Provided by NASA Technical Reports Server

56416 68. NASA TM-88526

NASA TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

DIFFRACTION EFFICIENCY OF PHOTOTHERMOPLASTIC LAYERS FOR THE RECORDING OF DISCRETE HOLOGRAMS

S. N. Koreshev, Yu. A. Cherkasov, I. L. Kislovskiy

Translation of "Diffraktsionnaya effektivnost' fototermoplasticheskikh sloyev pri registratsii diskretnykh gologramm," Zhurnal nauchnoy i prikladnoy fotografii i kinematografii, vol. 23, May-June 1978, pp. 213-215.

(NASA-TM-88526) DIFFRACTION EFFICIENCY OF FHOTOTHERMOPLASTIC LAYERS FOR THE RECORDING CF DISCRETE HOLOGRAMS (National Aeronautics and Space Administration) 6 p CSCL 14E

N87-18056

Unclas G3/35 43286

DIFFRACTION EFFICIENCY OF PHOTOTHERMOPLASTIC LAYERS FOR THE RECORDING OF DISCRETE HOLOGRAMS

S. N. Koreshev, Yu. A. Cherkasov, I. L. Kislovskiy

The diffraction efficiency of η holograms recorded on photo-/213* thermoplastic (FTP) layers reaches 20-30% [1]. In a number of actual holographic devices, however, holographic recording is done in digital form, which leads to substantial reduction of η [2]. This article deals with a theoretical and experimental study of η for actual FTP [1] and typical digital holograms.

We shall examine the dependence of the η of a digital phase Fourier hologram of a point object on the amount of deformation Δ and the discrete-structure parameters representing the hologram. Let N be the number of discrete elements representing the hologram (Fig. 1), let d be the digitization time of the hologram, let a be the size of a digital element, and let k be the ratio of the hologram's period to its digitization period.

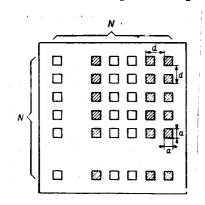


Fig. 1. Structure of digital hologram.

As opposed to the usual outline for calculating η [3], when deriving the transmission function of phase holograms we accounted for transmission of an optical mask, which was used to perform digitization.

In the assumption that the law of phase change for the light passing through the hologram when it is regenerated is identical to the distribution law of illu-

mination intensity in the interference pattern when recording the hologram, η can be described by expression /214

^{*}Numbers in the margin indicate pagination in the foreign text.

$$\eta = \frac{1}{(Nd)^4} \left| \frac{Nkd}{\pi} \left\{ d \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{k}\right) - a \sin\left(\frac{\pi a}{kd}\right) \right\} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi N}{k}\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{k}\right)} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{k}(N+1)} - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{m}{2} \right]^2, \qquad (1)$$

where I_1 is a Bessel function of the first kind to the first power; m is the phase difference of the light perpendicularly striking the hologram and passing through segments of the hologram with maximum and minimum depth of deformation.

Expression (1) describes the η of digital holograms with square digitization elements. Note that if N/k is a whole number, then, considering that $m=2\pi(n_0-1)\Delta/\lambda$, expression (1) can be rewritten as

$$\eta = (a/d)^{4} I_{1}^{2} [\pi (n_{0}-1) \Delta/\lambda], \qquad (2)$$

where n_0 is the index of refraction of the FTP; Δ is the amount of deformation; λ is the wavelength of the radiation regenerating the hologram.

Experiments were performed for FTP based on polyvinyl carbazole and trinitrofluorenone charge transfer complexes [1]. For them, $n_0 = 1.496$, the transmission coefficient at $\lambda = 0.488$ μ m, at which the hologram was regenerated, was 60%, ratio a/d = 0.5, $N = 70 \times 70$, and k = 2.5.

The experimental and theoretical $\eta(\Delta)$ relations are shown in Fig. 2. As the figure implies, both curves are qualitatively the same and described by a curve with a maximum. The maximum value of η , equal to 2% considering transmission, is achieved at $\Delta=0.56$ μm , η diminishing both upon reduction and increase of Δ . The discrepancy in curve shapes cannot be caused, as estimates revealed, by non-sinusoidal (trapezoidal) profile of deformation on the FTP, and the causes of its appearance remain unclear. It should be /215

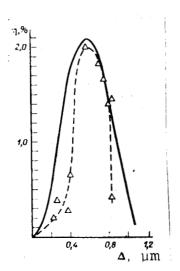


Fig. 2. Dependence of diffraction efficiency η of digital phase holograms on the amount of deformation Δ of FTP: solid line -- theoretical data, broken line -- experimental results.

noted that the obtained value of η is 5 times higher than that for amplitude silver-halide photographic materials [2], which equals 0.2% when recording digital holograms.

REFERENCES

- 1. Cherkasov, Yu. A., L. N. Vinokurova, I. L. Kislovskiy,
 V. V. Kryukov, A. D. Lopatko, P. P. Khlyabich, M. S. Borodkina, T. V. Chel'tsova, in Besserebryannyye i neobychnyye
 fotograficheskiye protsessy. I sektsiya. Deformiruyemyye
 sredy dlya registratsii informatsii, Tez. dokl. II Vses.
 konf. [Silverless and Unusual Photographic Processes. Section I. Deformed Media for Recording Information, Abstracts
 of Reports at the 2d All-Union Conference], Kishinev, 1975.
 p. 41.
- 2. Semenov, G. B., and S. N. Koreshev, Optika i spektroskopiya 41, 310 (1976).
- Kol'yer, R., K. Berkkhart, L. Lin, Opticheskaya golografiya [Optical Holography], "Mir" Press, Moscow, 1973, p. 256.

STA	NDARD	TITTE	PACE

1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.		
NASA TM-88526				
4. Title and Subtitle DIFFRACTION EFFICIENCY O	5. Report Date			
LAYERS FOR THE RECORDING	February 1987			
		6. Performing Organization Code		
		6. Performing Organization Code		
7. Author(s)	8. Performing Organization Report No.			
S. N. Koreshev, Yu. A. Cl				
lovskiy				
•		10. Work Unit No.		
9. Performing Organization Name and A	Addraga	11. 6		
	11. Contract or Grant No.			
Leo Kanner Associates	0.4.0.6.2	NASW-4005		
Redwood City, California 94063		13. Type of Report and Period Covered		
		Translation		
		Translation		
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address	8			
National Aeronautics and	Space Administration			
Washington, DC 20546		14. Sponsoring Agency Code		
15. Supplementary Notes				
Translation of "Diffrakt				
sloyev pri registratsii				
prikladnoy rotografii i	kinematograffi, voi. 23	, May-June 1978, pp. 213-215.		
16. Abstract				
This article deals with an experimental and theoretical study of the dependence of n of a digital phase Fourier hologram of a point object				
on the amount of deforma				
representing the hologram. An expression is given for η . Experiments were performed on photothermoplastic layers based on polyvinyl carbazole				
and trinitrofluorenone charge transfer complexes. The maximum η , 2%, is				
found at $\Delta = 0.56 \mu \text{m}$.				
		1		
		1		
17. Key Words [Selected by Author(s)]	ila nia	tribution Statement		
2 (Transcript of	lo. Dist	LIDECTON SCALEMENT		
Uncla		classified-Unlimited		
		ļ		
		1		
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (of this			
Unclassified	Unclassified	6		
	-			
	1			