

Contractor Report

**Propulsion Stability Codes
for Liquid Propellant Propulsion Systems
Developed for Use on a PC Computer
(5-32441)**

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Summary

Last year, several programs designed to run on a PC computer were developed for MSFC. These codes covered the low, intermediate, and high frequency modes of oscillation of a liquid rocket propulsion system. No graphics were built into these programs and only simple piping layouts were supported. This year's effort has been to add run time graphics to the low and intermediate frequency codes, allow new types of piping elements (accumulators, pumps, and split pipes) in the low frequency code, and develop a new code for the PC to generate Nyquist plots.

Introduction

This year began with the computer programs at the stage described in NASA Contractor Report 5-32176, June 1990. The programs written for the Macintosh had plot capability, but were slow because of the interpretive language used. Programs for the PC were written in FORTRAN to increase the speed of execution. The PC programs discussed in Report 5-32176 contained no graphics.

This year, the PC programs were expanded to include graphics and to address more types of feedline elements. The effort this year was primarily in the low frequency area. In addition to the admittance calculations, the pressure transfer function was evaluated. A new PC program was written to generate the Nyquist plots already implemented on the Macintosh. Graphics were added to the intermediate mode program. Frequency may be input (and output) in either radians per second or in Hertz.

This report will trace the development of these enhancements. A summary of the working equations for impedance are presented first. Then, the equations are derived for each of the types of piping elements handled: straight piped, inline accumulator, tuned stub, Helmholtz resonator, parallel resonator, pumps, and split pipes. The bend is handled as an equivalent straight pipe based on the procedure presented in NASA Contractor Report 5-32176. All impedances are nondimensionalized by chamber pressure divided by chamber mass flow (pc/\dot{mc}). In the split pipe case, this factor for one engine is multiplied by the number of engines [$m \cdot (pc/\dot{mc})$].

The Nyquist program is discussed next. The equations used are presented. In addition the Nyquist plots, phase-gain plots have been added.

The primary modifications to the intermediate mode program concern simplifying the operation and the plotting of the n vs t curves.

There were no modifications to the high frequency program made this year. However, the code was used to study the stability of a couple of engines (see Appendix A).

Feedline Program

The feedline program has undergone extensive enhancements. The addition of graphics allows the user to run a case, look at the results, interactively modify the input, and repeat the cycle. All this may be done with one running of the code. Also, the input was rearranged into a more useful form for this type interactive operation.

The addition of graphics made it feasible to add the pressure transfer function to the code. This required restructuring the logic of the program. The original program was only required to compute the admittance looking toward the tank. The calculation of the pressure transfer function required the computation of impedance looking toward the engine.

Major changes to the code were required to accommodate more complex pipe layouts. The most complex addition was allowing a line to split into m identical lines. This calculation requires an iteration to determine the impedances. The addition of four types of accumulators was more straight forward. Inline accumulators, tuned stubs, Helmholtz resonators, and parallel resonators may be handled by the program. A pump also may be included in the piping layout.

The first graphics incorporated into the program displays the piping layout in the upper half of the screen and the admittance vs frequency curve in the lower half of the screen. A split pipe is represented by only one of the m identical lines. Accumulators are all shown as on the upper part of the pipe. The drawing of the pump has not been added to the graph.

A surface plot and a contour plot were added to display the pressure transfer function vs frequency and distance. The surface plot may be displayed from any viewpoint and as a solid surface or a wire-frame drawing. The contour plot displays nine contour lines with the values of lines 1, 5, and 9 displayed.

All aspects of the plots are under the control of the user. Defaults are set by the program, but these are easily changed. The colors used may be changed and these remain in effect until changed again. Colors are assigned separately to the three graphs. The surface plot and contour plot may be bypassed. The pipe layout - admittance graph is always displayed, but the admittance curve may be plotted as the calculations are made or after they are finished.

These enhancements to the feedline program will be illustrated by a series of runs. The four type of accumulators will be compared to the same layout without an accumulator. The results for the basic configuration are shown in Figure 1. The pipe layout and admittance vs frequency curve are in Figure 1a, the surface plot of the pressure transfer function vs frequency and location is in Figure 1b, and a contour plot of the pressure transfer function is in figure 1c. The peak pressure appears to occur after the second bend from the tank. The accumulators will be inserted at this point.

It should be noted that a coarse grid may underestimate the peak. In all cases run, the finest grid available was run to obtain the peak, then a coarser grid with the same peak was run to produce the plots. For example, the surface shown in Figure 1b was generated using 33 frequencies between 1 and 30 Hertz. The code was run again using 34 frequencies over the same interval giving the surface in Figure 2. The user must be aware of this problem and act accordingly.

An Inline Accumulator was inserted and the code rerun. The accumulator was 2 ft. long with a diameter of 4 ft. No attempt was made to minimize the peak, only to reduce it significantly. The results are given in Figure 3 which shows a drop in the peak pressure of 80%.

Next, a Tuned Stub was used. It was 10.5 ft. long and had a 0.74 ft. diameter. Figure 4 presents the results. The reduction in peak pressure was 70% for this configuration.

A Helmholtz Resonator with a 0.001 ft. diameter stem 0.4 ft. long leading to a volume of 5 ft³ was run (Fig. 5). This reduced the peak pressure by 72%.

The last accumulator was a Parallel Resonator 1 ft. long with a diameter of 0.05 ft. It bypassed a volume of 1 ft³. Figure 6 shows the results of the run. This configuration reduced the peak pressure by only 47%. Remember, this configuration was not fine tuned as only a reduction in the peak was desired.

The effect of splitting a pipe into three identical lines going to identical engines was investigated by first running a case where the pipe is unsplit, but has an area equivalent to the three pipes. The results of the unsplit pipe are shown in Figure 7. Then the split pipe case was run giving the results shown in Figure 8. These figures show that a split pipe cannot be properly analyzed using an equivalent single pipe.

Summary of Equations for Impedance

In the following equations, $n = s/a$.

1. Straight Pipe

$$Z_t(I) = Z_0(I) \cdot \left[\frac{Z_t(I-1) + Z_0(I) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)}{Z_0(I) + Z_t(I-1) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)} \right]$$

$$Z_g(I) = \{ e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot [Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)] \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) \\ - Z_0(I+1) \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) \} / (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$\text{where } N = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_t(I-1)] / [Z_0(I+1) + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$M = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_g(I+1)] / [Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)]$$

$$l = L(I) + L(I+1)$$

$$l_1 = L(I+1)$$

2. Inline Accumulator

$$Z_\bullet = 1/(C \cdot s)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_\bullet]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_\bullet]$$

3. Tuned Stub

$$Z_\bullet = Z_0 / \tanh(n \cdot l)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_\bullet]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_\bullet]$$

4. Helmholtz Resonator

$$Z_\bullet = (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2) / (C \cdot s)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_\bullet]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_\bullet \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_\bullet]$$

5. Parallel Resonator

$$Z_0 = L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_t(I-1) + Z_0$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_g(I+1) + Z_0$$

6. Pump

$$Z_p = \frac{\partial p}{\partial m}$$

$$Z_t(I) = \{Z_t(I-1) + (Z_p + L \cdot s) \cdot [1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s]\} / [1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s]$$

$$Z_g(I) = [L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)] / [1 + C \cdot s \cdot [L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)]]$$

7. Split Pipe

$$Z_0 = Z_g(I-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [(m-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) + Z_g(I-1)]$$

$$Z_t(I) = Z_0(I) \cdot \left[\frac{Z_0 + Z_0(I) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)}{Z_0(I) + Z_0 \cdot \tanh(n \cdot l)} \right]$$

$$Z_g(I) = \{e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot [Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)] \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) - Z_0(I+1) \\ \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})\} / [m \cdot (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})]$$

$$\text{where } N = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_t(I-1)] / [Z_0(I+1) + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$M = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_g(I+1)] / [Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)]$$

$$l = L(I) + L(I+1)$$

$$l_1 = L(I+1)$$

Straight Pipe

The equation for the pressure at any point in a pipe is derived on page 25 of NASA Contractor Report 5-32176.

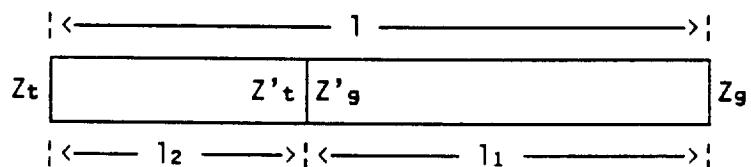
$$\frac{p(x,s)}{p_g(s)} = \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right]$$

where $n = s/a$

$$\text{where } N = \frac{Z_0 - Z_t}{Z_0 + Z_t}$$

$$M = \frac{Z_0 - Z_g}{Z_0 + Z_g}$$

Consider the case where the pipe is divided into two sections:



Case 1. Solve for Z_t . Z_g is the same for l and l_1

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right] \\ &= \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N' \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_1 - x)}}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

evaluate at $x = l_1$

$$\left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l - l_1)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}} \right) = \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N' \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_1 - l_1)}}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right]$$

$$\left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right) = \left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N' \cdot e^{-n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right) = \left(\frac{1 - N'}{1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$(1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) \cdot (1 - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$= (1 - N') \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} - N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} + N \cdot N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

$$= 1 - N' - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} + N \cdot N' \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

$$(1 - M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) \cdot N' = (e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} - M) \cdot N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

$$N' = N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

but, $l_2 = 1 - l_1$, therefore

$$N' = N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2} = N \cdot [\cosh(2 \cdot n \cdot l_2) - \sinh(2 \cdot n \cdot l_2)]$$

$$N' = N \cdot [\cosh^2(n \cdot l_2) + \sinh^2(n \cdot l_2) - 2 \cdot \cosh(n \cdot l_2) \cdot \sinh(n \cdot l_2)]^2$$

$$N' = N \cdot [\cosh(n \cdot l_2) - \sinh(n \cdot l_2)]^2$$

$$N' = N \cdot \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \tanh^2(n \cdot l_2)}} - \frac{\tanh(n \cdot l_2)}{\sqrt{1 - \tanh^2(n \cdot l_2)}} \right\}^2$$

$$N' = N \cdot \left\{ \frac{[1 - \tanh(n \cdot l_2)]^2}{1 - \tanh^2(n \cdot l_2)} \right\} = N \cdot \left[\frac{1 - \tanh(n \cdot l_2)}{1 + \tanh(n \cdot l_2)} \right]$$

let $l_2 = 1$ and expand N and N'

$$\left(\frac{Z_0 - Z't}{Z_0 + Z't} \right) = \left(\frac{Z_0 - Z_t}{Z_0 + Z_t} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{1 - \tanh(n \cdot 1)}{1 + \tanh(n \cdot 1)} \right]$$

$$(Z_0 - Z't) \cdot (Z_0 + Z_t) \cdot [1 + \tanh(n \cdot 1)]$$

$$= (Z_0 - Z_t) \cdot (Z_0 + Z't) \cdot [1 - \tanh(n \cdot 1)]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (Z_0^2 + Z_0 \cdot Z_t - Z_0 \cdot Z't - Z_t \cdot Z't) \cdot [1 + \tanh(n \cdot 1)] \\
&= (Z_0^2 - Z_0 \cdot Z_t + Z_0 \cdot Z't - Z_t \cdot Z't) \cdot [1 - \tanh(n \cdot 1)] \\
& Z_0 \cdot (Z_t - Z't) + (Z_0^2 - Z_t \cdot Z't) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1) \\
&= -Z_0 \cdot (Z_t - Z't) - (Z_0^2 - Z_t \cdot Z't) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1) \\
& Z_0 \cdot (Z_t - Z't) + (Z_0^2 - Z_t \cdot Z't) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1) = 0 \\
& [Z_0 + Z_t \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1)] \cdot Z't = Z_0 \cdot [Z_t + Z_0 \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1)]
\end{aligned}$$

$$Z't = Z_0 \cdot \left[\frac{Z_t + Z_0 \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1)}{Z_0 + Z_t \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1)} \right]$$

or,

$$Z_t(I) = Z_0(I) \cdot \left[\frac{Z_t(I-1) + Z_0(I) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1)}{Z_0(I) + Z_t(I-1) \cdot \tanh(n \cdot 1)} \right]$$

Case 2. Solve for Z_g . Z_t is the same for l_1 and l_2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_1 - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right] \\
&= \left(\frac{Z_0}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot x} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_2 - x)}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

evaluate at $x = l_1$ for l_1 and $x = 0$ for l_2

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left[\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot e^{-n \cdot (2 \cdot l_1 - l_1)}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right] \\
&= \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_2}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

substitute $l - l_1$ for l_2

$$\left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1}}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{e^{-n \cdot l_1}}{Z_0 + Z_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}} \right)$$

$$(Z_0 + Z'_g) \cdot e^{-n \cdot l_1} \cdot (1 - N \cdot M' \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$= (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$(Z_0 + Z'_g) \cdot e^{-n \cdot l_1} \cdot [1 - N \cdot \left(\frac{Z_0 - Z'_g}{Z_0 + Z'_g} \right) \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}]$$

$$= (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$(Z_0 + Z'_g) \cdot e^{-n \cdot l_1} - N \cdot (Z_0 - Z'_g) \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{n \cdot l_1}$$

$$= (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$Z_0 + Z'_g = N \cdot (Z_0 - Z'_g) \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}$$

$$= e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$Z_0 \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) + Z'_g \cdot (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$= e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$Z'g \cdot (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1}) = e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) \\ - Z_0 \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

$$Z'g = [e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot (Z_0 + Z_g) \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) - Z_0 \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})] \\ / (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

or,

$$N = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_t(I-1)]/[Z_0(I+1) + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$M = [Z_0(I+1) - Z_g(I+1)]/[Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)]$$

$$l = L(I) + L(I+1)$$

$$l_1 = L(I+1)$$

$$Z_g(I) = \{e^{n \cdot l_1} \cdot [Z_0(I+1) + Z_g(I+1)] \cdot (1 - N \cdot M \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l}) \\ - Z_0(I+1) \cdot (1 - N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})\} / (1 + N \cdot e^{-2 \cdot n \cdot l} \cdot e^{2 \cdot n \cdot l_1})$$

Accumulators

Four types of accumulators will be considered: inline (manifold), tuned stub, Helmholtz, and parallel. For all these accumulators, the equations hold for either direction (Z_t and Z_g). For the tuned stub and Helmholtz resonator, the admittance seen by the next element is the sum of the admittance of the preceding element and the admittance of the accumulator.

The following equations hold for each of the types of accumulators.

$$A = \pi \cdot d^2 / 4 \quad \text{ft}^2$$

$$a = \sqrt{g_c \cdot k / \rho} \quad \text{ft/sec}$$

$$C = (V/a^2) \cdot (p_c/m_c) = (\rho \cdot V/k) \cdot (p_c/m_c) \quad \text{sec}$$

$$L = [1/(g_c A)] / (p_c/m_c) \quad \text{sec}$$

$$V = I \cdot A \quad \text{ft}^3$$

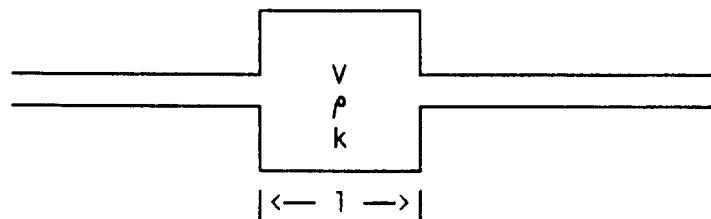
$$y = C \cdot s \quad \text{nd}$$

$$z = L \cdot s \quad \text{nd}$$

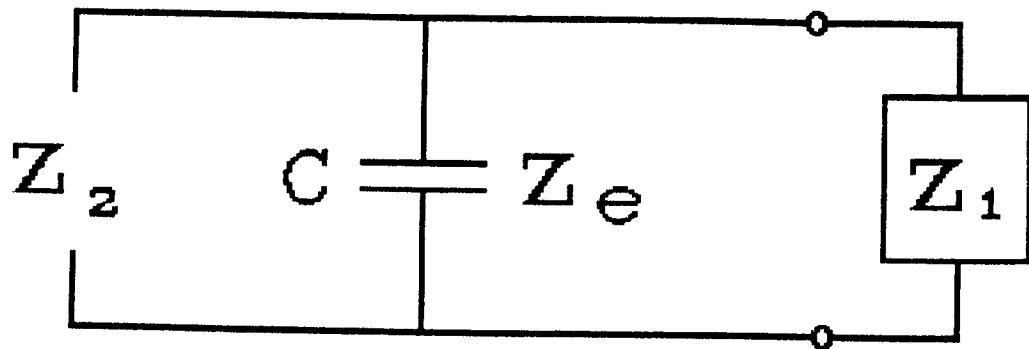
$$Z_0 = \sqrt{z/y} = \sqrt{L/C} \quad \text{nd}$$

$$\sqrt{z \cdot y} = s \cdot \sqrt{L \cdot C} \quad \text{nd}$$

1. Inline accumulator



The inline accumulator is analogous to a manifold which is a capacitor circuit.



$$Z_0 = 1/(C \cdot s)$$

$$1/Z_2 = 1/Z_0 + 1/Z_1$$

$$1/Z_2 = (Z_1 + Z_0)/(Z_1 \cdot Z_0)$$

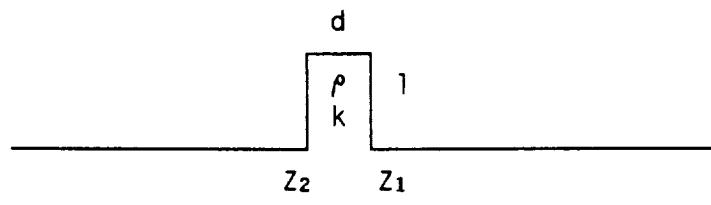
$$Z_2 = Z_1 \cdot Z_0 / (Z_0 + Z_1)$$

or,

$$Z_t(I) = Z_t(I-1) \cdot Z_0 / [Z_0 + Z_t(I-1)]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_g(I+1) \cdot Z_0 / [Z_0 + Z_g(I+1)]$$

2. Tuned Stub



The tuned stub considered has no net flow through it. Thus the termination impedance $\rightarrow \infty$ and the impedance of a pipe becomes

$$Z_0 = Z_0 / \tanh(n \cdot l)$$

$$1/Z_2 = 1/Z_0 + 1/Z_1$$

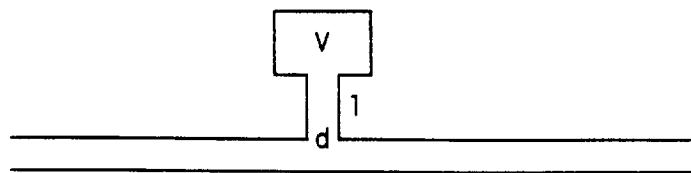
$$Z_2 = Z_0 \cdot Z_1 / (Z_1 + Z_0)$$

or,

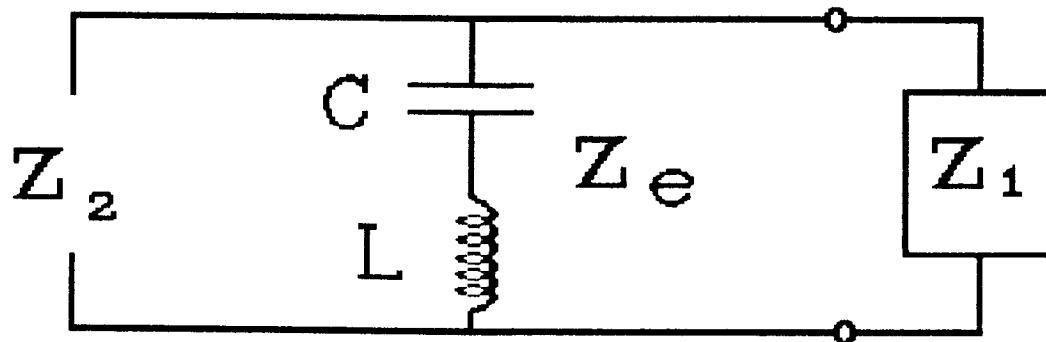
$$Z_t(I) = Z_e \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_e]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_e \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_e]$$

3. Helmholtz Resonator



The Helmholtz resonator is analogous to a series resonant circuit.



where L is based on the dimensions of the small pipe, and C is based on the large cavity, thus

$$Z_e = L \cdot s + 1 / (C \cdot s)$$

$$Z_e = (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2) / (C \cdot s)$$

$$1/Z_2 = 1/Z_e + 1/Z_1$$

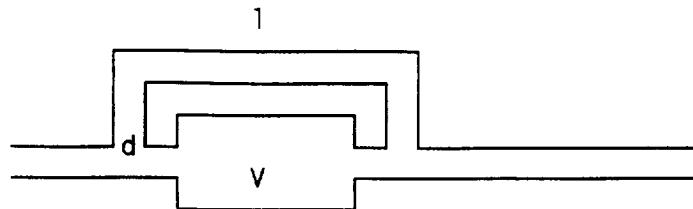
$$Z_2 = Z_e \cdot Z_1 / (Z_1 + Z_e)$$

or,

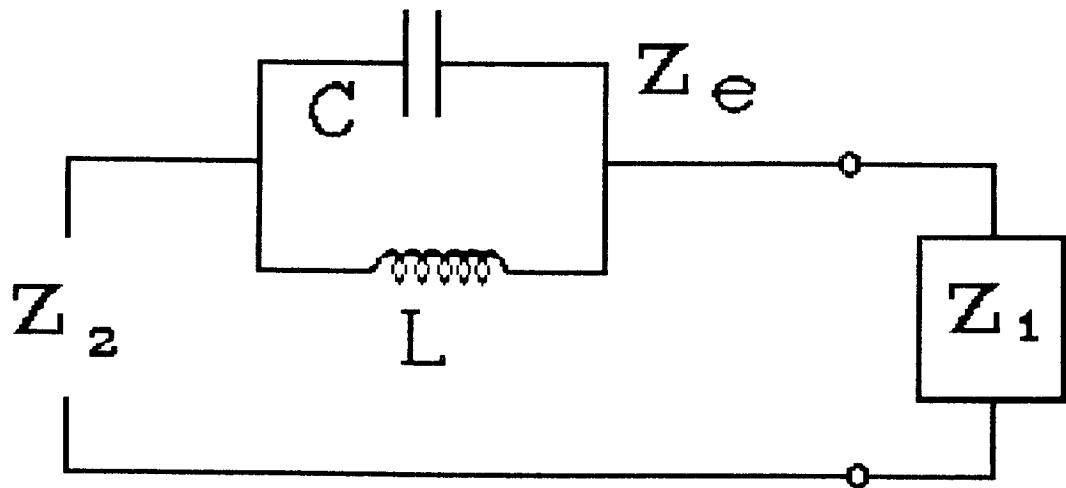
$$Z_t(I) = Z_e \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [Z_t(I-1) + Z_e]$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_e \cdot Z_g(I+1) / [Z_g(I+1) + Z_e]$$

4. Parallel Resonator



The parallel resonator is analogous to a parallel resonant circuit.



where L is based on the dimensions of the bypass line, and C is based on the dimensions of the volume bypassed

$$1/Z_e = 1/L \cdot s + C \cdot s$$

$$Z_e = L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

$$Z_2 = Z_1 + Z_e$$

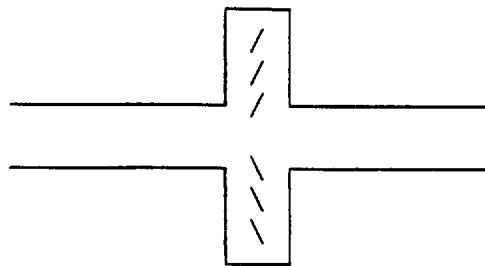
$$Z_2 = Z_1 + L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

or,

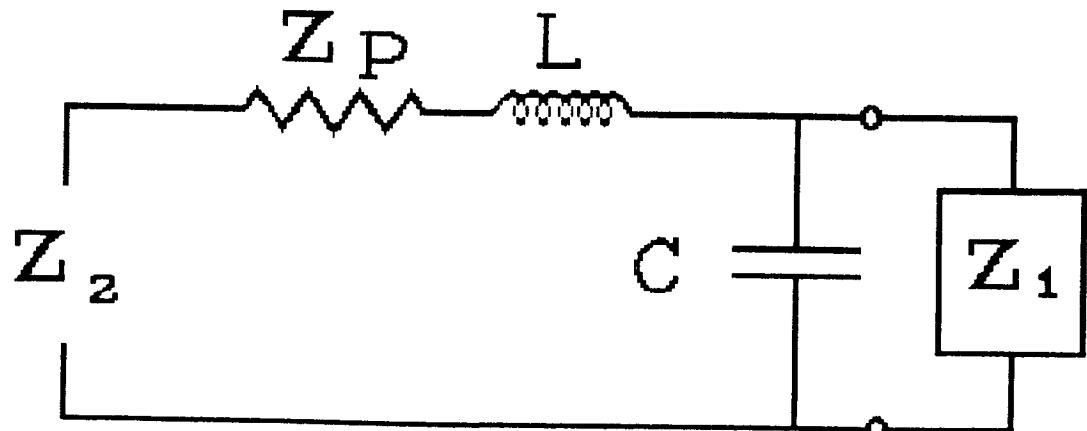
$$Z_t(I) = Z_t(I-1) + L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

$$Z_g(I) = Z_g(I+1) + L \cdot s / (1 + L \cdot C \cdot s^2)$$

Pumps



The pump is analogous to the following circuit.



$$Z_p = \frac{\partial p}{\partial \dot{m}}$$

$$Z_2 = Z_p + L \cdot s + 1/(C \cdot s + 1/Z_1)$$

$$Z_2 = [Z_1 + (Z_p + L \cdot s) \cdot (Z_1 \cdot C \cdot s + 1)] / (1 + Z_1 \cdot C \cdot s)$$

or,

$$Z_t(I) = \frac{Z_t(I-1) + (Z_p + L \cdot s) \cdot [1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s]}{1 + Z_t(I-1) \cdot C \cdot s}$$

When computing the impedance looking toward the engine use the negative of the slope.

$$1/Z_1 = 1/(Z_2 - Z_p + L \cdot s) + C \cdot s$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_2}{1 + C \cdot s \cdot (L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_2)}$$

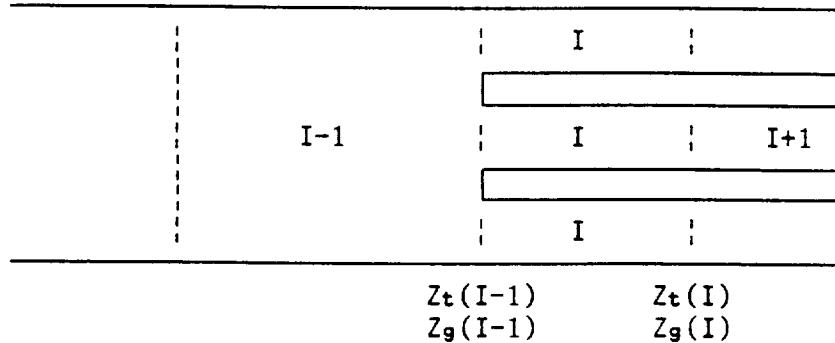
or,

$$Z_g(I) = \frac{L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)}{1 + C \cdot s \cdot [L \cdot s - Z_p + Z_g(I+1)]}$$

Split Piping

Often a main pipe from a fuel or LOX tank splits into several pipes, each going to a different engine. This analysis is for the case where the pipe is split into m identical lines going to m identical engines.

Case I. Finding the impedance looking toward the tank (Z_t).



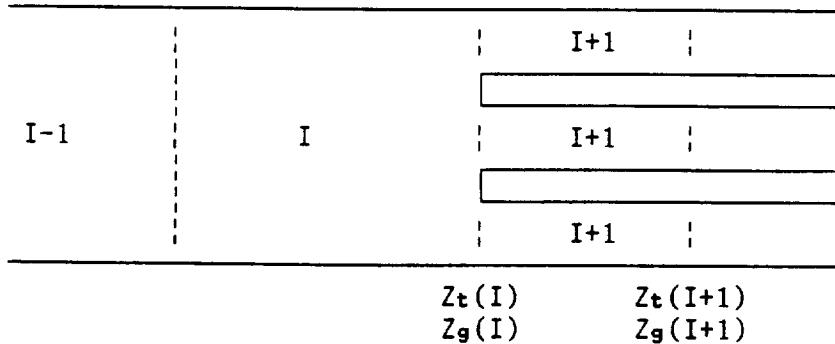
Section I, looking toward the tank sees $Z_t(I-1)$ and $(m-1)Z_g(I-1)$'s in parallel. Therefore the effective Z_e it sees is

$$\frac{1}{Z_e} = \frac{m-1}{Z_g(I-1)} + \frac{1}{Z_t(I-1)}$$

$$Z_e = Z_g(I-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) / [(m-1) \cdot Z_t(I-1) + Z_g(I-1)]$$

This Z_e is used in the equations for Z_t instead of $Z_t(I-1)$.

Case II. Finding the impedance looking toward the engine (Z_g).



Section I, looking toward the engine sees m sections $I+1$ in parallel. Therefore the effective $Z_g(I)$ is $1/m$ of that for one pipe. Thus, compute Z_g using one pipe and then divide by m to obtain $Z_g(I)$.

Nyquist Program

The Nyquist equations presented in NASA Contractor Report 5-32176 were programmed for the PC. The equations used in the Nyquist program are a function of the admittances G_{ox} and G_f . The code was written to plot the Nyquist curves for the four cases: neither admittance used, G_{ox} only, G_f only, and both admittances used.

On page 47 of the report the following equation is derived

$$\frac{e^{-\tau \cdot s}}{(1+\theta_c \cdot s)} \cdot \left\{ \left[1 + \frac{(1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right] \cdot G_{ox} + \left[1 - \frac{\bar{r} \cdot (1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right] \cdot G_f \right\} = -1.$$

In order to simplify the notation, the following definitions are used:

$$K_1 = \frac{e^{-\tau \cdot s}}{(1+\theta_c \cdot s)}$$

$$A_1 = \left[1 + \frac{(1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right]$$

$$A_2 = \left[1 - \frac{\bar{r} \cdot (1 + \bar{r})}{C^*} \cdot \frac{\partial C^*}{\partial r} \right]$$

Thus, the equation may be expressed as $K_1 \cdot (A_1 \cdot G_{ox} + A_2 \cdot G_f) = -1$.

The equations used are

$$K(j\omega) = 2 \cdot K_1 \quad \text{neither admittance used,}$$

$$K(j\omega, G_{ox}) = K_1 \cdot A_1 \quad G_{ox} \text{ used,}$$

$$K(j\omega, G_f) = K_1 \cdot A_2 \quad G_f \text{ used,}$$

$$K(j\omega, G_{ox}, G_f) = K_1 \cdot (A_1 + A_2) \quad \text{both admittances used.}$$

In addition to the Nyquist plots of these four equations, Phase-Gain plots are also available.

The program will run when there is no data available for either or both of the feedlines. When a line is missing, the user is only allowed to request plots that are available. The admittance calculations include all the variations in the feedline program: split pipes, accumulators, and pumps.

Example plots are given in Figures 9 - 17. Figure 9 shows the fuel and LOX piping layouts used in the example. Figures 10 and 11 give the Nyquist plot and Phase-Gain plot for $K(j\omega)$. Similar plots are shown for $K(j\omega, G_{ox})$ in Figures 12 and 13, $K(j\omega, G_r)$ in Figures 14 and 15, and $K(j\omega, G_{ox}, G_r)$ in Figures 16 and 17. Note that the curves for $K(j\omega, G_{ox})$ and $K(j\omega, G_r)$ are similar, but out of phase. This is evident in the curves for $K(j\omega, G_{ox}, G_r)$.

Intermediate Mode

Graphics was added to the intermediate mode program and it was modified to run a range of frequencies and a range of τ 's (sensitive time lag). After the range of τ 's for a given frequency have been run and the n 's displayed on the screen, the user may request a plot of n vs τ for that frequency (Fig. 18). After the range of frequencies have been run, n vs τ is plotted on one graph for each of the frequencies (Fig. 19).

Recommendations

Feedline Program

1. Speed up iteration for split pipe. A study of the convergence will have to be made to determine the best approach.
2. Generalize the split pipe to allow splits into non-identical pipes. This will require changing the logic of the program.

Mitchell's Program

1. Make it easier to use.
 - a. Reduce number of input files. Seven are now used.
 - b. Use dimensioned variables on input and output. Currently the program requires the user to nondimensionalize the data before it is input.
2. Add plots to the output. The code now outputs a file with n and t to be used by another program for plotting.

Intermediate Frequency Program

1. Add split pipe and accumulators. Since these are already developed for the feedline codes, adding them will be fairly simple.

Nomenclature

a	speed of sound	ft/sec
A	area	ft ²
C	capacitance	sec
C	capacitance per unit length	sec/ft
d	diameter	ft
g _c	gravitational constant	1bm-ft/1bf-sec ²
G	admittance	nd
k	bulk modulus	1bf/ft ²
l	length	ft
L(I)	length of I th pipe	ft
L	inductance	sec
L	inductance per unit length	sec/ft
m	no. of split lines	nd
\dot{m}	mass flow	1bm/sec
n	pressure interaction index	nd
n	pressure interaction factor	1/ft
p	pressure	1bf/ft ²
s	complex frequency	1/sec
V	volume	ft ³
x	distance along pipe	ft
y	admittance	nd
z	impedance	nd
Z	impedance	nd
ρ	density	1bm/ft ³
w	imaginary part of frequency	rad/sec

Subscripts

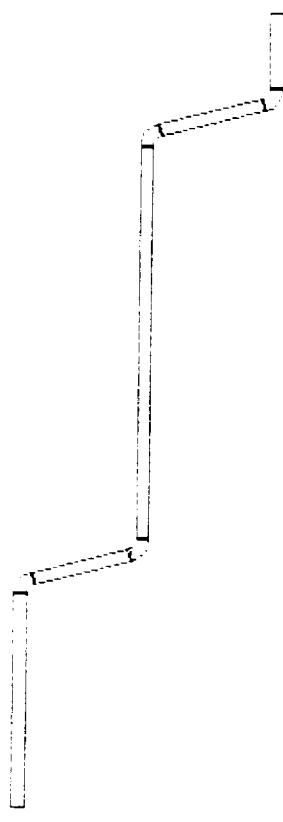
c	combustion chamber	(e.g. p_c)
t	looking toward tank	(e.g. G_t)
g	looking toward engine	(e.g. Z_g)
0	lossless line	(e.g. Z_0)

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Pipe Layout



Basic Configuration 06:33AM 05-27-91

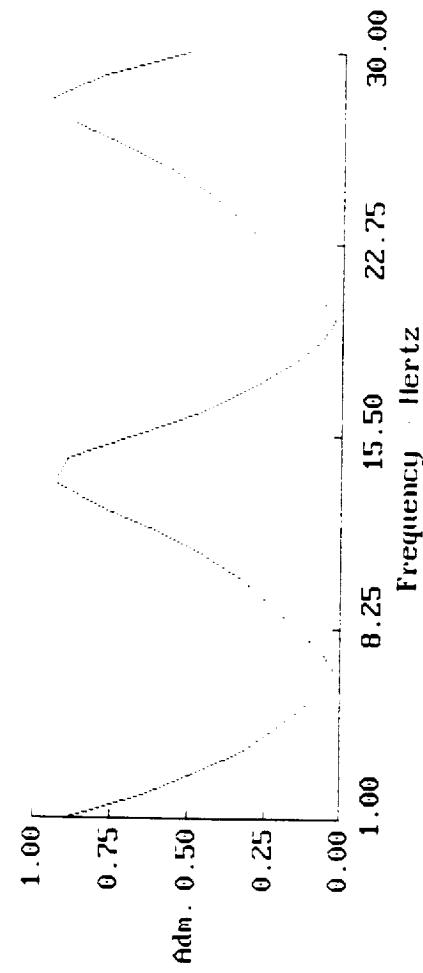


Figure 1a

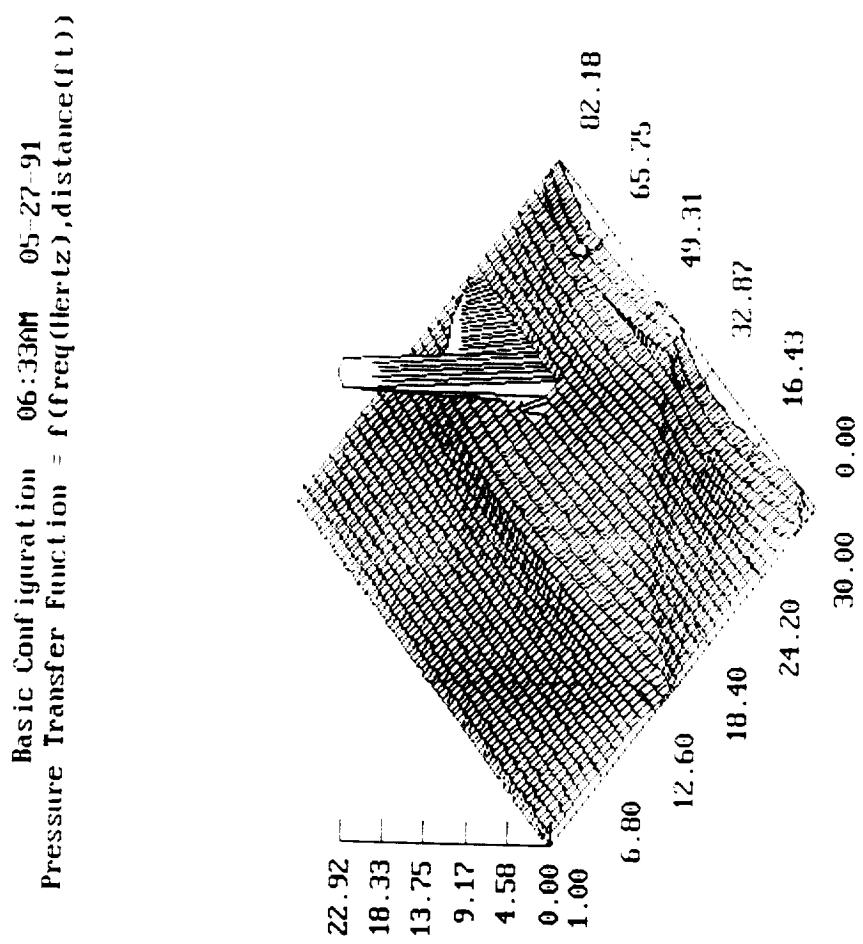


Figure 1b

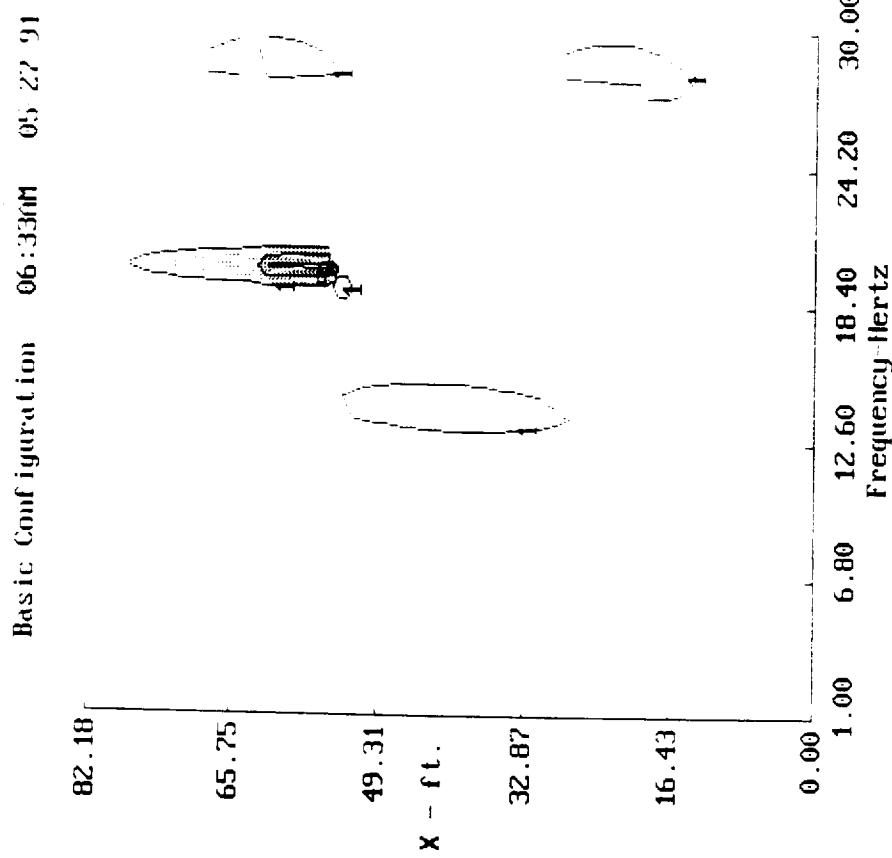


Figure 1c

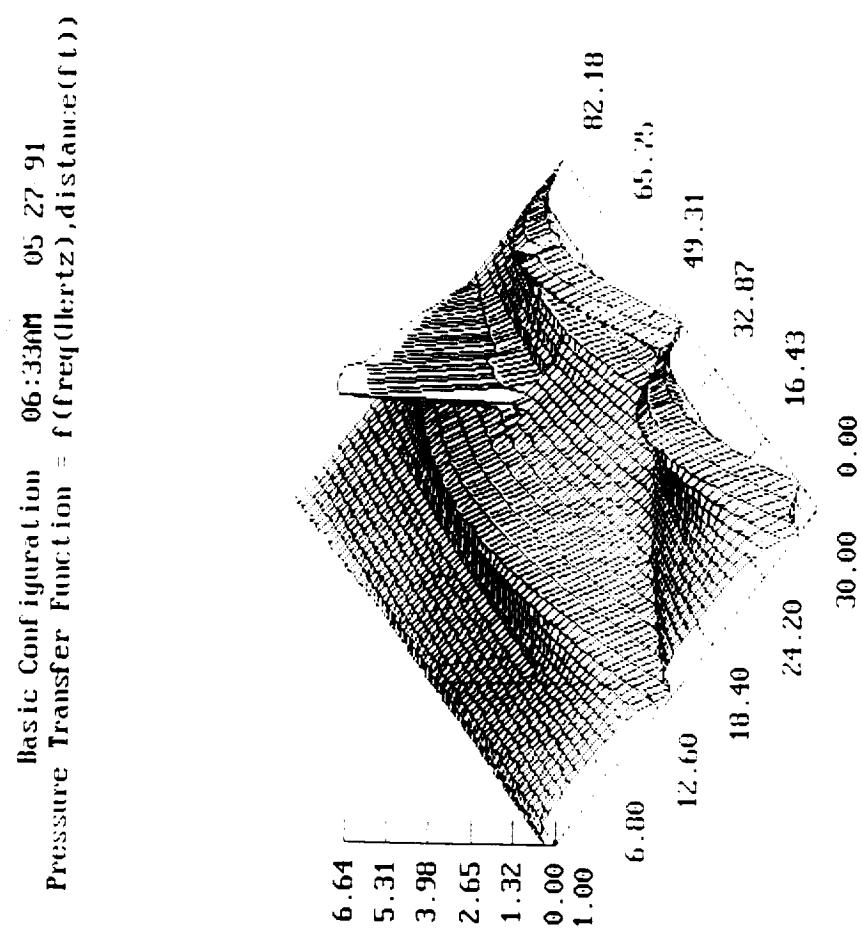


Figure 2

Pipe Layout

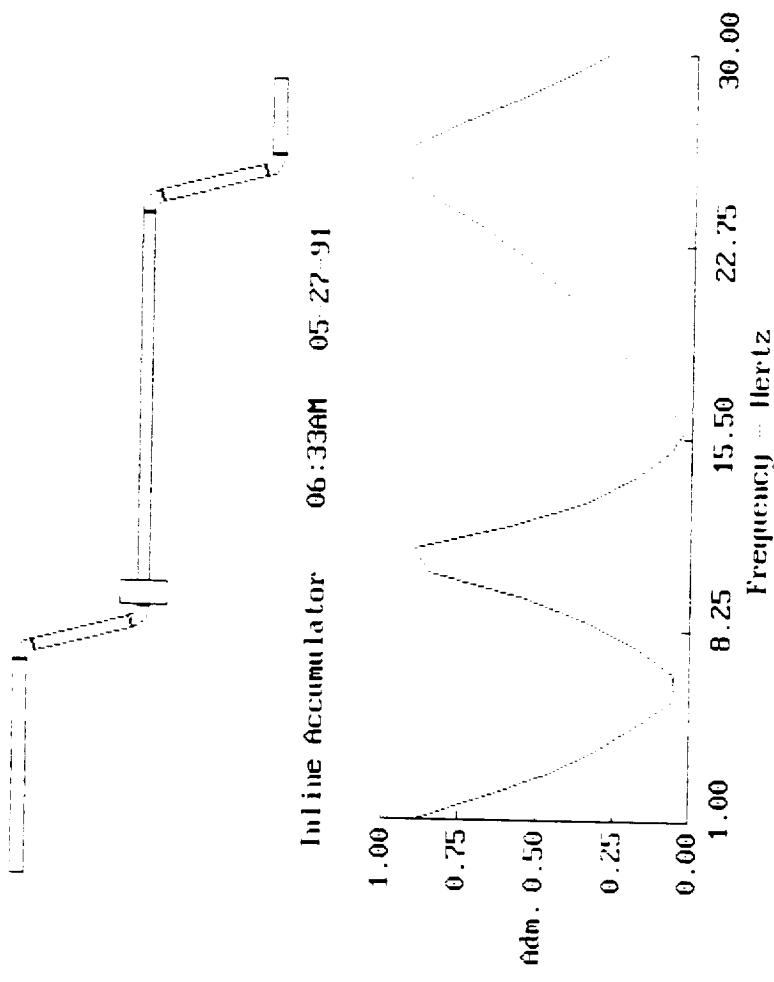


Figure 3a

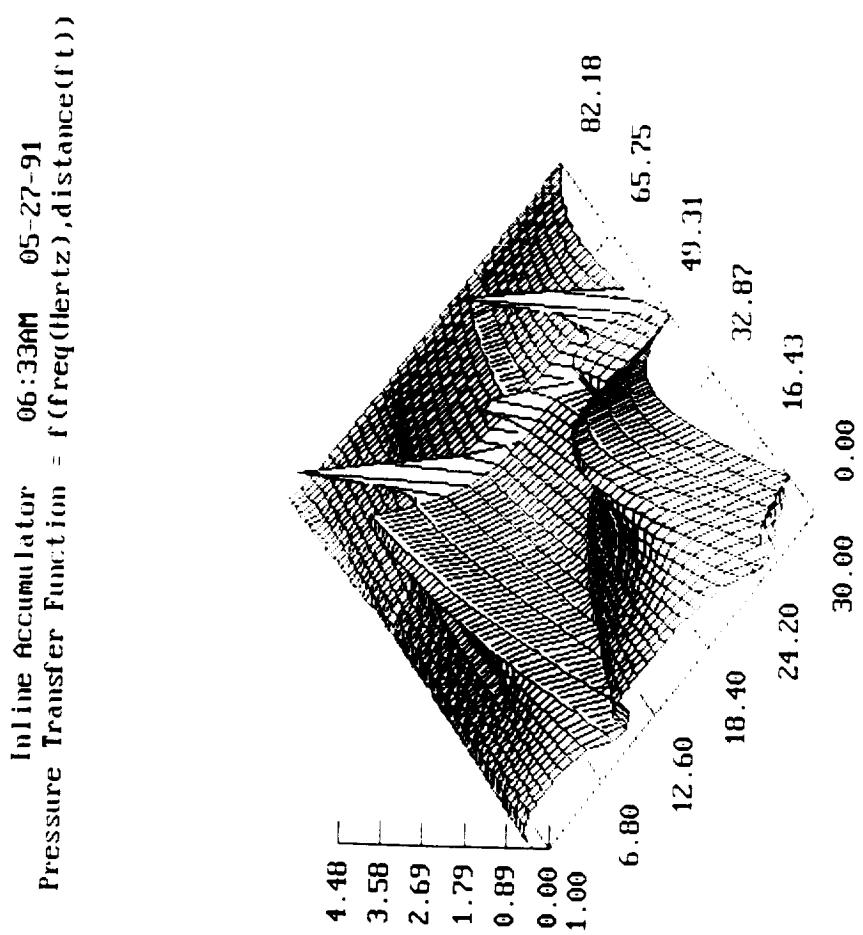


Figure 3b

Inline Accumulator 06:33AM 05/27/91

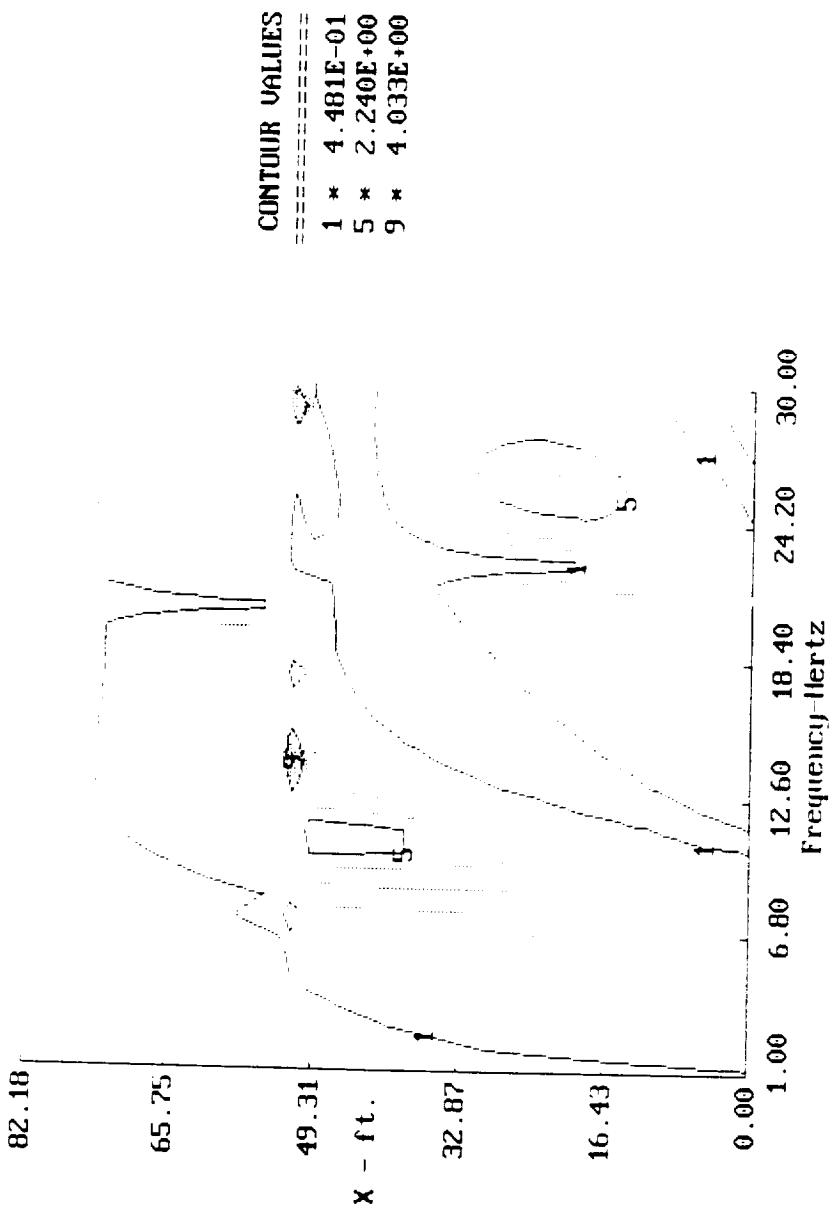


Figure 3c

Pipe Layout

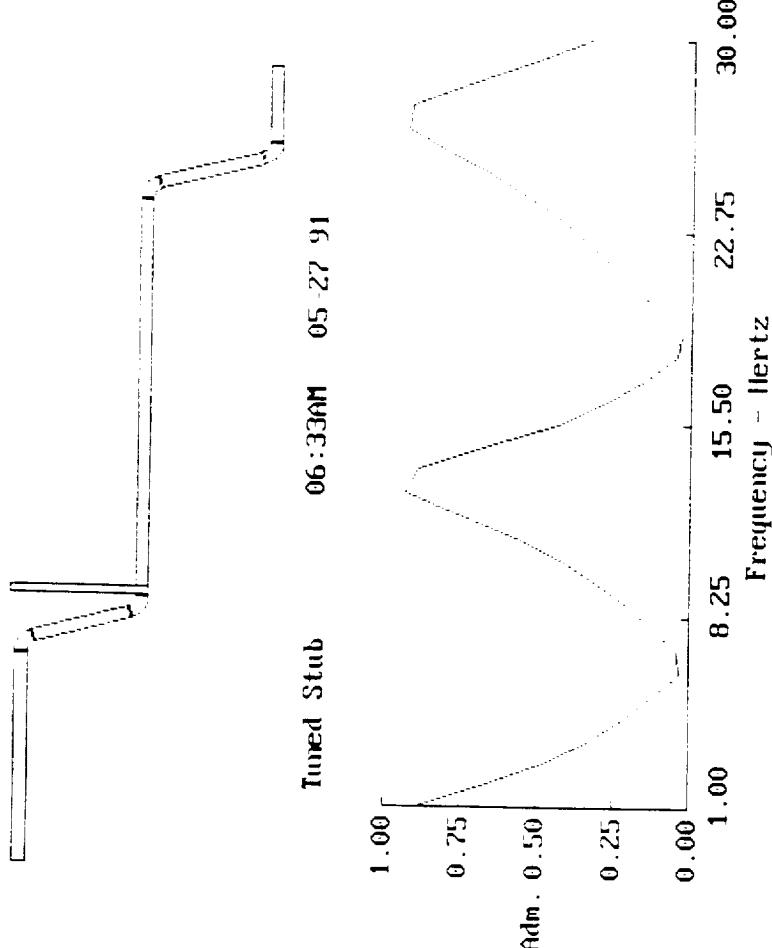


Figure 4a

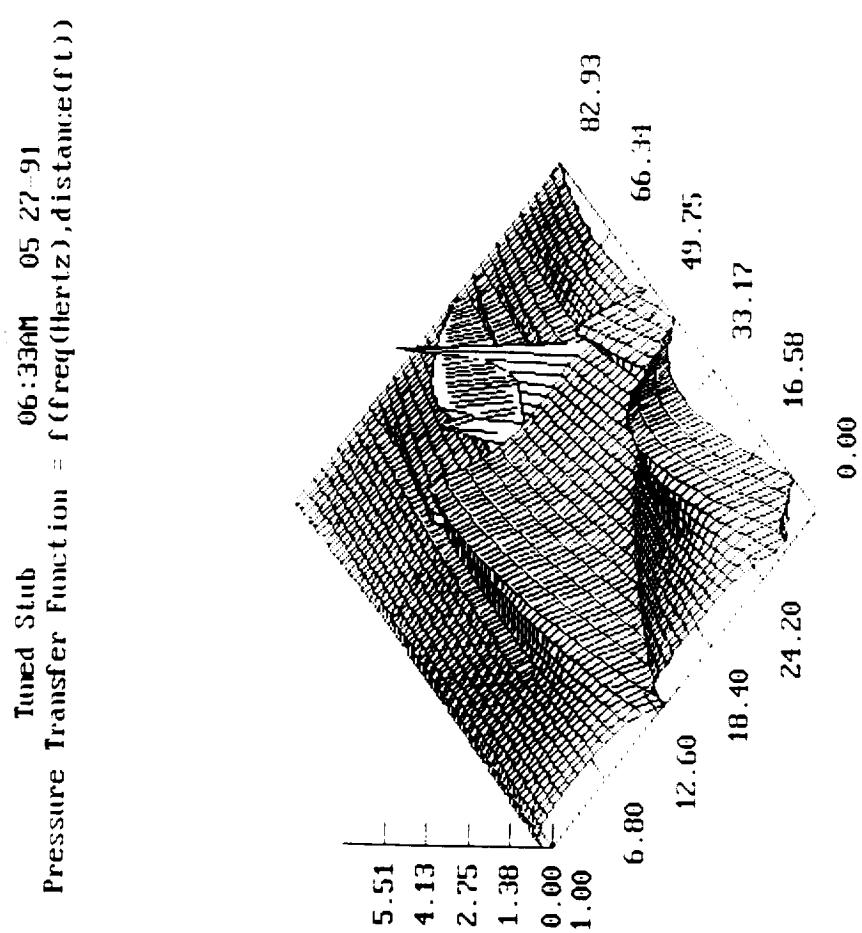


Figure 4b

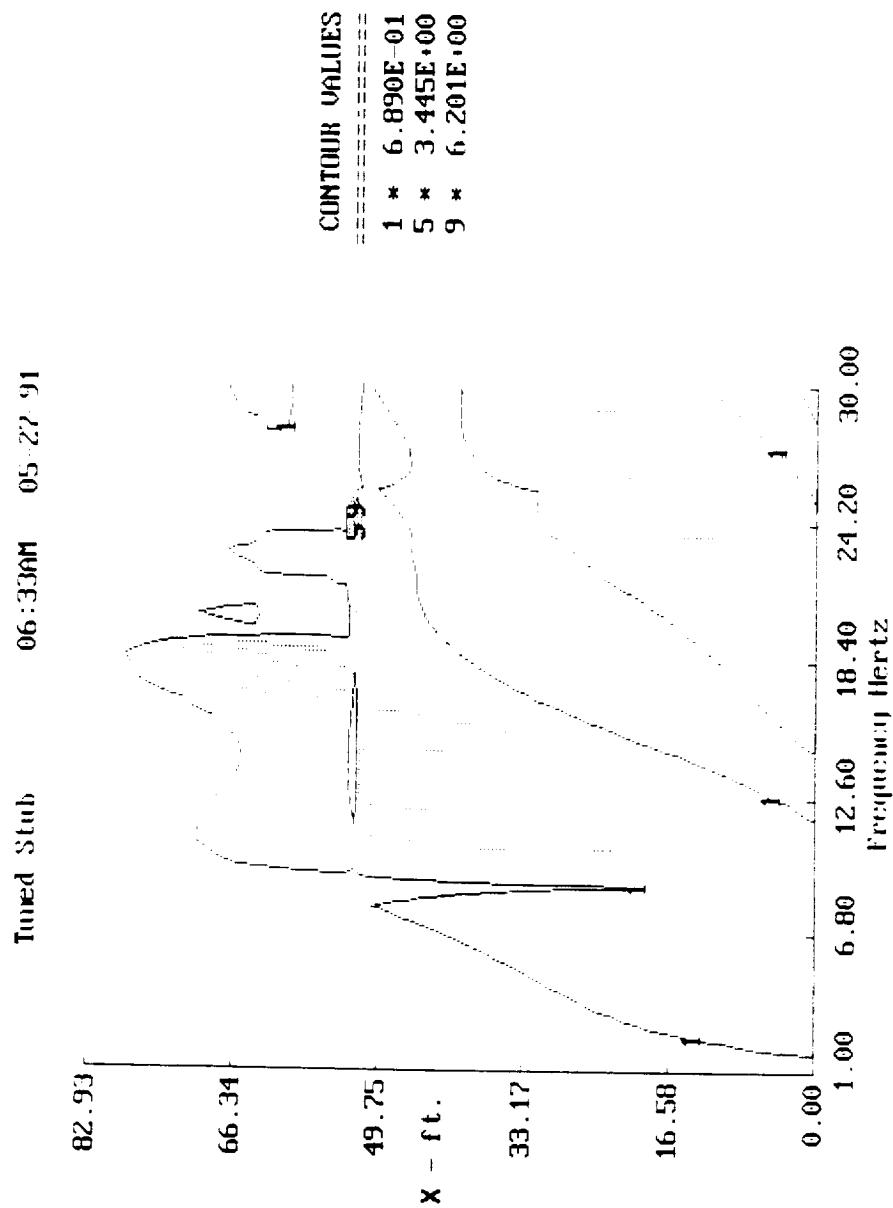


Figure 4c

Pipe Layout

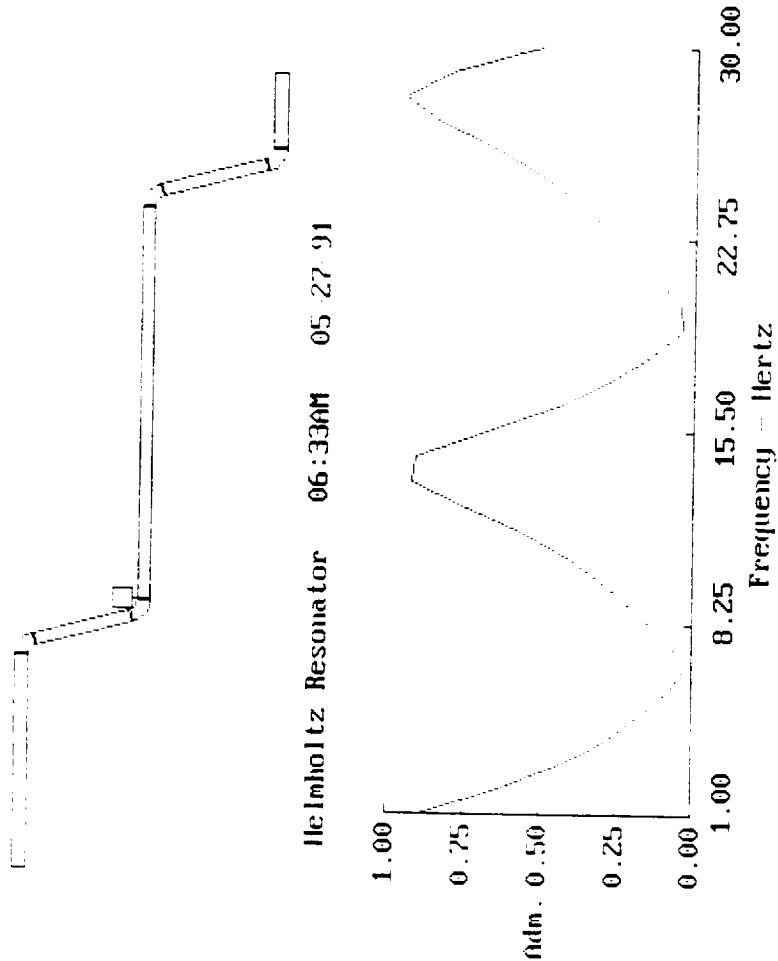


Figure 5a

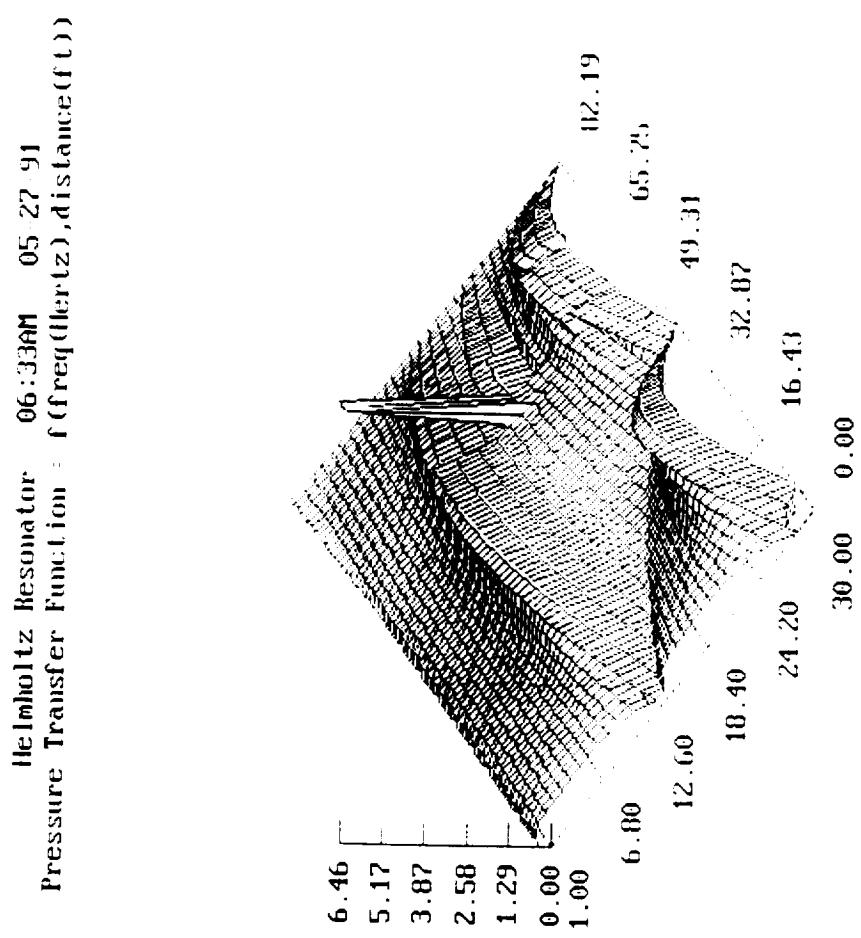


Figure 5b

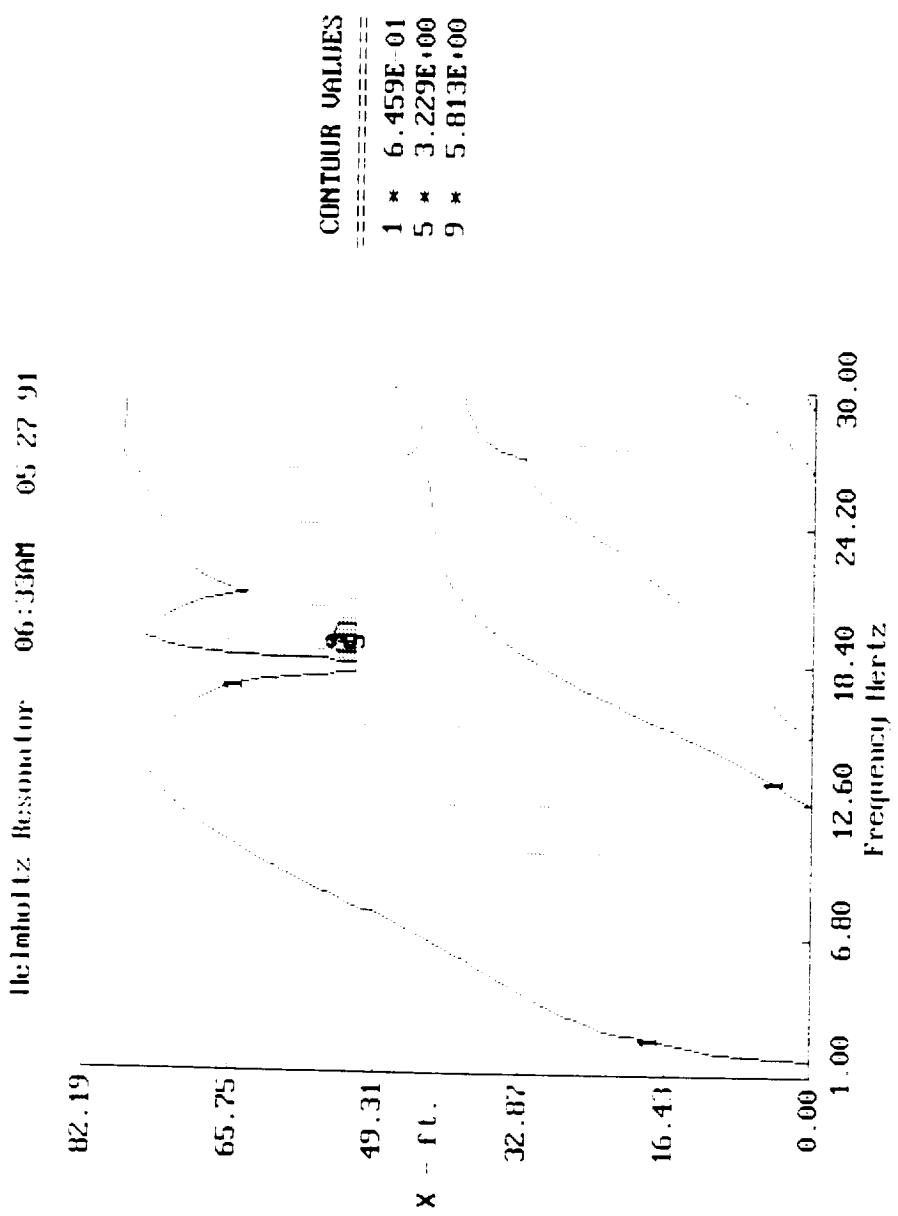


Figure 5c

Pipe Layout

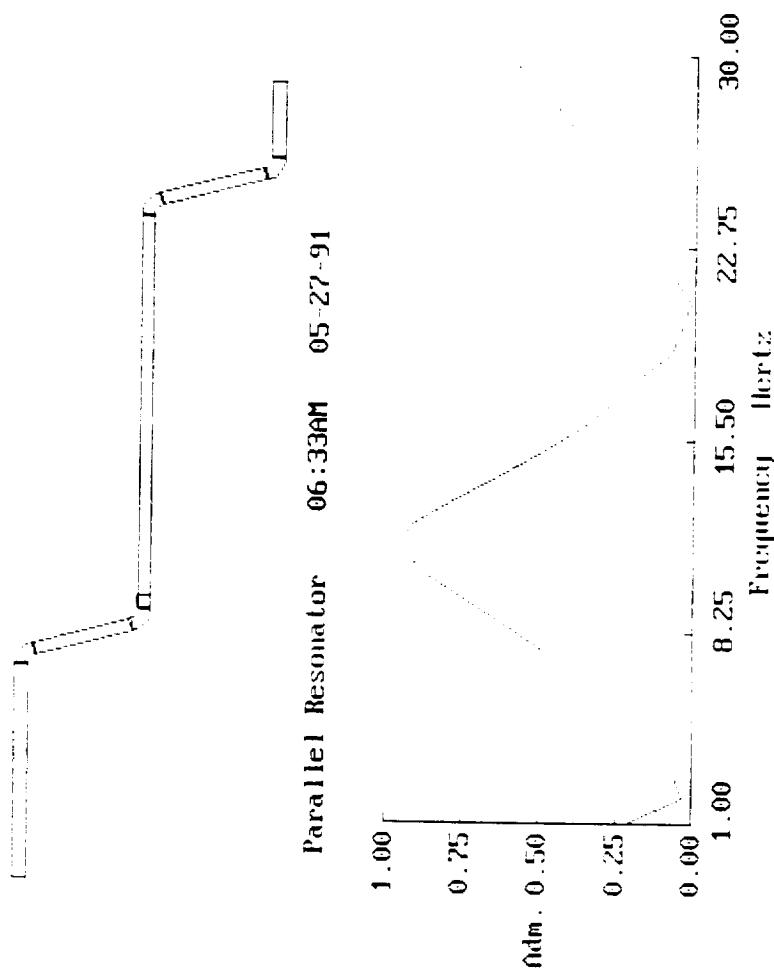


Figure 6a

Parallel Resonator 06:33am 05/27/91
Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(Hertz),distance(ft))

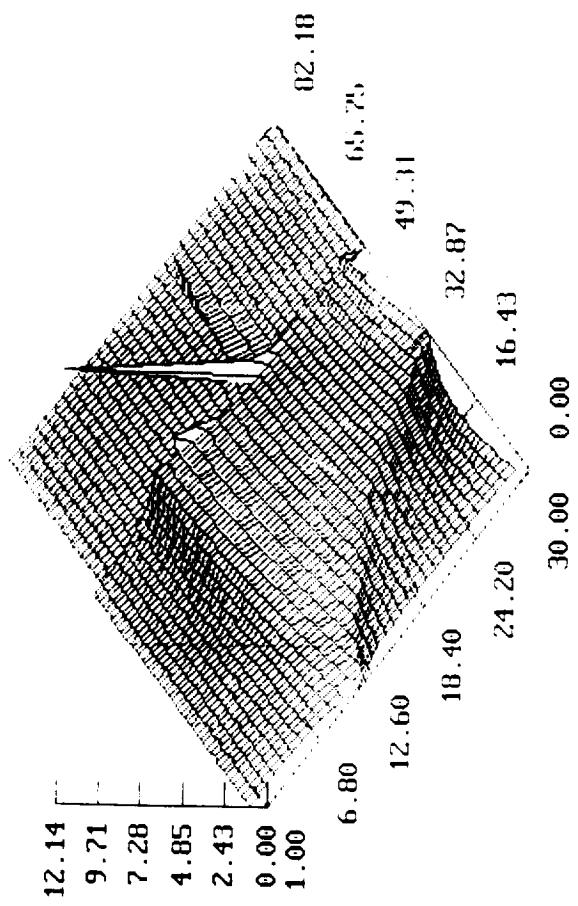


Figure 6b

Parallel Resonator 06:33AM 05/27/91

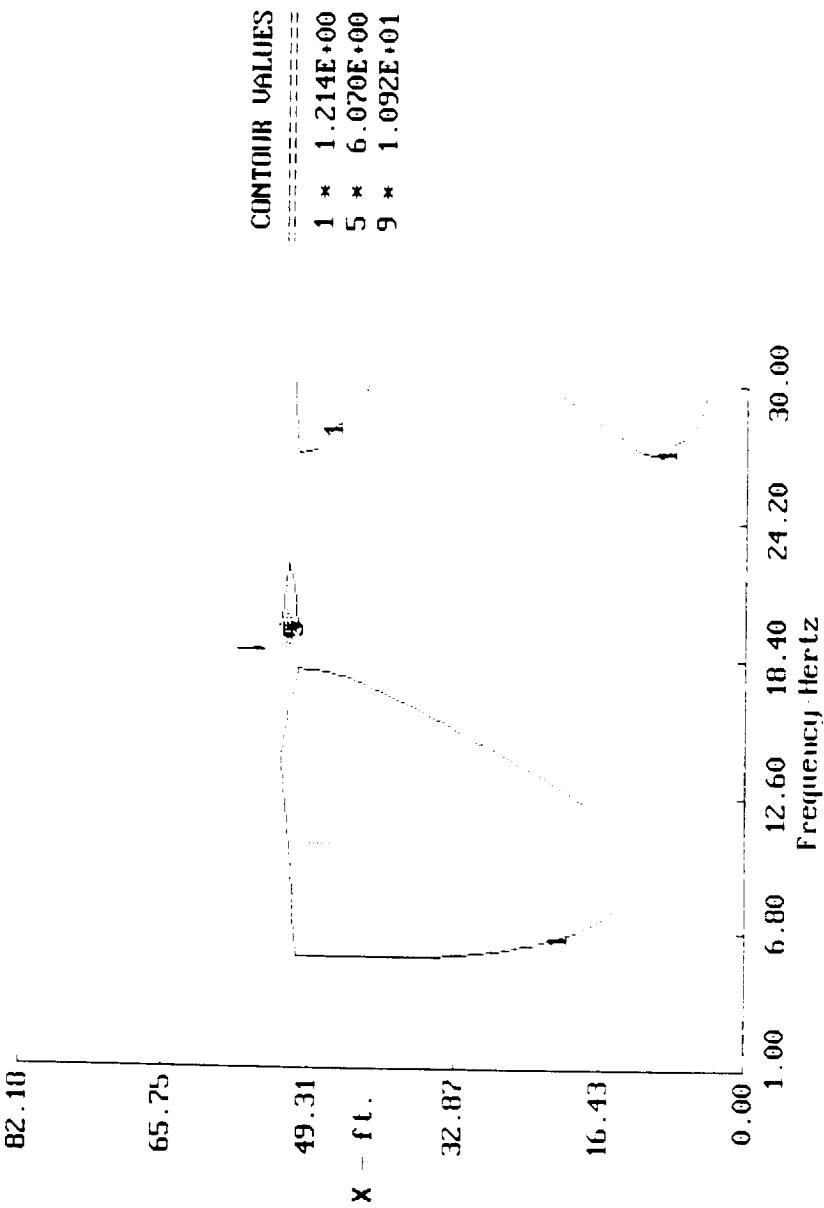
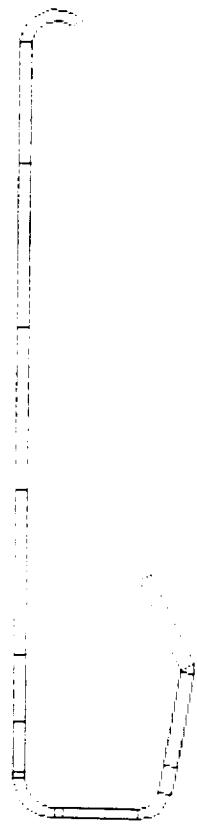


Figure 6c

Pipe Layout



ET LOX - 0 Hasplit 07:08AM 05/27/91

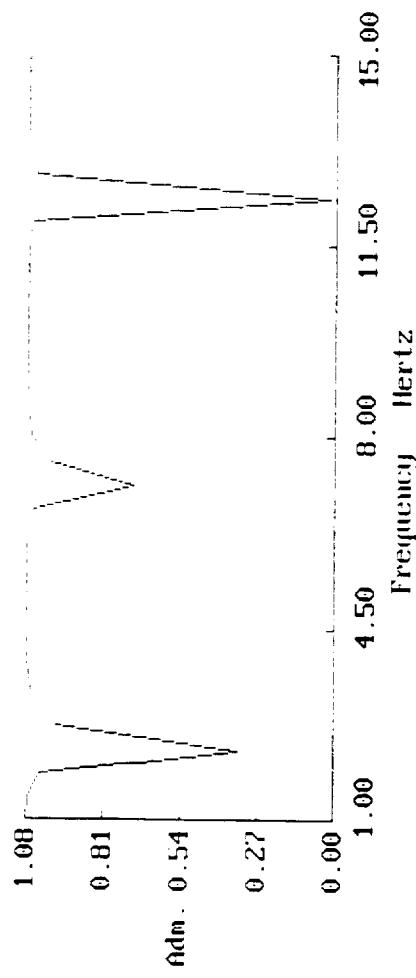


Figure 7a

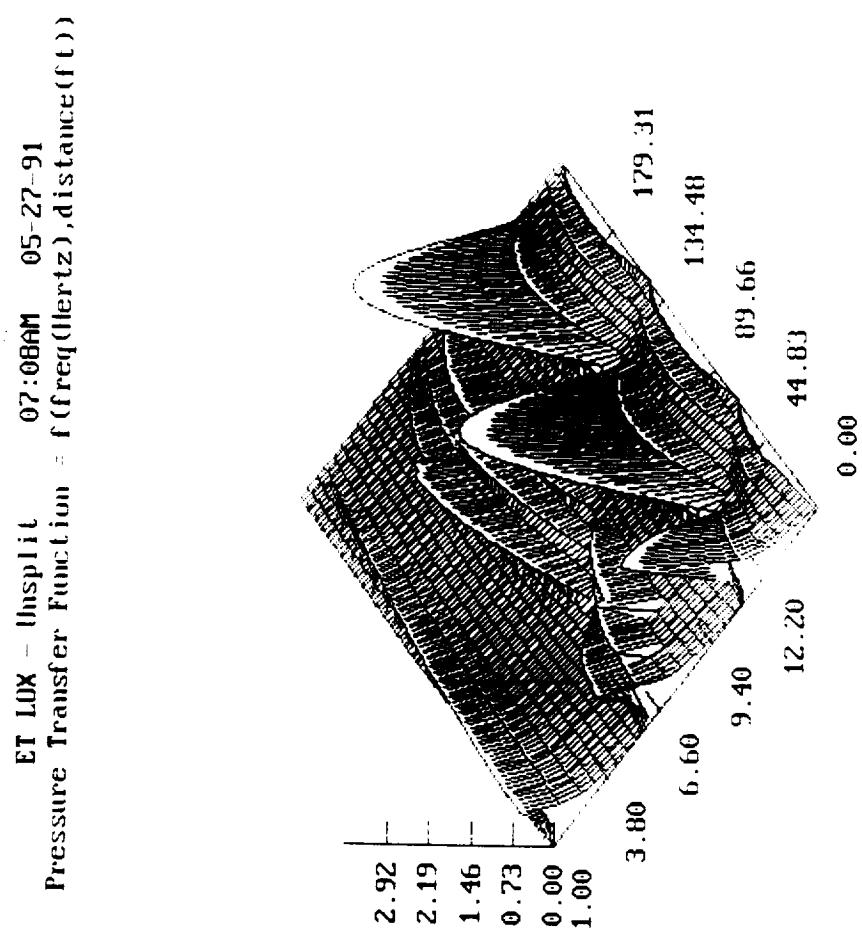


Figure 7b

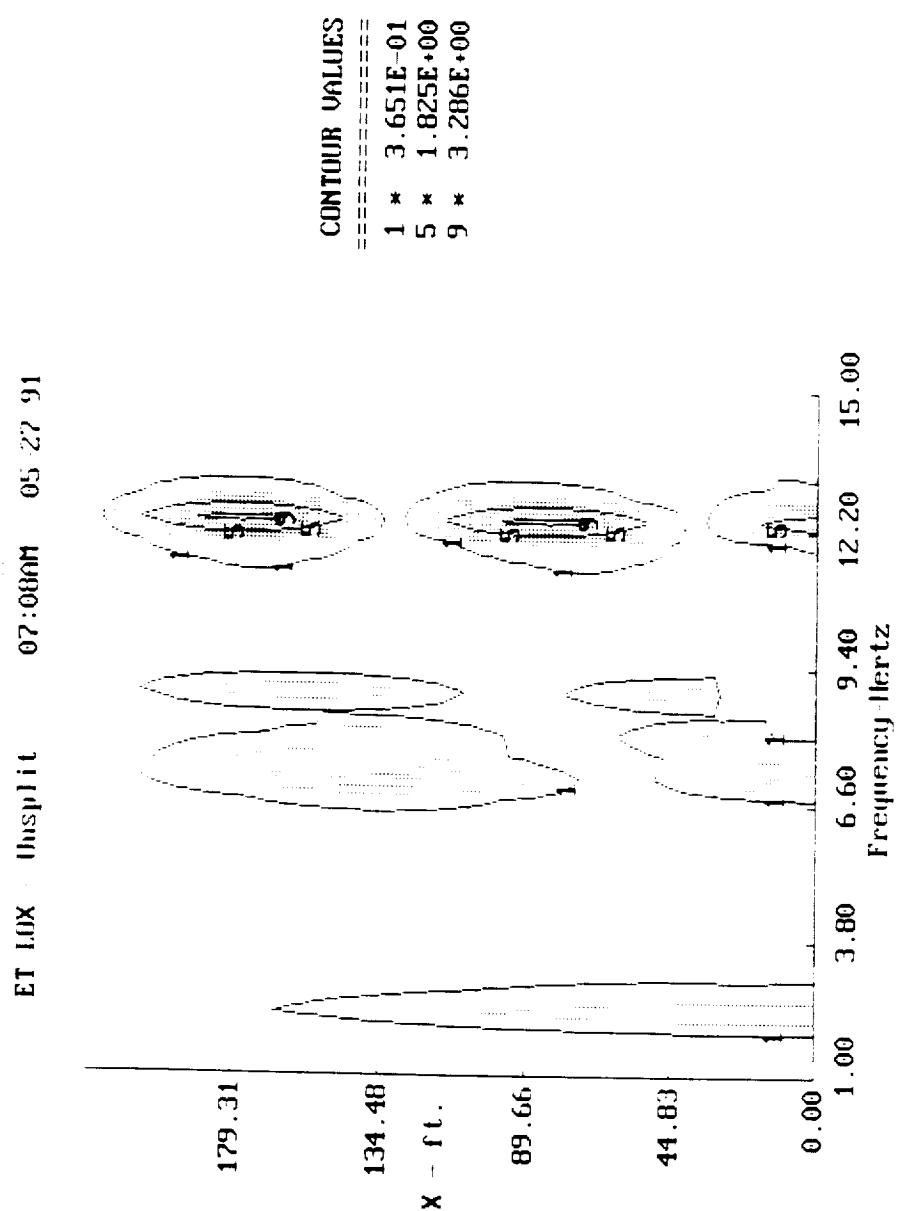


Figure 7c

Pipe Layout

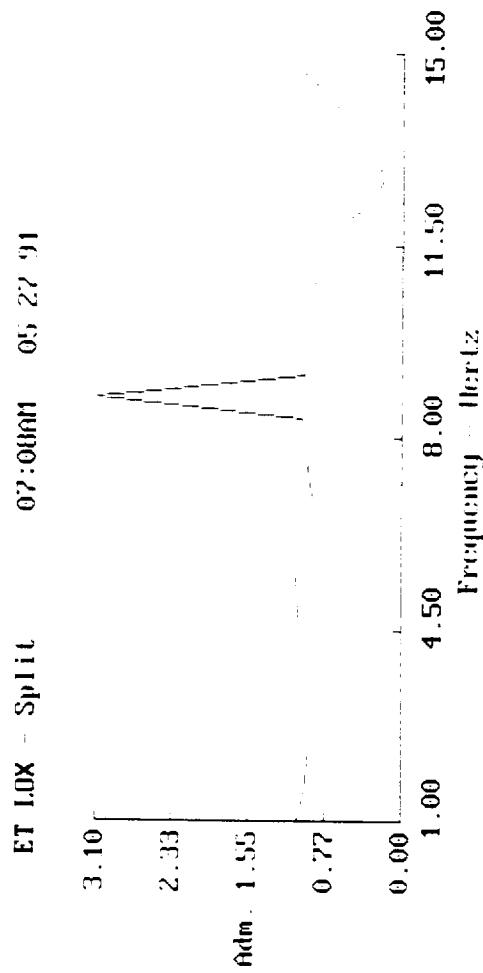
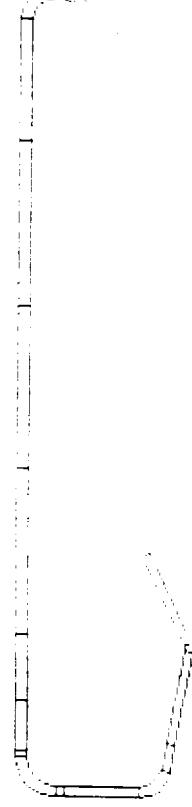


Figure 8a

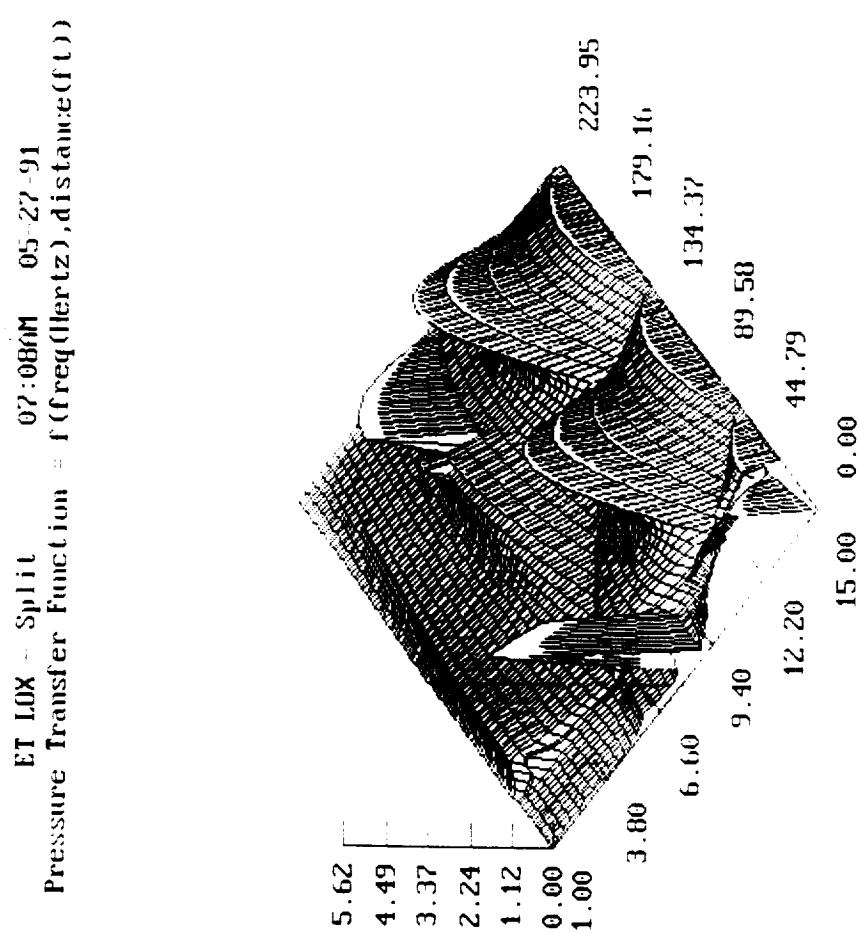


Figure 8b

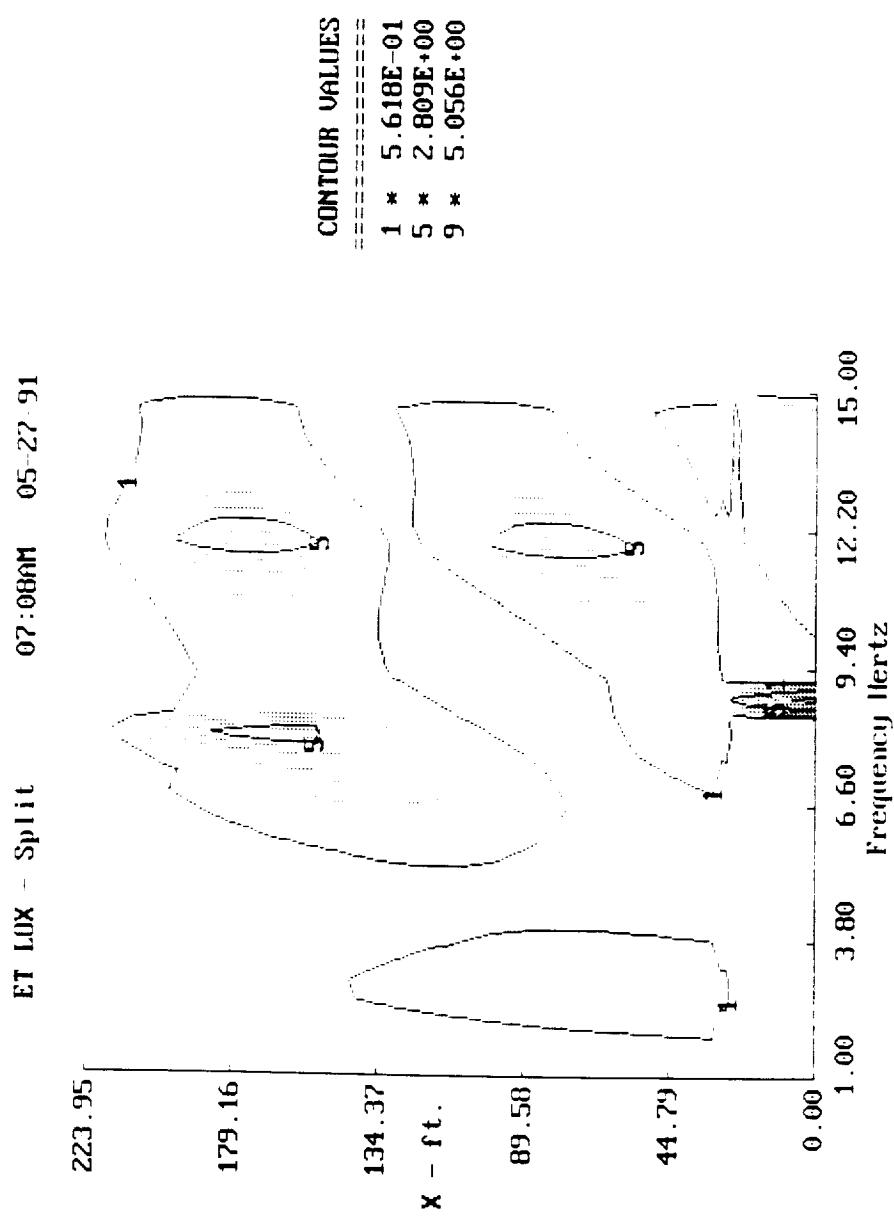
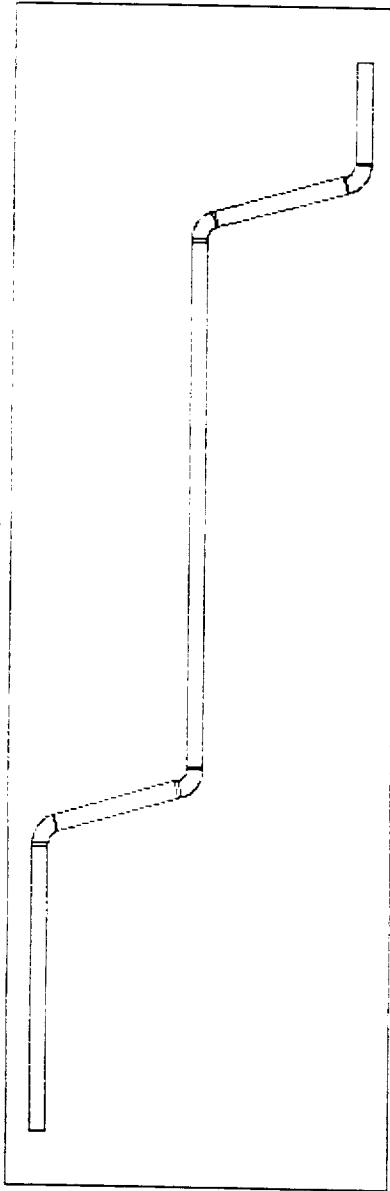


Figure 8c

Basic Configuration 07:34AM 05-27-91
LOX PIPE LAYOUT



FUEL PIPE LAYOUT

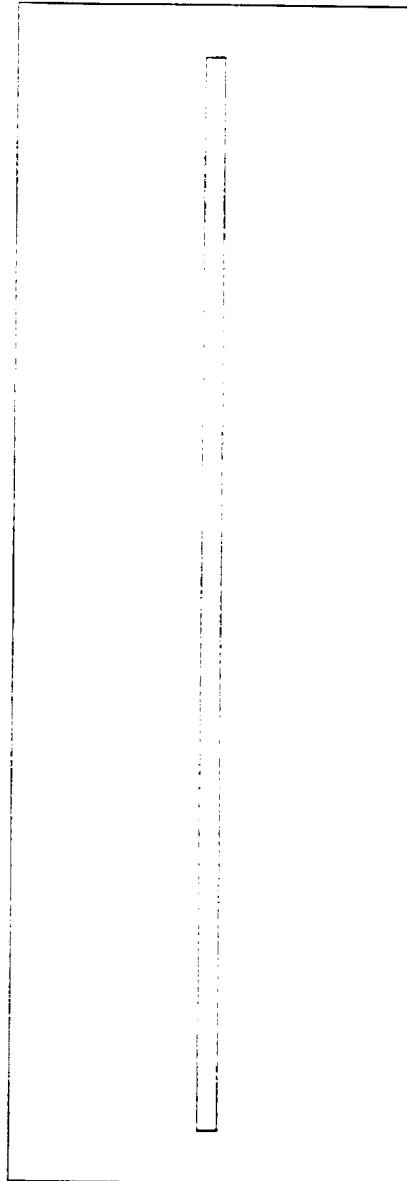
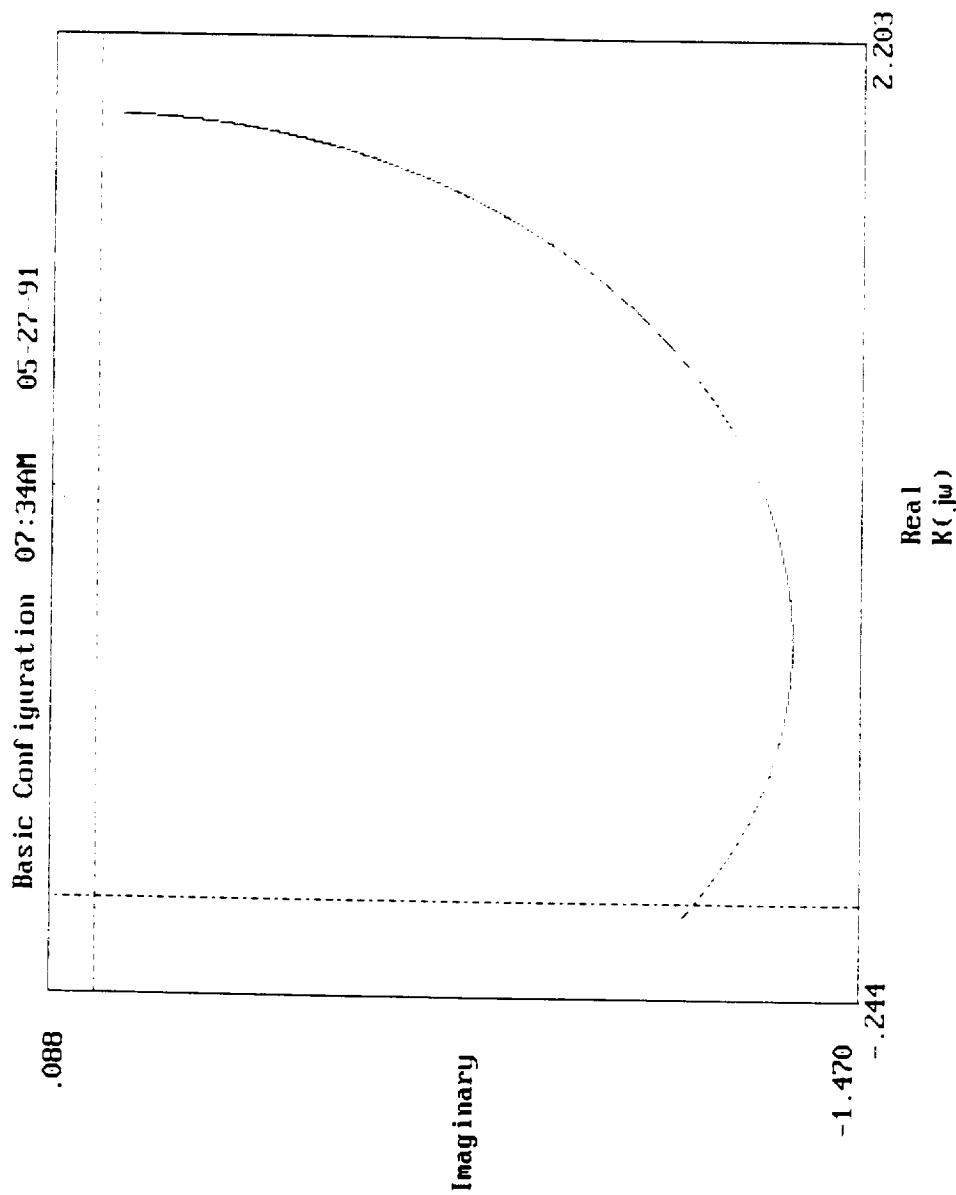


Figure 9

Figure 10



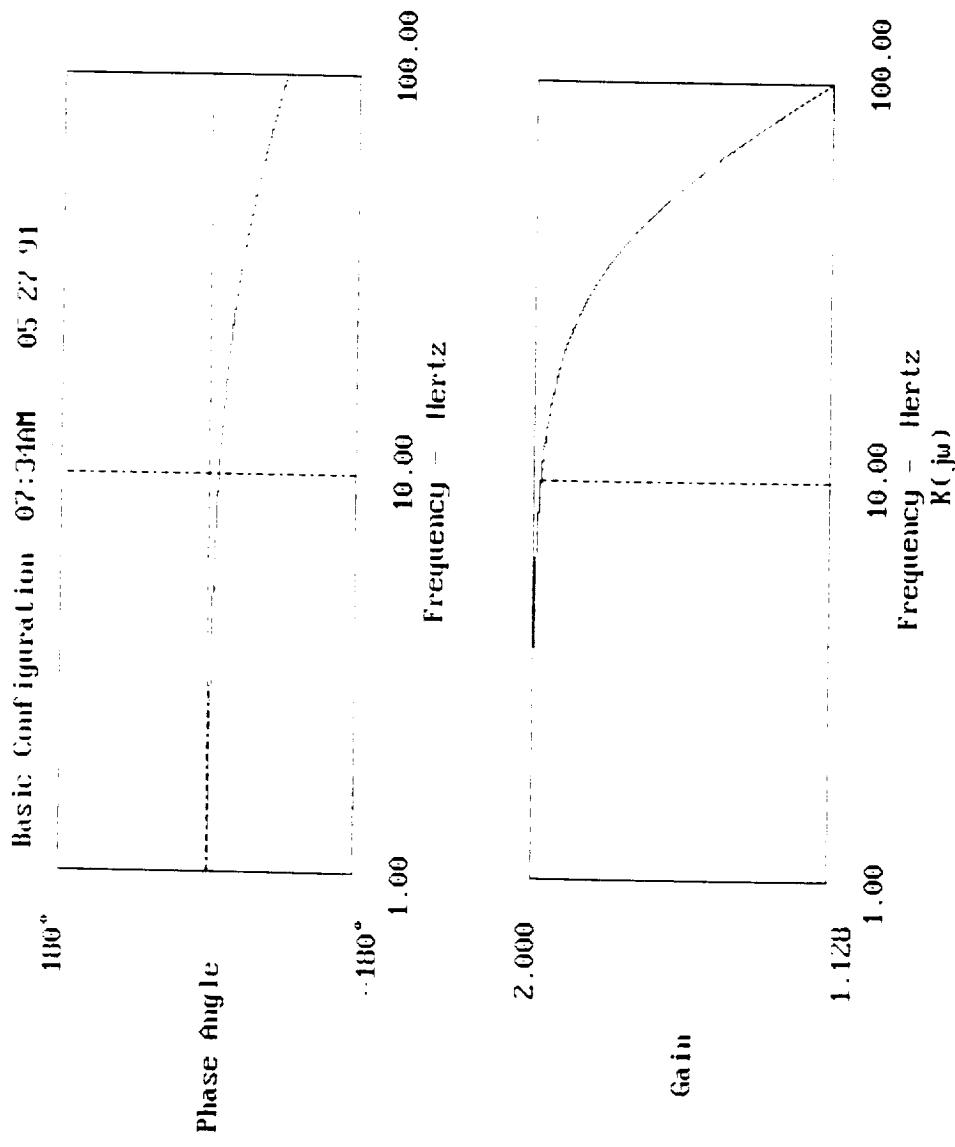


Figure 11

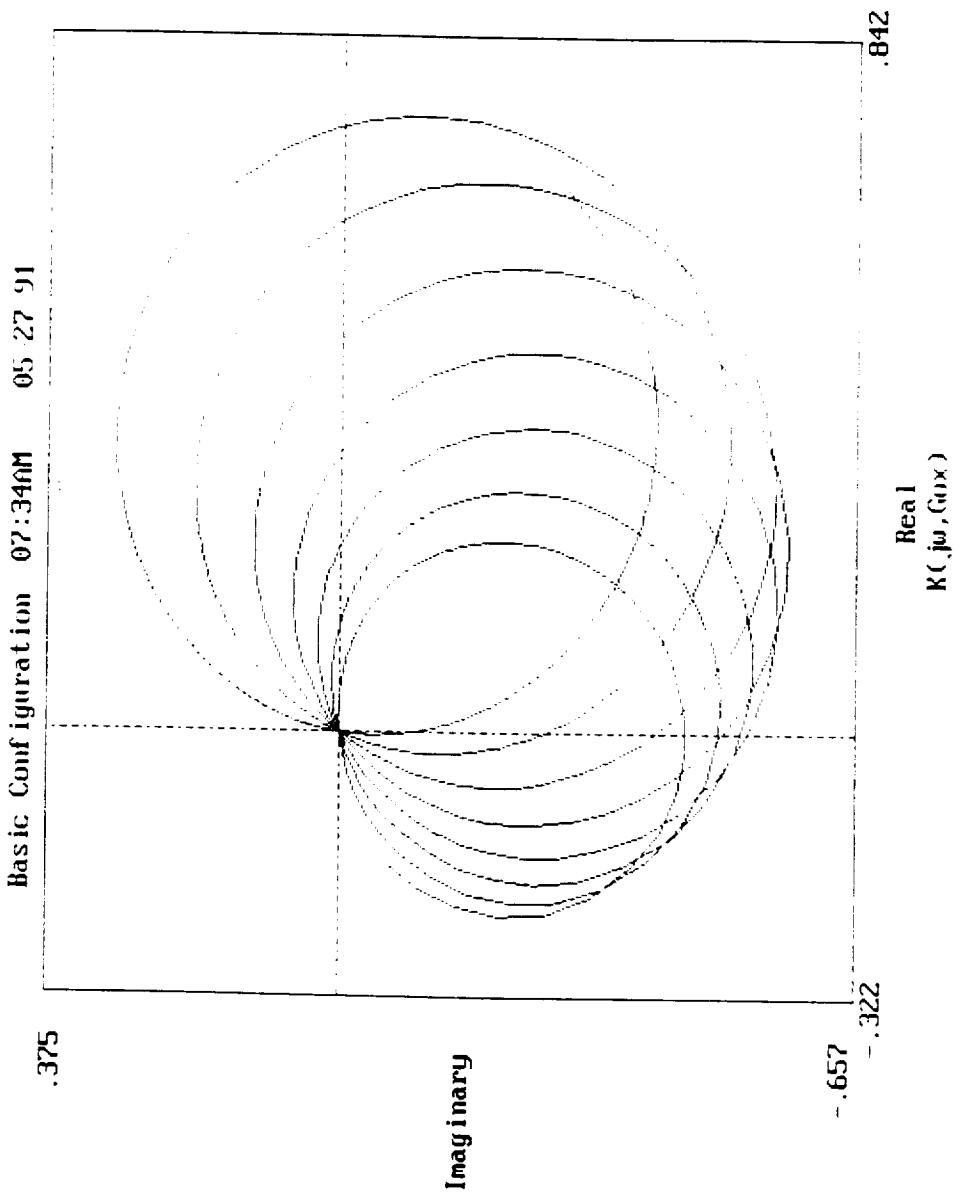


Figure 12

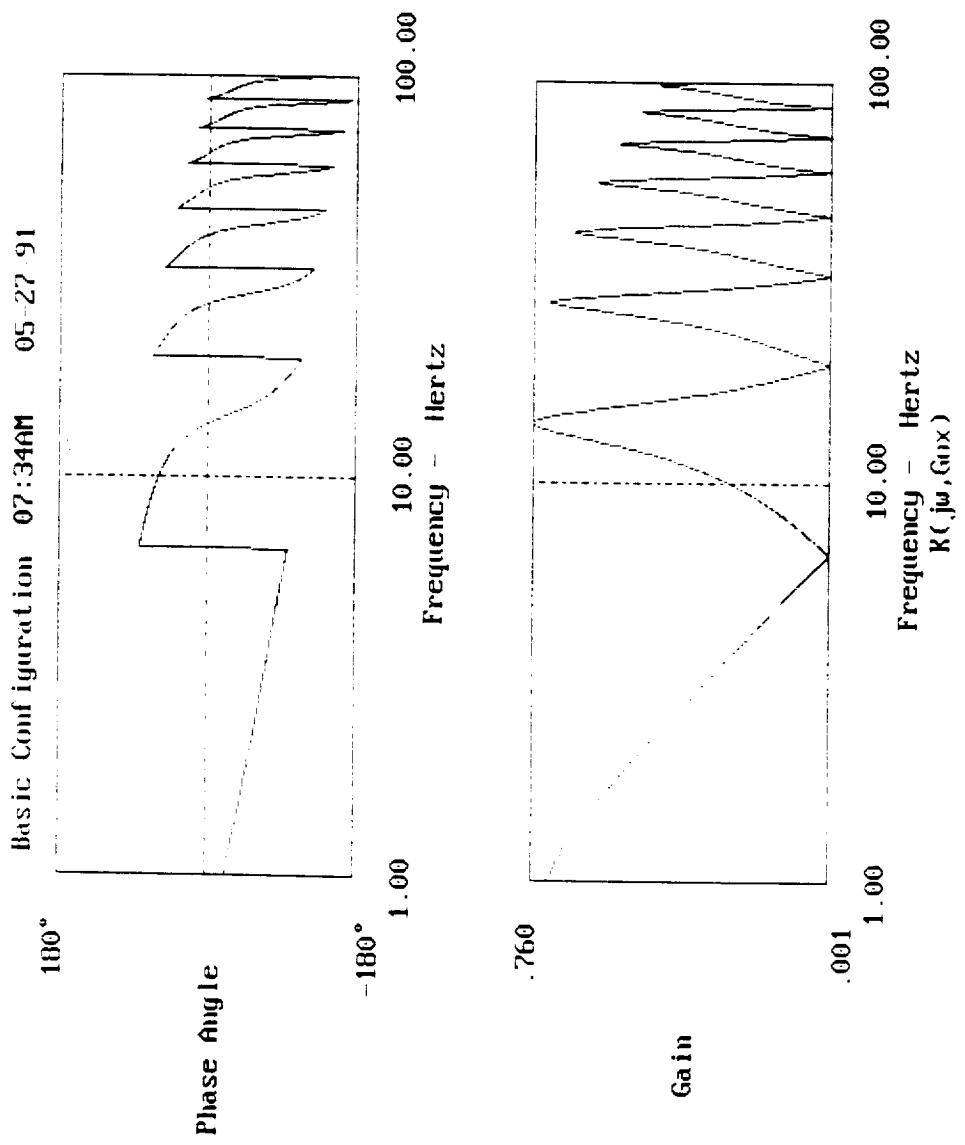


Figure 13

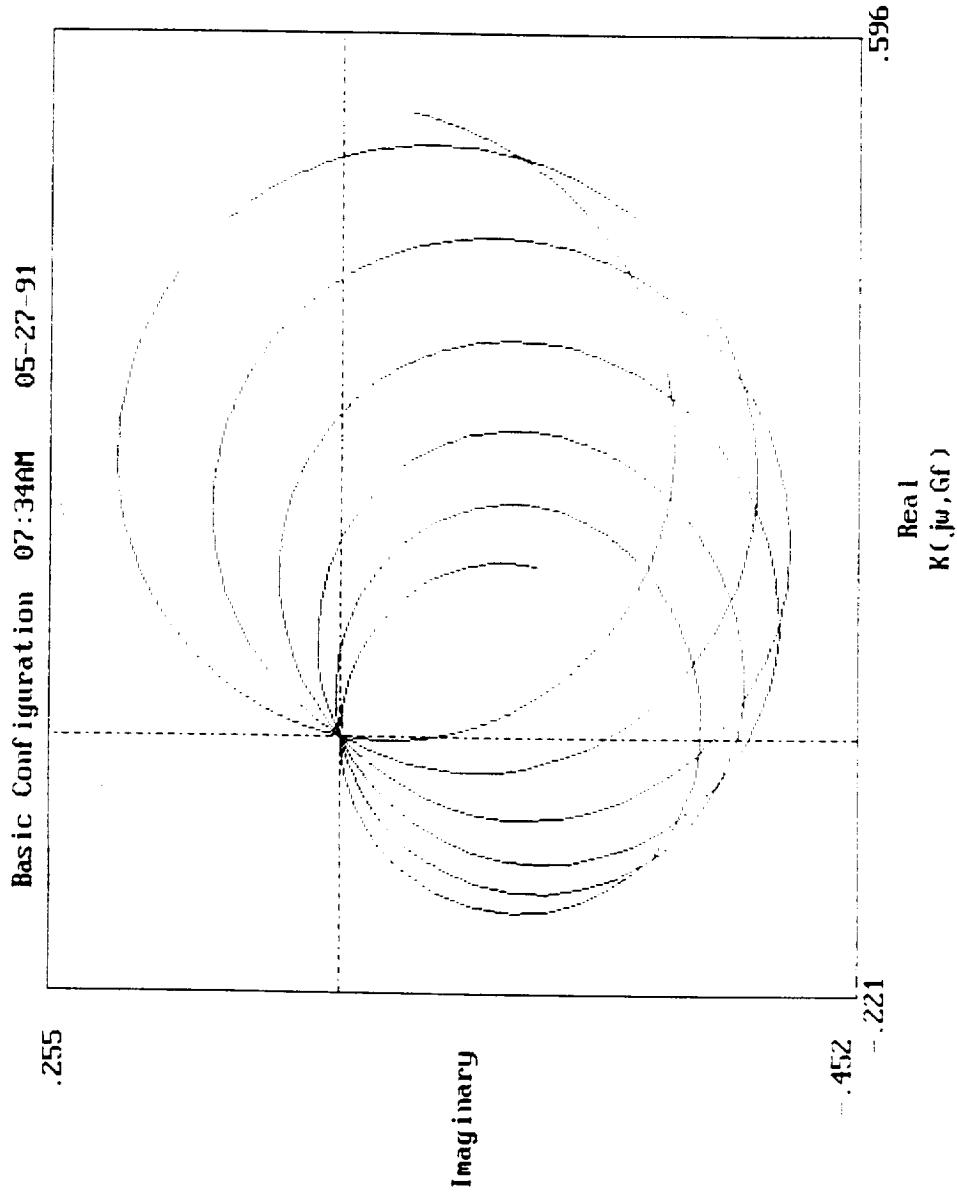


Figure 14

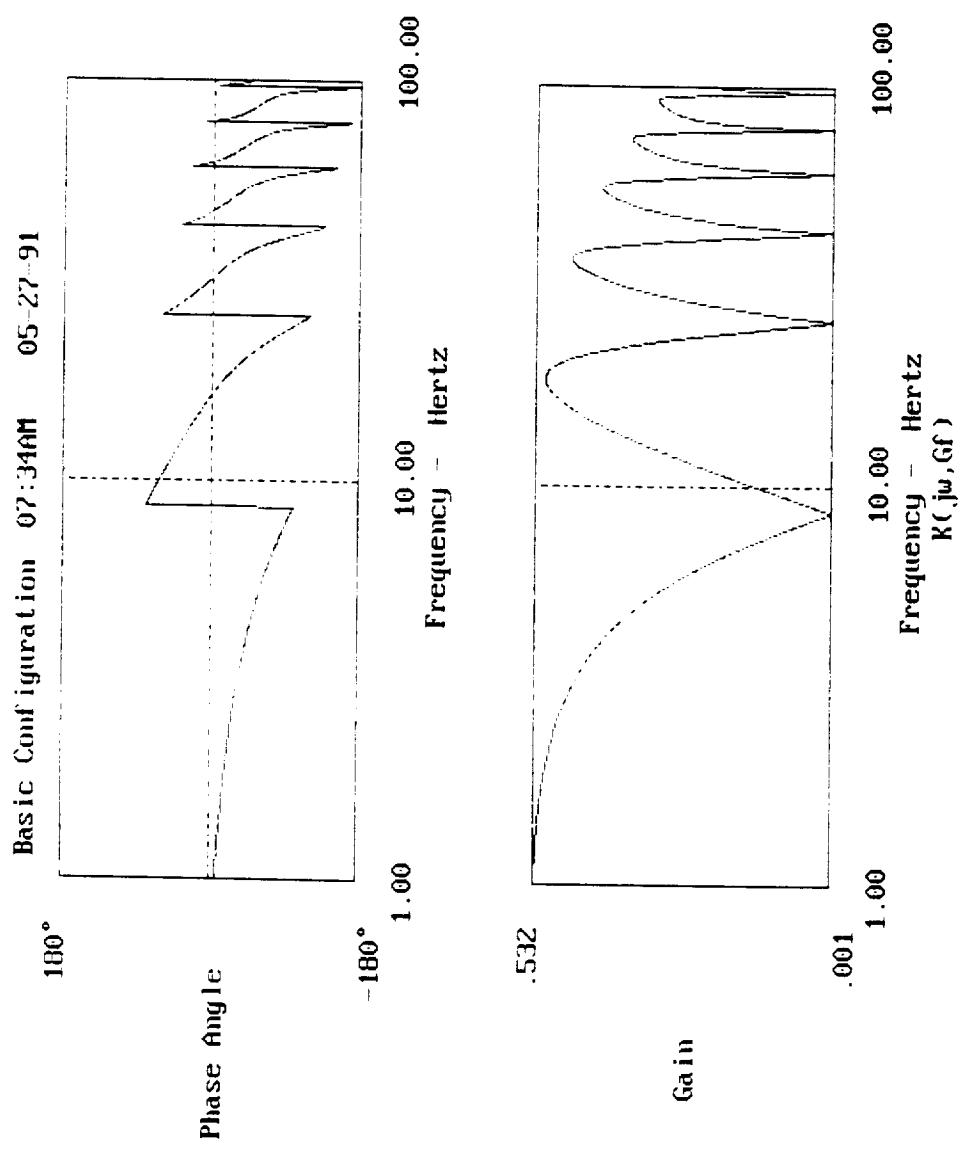


Figure 15

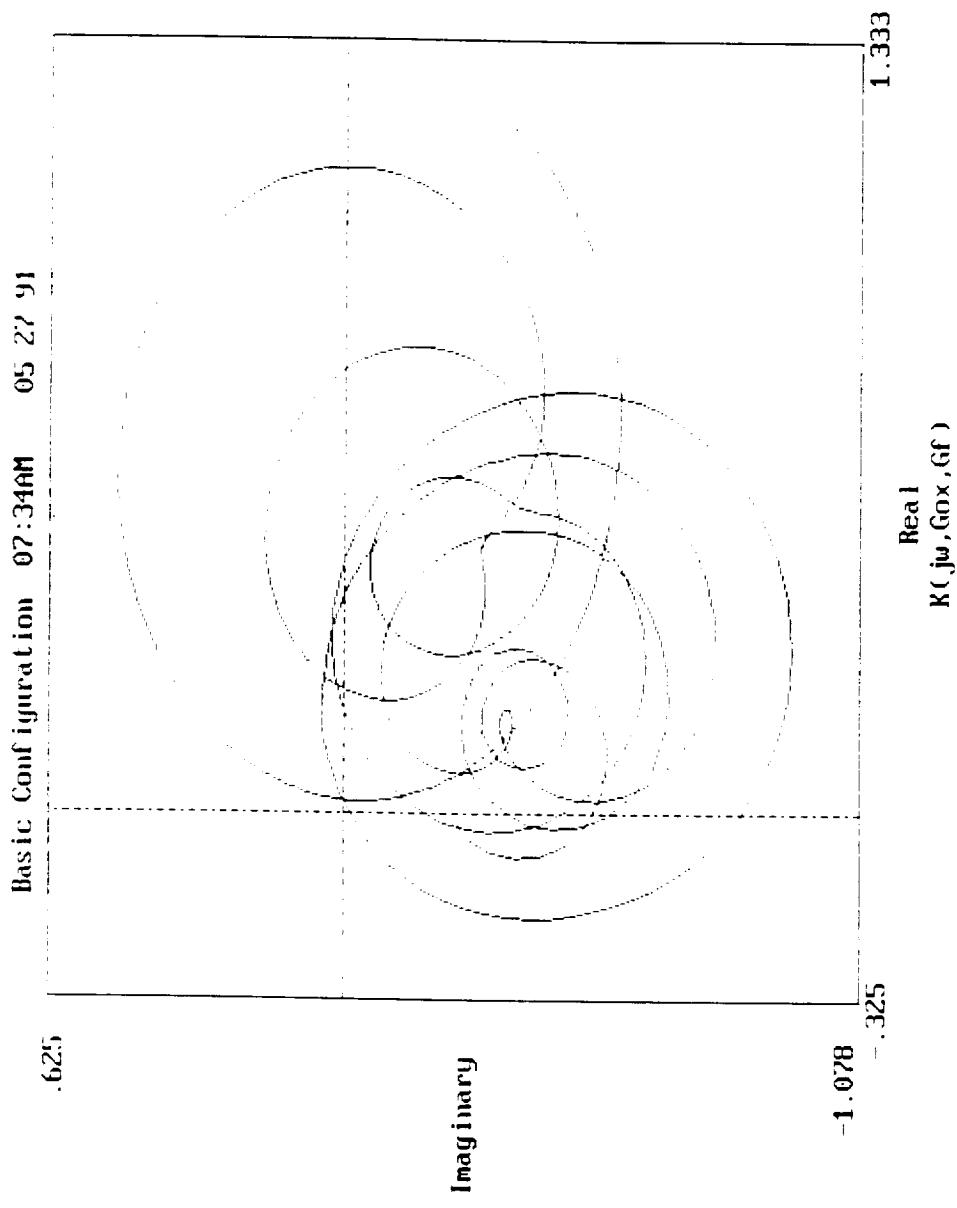


Figure 16

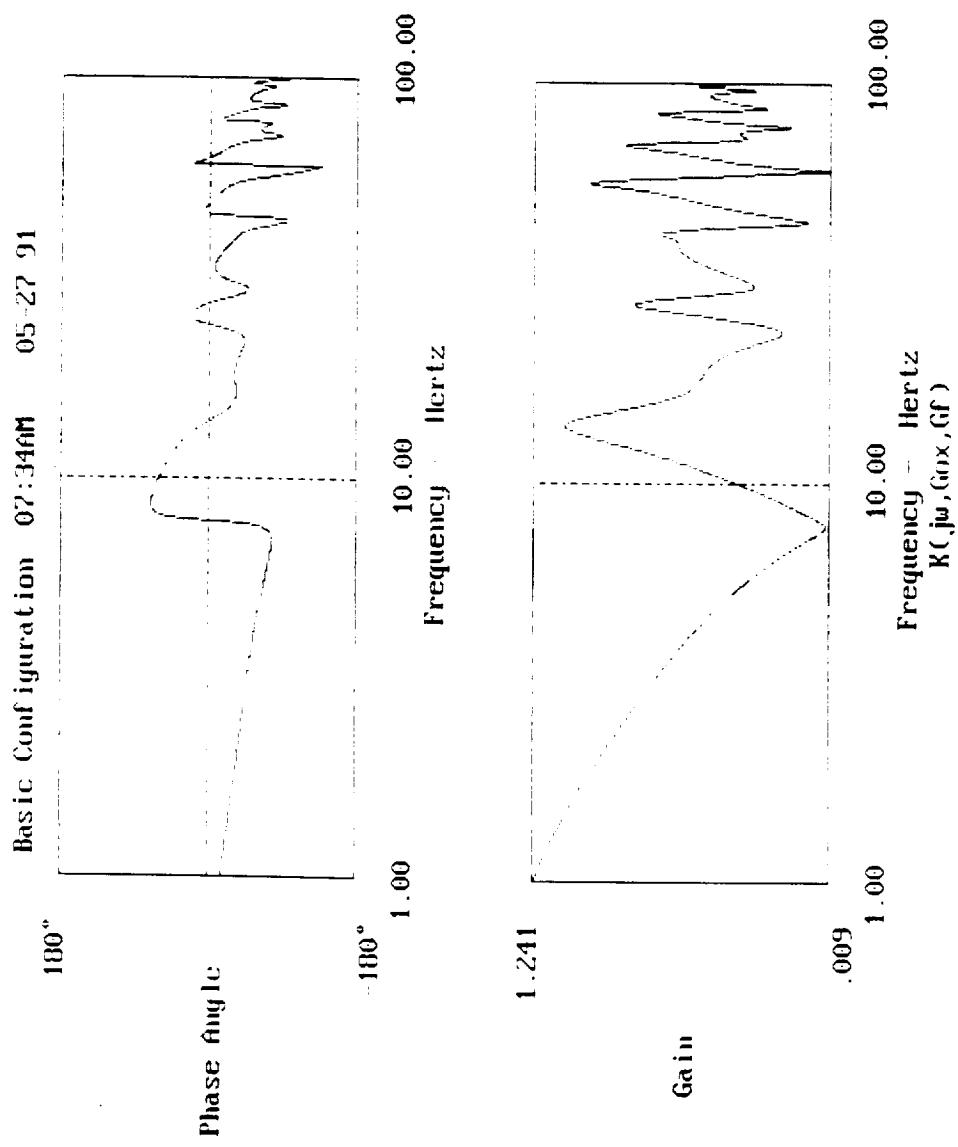
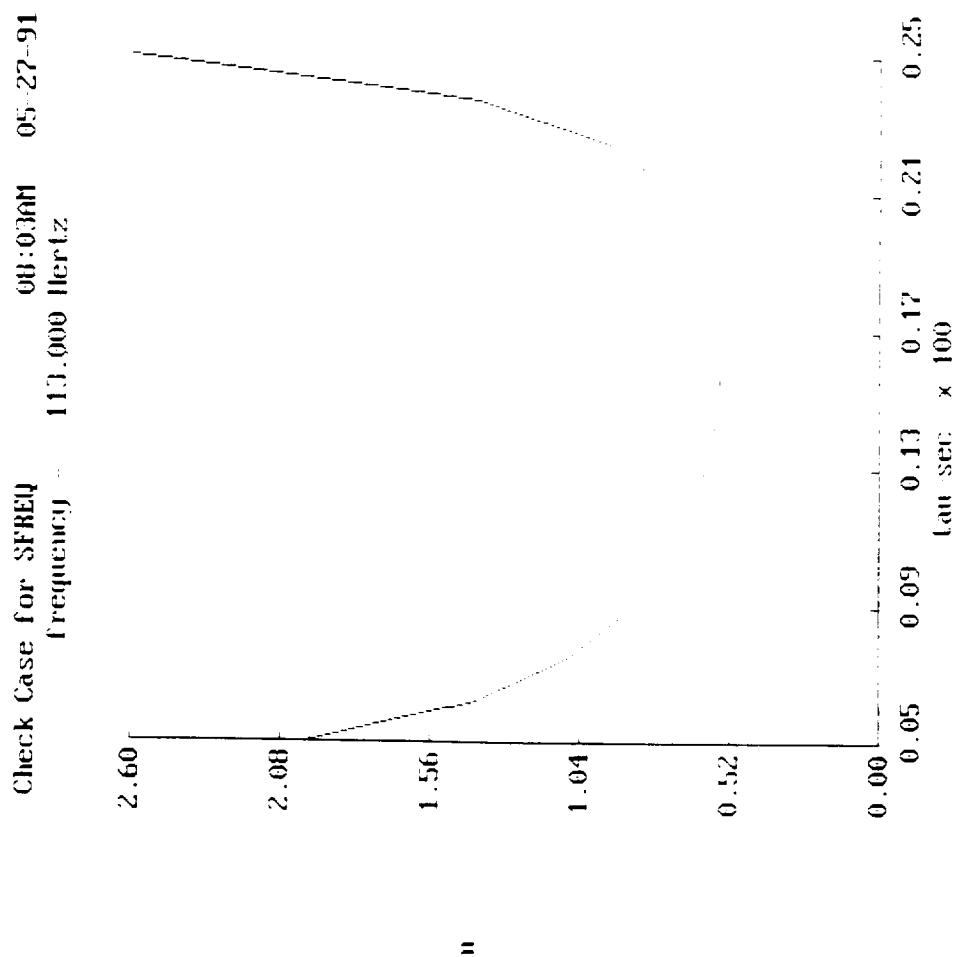


Figure 17

Figure 18



Check Case for SFREQ

03:03AM 05 27-91

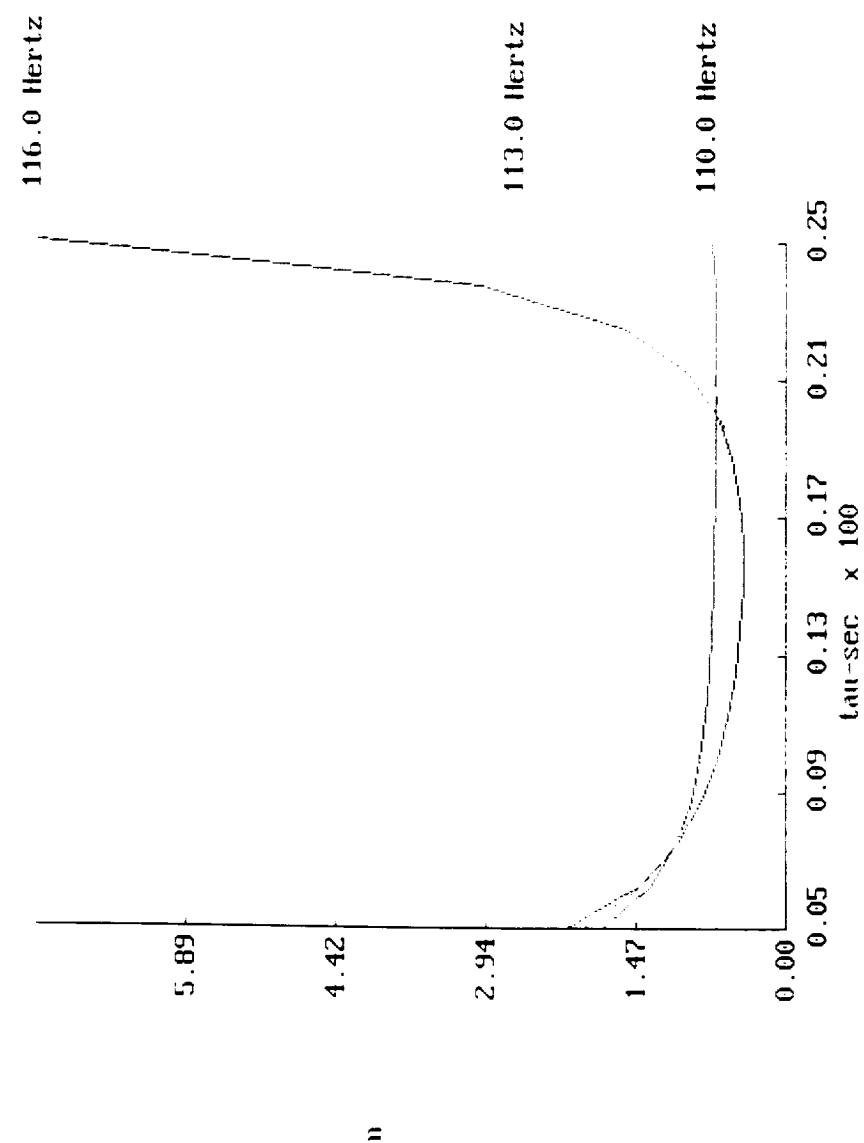


Figure 19

Appendix A

Applications of High Frequency Code

FDORC

The high frequency code (FDORC) was applied to a couple of actual engine designs. The first engine to be studied is described in "Predicted Combustion Stability Characteristics for the TRW Advanced Booster Application Engine", C. W. Johnson and G. R. Nickerson, Software and Engineering Associates, Inc., SEA SN109, May 1990. The 750K engine and the 1st tangential - 1st longitudinal were used as a check-point.

Data for 750K Engine Analysis (LOX RP1)

Gamma	= 1.202
Temperature	= 6400° F
Pressure	= 660 psi
Chamber radius	= 2.375'
Chamber length	= 1.4885'
Throat radius	= 1.28'
Radius RC	= 1.67'
Radius RE	= 1.67'
Angle	= 30°
Speed of sound	= 2861 ft/sec

The results are summarized in the following table:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Source</u>
n	0.3087	SEA SN109
tau	0.0007182	SEA SN109
frequency	1046 Hz	SEA SN109
acoustic frequency	1024 Hz	FDORC
n - neutral stab. for 1046 Hz	6.6062	FDORC
tau - neut. stab. for 1046 Hz	0.0001514	FDORC
n - neutral stab. for 1024 Hz	6.2223	FDORC
tau - neut. stab. for 1024 Hz	0.0001573	FDORC
frequency for n=0.3087, tau=0.0007182	845.3 Hz	FDORC
damping for n=0.3087, tau=0.0007182	2.3642	FDORC

note: in FDORC's notation, a positive value for damping means there is positive damping.

Data for the n - τ curve for this case was generated using FDORC. The n - τ curve and n, τ for the 750K engine are shown in Figure A-1. Results from SEA SN109 lie well below the neutral stability curve. Thus, the two analyses agree that the engine is stable in the 1st tangential - 1st longitudinal mode.

The code also was used to study a new engine proposal. The data for this engine is given in the following table.

Data for New Engine Analysis (LOX H₂)

Gamma	= 1.22
Temperature	= 6000° F
Pressure	= 360 psi
Chamber radius	= 23.21"
Chamber length	= 18"
Throat radius	= 16.4"
Radius RC	= 24.63"
Radius RE	= 24.63"
Angle	= 20°
Speed of sound	= 3676 ft/sec

Several modes of oscillation were run for this engine on the FDORC code. The location of the minimum points on the n - τ curves are given in the following table.

Mode of Oscillation			Minimum of n-τ Curve Occurs at	
radial	tangential	axial	n	τ (sec)
1	1	0	0.565	0.000789
2	1	0	0.497	0.000301
1	2	0	0.537	0.000500
2	2	0	0.505	0.000249
2	2	1	1.806	0.000950

The n - τ curve for the 1st transverse mode (1,1,0) is shown in Figure A-2. The engine will be stable in this mode if n for the engine falls below the curve.

TRW 750K Engine
Report SEA - SN109

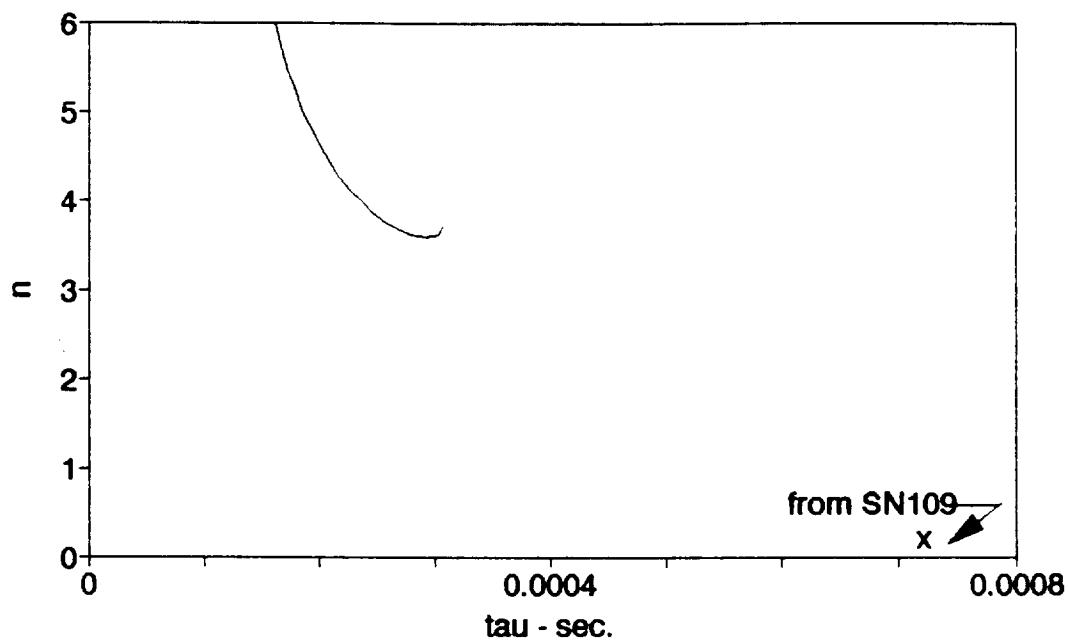


Figure A-1

NEW ENGINE

First Transverse Mode

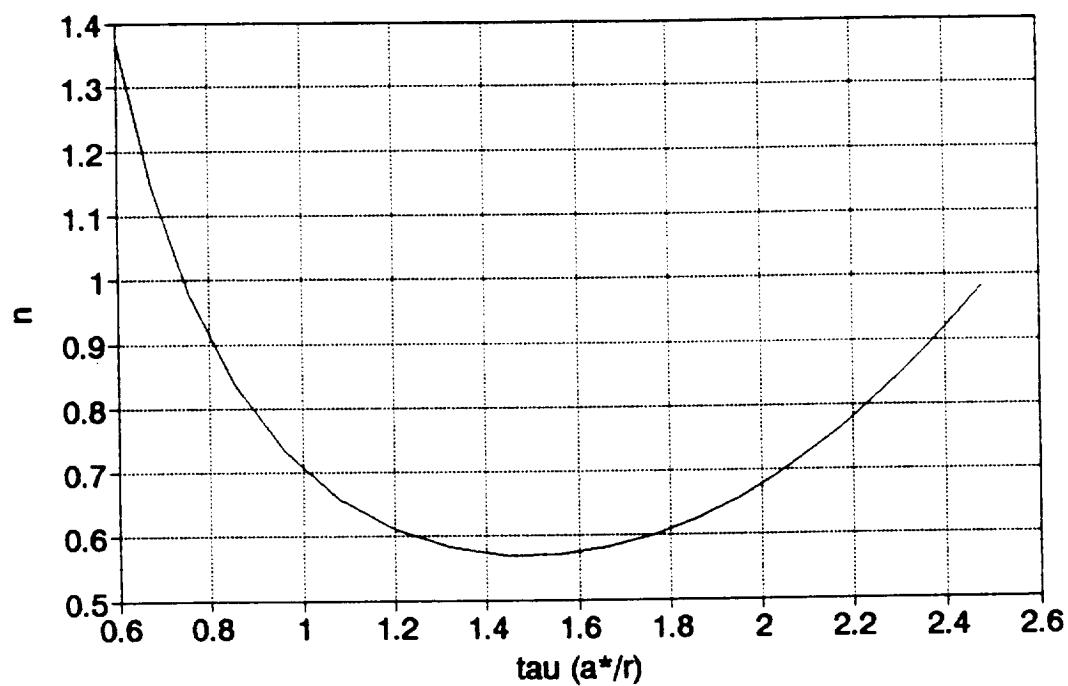


Figure A-2

Appendix B

Listing of Feedline Program

ACCUM

```

C
C      PROGRAM ACCUM
C
C          Program to compute and plot admittance coefficients, pipe layout,
C          and pressure transfer function
C
C          VARIABLE DIMENSION VERSION 06-27-91
C
C          This program will handle the following type elements
C
C              Straight pipes
C              Bends
C              Split pipes (into identical lines)
C              Inline accumulators
C              Tuned stub accumulators
C              Helmholtz resonators
C              Parallel resonators
C              Pumps
C
C
C          Variables in Commons
C
C          /ADMCOL/
C          ADMBAC      INTEGER*2 maximum value of admittance for plot
C          ADMLIN      INTEGER*2 line color of admittance plot
C
C          /ARCCON/
C          XC          REAL*4   x coordinate of curve center
C          YC          REAL*4   y coordinate of curve center
C          RAD         REAL*4   radius of bend
C          ANG         REAL*4   angle of bend in radians
C          ANGLE        REAL*4   angle of bend in degrees
C
C          /FACTOR/
C          SFAC        REAL*4   factor for frequency
C
C          /FREQ/
C          S           COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C          ZT(0:76)    COMPLEX*8 impedance looking toward tank
C          ZO(76)      REAL*4   characteristic impedance
C          ZG(76)      COMPLEX*8 impedance looking toward engine
C
C          /INTVAL/
C          SECT        INTEGER*2 current pipe section type
C          SECTN(75)   INTEGER*2 pipe section type
C          SEGMN       INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C          NSEC(75)    INTEGER*2 no. of integration segments of a pipe section
C          NPTS        INTEGER*2 number of x points for plot
C          LOPEND      INTEGER*2 maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C          LOPOLD      INTEGER*2 previous maximum number of iterations
C
C          /NOCOL/

```

C	MODE	INTEGER*2	graphics mode of monitor
C	MODET	INTEGER*2	text mode of monitor
C	NTROWS	INTEGER*2	number of text rows for graphics
C	NTCOLS	INTEGER*2	number of text columns for graphics
C	NPROWS	INTEGER*2	number of pixel rows for graphics
C	NPCOLS	INTEGER*2	number of pixel columns for graphics
C			
C			/PIPPXY/
C	X	REAL*4	x location of current centerline
C	XH	REAL*4	x location of current upper pipe
C	XL	REAL*4	x location of current lower pipe
C	Y	REAL*4	y location of current centerline
C	YH	REAL*4	y location of current upper pipe
C	YL	REAL*4	y location of current lower pipe
C	XMIN	REAL*4	minimum x value of piping layout
C	XMAX	REAL*4	maximum x value of piping layout
C	YMIN	REAL*4	minimum y value of piping layout
C	YMAX	REAL*4	maximum y value of piping layout
C	SINA	REAL*4	sine of current pipe direction
C	COSA	REAL*4	cosine of current pipe direction
C			
C			/RELVAL/
C	A	REAL*4	speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C	AREA(75)	REAL*4	area of pipe section (ft^2)
C	AREAB	REAL*4	area of current pipe section (ft^2)
C	CMAN	REAL*4	manifold capacitance
C	CTANK	REAL*4	tank capacitance
C	DENS	REAL*4	density of fluid (1bm/ft^3)
C	DIA(75)	REAL*4	diameter of pipe section (ft)
C	DIME	REAL*4	diameter of current pipe section (ft)
C	DPROR	REAL*4	pressure drop across orifices (1bf/ft^2)
C	L(75)	REAL*4	length of pipe section (ft)
C	PCHMB	REAL*4	chamber pressure (1bf/ft^2)
C	PIPE1(75)	REAL*4	first parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE2(75)	REAL*4	second parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE3(75)	REAL*4	third parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE4(75)	REAL*4	fourth parameter of pipe description
C	PIPE5(75)	REAL*4	fifth parameter of pipe description
C	TFLOW	REAL*4	total flow rate of engine (1bm/sec)
C	VALUE	REAL*4	used for passing different values
C	VOL	REAL*4	volume of tank (ft^3)
C	VOLMF	REAL*4	volume of manifold (ft^3)
C	PMRAT	REAL*4	chamber pressure/total mass flow
C	SPLIT	REAL*4	number of lines from pipe split
C	PCAP(75)	REAL*4	capacitance of pipe section
C	PIND(75)	REAL*4	inductance of pipe section
C	KMAN	REAL*4	bulk modulus of manifold (1bf/ft^2)
C	KTANK	REAL*4	bulk modulus of tank (1bf/ft^2)
C	LFLOW	REAL*4	flow rate through pipe (1bm/sec)
C			
C			/WCAOUT
C	NAMLIN	CHAR*24	name of file containing pipe description

```

C
C                               /WCAPAS/
C   IFRST      INTEGER*2 flag for admittance plot
C
C                               /WCATIT/
C   TITLE       CHAR*40   title for plots
C   TITLF       CHAR*20   title from pipe file
C   IHR         INTEGER*2 hour code run
C   IMIN        INTEGER*2 minute code run
C   AP          CHAR*2   AM or PM
C   IYR         INTEGER*2 year code run
C   IMON        INTEGER*2 month code run
C   IDAY        INTEGER*2 day code run
C
C
C   PROGRAM ACCUM
C           Determines maximum array sizes
C
C           Local Variables
C   I           INTEGER*4 do loop index
C   IERR        INTEGER*2 error flag for ALLOCATE
C   IXMAX       INTEGER*4 maximum number of frequencies
C   IYMAX       INTEGER*4 maximum number of points along piping
C   X(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 frequency array for plotting
C   XF(IXMAX)    REAL*4 frequency array
C   Y(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 location array for plotting
C   YF(IYMAX)    REAL*4 location array
C   Z(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 gain array for plotting
C   ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 gain array
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE MAINP(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C           Logic portion of code
C
C   Commons FACTOR  FREQ     INTVAL  RELVAL  WCAOUT  WCATIT
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   IXMAX       INTEGER*4 maximum number of frequencies
C   IYMAX       INTEGER*4 maximum number of points along piping
C   X(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 frequency array for plotting
C   XF(IXMAX)    REAL*4 frequency array
C   Y(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 location array for plotting
C   YF(IYMAX)    REAL*4 location array
C   Z(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 gain array for plotting
C   ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4 gain array
C           Local Variables
C   ADMMAX      REAL*4   maximum value of admittance for plot
C   AM          CHAR*2   'AM'
C   ANS         CHAR*1   response to question
C   AVGK        REAL*4   average bulk modulus (1bf/ft^2)
C   CAPM        COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   CAPN        COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   CFAC        COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable

```

```

C   ERRP          REAL*4    error in gain calculation
C   G(0:76)       COMPLEX*8 admittance looking toward tank
C   GRAV          REAL*4    gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C   G1            COMPLEX*8 admittance starting at G(0)+1
C   HFREQ         REAL*4    maximum frequency requested
C   I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IOPEN          INTEGER*2 flag indicating if SURF.ERR is open
C   IPLT           INTEGER*2 flag indicating when admittance is plotted
C   ISEC           INTEGER*2 second code run
C   ISIZ           INTEGER*2 counter for number of integration segments
C   I100           INTEGER*2 hundredth of second code run
C   K              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   KLOOP          INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   LFREQ          REAL*4    minimum frequency requested
C   MAG            REAL*4    magnitude of G at orifice
C   MAG1           REAL*4    magnitude of G1 at orifice
C   NAMFUL         CHAR*24   name of fuel file (if used)
C   NAMLOX         CHAR*24   name of lox file (if used)
C   PI             REAL*4    mathematical constant
C   PM             CHAR*2    'PM'
C   PTS            INTEGER*2 number of frequencies
C   RHS            COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   RSPON          INTEGER*2 flag to MODIFY subroutine
C   SSIZE          REAL*4    frequency step size
C   TL              REAL*4    length/speed of sound
C   TLT             REAL*4    total lenthe of piping
C   W               REAL*4    oscillatory part of frequency
C   WN              REAL*4    normalized W
C   WVAL            REAL*4    maximum gain
C   ZGEFF          COMPLEX*8 effective impedance for calculations
C   ZOEFF          COMPLEX*8 effective Z0 for calculations
C   ZOR             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   ZTOP            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE ADMGRAPH(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
C   Plots admittance curve
C
C   Commons FACTOR NOCOL WCATIT
C                           Variables in Argument List
C   ADMMAX          REAL*4    maximum value of admittance for plot
C   HFREQ           REAL*4    maximum frequency requested
C   LFREQ           REAL*4    minimum frequency requested
C
C                           Local Variables
C   XMAJ            REAL*4    distance between tick marks on x axis
C   XMAX            REAL*4    maximum value of x
C   XMIN            REAL*4    mimimum value of x
C   YMAJ            REAL*4    distance between tick marks on y axis
C   YMAX            REAL*4    maximum value of y
C   YMIN            REAL*4    mimimum value of y

```

```

C SUBROUTINE ALLPT(X,Y,PTS)
C Supervises plot of admittance after calculations
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C PTS          INTEGER*2 number of frequencies
C X(PTS)       REAL*4   frequency array
C Y(PTS)       REAL*4   admittance array
C
C           Local Variables
C ADMMAX      REAL*4   maximum value of admittance for plot
C I            INTEGER*2 do loop index
C
C
C SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C Computes effective straight pipe for bend
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C DIME         REAL*4   effective diameter (ft)
C PIPE1        REAL*4   radius of bend (ft)
C PIPE2        REAL*4   angle of bend (degrees)
C PIPE3        REAL*4   diameter of bend (ft)
C PIPE4        REAL*4   length of end straight segments (ft)
C VALUE        REAL*4   effective length (ft)
C
C           Local Variables
C AREAB        REAL*4   effective area of bend
C ARBND        REAL*4   area of bend
C BENDR        REAL*4   bend angle in radians
C GAMMA        REAL*4   intermediate variable
C INERT        REAL*4   intermediate variable
C INRAD        REAL*4   inside radius of bend
C LBND         REAL*4   intermediate variable
C LPRME        REAL*4   intermediate variable
C NEWLN        REAL*4   intermediate variable
C OTRAD        REAL*4   outside radius of bend
C RATIO         REAL*4   intermediate variable
C X             REAL*4   intermediate variable
C Y             REAL*4   intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C Computes plot coordinates for a bend
C
C Commons ARCCON PIPXY
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C ITYPE(200)    INTEGER*2 type plot element
C J              INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C PIPE1         REAL*4   first parameter of pipe description
C PIPE2         REAL*4   second parameter of pipe description
C PIPE3         REAL*4   third parameter of pipe description
C PIPE4         REAL*4   fourth parameter of pipe description
C POINT(8,200)   REAL*4   description of plot element
C
C           Local Variables
C DIA           REAL*4   intermediate variable

```

```

C   HOLD          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   RANG          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   SLENTH        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X0            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X1            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X2            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X3            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y0            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y1            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y2            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y3            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C       Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   S              COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C
C           Local Variables
C   COSHI          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   COSHR          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   LAMDA          REAL*4    real part of complex frequency
C   MU             REAL*4    imaginary part of complex frequency
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C       Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   S              COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C
C           Local Variables
C   LAMDA          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   MU             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   SINHI          REAL*4    real part of complex frequency
C   SINHR          REAL*4    imaginary part of complex frequency
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C       Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   S              COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE ENDPLT
C       Closes plot routines
C
C   Commons NOCOL   WCAPAS
C
C           Local Variables
C   IEXTEN         INTEGER*2 extension of key hit
C   IKEY           INTEGER*2 code of key hit

```

```

C
C SUBROUTINE FREQRS(YF,ZF,K,IXMAX,IYMAX,KLOOP,ERRP,WVAL)
C     Computes pressure transfer function
C
C Commons FREQ      INTVAL  RELVAL
C                         Variables in Argument List
C EERRP             REAL*4   error in gain calculation
C IXMAX             INTEGER*4 maximum number of frequencies
C IYMAX             INTEGER*4 maximum number of points along piping
C K                 INTEGER*2 frequency pointer
C KLOOP             INTEGER*2 loop pointer
C WVAL              REAL*4   maximum gain
C YF(IYMAX)         REAL*4   location array
C ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX)  REAL*4   gain array
C
C Local Variables
C BOTTOM            COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C CAPM              COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C CAPN              COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C DX                REAL*4   x increment
C ERRN              REAL*4   local error
C I                 INTEGER*2 do loop index
C J                 INTEGER*2 do loop index
C LITTLN            COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C LSEC               INTEGER*2 number of segments of pipe section
C M                 INTEGER*2 location pointer
C PRAT              COMPLEX*8 pressure ratio
C PRATN             REAL*4   absolute value of pressure ratio
C PRATO(2,75)        REAL*4   previous pressure ratio
C SUMX              REAL*4   distance from orifice
C TOP               COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C X                 REAL*4   distance along pipe section
C ZFAC              COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C     Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
C
C                         Variables in Argument List
C BEND              REAL*4   angle of bend (degrees)
C X                 REAL*4   ratio of inner to outer radius
C Y                 REAL*4   inertance
C
C Local Variables
C A                 REAL*4   intermediate variable
C B(3)              REAL*4   coefficient array for inertance fit
C
C
C SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C     Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
C
C Common PIPPXY
C                         Variables in Argument List
C DIA               REAL*4   diameter of opening (ft)

```

```

C ITYPE(200)      INTEGER*2 type plot element
C J              INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C LEN            REAL*4   length of opening (ft)
C POINT(8,200)    REAL*4   description of plot element
C VOL            REAL*4   volume of reservoir (ft^3)
C
C Local Variables
C COSOLD         REAL*4   intermediate variable
C DIAM            REAL*4   intermediate variable
C SIDE            REAL*4   intermediate variable
C SINOLD          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C XC              REAL*4   intermediate variable
C XHOLD           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C XLOLD           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C XOLD            REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YC              REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YHOLD           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YLOLD           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YOLD            REAL*4   intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE LOWERW(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
C Sets up lower plotting window
C
C Commons ADMCOL NOCOL
C
C Variables in Argument List
C ADMMAX          REAL*4   maximum value of admittance for plot
C HFREQ           REAL*4   maximum frequency requested
C LFREQ           REAL*4   minimum frequency requested
C
C Local Variables
C ASPECT          REAL*4   aspect ratio of monitor screen
C IOPT             INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C JCOL1            INTEGER*2 starting column for admittance window
C JCOL2            INTEGER*2 ending column for admittance window
C JROW1            INTEGER*2 starting row for admittance window
C JROW2            INTEGER*2 ending row for admittance window
C XLEN             REAL*4   intermediate variable
C XMAX             REAL*4   maximum x value for admittance plot
C XMIN             REAL*4   minimum x value for admittance plot
C XORG             REAL*4   x origin for admittance plot
C YLEN             REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YMAX             REAL*4   maximum y value for admittance plot
C YMIN             REAL*4   minimum y value for admittance plot
C YOVERX           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YORG             REAL*4   y origin for admittance plot
C
C
C SUBROUTINE MODIFY(RSPON)
C Allows modifications to input data
C
C Commons INTVAL RELVAL WCAOUT WCATIT
C
C Variables in Argument List
C RSPON           INTEGER*2 flag for path to be taken

```

```

C          Local Variables
C  ANS      CHAR*1   response to question
C  AVGK     REAL*4   average bulk modulus (lbf/ft^2)
C  GRAV     REAL*4   gravitational constant (lbf-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C  I        INTEGER*2 pointer
C  II       INTEGER*2 do loop index
C  III      INTEGER*2 do loop index
C  ICHG     INTEGER*2 change flag
C  ISEGMN   INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C  NAME     CHAR*8   variable name
C  PI       REAL*4   mathematical constant
C  VARL(9)  CHAR*8   array of variable names (lower case)
C  VARU(9)  CHAR*8   array of variable names (upper case)
C  VARVAL(9) CHAR*8   array of variable names for printout
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE NEXPT(WN,MAG1)
C          Supervises plot of admittance while computing
C
C  Common  WCAPAS
C          Variables in Argument List
C  MAG1    REAL*4   admittance
C  WN      REAL*4   frequency
C          Local Variables
C  X(2)    REAL*4   print line (frequency)
C  Y(2)    REAL*4   print line (admittance)
C
C
C  SUBROUTINE PIPPLT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C          Supervises plot of piping layout
C
C  Commons ARCCON  PIPPLT
C          Variables in Argument List
C  PIPE1(75)  REAL*4   first parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE2(75)  REAL*4   second parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE3(75)  REAL*4   third parameter of pipe description
C  PIPE4(75)  REAL*4   fourth parameter of pipe description
C  SECTN(75)  INTEGER*2 segment types
C  SEGMN     INTEGER*2 number of pipe segments
C          Local Variables
C  I        INTEGER*2 do loop index
C  ITYPE(200) INTEGER*2 type plot element
C  J        INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C  POINT(8,200) REAL*4   description of plot element
C  XP(2)    REAL*4   x plot array
C  XRANGE   REAL*4   range of x values
C  X0       REAL*4   intermediate variable
C  X1       REAL*4   intermediate variable
C  X2       REAL*4   intermediate variable
C  X3       REAL*4   intermediate variable
C  YP(2)    REAL*4   y plot array
C  YRANGE   REAL*4   range of y values

```

```

C   Y0          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y1          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y2          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y3          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE PLOTSU(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C           Supervises the surface plot
C
C   Commons FACTOR WCATIT
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   IPTS          INTEGER*2  actual number of frequencies
C   IXMAX         INTEGER*4  maximum number of frequencies
C   IYMAX         INTEGER*4  maximum number of points along piping
C   JPTS          INTEGER*2  actual number of points along pipe
C   X(IPTS,JPTS) REAL*4    frequency array for plotting
C   XF(IXMAX)     REAL*4    frequency array
C   Y(IPTS,JPTS) REAL*4    location array for plotting
C   YF(IYMAX)     REAL*4    location array
C   Z(IPTS,JPTS) REAL*4    gain array for plotting
C   ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  gain array
C
C   Local Variables
C   ANS           CHAR*1    response to question
C   ASPECT         REAL*4    aspect ratio of monitor
C   I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IBOARD         INTEGER*2 type graphics board installed
C   ICOLR          INTEGER*2 background color
C   IEXTEN         INTEGER*2 extension of key hit
C   IFIL           INTEGER*2 fill color
C   IGO            INTEGER*2 flag for changes
C   IKEY           INTEGER*2 code of key hit
C   ILIN            INTEGER*2 line color
C   IWIRE          INTEGER*2 flag for wire-frame or filled
C   IWR             INTEGER*2 temporary flag for wire-frame or filled
C   IWRK1(640)     INTEGER*2 work array for plot routine
C   IWRK2(640)     INTEGER*2 work array for plot routine
C   J              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   LEGEND         CHAR*45   legend for CGA monitor
C   LEGENDH        CHAR*58   legend for EGA or VGA monitor (Hertz)
C   LEGENDR        CHAR*58   legend for EGA or VGA monitor (rad/sec)
C   MODE            INTEGER*2 graphics mode
C   MODET           INTEGER*2 text mode
C   NCOLT           INTEGER*2 number of columns in text mode
C   P              REAL*4    phi rotation angle (degrees)
C   T              REAL*4    theta rotation angle (degrees)
C   XFACTOR        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XINV            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLEN            REAL*4    length of x axis
C   XMAJ            REAL*4    distance between tick marks on x axis
C   XMAX            REAL*4    maximum value for x axis
C   XMIN            REAL*4    minimum value for x axis
C   XYZLEN          REAL*4    intermediate variable

```

```

C   YFAC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YINV          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLEN           REAL*4    length of y axis
C   YMAJ          REAL*4    distance between tick marks on y axis
C   YMAX          REAL*4    maximum value for y axis
C   YMIN          REAL*4    minimum value for y axis
C   ZFAC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   ZINV           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   ZLEN           REAL*4    length of z axis
C   ZMAJ          REAL*4    distance between tick marks on z axis
C   ZMAX          REAL*4    maximum value for z axis
C   ZMIN          REAL*4    minimum value for z axis
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C           Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator
C
C   Commons ARCCON  PIPXXY
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   DIA            REAL*4    diameter of parallel segment (ft)
C   ITYPE(200)      INTEGER*2 type plot element
C   J               INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C   LEN             REAL*4    length of parallel segment (ft)
C   POINT(8,200)    REAL*4    description of plot element
C   VOL             REAL*4    volume of bypassed segment (ft^3)
C
C                   Local Variables
C   ANGOLD         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   ANGSAV         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   COSOLD         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   DIAM            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   PDIA            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   PLEN            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   RADIUS          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   SIDE             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   SINOLD          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   TURN             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XHC              REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XHOLD            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XHSAV           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLC              REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLOLD            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLSAV           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XOLD             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XSAV             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YHC              REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YHOLD            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YHSAV           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLC              REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLOLD            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLSAV           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YOLD             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YSAV             REAL*4    intermediate variable

```

```

C
C
C SUBROUTINE PLTCON(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C   Supervises plot of contour plot
C
C Commons FACTOR  WCATIT
C
C               Variables in Argument List
C   IPTS          INTEGER*2  actual number of frequencies
C   IXMAX         INTEGER*4  maximum number of frequencies
C   IYMAX         INTEGER*4  maximum number of points along piping
C   JPTS          INTEGER*2  actual number of points along pipe
C   X(IPTS)       REAL*4    frequency array for plotting
C   XF(IXMAX)    REAL*4    frequency array
C   Y(JPTS)       REAL*4    location array for plotting
C   YF(IYMAX)    REAL*4    location array
C   Z(IPTS,JPTS) REAL*4    gain array for plotting
C   ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX) REAL*4  gain array
C
C               Local Variables
C   ANS           REAL*4    response to question
C   ASPECT        REAL*4    aspect ratio of monitor
C   CONS(10)      REAL*4    array for values of contour lines
C   I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IBOARD        INTEGER*2 type graphics board installed
C   ICOLR         INTEGER*2 background color
C   IDEF          INTEGER*2 flag for plot routine
C   IEXTEN        INTEGER*2 extension of key hit
C   IFIL          INTEGER*2 fill color
C   IKEY          INTEGER*2 code of key hit
C   ILIN          INTEGER*2 line color
C   IOPT          INTEGER*2 flag for plot routine
C   J              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   JCOL1         INTEGER*2 starting column for contour plot window
C   JCOL2         INTEGER*2 ending column for contour plot window
C   JROW1         INTEGER*2 starting row for contour plot window
C   JROW2         INTEGER*2 ending row for contour plot window
C   LABL(10)      INTEGER*2 flags for labeling contours
C   MODE          INTEGER*2 graphics mode
C   MODET         INTEGER*2 text mode
C   NCOLT         INTEGER*2 number of columns in text mode
C   XMAJ          REAL*4   distance between tick marks on x axis
C   XMAX          REAL*4   maximum value for x axis
C   XMIN          REAL*4   minimum value for x axis
C   XORG          REAL*4   origin of x axis
C   YMAJ          REAL*4   distance between tick marks on y axis
C   YMAX          REAL*4   maximum value for y axis
C   YMIN          REAL*4   minimum value for y axis
C   YORG          REAL*4   origin of y axis
C   YOVERX        REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   ZLEN          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   ZMAX          REAL*4   maximum value for z
C   ZMIN          REAL*4   minimum value for z

```

```

C
C   SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C       Sets up the plot environment
C
C   Commons ADMCOL  NOCOL    WCAPAS
C                   Local Variables
C   ANS           CHAR*1    response to question
C   IBOARD        INTEGER*2 type graphics board installed
C   ITIM          INTEGER*2 flag for initialization
C   NCOLT         INTEGER*2 number of columns in text mode
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C       Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
C
C   Common  PIPXXY
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   DIA           REAL*4    diameter of segment (ft)
C   ITYPE(200)    INTEGER*2 type plot element
C   J              INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C   LEN            REAL*4    length of segment (ft)
C   POINT(8,200)  REAL*4    description of plot element
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C       Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
C
C   Common  PIPXXY
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   DIA           REAL*4    diameter of tuned stub (ft)
C   ITYPE(200)    INTEGER*2 type plot element
C   J              INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C   LEN            REAL*4    length of tuned stub
C   POINT(8,200)  REAL*4    description of plot element
C                   Local Variables
C   DIAM          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X0,Y0,X1,Y1)
C       Sets up upper plotting window
C
C   Commons ADMCOL  NOCOL
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   X0            REAL*4    minimum value of x for piping layout window
C   X1            REAL*4    maximum value of x for piping layout window
C   Y0            REAL*4    minimum value of y for piping layout window
C   Y1            REAL*4    maximum value of y for piping layout window
C                   Local Variables
C   ASPECT         REAL*4    aspect ratio of monitor
C   CHANGE         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   IOPT           INTEGER*2 flag for plot routine
C   JCOL1          INTEGER*2 starting column for pipe layout plot window

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C   JCOL2           INTEGER*2 ending column for pipe layout plot window
C   JROW1           INTEGER*2 starting row for pipe layout plot window
C   JROW2           INTEGER*2 ending row for pipe layout plot window
C   XMAX            REAL*4 maximum value for x axis
C   XMIN            REAL*4 minimum value for x axis
C   XORG             REAL*4 origin of x axis
C   YMAX            REAL*4 maximum value for x axis
C   YMAX0           REAL*4 intermediate variable
C   YMIN            REAL*4 minimum value for x axis
C   YORG             REAL*4 origin of x axis
C   YOVERX           REAL*4 intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE WINDOW(MODE,XSCALE,XST,XFIN,YST,YFIN,ZST,ZFIN)
C     Sets up window for surface plot
C
C               Variables in Argument List
C   MODE            INTEGER*2 graphics mode
C   XFIN            REAL*4 final x value
C   XSCALE           REAL*4 aspect ratio of monitor
C   XST              REAL*4 starting x value
C   YFIN            REAL*4 final y value
C   YST              REAL*4 starting y value
C   ZFIN            REAL*4 final z value
C   ZST              REAL*4 starting z value
C
C               Local Variables
C   ASPECT           REAL*4 aspect ratio of monitor
C   IOPT             INTEGER*2 flag for plot routine
C   JCOL1           INTEGER*2 starting column for surface plot window
C   JCOL2           INTEGER*2 ending column for surface plot window
C   JROW1           INTEGER*2 starting row for surface plot window
C   JROW2           INTEGER*2 ending row for surface plot window
C   XMAX            REAL*4 maximum value for x axis
C   XMIN            REAL*4 minimum value for x axis
C   XORG             REAL*4 origin of x axis
C   YMAX            REAL*4 maximum value for y axis
C   YMIN            REAL*4 minimum value for y axis
C   YORG             REAL*4 origin of y axis
C   YOVERX           REAL*4 intermediate variable
C
C
C   FUNCTION XFUN(T)
C     Parametric function for plotting of bends
C
C   Common ARCCON
C               Variables in Argument List
C   T                REAL*4 angle in radians
C
C
C   FUNCTION YFUN(T)
C     Parametric function for plotting of bends

```

```

C Common ARCCON
C                               Variables in Argument List
C T                      REAL*4      angle in radians
C
C
C SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C   Reads input for input modification
C
C                               Variables in Argument List
C NAME(8)                  CHAR*1      name of input variable
C VALUE                   REAL*4      value of input variable
C
C Local Variables
C BLK                     CHAR*1      '
C CARD(80)                CHAR*1      card image
C CEND(3)                 CHAR*1      'E','N','D'
C COMMA                   CHAR*1      ,
C CTIT(5)                 CHAR*1      'T','I','T','L','E'
C DCARD                   CHAR*80     card image
C E                       CHAR*1      'E'
C FRACT                   REAL*4      fractional part of number
C I                        INTEGER*2    do loop index
C ICOUNT                  INTEGER*2    position counter
C ID                      INTEGER*2    position counter
C II                      INTEGER*2    position counter
C J                        INTEGER*2    do loop index
C JJ                      INTEGER*2    position counter
C LE                      CHAR*1      'e'
C LEND(3)                 CHAR*1      'e','n','d'
C LTIT(5)                 CHAR*1      't','i','t','l','e'
C MINUS                   CHAR*1      '_'
C NUMBER(10)               CHAR*1      '0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'
C PERIOD                  CHAR*1      ','
C PLUS                     CHAR*1      '+'
C POUND                    CHAR*1      '#'
C QUEST                   CHAR*1      '?'
C SIGN                     REAL*4      sign of number or exponent
C WHOLE                   REAL*4      WHOLE PART OF NUMBER
C
C INTERFACE TO SUBROUTINE
1      clearscreen[FAR,C,ALIAS:"__clearscreen"] (area)
INTEGER*2 area
END
INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX,I
REAL X[ALLOCATABLE](::),Y[ALLOCATABLE](::),Z[ALLOCATABLE](::),
* XF[ALLOCATABLE](::),YF[ALLOCATABLE](::),ZF[ALLOCATABLE](::)
EXTERNAL CLEARSCREEN
DO 20 I=150,1,-1
  IXMAX=I
  IYMAX=I
  IERR=0
  ALLOCATE(X(IXMAX,IYMAX),Y(IXMAX,IYMAX),Z(IXMAX,IYMAX),STAT=IERR)
  ALLOCATE(XF(IXMAX),YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX),STAT=IERR)

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```

        IF(IERR.EQ.0) GO TO 21
        DEALLOCATE(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,STAT=IERR)
20 CONTINUE
        STOP
21 CONTINUE
        CALL CLEARSCREEN(0)
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'|'
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'|'
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||' Welcome to ACCUM - a Feedline Analysis Program
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||'
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||' To send a plot to the printer
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||'
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||' The computer MUST be in GRAPHICS mode
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||'
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||' Hit PrScn to send the current plot to the printer
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'||'
        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
        *'|'
        WRITE(*,*)
        WRITE(*,'(20X,A,I4)')'Maximum no. of frequencies = ',IXMAX
        WRITE(*,'(20X,A,I4)')'Maximum points along pipe = ',IYMAX
        WRITE(*,*)
        CALL MAINP(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,IXMAX,IYMAX)
        STOP
        END
        SUBROUTINE MAINP(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C      Logic portion of code
        INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX
        COMPLEX G(0:76),CTANH,G1,S,ZT(0:76),ZG(76),RHS,CFAC,CAPN,CAPM
        COMPLEX ZGEFF,ZOEFF
        REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),
*       PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75),ZO(76),PCAP(75),PIND(75)
        REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,LFREQ,MAG,MAG1
        REAL X(IXMAX,IYMAX),Y(IXMAX,IYMAX),Z(IXMAX,IYMAX)
        REAL XF(IXMAX),YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX)
        INTEGER*2 SECTN(75),PTS,RSPON,SECT,SEGMN
        CHARACTER ANS*1
        CHARACTER*24 NAMLIN,NAMFUL,NAMLOX
        COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN
        COMMON /RELVAL/A,AREA,AREAB,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,DIA,DIME,DPROR,KMAN,
*           KTANK,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,
*           TFLOW,VALUE,VOL,VOLMF,PMRAT,SPLIT,PCAP,PIND

```

```

COMMON /INTVAL/SECT,SECTN,SEGMN,NSEC(75),NPTS,LOPEND,LOPOLD
COMMON /FREQ/S,ZT,ZG,ZO
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AM,PM,AP
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
DATA AM/'AM'/,PM/'PM'/
DATA GRAV/32.2/,PI/3.1415927/
DATA NAMFUL//FUEL.INP          '/'
DATA NAMLOX//LOX.INP          '/'
DATA IOPEN/0/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,5E15.6)
3 FORMAT(1P4E15.6)
4 FORMAT(1PE13.5,' (',E12.5,',',E12.5,') (' ,E12.5,',',E12.5,')')
5 FORMAT(/'      FREQ',8X,'FREQ-NORM',9X,'G(R)',11X,'G(I)'/)
6 FORMAT(/2X,'"      FREQ"',7X,'"FREQ-NORM"',5X,'" /G1/"',6X,
*     ,'" /G"/')
7 FORMAT('"'',A,'"'')
8 FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
10 FORMAT(A20,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
SFAC=1.0
WRITE(*,*)' If you want frequency in rad/sec, hit enter.'
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' If you want it in Hertz, enter "H". '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'H'.OR.ANS.EQ.'h') SFAC=6.283185
LOPOLD=20
CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)
CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON,IDAY)
IYR=IYR-1900
IF(IHR.LT.12) THEN
  AP=AM
ELSE
  AP=PM
  IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
ENDIF
20 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Is this setup for FUEL or OXIDIZER? Enter F or O
*.
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Is the name of the I/O file FUEL.INP? Y or N '
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter name of I/O file'
    READ(*,'(A)')NAMLIN
  ELSE
    NAMLIN=NAMFUL
  ENDIF
ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'O'.OR.ANS.EQ.'o') THEN

```

```

        WRITE(*,'(A\)')' Is the name of the I/O file LOX.INP? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
            WRITE(*,*)' Enter name of I/O file'
            READ(*,'(A)')NAMLIN
        ELSE
            NAMLIN=NAMLOX
        ENDIF
    ELSE
        WRITE(*,*)' You did not enter F or O. Try again'
        GO TO 20
    ENDIF
    OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE=NAMLIN)
    OPEN(UNIT=12,FILE='SURF.DAT')
    WRITE(*,'(A\)')' If there is data stored enter Y '
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
        RSPON=4
        GO TO 24
    ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
    SPLIT=1.0
    LOPEND=1
    C          TITLE
    READ(11,'(A)')TITLF
    WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
    C          TANK CONDITIONS
    READ(11,1)VOL
    READ(11,1)LFLOW
    READ(11,1)KTANK
    C          MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
    READ(11,1)DENS
    READ(11,1)TFLOW
    READ(11,1)VOLMF
    READ(11,1)KMAN
    READ(11,1)PCHMB
    C          ORFICE CONDITION
    READ(11,1)DPROR
    A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
    CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
    CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
    PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
    AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
    READ(11,2)SEGMN
    DO 22 I=1,SEGMN
    READ(11,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
    IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
    C          BEND IN PIPE
        CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
        AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
        L(I)=VALUE
        AREA(I)=AREAB

```

```

DIA(I)=DIME
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C           STRAIGHT SECTION OR SPLIT
  VALUE=PIPE1(I)
  DIME=PIPE2(I)
  AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
  L(I)=VALUE
  AREA(I)=AREAB
  DIA(I)=DIME
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C           SPLIT PIPE
    SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
    WRITE(*,'(A,I3)')' Maximum no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish to change it? '
    READ(*,'(A\')')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
      WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter maximum no. of iterations '
      READ(*,*)LOPOLD
    ENDIF
    LOPEND=LOPOLD
  ENDIF
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
C           INLINE ACCUMULATOR
  C   PIPE1 - LEN   - L
  C   PIPE2 - DIA   - DIA
  C   PIPE3 - DEN
  C   PIPE4 - K
  L(I)=PIPE1(I)
  DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
  AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
  IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
  IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
  PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C           TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
  C           SUPPRESSES OMEGA = (PI/2)/(L*SQRT(PIND*PCAP))
  C   PIPE1 - LEN   - L
  C   PIPE2 - DIA   - DIA
  C   PIPE3 - DEN
  C   PIPE4 - K
  L(I)=PIPE1(I)
  DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
  AREA(I)=0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2
  IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
  IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
  PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
  PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
C           HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
C           PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
C           SUPPRESSES OMEGA = 1/SQRT(PIND*PCAP)
  C   PIPE1 - LEN   - L

```

```

C      PIPE2 - DIA    - DIA
C      PIPE3 - VOL    - AREA
C      PIPE4 - DEN
C      PIPE5 - K
L(I)=PIPE1(I)
DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=DENS
IF(PIPE5(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE5(I)=AVGK
PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE5(I)
PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
      PUMP
C      PIPE1 - LEN    - L
C      PIPE2 - DIA    - DIA
C      PIPE3 - DP/DM  - AREA
C      PIPE4 - IND    - PIND
C      PIPE5 - CAP    - PCAP
L(I)=PIPE1(I)
DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*PMRAT
PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)/PMRAT
ENDIF
22 CONTINUE
C
C      The first stage in this program is to define the parameters then
C      we will begin the initial calculations. Because these parameters
C      are as likely to change as not, a provision is made to update the
C      parameters if necessary.
C
      WRITE(12,' '
      WRITE(12,*)TITLE
      WRITE(12,' ')
      WRITE(12,*)"PRESENT CONDITIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:"
      WRITE(12,*)"FUEL TANK VOLUME=",VOL
      WRITE(12,*)"LINE FLOW RATE=",LFLOW
      WRITE(12,*)"BULK MOD. OF FUEL TANK=",KTANK
      WRITE(12,*)"VELOCITY OF SOUND IN FLUID=",A
      WRITE(12,*)"CAPACITANCE OF FUEL TANK=",CTANK
      WRITE(12,*)"DENS=",DENS
      WRITE(12,*)"TOTAL FLOW RATE=",TFLOW
      WRITE(12,*)"MANIFOLD VOLUME=",VOLMF
      WRITE(12,*)"BULK MOD. OF MANIFOLD=",KMAN
      WRITE(12,*)"ENGINE CHAMBER PRESSURE=",PCHMB
      WRITE(12,*)"CAPACITANCE OF MANIFOLD=",CMAN
      WRITE(12,*)"PRESSURE DROP ACROSS ORIFICE=",DPROR
      WRITE(12,*)" STATUS LENGTH AREA DIAMETER"
      WRITE(12,8)(SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I),I=1,SEGMN)
      WRITE(12,*)" "
      WRITE(*,*)'
      WRITE(*,*)TITLE

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```

      WRITE(*,*)'
      WRITE(*,*)' PRESENT CONDITIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:'
      WRITE(*,*)' FUEL TANK VOLUME= ',VOL
      WRITE(*,*)' LINE FLOW RATE= ',LFLOW
      WRITE(*,*)' BULK MOD. OF FUEL TANK= ',KTANK
      WRITE(*,*)' VELOCITY OF SOUND IN FLUID= ',A
      WRITE(*,*)' CAPACITANCE OF FUEL TANK= ',CTANK
      WRITE(*,*)' DENS= ',DENS
      WRITE(*,*)' TOTAL FLOW RATE= ',TFLLOW
      WRITE(*,*)' MANIFOLD VOLUME= ',VOLMF
      WRITE(*,*)' BULK MOD. OF MANIFOLD= ',KMAN
      WRITE(*,*)' ENGINE CHAMBER PRESSURE= ',PCHMB
      WRITE(*,*)' CAPACITANCE OF MANIFOLD= ',CMAN
      WRITE(*,*)' PRESSURE DROP ACROSS ORIFICE= ',DPROR
      WRITE(*,*)' STATUS LENGTH AREA DIAMETER'
      WRITE(*,8)(SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I),I=1,SEGMN)
      WRITE(*,*)' If revisions on the design have been made'
      WRITE(*,*)' (changes in fuel, pipe length, diameter, bends, etc.)'
      WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Please enter yes for revisions or no to continue.
*
      READ(*,'(A')')ANS
      IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 25
23 CONTINUE
      RSPON=0
24 CONTINUE
      CALL MODIFY(RSPON)
C
C      THIS SECTION COMPUTES THE NEW ADMITTANCE OVER VARYING FREQUENCIES.
C
25 CONTINUE
      IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
          WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in rad/sec '
      ELSE
          WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in Hertz '
      ENDIF
      WRITE(*,*)' Low freq=1 high freq=2 #pts=10'
      READ(*,*)LFREQ,HFREQ,PTS
      IF(PTS.LT.1) GO TO 29
C
C      THIS SECTION WILL COMPUTE THE ADMITTANCE RATIO FOR THE FUEL TANK
C      AND THEN IT WILL COMPUTE THE ADMITTANCE RATIOS FOR EACH SEGMENT,
C      SINCE THERE ARE L(I) I=1,SEGMN LENGTHS, THEN THERE WILL BE AT LEAST
C      AS MANY ADMITTANCE RATIOS, THEREFORE I AM SETTING UP AN ARRAY FOR
C      EACH LENGTH L(I) HAVING AN ADMITTANCE RATIO G(I).
C
      IPLT=0
      IF(PTS.GT.IXMAX) THEN
          WRITE(*,*)' Maximum number of points for this option is IXMAX =',
*          IXMAX
          WRITE(*,*)' Do you want PTS reduced to IXMAX? Y or N'
          READ(*,'(A')')ANS
          IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') GO TO 29

```

```

PTS=IXMAX
ENDIF
IF(LFREQ.EQ.0.0) LFREQ=1.0E-5
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to plot ADMITTANCE as it is calculated? Y
*or N '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter estimated maximum value of admittance '
  READ(*,*)ADMMAX
  IPLT=1
ENDIF
SSIZE=0.0
IF(PTS.NE.1) SSIZE=(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(PTS-1)
ZTOP=A/(GRAV*PMRAT)
ZOR=2.0*DPROR/(LFLOW*PMRAT)
252 CONTINUE
TLT=0.0
ISIZ=0
DO 26 I=1,SEGMN
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.3.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
    TLT=TLT+DIA(I)
  ELSE
    TLT=TLT+L(I)
  ENDIF
  IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
    ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
    WRITE(*,*)' This section is ',L(I),' ft. long'
    WRITE(*,*)' How many segments should it be broken into? '
    READ(*,*)NSEC(I)
    IF(NSEC(I).LE.1) NSEC(I)=2
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
      ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
      NSEC(I)=2
    ELSE
      ZO(I)=SQRT(PIND(I)/PCAP(I))
      NSEC(I)=2
    ENDIF
    ISIZ=ISIZ+NSEC(I)
    IF(ISIZ.GT.IYMAX) THEN
      WRITE(*,*)' Too many segments ',ISIZ
      WRITE(*,*)' Maximum is IYMAX = ',IYMAX,' Try again.'
      GO TO 252
    ENDIF
  26 CONTINUE
  TLT=TLT/(PI*A)
C   PLOT PIPE LAYOUT IN WINDOW 1
  CALL SETPLT
  CALL PIPPLOT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
  IF(IPLT.EQ.1) THEN
C   PLOT ADMITTANCE IN WINDOW 2
  CALL LOWERW(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
  CALL ADMGRAPH(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)

```

```

ENDIF
WRITE(12,5)
IF(IOPEN.NE.0.AND.LOPEND.NE.1) THEN
  WRITE(13,'')
  WRITE(13,'')
  WRITE(13,TITLE)
  WRITE(13,'')
ENDIF
DO 28 K=1,PTS
  W=LREQ+SSIZE*(K-1)
  XF(K)=W
  S=CMPLX(0.0,W*SFAC)
  G(0)=CTANK*PMRAT*S
  G(0)=G(0)/SPLIT
  ZT(0)=1.0/G(0)
DO 281 KLOOP=1,LOPEND
  G1=G(0)+1.0
  DO 27 I=1,SEGMN
    ZGEFF=G(I-1)
    IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
      C      BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
      TL=L(I)/A
      IF(KLOOP.NE.1.AND.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
        ZGEFF=G(I-1)+(SPLIT-1.0)/ZG(I-1)
      ENDIF
      G(I)=(1.0+CTANH(S*TL)/(ZGEFF*ZO(I)))/(1.0+ZGEFF*ZO(I)*
      *      CTANH(S*TL))
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
      C      INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
      C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I)*PCAP(I)))/(ZO(I)*ZGEFF)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
      C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=S*PCAP(I)/(1.0+PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2)
      G(I)=1.0+G(I)/ZGEFF
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
      C      PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2+1.0
      G(I)=G(I)/(G(I)+PIND(I)*S*ZGEFF)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
      C      PUMP
      G(I)=(1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF)/(1.0+(PIND(I)*S+AREA(I))*(
      *      (PCAP(I)*S+ZGEFF)))
      ENDIF
      G1=G1*G(I)
      G(I)=G(I)*ZGEFF
      ZT(I)=1.0/G(I)
    27 CONTINUE
    G(SEGMN+1)=1.0+CMAN*PMRAT*S/G(SEGMN)
    G1=G1*G(SEGMN+1)

```

```

G(SEGMN+1)=G(SEGMN+1)*G(SEGMN)
G(SEGMN+2)=1.0/(1.0+ZOR*G(SEGMN+1))
G1=G1*G(SEGMN+2)
G(SEGMN+2)=G(SEGMN+2)*G(SEGMN+1)
ZG(SEGMN)=ZOR/(ZOR*CMAN*PMRAT*S+1.0)
IF(SEGMN.NE.1) THEN
  DO 271 I=SEGMN-1,1,-1
    ZGEFF=ZG(I+1)
    ZOEFF=ZO(I+1)
    IF(SECTN(I+1).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
      C          BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
      TL=(L(I)+L(I+1))/A
      CAPN=(ZOEFF-ZT(I-1))/(ZOEFF+ZT(I-1))
      CAPM=(ZOEFF-ZGEFF)/(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)
      CFAC=CEXP(-2.0*S*TL)
      RHS=(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)*(1.0-CAPN*CAPM*CFAC)*CEXP(S*L(I+1)/A)
      CFAC=CAPN*CFAC*CEXP(2.0*S*L(I+1)/A)
      ZG(I)=(RHS-ZOEFF*(1.0-CFAC))/(1.0+CFAC)
      IF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
        ZG(I)=ZG(I)/SPLIT
      ENDIF
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.2) THEN
      C          INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      ZG(I)=ZGEFF/(ZGEFF*PCAP(I+1)*S+1.0)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.3) THEN
      C          TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
      ZG(I)=ZOEFF/CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)))
      ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.4) THEN
      C          HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      ZG(I)=(1.0+PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2)/(PCAP(I+1)*S)
      ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.5) THEN
      C          PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S/(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2+1.0)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.6) THEN
      C          PUMP
      ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S-AREA(I+1)
      ZG(I)=ZG(I)/(1.0+ZG(I)*PCAP(I+1)*S)
    ENDIF
  271 CONTINUE
  ENDIF
  CALL FREQRS(YF,ZF,K,IXMAX,IYMAX,KLOOP,ERRP,WVAL)
  IF(KLOOP.GT.1.AND.ERRP.LT.0.001) GO TO 282
  281 CONTINUE
  IF(LOPEND.EQ.1) GO TO 282
  IF(IOPEN.EQ.0) THEN
    OPEN(UNIT=13,FILE='SURF.ERR')
    WRITE(13,'')
    WRITE(13,'')
    WRITE(13,*)TITLE
    WRITE(13,'')

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        IOPEN=1
        ENDIF
        WRITE(13,'(jw =',F8.1,' after',I3,' iterations',
*           has error of',F8.3,'% out of',F8.3)')
*           W,LOPEND,100.0*ERRP,WVAL
282 CONTINUE
        MAG=CABS(G(SEGMN+2))
        MAG1=CABS(G1)
        WN=W*TLT
        WRITE(12,3)W,WN,G(SEGMN+2)
        IF(IPLT.EQ.0) THEN
            X(K,1)=W
            Y(K,1)=MAG
        ELSE
            CALL NEXPT(W,MAG)
        ENDIF
28 CONTINUE
        IF(IPLT.EQ.0) THEN
            CALL ALLPT(X,Y,PTS)
        ENDIF
        CALL ENDPLT
        WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Do you wish to plot the surface? '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
            CALL PLOTSU(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,NPTS,PTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
        ENDIF
        WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Do you wish to plot contours? '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
            CALL PLTCOM(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,NPTS,PTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
        ENDIF
29 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Enter E to exit, F to run new frequency range, or
* C to run a new case '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') GO TO 25
        IF(ANS.EQ.'E'.OR.ANS.EQ.'e') RETURN
        IF(ANS.EQ.'C'.OR.ANS.EQ.'c') THEN
            WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Do you wish to use old data with changes? Y or N
*
            READ(*,'(A)')ANS
            IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') GO TO 23
            WRITE(*,'(A\\)')' Does INPUT file need to be rewound? Y or N '
            READ(*,'(A)')ANS
            IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND 11
            GO TO 21
        ENDIF
        WRITE(*,*)' You did not enter E, F, or C. Try again.'
        GO TO 29
    END
    SUBROUTINE ADMGRAPH(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
C          Plots admittance curve

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CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
REAL LFREQ
1 FORMAT(F6.3)
XMIN=LFREQ
XMAX=HFREQ
YMIN=0.0
YMAX=ADMMAX
XMAJ=0.25*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.25*(YMAX-YMIN)
IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,11)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,14)
ENDIF
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)
IF(SFAC.EQ.1) THEN
  CALL QPTXTA(20,'Frequency - rad/sec ',7)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXTA(20,' Frequency - Hertz ',7)
ENDIF
CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,0,0)
CALL QPTXTD(8,'Adm.      ',7)
CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ALLPT(X,Y,PTS)
C   Supervises plot of admittance after calculations
INTEGER*2 PTS
REAL X(PTS),Y(PTS)
ADMMAX=Y(1)
DO 21 I=2,PTS
  IF(Y(I).GT.ADMMAX) ADMMAX=Y(I)
21 CONTINUE
CALL LOWERW(X(1),X(PTS),ADMMAX)
CALL ADMGRAPH(X(1),X(PTS),ADMMAX)
CALL QTABL(1,PTS,X,Y)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C   Computes effective straight pipe for bend
REAL LBEND,INRAD,INERT,LPRME,NEWLN
BENDR=0.0174533*ABS(PIPE2)
LBEND=PIPE1*BENDR
ARBND=0.785398*PIPE3**2
INRAD=PIPE1-0.5*PIPE3
OTRAD=PIPE1+0.5*PIPE3

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RATIO=INRAD/OTRAD
X=RATIO
CALL GINERT(ABS(PIPE2),X,Y)
INERT=(Y*(OTRAD-INRAD))/ARBND
LPRME=LBEND/ARBND
NEWLN=LPRME+INERT
GAMMA=NEWLN/LPRME
VALUE=GAMMA*(LBEND+2.0*PIPE4)
AREAB=ARBND/SQRT(GAMMA)
DIME=2.0*SQRT(AREAB/3.1415927)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C      Computes plot coordinates for a bend
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
C      FIRST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE4.NE.0.0) CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE4,PIPE3)
C      CURVED SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE2.GE.0.0) THEN
  XC=X-SINA*PIPE1
  YC=Y+COSA*PIPE1
  DIA= 0.5
ELSE
  XC=X+SINA*PIPE1
  YC=Y-COSA*PIPE1
  DIA=-0.5
ENDIF
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=XC
POINT(2,J)=YC
POINT(3,J)=ANG
ANG=ANG+0.01745329*PIPE2
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COSA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
RAD=PIPE1-DIA*PIPE3
POINT(4,J)=ANG
POINT(5,J)=RAD
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XH
Y2=YH
SLENTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XH=X2+COSA*SLENTH
YH=Y2+SINA*SLENTH

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X3=XH
Y3=YH
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF
RAD=PIPE1+DIA*PIPE3
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XL
Y2=YL
SLENGTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XL=X2+COSA*SLENGTH
YL=Y2+SINA*SLENGTH
X3=XL
Y3=YL
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=POINT(1,J-1)
POINT(2,J)=POINT(2,J-1)
POINT(3,J)=POINT(3,J-1)
POINT(4,J)=POINT(4,J-1)
POINT(5,J)=RAD
SLENGTH=2.0*PIPE1*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
X=X+COSA*SLENGTH
Y=Y+SINA*SLENGTH
XMIN=A MIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=A MAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=A MIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=A MAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
C      LAST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COSA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
POINT(1,J)=XH

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POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*PIPE4
XH=X-0.5*SINA*PIPE3
XL=X+0.5*SINA*PIPE3
Y=Y+SINA*PIPE4
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*PIPE3
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*PIPE3
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
COSHR=COSH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
COSHI=SINH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CCOSH=CMPLX(COSHR,COSHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
SINHR=SINH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
SINHI=COSH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CSINH=CMPLX(SINHR,SINHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
COMPLEX CCOSH,CSINH,S
CTANH=CSINH(S)/CCOSH(S)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ENDPLT
C      Closes plot routines
COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
21 CONTINUE

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CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 21
CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.80.OR.IKEY.EQ.112) CALL QPSCRN
CALL QSMODE(MODET)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FREQRS(YF,ZF,K,IXMAX,IYMAX,KLOOP,ERRP,WVAL)
C      Computes pressure transfer function
COMPLEX S,ZT(0:76),ZG(76),LITTLN,CAPM,CAPN,ZFAC,TOP,BOTTOM,PRAT
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),
*      PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75),ZO(76),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
INTEGER*2 SECTN(75),SECT,SEGMN
COMMON /RELVAL/A,AREA,AREAB,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,DIA,DIME,DPROR,KMAN,
*                  KTANK,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,
*                  TFLOW,VALUE,VOL,VOLMF,PMRAT,SPLIT,PCAP,PIND
COMMON /INTVAL/SECT,SECTN,SEGMN,NSEC(75),NPTS,LOPEND,LOPOLD
COMMON /FREQ/S,ZT,ZG,ZO
INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX
REAL YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX),PRATO(2,75)
LITTLN=S/A
SUMX=0.0
M=1
ERRP=0.0
DO 22 I=SEGMN,1,-1
  CAPN=(ZO(I)-ZT(I-1))/(ZO(I)+ZT(I-1))
  CAPM=(ZO(I)-ZG(I))/(ZO(I)+ZG(I))
  ZFAC=ZO(I)/(ZO(I)+ZG(I))
  LSEC=NSEC(I)
  DX=0.0
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.3.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
    DX=DIA(I)/(LSEC-1)
  ELSE
    DX=L(I)/(LSEC-1)
  ENDIF
  BOTTOM=1.0-CAPM*CAPN*CEXP(-2.0*LITTLN*L(I))
  DO 21 J=1,LSEC
    X=DX*(J-1)
    IF(SECTN(I).GT.1.AND.SECTN(I).LT.6) THEN
      IF(J.EQ.LSEC) PRAT=ZT(I-1)/(ZT(I-1)+ZG(I))
      ELSE
        TOP=CEXP(-LITTLN*X)-CAPN*CEXP(-LITTLN*(2.0*L(I)-X))
        PRAT=ZFAC*TOP/BOTTOM
      ENDIF
      IF(J.NE.1) THEN
        SUMX=SUMX+DX
        M=M+1
        ZF(K,M)=CABS(PRAT)
        IF(K.EQ.1) YF(M)=SUMX
      ELSE
        IF(I.EQ.SEGMN) THEN

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ZF(K,M)=CABS(PRAT)
IF(K.EQ.1) YF(M)=SUMX
ENDIF
ENDIF
IF(J.NE.1.AND.J.NE.LSEC) GO TO 21
PRATN=CABS(PRAT)
IF(KLOOP.NE.1) THEN
IF(J.EQ.1) THEN
ERRN=ABS((PRATN-PRATO(1,I))/PRATN)
ELSE
ERRN=ABS((PRATN-PRATO(2,I))/PRATN)
ENDIF
ERRP=AMAX1(ERRP,ERRN)
IF(ERRP.EQ.ERRN) WVAL=PRATN
ENDIF
IF(J.EQ.1) PRATO(1,I)=PRATN
IF(J.EQ.LSEC) PRATO(2,I)=PRATN
21 CONTINUE
22 CONTINUE
IF(K.EQ.1) NPTS=M
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C      Evaluates curve fit of ineritance of bends
DIMENSION B(3)
DATA B/0.0,0.7877014E-02,-0.2814679E-04/
A=B(1)+(B(2)+B(3)*BEND)*BEND
Y=A*(X-1.0)**2
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C      Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
XOLD=X
XHOLD=XH
XLOLD=XL
YOLD=Y
YHOLD=YH
YLOLD=YL
SINOLD=SINA
COSOLD=COSA
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
CALL TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
XC=0.5*(XOLD+X)
YC=0.5*(YOLD+Y)
XOLD=X
YOLD=Y
SINA=COSOLD
COSA=-SINOLD
X=XC+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)

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Y=YC+SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
SIDE=VOL**0.3333333
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,SIDE,SIDE)
X=XOLD
Y=YOLD
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
DIAM=SQRT((XHOLD-XLOLD)**2+(YHOLD-YLOLD)**2)
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIAM
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIAM
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIAM
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIAM
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LOWERW(LFREQ,HFREQ,ADMMAX)
C      Sets up lower plotting window
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
COMMON /ADMCOL/ADMBAC,ADMLIN
INTEGER ADMBAC,ADMLIN
REAL LFREQ
XMIN=LFREQ
XMAX=HFREQ
YMIN=0.0
YMAX=ADMMAX
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
XLEN=0.01*(XMAX-XMIN)
YLEN=0.01*(YMAX-YMIN)
XMIN=XMIN-XLEN
XMAX=XMAX+XLEN
YMIN=YMIN-YLEN
YMAX=YMAX+YLEN
JCOL1=150
JCOL2=550
IF(MODE.EQ.6)  THEN
  JROW1=20
  JROW2=79
ELSE
  JROW1=40
  IF(MODE.EQ.16)  JROW2=134
  IF(MODE.EQ.18)  JROW2=199
ENDIF
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=0
ASPECT=1.35
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*          XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
IF(MODE.NE.6)  THEN
  CALL QPREG(0,ADMBAC)
ENDIF
  CALL QSETUP(0,ADMLIN,-2,ADMLIN)
RETURN

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END
SUBROUTINE MODIFY(RSPON)
C      Allows modifications to input data
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),
*      PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
INTEGER*2 SECTN(75),RSPON,SECT,SEGMN
CHARACTER ANS*1
CHARACTER*8 VARVAL(9),VARU(9),VARL(9),NAME
CHARACTER*24 NAMLIN
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /RELVAL/A,AREA,AREAB,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,DIA,DIME,DPROR,KMAN,
*                  KTANK,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,
*                  TFLOW,VALUE,VOL,VOLMF,PMRAT,SPLIT,PCAP,PIND
COMMON /INTVAL/SECT,SECTN,SEGMN,NSEC(75),NPTS,LOPEND,LOPOLD
COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN
DATA GRAV/32.2/,PI/3.141593/
DATA VARVAL/' DENS =', ' DPROR =', ' KMAN =',
*                 ' KTANK =', ' LFLOW =', ' PCHMB =', ' TFLOW =',
*                 ' VOL =', ' VOLMF ='
DATA VARU/'DENS   ', 'DPROR   ', 'KMAN   ',
*          'KTANK   ', 'LFLOW   ', 'PCHMB   ', 'TFLOW   ',
*          'VOL     ', 'VOLMF   '
DATA VARL/'dens   ', 'dpror   ', 'kman   ',
*          'ktank   ', 'lflow   ', 'pchmb   ', 'tflow   ',
*          'vol     ', 'volmf   '
1 FORMAT(1PE15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,1P5E15.6)
3 FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
4 FORMAT(' This segment is a bend of',1PE13.5,' deg and radius of',
*           E13.5)
5 FORMAT(' This segment is straight ',1PE13.5,' diameter pipe ',
*           E13.5,' ft. long')
6 FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,10X,A8,E13.5)
7 FORMAT(' TITLE = ',A20)
10 FORMAT(A20,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
11 FORMAT(' This segment is ',I2,', way split ',1PE13.5,' dia.',
*           ' pipe ',E13.5,' ft. long')
12 FORMAT(' This segment is a pump with length =',1PE13.5,' dia =',
*           E13.5/5X,'dp/dm =',E13.5,' capacitance =',E13.5,
*           ' inductance =',E13.5)
13 FORMAT(' This segment is a tuned pipe ',1PE13.5,' long & dia =',
*           E13.5)
14 FORMAT(' This segment is a Helmholtz resonator with',/5X,'length =',
*           ,1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
15 FORMAT(' This segment is a parallel resonator with',/5X,'length =',
*           1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
16 FORMAT(' This segment is a ',1PE13.5,' long inline acc. with',

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*      ' diameter of',E13.5)
AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
ICHG=0
IF(RSPON.EQ.4) GO TO 21
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change engine & fluid parameters '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 29
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the parameters?'
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') ICHG=1
21 CONTINUE
IF(ICHG.EQ.0) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter TITLE (20 characters max.) '
  READ(*,'(A)'')TITLEF
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLEF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter FUEL TANK VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOL
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter FLOW RATE inside LINE (1bm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)LFLOW
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside TANK (1b /ft^
*2)'
  READ(*,*)KTANK
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter FUEL DENSITY (1bm/ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)DENS
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter TOTAL FLOW RATE inside ENGINE (1bm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)TFLW
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter MANIFOLD VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOLMF
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside MANIFOLD (1b
*/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)KMAN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter CHAMBER PRESSURE in ENGINE (1bf/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)PCHMB
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter PRESSURE DROP across ORIFICE (1bf/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)DPROR
  A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
  CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
  CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
  PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLW
ELSE
  GO TO 24
22 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' VARIABLE NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)' TITLE - title (20 characters max.)           ,
WRITE(*,*)' DENS - density of fluid (1bm/ft^3)          ,
WRITE(*,*)' DPROR - pressure drop across orifices (1bf/ft^2) ,
WRITE(*,*)' KMAN - bulk modulus in manifold (1bf/ft^2)        ,
WRITE(*,*)' KTANK - bulk modulus in tank (1bf/ft^2)         ,
WRITE(*,*)' LFLOW - mass flow rate of fluid (1bm/sec)       ,
WRITE(*,*)' PCHMB - chamber pressure (1bf/ft^2)          ,
WRITE(*,*)' TFLW - total mass flow inside engine (1bm/sec) '

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        WRITE(*,*)'      VOL - volume of storage tank (ft^3)          '
        WRITE(*,*)' , VOLMF - volume of manifold (ft^3)          '
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
        GO TO 25
23  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' , VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES'
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
        WRITE(*,7)TITLF
        WRITE(*,6)VARVAL( 1), DENS,VARVAL( 2),DPROR,
*           VARVAL( 3), KMAN,VARVAL( 4),KTANK,VARVAL( 5),LFLOW,
*           VARVAL( 6),PCHMB,VARVAL( 7),TFLOW,VARVAL( 8), VOL,
*           VARVAL( 9),VOLMF
24  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter ? to print variable names & descriptions'
        WRITE(*,*)' # to print variable names & values'
        WRITE(*,*)' TITLE to enter new title'
        WRITE(*,*)' END when all changes have been made'
        WRITE(*,*)' ,
25  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter variable name and new value, END, ?, or
* #
        CALL ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
        IF(NAME.EQ.'?') GO TO 22
        IF(NAME.EQ.'#') GO TO 23
        IF(NAME.EQ.'END'.OR.NAME.EQ.'end') GO TO 28
        IF(NAME.EQ.'TITLE'.OR.NAME.EQ.'title') THEN
            WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter new TITLE (20 characters max.) '
            READ(*,'(A')')TITLF
            WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
            GO TO 25
        ENDIF
        DO 26 II=1,9
            I=II
            IF(NAME.EQ.VARU(I).OR.NAME.EQ.VARL(I)) GO TO 27
26  CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' Invalid name, try again'
        GO TO 22
27  CONTINUE
        IF(I.EQ. 1) DENS=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 2) DPROR=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 3) KMAN=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 4) KTANK=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 5) LFLOW=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 6) PCHMB=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 7) TFLOW=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 8) VOL=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 9) VOLMF=VALUE
        GO TO 25
    ENDIF
28  CONTINUE
        A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)

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CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
29 CONTINUE
ICHG=0
IF(RSPON.EQ.4) GO TO 30
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change the pipe layout? '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 36
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the pipe segments? '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
ICHG=1
GO TO 30
ENDIF
SPLIT=1.0
LOPEND=1
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' How many segments is the pipe broken into? '
READ(*,*)SEGMN
30 CONTINUE
WRITE(12,*)'           NEW PIPE LAYOUT'
WRITE(12,*)' STATUS      LENGTH      AREA          DIAMETER'
I=0
ISEGMN=SEGMN
DO 35 II=1,SEGMN
I=I+1
IF(ICHG.EQ.1) THEN
IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
WRITE(*,4)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1) THEN
WRITE(*,5)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
WRITE(*,16)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
WRITE(*,13)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
WRITE(*,14)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
WRITE(*,15)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
WRITE(*,12)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
WRITE(*,11)INT(PIPE3(I)),PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
ENDIF
WRITE(*,*)' You may keep (K), modify (Y), delete (D), ',
*,       ' add before (B), or add after (A)?'
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'A'.OR.ANS.EQ.'a') THEN
I=I+1
DO 31 III=ISEGMN,I,-1
PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)

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PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
L(III+1)=L(III)
DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
31 CONTINUE
    ISEGMMN=ISEGMMN+1
    GO TO 34
ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'B'.OR.ANS.EQ.'b') THEN
    DO 32 III=ISEGMMN,I,-1
        PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
        PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)
        PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
        PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
        PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
        L(III+1)=L(III)
        DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
        AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
        PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
        PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
        SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
32 CONTINUE
    ISEGMMN=ISEGMMN+1
    GO TO 34
ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'D'.OR.ANS.EQ.'d') THEN
    DO 33 III=I,ISEGMMN
        PIPE1(III)=PIPE1(III+1)
        PIPE2(III)=PIPE2(III+1)
        PIPE3(III)=PIPE3(III+1)
        PIPE4(III)=PIPE4(III+1)
        PIPE5(III)=PIPE5(III+1)
        L(III)=L(III+1)
        DIA(III)=DIA(III+1)
        AREA(III)=AREA(III+1)
        PCAP(III)=PCAP(III+1)
        PIND(III)=PIND(III+1)
        SECTN(III)=SECTN(III+1)
33 CONTINUE
    I=I-1
    ISEGMMN=ISEGMMN-1
    GO TO 35
ELSEIF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
    GO TO 35
ENDIF
ENDIF
34 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,*)' Specify 0 for BEND,           1 for STRAIGHT pipe,'
    WRITE(*,*)'                   2 for INLINE ACCUM., 3 for TUNED STUB,'
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        WRITE(*,*)'           4 for HELMHOLTZ RES., 5 for PARALLEL RES.'
        WRITE(*,*)'           6 for PUMP,          9 for SPLIT'
        READ(*,*) SECT
        IF(SECT.LT.0.OR.SECT.GT.6.AND.SECT.NE.9) GO TO 34
        SECTN(I)=SECT
        IF(SECT.EQ.0) THEN
            BEND IN PIPE
            WRITE(*,*)' RADIUS of bend along CL (ft), ANGLE of bend (deg),'
            WRITE(*,*)' DIAMETER (ft), and LENGTH (ft) beyond bend of pipe'
            READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
            CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
            AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
            L(I)=VALUE
            AREA(I)=AREAB
            DIA(I)=DIME
            PIPE5(I)=0.0
        ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.1) THEN
            C STRAIGHT SECTION
            WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) and DIAMETER (ft) of segment'
            READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            VALUE=PIPE1(I)
            DIME=PIPE2(I)
            PIPE3(I)=0.0
            PIPE4(I)=0.0
            PIPE5(I)=0.0
            AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
            L(I)=VALUE
            AREA(I)=AREAB
            DIA(I)=DIME
        ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.2) THEN
            C INLINE ACCUMULATOR
            WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of accumulator '
            READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            L(I)=PIPE1(I)
            DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
            AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
            PCAP(I)=DENS*0.785398*L(I)*DIA(I)**2*PMRAT/AVGK
            PIPE3(I)=0.0
            PIPE4(I)=0.0
            PIPE5(I)=0.0
        ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.3) THEN
            C TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
            WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of tuned stub'
            READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            L(I)=PIPE1(I)
            DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
            AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
            PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
            PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
            PIPE3(I)=0.0
            PIPE4(I)=0.0
            PIPE5(I)=0.0

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C      ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.4) THEN
      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',*
      *          ' of Helmholtz Resonator'
      READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
      PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
      PIPE4(I)=0.0
      PIPE5(I)=0.0
      ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.5) THEN
C          PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
          WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',*
          *          ' of Parallel Resonator'
          READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
          L(I)=PIPE1(I)
          DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
          AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
          PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
          PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
          PIPE4(I)=0.0
          PIPE5(I)=0.0
          ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.6) THEN
C          PUMP
          WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,dp/dm, CAP.',*
          *          ' & IND. of pump'
          READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
          L(I)=PIPE1(I)
          DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
          AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
          PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*PMRAT
          PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)/PMRAT
          ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C          SPLIT PIPE
          WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft), and no. of',*
          *          ' segments'
          READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
          VALUE=PIPE1(I)
          DIME=PIPE2(I)
          SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
          WRITE(*,'(A,I3)')' Maximum no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
          WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish to change it? '
          READ(*,'(A)')ANS
          IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
              WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter maximum no. of iterations '
              READ(*,*)LOPOLD
          ENDIF
          LOPEND=LOPOLD
          AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
          L(I)=VALUE

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        AREA(I)=AREAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
    ENDIF
    WRITE(12,3)SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I)
35 CONTINUE
    SEGMN=ISEGMN
36 CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Do you wish to save these changes? Y or N '
    READ(*,'(A)'')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') RETURN
    WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\)'') Do you wish to use file ',NAMLIN,'? Y or N '
    READ(*,'(A)'')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter name of file to use '
        READ(*,'(A)'')NAMLIN
        CLOSE(UNIT=11)
        OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE=NAMLIN)
    ELSE
        WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\)'') Do you wish to rewind ',NAMLIN,'? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A)'')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND 11
    ENDIF
    WRITE(11,'(A)'')TITLEF
    WRITE(11,1)VOL
    WRITE(11,1)LFLOW
    WRITE(11,1)KTANK
    WRITE(11,1)DENS
    WRITE(11,1)TFLW
    WRITE(11,1)VOLMF
    WRITE(11,1)KMAN
    WRITE(11,1)PCHMB
    WRITE(11,1)DPROR
    WRITE(11,2)SEGMN
    WRITE(11,2)(SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I),
*                      I=1,SEGMN)
    RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE NEXPT(WN,MAG1)
C      Supervises plot of admittance while computing
COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
REAL MAG1,X(2),Y(2)
X(2)=WN
Y(2)=MAG1
IF(IFRST.NE.0) CALL QTABL(1,2,X,Y)
X(1)=WN
Y(1)=MAG1
IFRST=1
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PIPPLT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)

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C      Supervises plot of piping layout
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
EXTERNAL XFUN,YFUN
INTEGER*2 SEGMN,SECTN(75),ITYPE(200)
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
REAL POINT(8,200),XP(2),YP(2)
ANG=0.0
ANGLE=0.0
COSA=1.0
SINA=0.0
X=0.0
XH=0.0
XL=0.0
Y=0.0
IF(SECTN(1).EQ.0)  THEN
  YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(1)
  YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(1)
ELSEIF(SECTN(1).GE.3.AND.SECTN(1).LE.5)  THEN
  IF(SECTN(2).EQ.0)  THEN
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(2)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(2)
  ELSE
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(2)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(2)
  ENDIF
ELSE
  YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(1)
  YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(1)
ENDIF
J=0
XMIN=0.0
XMAX=0.0
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH)
DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0)  THEN
C      BEND
    CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9)  THEN
C      STRAIGHT SECTION
    CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2)  THEN
C      INLINE ACCUMULATOR
    CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3)  THEN
C      TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
    CALL TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4)  THEN
C      HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR
    CALL HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5)  THEN

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C      PARALLEL RESONATOR
      CALL PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C          PUMP
      CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
      ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
      XRANGE=XMAX-XMIN
      YRANGE=YMAX-YMIN
      XMIN=XMIN-0.05*X RANGE
      XMAX=XMAX+0.05*X RANGE
      YMIN=YMIN-0.05*Y RANGE
      YMAX=YMAX+0.05*Y RANGE
      CALL UPPERW(XMIN,YMIN,XMAX,YMAX)
      DO 24 I=1,J
          IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.0) THEN
C          BEND
          XC=POINT(1,I)
          YC=POINT(2,I)
          X1=POINT(3,I)
          Y1=POINT(4,I)
          RAD=POINT(5,I)
          IF(X1.GT.Y1) THEN
              X1=3.14159+X1
              Y1=3.14159+Y1
              CALL QCURV(XFUN,YFUN,Y1,X1)
          ELSE
              CALL QCURV(XFUN,YFUN,X1,Y1)
          ENDIF
          ELSE
C          ALL EXCEPT BEND
          X0=POINT(1,I)
          Y0=POINT(2,I)
          X1=POINT(3,I)
          Y1=POINT(4,I)
          X2=POINT(5,I)
          Y2=POINT(6,I)
          X3=POINT(7,I)
          Y3=POINT(8,I)
          XP(1)=X0
          YP(1)=Y0
          XP(2)=X1
          YP(2)=Y1
          CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
          XP(1)=X2
          YP(1)=Y2
          XP(2)=X3
          YP(2)=Y3
          CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
          XP(1)=X0
          YP(1)=Y0
          XP(2)=X2

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        YP(2)=Y2
        CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
        XP(1)=X1
        YP(1)=Y1
        XP(2)=X3
        YP(2)=Y3
        CALL QTABL(1,2,XP,YP)
    ENDIF
24 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PLOTSU(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C      Supervises the surface plot
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX
REAL XF(IXMAX),YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX)
REAL X(IPTS,JPTS),Y(IPTS,JPTS),Z(IPTS,JPTS)
INTEGER*2 IWRK1(640),IWRK2(640)
CHARACTER*1 ANS
CHARACTER*45 LEGEND
CHARACTER*58 LEGENDR,LEGENDH
DATA LEGEND/'Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq,distance)'/
DATA LEGENDR/'Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(rad/sec),distanc
*e(ft))'/
DATA LEGENDH/' Pressure Transfer Function = f(freq(Hertz),distance
*(ft))'/
DATA ASPECT/1.35/
DATA ICOLR/4/,IFIL/3/,ILIN/1/
1 FORMAT(' Current view is PHI =',F8.3,', THETA =',F8.3)
2 FORMAT(' Current BACKGROUD COLOR = ',I2,' LINE COLOR = ',I2,
*      ' FILL COLOR = ',I2)
CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1) MODE=6
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2) MODE=16
IF(IBOARD.EQ.3) MODE=18
IWIRED=0
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you want a wire-frame drawing? '
    READ(*,'(A')')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') IWIRED=1
ENDIF
XMIN=XF(1)

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```

XMAX=XF(IPTS)
YMIN=YF(1)
YMAX=YF(JPTS)
ZMIN=ZF(1,1)
ZMAX=ZF(1,1)
DO 20 J=1,JPTS
DO 20 I=1,IPTS
  IF(ZMIN.GT.ZF(I,J))  ZMIN=ZF(I,J)
  IF(ZMAX.LT.ZF(I,J))  ZMAX=ZF(I,J)
20 CONTINUE
YLEN=YF(JPTS)-YF(1)
XLEN=XF(IPTS)-XF(1)
ZLEN=ZMAX-ZMIN
XYZLEN=AMAX1(XLEN,YLEN,ZLEN)
XFAC=XYZLEN/XLEN
XINV=1.0/XFAC
YFAC=XYZLEN/YLEN
YINV=1.0/YFAC
ZFAC=XYZLEN/ZLEN
ZINV=1.0/ZFAC
DO 21 J=1,JPTS
DO 21 I=1,IPTS
  X(I,J)=XF(I)*XFAC
  Y(I,J)=YF(J)*YFAC
  Z(I,J)=ZF(I,J)*ZFAC
21 CONTINUE
XMIN=XMIN*XFAC
XMAX=XMAX*XFAC
YMIN=YMIN*YFAC
YMAX=YMAX*YFAC
ZMIN=ZMIN*ZFAC
ZMAX=ZMAX*ZFAC
XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
ZMAJ=0.2*(ZMAX-ZMIN)
P=-45.0
T=30.0
CALL Q3DROT(X,Y,Z,IPTS,JPTS,P,T)
22 CONTINUE
CALL QSMODE(MODE)
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
CALL WINDOW(MODE,ASPECT,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,ZMIN,ZMAX)
CALL Q3DXAX(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2,YMIN,YMAX,ZMIN,XINV)
CALL Q3DYAX(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2,XMAX,XMIN,ZMIN,YINV)
CALL Q3DZAX(ZMIN,ZMAX,ZMAJ,0,-1,2,XMIN,YMIN,ZINV)
IF(MODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,23)
  CALL QPTXT(45,LEGEND,7,15,22)
ELSEIF(MODE.EQ.16) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,23)
  IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
    CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDR,7,8,22)

```

```

ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDH,7,8,22)
ENDIF
ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,27)
  IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
    CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDR,7,8,26)
  ELSE
    CALL QPTXT(58,LEGENDH,7,8,26)
  ENDIF
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1.OR.IWIRE.EQ.1) THEN
  CALL Q3DSTK(X,Y,IPTS,JPTS,IWRK1,IWRK2,640,1)
ELSE
  CALL Q3DFIL(X,Y,IPTS,JPTS,IFIL,ILIN)
ENDIF
23 CONTINUE
CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 23
CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.80.OR.IKEY.EQ.112) CALL QPSCRN
CALL QSMODE(MODET)
25 CONTINUE
IGO=0
WRITE(*,1)P,T
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish another view? '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter new viewing angles PHI & THETA. '
  READ(*,*)P,T
  CALL Q3DINV(X,Y,Z,IPTS,JPTS)
  CALL Q3DROT(X,Y,Z,IPTS,JPTS,P,T)
  IGO=1
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
  WRITE(*,2)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish another color? '
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter color number (0-63) for BACKGROUND, LINE,
* and FILL '
    WRITE(*,*)' 4,1,3 will give the default colors '
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' 0,7,0 will give black & white '
    READ(*,*)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
    IGO=1
  ENDIF
  IWR=0
  IF(IWIRE.EQ.0) THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you want a wire-frame drawing? '
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
      IWR=1
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
ENDIF

```

```

IGO=1
ENDIF
ELSE
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you want a filled drawing? '
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    IWR=2
    IGO=1
  ENDIF
ENDIF
IF(IWR.EQ.1) IWIRE=1
IF(IWR.EQ.2) IWIRE=0
ENDIF
IF(IGO.NE.0) GO TO 22
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C      Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
XOLD=X
XHOLD=XH
XLOLD=XL
YOLD=Y
YHOLD=YH
YLOLD=YL
ANGOLD=ANG
ANGSAV=ANGLE
SINOLD=SINA
COSOLD=COSA
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XC=0.5*(XHOLD+XH)
XHC=XHOLD
XLC=XL
YC=0.5*(YHOLD+YH)
YHC=YHOLD
YLC=YL
PLEN=LEN-2.0*DIA
PDIA=(VOL-2.0*DIA*DIAM)/PLEN
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PLEN,PDIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XSAV=X
XHSAV=XH
XLSAV=XL
YSAV=Y
YHSAV=YH
YLSAV=YL
SINA=COSOLD
COSA=-SINOLD

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RADIUS=DIA
TURN=-90.0
SIDE=LEN-5.0*DIA
ANG=ANG+1.5708
ANGLE=ANGLE+90.0
X=XC
Y=YC
XH=XHC
XL=XLC
YH=YHC
YL=YLC
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,SIDE,DIA)
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
X=XSAV
Y=YSAV
XH=XHSAV
XL=XLSAV
YH=YHSAV
YL=YLSAV
ANG=ANGOLD
ANGLE=ANGSAV
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PLTCON(X,Y,Z,XF,YF,ZF,JPTS,IPTS,IXMAX,IYMAX)
C      Supervises plot of contour plot
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
INTEGER*4 IXMAX,IYMAX
REAL XF(IXMAX),YF(IYMAX),ZF(IXMAX,IYMAX)
REAL X(IPTS),Y(JPTS),Z(IPTS,JPTS),CONS(10)
INTEGER*2 LABL(10)
DATA ASPECT/1.35/
DATA LABL/1,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,1,0/
DATA ICOLR/4/,IFIL/3/,ILIN/1/
2 FORMAT(' Current BACKGROUD COLOR = ',I2,' LINE COLOR = ',I2,
*          ' FILL COLOR = ',I2)
CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1) MODE=6
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2) MODE=16
IF(IBOARD.EQ.3) MODE=18

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XMIN=XF(1)
XMAX=XF(IPTS)
YMIN=YF(1)
YMAX=YF(JPTS)
ZMIN=ZF(1,1)
ZMAX=ZF(1,1)
DO 21 J=1,JPTS
    Y(J)=YF(J)
DO 21 I=1,IPTS
    IF(J.EQ.1) X(I)=XF(I)
    Z(I,J)=ZF(I,J)
    IF(ZMIN.GT.Z(I,J)) ZMIN=Z(I,J)
    IF(ZMAX.LT.Z(I,J)) ZMAX=Z(I,J)
21 CONTINUE
ZLEN=0.1*(ZMAX-ZMIN)
DO 22 I=1,9
    CONS(I)=I*ZLEN
22 CONTINUE
XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
20 CONTINUE
CALL QSMODE(MODE)
IDEF=2
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
    IDEF=2
    CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
ENDIF
CALL QCTRDE(MODE,ILIN,IFIL,ILIN,1)
JCOL1=100
JCOL2=450
JROW1=40
IF(MODE.EQ.6) JROW1=60
JROW2=169
IF(MODE.EQ.16) JROW2=319
IF(MODE.EQ.18) JROW2=409
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=0
IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
    CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,23)
ELSE
    CALL QPTXT(40,TITLE,7,17,27)
ENDIF
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)
CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
IF(SFAC.EQ.1) THEN
    CALL QPTXTA(17,'Frequency-rad/sec',7)
ELSE
    CALL QPTXTA(17,' Frequency-Hertz ',7)

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ENDIF
CALL QPTXTD(7,'X - ft.',7)
CALL QCNTOU(ASPECT,X,Y,Z,CONS,LABL,IPTS,JPTS,9,IDEF)
23 CONTINUE
CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 23
CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.80.OR.IKEY.EQ.112) CALL QPSCRN
CALL QSMODE(MODET)
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
  WRITE(*,2)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish another color? '
  READ(*,'(A')')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter color number (0-63) for BACKGROUND, LINE,
* and FILL '
    WRITE(*,*)' 4,1,3 will give the default colors '
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' 0,7,7 will give black & white '
    READ(*,*)ICOLR,ILIN,IFIL
    GO TO 20
  ENDIF
ENDIF
25 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C      Sets up the plot environment
COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
COMMON /ADMCOL/ADMBAC,ADMLIN
INTEGER ADMBAC,ADMLIN
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ITIM/0/
IF(ITIM.EQ.0) THEN
  ITIM=1
  ADMBAC=4
  ADMLIN=1
ENDIF
CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1) THEN
  MODE=6
  NPROWS=200
  NTROWS=25
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2) THEN
  MODE=16
  NPROWS=350

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        NTROWS=25
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.3) THEN
  MODE=18
  NPROWS=480
  NTROWS=25
ENDIF
IFRST=0
NTCOLS=NCOLT
NPCOLS=640
IF(MODE.NE.6) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish change colors of admittance? '
  READ(*,'(A')ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter no. of background color and no. of line color'
    WRITE(*,*)' 4,1 will give the default colors '
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' 0,7 will give black & white '
    READ(*,*)ADMBAC,ADMLIN
  ENDIF
ENDIF
CALL QSMODE(MODE)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C      Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*LEN
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
Y=Y+SINA*LEN
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)

```

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        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C          Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YH=Y+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*DIA
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
XL=XL+COSA*DIA
Y=Y+SINA*DIA
YH=Y+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YL=YL+SINA*DIA
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=A MIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X0,Y0,X1,Y1)
C          Sets up upper plotting window
COMMON /NOCOL/MODE,MODET,NTROWS,NTCOLS,NPROWS,NPCOLS
COMMON /ADMCOL/ADMBAC,ADMLIN
INTEGER ADMBAC,ADMLIN
XMIN=X0
XMAX=X1
YMIN=Y0
YMAX=Y1
JCOL1=100
JCOL2=550
IF(MODE.EQ.6) THEN
  JROW1=100
  JROW2=179
ELSEIF(MODE.EQ.16) THEN
  JROW1=214
  JROW2=309
ELSEIF(MODE.EQ.18) THEN
  JROW1=244
  JROW2=449

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ENDIF
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=1
ASPECT=1.35
YMAX0=YMAX
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
IF(IOPT.GE.0) GO TO 21
IOPT=1
CHANGE=(YMAX-YMIN)/(YMAX0-YMIN)
JCOL2=JCOL1+0.98*CHANGE*(JCOL2-JCOL1)
YMAX=YMAX0
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
21 CONTINUE
IF(MODE.NE.6) THEN
  CALL QPREG(0,ADMBAC)
ENDIF
  CALL QSETUP(0,ADMLIN,-2,ADMLIN)
IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
  CALL QPTXT(11,'Pipe Layout',7,35,23)
ELSE
  CALL QPTXT(11,'Pipe Layout',7,35,27)
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WINDOW(MODE,XSCALE,XST,XFIN,YST,YFIN,ZST,ZFIN)
C   Sets up window for surface plot
CALL Q3DWIN(XST,XFIN,YST,YFIN,ZST,ZFIN,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
JCOL1=100
JCOL2=450
JROW1=40
JROW2=169
IF(MODE.EQ.16) JROW2=319
IF(MODE.EQ.18) JROW2=409
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=0
ASPECT=XSCALE
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
RETURN
END
FUNCTION XFUN(T)
C   Parametric function for plotting of bends
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
XFUN=XC+RAD*SIN(T)
RETURN
END

```

```

FUNCTION YFUN(T)
C      Parametric function for plotting of bends
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
YFUN=YC-RAD*COS(T)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C      Reads input for input modification
CHARACTER*1 NAME(8)
CHARACTER*1 CARD(80),PLUS,MINUS,PERIOD,LE,E,NUMBER(10)
CHARACTER*1 LEND(3),CEND(3),POUND,QUEST,BLK,COMMA
CHARACTER*1 LTIT(5),CTIT(5)
CHARACTER*80 DCARD
EQUIVALENCE (CARD(1),DCARD)
DATA PLUS/'+'/,MINUS/'-'/,PERIOD/'.'/,LE/'e'/,E/'E'/,BLK/' '
DATA NUMBER/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'/,COMMA/,','
DATA LEND/'e','n','d'/,CEND/'E','N','D'/,POUND/'#/,,QUEST/'?'/,
DATA LTIT/'t','i','t','l','e'/,CTIT/'T','I','T','L','E'/
1 FORMAT(A)
DO 21 I=1,8
  NAME(I)=BLK
21 CONTINUE
READ(*,1)DCARD
IF(CARD(1).EQ.POUND)  THEN
  NAME(1)=POUND
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(CARD(1).EQ.QUEST)  THEN
  NAME(1)=QUEST
  RETURN
ENDIF
DO 22 I=1,3
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LEND(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CEND(I))  GO TO 220
  NAME(I)=CEND(I)
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
220 CONTINUE
DO 221 I=1,5
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LTIT(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CTIT(I))  GO TO 23
  NAME(I)=CTIT(I)
221 CONTINUE
RETURN
23 CONTINUE
DO 24 I=1,8
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK.OR.CARD(I).EQ.COMMA)  GO TO 25
  NAME(I)=CARD(I)
24 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
DO 26 I=II,80
  ID=I
  IF(CARD(I).NE.BLK.AND.CARD(I).NE.COMMA)  GO TO 27

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```

26 CONTINUE
  VALUE=0.0
  WRITE(*,*)' No value given, ZERO assumed'
  RETURN
27 CONTINUE
  SIGN=1.0
  IF(CARD(ID).EQ_MINUS) THEN
    SIGN=-1.0
    ID=ID+1
  ELSEIF(CARD(ID).EQ_PLUS) THEN
    ID=ID+1
  ENDIF
  WHOLE=0.0
  DO 30 I=ID,80
    II=I
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_PERIOD) GO TO 31
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_PLUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_MINUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_E.OR.CARD(I).EQ_LE) GO TO 35
    DO 28 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ_NUMBER(J)) GO TO 29
28 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  IF(CARD(I).EQ_BLK) RETURN
  WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
  VALUE=0.0
  RETURN
29 CONTINUE
  WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
30 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  RETURN
31 CONTINUE
  ID=II+1
  FRACT=0.0
  ICOUNT=0
  DO 34 I=ID,80
    ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
    II=I
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_PERIOD) THEN
      WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
      VALUE=0.0
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_PLUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_MINUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_E.OR.CARD(I).EQ_LE) GO TO 35
    DO 32 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ_NUMBER(J)) GO TO 33
32 CONTINUE

```

```

      VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK)  RETURN
      WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
      VALUE=0.0
      RETURN
33 CONTINUE
      FRACT=FRACT+JJ/10.0**ICOUNT
34 CONTINUE
      VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
      RETURN
35 CONTINUE
      II=II+1
36 CONTINUE
      VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
      SIGN=1.0
      IF(CARD(II).EQ_MINUS) THEN
          SIGN=-1.0
          II=II+1
      ELSEIF(CARD(II).EQ_PLUS) THEN
          II=II+1
      ENDIF
      WHOLE=0.0
      DO 39 I=II,80
          DO 37 J=1,10
              JJ=J-1
              IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 38
37 CONTINUE
      VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK)  RETURN
      WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
      VALUE=0.0
      RETURN
38 CONTINUE
      WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
39 CONTINUE
      VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
      RETURN
      END

```

Appendix C

Listing of Nyquist Program

NYQ

```

C
C      PROGRAM NYQ
C
C      Program to calculate fuel and lox lines admittance
C      as input to routines for a Nyquist plot
C
C
C      Variables in Commons
C
C      SCREEN          BLANK
C      SCREEN          CHAR*22   screen attributes for plotting
C
C
C      XC              REAL*4    x coordinate of curve center
C      YC              REAL*4    y coordinate of curve center
C      RAD             REAL*4    radius of bend
C      ANG             REAL*4    angle of bend in radians
C      ANGLE           REAL*4    angle of bend in degrees
C
C
C      SFAC             /FACTOR/
C      SFAC             REAL*4    factor for frequency
C
C
C      NCOLS            /NOCOL/
C      NCOLS            INTEGER*2   number of text columns
C      NMODE            INTEGER*2   graphics mode
C
C
C      X                REAL*4    x location of current centerline
C      XH               REAL*4    x location of current upper pipe
C      XL               REAL*4    x location of current lower pipe
C      Y                REAL*4    y location of current centerline
C      YH               REAL*4    y location of current upper pipe
C      YL               REAL*4    y location of current lower pipe
C      XMIN             REAL*4    minimum x value of piping layout
C      XMAX             REAL*4    maximum x value of piping layout
C      YMIN             REAL*4    minimum y value of piping layout
C      YMAX             REAL*4    maximum y value of piping layout
C      SINA             REAL*4    sine of current pipe direction
C      COSA             REAL*4    cosine of current pipe direction
C
C
C      NAMLIN(2)        /WCAOUT/
C      NAMLIN(2)        CHAR*24   name of files containing pipe description
C      IUNIT            INTEGER*2   unit number of current file (fuel or lox)
C
C
C      IFRST            /WCAPAS/
C      IFRST            INTEGER*2   flag for admittance plot
C
C
C      TITLE            /WCATIT/
C      TITLE            CHAR*40   title for plots
C      TITLF            CHAR*20   title from pipe file
C      IHR              INTEGER*2   hour code run
C      IMIN             INTEGER*2   minute code run

```

```

C AP CHAR*2 AM or PM
C IYR INTEGER*2 year code run
C IMON INTEGER*2 month code run
C IDAY INTEGER*2 day code run
C
C /WORKIT/
C WORK(12) REAL*4 EQUIVALENCE(WORK(1),A)
C A REAL*4 speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C CMAN REAL*4 manifold capacitance
C CTANK REAL*4 tank capacitance
C DENS REAL*4 density of fluid (1bm/ft^3)
C LFLOW REAL*4 flow rate through pipe (1bm/sec)
C KTANK REAL*4 bulk modulus of tank (1bf/ft^2)
C KMAN REAL*4 bulk modulus of manifold (1bf/ft^2)
C TFLOW REAL*4 total flow rate of engine (1bm/sec)
C VOL REAL*4 volume of tank (ft^3)
C VOLMF REAL*4 volume of manifold (ft^3)
C PCHMB REAL*4 chamber pressure (1bf/ft^2)
C DPROR REAL*4 pressure drop across orifices (1bf/ft^2)
C
C
C PROGRAM NYQ
C Logic portion of code
C
C Commons FACTOR NOCOL WCAOUT WCATIT
C Local Variables
C AM CHAR*2 'AM'
C ANS CHAR*1 response to question
C CHOICE INTEGER*2 flag for type plot requested
C CSTAR REAL*4 characteristic rocket velocity (ft/sec)
C DCDR REAL*4 change in velocity with mixture ratio (ft/sec)
C GF COMPLEX*8 admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C GOX COMPLEX*8 admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C HFREQ REAL*4 maximum frequency requested
C IFUEL INTEGER*2 flag indicating presence of fuel line
C IGONE INTEGER*2 flag for FUEL & LOX routines
C ILOX INTEGER*2 flag indicating presence of lox line
C ISEC INTEGER*2 second code run
C I100 INTEGER*2 hundredth of second code run
C K INTEGER*2 do loop index
C KW(1001) REAL*4 frequency array
C K1C(1001) REAL*4 complex part of K(jw)
C K1R(1001) REAL*4 real part of K(jw)
C K2C(1001) REAL*4 complex part of K(jw,Gox)
C K2R(1001) REAL*4 real part of K(jw,Gox)
C K3C(1001) REAL*4 complex part of K(jw,Gf)
C K3R(1001) REAL*4 real part of K(jw,Gf)
C K4C(1001) REAL*4 complex part of K(jw,Gox,Gf)
C K4R(1001) REAL*4 real part of K(jw,Gox,Gf)
C LFREQ REAL*4 minimum frequency requested
C NPTS INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C PM CHAR*2 'PM'

```

```

C   PTS          INTEGER*2  number of frequencies
C   PIPEA1(75)   REAL*4    first parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPEA2(75)   REAL*4    second parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPEA3(75)   REAL*4    third parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPEA4(75)   REAL*4    fourth parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPEB1(75)   REAL*4    first parameter of lox pipe description
C   PIPEB2(75)   REAL*4    second parameter of lox pipe description
C   PIPEB3(75)   REAL*4    third parameter of lox pipe description
C   PIPEB4(75)   REAL*4    fourth parameter of lox pipe description
C   RBAR         REAL*4    mixture ratio
C   S             COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C   SECTNA(75)   INTEGER*2 fuel pipe section types
C   SECTNB(75)   INTEGER*2 lox pipe section types
C   SEGMNA        INTEGER*2 number of fuel pipe sections
C   SEGMNB        INTEGER*2 number of lox pipe sections
C   SSIZE1        REAL*4    parameter to pack frequencies toward low end
C   SSIZE2        REAL*4    parameter to pack frequencies toward low end
C   SSIZE3        REAL*4    parameter to pack frequencies toward low end
C   TAUT          REAL*4    transport lag (sec)
C   THETAC        REAL*4    characteristic time constant (sec)
C   VARI          CHAR*24   name of input file
C   W             REAL*4    oscillatory part of frequency
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE ADMIT(S,GADM,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PMRAT,
C                      SEGMN,SECTN,SPLIT,LOPEND,PCAP,PIND)
C           determines admittance looking toward tank
C
C   Common  WCATIT
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   A             REAL*4    speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   AREA(75)      REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   CMAN          REAL*4    manifold capacitance
C   CTANK         REAL*4    tank capacitance
C   DPROR         REAL*4    pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C   GADM          COMPLEX*8 admittance of line looking toward tank
C   L(75)          REAL*4    length of pipe section (ft)
C   LFLOW         REAL*4    flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)
C   LOPEND        INTEGER*2 maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C   PCAP(75)      REAL*4    capacitance of pipe section
C   PIND(75)      REAL*4    inductance of pipe section
C   PMRAT         REAL*4    chamber pressure/total mass flow
C   S             COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C   SECTN(75)     INTEGER*2 pipe section types
C   SEGMN         INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C   SPLIT         REAL*4    number of lines from pipe split
C
C   Local Variables
C   CAPM          COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   CAPN          COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   CFAC          COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   ERRP          REAL*4    error in gain calculation
C   G(0:75)        COMPLEX*8 admittance looking toward tank

```

```

C   GDIF          REAL*4    distance between new and old admittance
C   GOLD(0:75)    COMPLEX*8 previous admittance calculated
C   GRAV          REAL*4    gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C   G1            COMPLEX*8 admittance starting at G(0)+1
C   I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IOPEN         INTEGER*2 flag indicating if SURF.ERR is open
C   KLOOP         INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   RHS            COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   TL             REAL*4    length/speed of sound
C   ZG(75)        COMPLEX*8 impedance looking toward engine
C   ZGEFF         COMPLEX*8 effective impedance for calculations
C   ZOEFF         COMPLEX*8 effective Z0 for calculations
C   ZO(75)        REAL*4    characteristic impedance
C   ZOR            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   ZT(0:75)      COMPLEX*8 impedance looking toward tank
C   ZTOP           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE ALLPT(WHOLD,GHOLD,PTS,ITYPE)
C   Supervises Nyquist plot
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   GHOLD(1001)    REAL*4    imaginary part of K()
C   ITYPE          INTEGER*2 which K()
C   PTS            INTEGER*2 number of values to plot
C   WHOLD(1001)    REAL*4    real part of K()
C
C   Local Variables
C   DUMWIL        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IMAX           REAL*8    maximum value of complex part
C   IMMIN          REAL*8    minimum value of complex part
C   RMAX           REAL*8    maximum value of real part
C   RMIN           REAL*8    minimum value of real part
C   X              REAL*8    x value of point to be plotted
C   XY             CHAR*16   intermediate variable
C   Y              REAL*8    y value of point to be plotted
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C   Computes effective straight pipe for bend
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   DIME           REAL*4    effective diameter (ft)
C   PIPE1          REAL*4    radius of bend (ft)
C   PIPE2          REAL*4    angle of bend (degrees)
C   PIPE3          REAL*4    diameter of bend (ft)
C   PIPE4          REAL*4    length of end straight segments (ft)
C   VALUE          REAL*4    effective length (ft)
C
C   Local Variables
C   ARBND         REAL*4    area of bend
C   AREAB         REAL*4    effective area of bend
C   BENDR         REAL*4    bend angle in radians

```

```

C   GAMMA      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   INERT      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   INRAD      REAL*4    inside radius of bend
C   LBEND      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   LPRME      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   NEWLN      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   OTRAD      REAL*4    outside radius of bend
C   RATIO      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C           Computes plot coordinates for a bend
C
C   Commons ARCCON  PIPXY
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   ITYPE(200)    INTEGER*2 type plot element
C   J             INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C   PIPE1        REAL*4   first parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE2        REAL*4   second parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE3        REAL*4   third parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE4        REAL*4   fourth parameter of pipe description
C   POINT(8,200)  REAL*4   description of plot element
C
C   Local Variables
C   DIA          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   HOLD         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   RANG         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   SLENTH       REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X0           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X1           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X2           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   X3           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y0           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y1           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y2           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   Y3           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C           Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
C
C                   Variable in Argument List
C   S             COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C
C   Local Variables
C   COSHI        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   COSHR        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   LAMDA        REAL*4    real part of complex frequency
C   MU           REAL*4    imaginary part of complex frequency
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)

```

```

C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
C
C      Variable in Argument List
C      S          COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C
C      Local Variables
C      LAMDA      REAL*4    real part of complex frequency
C      MU         REAL*4    imaginary part of complex frequency
C      SINHI      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C      SINHR      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C      COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
C
C      Variable in Argument List
C      S          COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE CURV(A1,A2)
C      Draws circular arc
C
C      Common ARCCON
C      Variables in Argument List
C      A1         REAL*8    starting angle for arc
C      A2         REAL*8    ending angle for arc
C
C      Local Variables
C      ANG1       REAL*4    starting angle for arc
C      ANG2       REAL*4    ending angle for arc
C      DA          REAL*4    incremental angle for plot
C      DTH         REAL*4    total angle to plot
C      DUMWIL     INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C      I           INTEGER*2  do loop index
C      N           INTEGER*2  number of points to plot
C      T           REAL*4    current angle
C      XP          REAL*8    x location of point to plot
C      XY          CHAR*16   intermediate variable
C      YP          REAL*8    y location of point to plot
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE ENDPLT
C      Closes plot routines
C
C      Local Variable
C      DUMMY      INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C
C
C      LOGICAL FUNCTION fourcolors()
C      Determines type of graphics monitor
C
C      Common BLANK
C      Local Variable
C      DUMMY      INTEGER*2   intermediate variable

```

```

C
C
C      SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
C          Handles fuel piping logic
C
C      Commons WCAOUT  WORKIT
C
C          Variables in Argument List
C
C      GF           COMPLEX*8   admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C      IGONE        INTEGER*2   flag for path to be taken
C      SECTNA(75)   INTEGER*2   pipe section types
C      SEGMNA       INTEGER*2   number of pipe sections
C      PIPEA1(75)   REAL*4    first parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PIPEA2(75)   REAL*4    second parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PIPEA3(75)   REAL*4    third parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PIPEA4(75)   REAL*4    fourth parameter of fuel pipe description
C      S            COMPLEX*8  complex frequency
C
C          Local Variables
C
C      A             REAL*4    speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C      ANS           CHAR*1    response to question
C      AREA(75)     REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C      CMAN          REAL*4    manifold capacitance
C      CTANK         REAL*4    tank capacitance
C      DENS          REAL*4    density of fluid (1bm/ft^3)
C      DIA(75)       REAL*4    diameter of pipe section (ft)
C      DPROR         REAL*4    pressure drop across orifices (1bf/ft^2)
C      FUELIN        CHAR*24   name of file containing fuel piping data
C      IMORE         INTEGER*2  internal flag
C      ISTRT         INTEGER*2  internal flag
C      KMAN          REAL*4    bulk modulus of manifold (1bf/ft^2)
C      KTANK         REAL*4    bulk modulus of tank (1bf/ft^2)
C      L(75)          REAL*4    length of pipe section (ft)
C      LFLOW          REAL*4    flow rate through pipe (1bm/sec)
C      LOPEND        INTEGER*2  maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C      LOPOLD        INTEGER*2  previous value of LOPENP
C      PCAP(75)      REAL*4    capacitance of pipe section
C      PCHMB         REAL*4    chamber pressure (1bf/ft^2)
C      PIND(75)      REAL*4    inductance of pipe section
C      PIPEA5(75)   REAL*4    fifth parameter of fuel pipe description
C      PMRAT          REAL*4    chamber pressure/total mass flow
C      SECTA         INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C      SPLIT          REAL*4    number of lines from pipe split
C      TFLOW          REAL*4    total flow rate of engine (1bm/sec)
C      TITLF          CHAR*20   title from fuel file
C      VOL            REAL*4    volume of tank (ft^3)
C      VOLMF         REAL*4    volume of manifold (ft^3)
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C          Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
C
C          Variables in Argument List
C
C      BEND          REAL*4    angle of bend (degrees)

```

```

C   X           REAL*4      ratio of inner to outer radius
C   Y           REAL*4      inertance
C
C   Local Variables
C   A           REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   B(3)        REAL*4      coefficient array for inertance fit
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C       Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
C
C   Common PIPXY
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   DIA          REAL*4      diameter of opening (ft)
C   ITYPE(200)    INTEGER*2   type plot element
C   J             INTEGER*2   pointer to element
C   LEN           REAL*4      length of opening (ft)
C   POINT(8,200)  REAL*4      description of plot element
C   VOL           REAL*4      volume of reservoir (ft^3)
C
C   Local Variables
C   COSOLD       REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   DIAM          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   SIDE          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   SINOLD        REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   XC            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   XHOLD         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   XLOLD         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   XOLD          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   YC            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   YHOLD         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   YLOD          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   YOLD          REAL*4      intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE LABANG(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C       Labels phase angle plot
C
C   Commons BLANK FACTOR NOCOL WCATIT
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   XMAX          REAL*8      maximum x value for phase angle plot
C   XMIN          REAL*8      minimum x value for phase angle plot
C   YMAX          REAL*8      maximum y value for phase angle plot
C   YMIN          REAL*8      minimum y value for phase angle plot
C
C   Local Variables
C   DUMMY         REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   DUMWIL        INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C   HI            REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   I              INTEGER*2   do loop index
C   IDEL          INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C   IH1           INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C   ILO           INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C   ILOC          INTEGER*2   intermediate variable
C   IMAX          INTEGER*2   intermediate variable

```

```

C   ROW           INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   ROWS          INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   S              CHAR*4 intermediate variable
C   XHI           CHAR*7 label for x tick marks
C   XP             REAL*8 x point for plot
C   XY             CHAR*16 intermediate variable
C   YHI           CHAR*6 ' 180'' upper phase angle label
C   YLO           CHAR*6 ' -180'' lower phase angle label
C   YP             REAL*8 y point for plot
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE LABGAIN(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,ITYPE)
C   Labels gain plot
C
C   Commons BLANK FACTOR NOCOL WCATIT
C   Variables in Argument List
C   ITYPE          INTEGER*2 which K()
C   XMAX           REAL*8 maximum x value for gain plot
C   XMIN           REAL*8 minimum x value for gain plot
C   YMAX           REAL*8 maximum y value for gain plot
C   YMIN           REAL*8 minimum y value for gain plot
C
C   Local Variables
C   DUMMY          REAL*4 intermediate variable
C   DUMWIL         INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   HI              REAL*4 intermediate variable
C   I               INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IDEL           INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IHII           INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   ILO            INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   ILOC           INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IMAX           INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   ROW             INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   ROWS            INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   S               CHAR*4 intermediate variable
C   XHI            CHAR*7 label for x tick marks
C   XP              REAL*8 x point for plot
C   XY              CHAR*16 intermediate variable
C   YHI            CHAR*6 ' 180'' upper phase angle label
C   YLO            CHAR*6 ' -180'' lower phase angle label
C   YP              REAL*8 y point for plot
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE LOWERW(XMIN,XMAX,YMAX,YMIN)
C   Sets up lower plotting window
C
C   Commons BLANK NOCOL
C   Variables in Argument List
C   XMAX           REAL*8 maximum x value for Nyquist plot
C   XMIN           REAL*8 minimum x value for Nyquist plot
C   YMAX           REAL*8 maximum y value for Nyquist plot
C   YMIN           REAL*8 minimum y value for Nyquist plot
C
C   Local Variables

```

```

C   COLS           INTEGER*2  number of text columns
C   DUMMY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C   ROWS           INTEGER*2  number of text rows
C   XLEN            REAL*8    intermediate variable
C   XWIDTH          INTEGER*2  number of x pixels
C   YHEIGHT         INTEGER*2  number of y pixels
C   YLEN             REAL*8    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
C   Handles lox piping logic
C
C   Commons WCAOUT WORKKIT
C   Variables in Argument List
C   GOX              COMPLEX*8 admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C   IGONE            INTEGER*2 flag for path to be taken
C   PIPEB1(75)       REAL*4   first parameter of lox pipe description
C   PIPEB2(75)       REAL*4   second parameter of lox pipe description
C   PIPEB3(75)       REAL*4   third parameter of lox pipe description
C   PIPEB4(75)       REAL*4   fourth parameter of lox pipe description
C   S                COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C   SECTNB(75)       INTEGER*2 pipe section types
C   SEGMNB           INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C
C   Local Variables
C   A                REAL*4   speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   ANS              CHAR*1   response to question
C   AREA(75)         REAL*4   area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   CMAN             REAL*4   manifold capacitance
C   CTANK            REAL*4   tank capacitance
C   DENS             REAL*4   density of fluid (1bm/ft^3)
C   DIA(75)          REAL*4   diameter of pipe section (ft)
C   DPROR            REAL*4   pressure drop across orfices (1bf/ft^2)
C   IMORE            INTEGER*2 internal flag
C   ISTRT            INTEGER*2 internal flag
C   KMAN             REAL*4   bulk modulus of manifold (1bf/ft^2)
C   KTANK            REAL*4   bulk modulus of tank (1bf/ft^2)
C   L(75)             REAL*4   length of pipe section (ft)
C   LFLOW             REAL*4   flow rate through pipe (1bm/sec)
C   LOPEND            INTEGER*2 maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C   LOPOLD            INTEGER*2 previous value of LOPEND
C   LOXIN             CHAR*24  name of file containing lox piping data
C   PCAP(75)          REAL*4   capacitance of pipe section
C   PCHMB             REAL*4   chamber pressure (1bf/ft^2)
C   PIND(75)          REAL*4   inductance of pipe section
C   PIPEB5(75)        REAL*4   fifth parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PMRAT             REAL*4   chamber pressure/total mass flow
C   SECTB             INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   SPLIT             REAL*4   number of lines from pipe split
C   TFLOW              REAL*4   total flow rate of engine (1bm/sec)
C   TITLO             CHAR*20  title from lox file
C   VOL               REAL*4   volume of tank (ft^3)
C   VOLMF             REAL*4   volume of manifold (ft^3)

```

```

C
C
C   SUBROUTINE MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,SECTN,
C                      SEGMN,SECT,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,R)
C   Allows modifications to input data
C
C   Commons WCAOUT  WCATIT  WORKIT
C   Variables in Argument List
C   AREA(75)        REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   DIA(75)         REAL*4    diameter of pipe section (ft)
C   L(75)          REAL*4    length of pipe section (ft)
C   LOPEND          INTEGER*2 maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C   LOPOLD          INTEGER*2 previous value of LOPEND
C   PCAP(75)        REAL*4    capacitance of pipe section
C   PIND(75)        REAL*4    inductance of pipe section
C   PIPE1(75)       REAL*4    first parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE2(75)       REAL*4    second parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE3(75)       REAL*4    third parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE4(75)       REAL*4    fourth parameter of pipe description
C   PIPE5(75)       REAL*4    fifth parameter of pipe description
C   PMRAT           REAL*4    chamber pressure/total mass flow
C   R                CHAR*1   flag for fuel or lox
C   SECT             INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   SECTN(75)       INTEGER*2 pipe section types
C   SEGMN            INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C   SPLIT            REAL*4    number of lines from pipe split
C
C   Local Variables
C   ANS              CHAR*1   response to question
C   AREAB            REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   AVGK             REAL*4   average bulk modulus
C   DIME              REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   GRAV              REAL*4   gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C   I                 INTEGER*2 pointer
C   II                INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   III               INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   ICHG              INTEGER*2 change flag
C   ISEGMN            INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   NAME              CHAR*8   name of input variable
C   NAMNAM            INTEGER*2 flag for fuel or lox
C   PI                REAL*4   mathematical constant
C   VALUE             REAL*4   value of input variable
C   VARL(9)           CHAR*8   array of variable names (lower case)
C   VARU(9)           CHAR*8   array of variable names (upper case)
C   VARVAL(9)         CHAR*8   array of variable names for printout
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE NICEGRF(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN,ITYPE)
C   Plots Nyquist curve
C
C   Commons BLANK  FACTOR  NOCOL  WCATIT
C   Variables in Argument List
C   IMAX              REAL*8    maximum value of complex part

```

```

C   IMMIN      REAL*8    minimum value of complex part
C   ITYPE       INTEGER*2 which K()
C   RMAX        REAL*8    maximum value of real part
C   RMIN        REAL*8    minimum value of real part
C
C   Local Variables
C   DUMMY       REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   ROW         INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   ROWS        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   S           CHAR*4   intermediate variable
C   XHI         CHAR*6   label for maximum x value
C   XLO         CHAR*6   label for minimum x value
C   XMAX        REAL*8   maximum x value
C   XMIN        REAL*8   minimum x value
C   YHI         CHAR*6   label for maximum y value
C   YLO         CHAR*6   label for minimum y value
C   YMAX        REAL*8   maximum y value
C   YMIN        REAL*8   minimum y value
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE NYQUIS(GF,GOX,S,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,DCDR,THETAC,K,K1R,K2R,
C                      K3R,K4R,K1C,K2C,K3C,K4C,IFUEL,ILOX)
C   Computes the K()'s
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   CSTAR        REAL*4    characteristic rocket velocity (ft/sec)
C   DCDR         REAL*4    change in velocity with mixture ratio (ft/sec)
C   GF            COMPLEX*8 admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C   GOX          COMPLEX*8 admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C   IFUEL         INTEGER*2 flag indicating presence of fuel line
C   ILOX         INTEGER*2 flag indicating presence of lox line
C   K             INTEGER*2 index of current item
C   K1C(1001)    REAL*4    complex part of K(jw)
C   K1R(1001)    REAL*4    real part of K(jw)
C   K2C(1001)    REAL*4    complex part of K(jw,GoX)
C   K2R(1001)    REAL*4    real part of K(jw,GoX)
C   K3C(1001)    REAL*4    complex part of K(jw,Gf)
C   K3R(1001)    REAL*4    real part of K(jw,Gf)
C   K4C(1001)    REAL*4    complex part of K(jw,GoX,Gf)
C   K4R(1001)    REAL*4    real part of K(jw,GoX,Gf)
C   RBAR         REAL*4    mixture ratio
C   S             COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C   TAUT         REAL*4    transport lag (sec)
C   THETAC       REAL*4    characteristic time constant (sec)
C
C   Local Variables
C   KG1          COMPLEX*8 K(jw)
C   KG2          COMPLEX*8 K(jw,GoX)
C   KG3          COMPLEX*8 K(jw,Gf)
C   KG4          COMPLEX*8 K(jw,GoX,Gf)
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE PIPPLOT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,ILOX,R)
C   Supervises plot of piping layout

```

```

C
C Commons ARCCON PIPXY
C Variables in Argument List
C ILOX          INTEGER*2 flag indicating presence of lox line
C PIPE1(75)     REAL*4   first parameter of pipe description
C PIPE2(75)     REAL*4   second parameter of pipe description
C PIPE3(75)     REAL*4   third parameter of pipe description
C PIPE4(75)     REAL*4   fourth parameter of pipe description
C R              CHAR*1  flag indicating fuel or lox line
C SECTN(75)     INTEGER*2 pipe section types
C SEGMMN        INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C Local Variables
C DUMWIL        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C ITYPE(200)    INTEGER*2 type plot element
C J              INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C POINT(8,200)  REAL*4   description of plot element
C X RANGE       REAL*4   range of x values
C XY             CHAR*16  intermediate variable
C X0             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C X1             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C X2             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C X3             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C Y RANGE       REAL*4   range of y values
C Y0             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C Y1             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C Y2             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C Y3             REAL*8   intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator
C
C Commons ARCCON PIPXY
C Variables in Argument List
C DIA            REAL*4   diameter of parallel segment (ft)
C ITYPE(200)    INTEGER*2 type plot element
C J              INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C LEN            REAL*4   length of parallel segment (ft)
C POINT(8,200)  REAL*4   description of plot element
C VOL            REAL*4   volume of bypassed segment (ft^3)
C Local Variables
C ANGOLD         REAL*4   intermediate variable
C ANGSAV         REAL*4   intermediate variable
C COSOLD         REAL*4   intermediate variable
C DIAM           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C PDIA           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C PLEN           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C RADIUS          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C SIDE            REAL*4   intermediate variable
C SINOLD          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C TURN            REAL*4   intermediate variable

```

```

C   XHC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XHOLD        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XHSAV        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLOLD        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLSAV        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XOLD         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XSAV         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YHC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YHOLD        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YHSAV        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLOLD        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLSAV         REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   YOLD         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YSAV         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE PNYQ(KR,KC,KW,PTS,ITYPE)
C       Plots gain and phase angle
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   ITYPE        INTEGER*2  which K()
C   KC(PTS)      REAL*4    complex part of K()
C   KR(PTS)      REAL*4    real part of K()
C   KW(PTS)      REAL*4    frequency
C   PTS          INTEGER*2  number of points
C
C           Local Variables
C   DUMWIL       INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C   I             INTEGER*2  do loop index
C   X(1001)      REAL*4    log of frequency (base 10)
C   XHI          REAL*8    intermediate variable
C   XLO          REAL*8    intermediate variable
C   XMAX         REAL*8    maximum x value
C   XMIN         REAL*8    minimum x value
C   XP            REAL*8    x point to plot
C   XY            CHAR*16   intermediate variable
C   YC(1001)     REAL*4    phase angle
C   YMAXC        REAL*8    maximum phase angle
C   YMAXR        REAL*8    maximum amplitude
C   YMINC        REAL*8    minimum phase angle
C   YMNR         REAL*8    minimum amplitude
C   YP            REAL*8    y point to plot
C   YR(1001)     REAL*4    amplitude
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE RLINE(TITL,PMRAT,SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,
C                   PIPE4,PIPE5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,IUNIT)
C       Reads fuel or lox file
C
C   Common WORKIT
C           Variables in Argument List

```

```

C AREA(75)           REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C DIA(75)            REAL*4    diameter of pipe section (ft)
C IUNIT              INTEGER*2   unit number of current file (fuel or lox)
C L(75)               REAL*4    length of pipe section (ft)
C LOPEND              INTEGER*2   maximum number of iterations for split pipe
C LOPOLD              INTEGER*2   previous value of LOPEND
C PCAP(75)            REAL*4    capacitance of pipe section
C PIND(75)            REAL*4    inductance of pipe section
C PIPE1(75)           REAL*4    first parameter of pipe description
C PIPE2(75)           REAL*4    second parameter of pipe description
C PIPE3(75)           REAL*4    third parameter of pipe description
C PIPE4(75)           REAL*4    fourth parameter of pipe description
C PIPE5(75)           REAL*4    fifth parameter of pipe description
C PMRAT               REAL*4    chamber pressure/total mass flow
C SECTN(75)           INTEGER*2  pipe section types
C SEGMN               INTEGER*2  number of pipe sections
C SPLIT               REAL*4    number of lines from pipe split
C TITL                CHAR*20   title from fuel or lox file
C
C Local Variables
C ANS                 REAL*4    response to question
C AREAB               REAL*4    intermediate variable
C AVGK               REAL*4    average bulk modulus
C DIME                REAL*4    intermediate variable
C GRAV               REAL*4    gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C I                   INTEGER*2  do loop index
C PI                  REAL*4    mathematical constant
C VALUE               REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C     Sets up the plot environment
C
C Commons BLANK NOCOL WCAPAS
C
C
C SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C     Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
C
C Common PIPXY
C
C                         Variables in Argument List
C DIA                 REAL*4    diameter of segment (ft)
C ITYPE(200)           INTEGER*2   type plot element
C J                   INTEGER*2   pointer to element
C LEN                 REAL*4    length of segment (ft)
C POINT(8,200)         REAL*4    description of plot element
C
C
C SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C     Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
C
C Common PIPXY
C
C                         Variables in Argument List

```

```

C   DIA          REAL*4    diameter of tuned stub (ft)
C   ITYPE(200)   INTEGER*2 type plot element
C   J             INTEGER*2 pointer to element
C   LEN           REAL*4    length of tuned stub
C   POINT(8,200)  REAL*4    description of plot element
C   Local Variables
C   DIAM          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X00,Y00,X11,Y11,ILOX,R)
C   Sets up upper plotting window
C
C   Commons BLANK NOCOL WCATIT
C   Variables in Argument List
C   ILOX          INTEGER*2 flag indicating presence of lox line
C   R              CHAR*1   flag indicating fuel or lox
C   X00            REAL*4   minimum x value
C   X11            REAL*4   maximum x value
C   Y00            REAL*4   minimum y value
C   Y11            REAL*4   maximum y value
C   Local Variables
C   ADDX           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   ADDY           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   COLS           INTEGER*2 number of text columns
C   DUMMY          INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   HALFY          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   PICX           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   PICY           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   ROWS           INTEGER*2 number of text rows
C   S               CHAR*4   intermediate variable
C   XRANG          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   XRAT           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   XWIDTH         INTEGER*2 number ox x pixels
C   X0              REAL*8   minimum x value
C   X1              REAL*8   maximum x value
C   YHEIGHT        INTEGER*2 number of y pixels
C   YRANG          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   YRAT           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C   Y0              REAL*8   minimum y value
C   Y1              REAL*8   maximum y value
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE WINDLO(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C   Sets up gain window
C
C   Commons BLANK NOCOL
C   Variables in Argument List
C   XMAX           REAL*8   maximum x value
C   XMIN           REAL*8   minimum x value
C   YMAX           REAL*8   maximum y value
C   YMIN           REAL*8   minimum y value
C   Local Variables

```

```

C   COLS           INTEGER*2  number of text columns
C   DUMMY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C   HALFY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C   ROWS            INTEGER*2  number of text rows
C   XLEN            REAL*8    intermediate variable
C   XMAXP           REAL*8    maximum x value
C   XMINP           REAL*8    minimum x value
C   XWIDTH          INTEGER*2  number of x pixels
C   YHEIGHT         INTEGER*2  number of y pixels
C   YLEN             REAL*8    intermediate variable
C   YMAXP           REAL*8    maximum y value
C   YMINP           REAL*8    minimum y value
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE WINDUP(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C       Sets up phase angle window
C
C   Commons BLANK  NOCOL
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   XMAX            REAL*8    maximum x value
C   XMIN            REAL*8    minimum x value
C   YMAX            REAL*8    maximum y value
C   YMIN            REAL*8    minimum y value
C
C                   Local Variables
C   COLS            INTEGER*2  number of text columns
C   DUMMY           INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C   HALFY          INTEGER*2  intermediate variable
C   ROWS            INTEGER*2  number of text rows
C   XLEN            REAL*8    intermediate variable
C   XMAXP           REAL*8    maximum x value
C   XMINP           REAL*8    minimum x value
C   XWIDTH          INTEGER*2  number of x pixels
C   YHEIGHT         INTEGER*2  number of y pixels
C   YLEN             REAL*8    intermediate variable
C   YMAXP           REAL*8    maximum y value
C   YMINP           REAL*8    minimum y value
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
C                      VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C       Moves arguments from common /WORKIT/
C
C   Common  WORKIT
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   A                REAL*4    speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   CMAN            REAL*4    manifold capacitance
C   CTANK           REAL*4    tank capacitance
C   DENS             REAL*4    density of fluid (1bm/ft^3)
C   DPROR           REAL*4    pressure drop across orfices (1bf/ft^2)
C   KMAN            REAL*4    bulk modulus of manifold (1bf/ft^2)
C   KTANK           REAL*4    bulk modulus of tank (1bf/ft^2)
C   LFLOW            REAL*4    flow rate through pipe (1bm/sec)

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C PCHMB          REAL*4    chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
C TFLOW          REAL*4    total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C VOL            REAL*4    volume of tank (ft^3)
C VOLMF          REAL*4    volume of manifold (ft^3)
C
C
C SUBROUTINE WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
C                   VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C     Moves arguments to common /WORKIT/
C
C Common WORKIT
C
C             Variables in Argument List
C A             REAL*4    speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C CMAN          REAL*4    manifold capacitance
C CTANK          REAL*4    tank capacitance
C DENS           REAL*4    density of fluid (lbm/ft^3)
C DPROR          REAL*4    pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C KMAN           REAL*4    bulk modulus of manifold (lbf/ft^2)
C KTANK          REAL*4    bulk modulus of tank (lbf/ft^2)
C LFLOW          REAL*4    flow rate through pipe (lbm/sec)
C PCHMB          REAL*4    chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
C TFLOW          REAL*4    total flow rate of engine (lbm/sec)
C VOL            REAL*4    volume of tank (ft^3)
C VOLMF          REAL*4    volume of manifold (ft^3)
C
C
C SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C     Reads input for input modification
C
C             Variables in Argument List
C NAME(8)        CHAR*1    name of input variable
C VALUE          REAL*4    value of input variable
C
C             Local Variables
C BLK            CHAR*1    ''
C CARD(80)       CHAR*1    card image
C CEND(3)        CHAR*1    'E', 'N', 'D'
C COMMA          CHAR*1    ','
C CTIT(5)        CHAR*1    'T', 'I', 'T', 'L', 'E'
C DCARD          CHAR*80   card image
C E              CHAR*1    'E'
C FRACT          REAL*4    fractional part of number
C I              INTEGER*2   do loop index
C ICOUNT         INTEGER*2   position counter
C ID             INTEGER*2   position counter
C II             INTEGER*2   position counter
C J              INTEGER*2   do loop index
C JJ             INTEGER*2   position counter
C LE             CHAR*1    'e'
C LEND(3)        CHAR*1    'e', 'n', 'd'
C LTIT(5)        CHAR*1    't', 'i', 't', 'l', 'e'
C MINUS          CHAR*1    '-'
C NUMBER(10)     CHAR*1    '0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9'

```

```

C   PERIOD      CHAR*1      '.'
C   PLUS        CHAR*1      '+'
C   POUND        CHAR*1      '#'
C   QUEST        CHAR*1      '?'
C   SIGN         REAL*4      sign of number or exponent
C   WHOLE        REAL*4      WHOLE PART OF NUMBER
C
$LARGE
    INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FI'
    INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
    COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
    INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
    INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100,IYR,IMON,IDAY
    CHARACTER*2 AM,PM,AP
    COMPLEX GF,GOX,S
    REAL K1R(1001),K2R(1001),K3R(1001),K1C(1001),K2C(1001),K3C(1001)
    REAL K4R(1001),K4C(1001),KW(1001)
    REAL PIPEA1(75),PIPEA2(75),PIPEA3(75),PIPEA4(75)
    REAL PIPEB1(75),PIPEB2(75),PIPEB3(75),PIPEB4(75)
    REAL LFREQ,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,THETAC,DCDR
    INTEGER SECTNA(75),SECTNB(75),SEGMNA,SEGMNB,PTS,CHOICE
    CHARACTER ANS*1
    CHARACTER*24 NAMLIN(2)
    CHARACTER*40 TITLE
    CHARACTER*20 TITLF
    CHARACTER*24 VARI
    COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
    COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT
    COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
    DATA AM/'AM'/,PM/'PM'/
    DATA IFUEL/0/,ILOX/0/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
3 FORMAT(1P4E15.6)
4 FORMAT(1PE13.5,E12.5,E12.5)
5 FORMAT('/',          FREQ',8X,'FREQ-NORM',9X,'REALS',11X,'IMAGINARY')
8 FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
9 FORMAT(E11.4,E11.4)
10 FORMAT(A20,1X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,4X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
    CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)
    CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON,IDAY)
    IYR=IYR-1900
    CALL CLEARSCEEN(0)
    WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*
*   WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*
*   IF(IHR.LT.12)  THEN
*     WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*   |
*           Good Morning and Welcome to NYQ!!
*   |
*     AP=AM
*   ELSE

```

```

        WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'      Good Afternoon and Welcome to NYQ!!
AP=PM
IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
ENDIF
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'      Program NYQ provides stability predictions
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'      of feedline systems
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'      To send a plot to the printer
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'      The computer MUST be in GRAPHICS mode
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'      Hit PrScn to send the current plot to the printer
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*'      WRITE(*,*)
SFAC=1.0
WRITE(*,*)' If you want frequency in rad/sec, hit enter.'
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' If you want it in Hertz, enter "H". '
READ(*,'(A')')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'H'.OR.ANS.EQ.'h') SFAC=6.283185
20 CONTINUE
OPEN(UNIT=13,FILE='CONST.DAT')
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you have FUEL data? '
READ(*,'(A')')ANS
IF(ANS .EQ.'N' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'n') THEN
  IFUEL=1
ELSE
  IGONE=2
  CALL FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
ENDIF
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you have LOX data? '
READ(*,'(A')')ANS
IF(ANS .EQ.'N' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'n') THEN
  ILOX=1
ELSE
  IGONE=2
  CALL LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
ENDIF
IGONE=0

```

```

C      THIS SECTION COMPUTES THE NEW ADMITTANCE OVER VARYING FREQUENCIES.
95 CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter 20 character title'
      READ(*,'(A)')TITLF
      WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
      WRITE(*,*)' Are the following variables in a file? (Y/N) '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      WRITE(*,*)'           VARIABLES      '
      WRITE(*,*)' TRANSPORT LAG'
      WRITE(*,*)' CHARACTERISTIC ROCKET VELOCITY'
      WRITE(*,*)' MIXTURE RATIO '
      WRITE(*,*)' CHARACTERISTIC TIME CONSTANT '
      WRITE(*,*)' CHANGE IN VELOCITY WITH MIXTURE RATIO '
      WRITE(*,*)' '
      READ(*,'(A)')ANS
      IF(ANS .EQ. 'N' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'n') THEN
101 CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)'Enter values for VARIABLES as listed above.'
      READ(*,*,ERR=100)TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,THETAC,DCDR
      GOTO 102
100 CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter numeric values only. Please try again !!'
      GOTO 101
102 CONTINUE
      WRITE(13,*)TAUT
      WRITE(13,*)CSTAR
      WRITE(13,*)RBAR
      WRITE(13,*)THETAC
      WRITE(13,*)DCDR
      WRITE(13,*)'           VARIABLES      '
      WRITE(13,*)' TAUT      = ',TAUT
      WRITE(13,*)' CSTAR     = ',CSTAR
      WRITE(13,*)' RBAR      = ',RBAR
      WRITE(13,*)' THETAC    = ',THETAC
      WRITE(13,*)' DCDR      = ',DCDR
      ELSE
      WRITE(*,*)'Is the name of the file CONST.DAT? (Y/N) '
      READ(*,'(A)')ANS
      IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
          WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter name of file with VARIABLES data '
          READ(*,'(A)')VARI
          OPEN(UNIT=13,FILE=VARI)
      ENDIF
      REWIND 13
      READ(13,*)TAUT
      READ(13,*)CSTAR
      READ(13,*)RBAR
      READ(13,*)THETAC
      READ(13,*)DCDR
      ENDIF
27 CONTINUE
201 CONTINUE

```

```

IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in rad/sec '
ELSE
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter range of frequencies in Hertz '
ENDIF
WRITE(*,*)' Low freq=1 high freq=2 #pts=10'
WRITE(*,*)' 1001 = Maximum number of points'
READ(*,*,ERR=200)LFREQ,HFREQ,PTS
IF(LFREQ.LE.0.0) LFREQ=1.0E-5
IF(PTS.LE.1) GO TO 30
GO TO 202
200 CONTINUE
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter numeric values only. Please try again !!'
  GO TO 201
202 CONTINUE
C THIS SECTION CALCULATES THE ADMITTANCES FOR FUEL AND LOX, THEN
C CALCULATES THE COMPLEX K(JW) IN THE "PREDICTION OF THE LINEAR
C STABILITY BEHAVIOR OF LIQUID PROPELLANT PROPULSION SYSTEMS",
C VOLUME 1, PAGE 47.
C
NPTS=PTS/3
IF(NPTS.GT.1) THEN
  SSIZE1=0.1*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(NPTS-1)
  SSIZE2=0.3*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/NPTS
  IF(3*NPTS.EQ.PTS) THEN
    SSIZE3=0.6*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/NPTS
  ELSEIF(3*NPTS.EQ.PTS-1) THEN
    SSIZE3=0.6*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(NPTS+1)
  ELSEIF(3*NPTS.EQ.PTS-2) THEN
    SSIZE3=0.6*(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(NPTS+2)
  ENDIF
ELSE
  SSIZE1=(HFREQ-LFREQ)/(PTS-1)
  NPTS=PTS
ENDIF
C PLOT FUEL PIPE LAYOUT ON SCREEN 1
CALL SETPLT
IF(IFUEL.EQ.0) CALL PIPLOT(SEGMNA,SECTNA,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,
*                                PIPEA3,PIPEA4,ILOX,'A')
* IF(ILOX.EQ.0) CALL PIPLOT(SEGMNB,SECTNB,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,
*                                PIPEB3,PIPEB4,ILOX,'B')
* CALL clearscreen(0)
  WRITE(*,*)' Please wait while computations proceed. '
W=LFREQ
DO 29 K=1,PTS
  IF(K.LE.NPTS) THEN
    IF(K.GT.1) W=W+SSIZE1
  ELSEIF(K.GT.2*NPTS) THEN
    W=W+SSIZE3
  ELSE
    W=W+SSIZE2
  ENDIF

```

```

IF(K.EQ.PTS)  THEN
  W=HFREQ
ENDIF
KW(K)=W
S=CMPLX(0.0,SFAC*W)
IF(IFUEL.EQ.0)  CALL FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,
*                                SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
*                                IF(ILOX.EQ.0)  CALL LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,
*                                SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
*                                CALL NYQUIS(GF,GOX,S,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,DCDR,THETAC,K,K1R,K2R,K3R,
*                                K4R,K1C,K2C,K3C,K4C,IFUEL,ILOX)
29 CONTINUE
81 CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter graph selection '
      WRITE(*,*)'
      WRITE(*,*)' 1 Nyquist plot independent of fuel or lox. '
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0)
*      WRITE(*,*)' 2 Nyquist plot independent of fuel.'
      IF(IFUEL.EQ.0)
*      WRITE(*,*)' 3 Nyquist plot independent of lox.'
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0.AND.IFUEL.EQ.0)
*      WRITE(*,*)' 4 Nyquist plot with fuel and lox.'
      WRITE(*,*)' 5 Phase-Gain plot independent of fuel or lox. '
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0)
*      WRITE(*,*)' 6 Phase-Gain plot independent of fuel.'
      IF(IFUEL.EQ.0)
*      WRITE(*,*)' 7 Phase-Gain plot independent of lox.'
      IF(ILOX.EQ.0.AND.IFUEL.EQ.0)
*      WRITE(*,*)' 8 Phase-Gain plot with fuel and lox.'
      WRITE(*,*)' 9 End plots.'
      WRITE(*,*)'
      READ(*,*)CHOICE
      IF(CHOICE.EQ.9)  GO TO 30
      IF(CHOICE.LT.1.OR.CHOICE.GT.8)  THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' Number must be between 1 and 9, TRY AGAIN'
        GO TO 81
      ENDIF
      IF(ILOX.EQ.1)  THEN
        IF(MOD(CHOICE,2).EQ.0)  THEN
          WRITE(*,*)' No LOX file, do not use 2,4,6,8'
          GO TO 81
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
      IF(IFUEL.EQ.1)  THEN
        IF(CHOICE.EQ.3.OR.CHOICE.EQ.4.OR.CHOICE.GE.7)  THEN
          WRITE(*,*)' No FUEL file, do not use 3,4,7,8'
          GO TO 81
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
      CALL SETPLT
      CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)
      CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON>IDAY)

```

```

IYR=IYR-1900
IF(IHR.LT.12) THEN
  AP=AM
ELSE
  AP=PM
  IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
ENDIF
IF(CHOICE.EQ.1) CALL ALLPT(K1R,K1C,PTS,1)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.2) CALL ALLPT(K2R,K2C,PTS,2)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.3) CALL ALLPT(K3R,K3C,PTS,3)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.4) CALL ALLPT(K4R,K4C,PTS,4)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.5) CALL PNYQ(K1R,K1C,KW,PTS,1)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.6) CALL PNYQ(K2R,K2C,KW,PTS,2)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.7) CALL PNYQ(K3R,K3C,KW,PTS,3)
IF(CHOICE.EQ.8) CALL PNYQ(K4R,K4C,KW,PTS,4)
CALL ENDPLT
GO TO 81
30 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' Enter E to exit, '
WRITE(*,*)'           F to run new frequency range, '
WRITE(*,*)'           C to run a new case, '
WRITE(*,'(A\')')'           N to read new files. '
READ(*,'(A')')ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') GO TO 27
IF(ANS.EQ.'E'.OR.ANS.EQ.'e') STOP
IF(ANS.EQ.'C'.OR.ANS.EQ.'c') THEN
  IF(IFUEL.EQ.0) THEN
    IGONE=1
    CALL FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,IGONE)
  ENDIF
  IF(ILOX.EQ.0) THEN
    IGONE=1
    CALL LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,IGONE)
  ENDIF
  IGONE=0
  GO TO 95
ENDIF
IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') THEN
  IFUEL=0
  ILOX=0
  GO TO 20
ENDIF
WRITE(*,*)' You did not enter E, F, C, or N. Try again.'
GO TO 30
END
SUBROUTINE ADMIT(S,GADM,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PMRAT,
*                      SEGMN,SECTN,SPLIT,LOPEND,PCAP,PIND)
C      determines admittance looking toward tank
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON>IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP

```

```

COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
REAL AREA(75),PCAP(75),PIND(75),L(75),LFLOW,ZO(75)
COMPLEX G(0:75),ZT(0:75),ZG(75),GOLD(0:75),GADM,S,G1,ZGEFF,ZOEFF
COMPLEX CTANH,RHS,CFAC,CAPN,CAPM
DATA GRAV/32.2/
ZTOP=A/(GRAV*PMRAT)
ZOR=2.0*DPROR/(LFLOW*PMRAT)
GOLD(0)=0.0
DO 26 I=1,SEGMN
  GOLD(I)=0.0
  IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
    ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
    ZO(I)=ZTOP/AREA(I)
  ELSE
    ZO(I)=SQRT(PIND(I)/PCAP(I))
  ENDIF
26 CONTINUE
G(0)=CTANK*PMRAT*S
G(0)=G(0)/SPLIT
ZT(0)=1.0/G(0)
DO 281 KLOOP=1,LOPEND
  G1=G(0)+1.0
  DO 27 I=1,SEGMN
    ZGEFF=G(I-1)
    IF(SECTN(I).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
      C          BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
      TL=L(I)/A
      IF(KLOOP.NE.1.AND.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
        ZGEFF=G(I-1)+(SPLIT-1.0)/ZG(I-1)
      ENDIF
      G(I)=(1.0+CTANH(S*TL)/(ZGEFF*ZO(I)))/(1.0+ZGEFF*ZO(I)*
      *          CTANH(S*TL))
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
      C          INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
      C          TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I)*PCAP(I)))/(ZO(I)*ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
      C          HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=1.0+S*PCAP(I)/(1.0+PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2)/ZGEFF
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
      C          PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
      G(I)=PIND(I)*PCAP(I)*S**2+1.0
      G(I)=G(I)/(G(I)+PIND(I)*S*ZGEFF)
    ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
      C          PUMP
      G(I)=(1.0+PCAP(I)*S/ZGEFF)/(1.0+(PIND(I)*S+AREA(I))*(
      *          (PCAP(I)*S+ZGEFF)))
    ENDIF

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        G(I)=G(I)*ZGEFF
        G1=G1*G(I)
        ZT(I)=1.0/G(I)
27 CONTINUE
        G(SEGMN+1)=1.0+CMAN*PMRAT*S/G(SEGMN)
        G1=G1*G(SEGMN+1)
        G(SEGMN+1)=G(SEGMN+1)*G(SEGMN)
        G(SEGMN+2)=1.0/(1.0+ZOR*G(SEGMN+1))
        G1=G1*G(SEGMN+2)
        G(SEGMN+2)=G(SEGMN+2)*G(SEGMN+1)
        IF(LOPEND.EQ.1) GO TO 281
        ZG(SEGMN)=ZOR/(ZOR*CMAN*PMRAT*S+1.0)
        IF(SEGMN.NE.1) THEN
          DO 271 I=SEGMN-1,1,-1
            ZGEFF=ZG(I+1)
            ZOEFF=ZO(I+1)
            IF(SECTN(I+1).LE.1.OR.SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
              BEND IN PIPE OR STRAIGHT SECTION
              C
              TL=(L(I)+L(I+1))/A
              CAPN=(ZOEFF-ZT(I-1))/(ZOEFF+ZT(I-1))
              CAPM=(ZOEFF-ZGEFF)/(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)
              CFAC=CEXP(-2.0*S*TL)
              RHS=(ZOEFF+ZGEFF)*(1.0-CAPN*CAPM*CFAC)*CEXP(S*L(I+1)/A)
              CFAC=CAPN*CFAC*CEXP(2.0*S*L(I+1)/A)
              ZG(I)=(RHS-ZOEFF*(1.0-CFAC))/(1.0+CFAC)
              IF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.9) THEN
                ZG(I)=ZG(I)/SPLIT
              ENDIF
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.2) THEN
              C
              INLINE RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
              ZG(I)=ZGEFF/(ZGEFF*PCAP(I+1)*S+1.0)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.3) THEN
              C
              TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
              ZG(I)=ZOEFF/CTANH(S*SQRT(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)))
              ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.4) THEN
              C
              HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
              ZG(I)=(1.0+PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2)/(PCAP(I+1)*S)
              ZG(I)=(ZG(I)*ZGEFF)/(ZG(I)+ZGEFF)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.5) THEN
              C
              PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
              ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S/(PIND(I+1)*PCAP(I+1)*S**2+1.0)
            ELSEIF(SECTN(I+1).EQ.6) THEN
              C
              PUMP
              ZG(I)=ZGEFF+PIND(I+1)*S-AREA(I+1)
              ZG(I)=ZG(I)/(1.0+ZG(I)*PCAP(I+1)*S)
            ENDIF
271 CONTINUE
          ENDIF
          IF(KLOOP.EQ.1) GO TO 281
          ERRP=0.0
          DO 272 I=1,SEGMN

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        GDIF=SQRT((REAL(G(I))-REAL(GOLD(I)))**2+(AIMAG(G(I))-
*           AIMAG(GOLD(I)))**2)
        IF(GDIF.GT.ERRP)  ERRP=GDIF
272 CONTINUE
        IF(ERRP.LT.0.001)  GO TO 282
281 CONTINUE
        IF(LOPEND.EQ.1)  GO TO 282
        IF(IOPEN.EQ.0)  THEN
          OPEN(UNIT=14,FILE='SURF.ERR')
          WRITE(14,*) ''
          WRITE(14,*) ''
          WRITE(14,*) TITLE
          WRITE(14,*) ''
          IOPEN=1
        ENDIF
        WRITE(14,'(jw ='',F8.1,' after'',I3,' iterations '',
*                   '' has error of'',F8.3,'%'')
*                   AIMAG(S),LOPEND,100.0*ERRP
282 CONTINUE
        GADM=G(SEGMN+2)
        RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE ALLPT(WHOLD,GHOLD,PTS,ITYPE)
C     Supervises Nyquist plot
      INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
      RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
      INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
      REAL WHOLD(1001),GHOLD(1001)
      REAL*8 RMIN,RMAX,IMMIN,IMAX
      REAL*8 X,Y
      INTEGER PTS
      RMAX=WHOLD(1)
      RMIN=WHOLD(1)
      IMAX=GHOLD(1)
      IMMIN=GHOLD(1)
      DO 21 I=2,PTS
        IF(WHOLD(I).GT.RMAX)  RMAX=WHOLD(I)
        IF(WHOLD(I).LT.RMIN)  RMIN=WHOLD(I)
        IF(GHOLD(I).GT.IMAX)  IMAX=GHOLD(I)
        IF(GHOLD(I).LT.IMMIN)  IMMIN=GHOLD(I)
21 CONTINUE
      CALL LOWERW(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN)
      CALL NICEGRF(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN,ITYPE)
      CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
      X=0.0
      Y=IMMIN
      CALL MOVETO_W(X,Y,XY)
      Y=IMAX
      DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X,Y)
      Y=0.0
      X=RMIN
      CALL MOVETO_W(X,Y,XY)

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```

X=RMAX
DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X,Y)
CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
X=WHOLD(1)
Y=GHOST(1)
CALL MOVETO_W(X,Y,XY)
DO 25 I=2,PTS
    X=WHOLD(I)
    Y=GHOST(I)
    DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X,Y)
25 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C      Computes effective straight pipe for bend
REAL LBEND,INRAD,INERT,LPRME,NEWLN
BENDR=0.0174533*ABS(PIPE2)
LBEND=PIPE1*BENDR
ARBND=0.785398*PIPE3**2
INRAD=PIPE1-0.5*PIPE3
OTRAD=PIPE1+0.5*PIPE3
RATIO=INRAD/OTRAD
X=RATIO
CALL GINERT(ABS(PIPE2),X,Y)
INERT=(Y*(OTRAD-INRAD))/ARBND
LPRME=LBEND/ARBND
NEWLN=LPRME+INERT
GAMMA=NEWLN/LPRME
VALUE=GAMMA*(LBEND+2.0*PIPE4)
AREAB=ARBND/SQRT(GAMMA)
DIME=2.0*SQRT(AREAB/3.1415927)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4)
C      Computes plot coordinates for a bend
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
C      BEND
C      FIRST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE4.NE.0.0) CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE4,PIPE3)
C      CURVED SECTION OF BEND
IF(PIPE2.GE.0.0) THEN
    XC=X-SINA*PIPE1
    YC=Y+COSA*PIPE1
    DIA= 0.5
ELSE
    XC=X+SINA*PIPE1
    YC=Y-COSA*PIPE1
    DIA=-0.5
ENDIF

```

```

J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=XC
POINT(2,J)=YC
POINT(3,J)=ANG
ANG=ANG+0.01745329*PIPE2
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COSA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
RAD=PIPE1-DIA*PIPE3
POINT(4,J)=ANG
POINT(5,J)=RAD
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XH
Y2=YH
SLENTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XH=X2+COSA*SLENTH
YH=Y2+SINA*SLENTH
X3=XH
Y3=YH
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF
RAD=PIPE1+DIA*PIPE3
X0=XC-RAD
Y0=YC+RAD
X1=XC+RAD
Y1=YC-RAD
X2=XL
Y2=YL
SLENTH=2.0*RAD*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
XL=X2+COSA*SLENTH
YL=Y2+SINA*SLENTH
X3=XL
Y3=YL
IF(DIA.LT.0.0) THEN
  HOLD=X2
  X2=X3
  X3=HOLD
  HOLD=Y2
  Y2=Y3
  Y3=HOLD
ENDIF

```

```

J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=0
POINT(1,J)=POINT(1,J-1)
POINT(2,J)=POINT(2,J-1)
POINT(3,J)=POINT(3,J-1)
POINT(4,J)=POINT(4,J-1)
POINT(5,J)=RAD
SLENGTH=2.0*PIPE1*SIN(0.00872665*ABS(PIPE2))
X=X+COSA*SLENGTH
Y=Y+SINA*SLENGTH
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=A MIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
C      LAST STRAIGHT SECTION OF BEND
ANGLE=ANGLE+0.5*PIPE2
RANG=0.01745329*ANGLE
COSA=COS(RANG)
SINA=SIN(RANG)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*PIPE4
XH=X-0.5*SINA*PIPE3
XL=X+0.5*SINA*PIPE3
Y=Y+SINA*PIPE4
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*PIPE3
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*PIPE3
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=A MIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=A MIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
COSHR=COSH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
COSHI=SINH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CCOSH=CMPLX(COSHR,COSHI)
RETURN
END

```

```

COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
SINHR=SINH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
SINHI=COSH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CSINH=CMPLX(SINHR,SINHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
COMPLEX CCOSH,CSINH,S
CTANH=CSINH(S)/CCOSH(S)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE CURV(A1,A2)
C      Draws circular arc
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL*8 XP,YP,A1,A2
ANG1=A1
ANG2=A2
DTH=ANG2-ANG1
IF(DTH.LT.0.0) DTH=6.283185+DTH
N=57.29578*DTH
DA=DTH/(N-1)
XP=XC+RAD*SIN(ANG1)
YP=YC-RAD*COS(ANG1)
CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
DO 21 I=1,N-1
T=ANG1+I*DA
XP=XC+RAD*SIN(T)
YP=YC-RAD*COS(T)
DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
21 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ENDPLT
C      Closes plot routines
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER*2           dummy
READ (*,*)           ! Wait for ENTER key to be pressed
dummy = setvideomode( $DEFAULTMODE )
RETURN
END
LOGICAL FUNCTION fourcolors()
C      Determines type of graphics monitor
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'

```

```

INTEGER*2           dummy
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON             screen

C
C   Set to maximum number of available colors.
C
CALL getvideoconfig( screen )
SELECT CASE( screen.adapter )
  CASE( $CGA, $OCGA )
    dummy = setvideomode( $MRES4COLOR )
  CASE( $EGA, $OEGA )
    dummy = setvideomode( $ERESCOLOR )
  CASE( $VGA, $OVGA )
    dummy = setvideomode( $VRES16COLOR )
  CASE DEFAULT
    dummy = 0
END SELECT
CALL getvideoconfig( screen )
fourcolors = .TRUE.
IF( dummy .EQ. 0 ) fourcolors = .FALSE.
END
SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,SEGMNA,SECTNA,
*                 IGONE)
C   Handles fuel piping logic
COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
COMPLEX GF,S
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),KMAN,PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL DENS,A,LFLOW,KTANK,CMAN,CTANK,VOL,VOLMF
REAL PIPEA1(75),PIPEA2(75),PIPEA3(75),PIPEA4(75),PIPEA5(75)
INTEGER SEGMNA,SECTNA(75),SECTA
CHARACTER*24 FUELIN,NAMLIN(2)
COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTRT/0/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.8)
IMORE=0
IF(IGONE.EQ.2) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Is fuel line data in a file? (Y/N) '
  READ(*,'(A)')ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Is the file name FUEL.INP? (Y/N) '
    READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
      OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE='FUEL.INP')
      NAMLIN(1)='FUEL.INP'
    ELSE
      WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter name of file with fuel line data '
      READ(*,'(A)')FUELIN
      OPEN(11,FILE=FUELIN)
      NAMLIN(1)=FUELIN
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
ENDIF

```

```

        ENDIF
        IMORE=1
    ENDIF
    IGONE=0
ENDIF
65 CONTINUE
IF(ISTRRT .EQ.0.AND. IGONE.EQ.0) THEN
    ISTRRT=1
    IF(IMORE.EQ.1) GO TO 66
    CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
    CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*          SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
    CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
    IF(IUNIT.EQ.0) THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' You do not have any data stored, please re-read'
        WRITE(*,*)' the questions and answer carefully.'
        ISTRRT=0
        WRITE(*,*)' '
        GOTO 65
    ENDIF
    REWIND 11
66 CONTINUE
    CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
    CALL RLINE(TITLF,PMRAT,SEGMNA,SECTNA,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,
*          PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
*          SPLIT,11)
    CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
    WRITE(*,*)' For changes in fuel line data enter Y,'
    WRITE(*,')(A\))' if not, press enter key.'
    READ(*,')(A)'ANS
    WRITE(*,*)' '
    IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
        CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
        CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*          SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
        CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
    ENDIF
    RETURN
ELSEIF(ISTRRT .EQ. 1.AND. IGONE .EQ.0) THEN
    CALL ADMIT(S,GF,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PMRAT,SEGMNA,
*          SECTNA,SPLIT,LOPEND,PCAP,PIND)
    RETURN
ELSEIF(ISTRRT .EQ. 1 .AND. IGONE .EQ. 1) THEN
    WRITE(*,')(A\))' Do you wish to modify current fuel line data? '
    READ(*,')(A)'ANS
    IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN

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        CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
        CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*          SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
        CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
      ELSE
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish to rewind fuel line file? '
        READ(*,'(A')')ANS
        IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') REWIND 11
        CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
        CALL RLINE(TITLF,PMRAT,SEGMNA,SECTNA,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,
*          PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
*          SPLIT,11)
        CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
        WRITE(*,*)' For changes in fuel line data enter Y,
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')' if not, press enter key.'
        READ(*,'(A')')ANS
        WRITE(*,*)'
        IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
          CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
          CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEA1,PIPEA2,PIPEA3,PIPEA4,PIPEA5,
*          SECTNA,SEGMNA,SECTA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'A')
          CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
      IGONE=0
    ENDIF
    RETURN
  END
  SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C     Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
  DIMENSION B(3)
  DATA B/0.0,0.7877014E-02,-0.2814679E-04/
  A=B(1)+(B(2)+B(3)*BEND)*BEND
  Y=A*(X-1.0)**2
  RETURN
  END
  SUBROUTINE HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C     Computes plot coordinates for Helmholtz resonator
  COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
  REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
  INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
  XOLD=X
  XHOLD=XH
  XLOLD=XL
  YOLD=Y
  YHOLD=YH

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YLOLD=YL
SINOLD=SINA
COSOLD=COSA
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
CALL TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
XC=0.5*(XOLD+X)
YC=0.5*(YOLD+Y)
XOLD=X
YOLD=Y
SINA=COSOLD
COSA=-SINOLD
X=XC+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
Y=YC+SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
SIDE=VOL**0.333333
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,SIDE,SIDE)
X=XOLD
Y=YOLD
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
DIAM=SQRT((XHOLD-XLOLD)**2+(YHOLD-YLOLD)**2)
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIAM
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIAM
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIAM
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIAM
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LABANG(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C      Labels phase angle plot
INCLUDE  'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON      screen
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
INTEGER*2 NCOLS
INTEGER*2 row,rows
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
RECORD/RCCOORD/S
REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XP, YP
CHARACTER*6 YLO,YHI
CHARACTER*7 XHI
DATA YLO/' -180''/
DATA YHI/' 180''/
1 FORMAT(F6.3)
2 FORMAT(F7.2)
rows = screen.numtextrows
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN

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```

CALL settextposition( 1, 1, s)
ELSE
  CALL settextposition( 0, 20, s)
ENDIF
CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, XMIN, YMIN, XMAX, YMAX )
row=rows/4
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,1,s)
IF(NCOLS.LE.40) THEN
  CALL OUTTEXT('Angle')
ELSE
  CALL OUTTEXT(' Phase Angle')
ENDIF
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,18,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT('freq')
ELSE
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,35,s)
  IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
    CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - rad/sec')
  ELSE
    CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - Hertz ')
  ENDIF
ENDIF
CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=4
  IMAX=26
ELSEIF(NMODE.EQ.16) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-2,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=13
  IMAX=54
ELSE
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-2,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=13
  IMAX=54
ENDIF
ILO=XMIN
IHI=XMAX

```

```

IDEL=IMAX/(IHI-ILO)
row=s.row+1
DO 21 I=ILO,IHI
  HI=10.0**I
  WRITE(XHI,2)HI
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,ILOC,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
  ILOC=ILOC+IDEL
  IF(I.EQ.ILO.OR.I.EQ.IHI) GO TO 21
  CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
  XP=I
  YP=YMIN
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  YP=YMAX
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
  CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
21 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LABGAIN(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,ITYPE)
C   Labels gain plot
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON           screen
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAD
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAD
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
INTEGER*2 NCOLS
INTEGER*2 row,rows
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
RECORD/RCCOORD/S
REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XP, YP
CHARACTER*6 YLO,YHI
CHARACTER*7 XHI
1 FORMAT(F6.3)
2 FORMAT(F7.2)
rows = screen.numtextrows
dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, XMIN, YMIN, XMAX, YMAX )
row=rows/4
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,5,s)
CALL OUTTEXT('Gain ')
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,18,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT('freq')
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,16,s)
ELSE
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows/2-1,35,s)

```

```

IF(SFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
  CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - rad/sec')
ELSE
  CALL OUTTEXT('Frequency - Hertz ')
ENDIF
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,39,s)
ENDIF
IF(ITYPE.EQ.1) CALL OUTTEXT('    K(jw)    ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.2) CALL OUTTEXT('    K(jw,Gox)   ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.3) CALL OUTTEXT('    K(jw,Gf)    ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.4) CALL OUTTEXT('K(jw,Gox,Gf)')
WRITE(YLO,1)YMIN
WRITE(YHI,1)YMAX
CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,1,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=4
  IMAX=26
ELSEIF(NMODE.EQ.16) THEN
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-4,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=13
  IMAX=54
ELSE
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,10,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
  CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
  ILOC=13
  IMAX=54
ENDIF
ILO=XMIN
IHI=XMAX
IDEL=IMAX/(IHI-ILO)
row=s.row+1
DO 21 I=ILO,IHI
  HI=10.0**I
  WRITE(XHI,2)HI
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,ILOC,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
  ILOC=ILOC+IDEL
  IF(I.EQ.ILO.OR.I.EQ.IHI) GO TO 21
  CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
  XP=I

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    YP=YMIN
    CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
    YP=YMAX
    DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
    CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)

21 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

SUBROUTINE LOWERW(XMIN,XMAX,YMAX,YMIN)
C      Sets up lower plotting window
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER*2           dummy
INTEGER*2           xwidth, yheight, cols, rows
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON   screen
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XLEN, YLEN
XLEN=0.1*(XMAX-XMIN)
YLEN=0.1*(YMAX-YMIN)
XMIN=XMIN-XLEN
XMAX=XMAX+XLEN
YMIN=YMIN-YLEN
YMAX=YMAX+YLEN
xwidth = screen.numxpixels
yheight = screen.numypixels
cols   = screen.numtextcols
rows   = screen.numtextrows

C
C      window
C

IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
    CALL setviewport( 50, yheight - 30, xwidth - 20, 10 )
ELSE
    CALL setviewport( 100, yheight - 50, xwidth - 50, 20 )
ENDIF
    CALL settextwindow( 0, 1, rows, cols)
dummy = setwindow(.TRUE.,XMIN,YMIN,XMAX,YMAX)
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
RETURN
END

SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,SEGMNB,SECTNB,
*                 IGONE)
C      Handles lox piping logic
COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
COMPLEX GOX,S
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL DENS,A,LFLOW,KTANK,KMAN,CMAN,CTANK,VOL,VOLMF
REAL PIPEB1(75),PIPEB2(75),PIPEB3(75),PIPEB4(75),PIPEB5(75)
INTEGER SEGMNB,SECTNB(75),SECTB
CHARACTER*24 LOXIN,NAMLIN(2)
COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT

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```

CHARACTER*20 TITLO
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTRT/0/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
IMORE=0
IF(IGONE.EQ.2) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Is the lox line data in a file? (Y/N) '
  READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
    WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Is the file with lox line data LOX.INP? (Y/N)'
    READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
    IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
      OPEN(UNIT=10,FILE='LOX.INP')
      NAMLIN(2)='LOX.INP'
    ELSE
      WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter name of file with lox line data '
      READ(*,'(A)' )LOXIN
      OPEN(10,FILE=LOXIN)
      NAMLIN(2)=LOXIN
    ENDIF
    IMORE=1
  ENDIF
  IGONE=0
ENDIF
65 CONTINUE
IF(ISTRT .EQ. 0.AND.IGONE.EQ.0) THEN
  ISTRT=1
  IF(IMORE.EQ.1) GO TO 66
  CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
  CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
*          SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
  CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
  IF(IUNIT.EQ.0) THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' You do not have any data stored, please re-read'
    WRITE(*,*)' the questions and answer carefully.'
    ISTRT=0
    WRITE(*,*)' '
    GOTO 65
  ENDIF
  REWIND 10
66 CONTINUE
  CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
  CALL RLINE(TITLO,PMRAT,SEGMNB,SECTNB,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,
*          PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
*          SPLIT,10)
  CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*          PCHMB,DPROR)
  WRITE(*,*)' For changes in lox line data enter Y,'

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        WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' if not, press enter key.'
        READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
        WRITE(*,*)
        IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
            CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
            CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
*                  SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
            CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
        ENDIF
        RETURN
    ELSEIF(ISTRRT .EQ. 1 .AND. IGONE.EQ.0) THEN
        CALL ADMIT(S,GOX,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PMRAT,SEGMNB,
*                  SECTNB,SPLIT,LOPEND,PCAP,PIND)
    ELSEIF(ISTRRT.EQ.1.AND.IGONE.EQ.1) THEN
        WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Do you wish to modify current LOX line data? '
        READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
        IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
            CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
            CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
*                  SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
            CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
        ELSE
            WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Do you wish to rewind LOX line file? '
            READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
            IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') REWIND 10
            CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
            CALL RLINE(TITLO,PMRAT,SEGMNB,SECTNB,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,
*                  PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,
*                  SPLIT,10)
            CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
            WRITE(*,*)
            WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' For changes in lox line data enter Y,
            WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' if not, press enter key.'
            READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
            WRITE(*,*)
            IF(ANS .EQ. 'Y' .OR. ANS .EQ. 'y') THEN
                CALL WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
                CALL MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPEB1,PIPEB2,PIPEB3,PIPEB4,PIPEB5,
*                  SECTNB,SEGMNB,SECTB,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,'B')
                CALL WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,VOLMF,
*                  PCHMB,DPROR)
            ENDIF
            ENDIF
            IGONE=0
        ENDIF
        RETURN
    
```

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END
SUBROUTINE MODIFY(AREA,DIA,L,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,PIPE5,SECTN,
*                   SEGMN,SECT,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,PMRAT,R)
C      Allows modifications to input data
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),
*       PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
INTEGER*2 SECTN(75),SECT,SEGMN
COMMON /WORKIT/A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*       VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR
CHARACTER*1 ANS,R
CHARACTER*8 VARVAL(9),VARU(9),VARL(9),NAME
CHARACTER*24 NAMLIN(2)
COMMON /WCAOUT/NAMLIN,IUNIT
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
DATA GRAV/32.2/,PI/3.141593/
DATA VARVAL/' DENS =',' DPROR =',' KMAN =',
*           ' KTANK =',' LFLOW =',' PCHMB =',' TFLOW =',
*           ' VOL =',' VOLMF ='
DATA VARU/'DENS ','DPROR ','KMAN ',
*          'KTANK ','LFLOW ','PCHMB ','TFLOW ',
*          'VOL ','VOLMF '
DATA VARL/'dens ','dpror ','kman ',
*          'ktank ','lflow ','pchmb ','tflow ',
*          'vol ','volmf '
1 FORMAT(1PE15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,1P5E15.6)
3 FORMAT(I5,1P3E15.6)
4 FORMAT(' This segment is a bend of',1PE13.5,' deg and radius of',
*           E13.5)
5 FORMAT(' This segment is straight ',1PE13.5,' diameter pipe ',
*           E13.5,' ft. long')
6 FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,10X,A8,E13.5)
7 FORMAT(' TITLE = ',A20)
10 FORMAT(A20,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
11 FORMAT(' This segment is ',I2,' way split ',1PE13.5,' dia.',
*           ' pipe ',E13.5,' ft. long')
12 FORMAT(' This segment is a pump with length =',1PE13.5,' dia =',
*           E13.5/5X,'dp/dm =',E13.5,' capacitance =',E13.5,
*           ' inductance =',E13.5)
13 FORMAT(' This segment is a tuned pipe ',1PE13.5,' long & dia =',
*           E13.5)
14 FORMAT(' This segment is a Helmholtz resonator with'/5X,'length ='
*           ,1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
15 FORMAT(' This segment is a parallel resonator with'/5X,'length =',
*           1PE13.5,' dia =',E13.5,' and vol =',E13.5)
16 FORMAT(' This segment is a ',1PE13.5,' long inline acc. with',
*           ' diameter of',E13.5)

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IF(R.EQ.'A') THEN
  IUNIT=11
  NAMNAM=1
ELSE
  IUNIT=10
  NAMNAM=2
ENDIF
AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
ICHG=0
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change engine & fluid parameters '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 29
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the parameters?'
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') ICHG=1
21 CONTINUE
IF(ICHG.EQ.0) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter TITLE (20 characters max.) '
  READ(*,'(A)')TITLF
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter FUEL TANK VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOL
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter FLOW RATE inside LINE (1bm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)LFLOW
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside TANK (1b /ft^
*2)'
  READ(*,*)KTANK
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter FUEL DENSITY (1bm/ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)DENS
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter TOTAL FLOW RATE inside ENGINE (1bm/sec)'
  READ(*,*)TFLW
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter MANIFOLD VOLUME (ft^3)'
  READ(*,*)VOLMF
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter BULK MODULUS of fluid inside MANIFOLD (1b
*/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)KMAN
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter CHAMBER PRESSURE in ENGINE (1bf/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)PCHMB
  WRITE(*,'(A\)'') Enter PRESSURE DROP across ORIFICE (1bf/ft^2)'
  READ(*,*)DPROR
  A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
  CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
  CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
  PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLW
  AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
ELSE
  GO TO 24
22 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' VARIABLE NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS'
WRITE(*,*)' '
WRITE(*,*)'   TITLE - title (20 characters max.) '
WRITE(*,*)'   DENS - density of fluid (1bm/ft^3) '

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      WRITE(*,*)' DPROR - pressure drop across orfices (lbf/ft^2)'
      WRITE(*,*)' KMAN - bulk modulus in manifold (lbf/ft^2) '
      WRITE(*,*)' KTANK - bulk modulus in tank (lbf/ft^2) '
      WRITE(*,*)' LFLOW - mass flow rate of fluid (1bm/sec) '
      WRITE(*,*)' PCHMB - chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2) '
      WRITE(*,*)' TFLOW - total mass flow inside engine (1bm/sec)'
      WRITE(*,*)' VOL - volume of storage tank (ft^3) '
      WRITE(*,*)' VOLMF - volume of manifold (ft^3) '
      WRITE(*,*)'
      GO TO 25
23  CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES'
      WRITE(*,*)'
      WRITE(*,7)TITLF
      WRITE(*,6)VARVAL( 1), DENS,VARVAL( 2),DPROR,
*           VARVAL( 3), KMAN,VARVAL( 4),KTANK,VARVAL( 5),LFLOW,
*           VARVAL( 6),PCHMB,VARVAL( 7),TFLOW,VARVAL( 8), VOL,
*           VARVAL( 9),VOLMF
24  CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)'
      WRITE(*,*)' Enter ? to print variable names & descriptions'
      WRITE(*,*)'          # to print variable names & values'
      WRITE(*,*)'          TITLE to enter new title'
      WRITE(*,*)'          END when all changes have been made'
      WRITE(*,*)'
25  CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter variable name and new value, END, ?, or
* # '
      CALL ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
      IF(NAME.EQ.'?') GO TO 22
      IF(NAME.EQ.'#') GO TO 23
      IF(NAME.EQ.'END'.OR.NAME.EQ.'end') GO TO 28
      IF(NAME.EQ.'TITLE'.OR.NAME.EQ.'title') THEN
          WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter new TITLE (20 characters max.) '
          READ(*,'(A')')TITLF
          WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
          GO TO 25
      ENDIF
      DO 26 II=1,9
          I=II
          IF(NAME.EQ.VARU(I).OR.NAME.EQ.VARL(I)) GO TO 27
26  CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)' Invalid name, try again'
      GO TO 22
27  CONTINUE
      IF(I.EQ. 1) DENS=VALUE
      IF(I.EQ. 2) DPROR=VALUE
      IF(I.EQ. 3) KMAN=VALUE
      IF(I.EQ. 4) KTANK=VALUE
      IF(I.EQ. 5) LFLOW=VALUE
      IF(I.EQ. 6) PCHMB=VALUE
      IF(I.EQ. 7) TFLOW=VALUE

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        IF(I.EQ. 8) VOL=VALUE
        IF(I.EQ. 9) VOLMF=VALUE
        GO TO 25
    ENDIF
28 CONTINUE
A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
29 CONTINUE
ICHG=0
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change the pipe layout? '
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') GO TO 36
WRITE(*,*)' Do you wish to change all of the pipe segments?'
READ(*,'(A)')ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
    ICHG=1
    GO TO 30
ENDIF
SPLIT=1.0
LOPEND=1
LOPOLD=20
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' How many segments is the pipe broken into? '
READ(*,*)SEGMN
30 CONTINUE
I=0
ISEGMN=SEGMN
DO 35 II=1,SEGMN
    I=I+1
    IF(ICHG.EQ.1) THEN
        IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
            WRITE(*,4)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1) THEN
            WRITE(*,5)PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
            WRITE(*,16)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
            WRITE(*,13)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
            WRITE(*,14)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
            WRITE(*,15)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
            WRITE(*,12)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
            WRITE(*,11)INT(PIPE3(I)),PIPE2(I),PIPE1(I)
        ENDIF
        WRITE(*,*)' You may keep (K), modify (Y), delete (D),',
*                   ' add before (B), or add after (A)?'
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
    ENDIF
END

```

```

IF(ANS.EQ.'A'.OR.ANS.EQ.'a') THEN
  I=I+1
  DO 31 III=ISEGMN,I,-1
    PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
    PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)
    PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
    PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
    PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
    L(III+1)=L(III)
    DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
    AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
    PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
    PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
    SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
31 CONTINUE
  ISEGMN=ISEGMN+1
  GO TO 34
ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'B'.OR.ANS.EQ.'b') THEN
  DO 32 III=ISEGMN,I,-1
    PIPE1(III+1)=PIPE1(III)
    PIPE2(III+1)=PIPE2(III)
    PIPE3(III+1)=PIPE3(III)
    PIPE4(III+1)=PIPE4(III)
    PIPE5(III+1)=PIPE5(III)
    L(III+1)=L(III)
    DIA(III+1)=DIA(III)
    AREA(III+1)=AREA(III)
    PCAP(III+1)=PCAP(III)
    PIND(III+1)=PIND(III)
    SECTN(III+1)=SECTN(III)
32 CONTINUE
  ISEGMN=ISEGMN+1
  GO TO 34
ELSEIF(ANS.EQ.'D'.OR.ANS.EQ.'d') THEN
  DO 33 III=I,ISEGMN
    PIPE1(III)=PIPE1(III+1)
    PIPE2(III)=PIPE2(III+1)
    PIPE3(III)=PIPE3(III+1)
    PIPE4(III)=PIPE4(III+1)
    PIPE5(III)=PIPE5(III+1)
    L(III)=L(III+1)
    DIA(III)=DIA(III+1)
    AREA(III)=AREA(III+1)
    PCAP(III)=PCAP(III+1)
    PIND(III)=PIND(III+1)
    SECTN(III)=SECTN(III+1)
33 CONTINUE
  I=I-1
  ISEGMN=ISEGMN-1
  GO TO 35
ELSEIF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
  GO TO 35

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        ENDIF
        ENDIF
34 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' Specify 0 for BEND,           1 for STRAIGHT pipe, '
        WRITE(*,*)'                   2 for INLINE ACCUM., 3 for TUNED STUB, '
        WRITE(*,*)'                   4 for HELMHOLTZ RES., 5 for PARALLEL RES. '
        WRITE(*,*)'                   6 for PUMP,          9 for SPLIT'
        READ(*,*) SECT
        IF(SECT.LT.0.OR.SECT.GT.6.AND.SECT.NE.9) GO TO 34
        SECTN(I)=SECT
        IF(SECT.EQ.0) THEN
C         BEND IN PIPE
            WRITE(*,*)' RADIUS of bend along CL (ft), ANGLE of bend (deg), '
            WRITE(*,*)' DIAMETER (ft), and LENGTH (ft) beyond bend of pipe'
            READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
            CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
            AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
            L(I)=VALUE
            AREA(I)=AREAB
            DIA(I)=DIME
            PIPE5(I)=0.0
        ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.1) THEN
C         STRAIGHT SECTION
            WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) and DIAMETER (ft) of segment'
            READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            VALUE=PIPE1(I)
            DIME=PIPE2(I)
            PIPE3(I)=0.0
            PIPE4(I)=0.0
            PIPE5(I)=0.0
            AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
            L(I)=VALUE
            AREA(I)=AREAB
            DIA(I)=DIME
        ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.2) THEN
C         INLINE ACCUMULATOR
            WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of accumulator '
            READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            L(I)=PIPE1(I)
            DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
            AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
            PCAP(I)=DENS*0.785398*L(I)*DIA(I)**2*PMRAT/AVGK
            PIPE3(I)=0.0
            PIPE4(I)=0.0
            PIPE5(I)=0.0
        ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.3) THEN
C         TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
            WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft) & DIAMETER (ft) of tuned stub'
            READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I)
            L(I)=PIPE1(I)
            DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
            AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2

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PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
PIPE3(I)=0.0
PIPE4(I)=0.0
PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.4) THEN
C          HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
        WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',*
*           ' of Helmholtz Resonator'
        READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
        L(I)=PIPE1(I)
        DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
        AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
        PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
        PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.5) THEN
C          PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
        WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,VOLUME (ft^3)',*
*           ' of Parallel Resonator'
        READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
        L(I)=PIPE1(I)
        DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
        AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
        PCAP(I)=DENS*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/AVGK
        PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
ELSEIF(SECT.EQ.6) THEN
C          PUMP
        WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft) ,dp/dm, CAP.',*
*           ' & IND. of pump'
        READ(*,*)PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),PIPE5(I)
        L(I)=PIPE1(I)
        DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
        AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
        PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)
        PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)
ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
C          SPLIT PIPE
        WRITE(*,*)' Specify LENGTH (ft), DIAMETER (ft), and no. of',*
*           ' segments'
        READ(*,*) PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I)
        VALUE=PIPE1(I)
        DIME=PIPE2(I)
        SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
        WRITE(*,'(A,I3)')' Maximum no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish to change it? '
        READ(*,'(A)')ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
          WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter maximum no. of iterations '

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        READ(*,*)LOPOLD
        ENDIF
        LOPEND=LOPOLD
        AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
        L(I)=VALUE
        AREA(I)=AREAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
        PIPE4(I)=0.0
        PIPE5(I)=0.0
        ENDIF
35 CONTINUE
        IF(ICHG.EQ.0) THEN
            WRITE(*,*)'          NEW PIPE LAYOUT'
            WRITE(*,*)' STATUS    LENGTH      AREA           DIAMETER'
            DO 351 II=1,SEGMN
                WRITE(*,3)SECTN(I),L(I),AREA(I),DIA(I)
351 CONTINUE
        ENDIF
        SEGMN=ISEGMN
36 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish to save these changes? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A')')ANS
        IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') RETURN
        WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\')')' Do you wish to use file ',NAMLIN(NAMNAM),
*                           '? Y or N '
        READ(*,'(A')')ANS
        IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
            WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter name of file to use '
            READ(*,'(A')')NAMLIN(NAMNAM)
            CLOSE(UNIT=IUNIT)
            OPEN(UNIT=IUNIT,FILE=NAMLIN(NAMNAM))
        ELSE
            WRITE(*,'(A,A,A\')')' Do you wish to rewind ',NAMLIN(NAMNAM),
*                           '? Y or N '
            READ(*,'(A')')ANS
            IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND IUNIT
        ENDIF
        WRITE(IUNIT,'(A')')TITLF
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)VOL
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)LFLOW
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)KTANK
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)DENS
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)TFLW
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)VOLMF
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)KMAN
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)PCHMB
        WRITE(IUNIT,1)DPROR
        WRITE(IUNIT,2)SEGMN
        WRITE(IUNIT,2)(SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),
*                           PIPE5(I),I=1,SEGMN)
        RETURN
        END

```

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SUBROUTINE NICEGRF(RMIN,RMAX,IMAX,IMMIN,ITYPE)
C   Plots Nyquist curve
INCLUDE  'FGRAFH.FD'
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON      screen
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
COMMON /FACTOR/SFAC
INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 row,rows
RECORD/RCCOORD/S
REAL*8 IMMIN,IMAX,RMIN,RMAX
REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX
CHARACTER*6 YLO,YHI,XLO,XHI
1 FORMAT(F6.3)
rows = screen.numtextrows
XMIN=RMIN
XMAX=RMAX
YMIN=IMMIN
YMAX=IMAX
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL settextposition( 0, 1, s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
ELSE
  CALL settextposition( 0, 20, s)
  CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
ENDIF
dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, XMIN, YMIN, XMAX, YMAX )
row=rows/2
CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(row,1,s)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
  CALL OUTTEXT('Imag')
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows-1,16,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT('    Real')
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,16,s)
ELSE
  CALL OUTTEXT('Imaginary')
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows-1,39,s)
  CALL OUTTEXT('    Real')
  CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(rows,39,s)
ENDIF
IF(ITYPE.EQ.1) CALL OUTTEXT('      K(jw)      ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.2) CALL OUTTEXT('      K(jw,Gox)    ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.3) CALL OUTTEXT('      K(jw,Gf)     ')
IF(ITYPE.EQ.4) CALL OUTTEXT('K(jw,Gox,Gf)')
WRITE(YLO,1)YMIN
WRITE(YHI,1)YMAX
WRITE(XLO,1)XMIN

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        WRITE(XHI,1)XMAX
        CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
        IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,1,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
            CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row+1,4,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(XLO)
            CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row,35,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(3,1,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
        ELSE
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row-3,5,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(YLO)
            CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row+1,9,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(XLO)
            CALL GETTEXTPOSITION(s)
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(s.row,71,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(XHI)
            CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,5,s)
            CALL OUTTEXT(YHI)
        ENDIF
        RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE NYQUIS(GF,GOX,S,TAUT,CSTAR,RBAR,DCDR,THETAC,K,K1R,K2R,
*K3R,K4R,K1C,K2C,K3C,K4C,IFUEL,ILOX)
    C      Computes the K()'s
    COMPLEX GF,GOX,KG1,KG2,KG3,KG4,S
    REAL THETAC,RBAR,CSTAR,DCDR,TAUT
    REAL K1R(1001),K2R(1001),K3R(1001),K1C(1001),K2C(1001),K3C(1001)
    REAL K4R(1001),K4C(1001)
    KG1=2.0*CEXP(-S*TAUT)/(THETAC*S +1.0)
    K1C(K)=AIMAG(KG1)
    K1R(K)=REAL(KG1)
    IF(ILOX.EQ.0) THEN
        KG2=0.5*KG1*((1.0+(1.0+RBAR)*DCDR/CSTAR)*GOX)
        K2C(K)=AIMAG(KG2)
        K2R(K)=REAL(KG2)
    ENDIF
    IF(IFUEL.EQ.0) THEN
        KG3=0.5*KG1*((1.0-RBAR*(1.0+RBAR)*DCDR/CSTAR)*GF)
        K3C(K)=AIMAG(KG3)
        K3R(K)=REAL(KG3)
    ENDIF
    IF(ILOX.EQ.0.AND.IFUEL.EQ.0) THEN
        KG4=KG2+KG3
        K4C(K)=AIMAG(KG4)
        K4R(K)=REAL(KG4)
    ENDIF

```

```

RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PIPPLT(SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,ILOX,R)
C      Supervises plot of piping layout
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
INTEGER*2 SEGMN,SECTN(75),ITYPE(200)
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
REAL*8 X0,X1,X2,X3,Y0,Y1,Y2,Y3
REAL POINT(8,200)
CHARACTER*1 R
ANG=0.0
ANGLE=0.0
COSA=1.0
SINA=0.0
X=0.0
XH=0.0
XL=0.0
Y=0.0
IF(SECTN(1).EQ.0)  THEN
  YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(1)
  YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(1)
ELSEIF(SECTN(1).GE.3.AND.SECTN(1).LE.5)  THEN
  IF(SECTN(2).EQ.0)  THEN
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE3(2)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE3(2)
  ELSE
    YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(2)
    YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(2)
  ENDIF
ELSE
  YH=Y+0.5*PIPE2(1)
  YL=Y-0.5*PIPE2(1)
ENDIF
ENDIF
J=0
XMIN=0.0
XMAX=0.0
YMIN=A MIN1(Y,YL,YH)
YMAX=A MAX1(Y,YL,YH)
DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0)  THEN
C      BEND
    CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9)  THEN
C      STRAIGHT SECTION
    CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
  ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2)  THEN
C      INLINE ACCUMULATOR
    CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))

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        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
C           TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
        CALL TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4) THEN
C           HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR
        CALL HHSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
C           PARALLEL RESONATOR
        CALL PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I))
        ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C           PUMP
        CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I))
        ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
        XRANGE=XMAX-XMIN
        YRANGE=YMAX-YMIN
        XMIN=XMIN-0.05*XRANGE
        XMAX=XMAX+0.05*XRANGE
        YMIN=YMIN-0.05*YRANGE
        YMAX=YMAX+0.05*YRANGE
        CALL UPPERW(XMIN,YMIN,XMAX,YMAX,ILOX,R)
        DO 24 I=1,J
          IF(ITYPE(I).EQ.0) THEN
C             BEND
            XC=POINT(1,I)
            YC=POINT(2,I)
            X1=POINT(3,I)
            Y1=POINT(4,I)
            RAD=POINT(5,I)
            IF(X1.GT.Y1) THEN
              X1=3.14159+X1
              Y1=3.14159+Y1
              CALL CURV(Y1,X1)
            ELSE
              CALL CURV(X1,Y1)
            ENDIF
          ELSE
C             ALL EXCEPT BEND
            X0=POINT(1,I)
            Y0=POINT(2,I)
            X1=POINT(3,I)
            Y1=POINT(4,I)
            X2=POINT(5,I)
            Y2=POINT(6,I)
            X3=POINT(7,I)
            Y3=POINT(8,I)
            CALL MOVETO_W(X0,Y0,XY)
            DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X1,Y1)
            CALL MOVETO_W(X2,Y2,XY)
            DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X3,Y3)
            CALL MOVETO_W(X0,Y0,XY)
            DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X2,Y2)

```

```

        CALL MOVETO_W(X1,Y1,XY)
        DUMWIL=LINETO_W(X3,Y3)
        ENDIF
24 CONTINUE
        IF(R.EQ.'A') THEN
            IF(ILOX.EQ.0) RETURN
        ENDIF
        READ(*,*)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE PLSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA,VOL)
C           Computes plot coordinates for parallel resonator
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
COMMON /ARCCON/XC,YC,RAD,ANG,ANGLE
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
XOLD=X
XHOLD=XH
XLOLD=XL
YOLD=Y
YHOLD=YH
YLOLD=YL
ANGOLD=ANG
ANGSAV=ANGLE
SINOLD=SINA
COSOLD=COSA
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XC=0.5*(XHOLD+XH)
XHC=XHOLD
XLC=XL
YC=0.5*(YHOLD+YH)
YHC=YHOLD
YLC=YL
PLEN=LEN-2.0*DIA
PDIA=(VOL-2.0*DIA*DIAM)/PLEN
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,PLEN,PDIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,DIA,DIAM)
XSAV=X
XHSAV=XH
XLSAV=XL
YSAV=Y
YHSAV=YH
YLSAV=YL
SINA=COSOLD
COSA=-SINOLD
RADIUS=DIA
TURN=-90.0
SIDE=LEN-5.0*DIA
ANG=ANG+1.5708
ANGLE=ANGLE+90.0
X=XC

```

```

Y=YC
XH=XHC
XL=XLC
YH=YHC
YL=YLC
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
CALL STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,SIDE,DIA)
CALL BNSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,RADIUS,TURN,DIA,DIA)
X=XSAV
Y=YSAV
XH=XHSAV
XL=XLSAV
YH=YHSAV
YL=YLSAV
ANG=ANGOLD
ANGLE=ANGSAV
SINA=SINOLD
COSA=COSOLD
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PNYQ(KR,KC,KW,PTS,ITYPE)
C      Plots gain and phase angle
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER PTS
REAL KR(PTS),KC(PTS),KW(PTS),X(1001),YR(1001),YC(1001)
RECORD/WXYCOORD/XY
INTEGER*2 DUMWIL
REAL*8 XMIN,XMAX,YMINR,YMAXR,YMINC,YMAXC,XP,YP,XLO,XHI
DO 20 I=1,PTS
     YR(I)=SQRT(KR(I)**2+KC(I)**2)
     YC(I)=57.29578*ATAN2(KC(I),KR(I))
     X(I)= ALOG10(KW(I))
20 CONTINUE
YMINR=YR(1)
YMAXR=YR(1)
YMINC=-180.0
YMAXC= 180.0
XMIN=X(1)
XMAX=X(1)
DO 21 I=2,PTS
     IF(X(I).LT.XMIN) XMIN=X(I)
     IF(X(I).GT.XMAX) XMAX=X(I)
     IF(YR(I).LT.YMINR) YMINR=YR(I)
     IF(YR(I).GT.YMAXR) YMAXR=YR(I)
21 CONTINUE
XLO=XMIN
XHI=XMAX
DO 22 I=1,10
     IF(XMIN.GE.I) XLO=I
     IF(XMAX.GE.I) XHI=I
22 CONTINUE
IF(XMAX.NE.XHI) XHI=XHI+1.0

```

```

IF(XLO.EQ.XHI) THEN
  XLO=XMIN
  XHI=XMAX
ENDIF
CALL WINDLO(XLO,XHI,YMINR,YMAXR)
CALL LABGAIN(XLO,XHI,YMINR,YMAXR,ITYPE)
CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
IF(XMIN.LE.0.0.AND.XMAX.GE.0.0) THEN
  XP=0.0
  YP=YMINR
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  YP=YMAXR
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
IF(YMINR.LE.0.0.AND.YMAXR.GE.0.0) THEN
  YP=0.0
  XP=XLO
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  XP=XHI
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
XP=X(1)
YP=YR(1)
CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
DO 23 I=2,PTS
  XP=X(I)
  YP=YR(I)
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
23 CONTINUE
CALL WINDUP(XLO,XHI,YMINC,YMAXC)
CALL LABANG(XLO,XHI,YMINC,YMAXC)
CALL SETLINESTYLE(62268)
IF(XMIN.LE.0.0.AND.XMAX.GE.0.0) THEN
  XP=0.0
  YP=YMINC
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  YP=YMAXC
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
IF(YMINC.LE.0.0.AND.YMAXC.GE.0.0) THEN
  YP=0.0
  XP=XLO
  CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
  XP=XHI
  DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
ENDIF
CALL SETLINESTYLE(65535)
XP=X(1)
YP=YC(1)
CALL MOVETO_W(XP,YP,XY)
DO 24 I=2,PTS

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XP=X(I)
YP=Y(I)
DUMWIL=LINETO_W(XP,YP)
24 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE RLINE(TITL,PMRAT,SEGMN,SECTN,PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,
* PIPE4,PIPE5,L,AREA,DIA,PIND,PCAP,LOPEND,LOPOLD,SPLIT,IUNIT)
C      Reads fuel or lox file
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),PIND(75),PCAP(75)
REAL LFLOW,KTANK,KMAN
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75),PIPE5(75)
INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
COMMON /WORKIT/A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*           VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR
CHARACTER*20 TITL
DATA GRAV/32.2/,PI/32.2/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,5E15.6)
C      TITLE
READ(IUNIT,'(A)')TITL
C      TANK CONDITIONS
READ(IUNIT,1)VOL
READ(IUNIT,1)LFLOW
READ(IUNIT,1)KTANK
C      MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
READ(IUNIT,1)DENS
READ(IUNIT,1)TFLOW
READ(IUNIT,1)VOLMF
READ(IUNIT,1)KMAN
READ(IUNIT,1)PCHMB
C      ORFICE CONDITION
READ(IUNIT,1)DPROR
A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
CTANK=DENS*VOL/KTANK
CMAN=DENS*VOLMF/KMAN
PMRAT=PCHMB/TFLOW
AVGK=0.5*(KTANK+KMAN)
SPLIT=1.0
LOPOLD=20
LOPEND=1
C      PIPING
READ(IUNIT,2)SEGMN
DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
  READ(IUNIT,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),
*               PIPE5(I)
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
    CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
    AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
    L(I)=VALUE
    AREA(I)=AREAB
    DIA(I)=DIME
  ENDIF
21 CONTINUE

```

```

C ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.1.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
      STRAIGHT SECTION OR SPLIT
      VALUE=PIPE1(I)
      DIME=PIPE2(I)
      AREAB=0.785398*DIME**2
      L(I)=VALUE
      AREA(I)=AREAB
      DIA(I)=DIME
      IF(SECTN(I).EQ.9) THEN
          SPLIT=PIPE3(I)
          WRITE(*,'(A,I3)')' Max. no. of iterations is set at ',LOPOLD
          WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Do you wish to change it? '
          READ(*,'(A)' )ANS
          IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
              WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter maximum no. of iterations '
              READ(*,*)LOPOLD
          ENDIF
          LOPEND=LOPOLD
      ENDIF
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.2) THEN
          C INLINE ACCUMULATOR
          PIPE1 - LEN - L
          PIPE2 - DIA - DIA
          PIPE3 - DEN
          PIPE4 - K
          L(I)=PIPE1(I)
          DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
          AREA(I)=0.25*PI*PIPE2(I)**2
          IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
          IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
          PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.3) THEN
          C TUNED STUB ACCUMULATOR
          SUPPRESSES OMEGA = (PI/2)/(L*SQRT(PIND*PCAP))
          PIPE1 - LEN - L
          PIPE2 - DIA - DIA
          PIPE3 - DEN
          PIPE4 - K
          L(I)=PIPE1(I)
          DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
          AREA(I)=0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2
          IF(PIPE3(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE3(I)=DENS
          IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=AVGK
          PCAP(I)=PIPE3(I)*L(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE4(I)
          PIND(I)=L(I)/(AREA(I)*GRAV*PMRAT)
      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.4.OR.SECTN(I).EQ.5) THEN
          C HELMHOLTZ RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
          PARALLEL RESONATOR ACCUMULATOR
          SUPPRESSES OMEGA = 1/SQRT(PIND*PCAP)
          PIPE1 - LEN - L
          PIPE2 - DIA - DIA
          PIPE3 - VOL - AREA

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C      PIPE4 - DEN
C      PIPE5 - K
C      L(I)=PIPE1(I)
C      DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
C      AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
C      IF(PIPE4(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE4(I)=DENS
C      IF(PIPE5(I).EQ.0.0) PIPE5(I)=AVGK
C      PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*AREA(I)*PMRAT/PIPE5(I)
C      PIND(I)=L(I)/(0.25*PI*DIA(I)**2*GRAV*PMRAT)
C      ELSEIF(SECTN(I).EQ.6) THEN
C          PUMP
C          PIPE1 - LEN - L
C          PIPE2 - DIA - DIA
C          PIPE3 - DP/DM - AREA
C          PIPE4 - IND - PIND
C          PIPE5 - CAP - PCAP
C          L(I)=PIPE1(I)
C          DIA(I)=PIPE2(I)
C          AREA(I)=PIPE3(I)
C          PCAP(I)=PIPE4(I)*PMRAT
C          PIND(I)=PIPE5(I)/PMRAT
C      ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SETPLT
C      Sets up the plot environment
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON           screen
COMMON /WCAPAS/IFRST
LOGICAL fourcolors
EXTERNAL fourcolors
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
IFRST=0
IF( .NOT.fourcolors() ) THEN
    WRITE (*,*) ' This program requires a CGA, EGA, or',
+                  ' VGA graphics card.'
    STOP
END IF
NCOLS   = screen.numtextcols
NMODE   = screen.mode
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE STSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C      Computes plot coordinates for a straight section
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1

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XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*LEN
XH=X-0.5*SINA*DIA
XL=X+0.5*SINA*DIA
Y=Y+SINA*LEN
YH=Y+0.5*COSA*DIA
YL=Y-0.5*COSA*DIA
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE TSSECT(J,ITYPE,POINT,LEN,DIA)
C      Computes plot coordinates for a tuned stub
COMMON /PIPPXY/X,XH,XL,Y,YH,YL,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,SINA,COSA
REAL LEN,POINT(8,200)
INTEGER*2 ITYPE(200)
J=J+1
ITYPE(J)=1
DIAM=SQRT((XH-XL)**2+(YH-YL)**2)
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YH=Y+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
POINT(1,J)=XH
POINT(2,J)=YH
POINT(3,J)=XL
POINT(4,J)=YL
X=X+COSA*DIA
XH=X-SINA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
XL=XL+COSA*DIA
Y=Y+SINA*DIA
YH=Y+COSA*(LEN+0.5*DIAM)
YL=YL+SINA*DIA
POINT(5,J)=XH
POINT(6,J)=YH
POINT(7,J)=XL
POINT(8,J)=YL
XMIN=AMIN1(X,XL,XH,XMIN)
XMAX=AMAX1(X,XL,XH,XMAX)
YMIN=AMIN1(Y,YL,YH,YMIN)
YMAX=AMAX1(Y,YL,YH,YMAX)

```

```

RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE UPPERW(X00,Y00,X11,Y11,ILOX,R)
C      Sets up upper plotting window
INCLUDE  'FGRAFH.FD'
RECORD/RCCOORD/S
INTEGER*2          dummy
INTEGER*2          xwidth, yheight, cols, rows
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON             screen
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 NCOLS,NMODE
CHARACTER*2 AP
CHARACTER*40 TITLE
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
COMMON /WCATIT/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
REAL*8 X0, X1, Y0, Y1
CHARACTER*1 R
xwidth = screen.numxpixels
yheight = screen.numypixels
cols   = screen.numtextcols
rows   = screen.numtextrows
halfy  = yheight/2
X0=X00
Y0=Y00
X1=X11
Y1=Y11
PICX=XWIDTH-20
PICY=HALFY-30
IF(NCOLS.LE.40)  PICY=HALFY-20
XRANG=DABS(X1-X0)
YRANG=DABS(Y1-Y0)
XRAT=PICX/XRANG
YRAT=PICY/YRANG
IF(XRAT.LT.YRAT)  THEN
  YRAT=PICY/XRAT
  ADDY=0.5*(YRAT-YRANG)
  Y0=Y0-ADDY
  Y1=Y1+ADDY
ELSE
  XRAT=PICX/YRAT
  ADDX=0.5*(XRAT-XRANG)
  X0=X0-ADDX
  X1=X1+ADDX
ENDIF
C
C      window
C
IF(R .EQ. 'A') THEN
  IF(NMODE.EQ.6)  THEN
    CALL setviewport( 10, halfy + 10, xwidth - 10, yheight - 10 )
    dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )

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        CALL settextwindow( (rows / 2 ) + 1, 1, rows, cols)
ELSE
        CALL setviewport( 10, halfy + 10, xwidth - 10, yheight - 10 )
        dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )
        CALL settextwindow( (rows / 2 ) + 1, 5, rows, cols - 5)
ENDIF
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
IF(ILOX.EQ.0) dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, X0, Y0, X1, Y1 )
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
        CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(1,15,S)
ELSE
        CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(1,30,S)
ENDIF
CALL OUTTEXT('FUEL PIPE LAYOUT')
ENDIF
IF(R.EQ.'B'.OR.ILOX.EQ.1) THEN
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
        CALL setviewport( 10, 20, xwidth - 10, halfy )
        dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )
        CALL settextwindow(0 , 1, (rows / 2 ), cols)
ELSE
        CALL setviewport( 10, 25, xwidth - 10, halfy - 5 )
        dummy = setwindow( .TRUE., X0-1.0, Y0-1.0, X1+1.0, Y1+1.0 )
        CALL settextwindow(0 , 1, (rows / 2 ), cols - 5)
ENDIF
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
dummy = rectangle_w( $GBORDER, X0, Y0, X1, Y1 )
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
        CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(0,1,S)
ELSE
        CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(0,20,S)
ENDIF
CALL OUTTEXT(TITLE)
IF(NMODE.EQ.6) THEN
        CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,15,S)
ELSE
        CALL SETTEXTPOSITION(2,30,S)
ENDIF
IF(ILOX.EQ.0) CALL OUTTEXT('LOX PIPE LAYOUT')
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WINDLO(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C      Sets up gain window
INCLUDE  'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER*2          dummy
INTEGER*2          xwidth, yheight, cols, rows, halfy
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON             screen
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 NCOLS
REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XLEN, YLEN

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```

REAL*8 XMINP, XMAXP, YMINP, YMAXP
XLEN=0.1*(XMAX-XMIN)
YLEN=0.1*(YMAX-YMIN)
XMINP=XMIN-XLEN
XMAXP=XMAX+XLEN
YMINP=YMIN-YLEN
YMAXP=YMAX+YLEN
xwidth = screen.numxpixels
yheight = screen.numypixels
cols = screen.numtextcols
rows = screen.numtextrows
halfy = yheight/2
C
C window
C
IF(NCOLS.LE.40) THEN
  CALL setviewport( 50, halfy + 10, xwidth - 20, yheight - 30 )
ELSE
  CALL setviewport( 100, halfy + 10, xwidth - 50, yheight - 50 )
ENDIF
  CALL settextwindow( (rows / 2 ) + 1, 1, rows, cols - 1)
dummy = setwindow(.TRUE.,XMINP,YMINP,XMAXP,YMAXP)
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WINDUP(XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
C   Sets up phase angle window
INCLUDE 'FGRAPH.FD'
INTEGER*2           dummy
INTEGER*2           xwidth, yheight, cols, rows, halfy
RECORD /videoconfig/ screen
COMMON             screen
COMMON /NOCOL/NCOLS,NMODE
INTEGER*2 NCOLS
REAL*8 XMIN, XMAX, YMIN, YMAX, XLEN, YLEN
REAL*8 XMINP, XMAXP, YMINP, YMAXP
XLEN=0.1*(XMAX-XMIN)
YLEN=0.1*(YMAX-YMIN)
XMINP=XMIN-XLEN
XMAXP=XMAX+XLEN
YMINP=YMIN-YLEN
YMAXP=YMAX+YLEN
xwidth = screen.numxpixels
yheight = screen.numypixels
cols = screen.numtextcols
rows = screen.numtextrows
halfy = yheight/2
C
C window
C
IF(NCOLS.LE.40) THEN
  CALL setviewport( 50, 10, xwidth - 20, halfy - 30 )

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ELSE
  CALL setviewport( 100, 10, xwidth - 50, halfy - 50 )
ENDIF
CALL settextwindow( 1, 1, (rows / 2 ) - 1, cols - 1)
dummy = setwindow(.TRUE.,XMINP,YMINP,XMAXP,YMAXP)
CALL clearscreen( $GWINDOW )
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WORKFR(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*                      VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C      Moves arguments from common /WORKIT/
COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
A=WORK(1)
CMAN=WORK(2)
CTANK=WORK(3)
DENS=WORK(4)
KMAN=WORK(5)
KTANK=WORK(6)
LFLOW=WORK(7)
TFLOW=WORK(8)
VOL=WORK(9)
VOLMF=WORK(10)
PCHMB=WORK(11)
DPROR=WORK(12)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WORKTO(A,CMAN,CTANK,DENS,KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW,TFLOW,VOL,
*                      VOLMF,PCHMB,DPROR)
C      Moves arguments to common /WORKIT/
COMMON /WORKIT/WORK(12)
REAL KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
WORK(1)=A
WORK(2)=CMAN
WORK(3)=CTANK
WORK(4)=DENS
WORK(5)=KMAN
WORK(6)=KTANK
WORK(7)=LFLOW
WORK(8)=TFLOW
WORK(9)=VOL
WORK(10)=VOLMF
WORK(11)=PCHMB
WORK(12)=DPROR
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C      Reads input for input modification
CHARACTER*1 NAME(8)
CHARACTER*1 CARD(80),PLUS,MINUS,PERIOD,LE,E,NUMBER(10)
CHARACTER*1 LEND(3),CEND(3),POUND,QUEST,BLK,COMMA
CHARACTER*1 LTIT(5),CTIT(5)

```

```

CHARACTER*80 DCARD
EQUIVALENCE (CARD(1),DCARD)
DATA PLUS/'+'/,MINUS/'-'/,PERIOD/'.'/,LE/'e'/,E/'E'/,BLK/' '
DATA NUMBER/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'/,COMMA/,/
DATA LEND/'e','n','d'/,CEND/'E','N','D'/,POUND/'#/,:QUEST/'?'/
DATA LTIT/'t','t','t','1','e'/,CTIT/'T','I','T','L','E'
1 FORMAT(A)
DO 21 I=1,8
  NAME(I)=BLK
21 CONTINUE
READ(*,1)DCARD
IF(CARD(1).EQ.POUND) THEN
  NAME(1)=POUND
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(CARD(1).EQ.QUEST) THEN
  NAME(1)=QUEST
  RETURN
ENDIF
DO 22 I=1,3
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LEND(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CEND(I)) GO TO 220
  NAME(I)=CEND(I)
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
220 CONTINUE
DO 221 I=1,5
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LTIT(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CTIT(I)) GO TO 23
  NAME(I)=CTIT(I)
221 CONTINUE
RETURN
23 CONTINUE
DO 24 I=1,8
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK.OR.CARD(I).EQ.COMMA) GO TO 25
  NAME(I)=CARD(I)
24 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
DO 26 I=II,80
  ID=I
  IF(CARD(I).NE.BLK.AND.CARD(I).NE.COMMA) GO TO 27
26 CONTINUE
VALUE=0.0
WRITE(*,*)' No value given, ZERO assumed'
RETURN
27 CONTINUE
SIGN=1.0
IF(CARD(ID).EQ_MINUS) THEN
  SIGN=-1.0
  ID=ID+1
ELSEIF(CARD(ID).EQ_PLUS) THEN
  ID=ID+1
ENDIF

```

```

WHOLE=0.0
DO 30 I=ID,80
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) GO TO 31
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
  IF(CARD(I).EQ_MINUS) GO TO 36
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
  DO 28 J=1,10
    JJ=J-1
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 29
28 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
  WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
  VALUE=0.0
  RETURN
29 CONTINUE
  WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
30 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  RETURN
31 CONTINUE
  ID=II+1
  FRACT=0.0
  ICOUNT=0
  DO 34 I=ID,80
    ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
    II=I
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) THEN
      WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
      VALUE=0.0
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_MINUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
    DO 32 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 33
32 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
  WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
  VALUE=0.0
  RETURN
33 CONTINUE
  FRACT=FRACT+JJ/10.0**ICOUNT
34 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
  RETURN
35 CONTINUE
  II=II+1

```

```
36 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
  SIGN=1.0
  IF(CARD(II).EQ_MINUS) THEN
    SIGN=-1.0
    II=II+1
  ELSEIF(CARD(II).EQ_PLUS) THEN
    II=II+1
  ENDIF
  WHOLE=0.0
  DO 39 I=II,80
    DO 37 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 38
37 CONTINUE
  VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
  IF(CARD(I).EQ_BLK) RETURN
  WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
  VALUE=0.0
  RETURN
38 CONTINUE
  WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
39 CONTINUE
  VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
  RETURN
  END
```

Appendix D

Listing of Intermediate Frequency Program

S F R E Q

```

C
C      PROGRAM SFREQ
C
C          Intermediate Mode Oscillations
C
C          Modified for n vs tau plots
C
C
C          Variables in Commons
C
C          /CMPVAL/
C          CVAR(17)      COMPLEX*8 equivalence(CVAR(1),X1)
C          X1            COMPLEX*8 first order term of x
C          Y1            COMPLEX*8 first order term of y
C          Z1            COMPLEX*8 first order term of z
C          W1            COMPLEX*8 first order term of w
C          M1            COMPLEX*8 first order term of m
C          P0            COMPLEX*8 zeroth order term of pressure
C          P1            COMPLEX*8 first order term of pressure
C          U0            COMPLEX*8 zeroth order term of velocity
C          U1            COMPLEX*8 first order term of velocity
C          RFH           COMPLEX*8 combustion response function for mixture ratio
C          RFK           COMPLEX*8 compustion response function for mass flow
C          RFP           COMPLEX*8 combustion response function for pressure
C          S              COMPLEX*8 lamda + mu I - perturbation oscillation
C          GF             COMPLEX*8 admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C          GOX           COMPLEX*8 admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C          RFA             COMPLEX*8 nozzle pressure admittance coefficient
C          RFC             COMPLEX*8 nozzle entropy admittance coefficient
C
C          /DIMVAL/
C          AJUNK1(8)      REAL*4 equivalence(AJUNK1(1),ND)
C          HOLDD(20)       REAL*4 equivalence(HOLDD(1),ND)
C          ND              REAL*4 pressure interaction index
C          TAUD            REAL*4 sensitive time lag (sec)
C          DTAUD           REAL*4 delta time lag (sec)
C          NRD             REAL*4 enthalpy interaction index
C          LAMDAD          REAL*4 damping of perturbation
C          MUD              REAL*4 frequency of perturbation (rad/sec)
C          CDIAM            REAL*4 chamber diameter (ft)
C          TDIAM            REAL*4 throat diameter (ft)
C          XLCD             REAL*4 x location of chamber-nozzle interface (ft)
C          AJUNK2(161)     REAL*4 equivalence(AJUNK2(1),GAMMAD)
C          GAMMAD           REAL*4 ratio of specific heats
C          RGAS             REAL*4 gas constant (ft^2/sec^2/R)
C          POOD             REAL*4 maximum pressure at injection face (lbf/ft^2)
C          MBARD            REAL*4 mean combustion response function (lbm/sec)
C          RBARD            REAL*4 mean mixture ratio
C          DCSDRD          REAL*4 d(cstar)/d(mixture ratio) (ft/sec)
C          DHLDRD          REAL*4 d(enthalpy/d(mixture ratio) (ft^2/sec^2)
C          RHOLOD           REAL*4 mass of liquid per unit chamber vol (lbm/ft^3)
C          ULOD             REAL*4 axial component of liquid velocity (ft/sec)

```

```

C PCHMB      REAL*4    chamber pressure (lbf/ft^2)
C TCHMB      REAL*4    chamber temperature ('R)
C XBARD(50)  REAL*4    x locations along axis (ft)
C PBAR(50)   REAL*4    pressure along axis (lbf/ft^2)
C TBAR(50)   REAL*4    temperature along axis ('R)
C
C           /FFACT/
C FFAC       REAL*4    factor for frequency
C
C           /NVAL/
C NVAL       INTEGER*2  number of input points along axis
C
C           /PIPES/
C PFACE      REAL*4    pressure at injector face (lbf/ft^2)
C TFACE      REAL*4    mean combustion response function (lbm/sec)
C ASTAR     REAL*4    speed of sound at injector face (ft/sec)
C
C           /RELVAL/
C RVAR(13)   REAL*4    equivalence(RVAR(1),N)
C N          REAL*4    pressure interaction index
C TAU         REAL*4    sensitive time lag
C DTAU        REAL*4    delta time lag
C NR          REAL*4    enthalpy interaction index
C RBAR        REAL*4    mean mixture ratio
C MBAR        REAL*4    mean combustion response function
C GAMMA       REAL*4    ratio of specific heats
C POO         REAL*4    maximum pressure at injection face
C DHLDR       REAL*4    d(enthalpy)/d(mixture ratio)
C CSTAR       REAL*4    characteristic velocity at combustor exit
C DCSDR       REAL*4    d(cstar)/d(mixture ratio)
C RHOLO       REAL*4    mass of liquid per unit chamber volume
C ULO          REAL*4    axial component of liquid velocity
C LAMDA       REAL*4    damping of perturbation
C MU          REAL*4    frequency of perturbation
C TAUT        REAL*4    total time lag
C UBAR(50)   REAL*4    velocity along axis
C XBAR(50)   REAL*4    x locations along axis
C XLC         REAL*4    x location of chamber-nozzle interface
C
C           /RESULT/
C PP          COMPLEX*8  P' = P0 + P1
C UP          COMPLEX*8  U' = U0 + U1
C SIGP        COMPLEX*8  SIG' = SIG0 + SIG1
C FUNB        COMPLEX*8  boundary function U' + RFA * P' + RFC * SIG'
C
C           /TITL/
C TITLE       CHAR*60   title for plots including date andd time
C TITLF      CHAR*40   input title
C IHR         INTEGER*2  hour code run
C IMIN        INTEGER*2  minute code run
C AP          CHAR*2    AM or PM
C IYR         INTEGER*2  yesr code run

```

```

C IMON           INTEGER*2 month code run
C IDAY           INTEGER*2 day code run
C
C
C PROGRAM SFREQ
C   Logic portion of code
C
C Commons CMPVAL  DIMVAL  FFACT   INTVAL  RELVAL  RESULT TITL
C Local Variables
C AM             CHAR*2   'AM'
C ANS            CHAR*1   response to question
C DELF            REAL*4   intermediate variable
C DELVAL          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C FREQ(50)        REAL*4   array of frequencies
C I               INTEGER*2 do loop index
C ID              INTEGER*2 flag for dependent variable
C II              INTEGER*2 flag for independent variable
C ISEC            INTEGER*2 seconds at start
C I100            INTEGER*2 hundreds of seconds at start
C J               INTEGER*2 do loop index
C NOF             INTEGER*2 maximum number of frequencies
C NOT             INTEGER*2 maximum number of tau's
C NPTF            INTEGER*2 number of frequencies
C NPTS            INTEGER*2 number of tau's
C PM              CHAR*2   'PM'
C RADHER(2)       CHAR*8   labels
C ROCIN           CHAR*24  input file name
C ROCOUT          CHAR*24  output file name
C ROCVAR          CHAR*24  file name for frequencies or tau's
C STARTF          REAL*4   starting frequency
C STARTV          REAL*4   starting tau
C STOPF            REAL*4   ending frequency
C STOPV            REAL*4   ending tau
C TAULST(200)     REAL*4   array of tau's
C TOL             REAL*4   convergence criteria
C YP(200,50)       REAL*4   array of n's
C VARP(3)          CHAR*8   labels
C VAR1             REAL*4   intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE ADMIT(S,GADM,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,SEGMN,TFLOW)
C   determines admittance looking toward tank
C
C Commons DIMVAL  PIPES
C Variables in Argument List
C A               REAL*4   speed of sound in the fluid
C AREA(75)        REAL*4   area of pipe section
C CMAN            REAL*4   manifold capacitance
C CTANK           REAL*4   tank capacitance
C DPROR           REAL*4   pressure drop across orifices
C GADM            COMPLEX*8 admittance of line looking toward tank
C L(75)           REAL*4   length of pipe section

```



```

C LFLOW      REAL*4    flow rate through pipe
C PCHMB      REAL*4    chamber pressure
C S          COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C SEGMN      INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C TFLOW      REAL*4    total flow rate of engine
C
C Local Variables
C G(76)      COMPLEX*8 admittance looking toward tank
C GRAV       REAL*4    gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C I          INTEGER*2 do loop index
C TL         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C W          COMPLEX*8 normalized frequency
C ZLINE      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C ZOR        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C ZTOP       REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C Computes effective straight pipe for bend
C
C Variables in Argument List
C DIME        REAL*4    effective diameter (ft)
C PIPE1       REAL*4    radius of bend (ft)
C PIPE2       REAL*4    angle of bend (degrees)
C PIPE3       REAL*4    diameter of bend (ft)
C PIPE4       REAL*4    length of end straight segments (ft)
C VALUE       REAL*4    effective length (ft)
C
C Local Variables
C ARBND      REAL*4    area of bend
C AREAB      REAL*4    effective area of bend
C BENDR      REAL*4    bend angle in radians
C GAMMA       REAL*4    intermediate variable
C INERT       REAL*4    intermediate variable
C INRAD       REAL*4    inside radius of bend
C LBEND      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C LPRME      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C NEWLN      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C OTRAD       REAL*4    outside radius of bend
C RATIO       REAL*4    intermediate variable
C X           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C Y           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
C Evaluates the boundary function
C
C Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C Variables in Argument List
C FUNB        COMPLEX*8 boundary function U' + RFA * P' + RFC * SIG'
C PP          COMPLEX*8 P' = P0 + P1
C SIGP        COMPLEX*8 SIG' = SIG0 + SIG1
C UP          COMPLEX*8 U' = U0 + U1

```

```

C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   S           COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C
C           Local Variables
C   COSHI      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   COSHR      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   LAMDA      REAL*4    real part of complex frequency
C   MU         REAL*4    imaginary part of complex frequency
C
C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   S           COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C
C           Local Variables
C   LAMDA      REAL*4    real part of complex frequency
C   MU         REAL*4    imaginary part of complex frequency
C   SINHI      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   SINHR      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C   S           COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C
C           Local Variables
C   CTAND      COMPLEX*8 hyperbolic sine
C   CTANN      COMPLEX*8 hyperbolic cosine
C
C
C SUBROUTINE EVAL(X)
C Evaluates parameters at a given x location
C
C Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C           Variables in Argument List
C   X           REAL*4    axial location
C
C           Local Variables
C   I            INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   FAC         REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   UB          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C COMPLEX FUNCTION FP1(XL)
C Evaluates P1
C
C Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C           Variables in Argument List

```

```

C   XL           REAL*4    length of chamber
C
C   Local Variables
C   DX           REAL*4    integration increment
C   I            INTEGER*2 do loop variable
C   VINT          COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   X            REAL*4    current x location
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION FSIGP(XL)
C       Evaluates SIG'
C
C   Commons CMPVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   XL           REAL*4    length of chamber
C
C   Local Variables
C   DX           REAL*4    integration increment
C   FAC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   FCON          COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   FSIG2         COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable
C   I             INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   II            INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   J             INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   UB(51)        REAL*4    intermediate variable array
C   VINT(51)      COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable array
C   VVINT(51)     COMPLEX*8 intermediate variable array
C   X             REAL*4    current x location
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF)
C       Handles fuel piping logic
C
C   Common PIPES
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   GF            COMPLEX*8 admittance of fuel line looking toward tank
C   S             COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C
C   Local Variables
C   A             REAL*4    speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   ANS           CHAR*1    response to question
C   AREA(75)      REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   AREAB          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   CMAN          REAL*4    manifold capacitance
C   CTANK          REAL*4    tank capacitance
C   DENS           REAL*4    density of fluid
C   DIA(75)        REAL*4    diameter of pipe section
C   DIME           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   DPROR          REAL*4    pressure drop across orifices (lbf/ft^2)
C   FLOWL          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   FUELIN         CHAR*24   name of file containing fuel piping data
C   GRAV           REAL*4    gravitational constant (lbm-ft/lbf-sec^2)
C   I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   ISTRT          INTEGER*2 flag
C   KMAN           REAL*4    bulk modulus of manifold

```

```

C   KTANK          REAL*4      bulk modulus of tank
C   L(75)          REAL*4      length of pipe section
C   LFLOW           REAL*4      flow rate through pipe
C   PCHMB           REAL*4      chamber pressure
C   PIPE1(75)       REAL*4      first parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE2(75)       REAL*4      second parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE3(75)       REAL*4      third parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE4(75)       REAL*4      fourth parameter of fuel pipe description
C   SECTN(75)       INTEGER*2   pipe section types
C   SEGMN           INTEGER*2   number of pipe sections
C   TFLOW            REAL*4      total flow rate of engine
C   TITLF            CHAR*20     title from fuel file
C   VALUE             REAL*4     intermediate variable
C   VOL               REAL*4      volume of tank
C   VOLMF            REAL*4      volume of manifold
C
C
C   COMPLEX FUNCTION FU1(XL)
C       Evaluates U1
C
C   Commons CMPVAL   INTVAL    RELVAL
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   XL                REAL*4      length of chamber
C
C   Local Variables
C   DX                REAL*4      integration increment
C   I                 INTEGER*2   do loop index
C   VINT              COMPLEX*8   intermediate variable
C   X                 REAL*4      current x location
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C       Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
C
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   BEND              REAL*4      angle of bend (degrees)
C   X                  REAL*4      ratio of inner to outer radius
C   Y                  REAL*4      inertance
C
C   Local Variables
C   A                 REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   B(3)              REAL*4      coefficient array for inertance fit
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE ITER(ID,TOL)
C       Iterates for dependent variable
C
C   Commons CMPVAL   INTVAL    RELVAL RESULT
C                   Variables in Argument List
C   ID                INTEGER*2   flag for dependent variable
C   TOL               REAL*4      convergence criteria
C
C   Local Variables
C   FUN               REAL*4      intermediate variable
C   FUN1              REAL*4      intermediate variable

```

```

C   FUN2          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   I              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   VAL            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   VAL1           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   VAL2           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX)
C       Handles lox piping logic
C
C   Common PIPES
C
C   GOX            COMPLEX*8 admittance of lox line looking toward tank
C   S              COMPLEX*8 complex frequency
C
C   Local Variables
C   A               REAL*4    speed of sound in the fluid (ft/sec)
C   ANS             CHAR*1    response to question
C   AREA(75)        REAL*4    area of pipe section (ft^2)
C   AREAB           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   CMAN            REAL*4    manifold capacitance
C   CTANK           REAL*4    tank capacitance
C   DENS             REAL*4    density of fluid
C   DIA(75)          REAL*4    diameter of pipe section
C   DIME             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   DPROR            REAL*4    pressure drop across orifices (1bf/ft^2)
C   FLOWL            REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   GRAV             REAL*4    gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C   I                INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   ISTRT            INTEGER*2 flag
C   KMAN             REAL*4    bulk modulus of manifold
C   KTANK            REAL*4    bulk modulus of tank
C   L(75)            REAL*4    length of pipe section
C   LFLOW             REAL*4    flow rate through pipe
C   LOXIN            CHAR*24   name of file containing lox piping data
C   PCHMB            REAL*4    chamber pressure
C   PIPE1(75)         REAL*4    first parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE2(75)         REAL*4    second parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE3(75)         REAL*4    third parameter of fuel pipe description
C   PIPE4(75)         REAL*4    fourth parameter of fuel pipe description
C   SECTN(75)         INTEGER*2 pipe section types
C   SEGMN            INTEGER*2 number of pipe sections
C   TFLOW             REAL*4    total flow rate of engine
C   TITLO             CHAR*20   totle from lox file
C   VALUE             REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   VOL              REAL*4    volume of tank
C   VOLMF            REAL*4    volume of manifold
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE NONDIM(HOLD)
C       Nondimensionalizes variables
C
C   Commons CMPVAL  DIMVAL  INTVAL  PIPES  RELVAL  TITL

```

```

C                               Variables in Argument List
C   HOLD(20)                  REAL*4    array for transferring variables
C                               Local Variables
C   CAREA                     REAL*4    area of chamber
C   CSTARD                     REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   FAC                        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   GC                         REAL*4    gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C   I                          INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   PEXIT                      REAL*4    exit pressure
C   PI                         REAL*4    mathematical constant
C   RFAR                        REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   RHOBAR(50)                 REAL*4    intermediate variable array
C   TAREA                       REAL*4    throat area
C   UBARD(50)                  REAL*4    intermediate variable array
C   VAR(13)                     CHAR*8   names of nondimensional variables
C   VARD(20)                    CHAR*8   names of dimensional variables
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE PLTALL(X,Y,NOT,NOF,N,M,LABLX,LABLY,FREQ)
C   Plots n vs t for all frequencies
C
C   Commons FFACT    TITL
C                               Variables in Argument List
C   FREQ(NOF)                  REAL*4    frequency array
C   LABLX                      CHAR*8    label for x axis
C   LABLY                      CHAR*8    label for y axis
C   M                           INTEGER*2 number of frequencies
C   N                           INTEGER*2 number of tau's
C   NOF                        INTEGER*2 maximum number of frequencies
C   NOT                        INTEGER*2 maximum number of tau's
C   X(NOT)                     REAL*4    tau array
C   Y(NOT,NOF)                 REAL*4    n array
C                               Local Variables
C   ASPECT                      REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   FREQL                       CHAR*16   label for frequency
C   I                           INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IBOARD                      INTEGER*2 flag for type of graphics board used
C   ICOLR                       INTEGER*2 color flag
C   IEXTEN                      INTEGER*2 extension of key hit
C   IFIL                        INTEGER*2 color flag
C   IKEY                        INTEGER*2 code of key hit
C   ILIN                         INTEGER*2 color flag
C   IOPT                         INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IXLAB                        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IXPIX                        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IYLAB                        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IYPIX                        INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   J                           INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   JCOL1                       INTEGER*2 starting plot column
C   JCOL2                       INTEGER*2 ending plot column
C   JROW1                        INTEGER*2 starting plot row
C   JROW2                        INTEGER*2 ending plot row

```

```

C   LABFAC(7)      CHAR*8    labels
C   MODE           INTEGER*2 graphics mode
C   MODET          INTEGER*2 text mode
C   NCOLT          INTEGER*2 number of text columns
C   RADHER(2)      CHAR*8    labels
C   XFAC           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XLBL(2)         CHAR*8    label
C   XMAJC          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   XMAX           REAL*4    maximum x value for plot
C   XMIN           REAL*4    minimum x value for plot
C   XORG            REAL*4    plot x origin
C   YFAC           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YLBL(2)         CHAR*8    label
C   YMAJ           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   YMAX           REAL*4    maximum y value for plot
C   YMINT          REAL*4    minimum y value for plot
C   YORG            REAL*4    plot y origin
C   YOVERX          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C
C
C   SUBROUTINE PLTVAR(X,Y,N,LABLX,LABLY,FREQ)
C       Plots n vs τ for a single frequency
C
C   Commons FFACT     TITL
C
C   Variables in Argument List
C   FREQ            REAL*4    frequency
C   LABLX           CHAR*8    label for x axis
C   LABLY           CHAR*8    label for y axis
C   N                INTEGER*2 number of tau's
C   X(N)            REAL*4    tau array
C   Y(N)            REAL*4    n array
C
C   Local Variables
C   ASPECT          REAL*4    intermediate variable
C   FREQL           CHAR*29   label for frequency
C   I                INTEGER*2 do loop index
C   IBOARD          INTEGER*2 flag for type of graphics board used
C   ICOLR           INTEGER*2 color flag
C   IEXTEN          INTEGER*2 extension of key hit
C   IFIL             INTEGER*2 color flag
C   IKEY             INTEGER*2 code of key hit
C   ILIN             INTEGER*2 color flag
C   IOPT              INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IXLAB            INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   IYLAB            INTEGER*2 intermediate variable
C   JCOL1            INTEGER*2 starting plot column
C   JCOL2            INTEGER*2 ending plot column
C   JROW1            INTEGER*2 starting plot row
C   JROW2            INTEGER*2 ending plot row
C   LABFAC(7)        CHAR*8    labels
C   MODE             INTEGER*2 graphics mode
C   MODET            INTEGER*2 text mode
C   NCOLT            INTEGER*2 number of text columns

```

```

C RADHER(2)      CHAR*8   labels
C XFAC           REAL*4    intermediate variable
C XLBL(2)         CHAR*8   label
C XMAJ           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C XMAX           REAL*4   maximum x value for plot
C XMIN           REAL*4   minimum x value for plot
C XORG           REAL*4   plot x origin
C YFAC           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YLBL(2)         CHAR*8   label
C YMAJ           REAL*4   intermediate variable
C YMAX           REAL*4   maximum y value for plot
C YMIN           REAL*4   minimum y value for plot
C YORG           REAL*4   plot y origin
C YOVERX          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE READIN
C     Reads input data
C
C Commons CMPVAL  DIMVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL  TITL
C Local Variables
C ANS             CHAR*1   response to question
C CDIAM          REAL*4   chamber diameter (ft)
C DCSDRD         REAL*4   d(cstar)/d(mixture ratio) (ft/sec)
C DHLDRD         REAL*4   d(enthalpy)/d(mixture ratio) (ft/sec)^2
C DTAUD          REAL*4   delta time lag (sec)
C GAMMAD          REAL*4   ratio of specific heats
C HOLD(20)        REAL*4   equivalence to dimensioned variables
C I               INTEGER*2 do loop index
C IGO            INTEGER*2 path flag
C II              INTEGER*2 do loop index
C LAMDAD          REAL*4   real part of complex frequency
C MBARD          REAL*4   mean combustion response function (1bm/sec)
C MUD             REAL*4   imaginary part of complex frequency
C NAME            CHAR*8   name of input parameter
C ND              REAL*4   pressure interaction index
C NRD             REAL*4   enthalpy interaction index
C PCHMB          REAL*4   chamber pressure (1bf/ft^2)
C POOD            REAL*4   maximum pressure at injection face
C RBARD          REAL*4   mean mixture ratio
C RGAS            REAL*4   gas constant (ft^2/sec^2/'R)
C RHOLOD          REAL*4   mass of liquid per unit chamber vol (1bm/ft^3)
C TAUD            REAL*4   sensitive time lag (sec)
C TCHMB           REAL*4   chamber temperature ('R)
C TDIAM          REAL*4   throat diameter (ft)
C ULOD            REAL*4   axial component of liquid velocity (ft/sec)
C VALUE           REAL*4   value of input parameter
C VAR(20)         CHAR*8   names of variables for printout
C VARL(20)        CHAR*8   names of variables (lower case)
C VARP(20)        CHAR*8   names of variables (upper case)
C XLCD            REAL*4   x location of chamber-nozzle interface (ft)

```

```

C
C SUBROUTINE SETVAL(VAL, ID)
C     Sets value from iterated variable
C
C Common   DIMVAL
C           Variables in Argument List
C ID          INTEGER*2 pointer to variable
C VAL         REAL*4   value of variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE SETVAR(VAL, ID)
C     Sets iterated variable from value
C
C Commons CMPVAL  DIMVAL  INTVAL  RELVAL  RESULT
C           Variables in Argument List
C ID          INTEGER*2 pointer to variable
C VAL         REAL*4   value of variable
C
C           Local Variables
C ASTAR        REAL*4   speed of sound at injector face
C CAREA        REAL*4   area of chamber
C CSTARD       REAL*4   intermediate variable
C FAC          REAL*4   intermediate variable
C GC           REAL*4   gravitational constant (1bm-ft/1bf-sec^2)
C I            INTEGER*2 do loop index
C PI           REAL*4   mathematical constant
C RHOBAR       REAL*4   intermediate variable
C RHOB1        REAL*4   intermediate variable
C TAREA         REAL*4   throat area
C UBARD        REAL*4   intermediate variable
C
C
C SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME, VALUE)
C     Reads input for input modification
C
C           Variables in Argument List
C NAME(8)      CHAR*1   name of input variable
C VALUE        REAL*4   value of input variable
C
C           Local Variables
C BLK          CHAR*1   ,
C CARD(80)     CHAR*1   card image
C CEND(3)      CHAR*1   'E', 'N', 'D'
C COMMA        CHAR*1   ,
C DCARD        CHAR*80  card image
C E            CHAR*1   'E'
C FRACT        REAL*4   fractional part of number
C I            INTEGER*2 do loop index
C ICOUNT       INTEGER*2 position counter
C ID           INTEGER*2 position counter
C II           INTEGER*2 position counter
C J            INTEGER*2 do loop index
C JJ           INTEGER*2 position counter
C LE           CHAR*1   'e'

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```

C  LEND(3)           CHAR*1      'e', 'n', 'd'
C  MINUS              CHAR*1      '_'
C  NUMBER(10)          CHAR*1      '0', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9'
C  PERIOD              CHAR*1      '.'
C  PLUS                CHAR*1      '+'
C  POUND                CHAR*1      '#'
C  QUEST                CHAR*1      '?'
C  SIGN                 REAL*4      sign of number or exponent
C  WHOLE                REAL*4      WHOLE PART OF NUMBER
C

        INTERFACE TO SUBROUTINE
1      clearscreen[FAR,C,ALIAS:"__clearscreen"] (area)
      INTEGER*2 area
      END
      EXTERNAL CLEARSCREEN
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /RESULT/PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
      COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      COMMON /FFACT/FFAC
      INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      CHARACTER*2 AM,PM,AP
      CHARACTER*60 TITLE
      CHARACTER*40 TITLF
      REAL YP(200,50),FREQ(50),TAULST(200)
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(13)
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      COMPLEX PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CVAR(17)
      EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
      CHARACTER*8 VARP(3)
      CHARACTER*1 ANS
      CHARACTER*24 ROCIN,ROCOUT,ROCVAR
      CHARACTER*8 RADHER(2)
      DATA RADHER/' rad/sec ', ' Hertz '/
      DATA AM/'AM', 'PM'/
      DATA VARP/' n ', 'tau-sec ', ' MU '/
      DATA TOL/.0001/
      DATA NOT/200/,NOF/50/
      DATA II/2/,ID/1/
1      FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,2X,A8,E13.5,' FUNB=',2E13.5)
2      FORMAT(A)
3      FORMAT(/3X,A8,5X,A8,5X,' FUNB(R)',5X,' FUNB(I)'/)
4      FORMAT(1P6E13.5)
5      FORMAT(1H1/' FREQUENCY =',1PE13.5,A)
6      FORMAT(' ',A,' ')
7      FORMAT(2X,' ',A8,' ',3X,' ',A8,' ')
10     FORMAT(A40,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
      CALL GETTIM(IHR,IMIN,ISEC,I100)

```

```

CALL GETDAT(IYR,IMON>IDAY)
IYR=IYR-1900
IF(IHR.LT.12) THEN
  AP=AM
ELSE
  AP=PM
  IF(IHR.GT.12) IHR=IHR-12
ENDIF
CALL CLEARSCREEN(0)
WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
    Welcome to SFREQ - an Intermediate Mode Program
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
    To send a plot to the printer
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
    The computer MUST be in GRAPHICS mode
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
    Hit PrScn to send the current plot to the printer
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
  WRITE(*,'(10X,A)')
*' _____
FFAC=1.0
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)" If you want frequency in rad/sec, hit enter."
WRITE(*,*)(A\))' If you want it in Hertz, enter "H". '
READ(*,(A\))ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'H'.OR.ANS.EQ.'h') FFAC=6.283185
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)" Are the files you are using"
WRITE(*,*)" IMODE.INP - input data"
WRITE(*,*)" IMODE.OUT - output data"
WRITE(*,*)(A\))' Enter Y or N '
READ(*,2)ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
  OPEN(15,FILE='IMODE.INP')
  OPEN(16,FILE='IMODE.OUT')
ELSE
  WRITE(*,*)(A\))' Enter name of file containing input '
  READ(*,2)ROCIN
  OPEN(15,FILE=ROCIN)
  WRITE(*,*)(A\))' Enter name of file for output '
  READ(*,2)ROCOUT

```

```

OPEN(16,FILE=ROCOUP)
ENDIF
XLC=1.0
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'           Welcome to IMODE'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'           Intermediate Mode Rocket Stability Aide'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)' There are three types of input, rocket parameters,
WRITE(*,*)' Oxidizer feed parameters, and fuel feed parameters,
WRITE(*,*)' Each may be read from files or from the keyboard'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'           File Name           Input'
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)'     IMODE.INP or NAME read in   Rocket Parameters  '
WRITE(*,*)'     LOX.INP                  Oxidizer Parameters'
WRITE(*,*)'     FUEL.INP                 Fuel Parameters   '
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,*)' If keyboard entry, you will be prompted for values'
GO TO 21
20 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you want to run another case? Enter Y or N '
READ(*,2)ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'N'.OR.ANS.EQ.'n') STOP
21 CONTINUE
CALL READIN
22 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)'
231 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' Specify how frequency will be input -'
WRITE(*,*)'   Enter R for a range of values'
WRITE(*,*)'   Enter F for values in a file'
WRITE(*,*)'   Enter K (end with -999) to enter values ',
*          'from keyboard'
READ(*,2)ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'R'.OR.ANS.EQ.'r') THEN
2310 CONTINUE
IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter first and last values of frequency ',
*              'in rad/sec and no. of points.'
ELSE
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter first and last values of frequency ',
*              'in hertz and no. of points.'
ENDIF
READ(*,*)STARTF,STOPF,NPTF
IF(NPTF.GT.NOF) THEN

```

```

        WRITE(*,*)' No. of points must be <',NOF
        GO TO 2310
    ENDIF
    IF(STOPF.EQ.0.0) STOPF=STARTF
    IF(NPTF.EQ.0) NPTF=1
    IF(NPTF.EQ.1) THEN
        DELF=0.0
    ELSE
        DELF=(STOPF-STARTF)/(NPTF-1)
    ENDIF
    DO 232 I=1,NPTF
        FREQ(I)=STARTF+DELF*(I-1)
232  CONTINUE
        GO TO 23
    ENDIF
    IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') THEN
        WRITE(*,*)' Is the frequency on IMODE.FRQ?'
        WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter Y or N '
        READ(*,2)ANS
        IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
            OPEN(19,FILE='IMODE.FRQ')
        ELSE
            WRITE(*,'(A\)' )' Enter name of file for frequency '
            READ(*,2)ROCVAR
            OPEN(19,FILE=ROCVAR)
        ENDIF
        READ(19,*)NPTF
        IF(NPTF.GT.NOF) THEN
            WRITE(*,*)' Too many points for program'
            GO TO 231
        ENDIF
        DO 233 I=1,NPTF
            READ(19,*)FREQ(I)
233  CONTINUE
        GO TO 23
    ENDIF
    IF(ANS.EQ.'K'.OR.ANS.EQ.'k') THEN
        NPTF=0
234  CONTINUE
        READ(*,*)VAR1
        IF(VAR1.EQ.-999) GO TO 23
        NPTF=NPTF+1
        FREQ(NPTF)=VAR1
        IF(NPTF.EQ.NOF) GO TO 23
        GO TO 234
    ELSE
        WRITE(*,*)' R, F, or K not entered, try again!'
        GO TO 231
    ENDIF
23   CONTINUE
    WRITE(*,*)' Specify how tau will be input -'
    WRITE(*,*)' Enter R for a range of values'

```

```

        WRITE(*,*)' Enter F for values in a file'
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter K to enter values from keyboard'
        READ(*,2)ANS
        IF(ANS.EQ.'R'.OR.ANS.EQ.'r') GO TO 24
        IF(ANS.EQ.'F'.OR.ANS.EQ.'f') GO TO 26
        IF(ANS.EQ.'K'.OR.ANS.EQ.'k') GO TO 28
        WRITE(*,*)' R, F, or K not entered, try again!'
        GO TO 23
24 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter first and last values of tau ',
        *           'and no. of points.'
        READ(*,*)STARTV,STOPV,NPTS
        IF(NPTS.GT.NOT) THEN
            WRITE(*,*)' No. of points must be <,NOT
            GO TO 24
        ENDIF
        IF(STOPV.EQ.0.0) STOPV=STARTV
        IF(NPTS.EQ.0) NPTS=1
        IF(NPTS.EQ.1) THEN
            DELVAL=0.0
        ELSE
            DELVAL=(STOPV-STARTV)/(NPTS-1)
        ENDIF
        DO 25 I=1,NPTS
            TAULST(I)=STARTV+(I-1)*DELVAL
25 CONTINUE
        GO TO 30
26 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*)' Is tau on IMODE.TAU?'
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter Y or N '
        READ(*,2)ANS
        IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
            OPEN(18,FILE='IMODE.TAU')
        ELSE
            WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter name of file for tau '
            READ(*,2)ROCVAR
            OPEN(18,FILE=ROCVAR)
        ENDIF
        READ(18,*)NPTS
        IF(NPTS.GT.NOT) THEN
            WRITE(*,*)' Too many points for program'
            GO TO 23
        ENDIF
        DO 27 I=1,NPTS
            READ(18,*)TAULST(I)
27 CONTINUE
        GO TO 30
28 CONTINUE
        NPTS=0
29 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')
        *   ' Enter new value for independent variable (-999 to stop) '

```

```

READ(*,*,END=99)VAR1
IF(VAR1.EQ.-999.0) GO TO 30
NPTS=NPTS+1
TAULST(I)=VAR1
IF(NPTS.EQ.NOT) GO TO 30
GO TO 29
30 CONTINUE
DO 32 J=1,NPTF
WRITE(16,2)TITLE
WRITE(16,3)VARP(II),VARP(ID)
IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
  WRITE(16,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(1)
  WRITE(*,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(1)
ELSE
  WRITE(16,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(2)
  WRITE(*,5)FREQ(J),RADHER(2)
ENDIF
WRITE(*,3)VARP(II),VARP(ID)
VAR1=FFAC*FREQ(J)
CALL SETVAR(VAR1,6)
DO 31 I=1,NPTS
  VAR1=TAULST(I)
  CALL SETVAR(VAR1,II)
  CALL ITER(ID,TOL)
  WRITE(16,4)HOLDD(II),HOLDD(ID),FUNB
  WRITE(*,4)HOLDD(II),HOLDD(ID),FUNB
  YP(I,J)=HOLDD(ID)
31 CONTINUE
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')
*           ' Do you wish to see n vs tau for this frequency? '
  READ(*,2)ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
    CALL PLTVAR(TAULST,YP(1,J),NPTS,VARP(II),VARP(ID),FREQ(J))
  ENDIF
32 CONTINUE
CALL PLTALL(TAULST,YP,NOT,NOF,NPTS,NPTF,VARP(II),VARP(ID),FREQ)
GO TO 20
99 CONTINUE
STOP
END
SUBROUTINE ADMIT(S,GADM,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,LFLOW,PCHMB,
*                  SEGMN,TFLOW)
C      determines admittance looking toward tank
COMPLEX CTANH,G(76),GADM,S,W
REAL AREA(75),L(75),LFLOW
INTEGER SEGMN
COMMON /DIMVAL/AJUNK1(8),XLCD,AJUNK2(161)
COMMON /PIPES/PFACE,TFACE,ASTAR
DATA GRAV/32.2/
W=S*ASTAR*2.0/XLCD
G(1)=CTANK*W
GADM=G(1)+1.0

```

```

ZTOP=A*TFLOW/(GRAV*PCHMB)
ZOR=2.0*DPROR*TFLOW/(LFLOW*PCHMB)
DO 21 I=2,SEGMN+1
    ZLINE=ZTOP/AREA(I-1)
    TL=L(I-1)/A
    G(I)=(1.0+CTANH(W*TL)/(G(I-1)*ZLINE))/(1.0+G(I-1)*ZLINE*
*          CTANH(W*TL))
    GADM=GADM*G(I)
    G(I)=G(I)*G(I-1)
21 CONTINUE
    G(SEGMN+2)=1.0+CMAN*W/G(SEGMN+1)
    GADM=GADM*G(SEGMN+2)
    G(SEGMN+2)=G(SEGMN+2)*G(SEGMN+1)
    G(SEGMN+3)=1.0/(1.0+ZOR*G(SEGMN+2))
    GADM=GADM*G(SEGMN+3)
    G(SEGMN+3)=G(SEGMN+3)*G(SEGMN+2)
    GADM=G(SEGMN+3)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BENDS(PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4,VALUE,DIME)
C      Computes effective straight pipe for bend
REAL LBEND,INRAD,INERT,LPRME,NEWLN
BENDR=0.0174533*ABS(PIPE2)
LBEND=PIPE1*BENDR
ARBND=0.785398*PIPE3**2
INRAD=PIPE1-0.5*PIPE3
OTRAD=PIPE1+0.5*PIPE3
RATIO=INRAD/OTRAD
X=RATIO
CALL GINERT(ABS(PIPE2),X,Y)
INERT=(Y*(OTRAD-INRAD))/ARBND
LPRME=LBEND/ARBND
NEWLN=LPRME+INERT
GAMMA=NEWLN/LPRME
VALUE=GAMMA*(LBEND+2.0*PIPE4)
AREAB=ARBND/SQRT(GAMMA)
DIME=2.0*SQRT(AREAB/3.1415927)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
C      Evaluates the boundary function
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,GF,GOX,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX FP1,FU1,FSIGP,PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CSINH,CCOSH
C      EVALUATE PP,UP,SIGP, AND FUNB
P1=FP1(XLC)
U1=FU1(XLC)

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```

P0=P00*CCOSH(S*XLC)
U0=-(1.0/GAMMA)*P00*CSINH(S*XLC)
PP=P0+P1
UP=U0+U1
SIGP=FSIGP(XLC)
FUNB=UP+RFA*PP+RFC*SIGP
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CCOSH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic cosine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
COSHR=COSH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
COSHI=SINH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CCOSH=CMPLX(COSHR,COSHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CSINH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic sine
COMPLEX S
REAL LAMDA, MU
LAMDA=REAL(S)
MU=AIMAG(S)
SINHR=SINH(LAMDA)*COS(MU)
SINHI=COSH(LAMDA)*SIN(MU)
CSINH=CMPLX(SINHR,SINHI)
RETURN
END
COMPLEX FUNCTION CTANH(S)
C      Evaluates the complex hyperbolic tangent
COMPLEX S,CTANN,CTAND,CSINH,CCOSH
CTANN=CSINH(S)
CTAND=CCOSH(S)
CTANH=(0.0,0.0)
IF(CTAND.NE.0.0) CTANH=CTANN/CTAND
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE EVAL(X)
C      Evaluates parameters at a given x location
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX CSINH,CCOSH
C      EVALUATE EVERYTHING EXCEPT PP,UP,SIGP
IF(NVAL.EQ.1) THEN
    UB=UBAR(1)

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```

        GO TO 23
      ENDIF
      DO 21 I=2,NVAL
        IF(X.LE.XBAR(I)) GO TO 22
21  CONTINUE
      UB=UBAR(NVAL)
      GO TO 23
22  CONTINUE
      FAC=(X-XBAR(I-1))/(XBAR(I)-XBAR(I-1))
      UB=UBAR(I-1)+FAC*(UBAR(I)-UBAR(I-1))
23  CONTINUE
      RFH=(1.0+RBAR)*((RBAR/CSTAR)*DCSDR-NR*S*TAU)*(GOX
      * -RBAR*GF)/RBAR
      RFK=(1.0+S*TAUT)*(GOX+GF)
      RFP=N*(1.0-CEXP(S*TAU))
      P0=P00*CCOSH(S*X)
      U0=-(1.0/GAMMA)*P00*CSINH(S*X)
      X1=(GAMMA-1.0)*UB*U0+(1.0+RBAR)*DHLDL*(MBAR/S)
      * *CEXP(-S*TAUT)*(GOX-RBAR*GF)*P00
      Y1=-UB*P0
      Z1=(1.0/GAMMA)*UB*P0+RHOLO*ULO
      W1=2.0*UB*U0
      M1=MBAR*(CEXP(-S*TAUT)*(RFK+RFH)*P00-RFP*P0)
      RETURN
      END
      COMPLEX FUNCTION FP1(XL)
C      Evaluates P1
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
      *           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDL,CSTAR,
      *           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      COMPLEX CSINH,CCOSH
      COMPLEX VINT
C      EVALUATE P1
      DX=XL/50.0
      FP1=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
      DO 23 I=1,51
        X=(I-1)*DX
        CALL EVAL(X)
        VINT=(S*(W1-X1)+M1)*CSINH(S*(XL-X))
        * +S*(Y1+Z1)*CCOSH(S*(XL-X))
        IF(I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.51) THEN
          FP1=FP1+0.5*VINT*DX
        ELSE
          FP1=FP1+VINT*DX
        ENDIF
23  CONTINUE
      FP1=-GAMMA*(W1+FP1)
      RETURN

```

```

      END
      COMPLEX FUNCTION FSIGP(XL)
C      Evaluates SIG'
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /REVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      REAL UB(51)
      COMPLEX VINT(51),VVINT(51),FSIG2,FCON
C      EVALUATE FSIGP (INTEGRATION NOT CHANGED YET)
      DX=XL/50.0
      DO 23 I=1,51
         X=(I-1)*DX
         IF(NVAL.EQ.1) THEN
            UB(I)=UBAR(1)
            GO TO 23
         ENDIF
         DO 21 II=2,NVAL
            IF(X.LE.XBAR(II)) GO TO 22
21    CONTINUE
         II=NVAL
22    CONTINUE
         FAC=(X-XBAR(II-1))/(XBAR(II)-XBAR(II-1))
         UB(I)=UBAR(II-1)+FAC*(UBAR(II)-UBAR(II-1))
23    CONTINUE
      DO 24 I=1,51
         X=(I-1)*DX
         CALL EVAL(X)
         VINT(I)=((GAMMA-1.0)/GAMMA)*P0
         VVINT(I)=1.0/UB(I)
24    CONTINUE
      FCON=(1.0+RBAR)*DHLDR*(GOX-RBAR*GF)*P00
*           *CEXP(-S*TAUT)
      DO 26 I=1,51
         FSIG2=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
         DO 25 J=I,51
            IF(J.EQ.I.OR.J.EQ.51) THEN
               FSIG2=FSIG2+0.5*VVINT(J)*DX
            ELSE
               FSIG2=FSIG2+VVINT(J)*DX
            ENDIF
25    CONTINUE
         FSIG2=CEXP(-S*FSIG2)
         VINT(I)=(VINT(I)+FCON)*MBAR*FSIG2
26    CONTINUE
      FSIGP=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
      DO 27 I=1,51
         IF(I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.51) THEN
            FSIGP=FSIGP+0.5*VINT(I)*DX

```

```

        ELSE
          FSIGP=FSIGP+VINT(I)*DX
        ENDIF
27 CONTINUE
  FSIGP=-FSIGP/UB(51)
  RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FUEL(S,GF)
C      Handles fuel piping logic
COMMON /PIPE5/PFACE,TFACE,ASTAR
COMPLEX GF,S
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
CHARACTER*24 FUELIN
CHARACTER*20 TITLF
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTRT/0/,GRAV/32.2/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
IF(ISTRT.EQ.0) THEN
  ISTRT=1
  WRITE(*,*)' Is the file with fuel line data FUEL.INP?'
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')           Enter Y or N '
  READ(*,'(A\')')ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
    OPEN(UNIT=11,FILE='FUEL.INP')
  ELSE
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter name of file with fuel line data '
    READ(*,'(A\')')FUELIN
    OPEN(11,FILE=FUELIN)
  ENDIF
C      FUEL TITLE
  READ(11,'(A\')')TITLF
C      TANK CONDITIONS
  READ(11,1)VOL
  READ(11,1)LFLOW
  READ(11,1)KTANK
C      MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
  READ(11,1)DENS
  READ(11,1)TFLW
  READ(11,1)VOLMF
  READ(11,1)KMAN
  READ(11,1)PCHMB
C      ORFICE CONDITION
  READ(11,1)DPROR
  A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
  CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PCHMB)/(KTANK*TFLW)
  CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PCHMB)/(KMAN*TFLW)
C      PIPING
  READ(11,2)SEGMN
DO 21 I=1,SEGMN

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        READ(11,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
        IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
            CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
        ELSE
            VALUE=PIPE1(I)
            DIME=PIPE2(I)
        ENDIF
        AREAAB=0.785398*DIME**2
        L(I)=VALUE
        AREA(I)=AREAAB
        DIA(I)=DIME
21    CONTINUE
        ENDIF
        FLOWL=LFLOW*TFACE/TFLOW
        CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PFACE)/(KTANK*TFACE)
        CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PFACE)/(KMAN*TFACE)
        CALL ADMIT(S,GF,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,FLOWL,PFACE,
*                      SEGMN,TFACE)
        RETURN
        END
        COMPLEX FUNCTION FU1(XL)
C      Evaluates U1
        COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*                      S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
        COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*                      DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
        COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
        REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU
        COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
        COMPLEX CSINH,CCOSH
        COMPLEX VINT
C      EVALUATE U1
        DX=XL/50.0
        FU1=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
        DO 23 I=1,51
            X=(I-1)*DX
            CALL EVAL(X)
            VINT=(S*(W1-X1)+M1)*CCOSH(S*(XL-X))
*                      +S*(Y1+Z1)*CSINH(S*(XL-X))
            IF(I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.51) THEN
                FU1=FU1+0.5*VINT*DX
            ELSE
                FU1=FU1+VINT*DX
            ENDIF
23    CONTINUE
        FU1=Y1+FU1
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE GINERT(BEND,X,Y)
C      Evaluates curve fit of inertance of bends
        DIMENSION B(3)
        DATA B/0.0,0.7877014E-02,-0.2814679E-04/

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A=B(1)+(B(2)+B(3)*BEND)*BEND
Y=A*(X-1.0)**2
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ITER(ID,TOL)
C      Iterates for dependent variable
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
COMMON /RESULT/PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(13)
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CVAR(17)
EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
CALL SETVAL(VAL1,ID)
CALL BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
FUN1=REAL(FUNB)
IF(ABS(FUN1).LE.TOL) GO TO 22
VAL2=1.01*VAL1
IF(VAL1.EQ.0) VAL2=0.01
CALL SETVAR(VAL2,ID)
CALL BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
FUN2=REAL(FUNB)
IF(ABS(FUN2).LE.TOL) GO TO 22
IF(FUN1.EQ.FUN2) THEN
  VAL=VAL1+VAL2
ELSE
  VAL=VAL1-FUN1*(VAL2-VAL1)/(FUN2-FUN1)
ENDIF
IF(ABS(FUN2).LT.ABS(FUN1)) THEN
  FUN=FUN2
  FUN2=FUN1
  FUN1=FUN
  VAL=VAL2
  VAL2=VAL1
  VAL1=VAL
ENDIF
DO 21 I=1,20
CALL SETVAR(VAL,ID)
CALL BOUND(PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB)
FUN=REAL(FUNB)
IF(ABS(FUN).LE.TOL) GO TO 22
IF(ABS(FUN).LT.ABS(FUN1)) THEN
  FUN2=FUN1
  FUN1=FUN
  VAL2=VAL1
  VAL1=VAL
ELSE
  FUN2=FUN
  VAL2=VAL

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ENDIF
IF(FUN1.EQ.FUN2) THEN
  IF(VAL1.EQ.VAL2) THEN
    VAL=VAL1+VAL2
  ELSE
    VAL=0.5*(VAL1+VAL2)
  ENDIF
ELSE
  VAL=VAL1-FUN1*(VAL2-VAL1)/(FUN2-FUN1)
ENDIF
21 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' FAILED TO CONVERGE after 20 iterations'
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LOX(S,GOX)
C   Handles lox piping logic
COMMON /PIPE/PIPE1,PIPE2,PIPE3,PIPE4
COMPLEX GOX,S
REAL AREA(75),DIA(75),L(75),KMAN,KTANK,LFLOW
REAL PIPE1(75),PIPE2(75),PIPE3(75),PIPE4(75)
INTEGER SEGMN,SECTN(75)
CHARACTER*24 LOXIN
CHARACTER*20 TITLO
CHARACTER*1 ANS
DATA ISTR/0/,GRAV/32.2/
1 FORMAT(E15.6)
2 FORMAT(I5,4E15.6)
IF(ISTR.EQ.0) THEN
  ISTR=1
  WRITE(*,*)' Is the file with lox line data LOX.INP?'
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')      Enter Y or N '
  READ(*,'(A\')')ANS
  IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
    OPEN(UNIT=10,FILE='LOX.INP')
  ELSE
    WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter name of file with lox line data '
    READ(*,'(A\')')LOXIN
    OPEN(10,FILE=LOXIN)
  ENDIF
C   LOX TITLE
  READ(10,'(A\')')TITLO
C   TANK CONDITIONS
  READ(10,1)VOL
  READ(10,1)LFLOW
  READ(10,1)KTANK
C   MANIFOLD CONDITIONS
  READ(10,1)DENS
  READ(10,1)TFLOW
  READ(10,1)VOLMF
  READ(10,1)KMAN
  READ(10,1)PCHMB

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C      ORFICE CONDITION
READ(10,1)DPROR
A=SQRT(GRAV*KTANK/DENS)
CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PCHMB)/(KTANK*TFLOW)
CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PCHMB)/(KMAN*TFLOW)
C      PIPING
READ(10,2)SEGMN
DO 21 I=1,SEGMN
  READ(10,2)SECTN(I),PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I)
  IF(SECTN(I).EQ.0) THEN
    CALL BENDS(PIPE1(I),PIPE2(I),PIPE3(I),PIPE4(I),VALUE,DIME)
  ELSE
    VALUE=PIPE1(I)
    DIME=PIPE2(I)
  ENDIF
  AREAAB=0.785398*DIME**2
  L(I)=VALUE
  AREA(I)=AREAAB
  DIA(I)=DIME
21 CONTINUE
ENDIF
FLOWL=LFLOW*TFACE/TFLOW
CTANK=(DENS*VOL*PFACE)/(KTANK*TFACE)
CMAN=(DENS*VOLMF*PFACE)/(KMAN*TFACE)
CALL ADMIT(S,GOX,A,AREA,CMAN,CTANK,DPROR,L,FLOWL,PFACE,
*           SEGMN,TFACE)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE NONDIM(HOLD)
C      Nondimensionalizes variables
COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDL,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,UL0,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
COMMON /PIPES/PFACE,TFACE,ASTAR
COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
CHARACTER*60 TITLE
CHARACTER*40 TITLF
REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(15)
REAL MBARD,ND,NRD,LAMDAD,MUD
REAL HOLD(20),UBARD(50),RHOBAR(50)
COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
COMPLEX CVAR(17)
CHARACTER*8 VAR(13),VARD(20)
EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
EQUIVALENCE
*     (ND,HOLDD(1)),(TAUD,HOLDD(2)),(DTAUD,HOLDD(3)),
*     (NRD,HOLDD(4)),(LAMDAD,HOLDD(5)),(MUD,HOLDD(6)),

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*      (CDIAM,HOLDD(7)),(TDIAM,HOLDD(8)),(XLCD,HOLDD(9)),
*      (GAMMAD,HOLDD(10)),(RGAS,HOLDD(11)),(POOD,HOLDD(12)),
*      (MBARD,HOLDD(13)),(RBARD,HOLDD(14)),(DCSDRD,HOLDD(15)),
*      (DHLDRD,HOLDD(16)),(RHOLOD,HOLDD(17)),(ULOD,HOLDD(18)),
*      (PCHMB,HOLDD(19)),(TCHMB,HOLDD(20))
      DATA VAR/'      N=','     TAU=','    DTAU=','    NR=','   RBAR=',
*           ,     MBAR=','   GAMMA=','   P00=','   DHLDR=','   CSTAR=',
*           ,     DCSDR=','   RHOLO=','   ULO='/>
      DATA VARD/'     N =','     TAU =','    DTAU =','    NR =','   LAMDA =',
*           ,     MU =','   CDIAM =','   TDIAM =','   XLC =','   GAMMA =',
*           ,     RGAS =','   P00 =','   MBAR =','   RBAR =','   DCSDR =',
*           ,     DHLDR =','   RHOLO =','   ULO =','   PCHMB =','   TCHMB ='
      DATA PI/3.141593/,GC/32.174/
1 FORMAT(A)
2 FORMAT(A8,1PE13.5,2X,A8,E13.5,2X,A8,E13.5)
3 FORMAT(' ')
C
C      N      - HOLD(1)
C      TAU     - HOLD(2)
C      DTAU    - HOLD(3)
C      NR      - HOLD(4)
C      LAMDA   - HOLD(5)
C      MU      - HOLD(6)
C      CDIAM   - HOLD(7)
C      TDIAM   - HOLD(8)
C      XLC     - HOLD(9)
C      GAMMA   - HOLD(10)
C      RGAS    - HOLD(11)
C      P00     - HOLD(12)
C      MBAR    - HOLD(13)
C      RBAR    - HOLD(14)
C      DCSDR   - HOLD(15)
C      DHLDR   - HOLD(16)
C      RHOLO   - HOLD(17)
C      ULO     - HOLD(18)
C      PCHMB   - HOLD(19)
C      TCHMB   - HOLD(20)
C      PBAR    - PBAR
C      TBAR    - TBAR
C      XBARD   - XBARD
C
C      PCHMB = PBAR(1)
C      TFLOW = LFLOW(LOX) + LFLOW(FUEL)
C      LFLOW = LINE FLOW OF LOX OR FUEL
C
DO 21 I=1,20
  HOLDD(I)=HOLD(I)
21 CONTINUE
IF(PCHMB.NE.PBAR(1)) THEN
  FAC=PCHMB/PBAR(1)
  DO 22 I=1,NVAL
    PBAR(I)=FAC*PBAR(I)

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22 CONTINUE
ENDIF
IF(TCHMB.NE.TBAR(1)) THEN
  FAC=TCHMB/TBAR(1)
  DO 23 I=1,NVAL
    TBAR(I)=FAC*TBAR(I)
23 CONTINUE
ENDIF
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,*)' CAREA=',CAREA
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
WRITE(16,*)' TAREA=',TAREA
PFACE=PBAR(1)
PEXIT=PBAR(NVAL)
TFACE=MBARD
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
WRITE(16,*)' ASTAR=',ASTAR
CSTARD=PEXIT*TAREA*GC/MBARD
WRITE(16,*)' CSTARD=',CSTARD
DO 24 I=1,NVAL
  RHOBAR(I)=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
  WRITE(16,*)' RHOBAR=',RHOBAR(I)
  UBARD(I)=MBARD/(RHOBAR(I)*CAREA)
  WRITE(16,*)' UBARD=',UBARD(I)
24 CONTINUE
N=ND
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
NR=NRD
RBAR=RBARD
MBAR=MBARD/(RHOBAR(1)*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
GAMMA=GAMMAD
P00=POOD/PBAR(1)
DHLDRL=DHLDRD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOBAR(1)
ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
XLC=1.0
DO 25 I=1,NVAL
  XBAR(I)=XBARD(I)/XLCD
  UBAR(I)=UBARD(I)/ASTAR
25 CONTINUE
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
CALL FUEL(S,GF)
CALL LOX(S,GOX)
RFAR=(GAMMA-1.0)*UBAR(1)/(2.0*GAMMA)
RFA=CMPLX(RFAR,0.0)

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RFC=CMPLX(0.0,0.0)
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,1)TITLE
WRITE(*,*)'                               DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(*,'(  NVAL='',I5)')NVAL
WRITE(*,'(  XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBARD(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,'(  UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBARD(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,2)(VARD(I),HOLDD(I),I=1,20)
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,1)TITLE
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,*)'                               DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(16,'(  NVAL='',I5)')NVAL
WRITE(16,'(  XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBARD(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,'(  UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBARD(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,2)(VARD(I),HOLDD(I),I=1,20)
WRITE(*,*)'                               NON-DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(*,'(  NVAL='',I5)')NVAL
WRITE(*,'(  XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,'(  UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(*,'(  S='',1P2E13.5)')LAMDA,MU
WRITE(*,2)(VAR(I),RVAR(I),I=1,13)
WRITE(*,'(  GF='',1P2E13.5,5X,''      GOX='',2E13.5)')GF,GOX
WRITE(*,'(  RFA='',1P2E13.5,5X,''      RFC='',2E13.5)')RFA,RFC
WRITE(16,3)
WRITE(16,*)'                               NON-DIMENSIONAL VARIABLES'
WRITE(16,'(  NVAL='',I5)')NVAL
WRITE(16,'(  XBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(XBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,'(  UBAR='',1P4E13.5/(8X,4E13.5))')(UBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
WRITE(16,'(  S='',1P2E13.5)')LAMDA,MU
WRITE(16,2)(VAR(I),RVAR(I),I=1,13)
WRITE(16,'(  GF='',1P2E13.5,5X,''      GOX='',2E13.5)')GF,GOX
WRITE(16,'(  RFA='',1P2E13.5,5X,''      RFC='',2E13.5)')RFA,RFC
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Hit ENTER to continue '
READ(*,*)'
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PLTALL(X,Y,NOT,NOF,N,M,LABLX,LABLY,FREQ)
C     Plots n vs τ for all frequencies
DIMENSION X(NOT),Y(NOT,NOF),FREQ(NOF)
CHARACTER*8 LABLX,LABLY,LABFAC(7)
CHARACTER*8 XLBL(2),YLBL(2)
CHARACTER*16 FREQL
COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
CHARACTER*60 TITLE
CHARACTER*40 TITLF
COMMON /FFACT/FFAC
CHARACTER*8 RADHER(2)
DATA RADHER/' rad/sec',' Hertz '/
DATA LABFAC/'      ',' x 10  ',' x 100  ',' x 1000 ',,

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```

*           ' x-10  ', ' x-100  ', ' x-1000  '
DATA ASPECT/1.35/
1 FORMAT(F8.1,A)
CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1) MODE=6
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2) MODE=16
IF(IBOARD.EQ.3) MODE=18
YMIN=Y(1,1)
YMAX=Y(N,1)
XMIN=X(1)
XMAX=X(N)
DO 21 I=1,N
  IF(XMIN.GT.X(I)) XMIN=X(I)
  IF(XMAX.LT.X(I)) XMAX=X(I)
DO 21 J=1,M
  IF(YMIN.GT.Y(I,J)) YMIN=Y(I,J)
  IF(YMAX.LT.Y(I,J)) YMAX=Y(I,J)
21 CONTINUE
IF(YMIN.GT.0.0) YMIN=0.0
IXLAB=1
IF(XMAX.LT.0.1) IXLAB=2
IF(XMAX.LT.0.01) IXLAB=3
IF(XMAX.LT.0.001) IXLAB=4
IF(XMAX.GT.10.0) IXLAB=5
IF(XMAX.GT.100.0) IXLAB=6
IF(XMAX.GT.1000.0) IXLAB=7
IYLAB=1
IF(YMAX.LT.0.1) IYLAB=2
IF(YMAX.LT.0.01) IYLAB=3
IF(YMAX.LT.0.001) IYLAB=4
IF(YMAX.GT.10.0) IYLAB=5
IF(YMAX.GT.100.0) IYLAB=6
IF(YMAX.GT.1000.0) IYLAB=7
IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.2) XFAC=10.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.3) XFAC=100.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.4) XFAC=1000.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.5) XFAC=0.01
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.6) XFAC=0.001
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.7) XFAC=0.0001
  XMIN=XMIN*XFAC
  XMAX=XMAX*XFAC
  DO 22 I=1,N
    X(I)=X(I)*XFAC
22 CONTINUE
ENDIF
IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN

```

```

IF(IYLAB.EQ.2) YFAC=10.0
IF(IYLAB.EQ.3) YFAC=100.0
IF(IYLAB.EQ.4) YFAC=1000.0
IF(IYLAB.EQ.5) YFAC=0.01
IF(IYLAB.EQ.6) YFAC=0.001
IF(IYLAB.EQ.7) YFAC=0.0001
YMIN=YMIN*YFAC
YMAX=YMAX*YFAC
DO 23 J=1,M
DO 23 I=1,N
Y(I,J)=Y(I,J)*YFAC
23 CONTINUE
ENDIF
XLBL(1)=LABLX
XLBL(2)=LABFAC(IXLAB)
YLBL(1)=LABLY
YLBL(2)=LABFAC(IYLAB)
XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
ICOLR=4
IFIL=3
ILIN=1
CALL QSMODE(MODE)
IF(IBOARD.NE.1) THEN
CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
ENDIF
JCOL1=150
JCOL2=500
JROW1=40
IF(MODE.EQ.6) JROW1=60
JROW2=149
IF(MODE.EQ.16) JROW2=299
IF(MODE.EQ.18) JROW2=419
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=0
IF(MODE.NE.18) THEN
CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,23)
ELSE
CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,29)
ENDIF
CALL QPTXT(8,YLBL(1),7,2,15)
CALL QPTXT(8,YLBL(2),7,2,14)
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN,-2,IFIL)
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,0.0,0,0,0)
CALL QPTXTA(16,XLBL,7)
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)
CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
DO 24 J=1,M

```

```

IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0) THEN
  WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ(J),RADHER(1)
ELSE
  WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ(J),RADHER(2)
ENDIF
IF(MOD(J,2).EQ.0) THEN
  CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN+1,-2,IFIL)
ELSE
  CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN,-2,IFIL)
ENDIF
CALL QTABL(1,N,X,Y(1,J))
CALL QRTOI(X(N),Y(N,J),IXPIX,IYPIX)
IYPIX=IYPIX-5
IXPIX=IXPIX+2
CALL QGXT(16,FREQL,7,IXPIX,IYPIX,0)
24 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 25
CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
CALL QSMODE(MODET)
IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
  DO 31 I=1,N
    X(I)=X(I)/XFAC
31 CONTINUE
ENDIF
IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN
  DO 32 J=1,M
    DO 32 I=1,N
      Y(I,J)=Y(I,J)/YFAC
32 CONTINUE
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE PLTVAR(X,Y,N,LBLX,LABLX,FREQ)
C   Plots n vs t for a single frequency
DIMENSION X(N),Y(N)
CHARACTER*8 LBLX,LABLX,LABFAC(7)
CHARACTER*8 XLBL(2),YLBL(2)
COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON>IDAY
COMMON /FFACT/FFAC
INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON>IDAY
CHARACTER*2 AP
CHARACTER*60 TITLE
CHARACTER*40 TITLF
CHARACTER*29 FREQL
CHARACTER*8 RADHER(2)
DATA RADHER/' rad/sec',' Hertz  '/
DATA LABFAC/'      ',' x 10  ',' x 100  ',' x 1000  ',
*                   ',' x-10  ',' x-100  ',' x-1000  '/
DATA ASPECT/1.35/
1 FORMAT('frequency =',F10.3,A)

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CALL QRMODE(MODET,NCOLT)
CALL QVIDBD(IBOARD)
IF(IBOARD.LT.1.OR.IBOARD.GT.3) THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Graphics board not installed!'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(IBOARD.EQ.1) MODE=6
IF(IBOARD.EQ.2) MODE=16
IF(IBOARD.EQ.3) MODE=18
XMIN=X(1)
XMAX=X(N)
YMIN=Y(1)
YMAX=Y(N)
DO 21 I=1,N
  IF(XMIN.GT.X(I)) XMIN=X(I)
  IF(XMAX.LT.X(I)) XMAX=X(I)
  IF(YMIN.GT.Y(I)) YMIN=Y(I)
  IF(YMAX.LT.Y(I)) YMAX=Y(I)
21 CONTINUE
IF(YMIN.GT.0.0) YMIN=0.0
IXLAB=1
IF(XMAX.LT.0.1) IXLAB=2
IF(XMAX.LT.0.01) IXLAB=3
IF(XMAX.LT.0.001) IXLAB=4
IF(XMAX.GT.10.0) IXLAB=5
IF(XMAX.GT.100.0) IXLAB=6
IF(XMAX.GT.1000.0) IXLAB=7
IYLAB=1
IF(YMAX.LT.0.1) IYLAB=2
IF(YMAX.LT.0.01) IYLAB=3
IF(YMAX.LT.0.001) IYLAB=4
IF(YMAX.GT.10.0) IYLAB=5
IF(YMAX.GT.100.0) IYLAB=6
IF(YMAX.GT.1000.0) IYLAB=7
IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.2) XFAC=10.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.3) XFAC=100.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.4) XFAC=1000.0
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.5) XFAC=0.01
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.6) XFAC=0.001
  IF(IXLAB.EQ.7) XFAC=0.0001
  XMIN=XMIN*XFAC
  XMAX=XMAX*XFAC
  DO 22 I=1,N
    X(I)=X(I)*XFAC
22 CONTINUE
ENDIF
IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.2) YFAC=10.0
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.3) YFAC=100.0
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.4) YFAC=1000.0
  IF(IYLAB.EQ.5) YFAC=0.01

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IF(IYLAB.EQ.6)  YFAC=0.001
IF(IYLAB.EQ.7)  YFAC=0.0001
YMIN=YMIN*YFAC
YMAX=YMAX*YFAC
DO 23 I=1,N
    Y(I)=Y(I)*YFAC
23 CONTINUE
ENDIF
XLBL(1)=LABLX
XLBL(2)=LABFAC(ILBL)
YLBL(1)=LABLY
YLBL(2)=LABFAC(IYLAB)
XMAJ=0.2*(XMAX-XMIN)
YMAJ=0.2*(YMAX-YMIN)
ICOLR=4
IFIL=3
ILIN=1
CALL QSMODE(MODE)
IF(IBOARD.NE.1)  THEN
    CALL QPREG(0,ICOLR)
ENDIF
JCOL1=150
JCOL2=500
JROW1=40
IF(MODE.EQ.6)  JROW1=60
JROW2=149
IF(MODE.EQ.16)  JROW2=299
IF(MODE.EQ.18)  JROW2=419
XORG=XMIN
YORG=YMIN
YOVERX=1.0
IOPT=0
IF(FFAC.EQ.1.0)  THEN
    WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ,RADHER(1)
ELSE
    WRITE(FREQL,1)FREQ,RADHER(2)
ENDIF
IF(MODE.NE.18)  THEN
    CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,23)
    CALL QPTXT(29,FREQL,7,25,22)
ELSE
    CALL QPTXT(60,TITLE,7,5,29)
    CALL QPTXT(29,FREQL,7,25,28)
ENDIF
CALL QPTXT(8,YLBL(1),7,2,15)
CALL QPTXT(8,YLBL(2),7,2,14)
CALL QPLOT(JCOL1,JCOL2,JROW1,JROW2,XMIN,XMAX,YMIN,YMAX,
*           XORG,YORG,IOPT,YOVERX,ASPECT)
CALL QSETUP(0,ILIN,-2,IFIL)
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,0.0,0,0,0)
CALL QPTXTA(16,XLBL,7)
CALL QXAXIS(XMIN,XMAX,XMAJ,0,-1,2)

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        CALL QYAXIS(YMIN,YMAX,YMAJ,0,-1,2)
        CALL QTABL(1,N,X,Y)
24 CONTINUE
        CALL QONKEY(IKEY)
        IF(IKEY.EQ.0) GO TO 24
        CALL QINKEY(IEXTEN,IKEY)
        CALL QS MODE(MODET)
25 CONTINUE
        IF(IXLAB.NE.1) THEN
          DO 31 I=1,N
            X(I)=X(I)/XFAC
31 CONTINUE
        ENDIF
        IF(IYLAB.NE.1) THEN
          DO 32 I=1,N
            Y(I)=Y(I)/YFAC
32 CONTINUE
        ENDIF
        RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE READIN
      Reads input data
      COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
      COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,POO,DHLDL,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
      COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
      COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
      COMMON /TITL/TITLE,TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      INTEGER*2 IHR,IMIN,IYR,IMON,IDAY
      CHARACTER*2 AP
      CHARACTER*60 TITLE
      CHARACTER*40 TITLF
      REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(15)
      REAL MBARD,ND,ND,RD,LAMDAD,MUD,HOLD(20)
      COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
      COMPLEX CVAR(17)
      EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
      EQUIVALENCE (ND,HOLD(1)),(TAUD,HOLD(2)),(DTAUD,HOLD(3)),
*           (NRD,HOLD(4)),(LAMDAD,HOLD(5)),(MUD,HOLD(6)),
*           (CDIAM,HOLD(7)),(TDIAM,HOLD(8)),(XLCD,HOLD(9)),
*           (GAMMAD,HOLD(10)),(RGAS,HOLD(11)),(POOD,HOLD(12)),
*           (MBARD,HOLD(13)),(RBARD,HOLD(14)),(DCSDRD,HOLD(15)),
*           (DHLDRL,HOLD(16)),(RHOLOD,HOLD(17)),(ULOD,HOLD(18)),
*           (PCHMB,HOLD(19)),(TCHMB,HOLD(20)))
      CHARACTER*8 VAR(20),VARP(20),VARL(20),NAME
      CHARACTER*1 ANS
      DATA IGO/0/
      DATA VAR /'    ND =', '    TAUD =', '    DTAUD =', '    NRD =', '    LAMDAD =',
*           '    MUD =', '    CDIAM =', '    TDIAM =', '    XLCD =', '    GAMMAD =',
*           '    RGAS =', '    POOD =', '    MBARD =', '    RBARD =', '    DCSDRD =',
*           '    DHLDRL =', '    RHOLOD =', '    ULOD =', '    PCHMB =', '    TCHMB ='/

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      DATA VARP/'ND      ','TAUD      ','DTAUD      ','NRD      ','LAMDAD      ',
*      'MUD      ','CDIAM      ','TDIAM      ','XLCD      ','GAMMAD      ',
*      'RGAS     ','POOD      ','MBARD      ','RBARD      ','DCSDRD      ',
*      'DHLDRD   ','RHOLOD     ','ULOD      ','PCHMB      ','TCHMB      '/
      DATA VARL/'nd      ','taud      ','dtaud      ','nrd      ','lamdad      ',
*      'mud      ','cdiam      ','tdiam      ','xlcd      ','gammad      ',
*      'rgas     ','p00d      ','mbard      ','rbard      ','dcsrcd      ',
*      'dhldrd   ','rholod     ','ulod      ','pchmb      ','tchmb      '/
1 FORMAT(16I5)
2 FORMAT(4E15.6)
3 FORMAT(3E15.6)
4 FORMAT(A)
5 FORMAT(' Enter X (ft), P (lbf/ft^2), and T (^R) for point ',
*           I3, ' ')
6 FORMAT(1P4E15.6)
7 FORMAT(2X,A8,2X,A8,2X,A8,2X,A8,2X,A8,2X,A8)
8 FORMAT(2X,A8,1PE13.5,2X,A8,E13.5,2X,A8,E13.5)
9 FORMAT(1P3E15.6)
10 FORMAT(A40,2X,I2.2,':',I2.2,A2,3X,I2.2,'-',I2.2,'-',I2.2)
IF(IGO.EQ.1) THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish to use old data with or without chan
*ges? Y or N '
  READ(*,4)ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') GO TO 24
ENDIF
IGO=1
WRITE(*,*)'
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Is your rocket input on file? Y OR N '
READ(*,4)ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'N'.AND.ANS.NE.'n') THEN
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Does the file need to be rewound? Y OR N '
  READ(*,4)ANS
  IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') REWIND 15
  READ(15,4,END=99)TITLE
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLE,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
  READ(15,1,END=99)NVAL
  IF(NVAL.EQ.0) GO TO 99
  READ(15,3)(XBARD(I),PBAR(I),TBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
  PCHMB=PBAR(1)
  TCHMB=TBAR(1)
  READ(15,2)ND,TAUD,DTAUD,NRD
  READ(15,2)LAMDAD,MUD
  READ(15,2)CDIAM,TDIAM,XLCD
  READ(15,2)GAMMAD,RGAS,POOD
  READ(15,2)MBARD,RBARD
  READ(15,2)DCSDRD,DHLDRD,RHOLOD,ULOD
ELSE
  WRITE(*,'(A\')')' How many points along centerline? '
  READ(*,*,END=99)NVAL
  IF(NVAL.EQ.0) GO TO 99
  DO 21 I=1,NVAL
    WRITE(*,5)I

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        READ(*,*)XBARD(I),PBAR(I),TBAR(I)
21 CONTINUE
        PCHMB=PBAR(1)
        TCHMB=TBAR(1)
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter Title'
        READ(*,4)TITLF
        WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter N (pressure interaction index) and NR',
        *           , '(enthalpy interaction index)'
        READ(*,*)ND,NR
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter TAU (sensitive time lag - sec) and DTAU',
        *           , '(invariant time lag - sec)'
        READ(*,*)TAUD,DTAUD
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter LAMDA and MU (real and imaginary parts',
        *           , ' of frequency'
        READ(*,*)LAMDAD,MUD
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter XLCD (length of combustion chamber - ft)'
        READ(*,*)XLCD
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter CDIAM (chamber diameter - ft) and TDIAM',
        *           , '(throat diameter - ft)'
        READ(*,*)CDIAM,TDIAM
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter GAMMA (ratio of specific heats), RGAS',
        *           , '(gas constant - ft^2/sec^2/R)'
        READ(*,*)GAMMAD,RGAS
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter P00 (maximum overpressure - 1bf/ft^2)'
        READ(*,*)POOD
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter MBAR (mean combustion response function -',
        *           , ' 1bm/sec)'
        WRITE(*,*)' and RBAR (mean mixture ratio)'
        READ(*,*)MBARD,RBARD
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter DCSDR (dc*/dr - ft/sec) and DHLDI',
        *           , '(dh/dr - ft^2/sec^2)'
        READ(*,*)DCSDRD,DHLDI
        WRITE(*,*)' Enter RHOLO (mass of liquid/unit chamber vol -',
        *           , ' 1bm/ft^3)'
        WRITE(*,*)' and ULO (axial component of liquid velocity',
        *           , ' - ft/sec)'
        READ(*,*)RHOLOD,ULOD
        WRITE(15,4)TITLF
        WRITE(15,1)NVAL
        WRITE(15,9)(XBARD(I),PBAR(I),TBAR(I),I=1,NVAL)
        WRITE(15,6)ND,TAUD,DTAUD,NR
        WRITE(15,6)LAMDAD,MUD
        WRITE(15,6)CDIAM,TDIAM,XLCD
        WRITE(15,6)GAMMAD,RGAS,POOD
        WRITE(15,6)MBARD,RBARD
        WRITE(15,6)DCSDRD,DHLDI,RHOLOD,ULOD
ENDIF
CALL NONDIM(HOLD)
RETURN
24 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' are there any changes? Y or N '

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```

READ(*,4)ANS
IF(ANS.NE.'Y'.AND.ANS.NE.'y') THEN
  CALL NONDIM(HOLD)
  RETURN
ENDIF
WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Do you wish to change title? Y or N '
READ(*,4)ANS
IF(ANS.EQ.'Y'.OR.ANS.EQ.'y') THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Enter Title'
  READ(*,4)TITLF
  WRITE(TITLE,10)TITLF,IHR,IMIN,AP,IMON,IDAY,IYR
ENDIF
GO TO 29
27 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' , VARIABLE NAMES AND DESCRIPTIONS'
WRITE(*,*)' ,
WRITE(*,*)' ND      - pressure interaction index'
WRITE(*,*)' TAUD    - sensitive time lag          sec'
WRITE(*,*)' DTAUD   - invariant time lag          sec'
WRITE(*,*)' NRD     - enthalpy interaction index'
WRITE(*,*)' LAMDAD  - damping of perturbation'
WRITE(*,*)' MUD     - frequency of perturbation'
WRITE(*,*)' CDIAM   - chamber diameter            ft'
WRITE(*,*)' TDIAM   - throat diameter             ft'
WRITE(*,*)' XLCD    - length of combustion chamber  ft'
WRITE(*,*)' GAMMAD  - ratio of specific heats'
WRITE(*,*)' RGAS    - gas constant                 ,
*           '(ft/sec)^2/'R'
WRITE(*,*)' POOD    - maximum pressure          ,
*           'lbf/ft^2'
WRITE(*,*)' MBARD   - mean combustion response funct.  ,
*           'lbm/sec'
WRITE(*,*)' RBARD   - mean mixture ratio          ft/sec'
WRITE(*,*)' DCSDRD  - d(c*)/d(mixture ratio)
WRITE(*,*)' DHLDRD  - d(enthalpy)/d(mixture ratio)
*           'ft^2/sec^2'
WRITE(*,*)' RHOLOD  - mass of liquid/unit chamber volume  ,
*           'lbm/ft^3'
WRITE(*,*)' ULOD    - axial component of liquid velocity  ft/sec'
WRITE(*,*)' PCHMB   - chamber pressure at injector        ,
*           'lbf/ft^2'
WRITE(*,*)' TCHMB   - chamber temperature            'R'
WRITE(*,*)' ,
GO TO 30
28 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' , VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES'
WRITE(*,*)' ,
WRITE(*,8)(VAR(I),HOLD(I),I=1,20)
29 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)' ,
WRITE(*,*)' Enter ? to print variable names & descriptions'
WRITE(*,*)' # to print variable names & values'

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        WRITE(*,*),      END when all changes have been made'
        WRITE(*,*),
30 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,'(A\')')' Enter variable name and new value, END, ?, or #
*
        CALL ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
        IF(NAME.EQ.'?') GO TO 27
        IF(NAME.EQ.'#') GO TO 28
        IF(NAME.EQ.'END'.OR.NAME.EQ.'end') THEN
            CALL NONDIM(HOLD)
            RETURN
        ENDIF
        DO 31 II=1,20
            I=II
            IF(NAME.EQ.VARP(I).OR.NAME.EQ.VARL(I)) GO TO 32
31 CONTINUE
        WRITE(*,*),      Invalid name, try again'
        GO TO 27
32 CONTINUE
        HOLD(I)=VALUE
        GO TO 30
99 CONTINUE
        STOP
        END
        SUBROUTINE SETVAL(VAL,ID)
C      Sets value from iterated variable
        COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
        VAL=HOLDD(ID)
        RETURN
        END
        SUBROUTINE SETVAR(VAL,ID)
C      Sets iterated variable from value
        COMMON /CMPVAL/X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,RFH,RFK,RFP,
*           S,GF,GOX,RFA,RFC
        COMMON /RELVAL/N,TAU,DTAU,NR,RBAR,MBAR,GAMMA,P00,DHLDR,CSTAR,
*           DCSDR,RHOLO,ULO,LAMDA,MU,TAUT,UBAR(50),XBAR(50),XLC
        COMMON /RESULT/PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB
        COMMON /INTVAL/NVAL
        COMMON /DIMVAL/HOLDD(20),XBARD(50),PBAR(50),TBAR(50)
        REAL MBAR,N,NR,LAMDA,MU,RVAR(13)
        REAL MBARD,ND,NRD,LAMDAD,MUD
        COMPLEX S,X1,Y1,Z1,W1,M1,P0,P1,U0,U1,GF,GOX,RFH,RFK,RFP,RFA,RFC
        COMPLEX PP,UP,SIGP,FUNB,CVAR(17)
        EQUIVALENCE (N,RVAR(1)),(X1,CVAR(1))
        EQUIVALENCE
*           (ND,HOLDD(1)),(TAUD,HOLDD(2)),(DTAUD,HOLDD(3)),
*           (NRD,HOLDD(4)),(LAMDAD,HOLDD(5)),(MUD,HOLDD(6)),
*           (CDIAM,HOLDD(7)),(TDIAM,HOLDD(8)),(XLCD,HOLDD(9)),
*           (GAMMAD,HOLDD(10)),(RGAS,HOLDD(11)),(POOD,HOLDD(12)),
*           (MBARD,HOLDD(13)),(RBARD,HOLDD(14)),(DCSDRD,HOLDD(15)),
*           (DHLDRD,HOLDD(16)),(RHOLOD,HOLDD(17)),(ULOD,HOLDD(18)),
*           (PCHMB,HOLDD(19)),(TCHMB,HOLDD(20))

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DATA PI/3.141593/,GC/32.174/
HOLDD(ID)=VAL
IF(ID.EQ.1) THEN
C                               ND
      N=ND
      RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.2) THEN
C                               TAUD
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
      TAUT=TAU+DTAU
      RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.3) THEN
C                               DTAUD
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
      TAUT=TAU+DTAU
      RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.4) THEN
C                               NRD
      NR=NRD
      RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.5) THEN
C                               LAMDAD
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
      S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
      RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.6) THEN
C                               MUD
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
      S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
      RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.7) THEN
C                               CDIAM
      CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
      ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
      DO 21 I=1,NVAL
          RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
          UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
          UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
21 CONTINUE
      RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.8) THEN

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C          TDIAM
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.9)  THEN
C          XLCD
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
DO 22 I=1,NVAL
    XBAR(I)=XBARD(I)/LCD
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.10)  THEN
C          GAMMAD
GAMMA=GAMMAD
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
MBAR=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
DO 23 I=1,NVAL
    RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
    UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
    UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
23 CONTINUE
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.11)  THEN
C          RGAS
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
TAU=TAUD*ASTAR/XLCD

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DTAU=DTAUD*ASTAR/XLCD
TAUT=TAU+DTAU
LAMDA=LAMDAD*XLCD/ASTAR
MU=MUD*XLCD*PI/ASTAR
S=CMPLX(LAMDA,MU)
ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOB1
MBAR=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
DO 24 I=1,NVAL
    RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
    UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
    UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
24 CONTINUE
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.12) THEN
C                                     P00D
    P00=P00D/PCHMB
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.13) THEN
C                                     MBARD
    CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
    TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
    MBAR=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
    CSTARD=PBAR(NVAL)*TAREA*GC/MBARD
    CSTAR=CSTARD/ASTAR
    DO 25 I=1,NVAL
        RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
        UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
        UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
25 CONTINUE
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.14) THEN
C                                     RBARD
    RBAR=RBARD
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.15) THEN
C                                     DCSDRD
    ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
    DCSDR=DCSDRD/ASTAR
    RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.16) THEN

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C          DHLDRD
DHLDRD=RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.17)  THEN
C          RHOLOD
RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOB1
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.18)  THEN
C          ULOD
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
ULO=ULOD/ASTAR
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.19)  THEN
C          PCHMB
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
FAC=PCHMB/PBAR(1)
DO 26 I=1,NVAL
PBAR(I)=FAC*PBAR(I)
RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
26 CONTINUE
CSTAR=CSTARD*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTAR/ASTAR
RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOB1
MBARD=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
P00=POOD/PCHMB
RETURN
ENDIF
IF(ID.EQ.20)  THEN
C          TCHMB
DO 27 I=1,NVAL
TBAR(I)=FAC*TBAR(I)
27 CONTINUE
CAREA=0.25*PI*CDIAM**2
TAREA=0.25*PI*TDIAM**2
ASTAR=SQRT(GAMMAD*RGAS*TBAR(1))
FAC=TCHMB/TBAR(1)
DO 28 I=1,NVAL
RHOBAR=PBAR(I)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(I))
UBARD=MBARD/(RHOBAR*CAREA)
UBAR(I)=UBARD/ASTAR
28 CONTINUE
CSTAR=CSTARD*TAREA*GC/MBARD
CSTAR=CSTAR/ASTAR

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RHOB1=PBAR(1)*GC/(RGAS*TBAR(1))
RHOLO=RHOLOD/RHOB1
MBAR=MBARD/(RHOB1*ASTAR*CAREA/XLCD)
ENDIF
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE ZREAD(NAME,VALUE)
C      Reads input for input modification
CHARACTER*1 NAME(8)
CHARACTER*1 CARD(80),PLUS,MINUS,PERIOD,LE,E,NUMBER(10)
CHARACTER*1 LEND(3),CEND(3),POUND,QUEST,BLK,COMMA
CHARACTER*80 DCARD
EQUIVALENCE (CARD(1),DCARD)
DATA PLUS/'+'/,MINUS/'-'/,PERIOD/'.',LE/'e'/,E/'E'/,BLK/' '
DATA NUMBER/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9'/,COMMA/,/
DATA LEND/'e','n','d'/,CEND/'E','N','D'/,POUND/'#/,,QUEST/'?'/
1 FORMAT(A)
DO 21 I=1,8
  NAME(I)=BLK
21 CONTINUE
READ(*,1)DCARD
IF(CARD(1).EQ.POUND) THEN
  NAME(1)=POUND
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(CARD(1).EQ.QUEST) THEN
  NAME(1)=QUEST
  RETURN
ENDIF
DO 22 I=1,3
  IF(CARD(I).NE.LEND(I).AND.CARD(I).NE.CEND(I)) GO TO 23
  NAME(I)=CEND(I)
22 CONTINUE
RETURN
23 CONTINUE
DO 24 I=1,8
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK.OR.CARD(I).EQ.COMMA) GO TO 25
  NAME(I)=CARD(I)
24 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
DO 26 I=II,80
  ID=I
  IF(CARD(I).NE.BLK.AND.CARD(I).NE.COMMA) GO TO 27
26 CONTINUE
VALUE=0.0
WRITE(*,*)' No value given, ZERO assumed'
RETURN
27 CONTINUE
SIGN=1.0
IF(CARD(ID).EQ_MINUS) THEN
  SIGN=-1.0

```

```

ID=ID+1
ELSEIF(CARD(ID).EQ.PLUS) THEN
  ID=ID+1
ENDIF
WHOLE=0.0
DO 30 I=ID,80
  II=I
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) GO TO 31
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
  IF(CARD(I).EQ_MINUS) GO TO 36
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
  DO 28 J=1,10
    JJ=J-1
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 29
28 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
  WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
  VALUE=0.0
  RETURN
29 CONTINUE
  WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
30 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*WHOLE
  RETURN
31 CONTINUE
  ID=II+1
  FRACT=0.0
  ICOUNT=0
  DO 34 I=ID,80
    ICOUNT=ICOUNT+1
    II=I
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PERIOD) THEN
      WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
      VALUE=0.0
      RETURN
    ENDIF
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.PLUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ_MINUS) GO TO 36
    IF(CARD(I).EQ.E.OR.CARD(I).EQ.LE) GO TO 35
    DO 32 J=1,10
      JJ=J-1
      IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J)) GO TO 33
32 CONTINUE
  VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
  IF(CARD(I).EQ.BLK) RETURN
  WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
  VALUE=0.0
  RETURN
33 CONTINUE
  FRACT=FRACT+JJ/10.0**ICOUNT
34 CONTINUE

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        VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
        RETURN
35  CONTINUE
    II=II+1
36  CONTINUE
        VALUE=SIGN*(WHOLE+FRACT)
        SIGN=1.0
        IF(CARD(II).EQ_MINUS)  THEN
            SIGN=-1.0
            II=II+1
        ELSEIF(CARD(II).EQ_PLUS)  THEN
            II=II+1
        ENDIF
        WHOLE=0.0
        DO 39 I=II,80
            DO 37 J=1,10
                JJ=J-1
                IF(CARD(I).EQ.NUMBER(J))  GO TO 38
37  CONTINUE
        VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
        IF(CARD(I).EQ_BLK)  RETURN
        WRITE(*,*)' Input error, value set to ZERO'
        VALUE=0.0
        RETURN
38  CONTINUE
        WHOLE=WHOLE*10.0+JJ
39  CONTINUE
        VALUE=VALUE*10.0**(SIGN*WHOLE)
        RETURN
        END

```