

ELECTRON ENERGY SPECTRUM AND MAGNETIC INTERACTIONS IN HIGH- T_c SUPERCONDUCTORS

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The character of magnetic interactions in La-Sr-Cu-O and Y-Ba-Cu-O systems is of primary importance for analysis of high- T_c superconductivity in these compounds. Neutron diffraction experiments showed the antiferromagnetic ground state for nonsuperconducting La_2CuO_4 and $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_6$ with the strongest antiferromagnetic superexchange being in the ab plane [1,2]. Nonsuperconducting "1-2-3" system has even two Neel temperatures T_{N1} and T_{N2} . The first one corresponds to the ordering of Cu atoms in the CuO_2 planes, T_{N2} reflects the antiferromagnetic ordering of magnetic moments in CuO chains relatively to the moments in the planes. T_{N1} and T_{N2} depend strongly on the oxygen content [3] ($T_{N1} = 450$ K for $x = 0.1$ and $T_{N2} = 80$ K, but $T_{N1} = 230$ K and $T_{N2} = 10$ K for $x = 0.35$).

We have tried to describe magnetic interactions in high- T_c superconductors basing on the LMO band structure calculations. Exchange interaction parameters can be defined from the effective Heisenberg Hamiltonian:

$$H_{\text{eff}} = -1/2 \sum_{ij} J_{ij} \vec{S}_i \cdot \vec{S}_j \quad (1)$$

When the magnetic moments are not too large, as copper magnetic moments in superconducting oxides, J_{ij} parameters can be defined through the non-local magnetic susceptibility of spin-restricted solution for the crystal [4,5]:

$$J_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{I_i \cdot I_j}{S_i \cdot S_j} \sum_{LL'} \chi_{LL'}^{ij} \quad (2)$$

where $\chi_{LL'}^{ij} = 1/\nu \int_{-\infty}^{E_F} \text{Im} G_{LL'}^{ij}(E) \cdot G_{L'L}^{ij}(E) dE$, (3)

$$G_{LL'}^{ij} = 1/\Omega \int_{\text{BZ}} d\vec{k} \sum_n \frac{\psi_{nl}(\vec{k}) \psi_{n'l'}^*(\vec{k})}{E - E_n(\vec{k})} e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{R}_{ij}} \quad (4)$$

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- is the nondiagonal Green function which can be calculated through the energy spectrum $E_n(\vec{k})$ and $\psi_{nl}(\vec{k})$ of the LMTO-hamiltonian. J_i in formulae (2) is interatomic exchange parameters of atom i . Due to the sharp dependence of nondiagonal Green function $G'_{LL'}(E)$ on the E the integral (3) should be calculated as contour integral in complex plane.

The results of nonlocal magnetic susceptibility calculations and the values of exchange interaction parameters for La CuO and YBa₂Cu₃O₇ systems are given in the Table.

Strong anisotropy of exchange interactions in the ab plane and along the c axis in La₂CuO₄ is obviously seen. The value of Neel temperature found agrees well with the experimental data available. In the YBa₂Cu₃O₇ system there is strong antiferromagnetic Cu-O-Cu interaction in the CuO₂ plane, which results in antiferromagnetic ground state of YBa₂Cu₃O₆.

Superexchange of Cu1-O4-Cu2 type is antiferromagnetic also, in accordance with the experiment. Using the simplest mean field approximation $T_N = \frac{1}{3} |J| z S(S+1)$, where z is the number of the nearest magnetic neighbours, it is possible to estimate Neel temperature values. They are $T_{N1} = 265-314$ K, $T_{N2} = 61$ K agree well with the experimental data. Large ferromagnetic moment exchange in Cu1-O4-Cu1 chains (which follows from NMR experiments [6] also) does not influence antiferromagnetic ordering, as when $\delta = 1$ all the chains are broken.

In the planes of "1-2-3" system there are quite strong antiferromagnetic Cu-O and O-O interaction which appear due to holes in oxygen subbands. These results are in line with the magnetic model of oxygen holes pairing in high- T_c superconductors suggested in [7].

We have performed also a number of LMTO spin-polarised calculations for GdBa₂Cu₃O₆ and GdBa₂Cu₃O₇ both for ferromagnetic and antiferromagnetic ordering of magnetic moments. For antiferromagnetic state the energy gap of 0,04 eV is formed at the Fermi level. Spin splitting of Gd f-states equals to 5 eV, and magnetic moment of Gd atoms is 6.5 μ_B . The estimation of stability parameters [8] leads to the conclusion of more stable antiferromagnetic ordering: the difference of J_0 parameters is 230 K (O₆) and 180 K (O₇). The value of s-f integral in antiferromagnetic phase of GdBa₂Cu₃O₇ appears to be about 20 K, and correspond to small changes of T_c when Gd atoms enter the crystal lattice.

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Table. Exchange interaction parameters for $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$
and La_2CuO_4 (for $s=1/2$ and $I_{\text{Cu}}=0,07$ Ry, $I_{\text{O}}=0,11$ Ry)

pair	\vec{R}_{ij}	$\chi_{\text{odd}(p)}^{\text{Cu}}$ (mRy ⁻¹)	J^{ij} (K)
$\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$			
Cu2-O2-Cu2	(0 1 0)	-50,8	-157
Cu2-O3-Cu2	(1 0 0)	-42,8	-132
Cu1-O4-Cu2	(0 0 1)	-9,9	-31
Cu1-O1-Cu1	(0 1 0)	72,5	225
Cu2-O2	(0,5 0 0)	112,3	545
O2-O2	(0,5 0,5 0)	35,5	270
La_2CuO_4			
Cu-O1-Cu	(1 0 0)	73,5	227
Cu-O2-Cu	(0 0 1)	-0,45	1,4

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