1.5 A PERSPECTIVE OF MIDDLE-ATMOSPHERE DYNAMICS (MAD) STUDIES AT THE NEW INTERNATIONAL EQUATOIRAL OBSERVATORY (NIEO)

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The equatorial region has attracted many MAD studies mainly based on data of limited locations and resolutions. At NIEO we can establish (i) Climatology of the equatorial middle atmosphere; all of the mean zonal flow, the meridional/east-west circulations and the planetary/gravity waves will be described based on massive, reliable data statistics. Indeed, MAD is a transition field between the meteorology and the aeronomy. We emphasize also the following two aspects of studies at NIEO; (ii) Troposphere-stratosphere coupling at the equator; the candidate location of NIEO is just at the "stratospheric fountain" area where the tracers and waves are pumped up into the middle atmosphere. (iii) Mesosphere-thermosphere coupling at the equator; thermospheric superrotation, which may be caused either by ion drag or by tidal breaking, will be examined in detail by observations covering a wide altitude range from the mesosphere through the thermosphere.

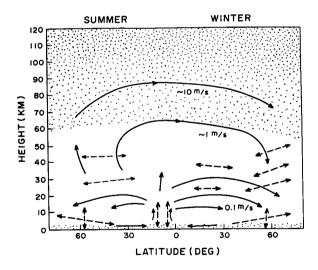


Figure 1. Schematic picture of the meridional circulations in a Lagrangian viewpoint [after Kida]

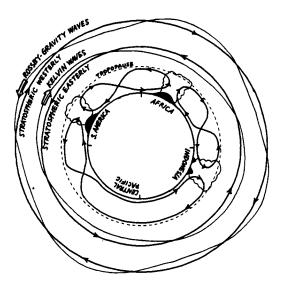


Figure 2. Schematic picture of the zonal structure of the equatorial atmosphere.

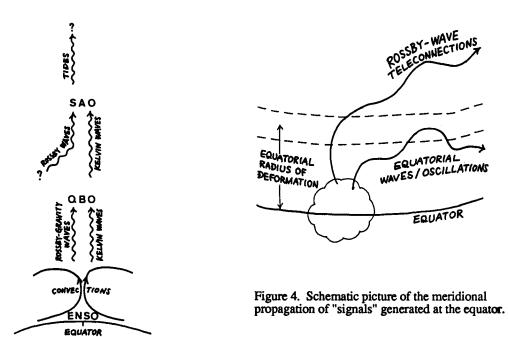


Figure 3. Schematic picture of the vertical propagation of equatorial waves.