NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY RESUME TITLE INFRARED OBSERVATIONS OF SMALL SOLAR-SYSTEM BODIES PERFORMING ORGANIZATION JET PROPULSION LABORATORY 4800 OAK GROVE DRIVE PASADENA, CA 91109 INVESTIGATOR'S NAME TEL NO Brown, R. H. (818) 354-1799

DESCRIPTION (a. Brief statement on strategy of investigation; b. Progress and accomplianments of prior year, c. What will be accomplished this year, as well as how and why; and d. Summary bibliography;

a) OBJECTIVES

(TASK 1): To measure eclipse diasppearance and reappearance curves for the Galilean satellites Europa and Ganymede to determine the penetration scale length for sunlight and thus to detemine the extent to which the solid-state greenhouse effect is operating on these two bodies. I will use the IRTF at Mauna Kea Observatory to obtain flux measurements at narrowband wavelengths of 8.7 and 20 µm during several eclipse disappearances and reappearances of Europa and Ganymede. The measurements wil be interpreted using solid-state greenhouse models developed by D. Matson and me.

(TASK 2): To measure the reflectance spectra of the icy satellites of Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune in the region 2.0 to 2.5 μm using the 32-element InSb photodiode array spectrometer of the IRTF at Mauna Kea Observatory. The specific objective is to search for methane, ammonia and carbon monoxide ices and clathrates on icy surfaces in the outer solar system. The data will allow upper limits to be placed on the amount of these chemical species present. Specific targets are Enceladus, Ariel, Titania, and Triton.

b) PROGRESS: A major accomplishment during last year is the recognition of and modeling of the solid-state greenhouse effect for icy satellites. Recent observations of eclipse reappearances suggest that this effect may in fact be observed on Europa and Ganymede. Also the PI has obtained important new data on Europa and Enceladus. Evidence for the transient presence of a volatile, perhaps NH, OH, on Europa has been obtained; A paper is in press in Icarus. Newly obtained spectra of Enceladus suggest that it does not at present have ammonia or methane in detectable quantities on its surface. A paper is in preparation.

c) PROPOSED WORK: First, it is proposed to obtain additional observations of eclipse reappearances and disappearances of Europa and Ganymede, and to extend our existing solid-state greenhouse models to include a surface which is stratified in density. We will use the data and the models to get an estimate of the extent of solid-state greenhousing on Ganymede and Europa. Second, it is proposed to observe Ariel, Dione, Rhea and Titania in the search for volatile surface constituents.

d) SUMMARY BIBLIOGRAPY: Brown, R. H. and D. L. Matson (1987). Thermal effects of insolation propagation into the regoliths of airless bodies. Icarus 72, 84-94.

Matson, D. L. and R. H. Brown (1988). Solid-state greenhouses and their implications for icy satellites. Icarus, in press.

Brown, R. H. et al. (1988). Search for volatiles on icy satellites I: Europa. Icarus, in press.

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