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**SECOND COMBINED MANUFACTURERS' AND TECHNOLOGY
AIRBORNE WINDSHEAR REVIEW MEETING**

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**ANALYSIS OF GUIDANCE LAW PERFORMANCE
USING PERSONAL COMPUTERS**

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ABSTRACT

A POINT MASS, THREE-DEGREE OF FREEDOM MODEL IS PRESENTED AS A BASIC DEVELOPMENT TOOL FOR PC BASED SIMULATION MODELS. THE MODEL HAS BEEN USED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF GUIDANCE ALGORITHMS AS WELL AS IN OTHER APPLICATIONS SUCH AS PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS TO COMPUTE OPTIMAL SPEEDS. ITS LIMITATIONS AND ADVANTAGES ARE DISCUSSED WITH REGARD TO THE WINDSHEAR ENVIRONMENT. A METHOD FOR SIMULATING A SIMPLE AUTOPILOT IS EXPLAINED IN DETAIL AND APPLIED IN THE ANALYSIS OF DIFFERENT GUIDANCE LAWS.

THE MODEL

EQUATIONS OF MOTION

IN

RELATIVE WIND AXES

$$(1) \quad \dot{V} = G[T.\cos\alpha - D]/W - \sin\gamma] - \dot{W}_X.\cos\gamma - \dot{W}_Z.\sin\gamma$$

$$(2) \quad \dot{\gamma} = \{G[T.\sin\alpha + L]/W - \cos\gamma\} + \dot{W}_X.\sin\gamma - \dot{W}_Z.\cos\gamma\}/V$$

$$(3) \quad \dot{H} = V.\sin\gamma + W_Z$$

$$(4) \quad \dot{X} = V.\cos\gamma + W_X$$

WHERE

V = TRUE AIR SPEED IN KNOTS

H = ALTITUDE IN FEET

T = TOTAL THRUST IN LBS.

X = HORIZONTAL DISTANCE IN N. M.

D = TOTAL DRAG IN LBS.

G = GRAVITY ACCEL. IN KNOTS/SEC

L = TOTAL LIFT IN LBS.

α = ANGLE OF ATTACK IN RAD.

W = GROSS WEIGHT IN LBS.

γ = FLIGHT PATH ANGLE IN RAD.

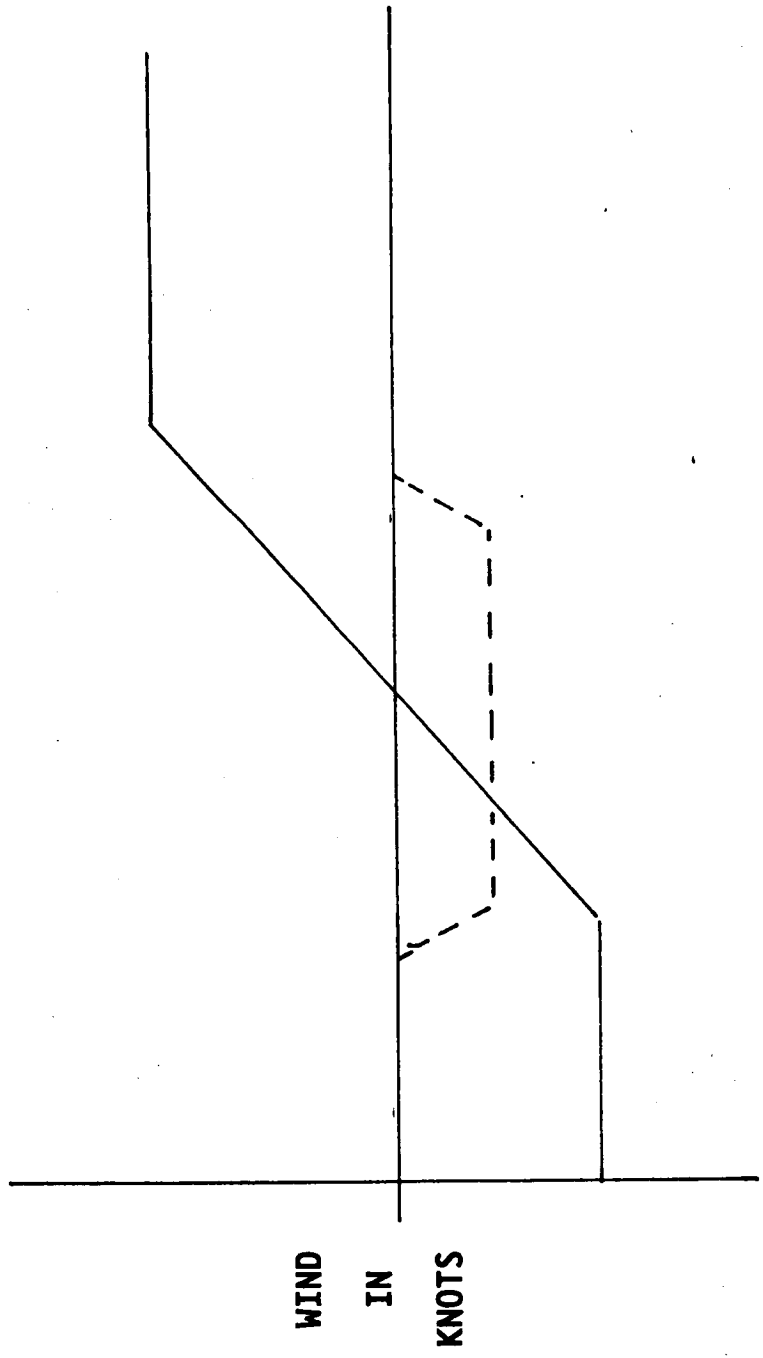
W_X = HOR. WIND COMPONENT IN KNOTS

W_Z = VERT. WIND COMPONENT IN KNOTS

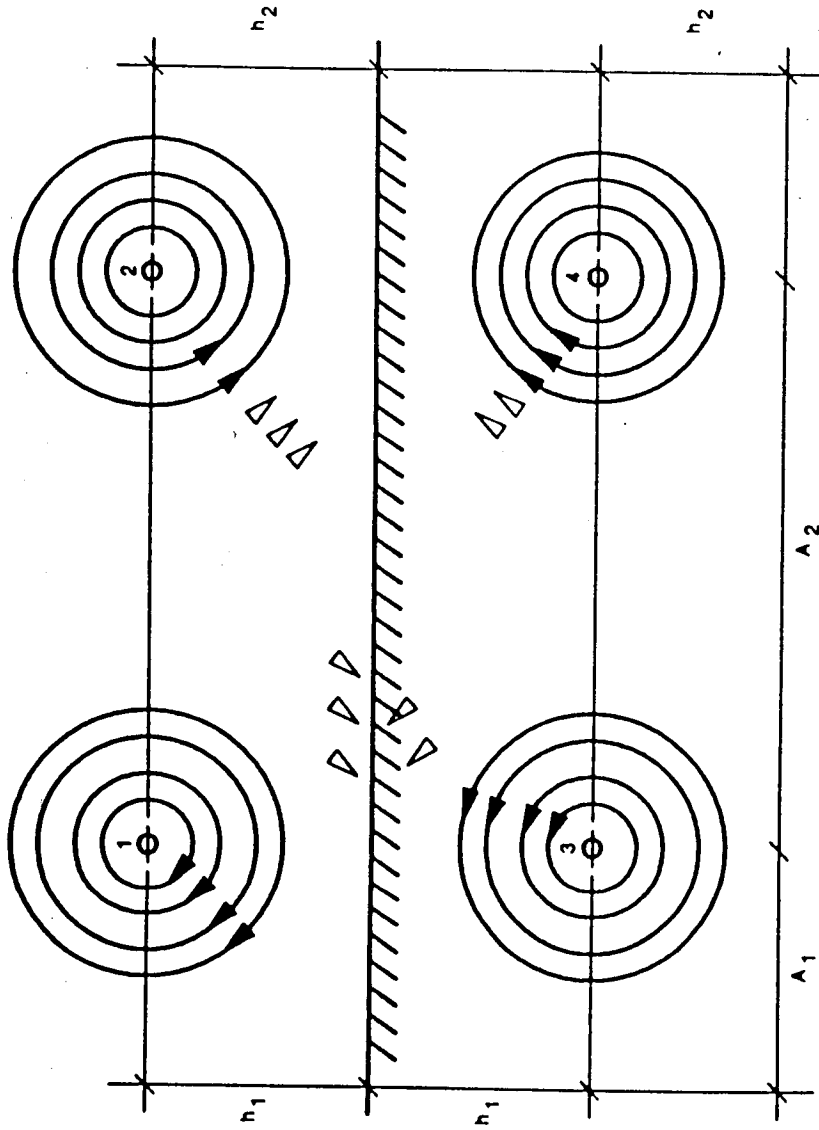
PROGRAM MODULES

<u>MODULE NAME</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>
MAIN	MAIN LOOP AND SUBROUTINE CALLS
ATMOSPHERE	TEMP, PRES. RATIO & MACH NO.
EQUATIONS OF MOTION	STATE VARIABLES RATES
AERO-COEFFICIENTS	CL, Cd, LIFT & DRAG
ENGINES	THRUST & ENGINE DYNAMICS
WINDS	WIND & WIND RATES
DETECTION	CAUTION & WARNING FLAGS
INTEGRATION	STATE VARIABLE UPDATE
GUIDANCE (A/P)	CONTROL VARIABLE COMPUTATION
ALPHA LIMIT	PITCH DYNAMICS
PRINT	PRINTS & CREATES FILES
GRAPH	PROVIDES GRAPHIC OUTPUT

THE WIND MODELS
THE CONSTANT SHEAR MODEL



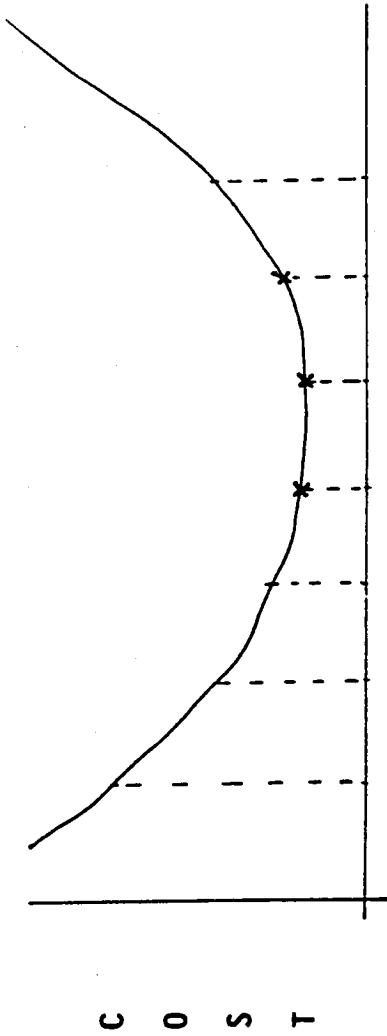
THE QUAD-VORTEX MODEL



WIND
IN
KNOTS

DISTANCE IN N.M.

THE GUIDANCE MODULE



CONTROL VARIABLE (ANGLE OF ATTACK)

DEFINITION OF COST FUNCTIONS

- 1) $1.1 \cdot V_{STALL}$ $COST = (V + \dot{V} \cdot DT - 1.1 \cdot V_{STALL})^2$
- 2) STICK SHAKER $COST = (\alpha - \alpha_{STICK})^2$
- 3) $A_x = 0$ $COST = (\dot{V} - V \cdot \dot{GM} \cdot GM + W_x)^2$
- 4) 15 DEG. PITCH $COST = (GM + \dot{GM} \cdot DT + \alpha - 15)^2$
- 5) HONEYWELL'S $COST = (GM + \dot{GM} \cdot DT - GMR)^2$

WHERE

GM = FLIGHT PATH ANGLE W/RT AIR MASS

GI = INERTIAL FLIGHT PATH ANGLE

$GMR = GI \cdot (1 + W_x/V) - W_z/V$

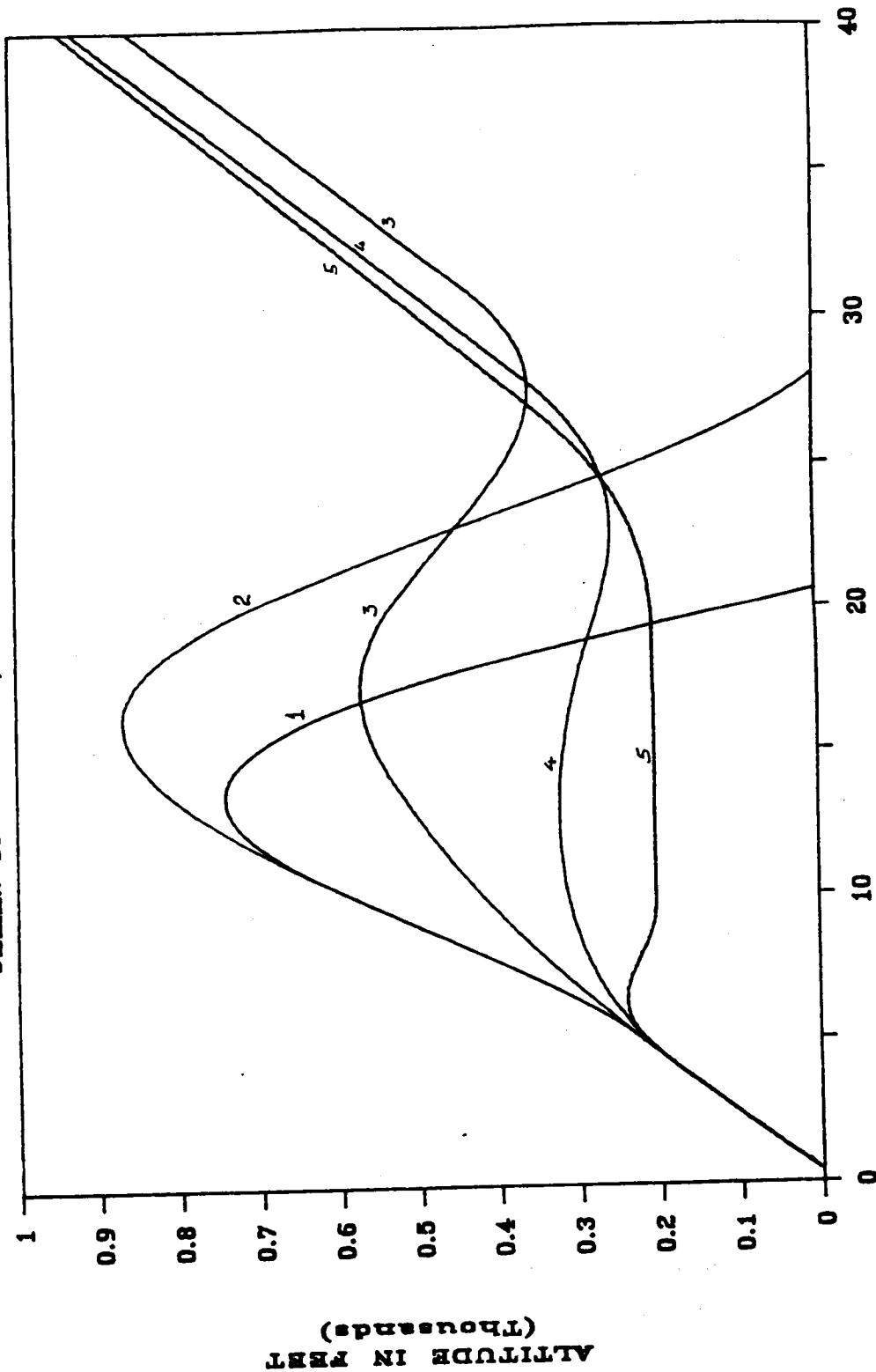
PC MODEL APPLICATIONS

- * PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**
 - DETERMINATION OF OPTIMAL SPEEDS FOR MINIMUM COST TRAJECTORIES**
 - DETERMINATION OF OPTIMUM ALTITUDE FOR SHORT RANGE FLIGHTS**

- * WINDSHEAR GUIDANCE ALGORITHMS**
 - DEVELOPMENT OF THEORETICAL GUIDANCE LAWS USING DIFFERENT CONCEPTS SUCH AS GAMMA REFERENCE, ENERGY ETC.**
 - DEVELOPMENT OF NUMERICAL ALGORITHMS FOR THE SOLUTION OF THE "GAMMA REFERENCE GUIDANCE AS A MAYER PROBLEM IN THE CALCULUS OF VARIATIONS".**

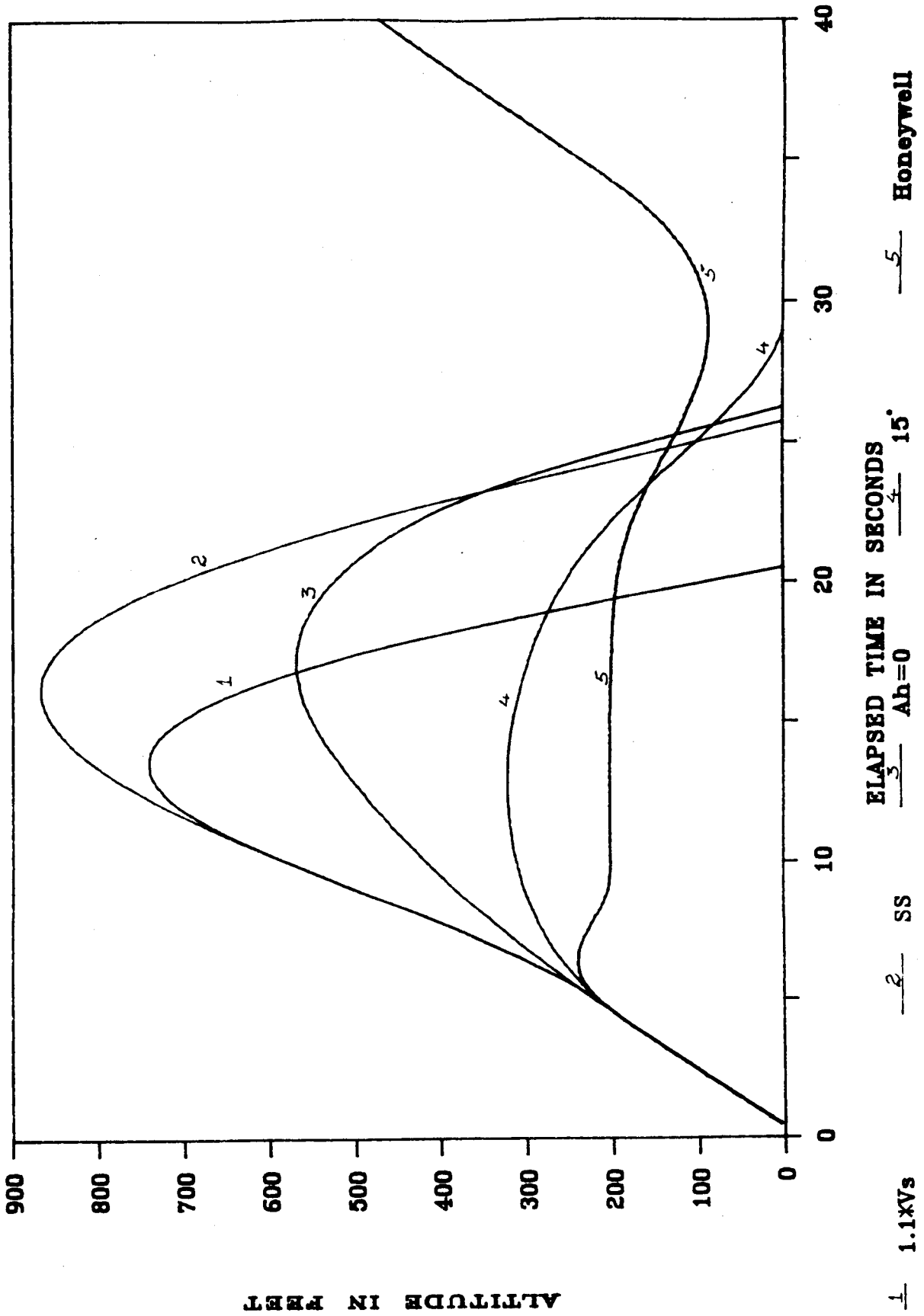
737 WINDSHEAR GUIDANCE

SHEAR: 15S @ 5KT/S, DNBURST: 13S @ 7KT



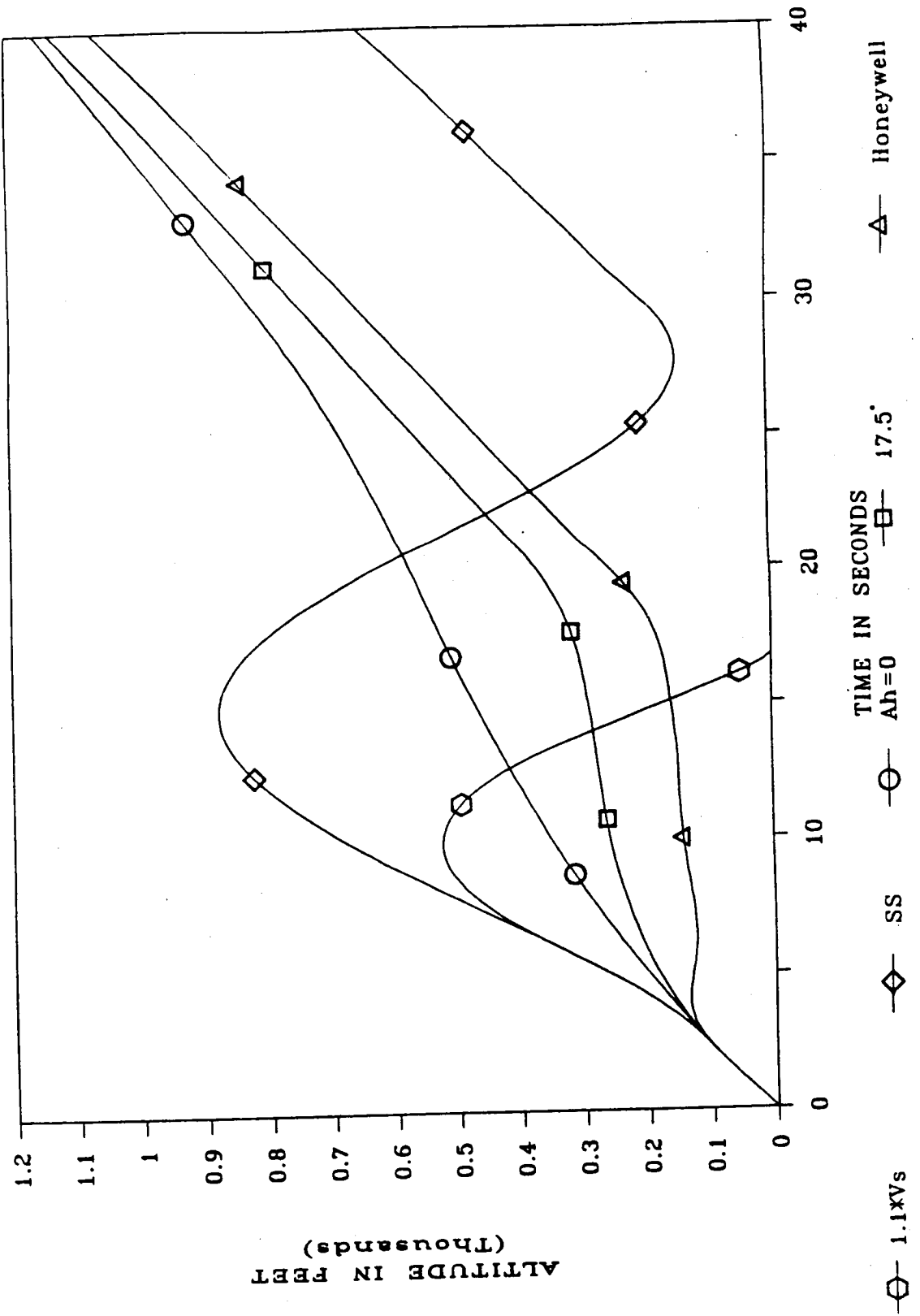
737 WINDSHEAR GUIDANCE

SHEAR: 20S @ 5KT/S, DNBURST: 18S @ 7KT



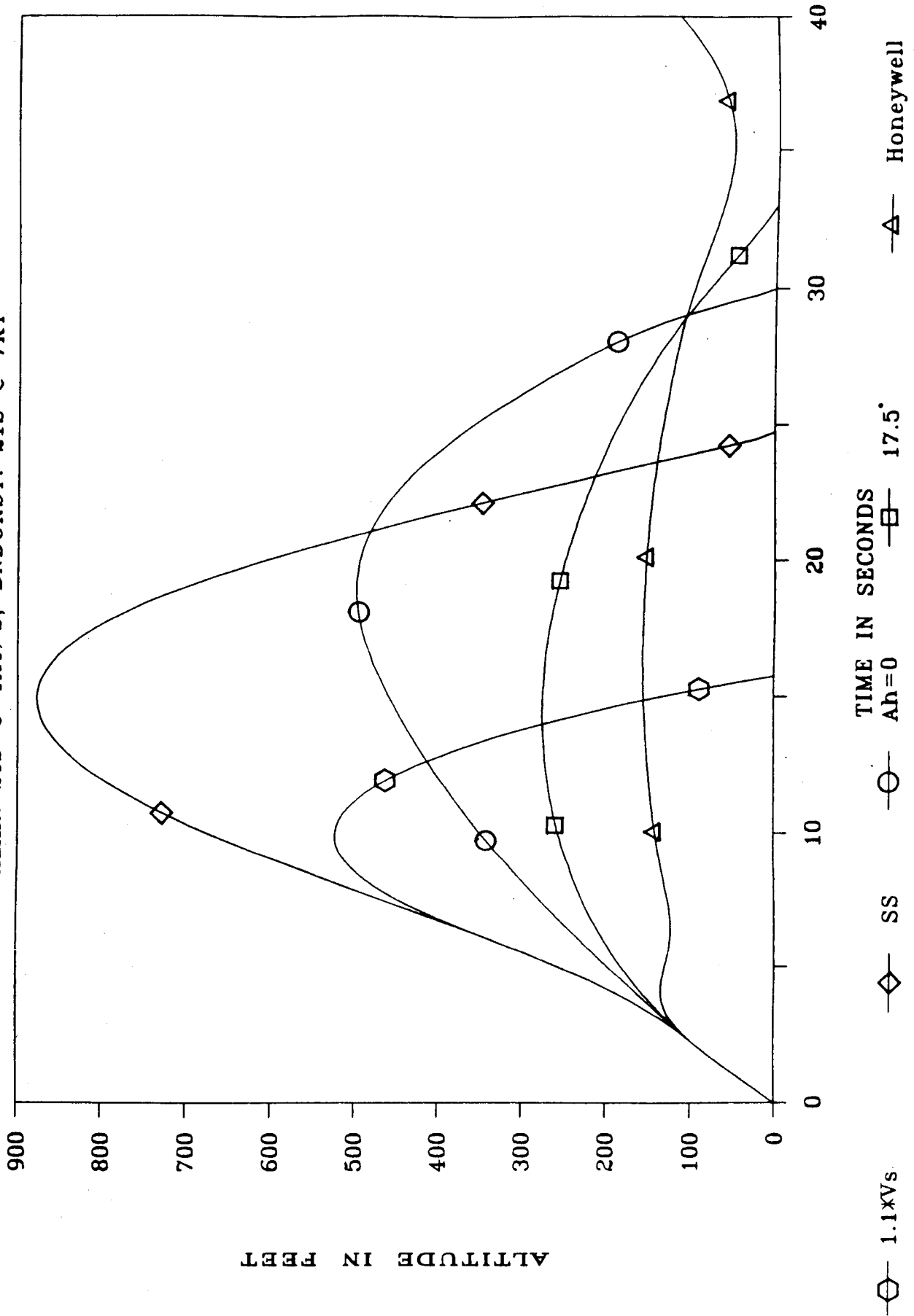
L-1011 WINDSHEAR GUIDANCE

SHEAR: 9S @ 4KT/S, DNBURST: 6S @ 7KT



L-1011 WINDSHEAR GUIDANCE

SHEAR: 24S @ 4KT/S, DNBURST: 21S @ 7KT



Future Enhancements

On

PC-Based Models

- * Six Degrees of Freedom**
- * Control Surface Dynamics**
- * 3-D Wind Models**
- * Real Time I/O**
- * Takeoff/Roll Dynamics**
- * Instrument Error Models**