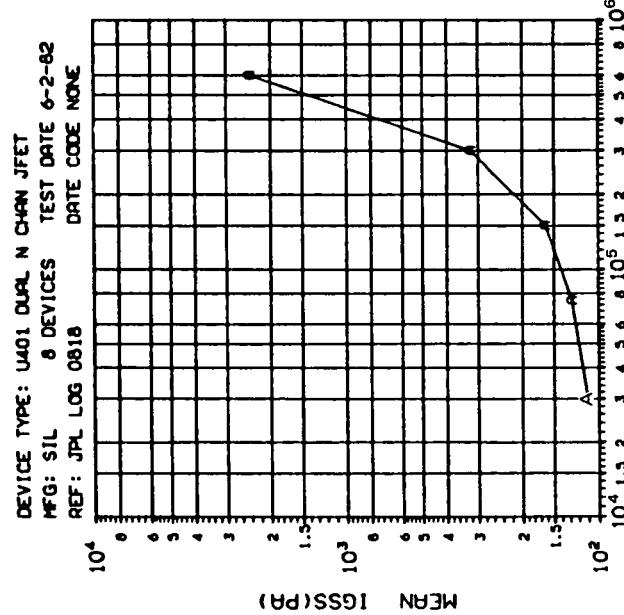
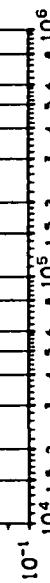
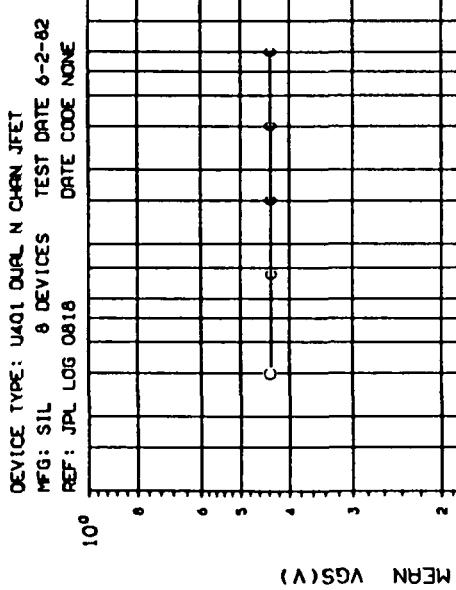


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
C	30 75 150 300 600	30 75 150 300 600
C	.3380 .3380 .3380 .3381 .3379	.1880 .1880 .1880 .1881 .1877

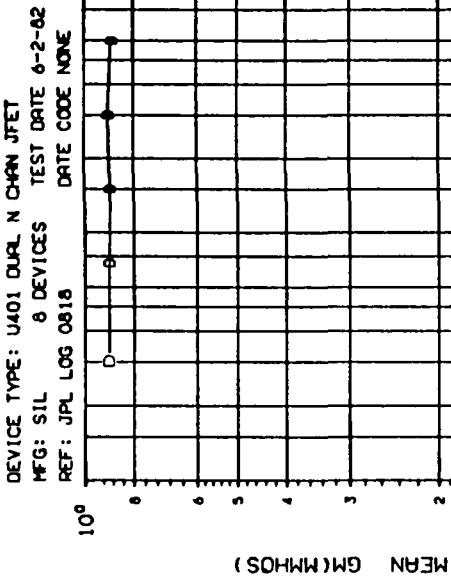
INITIAL MEAN VALUE GM(MHQDS) = 3.55x10⁻¹



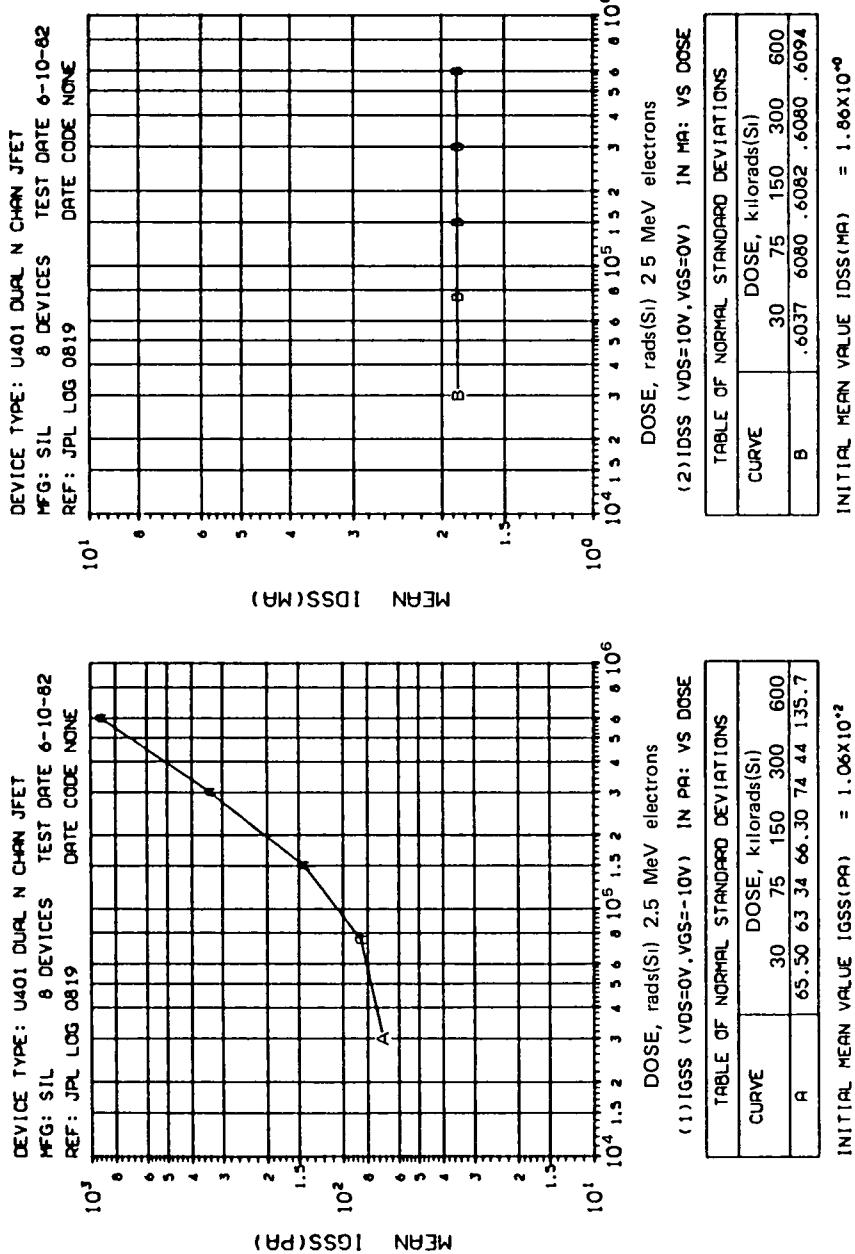


CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
C	30 75 150 300 600
	.1923 1923 1919 1922 1923

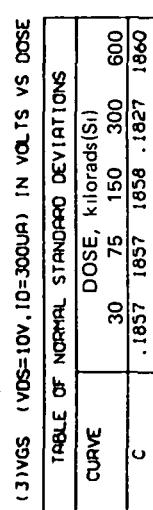
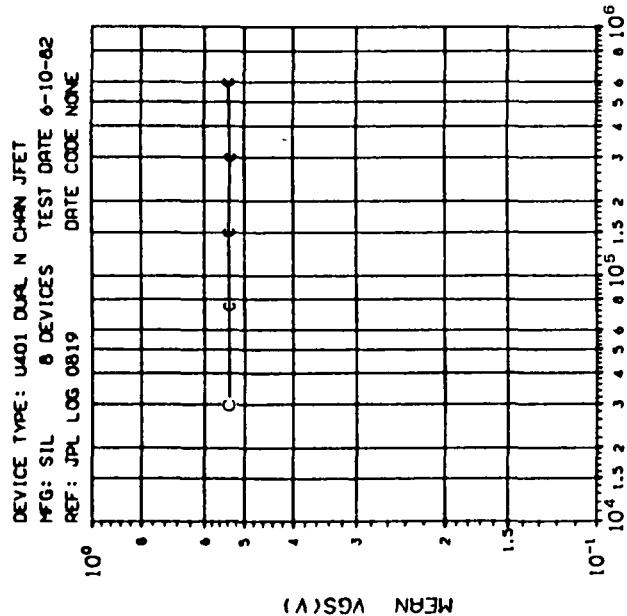
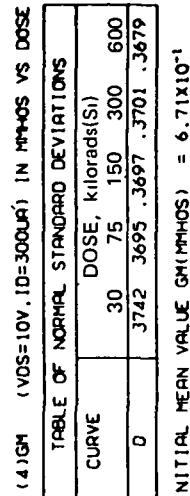
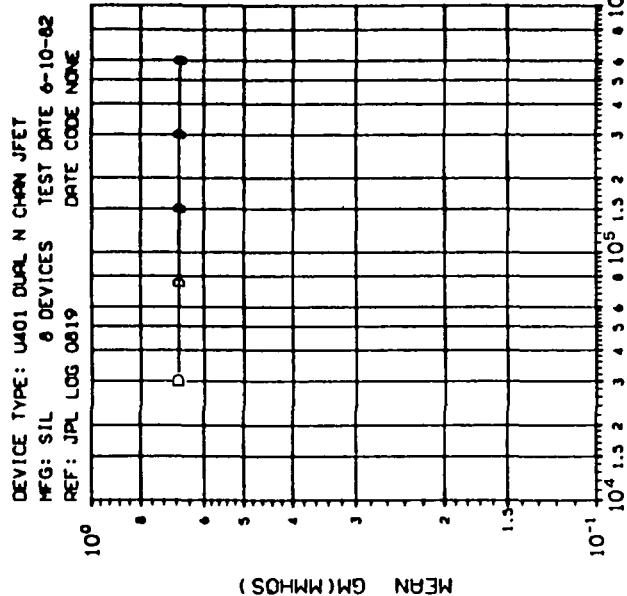
INITIAL MEAN VALUE GM(MMHOS) = 8.96×10^{-1}

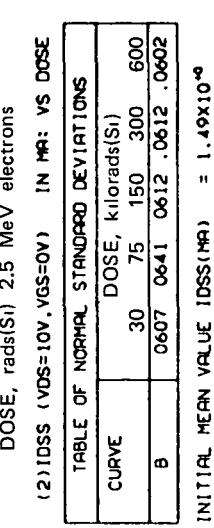
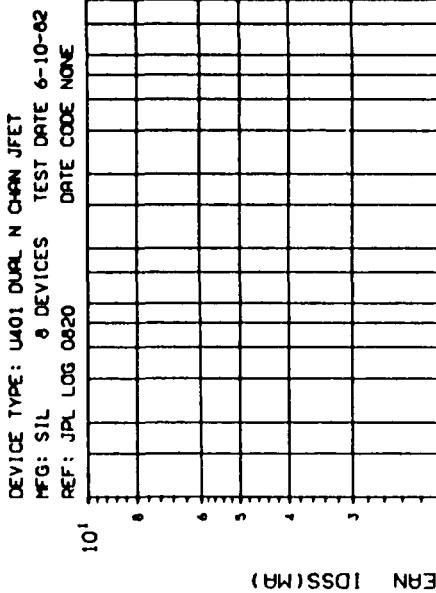
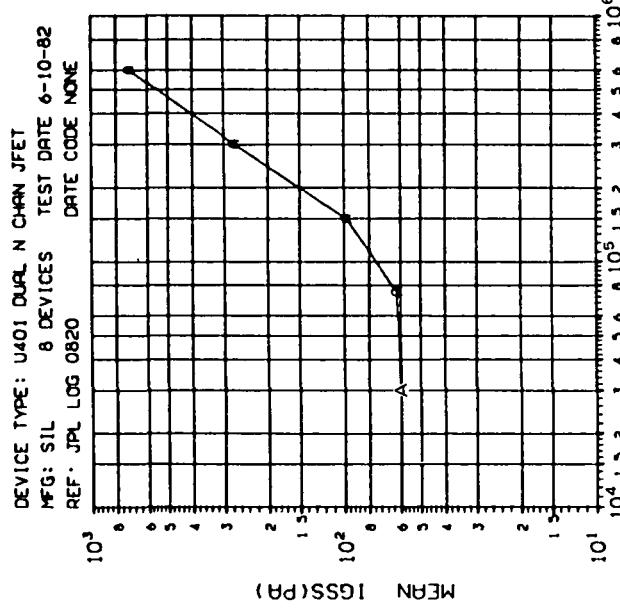


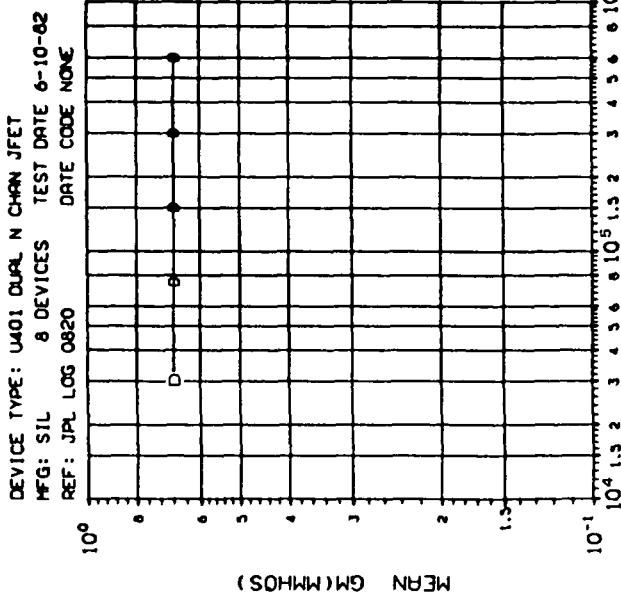
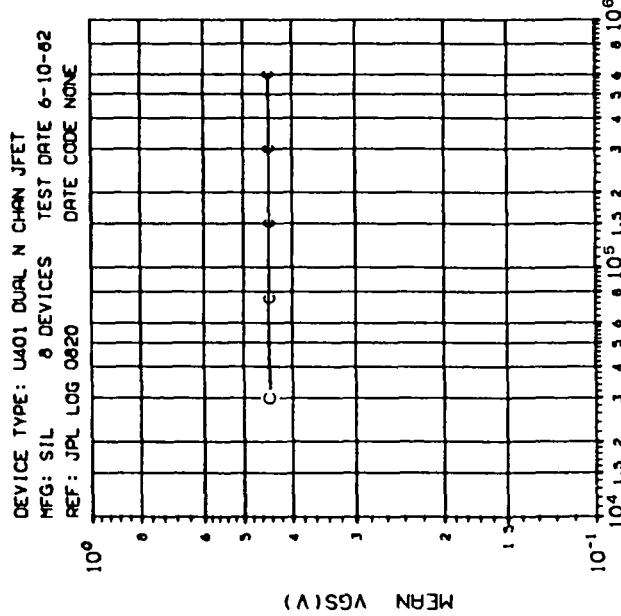
CURVE	DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons (VGS=10V, 10=300Ω) IN MMHOS VS DOSE
D	.5686 .5687 .5641 .5589 .5655

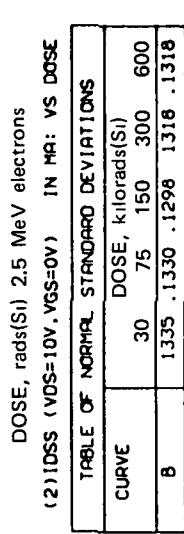
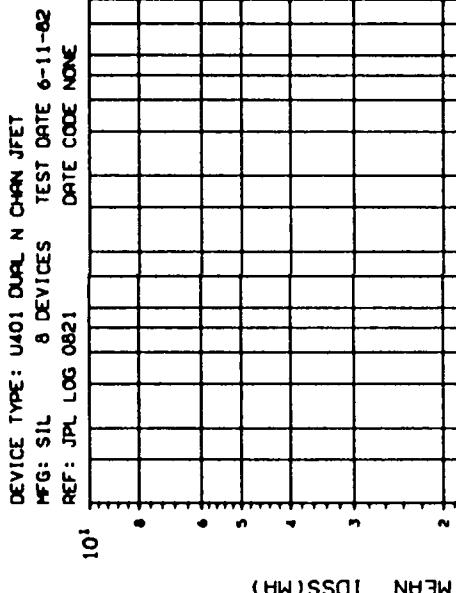
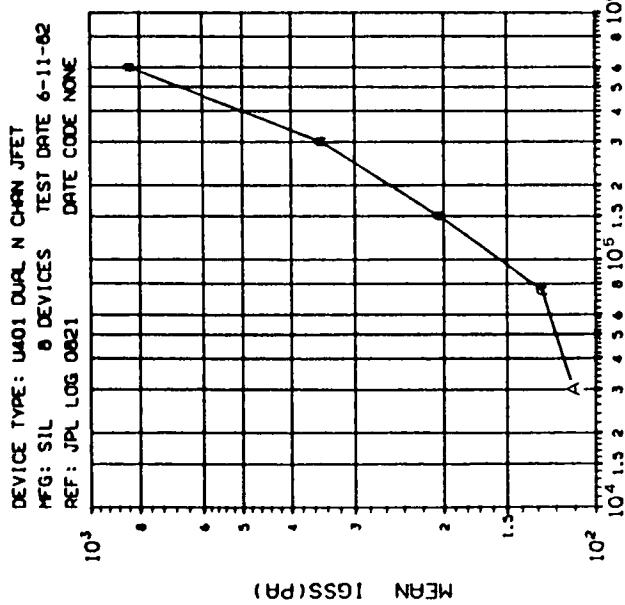


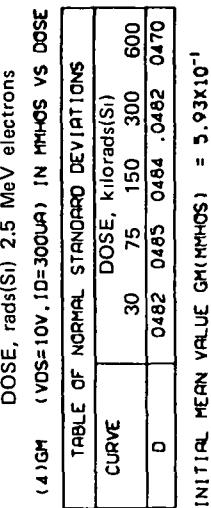
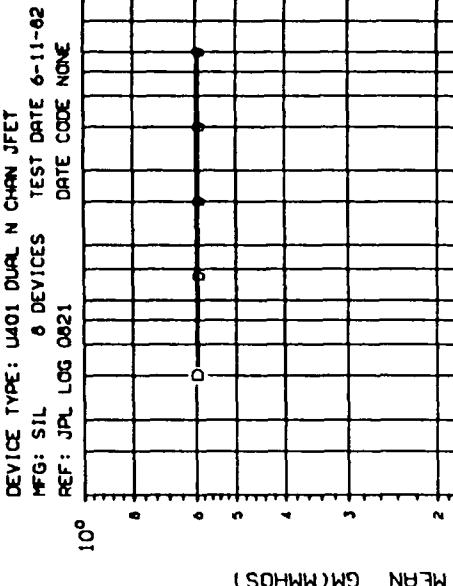
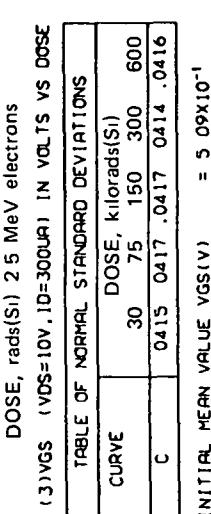
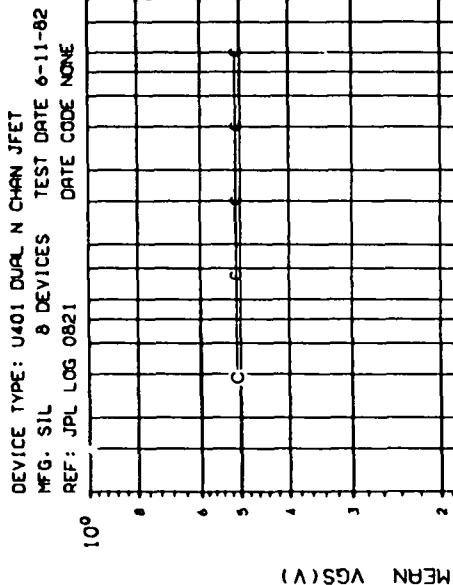
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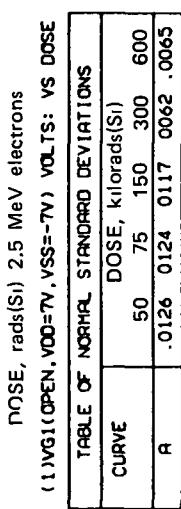
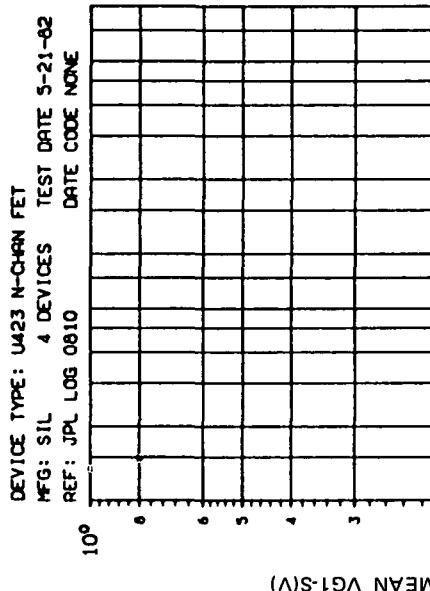
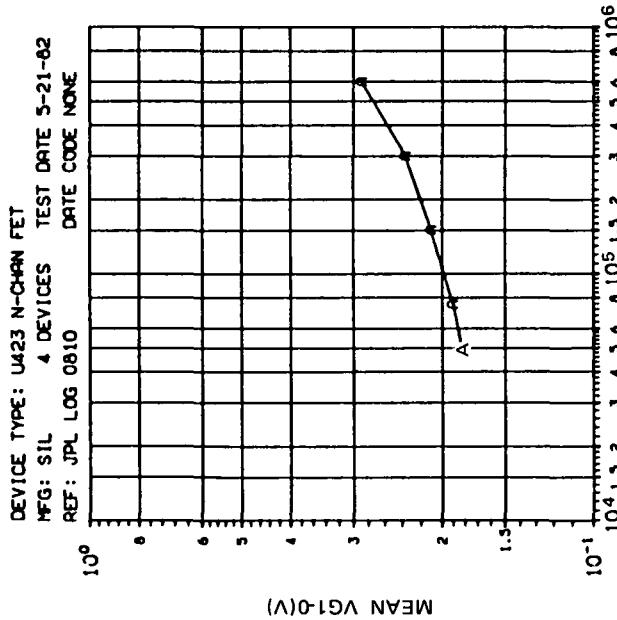


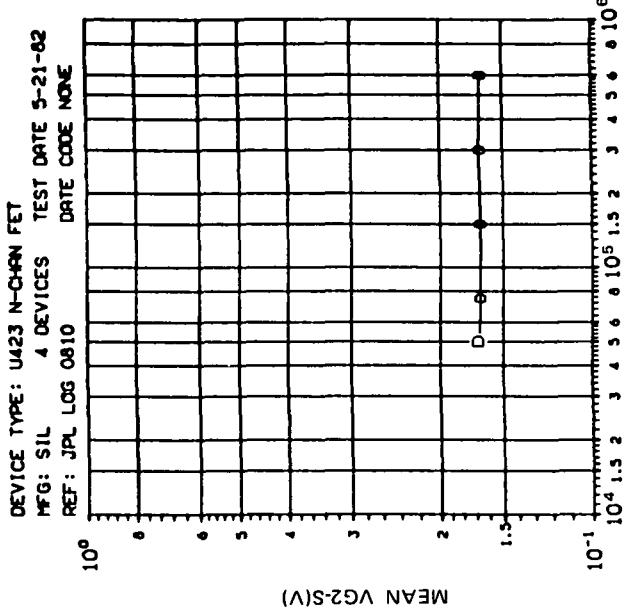
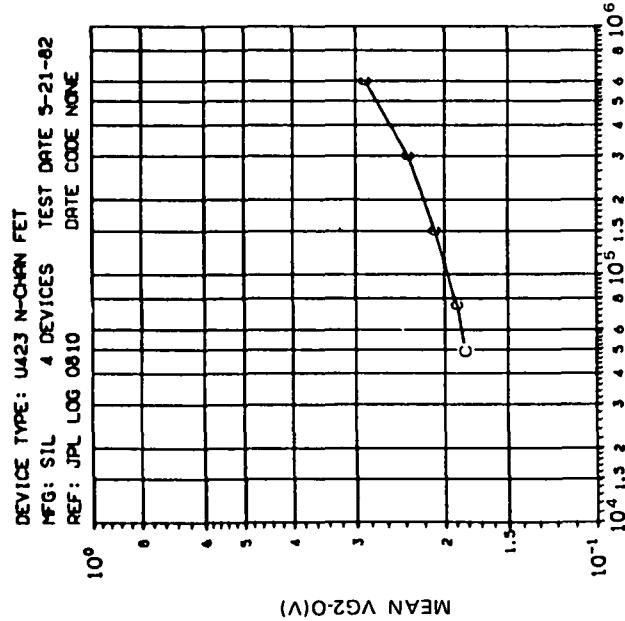












DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons
 (A)VG2(SHORT, VDD=7V, VSS=-7V) VOLTS: VS DOSE

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)	DOSE, kilorads(Si)			
	50	75	150	300	600
O	.0083	.0085	.0077	.0085	.0077

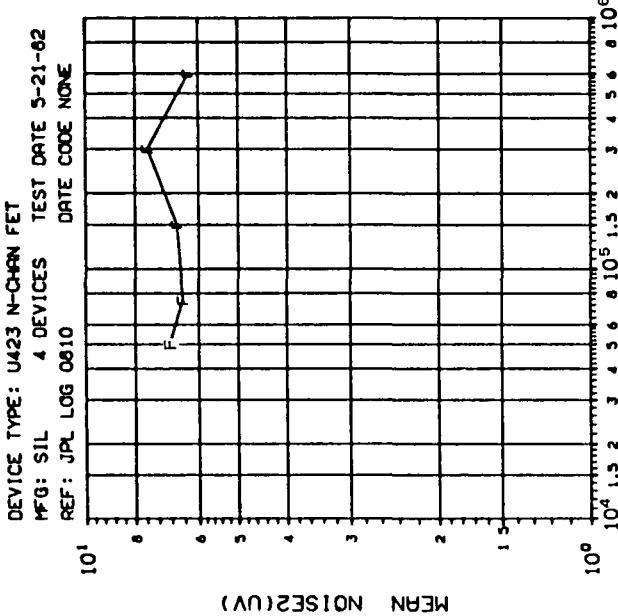
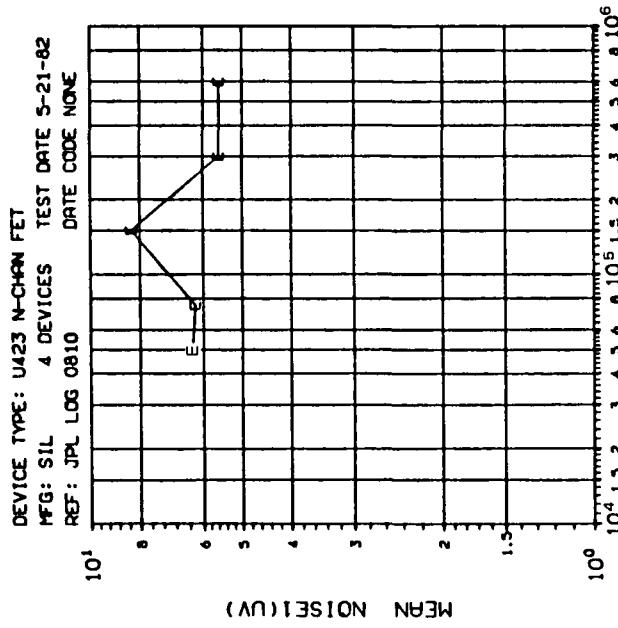
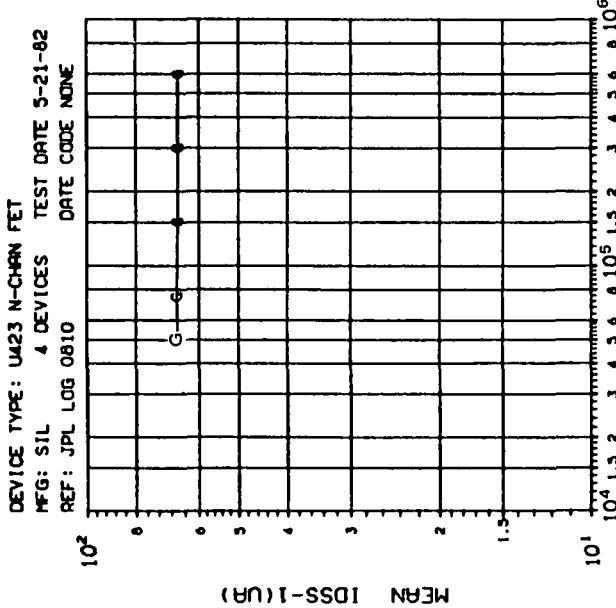


TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
E	50 75 150 300 600
F	.4082 .4992 1.544 .6702 6292

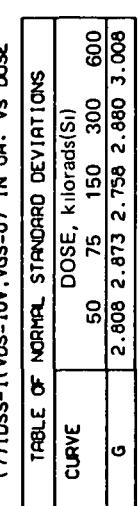
INITIAL MEAN VALUE NOISE1(UV) = 4.90×10^{-9}

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS	
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)
F	50 75 150 300 600
F	1.139 .4933 1.477 2.958 .4787

INITIAL MEAN VALUE NOISE2(UV) = 5.57×10^{-9}



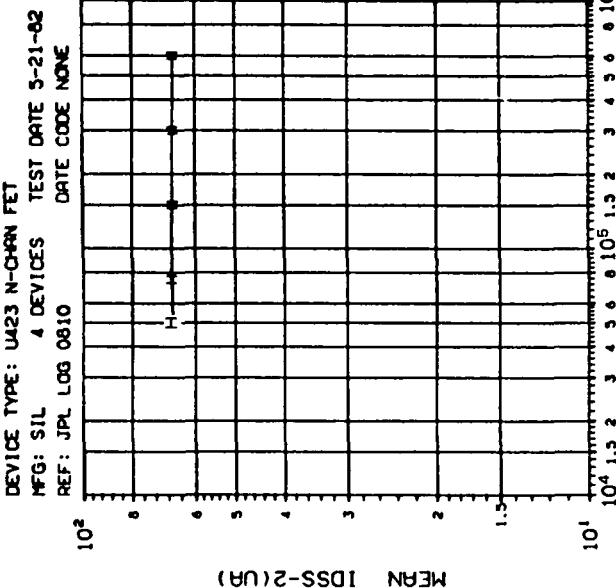
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS						
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)					
G	50	75	150	300	600	
	2.808	2.873	2.758	2.880	3.008	
H	2.873	2.783	2.851	2.865	2.943	

INITIAL MEAN VALUE IDSS-2(UR) = 6.65×10^{-1}



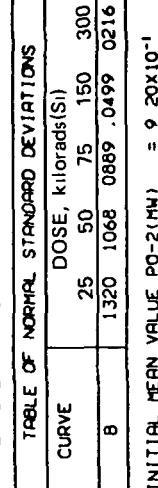
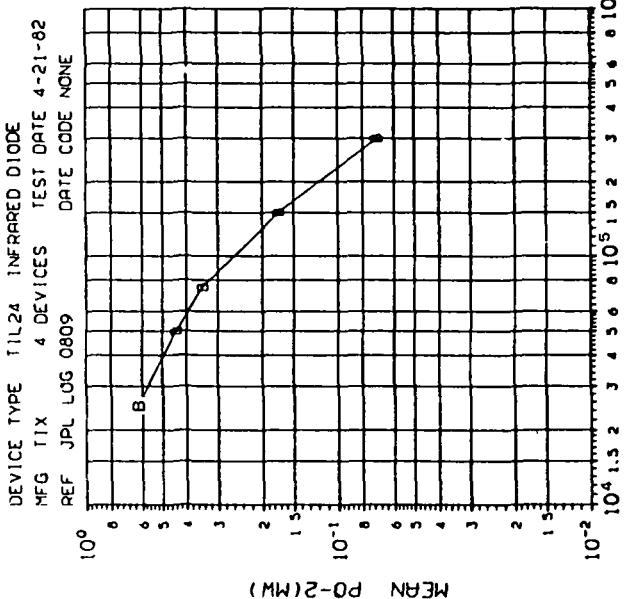
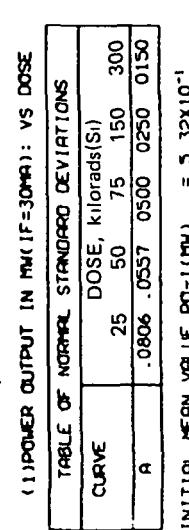
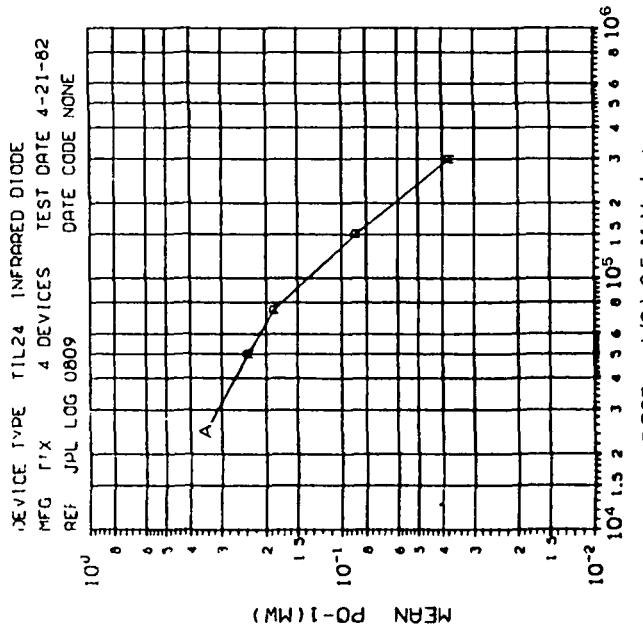
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

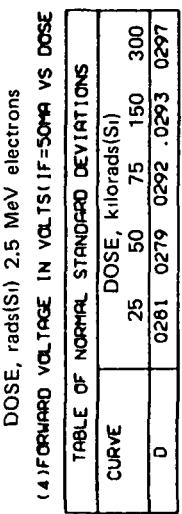
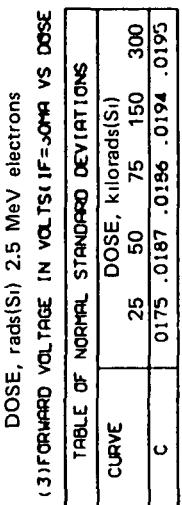
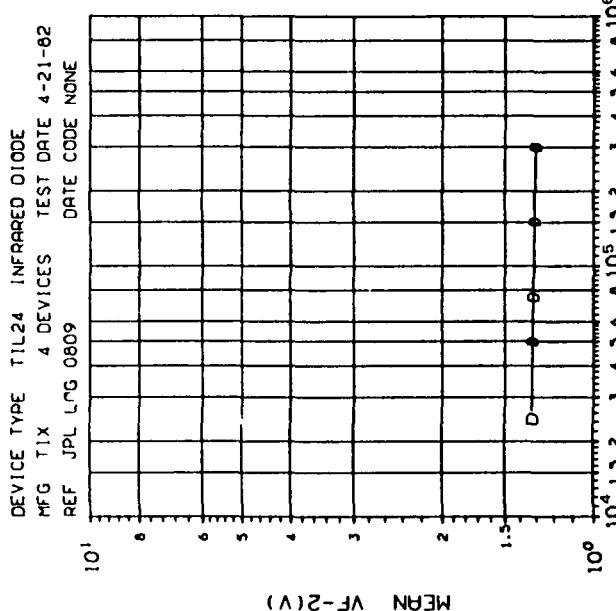
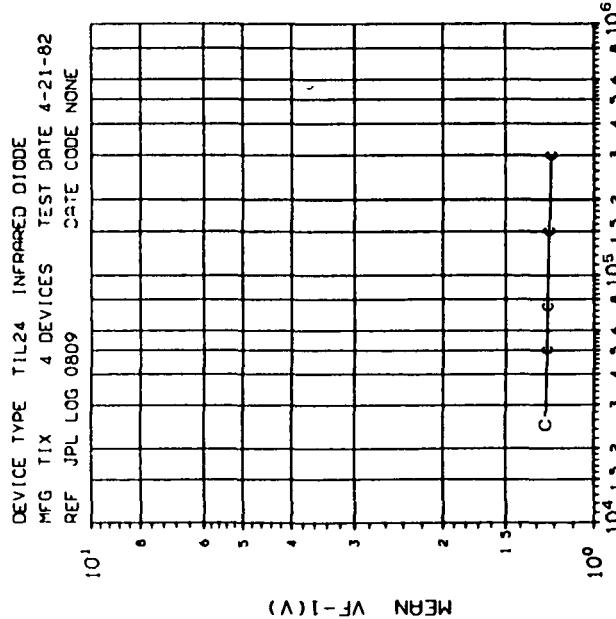
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS						
CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)					
G	50	75	150	300	600	
	2.808	2.873	2.758	2.880	3.008	
H	2.873	2.783	2.851	2.865	2.943	

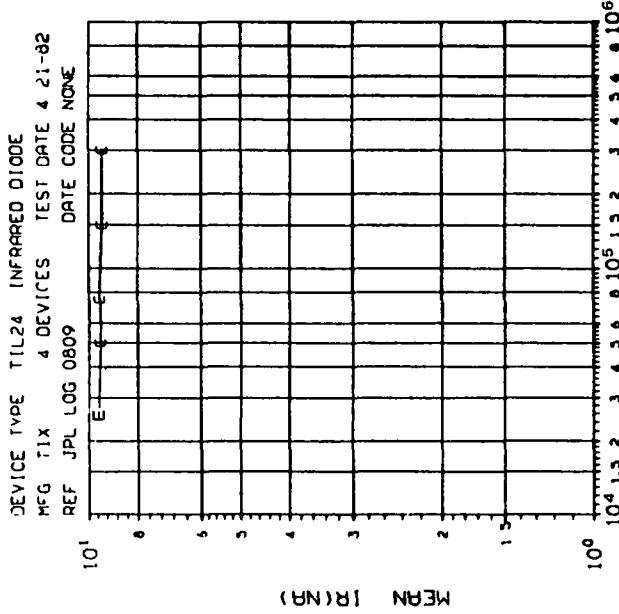
INITIAL MEAN VALUE IDSS-2(UR) = 6.71×10^{-1}

E. OPTICAL DEVICES

Each optical device uses a Gallium Arsenide (GaAs) infrared-emitting diode (IR-LED). The emission efficiency of GaAs LEDs is greatly reduced by irradiation due to bulk damage.







DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(S)REVERSE CURRENT IN NVR=-1.0V: VS DOSE

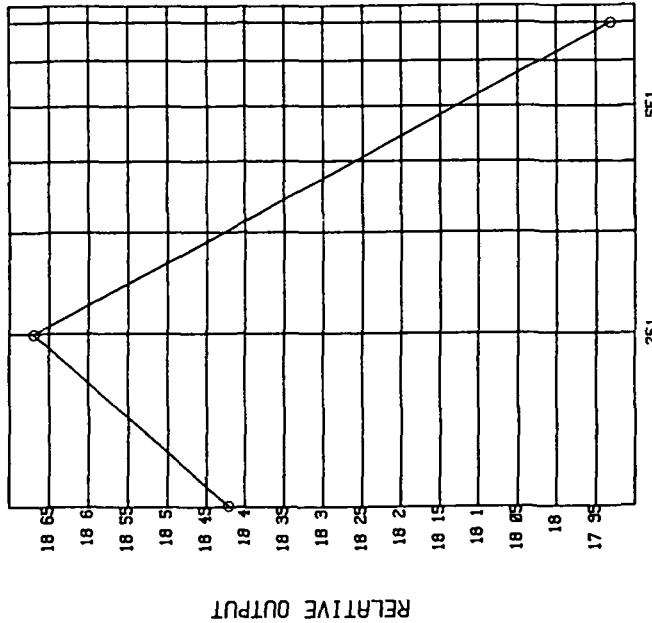
TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS

CURVE	DOSE, kilorads(Si)			
	25	50	75	150
E	17.62	17.67	17.65	17.72

INITIAL MEAN VALUE IR(NA) = 9.60x10^-6

DEVICE TYPE TIL-24 IR-LED
 MFG TIX 100 DEVICE(S) TEST DATE 12/15/83
 REF JPL LOG# 1023 DATE CODE

DEVICE TYPE TIL-24 IR-LED
 MFG TIX 100 DEVICE(S) TEST DATE 12-15-83
 REF JPL LOG# 1023 DATE CODE NONE



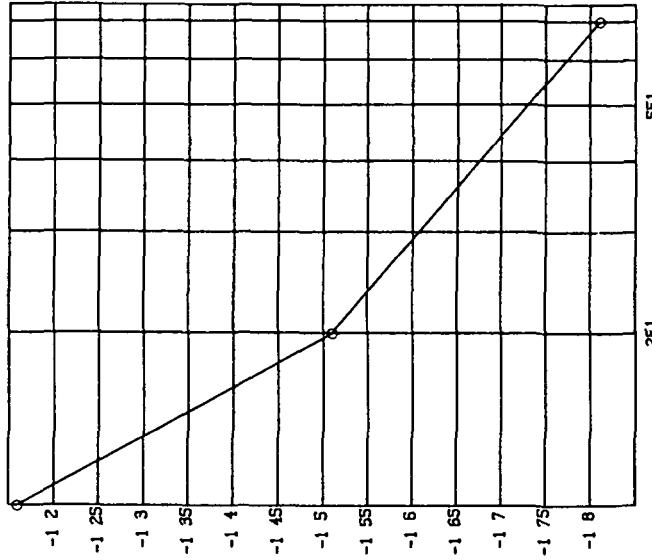
DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(1) RELATIVE OUTPUT vs DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)
1E1	2E1	7E1	
2.4E1	2.6E1	3.4E1	2.4E1

INITIAL MEAN VALUE (RELATIVE OUTPUT) = 2E1

Δ RELATIVE OUTPUT



DOSE, rads(Si) 2.5 MeV electrons

(2) Δ RELATIVE OUTPUT vs DOSE

TABLE OF NORMAL STANDARD DEVIATIONS			
DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)	DOSE, rads(Si)
1E1	2E1	7E1	
2.4E1	2.6E1	3.4E1	2.4E1

INITIAL MEAN VALUE (RELATIVE OUTPUT) = 2E1

APPENDIX A

VENDOR CODE IDENTIFICATION LIST

VENDOR CODE IDENTIFICATION LIST

INR International Rectifier Semiconductor, Inc.
MOT Motorola, Inc., Semiconductor Products Division
NSC National Semiconductor Corp.
RAY Raytheon Company
SCN Semicon, Inc.
SIL Siliconix Devices, Inc.
SOD Solitron Devices, Inc.
TIX Texas Instruments, Inc.
UTR Unitrode Corporation

APPENDIX B

**SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE ELECTRICAL PARAMETER
SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE ELECTRICAL PARAMETER

SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

V_G	Gate voltage
g_m	Transconductance (FET)
g_m^1/g_m^2	Transconductance ratio (FET)
h_{FE}	Common-emitter static forward current transfer ratio (gain)
I_{CBO}	Collector cutoff current open emitter
I_{CEO}	Collector cutoff current (dc) base open
I_{CER}	Collector cutoff current (dc)
$I_D^{(off)}$	Drain cutoff current (FET)
I_{DSS}	Zero-gate-voltage drain current (FET)
I_{DSS_1}/I_{DSS_2}	Zero-gate-voltage drain current ratio (FET)
I_{GSS}	Reverse gate current (FET)
I_{GSS_1}/I_{GSS_2}	Reverse gate current ratio (FET)
I_R	Reverse leakage current, diode
NOISE	Noise voltage at specified frequency (Hz)
$R_D^{(on)}$	Drain-source on-state resistance (FET)
$R_{EC}^{(on)}$	Emitter-collector (on) resistance
V_{DS}	Drain-source voltage (FET)
$V_{EC}^{(off)}$	Emitter-collector (offset) voltage
V_{GS}	Gate-source voltage (FET)
ΔV_{GS}	Radiation-induced change in gate-source voltage (FET)
V_F	Forward voltage, IR-LED
V_R	Reverse voltage, diode
V_Z	Reference voltage, diode

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