

N 9 3 - 2 2 1 1 7

RIGID FIBROUS CERAMICS FOR ENTRY SYSTEMS

**RONALD P. BANAS
LOCKHEED MISSILES & SPACE COMPANY, INC.**

HIGH PAYOFF AREAS WITH REUSABLE SURFACE INSULATION

- **A REWATERPROOFING OR FACTORY WATERPROOFING
COMPOUND WITH A 1800°F TEMPERATURE CAPABILITY**
- **WOULD ALLOW REWATERPROOFING OF ABOUT
25-50% OF THE ORBITER TILES**

TECHNOLOGY OPPORTUNITIES/GAPS

- **LIGHTWEIGHT, INSULATING CERAMIC MATRIX COMPOSITES FOR LOAD
BEARING STRUCTURE**
 - **RIGID FIBROUS CERAMIC (RFC) CORES**
 - **FACESHEETS OF HIGH TEMP (2000°F+) INORGANIC MATERIALS**
 - **SURFACE DENSIFICATION OF RFC CORES**
- **ULTRA-LIGHTWEIGHT, LOW THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY RFC, USE BEHIND
C/SIC, RCC OR ACC SHINGLES/PANELS**

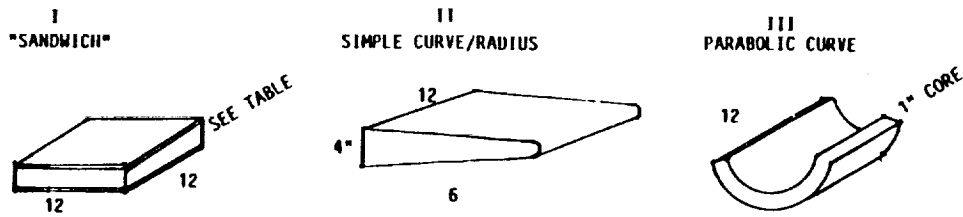
COATINGS FOR RIGID FIBROUS CERAMICS

| DESCRIPTION | STATUS |
|---|---|
| CLASS 2 (RCG) BLACK BOROSILICATE GLASS | PRODUCTION; USED ON ORBITER TILES |
| CLASS 1 WHITE BOROSILICATE GLASS | PRODUCTION; USED ON ORBITER TILES |
| CLASS 1, MOD 3 BOROSILICATE, WHITE | PRODUCTION; MATCHES CTE OF HTP-12-35 |
| CLASS 2 ON HTP-IMD-39-B, HTP-6-22 and HTP-8-22 TILES | R&D AT INSC, SUCCESSFULLY TESTED TO 40 THERMAL CYCLES TO 2300°F AT NASA/JSC |
| TUFI | R&D AT NASA/ARC; VARIOUS TESTS; APPLIED TO HTP- HTP-8-22; SUCCESSFULLY TESTED TILES AT NASA/JSC FOR 20 CYCLES TO 2300°F |
| CLASS 2 WITH 250 MICRON SiC PLATELETS | R&D AT INSC. APPLIED TO HTP-8-22 AND IMD HTP-39-B; SUCCESSFULLY TESTED TO 40 THERMAL CYCLES TO 2300°F AT NASA/JSC |

CHALLENGES FOR REUSABLE RIGID FIBROUS CERAMICS: LUNAR/MARS AEROBRAKING HEATSHIELDS

- **ADVANCED FIBERS THAT CAN PRODUCE A 3000 TO 4000 °F USE-TEMPERATURE RFC MATERIAL REQUIRE THE FOLLOWING FIBER CHARACTERISTICS:**
 - LOW THERMAL EXPANSION (3 TO 8 x 10⁻⁷ IN/IN °F)
 - SMALL AVERAGE FIBER DIAMETER (1.5 TO 3 MICRONS)
 - HIGH MELTING POINT (4000 TO 4500°F)
 - MODERATE TENSILE STRENGTH (150 TO 220 x 10³ LB/IN²)
 - LOW FIBER POROSITY TO ENHANCE STRENGTH
 - THERMAL STABILITY AT 3000 TO 4000°F
- **ADVANCED COATINGS COMPATIBLE WITH 3000 TO 4000°F RIGID FIBROUS CERAMICS**
 - CTE COMPATIBLE WITH RFC SUBSTRATE
 - HIGH EMITTANCE (≥ 0.80)
 - LOW CATALICITY, SIMILAR TO CLASS 2 (RCG) COATING

COMPOSITE CLAD HTP STRUCTURAL CONFIGURATIONS



MATERIAL MATRIX FOR COMPOSITE STRUCTURES



* BMI = BISMALEIMIDE

| TYPE | CLADDING | PLYS | CORE | THICKNESS | QTY |
|------|------------------------------------|------|-------|--|-----|
| I | G/E | 2 | 16-22 | 0.5" | 3 |
| I | BMI*/SiO ₂ | 2 | 16-22 | 0.5" | 3 |
| I | G/E | 2 | 16-22 | 1.5" | 3 |
| I | BMI/SiO ₂ | 2 | 16-22 | 1.5" | 3 |
| II | S ₁ C/S ₁ OC | 2 | 16-22 | N/A | 2 |
| III | G/E | 2 | 16-22 | R ₁ = 12" R ₂ = 10.75" L = 12" | 2 |
| IV | BMI/SiO ₂ (X2) | 2 | 16-22 | HT-16 | 1 |
| | SiO ₂ CERAMIC HEXCEL | 2 | 16-22 | DIA=6" | 1 |

ENTRY SYSTEMS BACKGROUND: RON BANAS

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| 1960-1964 (NASA/DFRC) | PLANNED, CONDUCTED AND REPORTED ON TURBULENT BOUNDARY LAYER AERODYNAMIC HEATING EXPERIMENTS ON THE X-15 RESEARCH AIRCRAFT. |
| 1965-1972 (LMSC, INC) | AERODYNAMIC HEATING ANALYST FOR ASCENT/ORBIT/REENTRY VEHICLES SYSTEMS TEST ENGINEER FOR AEROHEATING WIND TUNNEL TESTS. • PLANNED/PERFORMED/REPORTED ON MATERIAL CHARACTERIZATION TESTS • PLANNED/PERFORMED/REPORTED ON RSI ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS - THERMAL, ACOUSTIC, ARC-JET AND ATTACHMENT TESTS |
| 1973-1979 | ANALYST PERFORMING TPS TRADE STUDIES - ACTIVE VS PASSIVE COOLING - METALLIC VS RSI (CERAMIC) EXTERNAL INSULATION - TPS SIZING |
| 1979-1984 | ENGINEERING MANAGER FOR ALL ASPECTS OF HRSI CONTRACT WITH ROCKWELL/NASA-JSC - RESPONSIBLE FOR SCALE-UP TO PRODUCTION OF CL 2 (RCG) COATING AND FRCI-12 - RESPONSIBLE FOR TECHNOLOGY CONTRACTS WITH NASA/JSC & NASA/ARC |
| 1985-1991 | MARKETING, CUSTOMER INTERFACE/REQUIREMENTS FOR ALTERNATE USES OF RSI MATERIALS. - PROJECT LEADER ON VARIOUS EFFORTS WITH RIGID FIBROUS CERAMICS - PRODUCTION SCALE-UP OF HTP-6; HTP-16, HTP-12 & HTP-60 |

COMPARISON OF LI-900 AND HTP PROPERTIES

| PHYSICAL PROPERTY* | LI-900 | HTP-6-22 | HTP-12-22 | HTP-16-22 | HTP-60-22 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| DENSITY (LB/FT ³) | 8.8 | 6.5 | 12 | 16 | 60 |
| TENSILE STRENGTH (LB/IN ²) - THRU-THE-THICKNESS - IN-PLANE | 27 68 | 46 131 | 88 320 | 183 421 | 775 1734 |
| COMPRESSION STRENGTH (LB/IN ²) - THRU-THE-THICKNESS - IN-PLANE | 45 105 | 62 95 | 141 - | 259 571 | - - |
| COEF. OF THERMAL EXPANSION (IN/IN°F) (70 TO 1500°F) - IN-PLANE X10 ⁻⁷ | 3.2 | 15.7 | 14.2 | 13.5 | 14.0 |
| APPARENT THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY (BTU-IN/FT ² -HR-°F) - THRU-THE-THICKNESS @ 1 ATM AND 1000°F | 0.79 | 1.02 | 0.80 | 0.90 | - |
| DIELECTRIC CONSTANT | 1.13 | 1.07 | 1.22 | 1.27 | 2.11 |
| LOSS TANGENT | 0.0004 | 0.0005 | 0.0010 | 0.0011 | 0.0017 |

* AVERAGE VALUES AT 70°F UNLESS NOTED

HTP: WHAT'S HAPPENED SINCE 1984

1985

- HTP-16-22 GOES INTO PRODUCTION: 200+ BILLETS, 13x13x5 INCHES
- INTEGRAL MULTIPLE DENSITY HTP DEVELOPED
- HTP-60 PROVEN AS A HIGH TEMPERATURE RADOME

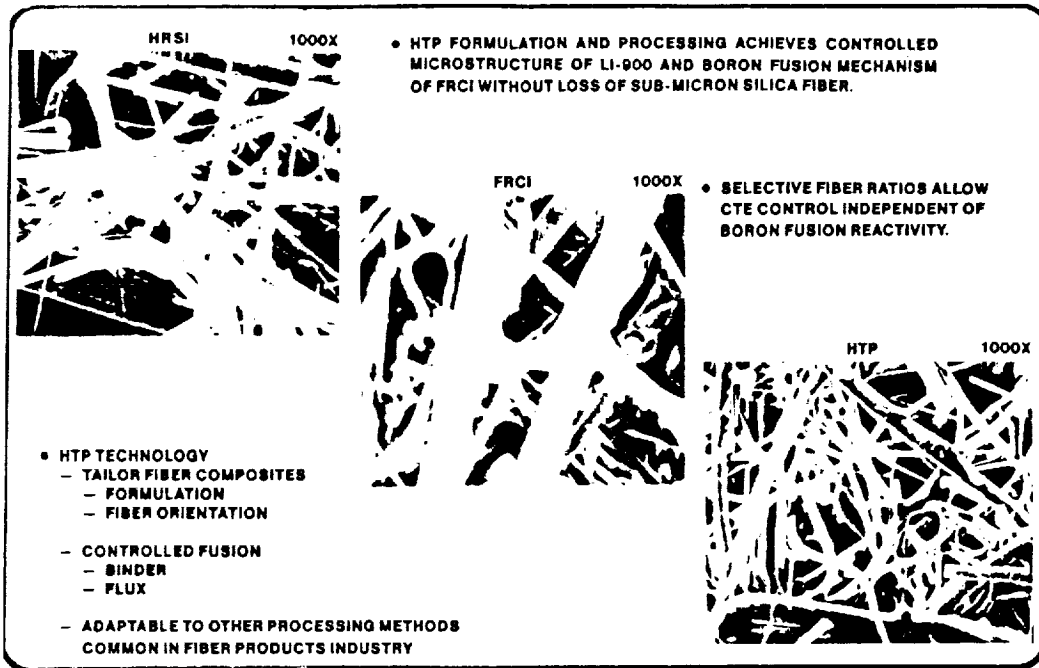
1986-1987

- HTP-6-22 ENTERS PRODUCTION: LOAD-BEARING CRYOGENIC INSULATOR
200 BILLETS FABRICATED, 13X13X5- INCHES.
- VACUUM FORMING FACILITY: LARGE, NEAR-NET SHAPE HTP PARTS
- BOROSILICATE GLASS COATING MODIFIED TO MATCH HTP-12-35 THERMAL EXPANSION

1988

- RCG COATED INTEGRAL MULTIPLE DENSITY HTP PASSES RAIN EROSION TESTS
- HTP-6 PASSES 2700°F ARC-JET PLASMA TEST
- HTP-6 USED FOR CRYOGENIC ULLAGE CONTROL
- FIRST LASER-MACHINED HTP PARTS

COMPARISON OF MICROSTRUCTURES



(Original figure unavailable)

**10.3.14 Entry Systems Technology Assessment
by Archie Gay, General Dynamics Space Systems Division**

