

## REPORT No. 827

# CHARTS FOR THE MINIMUM-WEIGHT DESIGN OF 24S-T ALUMINUM-ALLOY FLAT COMPRESSION PANELS WITH LONGITUDINAL Z-SECTION STIFFENERS

By EVAN H. SCHUETTE

### SUMMARY

*Design charts are developed for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat compression panels with longitudinal Z-section stiffeners. These charts make possible the design of the lightest panels of this type for a wide range of design requirements. Examples of the use of the charts are given and it is pointed out on the basis of these examples that, over a wide range of design conditions, the maintenance of buckle-free surfaces does not conflict with the achievement of high structural efficiency. The achievement of the maximum possible structural efficiency with 24S-T aluminum-alloy panels, however, requires closer stiffener spacings than those now in common use.*

### INTRODUCTION

In a longitudinally stiffened compression panel, in which all the material is active in carrying load, the requirement of minimum weight is tantamount to that of carrying the load at the highest possible average stress. The average stress developed by such a panel under the loading conditions imposed is thus a direct measure of the structural efficiency of the panel. If longitudinally stiffened compression panels are to be designed for high structural efficiency without a large number of cut-and-try computations, it is desirable that design charts be prepared to indicate the average stress attainable under various loading conditions. The preparation of such charts requires that a suitable design parameter in which the important loading conditions are incorporated be found.

It has been found that a suitable parameter for longitudinally stiffened compression panels in the design of which the transverse stiffness can be neglected is  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ , where  $P_t$  is the compressive load per inch of panel width,  $L$  is the panel length, or distance between supporting ribs, and  $c$  is the coefficient of end fixity at the ribs. The quantity  $P_t$ , which is essentially independent of the distribution of material in the compression panel, can be estimated for a wing panel from the bending moment on the wing and the thickness and chord of the wing. The length  $L$  may be fixed by the presence of such installations as fuel tanks or armament or may be arbitrarily assigned for the purpose of arriving at a trial design.

In reference 1 buckling stresses were plotted against the parameter  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ , with slightly different notation, to form the basis of a theoretical study of the efficiencies of various

types of stiffening elements. In the present paper the same parameter has been used as a basis for the preparation of design charts from extensive test data on 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat compression panels with longitudinal Z-section stiffeners; the data were obtained from reference 2 and from additional tests completed since publication of reference 2. These charts make possible the choice of the lightest panels of this type to conform to a wide range of design conditions. An appendix is presented in which the procedure followed in preparing the charts from test data is described and the method for obtaining  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$  as a natural parameter against which the average stress may be plotted to obtain a direct measure of structural efficiency is developed.

### SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

The symbols used for the principal panel cross-sectional dimensions are indicated in figure 1. In addition, the following symbols are used:

- $A_t$  cross-sectional area per inch of panel width, or equivalent thickness of panel, inches
- $L$  length of panel, inches
- $P_t$  compressive load per inch of panel width, kips per inch
- $E_c$  modulus of elasticity in compression, ksi
- $c$  coefficient of end fixity as used in Euler column formula
- $k$  coefficient in formula for local-buckling stress
- $\rho$  radius of gyration of panel cross section, inches
- $\tau$  nondimensional coefficient that takes into account reduction in effective modulus of elasticity when panel fails as a column beyond the elastic range
- $\sigma_{cr}$  critical stress, or stress for local buckling, ksi
- $\bar{\sigma}_c$  average stress at column failure, ksi
- $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$  average stress at local failure, ksi
- $\bar{\sigma}_f$  average stress at failure for any panel, ksi

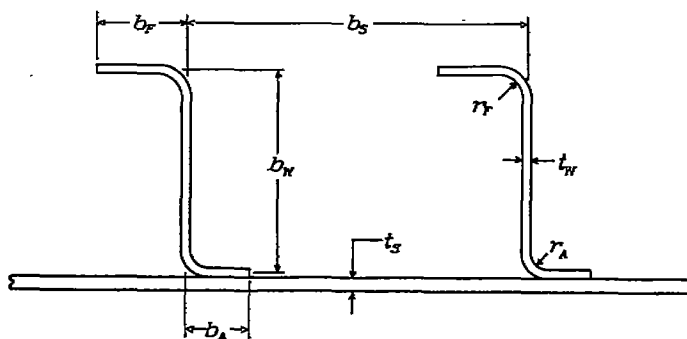


FIGURE 1.—Symbols for panel dimensions.

The average stress at which any particular panel fails,  $\bar{\sigma}_f$ , may be a local-failure stress, a column-failure stress, or the stress for a type of failure intermediate to these two. Failure by twisting of the stiffeners is included as a form of local failure. Because the design charts are based on actual test data, it is not necessary to make any distinction between local and twisting failure. Such a distinction, moreover, would be at best an arbitrary one, as the two types of failure are interrelated in the case of stiffened panels.

It should be noted that the local-failure stress  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$ , which represents the maximum value of average stress that can be achieved in a given cross section as the panel length is reduced, is an average stress at failure and is not to be confused with the stress for local buckling  $\sigma_{cr}$ , which does not necessarily imply failure. The term "local buckling" as used herein includes both buckling of the skin and buckling of the stiffeners, because neither of these elements can buckle without exerting moments on, and thus causing deformation of, the other element.

### DESIGN CHARTS

Design charts for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat compression panels with longitudinal Z-section stiffeners are presented in figures 2 to 5. The procedure used in the preparation of these charts from test data is described in the appendix. Values of  $A_d/t_s$ , necessary for arriving at a final design, are given in tables 1 to 3 for a wide range of dimension ratios.

In order to show the maximum stresses attainable by the use of panels of the type to which the charts apply, envelopes are indicated by the dashed lines for each value of the ratio  $b_s/t_s$  in figures 2 to 5. These envelopes have been combined (fig. 6) to give the over-all envelopes for the four values of the ratio  $t_w/t_s$ . The values of  $b_s/t_s$  and  $b_w/t_w$  needed in order that a panel will develop the stress indicated by an envelope are also given in figure 6.

The design parameter  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ , against which stress is plotted in figures 2 to 6, comprises the principal design conditions: the compressive load per inch of panel width; the length of panel, or distance between supporting ribs; and the coefficient of end fixity. The most efficient (lightest) panel for a given combination of these conditions is that panel which will develop the highest average stress for the particular value of  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ .

**Discussion of charts.**—The charts include a wide range of panel proportions. All the charts have been drawn for a value of  $\frac{b_F}{b_W} = 0.4$ ; it is shown in the appendix (figs. 17 to 20), however, that curves for  $\frac{b_F}{b_W} = 0.3$  and 0.5 would be in close agreement with the curves for  $\frac{b_F}{b_W} = 0.4$ . The curves of figures 2 to 5 may therefore be applied with reasonable accuracy for any value of  $b_F/b_W$  between 0.3 and 0.5. The available test data seem to indicate, moreover, that the most efficient use of material will be realized if a proportion in this range is selected. (See appendix.)

The short horizontal lines that intersect the curves of figures 2 to 5 indicate, for each panel cross section having appreciable local buckling, the stress at which this buckling occurs. In this report this stress is taken as that at which the compressive strain on one side of the skin or the stiffener web begins to be reduced with increasing load. This definition of buckling is convenient for structural testing; from the standpoint of aerodynamic smoothness, appreciable buckling probably takes place at stresses somewhat lower than those indicated on the charts. It will be noted that for some of the lower values of  $b_s/t_s$  and  $b_w/t_w$  no buckling stress is shown. In these cases, there will undoubtedly be some buckling but presumably it will occur at a stress coincident with or only very slightly below the failure stress.

It is pointed out that for  $\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 0.79$  and 1.00 (figs. 4 and 5), the curves for values of  $\frac{b_s}{t_s} = 25$  and 30 have been obtained entirely by extrapolation. These curves should therefore be used with a certain degree of caution. A few check tests made since the preparation of the charts, however, indicate that the curves will in no case be more than 6 percent unconservative. In all the other curves, it is believed that any unconservatism that may be present is of much smaller magnitude.

**Discussion of tests and test panels.**—In order that the design charts may be properly used, it is necessary to know something of the test panels and the test results on which the design charts are based. The details of these tests are described in reference 2; some of the pertinent information regarding the tests follows:

The test panels consisted of six stiffeners and five bays. The panels were tested flat-ended and without edge support. A fixity coefficient of 3.75 was used in reducing the test data for application to an effective pin-ended length. The average compressive yield strength for the material of which the test panels were constructed was about 44 ksi; the minimum yield strength, about 41 ksi; and the maximum yield strength, about 46.5 ksi. The rivets were countersunk and were driven by the NACA method of inserting a flat-head rivet from the stiffener side of the hole, upsetting the rivet shank into the countersunk cavity, and milling off the protruding portion of the upset shank. The rivets were A17S-T (AN442AD) and were of the sizes and spacings indicated by the following table:

$\frac{t_w}{t_s}$	Rivet spacing $t_s$	Rivet diameter $t_s$
0.51	10.0	1.50
.58	12.3	1.84
.79	12.3	1.93
1.00	11.7	1.95

Because the compressive strength of stiffened panels may be affected by the size and spacing of the rivets used to attach stiffeners to skin (reference 3), the rivet attachment must be equivalent to that indicated by the foregoing table in order to be sure of realizing the strengths indicated by the design charts.

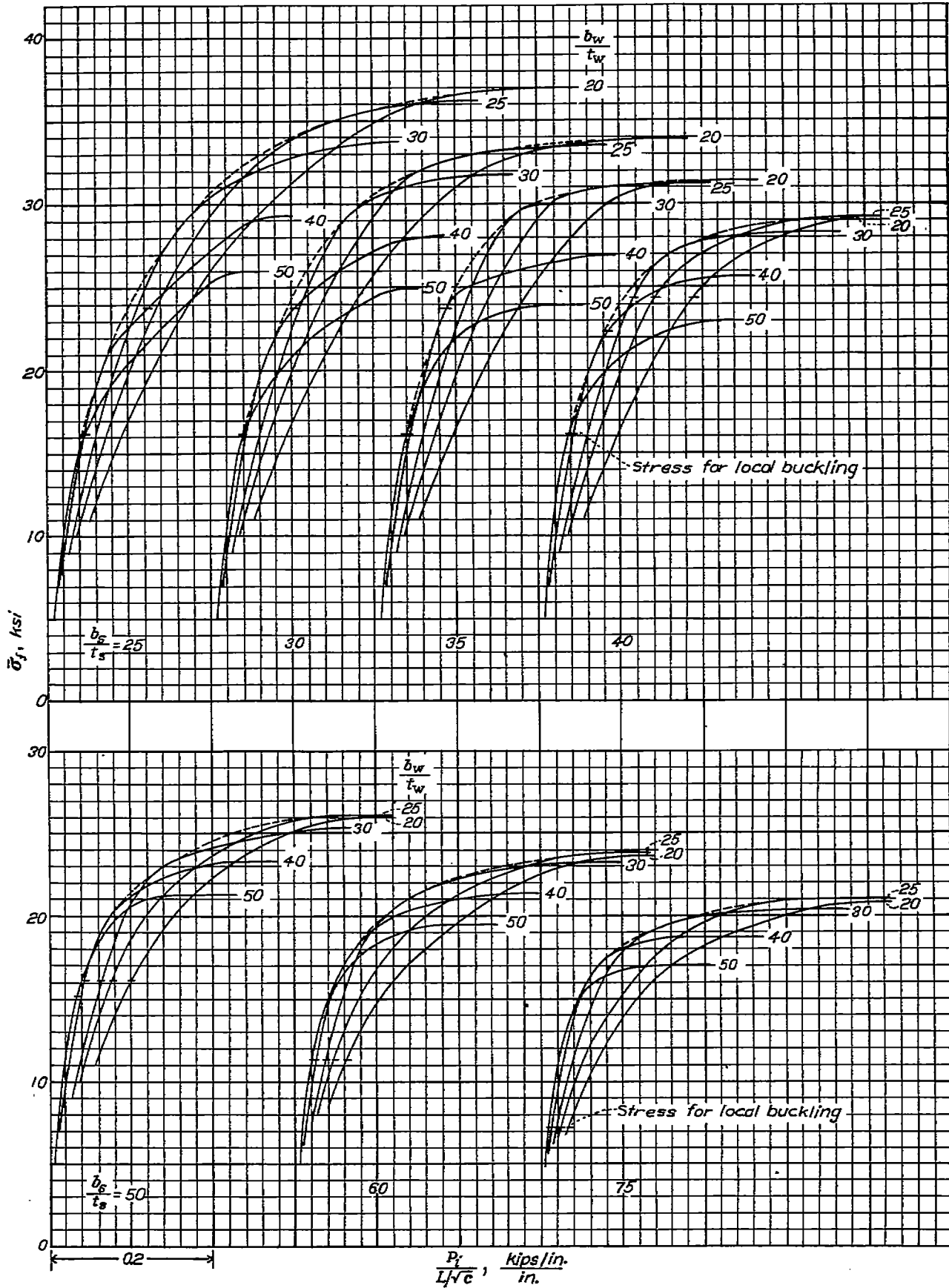


FIGURE 2.—Design chart for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners;  $\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 0.51$  ( $\frac{b_s}{t_w} = 11.4$ ;  $\frac{r_s}{t_w} = 3$ ;  $\frac{r_f}{t_w} = 4$ ; and  $\frac{b_f}{b_w} = 0.3$  to 0.5).

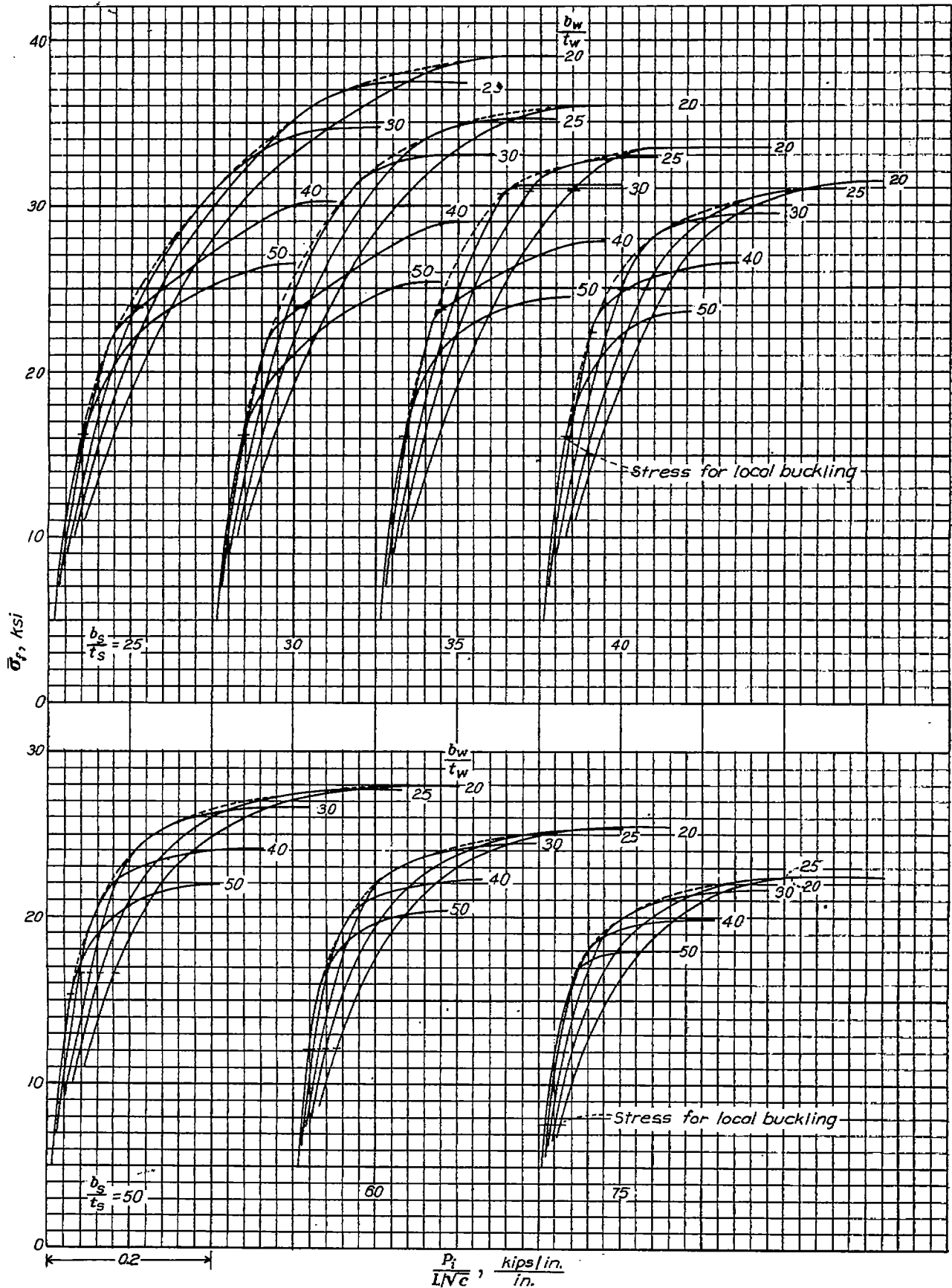


FIGURE 3.—Design chart for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners;  $\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 0.63$  ( $\frac{b_s}{t_s} = 10.0$ ;  $\frac{r_s}{t_s} = 3$ ;  $\frac{r_w}{t_w} = 4$ ; and  $\frac{b_w}{t_w} = 0.3$  to  $0.5$ ).

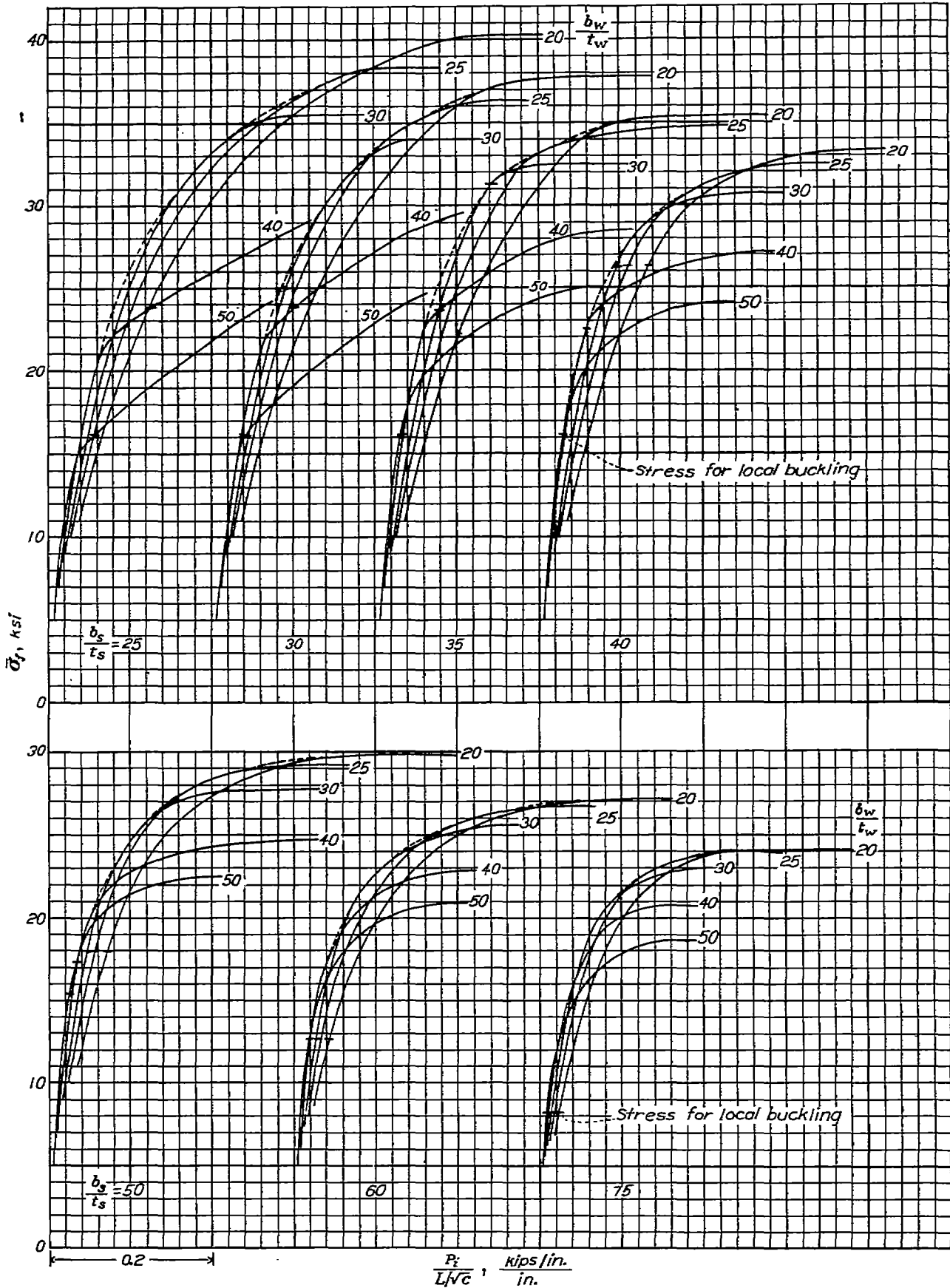


FIGURE 4.—Design chart for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners:  $\frac{i_w}{i_s} = 0.70$  ( $\frac{b_A}{i_w} = 0.8$ ;  $\frac{r_A}{i_w} = 3$ ;  $\frac{r_F}{i_w} = 4$ ; and  $\frac{\delta_F}{\delta_w} = 0.3$  to  $0.6$ ).

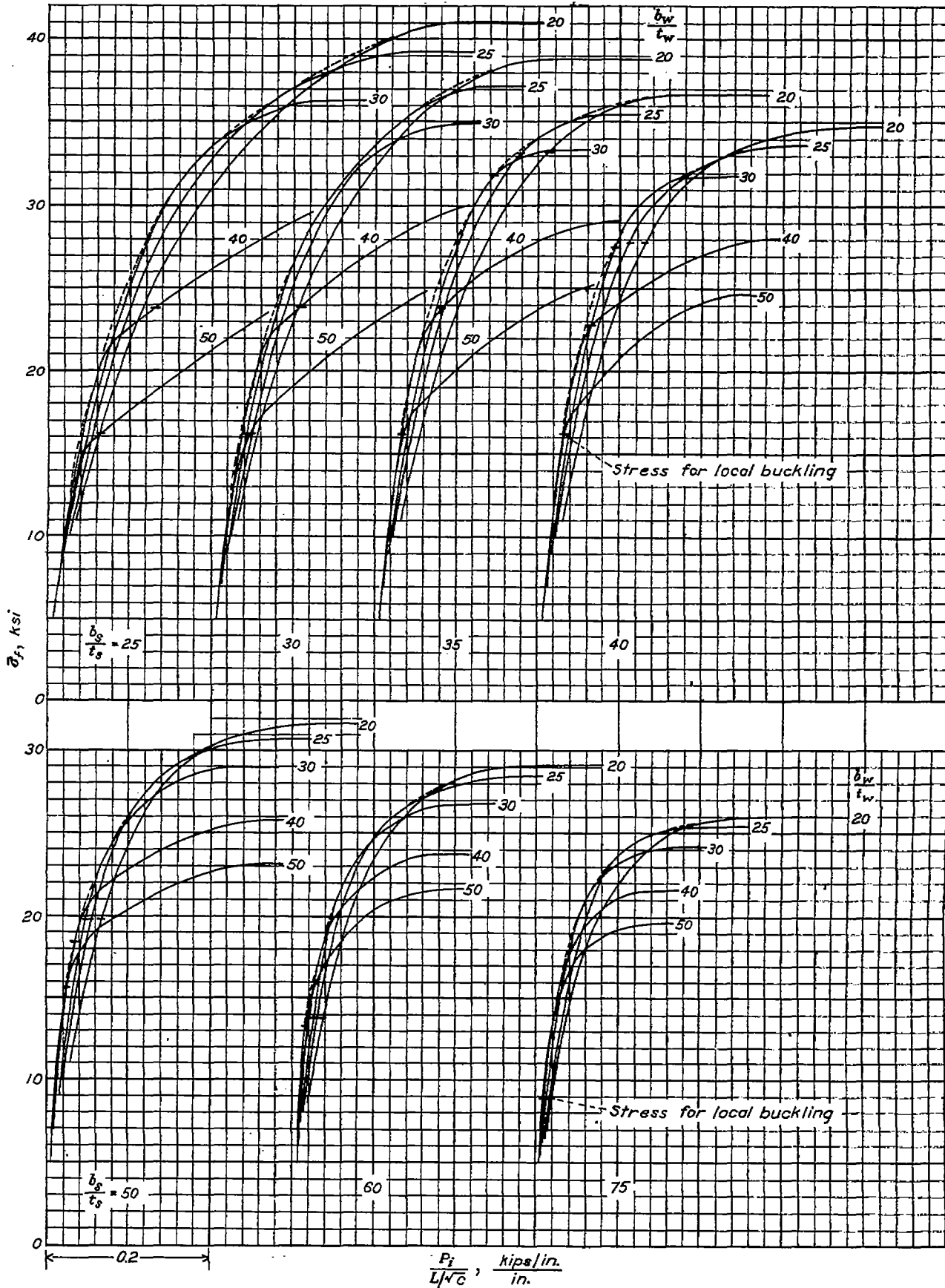


FIGURE 5.—Design chart for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners;  $\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 1.00$  ( $\frac{b_A}{t_w} = 3.6$ ;  $\frac{t_A}{t_w} = 3$ ;  $\frac{r_x}{t_w} = 4$ ; and  $\frac{b_w}{t_w} = 0.3$  to  $0.8$ ).

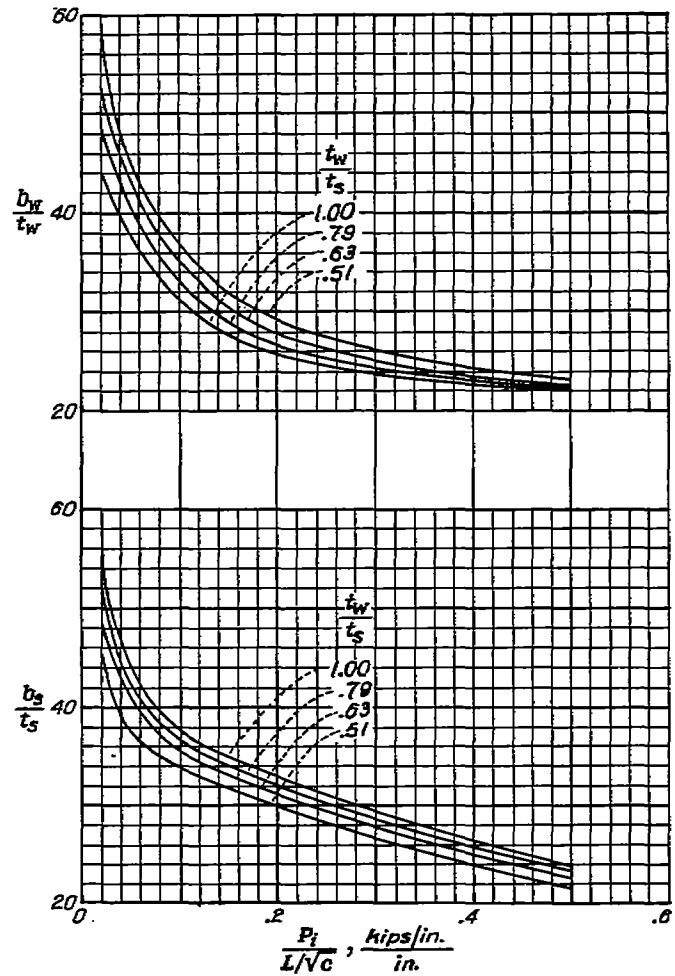
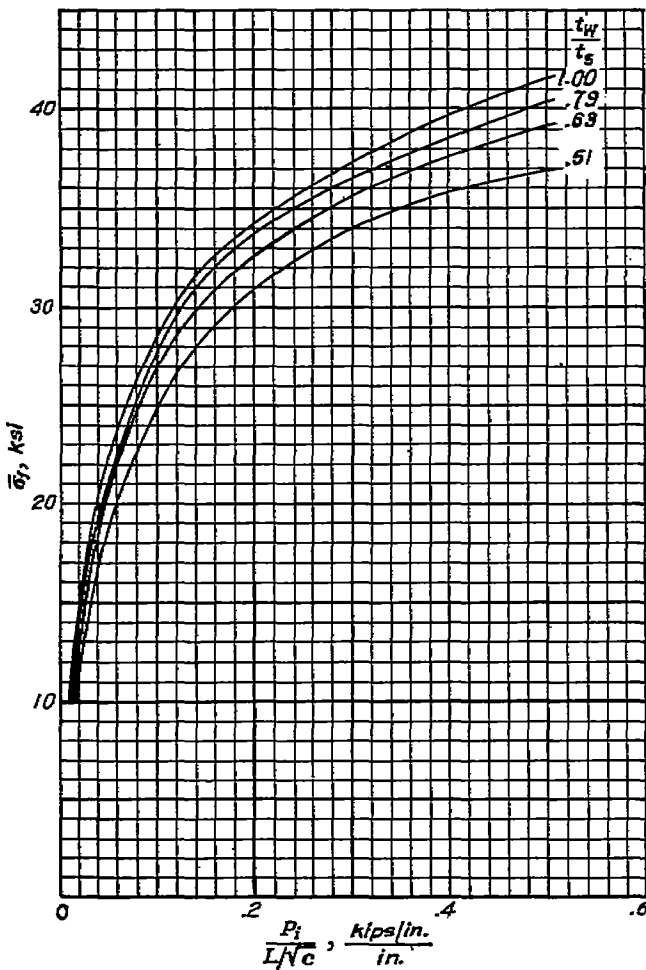


FIGURE 6.—Highest values of average stress at failure for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners, with values of  $b_s/t_s$  and  $h_w/t_w$  needed to realize these stresses.

USE OF DESIGN CHARTS AND EXAMPLES

If sheet material could be obtained in any desired thickness and if no special limitations were put on the design, it would be sufficient merely to find those proportions that would give the highest stress for the given value of  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ . Because

certain limitations are usually imposed, however, the structure that represents the best compromise of all the requirements must be chosen.

The usual gages in which aluminum-alloy sheet is manufactured are such that if the four ratios of  $t_w/t_s$  in figures 2 to 6 are applied consecutively to a particular skin gage, the four stiffener gages that result will generally be consecutive standard gages. Interpolation between the curves of two consecutive charts (figs. 2 and 3, 3 and 4, etc.) is therefore unnecessary for most practical purposes.

The particular procedure to be used in obtaining a design from the charts will depend on the nature of the results desired. Three possible methods are discussed, and examples are given of designs obtained for a given load intensity and three different lengths by each of the methods.

The distinguishing features of each method are

Ideal design:

The method for obtaining the ideal design gives the lightest panel that could be obtained if the designer were not restricted to the use of standard sheet gages. The design is obtained by use of the over-all envelopes of figure 6 only.

Short method:

The short design method provides, without lengthy computation, a near approach to the lightest panel that can be obtained by use of standard sheet gages. The design is obtained by use of the envelopes for given values of  $b_s/t_s$  that appear as dashed lines in figures 2 to 5.

Maximum efficiency:

The method of designing for maximum structural efficiency gives the lightest panel that can be obtained by use of standard sheet gages. The design is obtained through a complete study of the individual solid curves in figures 2 to 5. The method is somewhat lengthy; examples have been worked out by its use, however, to serve as a check on the short method, so that that method can be used with confidence.

Each of the three methods is given as a series of steps for reaching the final designs. In the method for obtaining the ideal design, the detailed computations for the four values of  $t_w/t_s$  included in figure 6 are given for  $L=10, 20,$  and  $30$  inches with  $P_t=3.0$  kips per inch and  $c=1$ . In the other two methods, the detailed computations are given only for  $L=20$  inches and  $\frac{t_w}{t_s}=0.79$ , again with  $P_t=3.0$  kips per inch and  $c=1$ ; final results are given, however, for the complete set of examples considered in the discussion of the first method. It is assumed in all cases that a skin thickness of 0.064 inch is necessary in order to comply with other design requirements. A value of  $b_r/b_w$  of 0.4 is used throughout. In arriving at the final designs, no values of the dimension ratios outside of the ranges covered by the charts are given consideration.

**Method for obtaining the ideal design.**—The ideal-design method consists of picking from figure 6 the optimum proportions and the stress and computing from these the actual panel dimensions.

The values and computed quantities for the conditions previously mentioned are given in table 4 and are referenced to the steps in the following procedure:

$$(1) \text{ Compute } \frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}.$$

(2) From the curves of figure 6 pick off for each value of  $t_w/t_s$  the values of  $b_s/t_s$ ,  $b_w/t_w$ , and  $\bar{\sigma}_f$  corresponding to the value of  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ .

(3) Pick from table 2 the values of  $A_d/t_s$  for the ratios determined in step 2. (If  $\frac{b_r}{b_w}=0.3$  or  $0.5$  is used, table 1 or table 3, respectively, should be used instead of table 2.)

(4) Compute

$$t_s = \frac{P_t}{\bar{\sigma}_f \frac{A_d}{t_s}}$$

This formula is based on the equality

$$P_t = \bar{\sigma}_f A_d$$

(5) Compute

$$t_w = \frac{t_w}{t_s} t_s$$

$$b_s = \frac{b_s}{t_s} t_s$$

$$b_w = \frac{b_w}{t_w} t_w$$

This procedure results in four designs for each length, corresponding to the four values of  $t_w/t_s$ , for the given conditions. (See table 4.) The values marked with footnote a in table 4 represent those chosen as approaching most closely the desired condition of  $t_s=0.064$  inch; these values therefore give an indication of the proportions needed in a practical design to meet the design requirements most efficiently.

The resulting designs are shown as the ideal designs at the tops of figures 7 to 9, along with bar graphs of the average stress at failure and the buckling stress. The buckling stress for each design was obtained by interpolation from the short horizontal lines for buckling in figures 2 to 5. In some cases in which failure is by column action, the buckling stress shown by figures 2 to 5 will be greater than the failure stress for the designs obtained. Whenever this difference occurred in the present examples, the buckling stress is shown equal to the failure stress.

**Short method for obtaining a practical design.**—The short method consists of picking the optimum value of  $b_w/t_w$  and the corresponding stress for each value of  $b_s/t_s$  from the individual envelopes of figures 2 to 5 and computing from these values the actual panel dimensions. Panel designs that employ standard sheet gages are then selected from the various designs obtained.

The values and computed quantities for  $L=20$  inches and  $\frac{t_w}{t_s}=0.79$  are given in table 5 and are referenced to the steps in the following procedure:

$$(1) \text{ Compute } \frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}.$$

(2) From the curves for a particular value of  $t_w/t_s$  (in this example, fig. 4 for  $\frac{t_w}{t_s}=0.79$  is used) pick off for each value of  $b_s/t_s$  the values of  $b_w/t_w$  (by interpolation along the dashed envelope) and  $\bar{\sigma}_f$  (from the envelope) corresponding to the value of  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ .

(3) Pick from table 2 the values of  $A_d/t_s$  for the ratios determined in step 2.

(4) Compute

$$t_s = \frac{P_t}{\bar{\sigma}_f \frac{A_d}{t_s}}$$

(5) Plot  $b_w/t_w$ ,  $t_s$ , and  $\bar{\sigma}_f$  against  $b_s/t_s$  for the particular value of  $t_w/t_s$ . (The plot for the example being considered is shown in fig. 10.) Tabulate the values of  $b_s/t_s$ ,  $b_w/t_w$ , and  $\bar{\sigma}_f$  corresponding to the point where  $t_s$  equals the specified value.

(6) Check computations by picking from table 2 the value of  $A_d/t_s$  corresponding to the ratios tabulated in step 5. If all computations and plots are correct,

$$P_t = \bar{\sigma}_f \frac{A_d}{t_s} t_s$$

(7) Compute

$$t_w = \frac{t_w}{t_s} t_s$$

$$b_s = \frac{b_s}{t_s} t_s$$

$$b_w = \frac{b_w}{t_w} t_w$$

(8) Repeat steps 2 to 7 for other values of  $t_w/t_s$ .



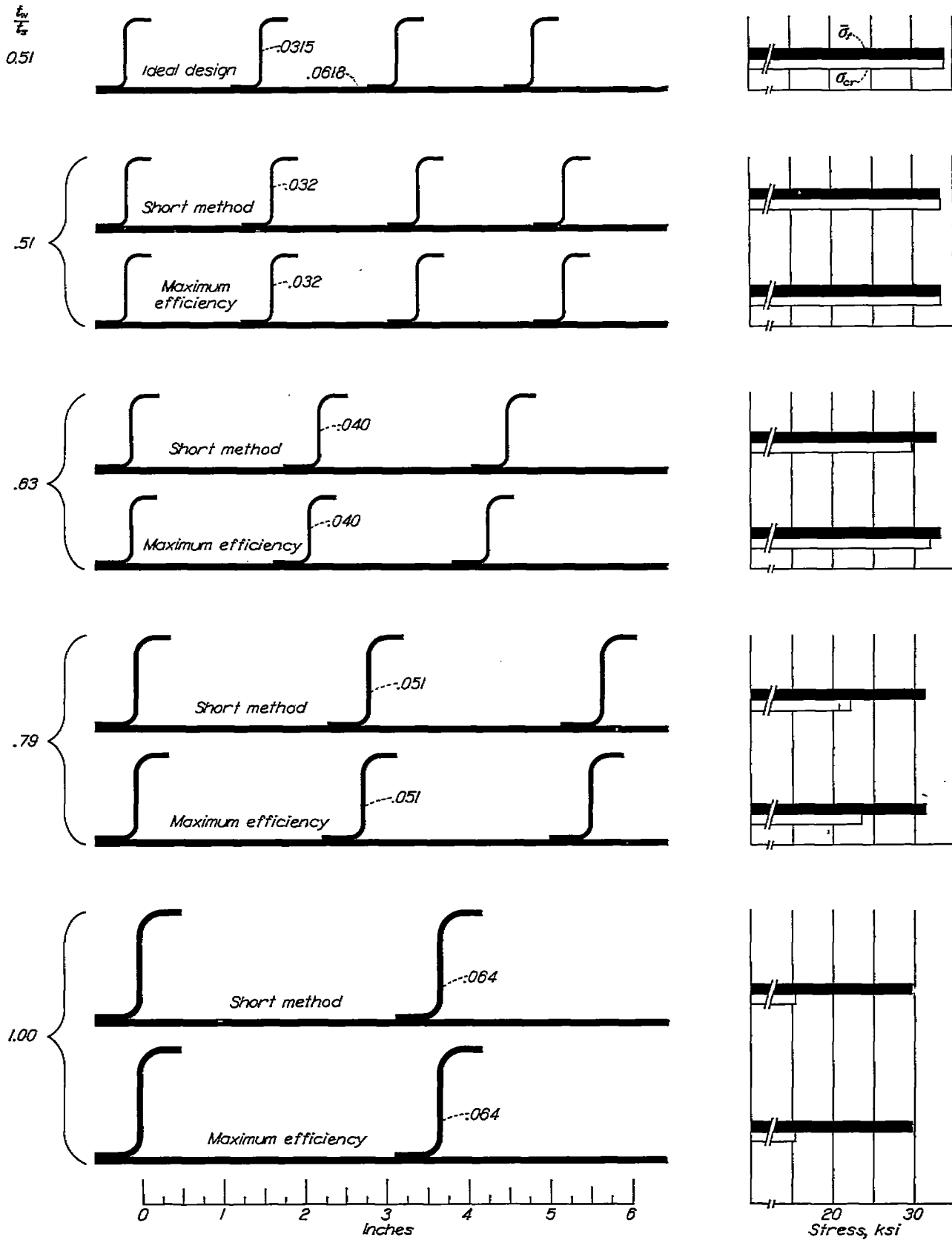


FIGURE 7.—Designs of 24S-T aluminum-alloy panels 10 inches long with  $P_1=3.0$  kips per inch,  $c=1$ , and  $t_f=0.064$  inch.

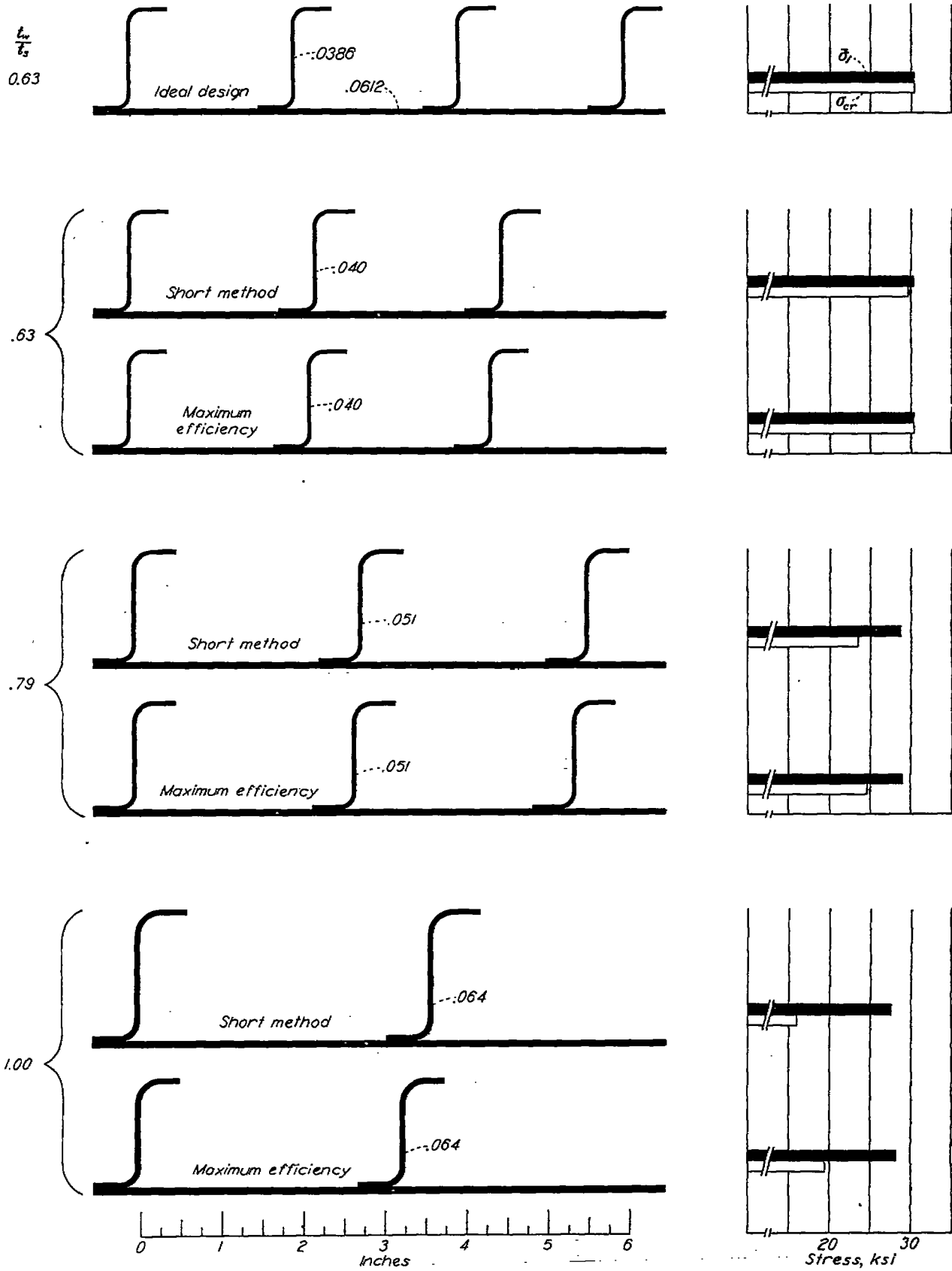


FIGURE 8.—Designs of 24S-T aluminum-alloy panels 20 inches long with  $P_r = 3.0$  kips per inch,  $c = 1$ , and  $t_B = 0.064$  inch.

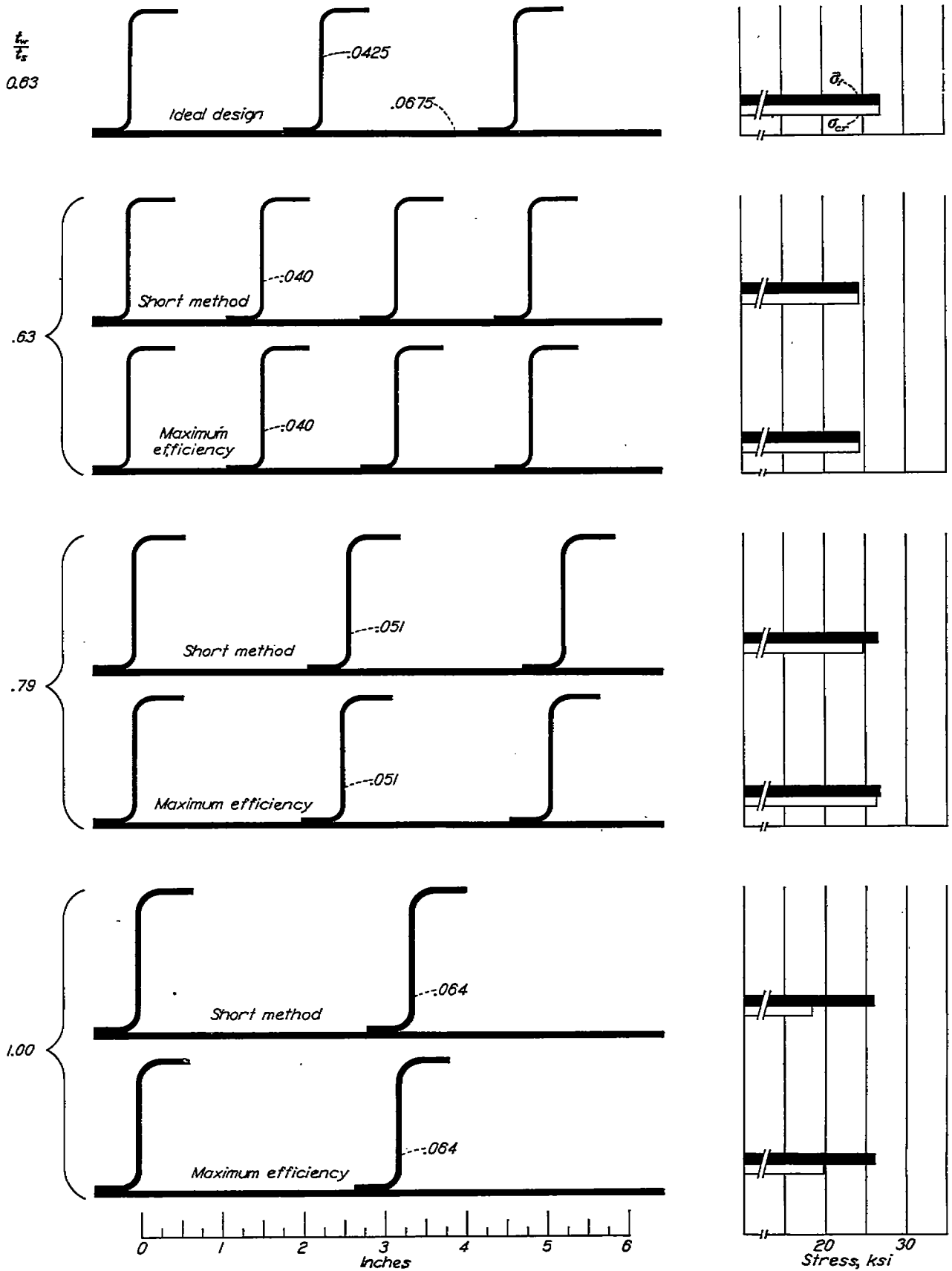


FIGURE 9.—Designs of 24S-T aluminum-alloy panels 30 inches long with  $P_1=3.0$  kips per inch,  $c=1$ , and  $s=0.064$  inch.

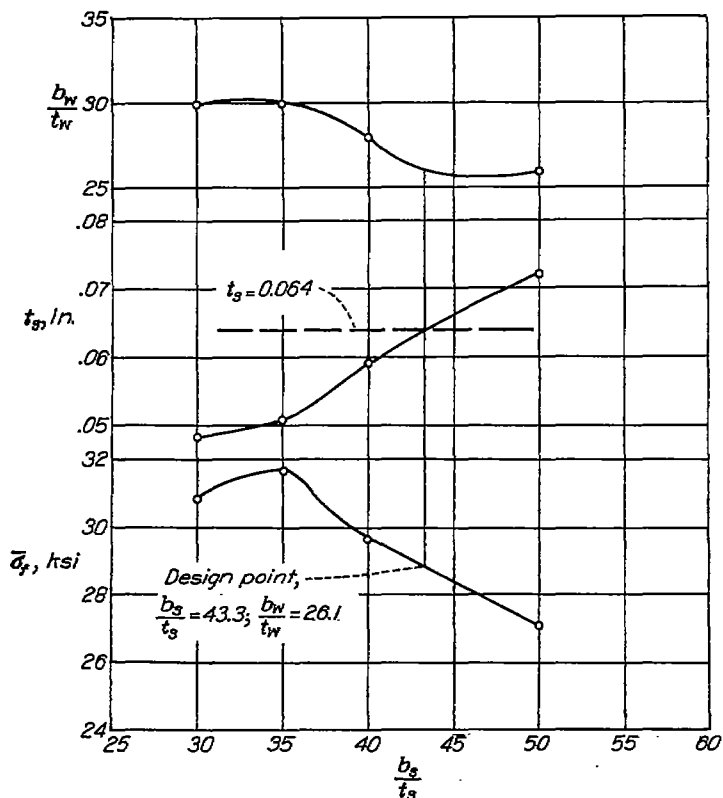


FIGURE 10.—Plot for obtaining practical design by short method.  $P_t=3.0$  kips per inch;  $L=20$  inches;  $c=1$ ;  $t_s=0.064$  inch;  $t_w/t_s=0.79$ .

Like that for the ideal design, this procedure results, for each length considered, in one design for each value of  $t_w/t_s$ . It may not always be possible to find satisfactory designs under the conditions imposed for all values of  $t_w/t_s$ . (Note that no designs are given in figs. 8 and 9 for  $t_w/t_s=0.51$ .) All the designs resulting from the use of the short method utilize standard sheet gages and meet the requirement that  $t_s=0.064$  inch. The choice of design now depends on arriving at a suitable compromise between high stress and wide stiffener spacing. If the prevention of buckling under load is considered important, then the buckling stress must also be taken into account in making a choice.

The designs obtained by carrying out the foregoing procedure for the several values of  $L$  and  $t_w/t_s$  are shown as the short-method designs in figures 7 to 9 along with bar graphs of the average stress at failure and the buckling stress.

**Method of designing for maximum structural efficiency.**—The maximum-efficiency method consists of computing the thickness required as  $b_s/t_s$  is varied for each value of  $b_w/t_w$  and selecting the designs for which the skin gage is equal to that desired. The procedure results in a series of possible designs for each value of  $t_w/t_s$ , from which those designs that provide the highest average stress at failure can be selected.

The values and computed quantities for  $L=20$  inches and  $t_w/t_s=0.79$  are given in table 6 and are referenced to the steps in the following procedure:

- (1) Compute  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ .
- (2) From the curves for a particular value of  $t_w/t_s$  (in this example, fig. 4 for  $t_w/t_s=0.79$  is used) pick off for each value of  $b_w/t_w$  and  $b_s/t_s$  the value of  $\bar{\sigma}_f$ , corresponding to the value of  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ .
- (3) Pick from table 2 the values of  $\lambda_1/t_s$  corresponding to the ratios used in step 2.
- (4) Compute

$$t_s = \frac{P_t}{\bar{\sigma}_f \frac{\lambda_1}{t_s}}$$

(5) Plot  $t_s$  and  $\bar{\sigma}_f$  against  $b_s/t_s$  for each value of  $b_w/t_w$  and  $t_w/t_s$ . Plot the particular value of  $b_w/t_w$  at the value of  $b_s/t_s$  for which  $t_s$  equals the specified value and mark the value of stress at that value of  $b_s/t_s$ . The plots of this step for the example under consideration are given in figure 11 as the short lines for the several values of  $b_w/t_w$  indicated. In order to avoid unnecessary confusion, only short portions of the curves, except the curve for  $b_w/t_w=20$ , are shown.

(6) After step 5 has been completed for all the values of  $b_w/t_w$ , draw curves of stress and of  $b_w/t_w$  against  $b_s/t_s$  through the points determined in step 5 (heavy curves in fig. 11).

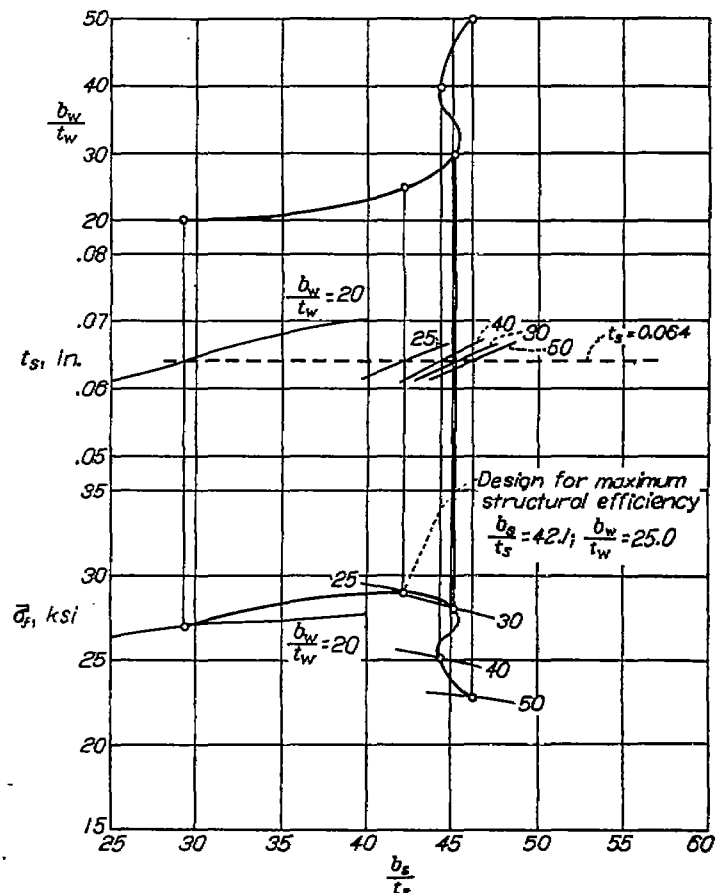


FIGURE 11.—Plot for obtaining design for maximum structural efficiency.  $P_t=3.0$  kips per inch;  $L=20$  inches;  $c=1$ ;  $t_s=0.064$  inch;  $t_w/t_s=0.79$ .

(7) Each of the curves drawn in step 6 represents a series of designs, all of which have the required value of  $t_s$  (in this case, 0.064 in.). The maximum point on the curve of  $\bar{\sigma}_f$  indicates the design for maximum structural efficiency for the particular value of  $t_w/t_s$ . Note this maximum value of  $\bar{\sigma}_f$ , the value of  $b_s/t_s$  at which it is reached, and the value of  $b_w/t_w$ , which can be picked from the curve of  $b_w/t_w$  against  $b_s/t_s$ .

(8) Check computations by picking from table 2 the value of  $A_1/t_s$  corresponding to the ratios selected for maximum structural efficiency in step 7. If all computations and plots are correct,

$$P_t = \bar{\sigma}_f \frac{A_1}{t_s} t_s$$

(9) Compute

$$t_w = \frac{t_w}{t_s} t_s$$

$$b_s = \frac{b_s}{t_s} t_s$$

$$b_w = \frac{b_w}{t_w} t_w$$

(10) Repeat steps 2 to 9 for other values of  $t_w/t_s$ .

This procedure results, for each length considered, in one design for each value of  $t_w/t_s$ . The choice of a design depends on arriving at a suitable compromise between high stress and wide stiffener spacing, with possible consideration for the buckling stress.

The designs obtained by carrying out the foregoing procedure for the several values of  $L$  and  $t_w/t_s$  are shown as the maximum-efficiency designs in figures 7 to 9 along with bar graphs of the average stress at failure and the buckling stress.

DISCUSSION

Figures 7 to 9 provide a visual comparison of the designs that result from use of the three methods presented. The short method of design gives in every case an average stress at failure very close to that obtained by designing on the basis of maximum structural efficiency; the buckling stress, however, is in some cases somewhat lower than that for the maximum-efficiency panel.

Whether the design obtained by the short method or the design for maximum efficiency is selected, the best design for  $P_t=3.0$  kips per inch, on the basis of stress, is obtained at  $L=10$  inches with  $t_w/t_s=0.51$ , at  $L=20$  inches with  $t_w/t_s=0.63$ , and at  $L=30$  inches with  $t_w/t_s=0.79$ . In figure 6, however, the highest envelope, which gives the lightest design, is that for  $t_w/t_s=1.00$ . This apparent contradiction results from the

fact that in working out the examples a skin thickness of 0.064 inch was specified. In order to reach the curve for  $t_w/t_s=1.00$  (fig. 6), a study of table 4 shows that the skin thickness would have to be 0.034 inch at  $L=10$  inches, 0.041 inch at 20 inches, and 0.046 inch at 30 inches. Moreover, the stiffener spacings for designs having such small skin thicknesses are very small. (See table 4.) Because of limitations on skin gages and stiffener spacings, therefore, it is frequently not possible to reach the envelope values of stress and hence the lowest possible weight.

Figures 7 to 9 show that the best panel (that with highest  $\bar{\sigma}_f$ ) obtained at each length by the maximum-efficiency method does not buckle until failure or very close to failure. The best panel designed by the short method, although it may not have quite so high an average stress at failure as the maximum-efficiency panel, also does not buckle until very close to failure. This condition has been found to hold true over a wide range of design requirements. It is therefore evident that over a wide range of conditions the maintenance of buckle-free surfaces does not conflict with the achievement of high structural efficiency. The simultaneous achievement of both these ends by use of 24S-T aluminum-alloy panels, however, apparently requires closer stiffener spacings than those now in common use. For example, the maximum-efficiency designs for  $P_t=3.0$  kips per inch and  $t_s=0.064$  inch have the following spacings for the three lengths:

$L$ (in.)	$b_s$ $t_s$	$b_s$ (in.)
10	28.0	1.79
20	42.1	2.69
30	40.0	2.56

CONCLUDING REMARKS

Charts are presented for the minimum-weight design of 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat compression panels with longitudinal Z-section stiffeners. From examples based on the use of these charts, it is concluded that, over a wide range of design conditions, the maintenance of buckle-free surfaces on longitudinally stiffened compression panels does not conflict with the achievement of high structural efficiency. The achievement of the maximum possible structural efficiency with 24S-T aluminum-alloy panels, however, requires closer stiffener spacings than those now in common use.

LANGLEY MEMORIAL AERONAUTICAL LABORATORY,  
 NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS,  
 LANGLEY FIELD, VA., July 9, 1945.

## APPENDIX

### METHOD OF PREPARATION OF DESIGN CHARTS

Development of design parameter  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ .—As stated in the Introduction, the average stress developed by a longitudinally stiffened compression panel is a direct measure of the structural efficiency of the panel. It is further brought out that a suitable design parameter against which this average stress may be plotted is  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ , where  $P_t$  is the compressive load per inch of panel width,  $L$  is the panel length or distance between supporting ribs, and  $c$  is the coefficient of end fixity at the ribs.

The following derivation shows how the parameter  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$  evolves from the usual column formula:

The column formula may be written

$$\bar{\sigma}_c = \frac{\pi^2 \tau E_c}{\left(\frac{L}{\rho \sqrt{c}}\right)^2} \quad (A1)$$

Multiplication and division of the right-hand side of equation (A1) by  $P_t^2$  gives

$$\bar{\sigma}_c = \pi^2 \tau E_c \left(\frac{\rho}{P_t}\right)^2 \left(\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}\right)^2 \quad (A2)$$

If the stiffened panel is to have a strength just equal to that required by the design conditions,  $P_t = A_t \bar{\sigma}_c$  and equation (A2) may therefore be written

$$\bar{\sigma}_c = \pi^2 \tau E_c \left(\frac{\rho}{A_t}\right)^2 \left(\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{\bar{\sigma}_c}\right)^2$$

or

$$\frac{\bar{\sigma}_c^3}{\tau} = \pi^2 E_c \left(\frac{\rho}{A_t}\right)^2 \left(\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}\right)^2$$

which may be written

$$\frac{\bar{\sigma}_c}{\sqrt[3]{\tau}} = \sqrt[3]{\pi^2 E_c} \left(\frac{\rho}{A_t}\right)^{2/3} \left(\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}\right)^{2/3} \quad (A3)$$

The quantity  $\sqrt[3]{\pi^2 E_c}$  in equation (A3) is fixed for a given material, as is the relationship between  $\bar{\sigma}_c$  and  $\tau$ , except for negligible shape effects. The quantity  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$  is the design parameter;  $\rho/A_t$  is dimensionless and is determined by the relative rather than the absolute dimensions of a panel. A plot of  $\bar{\sigma}_c$  against  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$  is therefore dependent on the ratios of the various panel dimensions and not on the absolute values of the dimensions.

Determination of average stress at local failure  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$ .—From equation (A3), the best panel of a given material for

any value of  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$  on the basis of column strength apparently is that panel which has the highest value of  $\rho/A_t$ . Changes in proportions that result in an increase in  $\rho/A_t$  will, however, generally cause a decrease in the local-failure strength of the panel. (Local failure as used herein includes the phenomenon of twisting, which is in reality only a form of local failure that occurs when the lateral bending stiffness of the outstanding stiffener flange is relatively small.) The optimum panel for a particular application is given by the compromise of column and local-failure strengths that gives the highest stress at the given value of  $\frac{P_t}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ .

The value of the average stress at local failure  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$  is difficult to determine theoretically. Certain test data are available, however, from reference 2 and from additional tests completed since the publication of reference 2. Those data that were obtained from the shortest panels of each cross section are summarized in figure 12, in which  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$  is plotted against  $t_w/b_w$  for various values of  $t_w/t_s$  and  $b_s/t_s$ . The ratio  $b_w/t_w$  has been inverted in this plot in order that the additional point  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}=0$  when  $\frac{t_w}{b_w}=0$  ( $\frac{b_w}{t_w}=\infty$ ) might be used to aid in fairing curves through the test points. The plots of figure 12 make possible an interpolation of  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$  between test points for intermediate values of the ratio  $b_w/t_w$ . By plotting values of  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$  picked from the curves of figure 12 against  $t_s/b_s$ , values of  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$  were also determined for intermediate values of  $b_s/t_s$ .

All the data shown in figure 12 are for a value of  $\frac{b_r}{b_w}=0.4$ .

Test data for  $\frac{b_r}{b_w}=0.3$  and 0.5, however, were also employed

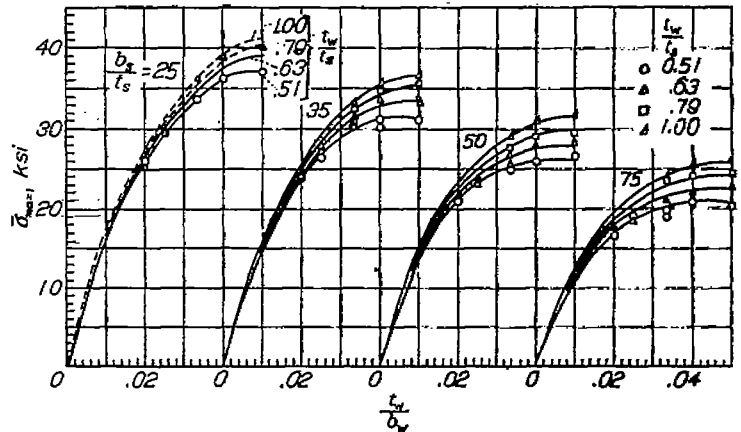


FIGURE 12.—Average stress at local failure for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat compression panels with longitudinal Z-section stiffeners.  $\frac{b_r}{b_w}=0.4$ .

as a guide in fairing the curves, and the curves will be shown to be reasonably accurate for any value of  $b_F/b_W$  between 0.3 and 0.5.

Determination of stress for local buckling  $\sigma_{cr}$ .—If the panel did not buckle locally before failure, the theoretical results thus far presented, used in conjunction with values of  $\bar{\sigma}_{max}$ , would be sufficient to construct a design curve of  $\bar{\sigma}_F$  against  $\frac{P_t}{L\sqrt{C}}$  for any panel. A typical curve for panels

that do not buckle before failure is shown in figure 13. Unless the width-thickness ratios of the various plate elements of the panel are small or the panel is relatively long, however, there will generally be some local buckling before failure. When this buckling takes place, the cross-sectional moment of inertia of the panel is reduced by the presence of ineffective areas; the original curve of column strength therefore no longer applies and the point at which buckling takes place must be connected with the line for local failure by means of a reduced curve. A typical curve, adjusted for the effects of local buckling, is shown in figure 14.

The foregoing discussion shows that it is necessary to know the stress at which buckling takes place. Data on buckling stresses from reference 2 plus additional data now available are therefore plotted in figure 15 for  $\frac{b_F}{b_W} = 0.4$ . Because the measured value of  $b/t$  for the element (skin or stiffener web) that first showed buckling in a test panel was never in exact agreement with the specified nominal value, the observed buckling stresses from reference 2 were corrected for use in figure 15 according to the following formula:

$$(\sigma_{cr})_{corrected} = (\sigma_{cr})_{observed} \frac{\left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2_{measured}}{\left(\frac{b}{t}\right)^2_{nominal}}$$

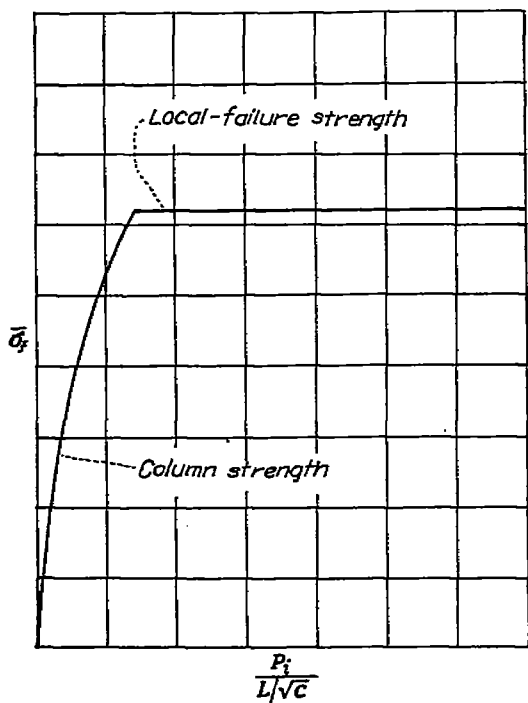


FIGURE 13.—Typical design curve for panels that do not buckle.

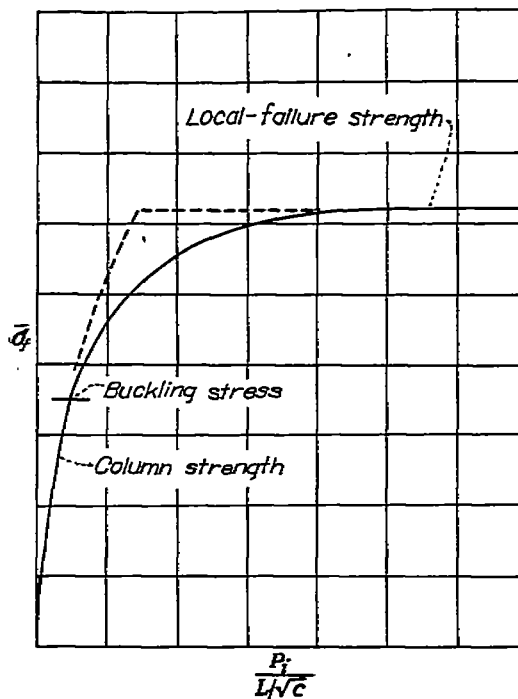


FIGURE 14.—Typical design curve for panels that buckle.

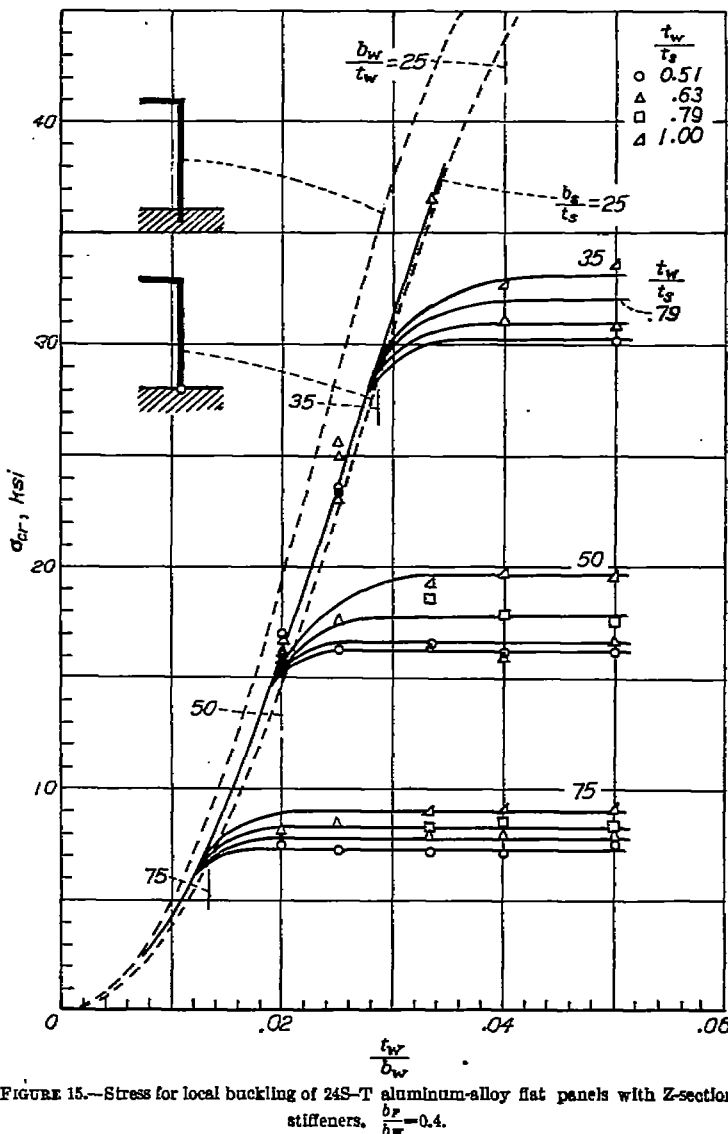


FIGURE 15.—Stress for local buckling of 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners,  $\frac{b_F}{b_W} = 0.4$ .

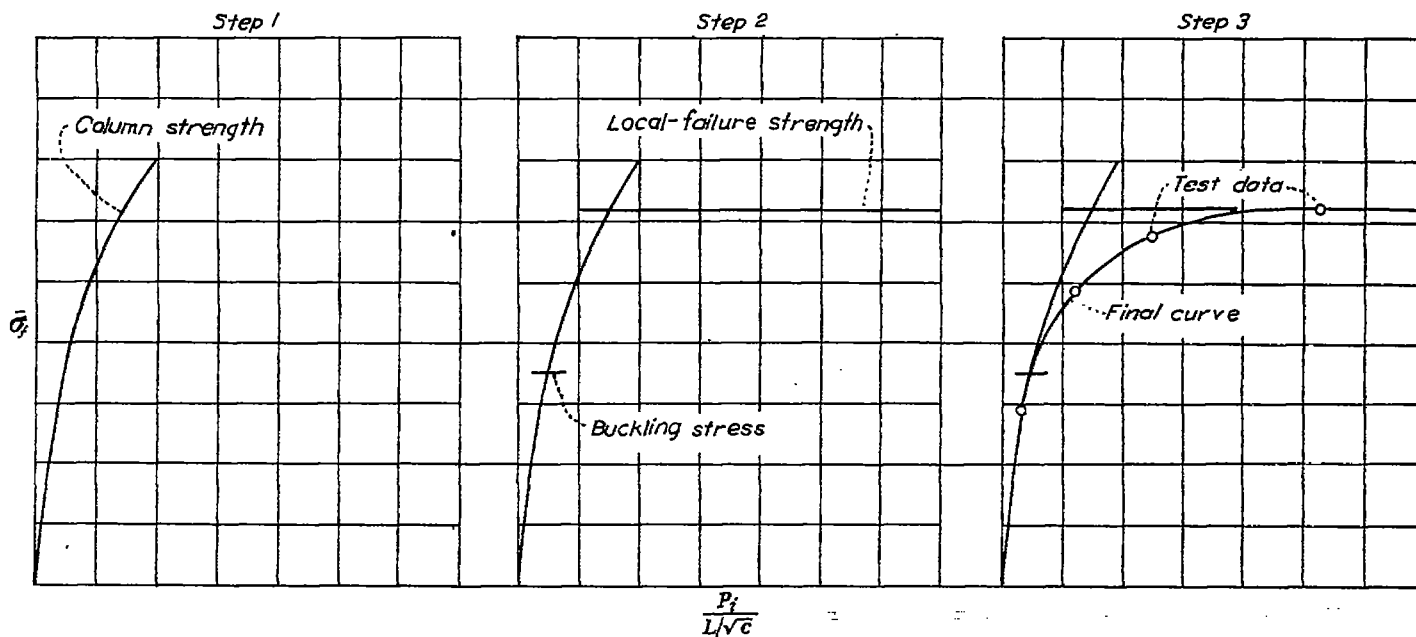


FIGURE 16.—Illustration of procedure used in preparation of design charts.

where the value of  $b/t$  is that for the web of the stiffener or for the skin between stiffeners, depending on which of these elements first gave evidence of buckling. This correction formula is based on the fact that, other factors being equal, the critical stress is inversely proportional to the square of the width-thickness ratio. No account is taken herein of the fact that this relationship is not entirely true for stresses beyond the elastic range; it is assumed that neglecting this fact will have no significant effect because the total correction is relatively small.

The method used in fairing curves through the test points in figure 15 is as follows:

For the horizontal portions of the curves on the right-hand side of figure 15, the skin is primarily responsible for the buckling; the ordinates for the curves in this region are determined by drawing average lines through the test points. As the value of  $t_w/b_w$  is reduced, however, the responsibility for the buckling shifts to the stiffeners and there is a reduction in  $\sigma_{cr}$ . In the absence of adequate test data for low values of  $t_w/b_w$ , certain theoretical considerations are used for determining the values of  $\sigma_{cr}$  in this region.

It is possible to describe certain limiting conditions that determine curves between which the correct curves must lie. As the value of  $t_w/b_w$  approaches zero, with all other dimension ratios held constant, the skin tends to become infinitely stiff by comparison with the stiffener and the stiffener approaches a condition of complete fixity at the edge where it is attached to the skin. This condition of complete fixity represents the upper limit of buckling stress. The value of  $k$ , the coefficient in the formula for local-buckling stress (reference 4), when applied to the stiffener web may be taken for this condition as the geometric mean of the value of  $k$  for the web of a Z-section column with  $\frac{b_r}{b_w} = 0.4$  (about 3.77, see reference 4) and the value of  $k$  for a flat plate fixed at both edges (about 6.98, see reference 5). This value of  $k$  is  $\sqrt{3.77 \times 6.98}$ , or 5.13. The upper dashed curve in figure 15

gives  $\sigma_{cr}$  for  $k=5.13$ . The use of the geometric mean of values of  $k$  to obtain the critical stress for a plate with different restraints along the two unloaded edges is discussed and justified for practical use in reference 5.

When  $\frac{b_w}{t_w} = \frac{b_s}{t_s}$ , it is a reasonable and probably conservative assumption to consider the stiffener hinged at the edge where it is attached to the skin. This hinged condition represents the lower limit of buckling stress. The value of  $k$  for the web of the stiffener may be taken for this condition as the geometric mean of 3.77 for the simple Z-section and the value for a flat plate hinged at both edges (4.00, see reference 5) or  $k = \sqrt{3.77 \times 4.00} = 3.88$ . The lower dashed curve in figure 15 gives  $\sigma_{cr}$  for  $k=3.88$ . In the preparation of the two dashed curves, the effect of reduction in the modulus of elasticity for stresses beyond the elastic range was determined from results of tests of 24S-T aluminum-alloy columns of Z-, channel, and H-section that develop local instability.

The solid curve on the left-hand side of figure 15 is drawn in to give a gradual transition from the lower dashed curve in the region where  $\frac{b_w}{t_w} = \frac{b_s}{t_s}$  toward the upper dashed curve as  $t_w/b_w$  approaches zero. In the region where  $\frac{b_w}{t_w} = \frac{b_s}{t_s}$  the curves are faired into the horizontal lines drawn through the test points. A single curve was considered sufficient for all values of  $t_w/t_s$  for the left-hand portion of figure 15, because the few test points that were available in this region indicated that the individual curves would be so close together as to be almost indistinguishable.

The curves of figure 15, like those of figure 12, were cross-plotted to give buckling stresses for the intermediate values of  $b_s/t_s$  that appear in figures 2 to 5.

**Preparation of final curves.**—The procedure used in the preparation of the final curves of figures 2 to 5 is illustrated in figure 16. An outline of this procedure is as follows:



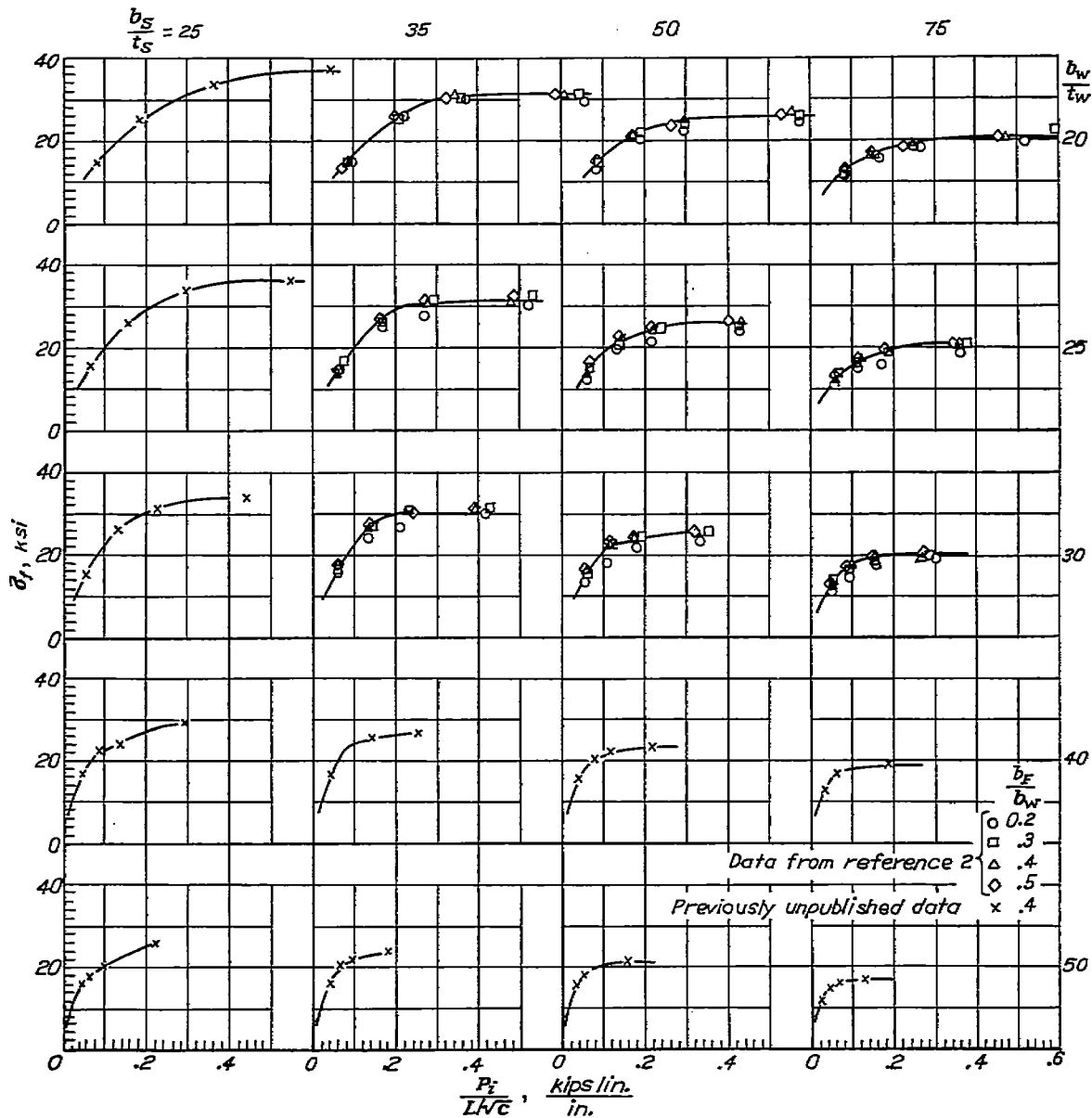


FIGURE 17.—Comparison of test data with design curves for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners.  $\frac{t_F}{t_S} = 0.51$ .

(1) Draw curve for column strength corresponding to the value of  $\rho/A_t$  for the panel cross section. For the curves of this report, the column curve for 24S-T aluminum alloy was obtained from equations (5) and (6) and table I, all of reference 6.

(2) Plot the values of stress for local buckling and for local failure of panel obtained from the cross plots of the curves in figures 12 and 15.

(3) Plot available test data and fair curves between buckling stress and local-failure stress. This fairing was done first for those curves for which test data were available; the remaining curves were then faired in a manner consistent with the curves already established.

In a few cases (low  $b_s/t_s$  with high  $b_w/t_w$ ) the test data indicated that the curves did not follow the smooth transition between column and local failure indicated by figure 16. Instead the curves tended to bend over sharply, in some cases even below the buckling stress given by figure 15, and to follow very nearly a straight line up to the average stress for local failure. No explanation is offered for this phenom-

enon; the available test data were used as the sole guide for fairing the curves in these cases.

Correlation between design curves and test data.—The test data of reference 2 as well as the additional data made available since the publication of reference 2 are plotted against the parameter  $\frac{P_t}{L\sqrt{c}}$  in figures 17 to 20. Appropriate curves taken from figures 2 to 5 are also drawn in these figures and good agreement between the final design curves and the test data for  $\frac{b_F}{b_W} = 0.4$  exists throughout the range of the data. In order to make it possible, if desired, to check the correlation on a larger-scale plot, the test data for  $\frac{b_F}{b_W} = 0.3, 0.4,$  and  $0.5$  are given in table 7 in a form suitable for plotting directly on the design charts (figs. 2 to 5). Table 7 and figures 17 to 20 also make it possible to determine in which regions the design charts are substantiated by test data and in which regions they were obtained by interpolation or extrapolation.

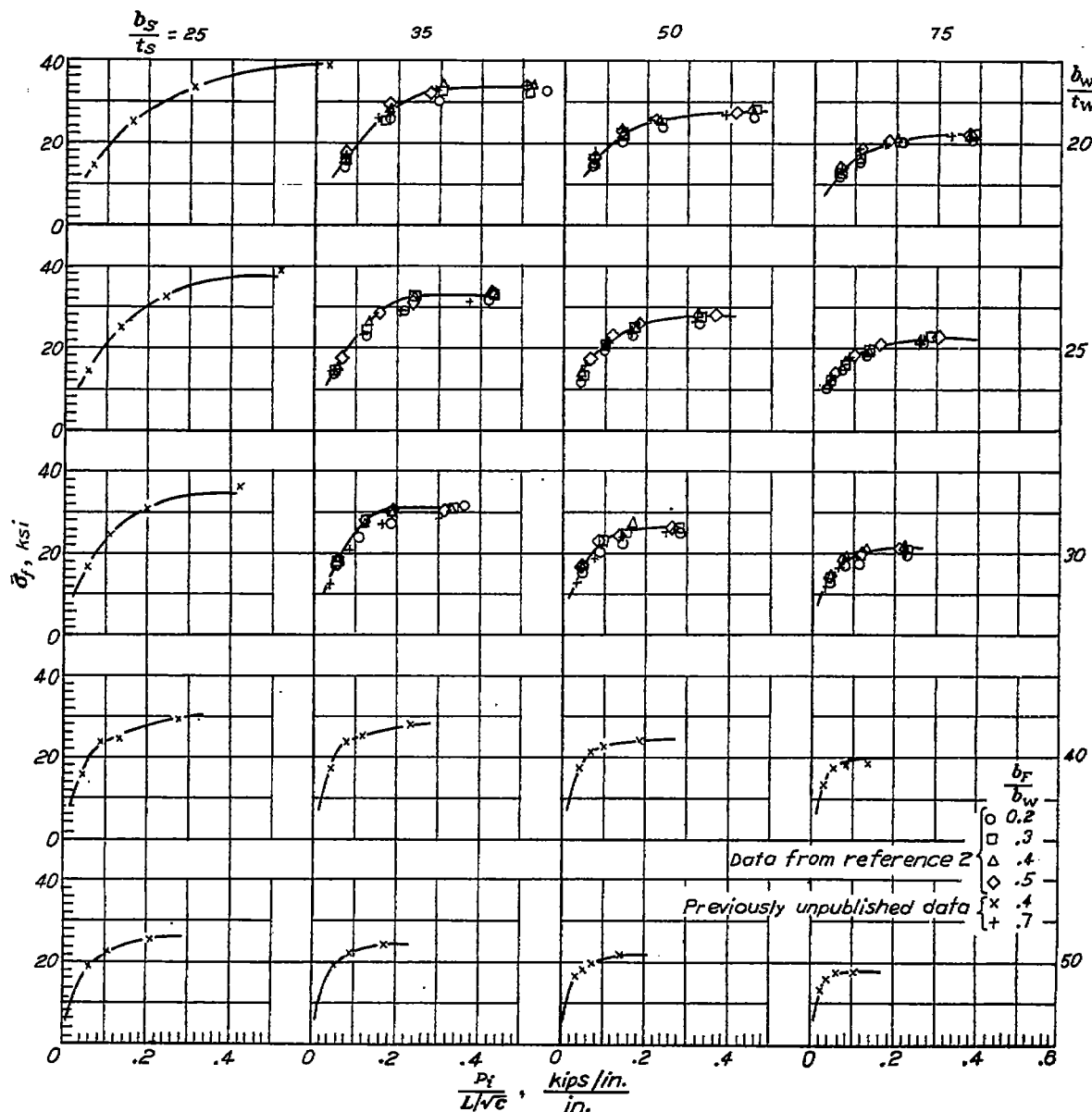


FIGURE 18.—Comparison of test data with design curves for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners.  $\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 0.63$ .

Figures 17 to 20 indicate that there would be little difference in the curves for  $\frac{b_f}{b_w} = 0.3, 0.4, \text{ and } 0.5$  but that the curves for  $\frac{b_f}{b_w} = 0.2$  and probably 0.7 would be lower than those for  $\frac{b_f}{b_w} = 0.4$ . The most efficient use of material will therefore be realized if a value of  $\frac{b_f}{b_w}$  between 0.3 and 0.5 is used. It is for this range that the design charts are intended to be used, although they are based on the specific data for  $\frac{b_f}{b_w} = 0.4$ .

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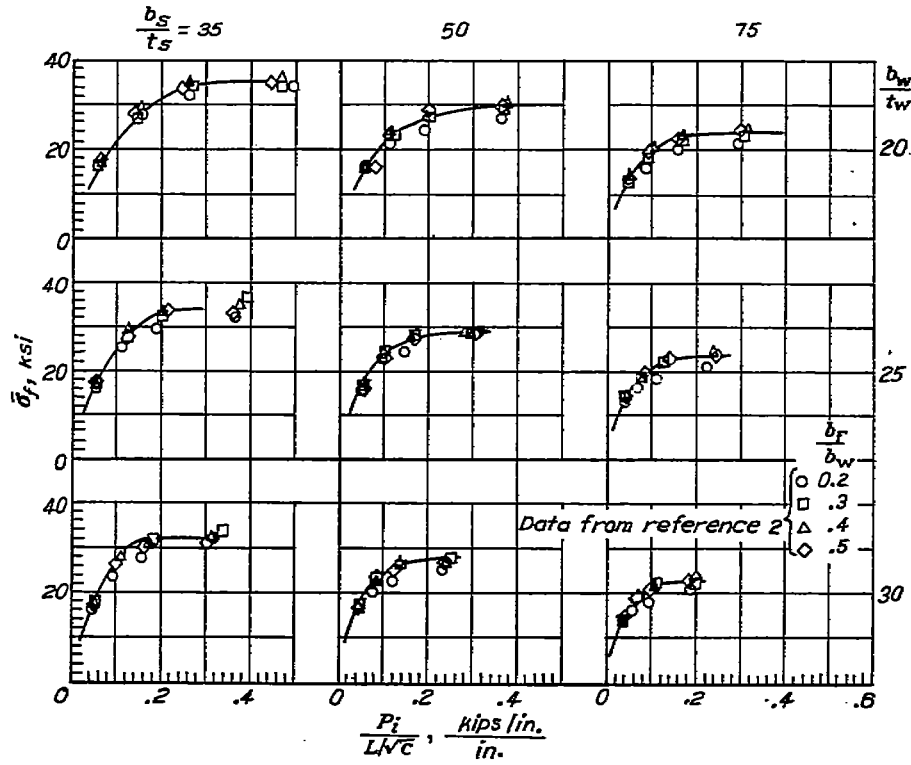


FIGURE 19.—Comparison of test data with design curves for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners.  $\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 0.79$ .

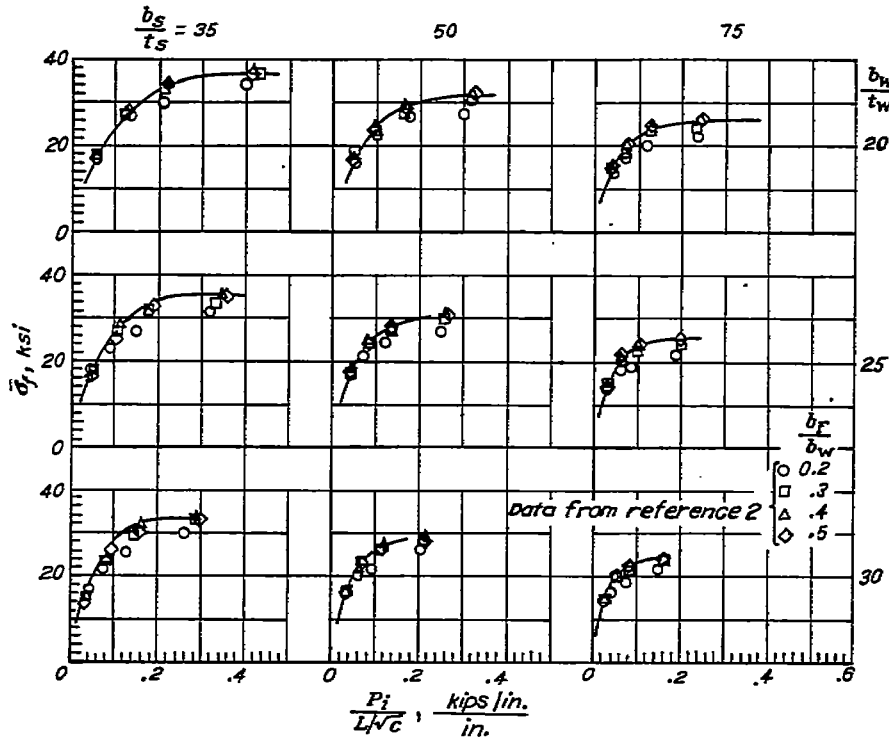


FIGURE 20.—Comparison of test data with design curves for 24S-T aluminum-alloy flat panels with Z-section stiffeners.  $\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 1.00$ .

TABLE 1  
VALUES OF  $A_s/t_s$  FOR FLAT PANELS WITH Z-SECTION STIFFENERS.  $b_F/b_W = 0.3$ .

$$\left[ \frac{A_s}{t_s} = 1 + \frac{b_W}{t_W} \left( 1 + \frac{b_F}{b_W} \right) + \frac{b_s}{t_s} \left( 2 - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \frac{(t_s + t_W + 1)}{t_W + t_s + 1} \right] \left( \frac{t_W}{t_s} \right)^2$$

$b_s/t_s$	$b_W/t_W$	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	32	34	35	33	40	42	44	45	48	50
$\frac{t_W}{t_s} = 0.51$																						
25	1.353	1.367	1.380	1.394	1.407	1.421	1.435	1.448	1.462	1.475	1.489	1.516	1.543	1.570	1.597	1.624	1.651	1.678	1.705	1.732	1.759	
26	1.340	1.353	1.366	1.379	1.392	1.406	1.419	1.432	1.445	1.457	1.470	1.496	1.522	1.548	1.574	1.600	1.626	1.652	1.678	1.704	1.730	
27	1.327	1.340	1.352	1.365	1.377	1.390	1.402	1.415	1.427	1.440	1.452	1.477	1.502	1.528	1.553	1.578	1.603	1.628	1.653	1.678	1.703	
28	1.316	1.328	1.340	1.352	1.364	1.376	1.388	1.400	1.412	1.424	1.436	1.460	1.485	1.509	1.533	1.557	1.581	1.605	1.629	1.654	1.678	
29	1.305	1.316	1.328	1.340	1.351	1.363	1.375	1.386	1.398	1.410	1.421	1.445	1.468	1.491	1.514	1.535	1.561	1.584	1.608	1.631	1.654	
30	1.294	1.306	1.317	1.328	1.340	1.351	1.362	1.373	1.385	1.396	1.407	1.430	1.452	1.476	1.497	1.520	1.541	1.565	1.587	1.610	1.633	
31	1.285	1.296	1.307	1.318	1.329	1.340	1.350	1.361	1.372	1.383	1.394	1.416	1.438	1.459	1.481	1.503	1.525	1.547	1.569	1.590	1.612	
32	1.276	1.287	1.297	1.308	1.318	1.329	1.339	1.350	1.361	1.371	1.382	1.403	1.424	1.445	1.466	1.487	1.509	1.530	1.551	1.572	1.593	
33	1.268	1.278	1.288	1.298	1.308	1.319	1.329	1.339	1.350	1.360	1.370	1.391	1.411	1.432	1.452	1.473	1.493	1.514	1.534	1.555	1.575	
34	1.260	1.270	1.280	1.290	1.300	1.310	1.320	1.329	1.339	1.349	1.359	1.379	1.399	1.419	1.439	1.459	1.479	1.498	1.518	1.538	1.558	
35	1.252	1.262	1.272	1.281	1.291	1.301	1.310	1.320	1.330	1.339	1.349	1.368	1.388	1.407	1.426	1.446	1.465	1.484	1.504	1.523	1.542	
36	1.245	1.255	1.264	1.274	1.283	1.292	1.302	1.311	1.321	1.330	1.339	1.358	1.377	1.395	1.414	1.433	1.452	1.471	1.490	1.508	1.527	
37	1.239	1.248	1.257	1.266	1.275	1.284	1.294	1.303	1.312	1.321	1.330	1.348	1.367	1.385	1.403	1.422	1.440	1.458	1.476	1.495	1.513	
38	1.232	1.241	1.250	1.259	1.268	1.277	1.286	1.295	1.304	1.313	1.321	1.339	1.357	1.375	1.393	1.410	1.428	1.446	1.464	1.482	1.499	
39	1.227	1.235	1.244	1.253	1.261	1.270	1.279	1.287	1.296	1.305	1.313	1.331	1.348	1.365	1.383	1.400	1.417	1.434	1.451	1.469	1.487	
40	1.221	1.229	1.238	1.246	1.255	1.263	1.272	1.280	1.288	1.297	1.305	1.322	1.339	1.356	1.373	1.390	1.407	1.424	1.441	1.458	1.474	
42	1.210	1.218	1.226	1.234	1.243	1.251	1.259	1.267	1.275	1.283	1.291	1.307	1.323	1.339	1.355	1.371	1.387	1.404	1.420	1.436	1.452	
44	1.201	1.208	1.216	1.224	1.232	1.239	1.247	1.255	1.262	1.270	1.278	1.293	1.308	1.324	1.339	1.354	1.370	1.385	1.401	1.416	1.431	
46	1.192	1.199	1.207	1.214	1.221	1.229	1.236	1.244	1.251	1.258	1.266	1.280	1.295	1.310	1.324	1.339	1.354	1.368	1.383	1.398	1.412	
48	1.184	1.191	1.198	1.205	1.212	1.219	1.226	1.233	1.240	1.247	1.254	1.269	1.283	1.297	1.311	1.325	1.339	1.353	1.367	1.381	1.395	
50	1.177	1.183	1.189	1.195	1.204	1.211	1.217	1.224	1.231	1.238	1.244	1.258	1.271	1.285	1.298	1.311	1.325	1.339	1.353	1.366	1.380	
52	1.170	1.176	1.182	1.189	1.196	1.202	1.209	1.215	1.222	1.228	1.235	1.248	1.261	1.274	1.287	1.300	1.313	1.326	1.339	1.352	1.365	
54	1.164	1.170	1.176	1.182	1.189	1.195	1.201	1.207	1.214	1.220	1.226	1.239	1.251	1.264	1.276	1.289	1.301	1.314	1.326	1.339	1.351	
56	1.158	1.164	1.170	1.176	1.182	1.188	1.194	1.200	1.206	1.212	1.218	1.230	1.242	1.254	1.266	1.279	1.291	1.303	1.315	1.327	1.339	
58	1.152	1.158	1.164	1.170	1.176	1.181	1.187	1.193	1.199	1.205	1.211	1.222	1.234	1.246	1.257	1.269	1.281	1.292	1.304	1.316	1.327	
60	1.147	1.153	1.159	1.165	1.170	1.175	1.181	1.187	1.192	1.198	1.204	1.216	1.226	1.237	1.249	1.260	1.271	1.282	1.294	1.305	1.317	
65	1.138	1.144	1.149	1.155	1.161	1.167	1.172	1.178	1.183	1.188	1.198	1.209	1.219	1.229	1.240	1.250	1.261	1.271	1.282	1.292	1.302	
70	1.126	1.132	1.138	1.144	1.149	1.155	1.160	1.165	1.170	1.175	1.184	1.194	1.203	1.213	1.223	1.232	1.242	1.252	1.261	1.271	1.281	
75	1.118	1.124	1.129	1.134	1.141	1.146	1.151	1.156	1.161	1.166	1.174	1.184	1.193	1.202	1.211	1.220	1.229	1.238	1.247	1.256	1.265	
$\frac{t_W}{t_s} = 0.63$																						
25	1.531	1.552	1.573	1.593	1.614	1.635	1.655	1.676	1.717	1.738	1.779	1.820	1.862	1.903	1.944	1.985	2.027	2.068	2.109	2.151	2.192	
26	1.511	1.531	1.551	1.570	1.600	1.610	1.630	1.650	1.700	1.709	1.749	1.789	1.828	1.868	1.908	1.948	1.987	2.027	2.067	2.107	2.147	
27	1.492	1.511	1.530	1.549	1.608	1.598	1.607	1.626	1.645	1.664	1.683	1.721	1.760	1.798	1.836	1.874	1.912	1.951	1.989	2.027	2.065	
28	1.474	1.493	1.511	1.530	1.648	1.567	1.584	1.602	1.622	1.640	1.659	1.696	1.732	1.769	1.806	1.843	1.880	1.917	1.954	1.990	2.027	
29	1.458	1.476	1.494	1.511	1.629	1.547	1.564	1.583	1.600	1.618	1.636	1.672	1.707	1.743	1.778	1.814	1.849	1.885	1.921	1.956	1.992	
30	1.443	1.460	1.477	1.494	1.612	1.529	1.546	1.563	1.580	1.598	1.615	1.649	1.684	1.718	1.752	1.787	1.821	1.856	1.890	1.924	1.959	
31	1.428	1.445	1.462	1.478	1.495	1.512	1.528	1.545	1.562	1.578	1.595	1.628	1.662	1.695	1.728	1.761	1.795	1.828	1.861	1.895	1.928	
32	1.413	1.431	1.447	1.463	1.480	1.496	1.512	1.528	1.544	1.560	1.576	1.609	1.641	1.673	1.705	1.738	1.770	1.802	1.834	1.867	1.899	
33	1.405	1.418	1.434	1.449	1.466	1.481	1.496	1.512	1.528	1.543	1.559	1.590	1.621	1.653	1.684	1.715	1.747	1.778	1.809	1.840	1.872	
34	1.391	1.406	1.421	1.436	1.451	1.467	1.482	1.497	1.512	1.527	1.542	1.572	1.603	1.634	1.664	1.694	1.725	1.756	1.786	1.816	1.847	
35	1.380	1.394	1.409	1.424	1.438	1.453	1.468	1.483	1.497	1.512	1.527	1.556	1.586	1.615	1.645	1.674	1.704	1.733	1.763	1.792	1.822	
36	1.369	1.383	1.398	1.412	1.426	1.441	1.455	1.469	1.484	1.498	1.512	1.541	1.570	1.598	1.627	1.656	1.684	1.713	1.742	1.770	1.799	
37	1.359	1.373	1.387	1.401	1.415	1.429	1.443	1.457	1.471	1.485	1.498	1.526	1.554	1.582	1.610	1.638	1.666	1.694	1.722	1.749	1.777	
38	1.350	1.363	1.377	1.390	1.404	1.417	1.431	1.445	1.458	1.472	1.485	1.513	1.540	1.567	1.594	1.621	1.648	1.675	1.703	1.730	1.757	
39	1.341	1.354	1.367	1.380	1.394	1.407	1.420	1.433	1.446	1.460	1.473	1.499	1.526	1.552	1.579	1.605	1.632	1.658	1.685	1.711	1.738	
40	1.332	1.345	1.358	1.371	1.384	1.397	1.409	1.422	1.435	1.448	1.461	1.487	1.513	1.538	1.564	1.590	1.616	1.642	1.667	1.693	1.719	
42	1.316	1.329	1.341	1.353	1.365	1.378	1.390	1.402	1.415	1.427	1.439	1.464	1.488	1.513	1.537	1.562	1.587	1.611	1.636	1.660	1.685	
44	1.302	1.314	1.325	1.337	1.349	1.361	1.372	1.384	1.396	1.407	1.419	1.443	1.466	1.490	1.513	1.536	1.560	1.583	1.607	1.630	1.654	
46	1.289	1.300	1.311	1.322	1.334	1.345	1.356	1.367	1.379	1.390	1.401	1.423	1.446	1.468	1.491	1.513	1.535	1.558	1.580	1.603	1.625	
48	1.277	1.287	1.298	1.309	1.320	1.330	1.341	1.352	1.363	1.373	1.384	1.406	1.427	1.449	1.470	1.492	1.513	1.535	1.556	1.578	1.599	
50	1.266	1.276	1.286	1.297	1.307	1.317	1.328	1.338	1.348	1.359	1.369	1.390	1.410	1.431	1.451	1.472	1.493	1.513	1.534	1.555	1.575	
52	1.255	1.265	1.275	1.285	1.295	1.305	1.315	1.325	1.335	1.345	1.355	1.375	1.394	1.414	1.434	1.454	1.474	1.494	1.513	1.533	1.552	
54	1.246	1.256	1.265	1.275	1.284	1.294	1.303	1.313	1.322	1.332	1.342	1.361	1.380	1.399	1.418	1.437	1.456	1.475	1.494	1.514	1.533	
56	1.237	1.246	1.256	1.265	1.274	1.283	1.292	1.302	1.311	1.320	1.329	1.348	1.366	1.385	1.403	1.421	1.440					

TABLE 1—Concluded

VALUES OF  $A_d/t_s$  FOR FLAT PANELS WITH Z-SECTION STIFFENERS.  $b_F/b_W=0.3$ —Concluded.

$b_s/t_s$ \ $b_w/t_w$	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50
$t_w/t_s=0.70$																					
25	L.808	L.840	L.873	L.905	L.938	L.970	2.003	2.035	2.068	2.100	2.133	2.167	2.202	2.237	2.272	2.307	2.342	2.377	2.412	2.447	2.482
26	L.777	L.808	L.839	L.871	L.902	L.933	L.964	L.995	2.027	2.058	2.089	2.121	2.154	2.187	2.220	2.253	2.286	2.319	2.352	2.385	2.418
27	L.745	L.778	L.809	L.838	L.868	L.898	L.928	L.958	L.989	2.019	2.049	2.109	2.169	2.229	2.289	2.349	2.409	2.469	2.529	2.589	2.650
28	L.721	L.750	L.779	L.808	L.837	L.866	L.895	L.924	L.953	L.982	2.011	2.069	2.127	2.185	2.243	2.301	2.359	2.417	2.475	2.533	2.590
29	L.697	L.725	L.752	L.780	L.808	L.836	L.864	L.892	L.920	L.948	L.976	2.032	2.088	2.144	2.200	2.255	2.311	2.368	2.424	2.480	2.536
30	L.673	L.700	L.727	L.754	L.781	L.809	L.836	L.863	L.890	L.917	L.944	L.968	2.052	2.106	2.160	2.214	2.268	2.322	2.376	2.431	2.485
31	L.652	L.678	L.704	L.730	L.756	L.782	L.809	L.835	L.861	L.887	L.913	L.938	2.018	2.070	2.123	2.175	2.227	2.280	2.332	2.384	2.437
32	L.631	L.657	L.682	L.707	L.733	L.758	L.783	L.809	L.834	L.859	L.885	L.910	2.037	2.088	2.138	2.188	2.238	2.289	2.339	2.391	2.442
33	L.612	L.637	L.661	L.685	L.710	L.735	L.760	L.784	L.809	L.833	L.858	L.907	L.956	2.006	2.055	2.104	2.153	2.202	2.251	2.301	2.350
34	L.594	L.618	L.642	L.666	L.690	L.713	L.737	L.761	L.785	L.809	L.833	L.880	L.928	L.976	2.024	2.074	2.124	2.174	2.224	2.274	2.323
35	L.577	L.600	L.623	L.647	L.670	L.693	L.716	L.739	L.763	L.786	L.809	L.855	L.902	L.948	L.994	2.041	2.091	2.141	2.191	2.241	2.291
36	L.561	L.584	L.606	L.629	L.651	L.674	L.696	L.719	L.741	L.764	L.786	L.832	L.877	L.922	L.967	2.012	2.057	2.102	2.147	2.192	2.237
37	L.546	L.568	L.590	L.612	L.634	L.656	L.677	L.699	L.721	L.743	L.765	L.809	L.853	L.897	L.941	L.984	2.028	2.072	2.116	2.160	2.204
38	L.532	L.553	L.574	L.595	L.617	L.638	L.660	L.681	L.702	L.724	L.745	L.788	L.830	L.873	L.916	L.959	2.001	2.044	2.087	2.129	2.172
39	L.518	L.539	L.560	L.580	L.601	L.622	L.643	L.664	L.684	L.705	L.726	L.768	L.809	L.851	L.892	L.934	L.975	2.017	2.059	2.100	2.142
40	L.505	L.525	L.546	L.566	L.586	L.606	L.627	L.647	L.667	L.688	L.708	L.749	L.789	L.830	L.870	L.911	L.951	L.992	2.032	2.073	2.114
42	L.481	L.500	L.520	L.539	L.558	L.578	L.597	L.616	L.635	L.655	L.674	L.713	L.751	L.790	L.829	L.867	L.906	L.945	L.983	2.022	2.060
44	L.459	L.478	L.496	L.514	L.533	L.551	L.570	L.588	L.607	L.625	L.643	L.680	L.717	L.754	L.791	L.828	L.865	L.902	L.938	L.975	2.012
46	L.439	L.457	L.474	L.492	L.510	L.527	L.545	L.563	L.580	L.598	L.615	L.651	L.685	L.721	L.757	L.792	L.827	L.862	L.898	L.933	1.998
48	L.421	L.438	L.455	L.472	L.488	L.505	L.522	L.539	L.556	L.573	L.590	L.624	L.657	L.691	L.725	L.759	L.793	L.826	L.860	L.894	1.988
50	L.404	L.420	L.436	L.453	L.469	L.485	L.501	L.518	L.534	L.550	L.566	L.599	L.631	L.664	L.696	L.729	L.761	L.793	L.825	L.858	1.981
52	L.388	L.404	L.420	L.435	L.451	L.466	L.482	L.498	L.513	L.529	L.544	L.575	L.607	L.638	L.669	L.700	L.732	L.763	L.794	L.825	1.957
54	L.374	L.389	L.404	L.419	L.434	L.449	L.464	L.479	L.494	L.509	L.524	L.554	L.584	L.614	L.645	L.675	L.705	L.735	L.765	L.795	1.925
56	L.361	L.375	L.390	L.404	L.419	L.433	L.448	L.462	L.477	L.491	L.506	L.535	L.564	L.593	L.621	L.650	L.679	L.708	L.737	L.766	1.908
58	L.348	L.362	L.376	L.390	L.404	L.418	L.432	L.446	L.460	L.474	L.488	L.516	L.544	L.572	L.600	L.628	L.656	L.684	L.712	L.740	1.798
60	L.337	L.350	L.364	L.377	L.391	L.404	L.418	L.431	L.445	L.458	L.472	L.499	L.526	L.553	L.580	L.607	L.634	L.661	L.688	L.715	1.742
65	L.311	L.323	L.336	L.348	L.361	L.373	L.386	L.398	L.411	L.423	L.436	L.461	L.486	L.510	L.535	L.560	L.585	L.610	L.635	L.660	1.685
70	L.289	L.300	L.312	L.323	L.335	L.347	L.358	L.370	L.381	L.393	L.404	L.425	L.451	L.474	L.497	L.520	L.544	L.567	L.590	L.613	1.636
75	L.289	L.280	L.291	L.302	L.313	L.323	L.334	L.345	L.356	L.367	L.377	L.399	L.421	L.442	L.464	L.486	L.507	L.529	L.551	L.573	1.694
$t_w/t_s=1.00$																					
25	2.247	2.299	2.351	2.403	2.455	2.508	2.559	2.611	2.663	2.715	2.767	2.871	2.975	3.079	3.183	3.287	3.391	3.495	3.599	3.703	3.807
26	2.199	2.249	2.299	2.349	2.399	2.449	2.499	2.549	2.599	2.649	2.699	2.799	2.899	2.999	3.099	3.199	3.299	3.399	3.499	3.599	3.699
27	2.151	2.201	2.251	2.301	2.351	2.401	2.451	2.501	2.551	2.601	2.651	2.751	2.851	2.951	3.051	3.151	3.251	3.351	3.451	3.551	3.651
28	2.113	2.160	2.206	2.252	2.299	2.345	2.392	2.438	2.485	2.531	2.577	2.670	2.763	2.856	2.949	3.042	3.135	3.227	3.320	3.413	3.506
29	2.075	2.120	2.164	2.209	2.254	2.299	2.344	2.389	2.433	2.478	2.523	2.613	2.702	2.792	2.882	2.971	3.061	3.151	3.240	3.330	3.420
30	2.039	2.082	2.126	2.169	2.212	2.255	2.299	2.342	2.386	2.429	2.472	2.559	2.646	2.732	2.819	2.906	2.992	3.079	3.166	3.252	3.339
31	2.005	2.047	2.089	2.131	2.173	2.215	2.257	2.299	2.341	2.383	2.425	2.509	2.592	2.676	2.760	2.844	2.928	3.012	3.096	3.180	3.263
32	1.974	2.015	2.055	2.096	2.136	2.177	2.218	2.258	2.299	2.340	2.380	2.461	2.543	2.624	2.705	2.786	2.868	2.949	3.030	3.111	3.193
33	1.944	1.984	2.023	2.063	2.102	2.141	2.181	2.220	2.260	2.299	2.338	2.417	2.496	2.575	2.654	2.732	2.811	2.890	2.969	3.048	3.126
34	1.917	1.955	1.993	2.031	2.070	2.078	2.146	2.184	2.223	2.261	2.299	2.376	2.452	2.528	2.605	2.681	2.758	2.834	2.911	2.987	3.064
35	1.890	1.928	1.965	2.002	2.039	2.076	2.113	2.150	2.188	2.225	2.262	2.336	2.410	2.485	2.559	2.633	2.708	2.782	2.856	2.930	3.005
36	1.866	1.902	1.938	1.974	2.010	2.046	2.082	2.119	2.155	2.191	2.227	2.299	2.371	2.444	2.515	2.588	2.660	2.732	2.805	2.877	2.949
37	1.842	1.877	1.913	1.948	1.983	2.018	2.053	2.088	2.123	2.159	2.194	2.264	2.334	2.406	2.475	2.545	2.615	2.686	2.756	2.826	2.896
38	1.820	1.854	1.889	1.923	1.957	1.991	2.025	2.060	2.094	2.128	2.162	2.231	2.299	2.368	2.436	2.504	2.573	2.641	2.710	2.778	2.847
39	1.799	1.832	1.866	1.899	1.932	1.966	1.999	2.033	2.066	2.099	2.132	2.199	2.266	2.333	2.399	2.466	2.533	2.599	2.666	2.733	2.799
40	1.779	1.812	1.844	1.877	1.909	1.942	1.974	2.007	2.039	2.072	2.104	2.169	2.234	2.299	2.364	2.429	2.494	2.559	2.624	2.689	2.754
42	1.742	1.773	1.804	1.835	1.866	1.897	1.928	1.959	1.990	2.021	2.052	2.114	2.175	2.237	2.299	2.361	2.423	2.485	2.547	2.609	2.671
44	1.708	1.738	1.767	1.797	1.826	1.856	1.886	1.915	1.945	1.974	2.004	2.063	2.122	2.181	2.240	2.299	2.358	2.417	2.477	2.536	2.596
46	1.678	1.706	1.734	1.762	1.791	1.819	1.847	1.875	1.904	1.932	1.960	2.017	2.073	2.130	2.186	2.243	2.299	2.356	2.412	2.469	2.525
48	1.649	1.676	1.703	1.731	1.758	1.785	1.812	1.839	1.866	1.893	1.920	1.974	2.028	2.083	2.137	2.191	2.245	2.299	2.353	2.408	2.462
50	1.623	1.649	1.675	1.701	1.727	1.753	1.779	1.806	1.831	1.857	1.883	1.935	1.957	2.039	2.091	2.143	2.195	2.247	2.299	2.351	2.403
52	1.599	1.624	1.649	1.674	1.699	1.724	1.749	1.774	1.799	1.824	1.849	1.899	1.949	1.999	2.049	2.099	2.149	2.199	2.249	2.299	2.349
54	1.577	1.601	1.625	1.649	1.673	1.698	1.722	1.746	1.770	1.794	1.818	1.866	1.914	1.962	2.011	2.059	2.107	2.155	2.203	2.251	2.299
56	1.557	1.580	1.603	1.626	1.649	1.673	1.696	1.719	1.742	1.765	1.789	1.835	1.882	1.928	1.974	2.021	2.067	2.114	2.160	2.207	2.253
58	1.537	1.560	1.582	1.605	1.627	1.649	1.672	1.694	1.717	1.739	1.761	1.806	1.851	1.896	1.941	1.986	2.030	2.075	2.120	2.165	2.210
60	1.519	1.541	1.563	1.584	1.606	1.628	1.649	1.671	1.693	1.714	1.736	1.779	1.822	1.866	1.909	1.953	1.996</				

TABLE 2  
VALUES OF  $A_i/t_s$  FOR FLAT PANELS WITH Z-SECTION STIFFENERS.  $b_r/b_w = 0.4$ .

$$\left[ \frac{A_i}{t_s} - 1 + \frac{b_w}{t_w} \left( 1 + \frac{b_r}{b_w} \right) + \frac{b_s}{t_s} \left( 2 - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \left( \frac{t_A + t_F}{t_w} + 1 \right) \right] \left( \frac{t_w}{t_s} \right)^2$$

$b_s/t_s$	$b_w/t_w$	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50
$t_w/t_s = 0.51$																						
25	1.374	1.399	1.408	1.418	1.432	1.447	1.462	1.476	1.491	1.505	1.520	1.549	1.578	1.607	1.636	1.665	1.695	1.724	1.753	1.782	1.811	1.840
26	1.360	1.374	1.388	1.402	1.416	1.430	1.444	1.458	1.473	1.486	1.500	1.528	1.556	1.584	1.612	1.640	1.668	1.696	1.724	1.752	1.780	1.808
27	1.346	1.360	1.373	1.387	1.400	1.414	1.427	1.441	1.454	1.468	1.481	1.508	1.535	1.562	1.589	1.616	1.643	1.670	1.697	1.724	1.751	1.778
28	1.334	1.347	1.360	1.373	1.386	1.399	1.412	1.425	1.438	1.451	1.464	1.490	1.516	1.542	1.568	1.594	1.620	1.646	1.672	1.698	1.724	1.750
29	1.323	1.335	1.348	1.361	1.373	1.385	1.398	1.410	1.423	1.436	1.448	1.472	1.498	1.523	1.549	1.574	1.599	1.624	1.649	1.674	1.699	1.724
30	1.312	1.324	1.336	1.348	1.360	1.373	1.385	1.397	1.409	1.421	1.433	1.467	1.482	1.506	1.530	1.555	1.579	1.603	1.627	1.652	1.676	1.700
31	1.302	1.313	1.325	1.337	1.349	1.360	1.372	1.384	1.396	1.407	1.419	1.443	1.466	1.490	1.513	1.537	1.560	1.584	1.607	1.631	1.654	1.678
32	1.292	1.304	1.315	1.326	1.338	1.349	1.361	1.372	1.383	1.395	1.406	1.429	1.452	1.474	1.497	1.520	1.543	1.566	1.589	1.611	1.634	1.657
33	1.283	1.294	1.306	1.317	1.328	1.339	1.350	1.361	1.372	1.383	1.394	1.416	1.438	1.460	1.482	1.504	1.526	1.548	1.570	1.592	1.614	1.636
34	1.275	1.286	1.297	1.307	1.318	1.329	1.339	1.350	1.361	1.372	1.382	1.404	1.426	1.446	1.468	1.489	1.511	1.532	1.554	1.575	1.596	1.617
35	1.267	1.278	1.288	1.298	1.309	1.319	1.330	1.340	1.350	1.361	1.371	1.392	1.413	1.434	1.455	1.475	1.496	1.517	1.538	1.559	1.579	1.599
36	1.260	1.270	1.280	1.290	1.300	1.310	1.321	1.331	1.341	1.351	1.361	1.381	1.401	1.422	1.442	1.462	1.482	1.503	1.523	1.543	1.563	1.583
37	1.253	1.263	1.272	1.282	1.292	1.302	1.312	1.322	1.332	1.341	1.351	1.371	1.391	1.410	1.430	1.450	1.469	1.489	1.509	1.528	1.548	1.567
38	1.246	1.256	1.265	1.275	1.285	1.294	1.304	1.313	1.322	1.332	1.342	1.361	1.380	1.399	1.419	1.438	1.457	1.476	1.495	1.514	1.533	1.552
39	1.240	1.249	1.259	1.268	1.277	1.287	1.296	1.305	1.315	1.324	1.333	1.352	1.371	1.389	1.408	1.427	1.445	1.464	1.483	1.501	1.520	1.538
40	1.234	1.243	1.253	1.261	1.270	1.279	1.288	1.296	1.307	1.316	1.325	1.343	1.361	1.380	1.398	1.416	1.434	1.452	1.471	1.489	1.507	1.525
42	1.223	1.231	1.240	1.249	1.257	1.266	1.275	1.283	1.292	1.301	1.309	1.327	1.344	1.361	1.379	1.396	1.413	1.431	1.448	1.465	1.483	1.499
44	1.213	1.221	1.229	1.237	1.246	1.254	1.262	1.271	1.279	1.287	1.295	1.312	1.328	1.345	1.362	1.378	1.395	1.411	1.428	1.444	1.461	1.477
46	1.203	1.211	1.219	1.227	1.235	1.243	1.251	1.259	1.267	1.275	1.283	1.300	1.316	1.333	1.349	1.365	1.382	1.397	1.403	1.409	1.425	1.441
48	1.195	1.202	1.210	1.218	1.225	1.233	1.240	1.248	1.256	1.263	1.271	1.286	1.301	1.316	1.331	1.347	1.362	1.377	1.392	1.407	1.422	1.437
50	1.187	1.194	1.202	1.209	1.216	1.224	1.231	1.238	1.245	1.253	1.260	1.274	1.289	1.304	1.318	1.333	1.347	1.362	1.376	1.391	1.406	1.421
52	1.180	1.187	1.194	1.201	1.208	1.215	1.222	1.229	1.236	1.243	1.250	1.264	1.278	1.292	1.306	1.320	1.334	1.348	1.362	1.376	1.390	1.404
54	1.173	1.180	1.187	1.193	1.200	1.207	1.214	1.220	1.227	1.234	1.241	1.254	1.268	1.281	1.295	1.308	1.322	1.335	1.349	1.362	1.376	1.390
56	1.167	1.174	1.180	1.187	1.193	1.200	1.206	1.213	1.219	1.226	1.232	1.245	1.258	1.271	1.284	1.297	1.310	1.323	1.336	1.349	1.362	1.375
58	1.161	1.168	1.174	1.180	1.186	1.193	1.199	1.205	1.212	1.218	1.224	1.237	1.249	1.262	1.274	1.287	1.299	1.312	1.324	1.337	1.350	1.362
60	1.156	1.162	1.168	1.174	1.180	1.186	1.192	1.198	1.204	1.211	1.217	1.229	1.241	1.253	1.265	1.277	1.289	1.302	1.314	1.326	1.338	1.350
65	1.144	1.150	1.155	1.161	1.166	1.172	1.178	1.183	1.189	1.194	1.200	1.211	1.222	1.234	1.245	1.256	1.267	1.278	1.290	1.301	1.312	1.323
70	1.134	1.139	1.144	1.149	1.154	1.160	1.165	1.170	1.175	1.180	1.186	1.196	1.206	1.217	1.227	1.238	1.248	1.258	1.269	1.279	1.290	1.300
75	1.125	1.130	1.134	1.139	1.144	1.149	1.154	1.159	1.164	1.168	1.173	1.183	1.193	1.202	1.212	1.222	1.232	1.241	1.251	1.261	1.270	1.279
$t_w/t_s = 0.63$																						
25	1.563	1.585	1.608	1.630	1.652	1.674	1.696	1.719	1.741	1.763	1.785	1.830	1.874	1.919	1.963	2.008	2.052	2.097	2.141	2.186	2.230	2.274
26	1.541	1.563	1.584	1.606	1.627	1.648	1.670	1.691	1.712	1.734	1.755	1.798	1.841	1.883	1.926	1.969	2.012	2.054	2.097	2.140	2.183	2.226
27	1.521	1.542	1.563	1.583	1.604	1.624	1.645	1.665	1.686	1.707	1.727	1.769	1.811	1.851	1.892	1.933	1.974	2.015	2.057	2.098	2.139	2.180
28	1.503	1.523	1.542	1.562	1.582	1.602	1.622	1.642	1.662	1.681	1.701	1.743	1.783	1.823	1.863	1.903	1.943	1.979	2.019	2.059	2.099	2.139
29	1.485	1.505	1.524	1.543	1.562	1.581	1.600	1.620	1.639	1.658	1.677	1.718	1.758	1.792	1.830	1.869	1.907	1.945	1.984	2.022	2.060	2.099
30	1.469	1.488	1.506	1.525	1.543	1.562	1.580	1.599	1.617	1.636	1.654	1.692	1.729	1.766	1.803	1.840	1.877	1.914	1.951	1.988	2.025	2.062
31	1.454	1.472	1.490	1.508	1.526	1.544	1.562	1.580	1.598	1.615	1.633	1.669	1.705	1.741	1.777	1.813	1.848	1.884	1.920	1.956	1.992	2.027
32	1.440	1.457	1.475	1.492	1.509	1.527	1.544	1.561	1.579	1.596	1.614	1.648	1.683	1.718	1.753	1.787	1.822	1.857	1.891	1.925	1.961	1.995
33	1.427	1.443	1.460	1.477	1.494	1.511	1.528	1.544	1.561	1.578	1.595	1.629	1.662	1.696	1.730	1.764	1.797	1.831	1.864	1.898	1.932	1.966
34	1.414	1.430	1.447	1.463	1.479	1.496	1.512	1.528	1.545	1.561	1.577	1.610	1.643	1.676	1.708	1.741	1.774	1.806	1.839	1.872	1.904	1.937
35	1.402	1.418	1.434	1.450	1.466	1.482	1.497	1.513	1.530	1.546	1.561	1.593	1.624	1.655	1.686	1.717	1.752	1.783	1.815	1.847	1.879	1.911
36	1.391	1.406	1.422	1.437	1.453	1.468	1.484	1.499	1.515	1.530	1.545	1.576	1.607	1.638	1.669	1.700	1.731	1.762	1.792	1.823	1.854	1.884
37	1.380	1.395	1.411	1.426	1.441	1.456	1.471	1.486	1.501	1.516	1.531	1.561	1.591	1.621	1.651	1.681	1.711	1.741	1.771	1.801	1.831	1.861
38	1.370	1.385	1.400	1.414	1.429	1.444	1.458	1.473	1.487	1.502	1.517	1.546	1.575	1.604	1.634	1.663	1.692	1.721	1.751	1.780	1.809	1.839
39	1.361	1.375	1.389	1.404	1.418	1.432	1.446	1.461	1.475	1.489	1.503	1.532	1.560	1.589	1.617	1.646	1.674	1.703	1.731	1.760	1.788	1.817
40	1.352	1.366	1.380	1.394	1.408	1.421	1.435	1.449	1.463	1.477	1.491	1.519	1.546	1.574	1.602	1.630	1.658	1.686	1.714	1.741	1.769	1.797
42	1.335	1.348	1.362	1.375	1.388	1.401	1.415	1.428	1.441	1.454	1.467	1.494	1.520	1.547	1.578	1.600	1.626	1.653	1.679	1.706	1.732	1.758
44	1.320	1.333	1.345	1.358	1.370	1.383	1.396	1.408	1.421	1.434	1.446	1.471	1.497	1.522	1.547	1.573	1.603	1.623	1.648	1.674	1.699	1.724
46	1.306	1.318	1.330	1.342	1.354	1.366	1.379	1.391	1.403	1.415	1.427	1.451	1.475	1.499	1.523	1.548	1.572	1.596	1.620	1.644	1.668	1.692
48	1.293	1.305	1.316	1.328	1.340	1.351	1.363	1.374	1.386	1.397	1.409	1.432	1.455	1.479	1.502	1.525	1.548	1.571	1.594	1.617	1.641	1.664
50	1.282	1.293	1.304	1.315	1.326	1.337	1.348	1.359	1.370	1.382	1.393	1.416	1.437	1.459	1.482	1.504	1.526	1.548	1.571	1.593	1.615	1.637
52	1.271	1.281	1.292	1.303	1.313	1.324	1.335	1.346</														

TABLE 2—Concluded

VALUES OF  $A_i/t_s$  FOR FLAT PANELS WITH Z-SECTION STIFFENERS.  $b_F/b_W = 0.4$ —Concluded.

$b_s/t_s$	$b_W/t_W$	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50
$t_W/t_S = 0.70$																						
25	1.858	1.893	1.928	1.963	1.998	2.033	2.068	2.103	2.138	2.172	2.207	2.277	2.347	2.417	2.487	2.557	2.627	2.697	2.767	2.836	2.906	
26	1.825	1.859	1.892	1.926	1.959	1.992	2.027	2.060	2.094	2.127	2.161	2.228	2.295	2.363	2.430	2.497	2.564	2.631	2.699	2.766	2.833	
27	1.794	1.827	1.859	1.891	1.924	1.956	1.989	2.021	2.053	2.086	2.118	2.183	2.247	2.312	2.377	2.442	2.506	2.571	2.636	2.700	2.765	
28	1.766	1.797	1.828	1.860	1.891	1.922	1.953	1.984	2.016	2.047	2.078	2.140	2.203	2.265	2.328	2.390	2.453	2.515	2.577	2.640	2.702	
29	1.740	1.770	1.800	1.830	1.860	1.890	1.920	1.950	1.981	2.011	2.041	2.101	2.161	2.221	2.281	2.342	2.402	2.462	2.522	2.582	2.643	
30	1.715	1.744	1.773	1.802	1.831	1.861	1.890	1.919	1.948	1.977	2.006	2.064	2.123	2.181	2.239	2.297	2.356	2.414	2.472	2.530	2.589	
31	1.692	1.720	1.748	1.776	1.805	1.833	1.861	1.889	1.917	1.946	1.974	2.030	2.086	2.143	2.199	2.256	2.312	2.368	2.425	2.481	2.537	
32	1.670	1.698	1.725	1.752	1.779	1.807	1.834	1.861	1.889	1.916	1.943	1.998	2.053	2.107	2.162	2.216	2.271	2.326	2.380	2.435	2.489	
33	1.650	1.676	1.703	1.729	1.756	1.782	1.809	1.835	1.862	1.888	1.915	1.968	2.021	2.074	2.127	2.179	2.232	2.285	2.338	2.391	2.444	
34	1.631	1.657	1.682	1.708	1.734	1.759	1.785	1.811	1.836	1.862	1.888	1.939	1.991	2.042	2.093	2.145	2.196	2.248	2.299	2.350	2.402	
35	1.613	1.638	1.663	1.688	1.713	1.738	1.763	1.788	1.812	1.837	1.862	1.912	1.962	2.012	2.062	2.112	2.162	2.212	2.262	2.312	2.362	
36	1.596	1.620	1.644	1.669	1.693	1.717	1.741	1.765	1.790	1.814	1.838	1.887	1.936	1.984	2.033	2.081	2.130	2.178	2.227	2.275	2.324	
37	1.580	1.603	1.627	1.650	1.674	1.698	1.721	1.745	1.769	1.792	1.816	1.863	1.910	1.957	2.005	2.052	2.099	2.146	2.194	2.241	2.288	
38	1.564	1.587	1.610	1.633	1.656	1.679	1.702	1.725	1.748	1.771	1.794	1.840	1.886	1.932	1.978	2.024	2.070	2.116	2.162	2.208	2.254	
39	1.550	1.572	1.595	1.617	1.640	1.662	1.684	1.707	1.729	1.752	1.774	1.819	1.864	1.908	1.953	1.998	2.043	2.088	2.132	2.177	2.222	
40	1.536	1.558	1.580	1.602	1.624	1.645	1.667	1.689	1.711	1.733	1.755	1.798	1.842	1.886	1.929	1.973	2.017	2.060	2.104	2.148	2.192	
42	1.511	1.531	1.552	1.573	1.594	1.615	1.635	1.656	1.677	1.698	1.719	1.760	1.802	1.844	1.885	1.927	1.968	2.010	2.052	2.093	2.135	
44	1.487	1.507	1.527	1.547	1.567	1.587	1.607	1.626	1.646	1.665	1.685	1.725	1.765	1.805	1.845	1.885	1.924	1.964	2.004	2.043	2.083	
46	1.466	1.485	1.504	1.523	1.542	1.561	1.580	1.599	1.618	1.637	1.656	1.694	1.732	1.770	1.808	1.846	1.884	1.922	1.960	1.998	2.036	
48	1.447	1.465	1.483	1.501	1.520	1.538	1.556	1.574	1.592	1.611	1.629	1.665	1.702	1.738	1.774	1.811	1.847	1.884	1.920	1.956	1.993	
50	1.429	1.446	1.464	1.481	1.499	1.516	1.534	1.551	1.569	1.586	1.604	1.639	1.674	1.709	1.743	1.778	1.813	1.848	1.883	1.918	1.953	
52	1.412	1.429	1.446	1.463	1.480	1.496	1.513	1.530	1.547	1.564	1.580	1.614	1.648	1.681	1.715	1.748	1.782	1.816	1.849	1.883	1.917	
54	1.397	1.413	1.430	1.446	1.462	1.478	1.494	1.510	1.527	1.543	1.559	1.591	1.624	1.656	1.689	1.721	1.753	1.785	1.818	1.850	1.883	
56	1.383	1.399	1.414	1.430	1.445	1.461	1.477	1.492	1.508	1.523	1.539	1.570	1.601	1.633	1.664	1.695	1.726	1.757	1.789	1.820	1.851	
58	1.370	1.385	1.400	1.415	1.430	1.445	1.460	1.475	1.490	1.505	1.520	1.551	1.581	1.611	1.641	1.671	1.701	1.731	1.761	1.792	1.822	
60	1.357	1.372	1.387	1.401	1.416	1.430	1.445	1.459	1.474	1.489	1.503	1.532	1.561	1.591	1.620	1.649	1.678	1.707	1.736	1.765	1.794	
65	1.330	1.343	1.357	1.370	1.384	1.397	1.411	1.424	1.438	1.451	1.464	1.491	1.518	1.545	1.572	1.599	1.626	1.653	1.679	1.706	1.733	
70	1.306	1.319	1.331	1.344	1.356	1.369	1.381	1.394	1.406	1.419	1.431	1.456	1.481	1.506	1.531	1.556	1.581	1.606	1.631	1.656	1.681	
75	1.286	1.298	1.309	1.321	1.333	1.344	1.356	1.368	1.379	1.391	1.402	1.426	1.449	1.472	1.495	1.519	1.542	1.566	1.589	1.612	1.635	
$t_W/t_S = 1.00$																						
25	2.327	2.353	2.439	2.495	2.551	2.607	2.663	2.719	2.775	2.831	2.887	2.999	3.111	3.223	3.335	3.447	3.559	3.781	3.783	3.895	4.007	
26	2.276	2.300	2.383	2.437	2.491	2.545	2.599	2.653	2.706	2.760	2.814	2.922	3.030	3.137	3.245	3.353	3.460	3.568	3.676	3.783	3.891	
27	2.226	2.249	2.332	2.384	2.436	2.488	2.540	2.591	2.643	2.695	2.747	2.851	2.954	3.063	3.162	3.265	3.369	3.473	3.577	3.680	3.784	
28	2.185	2.235	2.285	2.335	2.385	2.435	2.485	2.535	2.585	2.635	2.685	2.785	2.885	2.985	3.085	3.185	3.285	3.385	3.485	3.585	3.685	
29	2.144	2.192	2.240	2.289	2.337	2.385	2.433	2.482	2.530	2.578	2.626	2.723	2.820	2.916	3.013	3.109	3.206	3.302	3.399	3.495	3.592	
30	2.106	2.152	2.199	2.246	2.292	2.339	2.386	2.432	2.479	2.526	2.572	2.666	2.759	2.852	2.946	3.039	3.132	3.226	3.319	3.412	3.506	
31	2.070	2.115	2.160	2.205	2.251	2.296	2.341	2.386	2.432	2.476	2.522	2.612	2.702	2.792	2.883	2.973	3.063	3.154	3.244	3.334	3.425	
32	2.036	2.080	2.124	2.168	2.211	2.255	2.299	2.343	2.386	2.430	2.474	2.561	2.649	2.736	2.824	2.911	2.999	3.086	3.174	3.261	3.349	
33	2.005	2.048	2.090	2.132	2.175	2.217	2.260	2.302	2.344	2.387	2.429	2.514	2.599	2.684	2.769	2.854	2.938	3.023	3.106	3.193	3.278	
34	1.975	2.017	2.058	2.099	2.140	2.181	2.222	2.264	2.306	2.346	2.387	2.470	2.552	2.634	2.717	2.799	2.881	2.964	3.046	3.128	3.211	
35	1.948	1.988	2.028	2.068	2.108	2.148	2.188	2.228	2.268	2.308	2.348	2.428	2.508	2.588	2.668	2.748	2.828	2.908	2.988	3.068	3.148	
36	1.921	1.960	1.999	2.038	2.077	2.116	2.155	2.194	2.232	2.271	2.310	2.388	2.466	2.544	2.621	2.699	2.777	2.855	2.932	3.010	3.088	
37	1.896	1.934	1.972	2.010	2.048	2.086	2.123	2.161	2.199	2.237	2.275	2.350	2.426	2.502	2.578	2.653	2.729	2.805	2.880	2.956	3.032	
38	1.873	1.910	1.946	1.983	2.020	2.057	2.094	2.131	2.168	2.204	2.241	2.315	2.389	2.462	2.536	2.610	2.683	2.757	2.831	2.904	2.978	
39	1.850	1.886	1.922	1.958	1.994	2.030	2.066	2.102	2.138	2.174	2.209	2.281	2.353	2.425	2.497	2.569	2.642	2.714	2.786	2.858	2.927	
40	1.829	1.864	1.899	1.934	1.969	2.004	2.039	2.074	2.109	2.144	2.179	2.249	2.319	2.389	2.459	2.529	2.599	2.669	2.739	2.809	2.879	
42	1.790	1.823	1.856	1.890	1.923	1.956	1.990	2.023	2.056	2.090	2.123	2.190	2.256	2.323	2.390	2.456	2.523	2.590	2.656	2.723	2.790	
44	1.754	1.786	1.817	1.849	1.881	1.913	1.945	1.976	2.008	2.040	2.072	2.138	2.199	2.263	2.327	2.390	2.454	2.517	2.581	2.645	2.708	
46	1.721	1.751	1.782	1.812	1.843	1.873	1.904	1.934	1.964	1.994	2.025	2.086	2.147	2.208	2.269	2.330	2.391	2.451	2.512	2.573	2.634	
48	1.691	1.720	1.749	1.778	1.808	1.837	1.866	1.895	1.924	1.953	1.983	2.041	2.099	2.158	2.216	2.274	2.333	2.391	2.449	2.508	2.566	
50	1.663	1.691	1.719	1.747	1.775	1.803	1.831	1.859	1.887	1.915	1.943	1.999	2.055	2.111	2.167	2.223	2.279	2.335	2.391	2.447	2.503	
52	1.638	1.665	1.692	1.719	1.746	1.772	1.799	1.826	1.853	1.880	1.907	1.961	2.015	2.069	2.123	2.176	2.230	2.284	2.338	2.392	2.446	
54	1.614	1.640	1.666	1.692	1.718	1.744	1.770	1.796	1.822	1.848	1.873	1.925	1.977	2.029	2.081	2.133	2.185	2.236	2.288	2.340	2.392	
56	1.692	1.617	1.642	1.667	1.692	1.717	1.742	1.767	1.792	1.817	1.842	1.892	1.942</									

TABLE 3  
VALUES OF  $A_i/t_s$  FOR FLAT PANELS WITH Z-SECTION STIFFENERS.  $b/F = 0.5$ .

$$\left[ \frac{A_i}{t_s} = 1 + \frac{b_W}{t_W} \left( 1 + \frac{b_F}{b_W} \right) + \frac{b_i}{t_W} \left( \frac{2-\pi}{2} \right) \left( \frac{r_1 + r_2}{t_W} + 1 \right) \left( \frac{t_W}{t_s} \right)^2 \right]$$

$b_W/t_W$																					
$b_W/t_s$	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50
$t_W/t_s = 0.51$																					
25	1.895	1.411	1.426	1.442	1.457	1.473	1.489	1.504	1.520	1.535	1.551	1.582	1.613	1.645	1.676	1.707	1.738	1.769	1.801	1.832	1.863
26	1.890	1.395	1.410	1.425	1.440	1.455	1.470	1.485	1.500	1.515	1.530	1.560	1.590	1.620	1.650	1.680	1.710	1.740	1.770	1.800	1.830
27	1.886	1.380	1.395	1.409	1.424	1.438	1.452	1.467	1.481	1.496	1.510	1.539	1.568	1.597	1.626	1.655	1.684	1.712	1.741	1.770	1.799
28	1.883	1.367	1.381	1.394	1.408	1.422	1.436	1.450	1.464	1.478	1.492	1.520	1.548	1.576	1.603	1.631	1.659	1.687	1.715	1.743	1.771
29	1.840	1.354	1.367	1.381	1.394	1.408	1.421	1.435	1.448	1.462	1.476	1.502	1.529	1.556	1.583	1.610	1.636	1.663	1.690	1.717	1.744
30	1.829	1.342	1.355	1.368	1.381	1.394	1.407	1.420	1.433	1.446	1.459	1.485	1.511	1.537	1.563	1.589	1.615	1.641	1.667	1.693	1.719
31	1.819	1.331	1.344	1.356	1.369	1.381	1.394	1.407	1.419	1.432	1.444	1.470	1.495	1.520	1.545	1.570	1.595	1.621	1.646	1.671	1.696
32	1.809	1.321	1.333	1.345	1.357	1.370	1.382	1.394	1.406	1.418	1.430	1.455	1.479	1.504	1.528	1.552	1.577	1.601	1.625	1.650	1.674
33	1.299	1.311	1.323	1.335	1.347	1.359	1.370	1.382	1.394	1.406	1.417	1.441	1.465	1.488	1.512	1.536	1.559	1.583	1.607	1.630	1.654
34	1.290	1.302	1.313	1.325	1.336	1.348	1.359	1.371	1.382	1.394	1.405	1.428	1.451	1.474	1.497	1.520	1.543	1.566	1.589	1.612	1.635
35	1.282	1.293	1.304	1.316	1.327	1.338	1.349	1.360	1.371	1.382	1.394	1.416	1.438	1.461	1.484	1.506	1.528	1.550	1.572	1.594	1.616
36	1.274	1.285	1.296	1.307	1.318	1.328	1.339	1.350	1.361	1.372	1.383	1.404	1.426	1.448	1.469	1.491	1.513	1.534	1.556	1.578	1.599
37	1.267	1.277	1.288	1.298	1.309	1.320	1.330	1.341	1.351	1.362	1.372	1.393	1.414	1.436	1.457	1.478	1.499	1.520	1.541	1.562	1.583
38	1.260	1.270	1.280	1.291	1.301	1.311	1.321	1.332	1.342	1.352	1.363	1.383	1.404	1.424	1.445	1.465	1.486	1.506	1.527	1.547	1.568
39	1.253	1.263	1.273	1.283	1.293	1.303	1.313	1.323	1.333	1.343	1.353	1.373	1.393	1.413	1.433	1.453	1.473	1.493	1.513	1.533	1.553
40	1.247	1.257	1.266	1.276	1.285	1.295	1.305	1.315	1.325	1.335	1.344	1.364	1.384	1.403	1.422	1.442	1.461	1.481	1.500	1.520	1.539
42	1.235	1.244	1.254	1.263	1.272	1.282	1.291	1.300	1.309	1.319	1.328	1.347	1.365	1.384	1.402	1.421	1.439	1.458	1.477	1.495	1.514
44	1.224	1.233	1.242	1.251	1.260	1.269	1.278	1.286	1.295	1.304	1.313	1.331	1.349	1.366	1.384	1.402	1.419	1.437	1.455	1.473	1.490
46	1.215	1.223	1.232	1.240	1.249	1.257	1.266	1.274	1.283	1.291	1.299	1.316	1.333	1.350	1.367	1.384	1.401	1.418	1.435	1.452	1.469
48	1.206	1.214	1.222	1.230	1.238	1.246	1.254	1.263	1.271	1.279	1.287	1.303	1.319	1.336	1.352	1.368	1.401	1.417	1.433	1.450	1.467
50	1.197	1.205	1.213	1.221	1.229	1.237	1.244	1.252	1.260	1.268	1.276	1.291	1.307	1.322	1.338	1.354	1.369	1.385	1.400	1.416	1.432
52	1.190	1.197	1.205	1.212	1.220	1.227	1.235	1.242	1.250	1.257	1.265	1.280	1.295	1.310	1.325	1.340	1.355	1.370	1.385	1.400	1.415
54	1.183	1.190	1.197	1.205	1.212	1.219	1.226	1.233	1.241	1.248	1.255	1.270	1.284	1.298	1.313	1.327	1.342	1.356	1.371	1.385	1.400
56	1.176	1.183	1.190	1.197	1.204	1.211	1.218	1.225	1.232	1.239	1.246	1.260	1.274	1.288	1.302	1.316	1.330	1.344	1.357	1.371	1.384
58	1.170	1.177	1.184	1.190	1.197	1.204	1.211	1.217	1.224	1.231	1.237	1.251	1.264	1.278	1.291	1.306	1.318	1.332	1.346	1.359	1.372
60	1.165	1.171	1.178	1.184	1.191	1.197	1.204	1.210	1.217	1.223	1.230	1.243	1.256	1.269	1.282	1.295	1.308	1.321	1.334	1.347	1.360
65	1.152	1.158	1.164	1.170	1.176	1.182	1.188	1.194	1.200	1.206	1.212	1.224	1.236	1.248	1.260	1.272	1.284	1.296	1.308	1.320	1.332
70	1.141	1.147	1.152	1.158	1.163	1.169	1.175	1.180	1.186	1.191	1.197	1.208	1.219	1.230	1.241	1.253	1.264	1.276	1.287	1.297	1.308
75	1.132	1.137	1.142	1.147	1.152	1.158	1.163	1.168	1.173	1.178	1.184	1.194	1.204	1.215	1.225	1.236	1.246	1.256	1.267	1.277	1.288
$t_W/t_s = 0.63$																					
25	1.695	1.619	1.642	1.668	1.690	1.714	1.738	1.762	1.785	1.809	1.833	1.881	1.928	1.976	2.024	2.071	2.119	2.166	2.214	2.262	2.308
26	1.672	1.595	1.618	1.641	1.664	1.686	1.709	1.732	1.755	1.778	1.810	1.847	1.893	1.938	1.984	2.030	2.076	2.122	2.167	2.213	2.259
27	1.651	1.572	1.596	1.617	1.639	1.661	1.683	1.705	1.727	1.749	1.771	1.815	1.860	1.904	1.949	1.992	2.038	2.083	2.128	2.173	2.219
28	1.631	1.552	1.574	1.595	1.616	1.637	1.659	1.680	1.701	1.722	1.744	1.786	1.829	1.871	1.914	1.956	1.999	2.042	2.084	2.127	2.169
29	1.612	1.533	1.554	1.574	1.595	1.615	1.636	1.657	1.677	1.698	1.718	1.760	1.800	1.841	1.882	1.923	1.964	2.005	2.047	2.088	2.129
30	1.490	1.516	1.535	1.553	1.571	1.590	1.610	1.630	1.654	1.674	1.694	1.734	1.774	1.813	1.853	1.893	1.933	1.972	2.012	2.051	2.091
31	1.480	1.499	1.618	1.537	1.557	1.576	1.595	1.614	1.633	1.653	1.672	1.710	1.749	1.787	1.825	1.864	1.902	1.941	1.979	2.018	2.056
32	1.465	1.483	1.502	1.521	1.539	1.558	1.576	1.595	1.614	1.632	1.651	1.688	1.726	1.762	1.800	1.837	1.874	1.911	1.949	1.986	2.023
33	1.451	1.469	1.487	1.505	1.523	1.541	1.559	1.577	1.595	1.613	1.631	1.667	1.703	1.739	1.775	1.811	1.847	1.884	1.920	1.956	1.992
34	1.437	1.455	1.472	1.490	1.507	1.525	1.542	1.560	1.578	1.595	1.613	1.648	1.683	1.718	1.753	1.788	1.823	1.858	1.893	1.928	1.963
35	1.425	1.442	1.459	1.476	1.493	1.510	1.527	1.544	1.561	1.578	1.595	1.629	1.663	1.697	1.731	1.765	1.799	1.833	1.867	1.901	1.935
36	1.413	1.430	1.446	1.463	1.479	1.496	1.512	1.529	1.545	1.562	1.578	1.612	1.645	1.678	1.711	1.744	1.777	1.810	1.843	1.876	1.909
37	1.402	1.418	1.434	1.450	1.466	1.482	1.498	1.515	1.531	1.547	1.563	1.595	1.627	1.659	1.692	1.724	1.756	1.788	1.820	1.853	1.885
38	1.391	1.407	1.423	1.438	1.454	1.470	1.485	1.501	1.517	1.532	1.548	1.579	1.611	1.642	1.673	1.705	1.736	1.767	1.799	1.830	1.861
39	1.381	1.397	1.412	1.427	1.442	1.458	1.473	1.488	1.503	1.519	1.534	1.565	1.595	1.625	1.656	1.687	1.717	1.747	1.778	1.809	1.839
40	1.372	1.387	1.402	1.416	1.431	1.446	1.461	1.476	1.491	1.506	1.521	1.550	1.580	1.610	1.640	1.669	1.699	1.729	1.759	1.789	1.818
42	1.354	1.368	1.382	1.397	1.411	1.425	1.439	1.453	1.468	1.482	1.496	1.524	1.553	1.581	1.609	1.638	1.666	1.694	1.722	1.751	1.779
44	1.338	1.352	1.365	1.379	1.392	1.406	1.419	1.433	1.446	1.460	1.473	1.500	1.527	1.554	1.582	1.609	1.636	1.663	1.690	1.717	1.744
46	1.323	1.336	1.349	1.362	1.375	1.388	1.410	1.414	1.427	1.440	1.453	1.479	1.505	1.53							





TABLE 4  
VALUES AND COMPUTATIONS FOR OBTAINING IDEAL DESIGN  
[ $P_t=3.0$  kips/in.;  $c=1$ ]

L (in.)	Step 1	Step 2				Step 3	Step 4	Step 5			
	$\frac{P_t}{L\sqrt{c}}$ (kips/in. in.)	$\frac{t_w}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_s}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\bar{\sigma}_f$ (ksf)	$\frac{A_t}{t_s}$	$t_s$ (in.)	$t_w$ (in.)	$b_s$ (in.)	$b_w$ (in.)	
10	0.30	0.51	27	26	* 34.0	1.427	* 0.0618	* 0.0315	* 1.07	* 0.82	
		.63	28	25	35.6	1.602	.0326	.0331	1.47	.35	
		.79	29	24	36.7	1.890	.0440	.0348	1.28	.33	
20	.15	1.00	29	24	37.4	2.337	.0343	.0343	1.00	.52	
		.51	32	32	28.7	1.429	.0732	.0373	2.34	1.19	
		.63	33	31	* 30.4	1.612	* .0612	* .0356	* 2.02	* 1.20	
30	.10	.79	34	29	31.6	1.892	.0610	.0403	1.73	1.17	
		1.00	35	28	32.2	2.268	.0411	.0411	1.44	1.16	
		.51	34	27	25.0	1.457	.0624	.0421	2.90	1.56	
		.63	35	35	* 27.1	1.640	* .0678	* .0425	* 2.35	* 1.49	
		.79	37	33	27.8	1.886	.0672	.0452	2.12	1.49	
		1.00	38	31	28.6	2.278	.0451	.0461	1.78	1.43	

\* Values indicating designs that approach requirement of  $t_s=0.064$  in.

TABLE 5  
VALUES AND COMPUTATIONS FOR OBTAINING PRACTICAL DESIGN BY SHORT METHOD

[ $P_t=3.0$  kips/in.;  $L=20$  in.;  $c=1$ ;  $t_s=0.064$  in.;  $\frac{t_w}{t_s}=0.79$ ]

Step 1	Step 2			Step 3	Step 4	Step 5			Step 6		Step 7			$\sigma_{cr}$ (ksf)
$\frac{P_t}{L\sqrt{c}}$ (kips/in. in.)	$\frac{b_s}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\bar{\sigma}_f$ (ksf)	$\frac{A_t}{t_s}$	$t_s$ (in.)	$\frac{b_s}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\bar{\sigma}_f$ (ksf)	$\frac{A_t}{t_s}$	$P_t$ (kips/in.)	$t_w$ (in.)	$b_s$ (in.)	$b_w$ (in.)	
0.15	30	30	30.9	2.006	0.0484	43.3	26.1	28.8	1.619	2.98	0.051	2.77	1.33	23.5
	35	30	31.7	1.862	.0608									
	40	28	29.7	1.711	.0590									
	50	28	27.1	1.634	.0722									
For $t_s=0.064$ in.														

TABLE 6  
VALUES AND COMPUTATIONS FOR OBTAINING DESIGN FOR MAXIMUM STRUCTURAL EFFICIENCY

[ $P_t=3.0$  kips/in.;  $L=20$  in.;  $c=1$ ;  $t_s=0.064$  in.;  $\frac{t_w}{t_s}=0.79$ ]

Step 1	Step 2			Step 3	Step 4	Step 7			Step 8		Step 9			$\sigma_{cr}$ (ksf)
$\frac{P_t}{L\sqrt{c}}$ (kips/in. in.)	$\frac{b_s}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\bar{\sigma}_f$ (ksf)	$\frac{A_t}{t_s}$	$t_s$ (in.)	$\frac{b_s}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\bar{\sigma}_f$ (ksf)	$\frac{A_t}{t_s}$	$P_t$ (kips/in.)	$t_w$ (in.)	$b_s$ (in.)	$b_w$ (in.)	
0.15	20	25	26.4	1.853	0.0612	42.1	25.0	29.0	1.612	2.99	0.051	2.09	1.27	24.6
		30	27.1	1.715	.0646									
		35	27.3	1.613	.0682									
		40	27.8	1.536	.0702									
	25	30	29.9	1.861	.0549									
		35	30.2	1.735	.0672									
		40	29.5	1.645	.0618									
		50	27.1	1.516	.0730									
	30	35	31.7	1.862	.0508									
		40	29.6	1.755	.0578									
		50	26.9	1.604	.0696									
		60	24.5	1.503	.0814									
	40	35	26.2	2.112	.0542									
		40	25.8	1.973	.0689									
		50	23.8	1.778	.0799									
		60	22.6	1.649	.0866									
50	35	23.2	2.362	.0547										
	40	23.4	2.192	.0684										
	50	22.3	1.933	.0688										
	60	20.7	1.794	.0812										

TABLE 7  
TEST DATA ON WHICH DESIGN CHARTS ARE BASED FOR 24S-T ALUMINUM-ALLOY FLAT PANELS WITH LONGITUDINAL Z-SECTION STIFFENERS

b <sub>s</sub> t <sub>s</sub>	b <sub>w</sub> t <sub>w</sub>	b <sub>r</sub> b <sub>w</sub>	σ <sub>r</sub> (KSI)	P <sub>r</sub> I <sub>y</sub> /c (in. <sup>4</sup> )	I <sub>w</sub> =0.81				I <sub>w</sub> =0.83					
					b <sub>s</sub> t <sub>s</sub>	b <sub>w</sub> t <sub>w</sub>	b <sub>r</sub> b <sub>w</sub>	σ <sub>r</sub> (KSI)	P <sub>r</sub> I <sub>y</sub> /c (in. <sup>4</sup> )	b <sub>s</sub> t <sub>s</sub>	b <sub>w</sub> t <sub>w</sub>	b <sub>r</sub> b <sub>w</sub>	σ <sub>r</sub> (KSI)	P <sub>r</sub> I <sub>y</sub> /c (in. <sup>4</sup> )
25	20	0.4	37.0	0.640	25	20	0.4	38.9	0.625	25	20	0.4	27.4	0.329
			33.7	.365				34.8	.307				26.6	.171
			25.2	.188				14.3	.085				18.5	.047
			14.8	.082										
			34.3	.650				38.0	.617				28.0	.325
			33.8	.298				24.0	.242				28.0	.168
			26.0	.159				14.4	.132				20.4	.094
			18.6	.066				14.2	.054				13.5	.044
			33.8	.442				34.3	.420				28.0	.365
			31.3	.217				30.9	.199				23.0	.183
			26.0	.131				24.6	.113				22.0	.117
			18.4	.056				18.6	.055				17.2	.063
30	30	.4	33.8	.442	30	30	.4	38.9	.625	30	30	.4	27.4	.329
			31.3	.217				34.8	.242				26.6	.171
			26.0	.131				24.0	.113				20.4	.094
			18.4	.056				14.2	.054				13.5	.044
			29.3	.295				26.6	.276				28.0	.270
			28.9	.187				24.3	.181				24.9	.182
			22.5	.090				22.2	.082				22.5	.087
			16.8	.048				18.6	.042				16.3	.049
			29.9	.222				26.0	.223				26.8	.206
			29.5	.101				22.8	.117				23.9	.107
			17.7	.061				22.6	.061				23.2	.085
			16.4	.049				16.4	.060				16.2	.048
40	40	.4	31.2	.611	40	40	.4	38.9	.814	40	40	.4	27.4	.410
			31.2	.347				34.8	.504				26.6	.216
			28.8	.203				24.0	.179				22.3	.137
			18.2	.088				16.5	.089				17.1	.069
			31.2	.611				28.3	.624				28.8	.587
			31.2	.347				22.2	.306				22.4	.301
			28.8	.203				20.2	.179				21.4	.167
			18.2	.088				16.7	.089				17.4	.040
			31.2	.611				26.0	.624				26.8	.587
			31.2	.347				22.2	.306				22.4	.301
			28.8	.203				20.2	.179				21.4	.167
			18.2	.088				16.7	.089				17.4	.040
50	50	.4	30.9	.477	50	50	.4	38.9	.419	50	50	.4	27.4	.374
			31.2	.278				34.8	.285				26.6	.200
			28.9	.169				24.0	.149				22.3	.113
			18.4	.060				16.5	.078				12.6	.059
			30.9	.477				26.0	.471				26.8	.419
			31.2	.278				22.8	.245				23.9	.210
			28.9	.169				20.2	.149				21.4	.113
			18.4	.060				16.7	.078				17.2	.059
			30.9	.477				26.0	.471				26.8	.419
			31.2	.278				22.8	.245				23.9	.210
			28.9	.169				20.2	.149				21.4	.113
			18.4	.060				16.7	.078				17.2	.059
25	25	.3	32.8	.486	25	25	.3	32.5	.429	25	25	.3	22.4	.372
			31.4	.271				30.4	.227				21.6	.181
			27.0	.163				17.2	.148				18.5	.114
			14.4	.062				13.3	.085				13.9	.064
			32.8	.486				28.2	.454				28.2	.429
			31.4	.271				22.2	.227				21.6	.210
			27.0	.163				17.2	.148				18.5	.114
			14.4	.062				13.3	.085				13.9	.064
			32.8	.486				28.2	.454				28.2	.429
			31.4	.271				22.2	.227				21.6	.210
			27.0	.163				17.2	.148				18.5	.114
			14.4	.062				13.3	.085				13.9	.064
30	30	.3	31.4	.437	30	30	.3	30.7	.335	30	30	.3	22.7	.281
			30.7	.233				28.9	.189				22.7	.189
			27.0	.145				18.6	.118				17.9	.094
			16.8	.064				13.7	.069				17.9	.045
			31.4	.437				26.0	.378				26.0	.335
			30.7	.233				21.0	.191				21.0	.189
			27.0	.145				18.6	.118				17.2	.094
			16.8	.064				13.7	.069				17.9	.045
			31.4	.437				26.0	.378				26.0	.335
			30.7	.233				21.0	.191				21.0	.189
			27.0	.145				18.6	.118				17.2	.094
			16.8	.064				13.7	.069				17.9	.045
40	40	.4	30.7	.391	40	40	.4	30.4	.314	40	40	.4	22.7	.304
			31.0	.287				28.1	.182				22.7	.173
			27.4	.141				17.5	.121				18.1	.097
			17.4	.064				12.2	.059				14.1	.042
			30.7	.391				26.0	.360				26.0	.314
			31.0	.287				21.0	.189				21.0	.182
			27.4	.141				17.5	.121				18.1	.097
			17.4	.064				12.2	.059				14.1	.042
			30.7	.391				26.0	.360				26.0	.314
			31.0	.287				21.0	.189				21.0	.182
			27.4	.141				17.5	.121				18.1	.097
			17.4	.064				12.2	.059				14.1	.042
50	50	.4	28.6	.282	50	50	.4	28.2	.235	50	50	.4	20.7	.207
			28.6	.142				24.9	.118				20.2	.121
			22.6	.091				16.4	.094				18.6	.083
			16.8	.049				13.6	.065				13.2	.049
			28.6	.282				26.0	.272				26.0	.235
			28.6	.142				21.8	.145				21.8	.121
			22.6	.091				16.4	.094				18.6	.083
			16.8	.049				13.6	.065				13.2	.049
			28.6	.282				26.0	.272				26.0	.235
			28.6	.142				21.8	.145				21.8	.121
			22.6	.091				16.4	.094				18.6	.083
			16.8	.049				13.6	.065				13.2	.049

TABLE 7—Concluded

TEST DATA ON WHICH DESIGN CHARTS ARE BASED FOR 24S-T ALUMINUM-ALLOY FLAT PANELS WITH LONGITUDINAL Z-SECTION STIFFENERS—Concluded

$\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 0.70$					$\frac{t_w}{t_s} = 1.00$																			
$\frac{b_g}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\frac{b_f}{b_w}$	$\sigma_f$ (ksi)	$\frac{P_f}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ (kips/in.)	$\frac{b_g}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\frac{b_f}{b_w}$	$\sigma_f$ (ksi)	$\frac{P_f}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ (kips/in.)	$\frac{b_g}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\frac{b_f}{b_w}$	$\sigma_f$ (ksi)	$\frac{P_f}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ (kips/in.)	$\frac{b_g}{t_s}$	$\frac{b_w}{t_w}$	$\frac{b_f}{b_w}$	$\sigma_f$ (ksi)	$\frac{P_f}{L/\sqrt{c}}$ (kips/in.)					
35	20	0.3	34.5	0.470	50	25	0.4	23.3	0.092	35	20	0.3	36.3	0.430	50	25	0.4	24.5	0.093					
			34.4	.270				17.0	.048				32.8	.215				18.0	.016					
			26.9	.148									26.8	.123										
		10.5	.068				17.6	.059																
		.4	35.7	.472				28.5	.309					30.8		.270			37.9	.139				
			34.6	.265				27.4	.169					33.7		.222			28.9	.084				
	29.7		.157			23.5	.102				17.2	.053			17.5	.014								
	.5	16.8	.082			30	.3	27.8	.250				.4	36.7	.418			30	.3	28.2	.218			
		34.8	.449					26.0	.187					37.3	.122					26.9	.112			
		32.7	.249					23.6	.084					17.5	.057					28.3	.070			
	25	.3	37.0	.394			.4	27.6	.238				.5	36.1	.414			.4	29.0	.218				
			32.6	.202				26.8	.134					34.1	.223				26.9	.112				
28.2			.126			17.6		.044			28.0	.130				16.0	.037							
17.6		.056			75	20	.3	21.7	.167		25	.3	33.5	.333		75	20	.3	21.8	.095				
35.2		.374						22.6	.079					31.7	.190						21.8	.120		
33.3		.204						17.2	.043					28.7	.106						16.0	.036		
29.3	.123			.5	26.9	.234			18.1	.052			18.1	.052			28.1	.218						
17.1	.052				25.0	.122			35.4	.347			26.3	.117			26.3	.117						
33.2	.204				23.7	.084			31.8	.177			22.7	.070			22.7	.070						
28.2	.123			.4	22.9	.306			16.4	.047			16.1	.036			16.1	.036						
17.5	.048				21.7	.167			28.7	.112			24.0	.235			24.0	.235						
33.2	.204				17.4	.092			16.4	.047			33.2	.204			33.2	.204						
17.5	.048			.5	12.7	.049			16.8	.048			18.3	.041			18.3	.041						
31.2	.302				24.7	.313			33.3	.291			25.9	.248			25.9	.248						
30.2	.162				23.1	.168			31.6	.183			22.8	.126			22.8	.126						
28.5	.110			.4	20.4	.106			16.1	.038			20.1	.076			20.1	.076						
18.6	.052				24.2	.298			28.8	.083			14.8	.039			14.8	.039						
32.6	.813				22.3	.157			22.6	.149			26.1	.250			26.1	.250						
31.7	.178			.5	19.4	.094			18.0	.037			24.7	.129			24.7	.129						
28.2	.107				18.8	.046			30.1	.291			20.2	.077			20.2	.077						
17.5	.048				22.2	.125			31.6	.183			14.8	.041			14.8	.041						
31.2	.302			.4	19.8	.077			16.8	.048			24.2	.200			24.2	.200						
30.2	.162				18.8	.040			32.7	.300			23.4	.101			23.4	.101						
28.5	.101				24.4	.236			30.1	.160			20.7	.056			20.7	.056						
17.1	.046			.5	22.6	.125			18.5	.036			14.7	.033			14.7	.033						
28.7	.809				22.6	.125			28.0	.095			25.8	.199			25.8	.199						
27.2	.205				19.5	.075			30.2	.320			24.1	.105			24.1	.105						
28.4	.123			.4	18.4	.037			18.5	.036			21.1	.063			21.1	.063						
16.2	.061				23.6	.242			28.2	.090			14.3	.033			14.3	.033						
29.6	.374				22.9	.137			32.7	.300			25.5	.199			25.5	.199						
27.2	.194			.5	19.9	.083			18.5	.031			23.9	.105			23.9	.105						
23.2	.115				14.2	.041			31.6	.322			21.5	.067			21.5	.067						
16.4	.059				22.9	.199			28.1	.167			14.1	.032			14.1	.032						
29.7	.865			.4	22.3	.109			24.1	.096			28.9	.161			28.9	.161						
28.5	.201				19.2	.086			28.0	.326			21.6	.081			21.6	.081						
23.1	.112				14.4	.035			28.2	.164			19.0	.033			19.0	.033						
16.4	.062			.5	28.6	.198			16.5	.049			14.5	.026			14.5	.026						
28.9	.205				21.6	.102			32.0	.326			24.2	.100			24.2	.100						
23.2	.155				19.7	.067			28.2	.164			22.8	.055			22.8	.055						
24.4	.100			.4	14.0	.033			28.2	.092			20.8	.056			20.8	.056						
16.9	.049				22.5	.182			16.5	.049			14.8	.028			14.8	.028						
29.2	.277				20.9	.085			29.5	.260			24.0	.163			24.0	.163						
27.8	.158			.5	18.9	.061			17.2	.042			23.4	.089			23.4	.089						
					14.8	.037			27.1	.134			21.2	.055			21.2	.055						
									24.3	.084			14.1	.027			14.1	.027						