The Standards Process: Technical Committee X3B5 Digital Magnetic Tape

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Abstract

The presentation will provide the definition of X3B5, where it fits in the national and international standards development process and how it interfaces and influences the world community of standards developers. Detail concerning the focus of the committee, how it operates and what the group sees as the future trends in the area of interchange standards utilizing the multifaceted, ubiquitous magnetic tape. Highlighted in the presentation is:

- The definition of X3B5
- Where it fits in the Information Technology Standards development arena (US).
- How it interfaces with the world community of Standards developers.
- The purview of X3B5.
- How it operates. (TC Style Guide)
- The technologies and their future directions.

The Standards Process; X3B5

In general, a technical committee such as X3B5 is defined by the projects it is authorized to develop. Specifically, Technical Committee X3B5, Digital Magnetic Tape, develops proposed standards for the interchange of data by digital magnetic tape for computer peripheral applications. These standards developments apply to three levels of digital data interchange i.e., Media, unrecorded magnetic media and its associated container for media compatibility; Physical Format, the recorded format for subsystem compatibility; Logical Format, the labels and file structure for system interoperability.

The committee is comprised of 40 voting members and 13 observers. Over the many years of its existence, the membership of X3B5 has changed. The changes that have occurred however, have been gradual, reflecting normal attrition and changes in technology. A basic cadre of committee members has always been in place and it provides the necessary continuity to ensure that the developed proposed standards are consistent and technically sound. Effective leadership in a voluntary, consensus process, in addition to technically astute contributing participants are paramount if any level of success is to be achieved. Fortunately, X3B5 has had and still has both. Evidence of the above is demonstrated by the number of projects worked concurrently (28), and the number of standards developed and maintained (28) by the committee which is under the current chairmanship of Mr. Richard Steinbrenner.

In the United States, X3B5 is one of 43 technical committees developing standards in the information technology arena. The Computer Business Equipment Manufacturers Association (CBEMA) is the Secretariat for X3 ,the Accredited Standards Committee, Information Processing Systems, which manages the standards developments within its purview ensuring that due process in developing these standards is achieved. When a developed standard meets all the due process criteria specified by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), it is published as an ANSI Standard.

The global relationships of X3B5 are carried out via ANSI's affiliations with the various national and international standards developers. The international committee of interest to X3B5 is the International Organization for Standardization / International Electrotechnical Commission (ISO/IEC) Joint Technical Committee 1 (JTC 1). ANSI not only holds the Secretariat for ISO/IEC JTC 1, but represents the United States in those JTC 1 Sub Committees that are of interest to the U.S. . ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC11, Flexible Magnetic Media for Digital Data Interchange and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC15, Labelling and File Structure are the committees to which X3B5 is a Co-Technical Advisory Group.

TAGs are committees accredited by ANSI's Executive Standards Council (ExSC) for participation in ISO technical activities and operate in compliance with the ANSI Criteria for the Development and Coordination of US Positions in the International Standardization Activities of the ISO and IEC. The TAG is the ANSI recognized group that has the primary responsibility for participation in the ISO Technical Committee or Subcommittee work. It is the TAGs job to recruit delegations, supervise their work, and determine ANSI positions on proposed standards.

The functions of the TAG are as follows:

- Recommend registration of ANSI as a "P" or "O" member of an ISO technical committee or subcommittee or recommend a change in ANSI membership status on an ISO technical committee or subcommittee. In this case, "P" membership to SC11 and SC15 was recommended.
- Initiate and approve US proposals for new work items for consideration by an ISO technical committee or subcommittee.

- Initiate and approve US working drafts for submittal to ISO technical committees or subcommittees (and where appropriate, working groups) for consideration as committee drafts.
- Determine the US position on an ISO draft international standard, draft technical report, committee drafts, ISO questionnaires, draft reports of meetings, etc.
- Provide adequate US representation to ISO technical committee or subcommittee meetings, designate heads of delegations and members of delegations, and ensure compliance with the ANSI Guide for US Delegates to ISO/IEC Meetings.
- Determine US positions on agenda items of ISO technical committee or subcommittee meetings and advise the US delegation of any flexibility it may have on these positions.
- Nominate US technical experts to serve on ISO working groups.
- Provide assistance to US secretariats of ISO technical committees or subcommittees, upon request, including resolving comments on draft international standards, draft technical reports and committee drafts.
- Identify and establish close liaison with other US technical advisory groups in related fields, or identify ISO or IEC activities that may overlap the TAG's scope.
- Recommend to ANSI the acceptance of secretariats for ISO technical committees or subcommittees. ANSI hold the Secretariat for SC11.
- Recommend that ANSI invite ISO technical committees or subcommittees to meet in the United States.
- Recommend to ANSI US candidates for chair of ISO technical committees or subcommittees and US convenors of ISO working Groups.

X3B5 also interacts with its equivalent technical committees in the European Computer Equipment Manufacturers Association (ECMA), TC17, Magnetic Tapes and Cartridges and TC19, Flexible Disk Cartridges. A number of X3B5 members are also members of the corresponding ECMA committees. This direct involvement provides the conduit to ensure that standards developed in the U.S. are technically equivalent to those developed at ECMA and subsequently at the ISO/IEC JTC 1 Subcommittee. In the U.S., liaison activities with X3 technical committees, X3B6, Instrumentation Tape, X3B8, Flexible Disk Cartridges, X3B11, Optical Digital Data Disks, and X3T9, I/O Interfaces are maintained.

The method of operation employed by the X3 Technical Committees is delineated in X3/Standing Document-2, *Organization, Rules and Procedures of X3*. This document defines the requirements for membership, officers, documentation, voting, etc. that ensure due process. In addition to the official rules and regulations that direct the standards development process within X3B5, the committee has developed a TC Style Guide for use by the various project editors.

The Guide is used to assist in the preparation of draft standards that conform to ANSI's requirements and to X3B5's unique requirements. The guide provides information on format, style, standardized text, approved definitions and conversion of units unique to X3B5's Requirements. Always viewed to be a "living document", it has been updated to:

- Encompass new common aspects brought about by helical-scan technology.
- Be compatible with the ISO/IEC Directives on the Drafting and Presentation of International Standards.
- Be compatible with the new ANSI Style Manual.
- Take into account lessons learned from experience with the ANSI Pre-Edit Process.

Another "tool of the trade' is the Model for Digital Data Interchange by means of removable computer storage media (DDI Model). The purpose of the DDI reference model is to serve as a general planning document which clarifies where specific tasks should be undertaken by standardization committees. It also serves as a conceptual tool which can be applied in building coherent sets of standards for specific digital data interchange applications. The DDI Model is comprised of four levels. Level 1 specifies the interchange requirements for the unrecorded media. Some of the requirements in this area include but are not restricted to the dimensional, mechanical, magnetic and optical properties. Level 2 specifies the interchange requirements for the recorded media. Items such as track locations, data correction techniques, modulation schemes etc., are considered. Level 3 specifies the interchange requirements for the volume identification labels, file directories and file structures of the recorded media. X3B5 concerns itself with these three levels of the model. Level 4 is required in order to accomplish general tasks, such as interchanging ASCII files on a particular medium, or specialized tasks, such as interchanging text on flexible disk cartridges or interchanging images on optical disks.

An example of an implementation of the DDI Model is as follows:

LEVEL 3 LOGICAL FORMAT	X3.27 -1987	Magnetic Tape Labels and File Structure
LEVEL 2		
PHYSICAL	X3.14 -1983	Recorded Magnetic Tape, 200 cpi, NRZI
	X3.22 -1990	Recorded Magnetic Tape, 800 cpi, NRZI
	X3.39 -1992	Recorded Magnetic Tape ,1600 cpi, PE
	X3.157-1987	Recorded Magnetic Tape, 3200 cpi, PE
	X3.54 -1992	Recorded Magnetic Tape, 6260 cpi, GCR
level 1 Media	X3.40 -199X	Unrecorded Magnetic Tape , 800 cpi, 1600 cpi, 6250 cpi

The technologies encompassed by the activities of X3B5 include the following:

LONGITUDINAL RECORDING		HELICAL SCAN RECORDING	
1/2"	Open Reel Tape	4mm	Cartridge
1/2"	Tape Cartridge	8mm	Cartridge
1/4"	Tape Cartridge	12.65mm	Cartridge
.15"	Tape Cassette	19mm	Cartridge

The continuing evolution of the above technologies in the area of volumetric efficiency, elemental capacities and transfer rates as required by the market and the maintenance of present standards constitute a workload that extends into the next century.

The Standards Process

TECHNICAL COMMITTEE X3B5 DIGITAL MAGNETIC TAPE

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X3B5 **Liaison Activities ISO/IEC JTC-1** Co U.S. TAG to SC11, Flexible Magnetic Media for Digital Data Interchange SC15, Labelling and File Structure ECMA TC17, Magnetic Tapes and Tape Cartridges TC19, Flexible Disk Cartridges **X3** X3B6, Instrumentation Tape X3B8, Flexible Disk Cartridges X3B11, Optical Digital Data Disks X3L2, Codes & Character Sets X3T9. I/O Interfaces Storage Technology Corporation Sam Cheatham X3B5 How it Operates **Tools of the Trade** Standing Document 2 Development Process Membership Officers Agendas Document Distribution Document Registers Meeting Schedules

- Minutes & Action Items
- DDI Reference Model

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• TC Style Guide

Voting

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X3B5 How it Operates

Procedures: SD-2

"The Object of these procedures is to achieve a concensus of the participants rather than some minimum ratio of approvals versus objections to produce technically sound standards which will be used because of their technical and economic merit and to ensure that due process in developing these standards is achieved."

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X3	B5			
How it C	perates			
TC Style Guide				
 Assists in the preparation c 	f draft standards			
Conform to ANSI requirem Conform to X3B5 requirem	ents ents			
Provides information on				
Format Sty Standardized text Apj	e Units Conversion roved definitions			
A "Living Document" Upda	ed to			
Encompass new common technology aspects Be compatible with the ISO/IEC Directives Be compatible with the ANSI Style Manual Incorporate lessons learned from recent experience				
Sam Cheatham	Storage Technology Corr	oration		
	Storage recimology corp	oration		
Techno	logies			
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Longitudinal Recording	blogies Helical Scan Recordin	ng		
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Techno Longitudinal Recording 1/2" Open Reel Tape 1/2" Tape Cartridge 1/4" Tape Cartridge .15" Tape Cassette	Ann Cartridge 12.65 mm Cartridge 19 mm Cartridge	ng		

Future Trends (Capacity in M bytes) Media Technology Present Near Term Future 1/2" Tape Open Reel 180 1/2" 100-320 425-640 1280-2560 Tape Cartridge 10000 50-1350 2100 1/4" Tape Cartridge 1200 .15" Tape Cassette 410-600 20-160 2000 4000 8000 4mm **HS** Cartridge 8mm **HS** Cartridge 300-2300 5000 20000 35000 +12.65 mm HS Cartridge 19 mm 10000 **HS** Cartridge Storage Technology Corporation Sam Cheatham

Who / What is X3B5

TECHNICAL COMMITTEE X3B5 DEVELOPS PROPOSED STANDARDS FOR THE INTERCHANGE OF DATA BY DIGITAL MAGNETIC TAPE FOR COMPUTER PERIPHERAL APPLICATIONS

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