N94-13734

GROWTH OF PbSnTe SINGLE CRYSTAL BY TRAVELING-ZONE METHOD IN LOW GRAVITY M-2

Y. Segawa The Institute of Physical and Chemical Research Japan

The single-crystal lead tin telluride (PbSnTe) semiconductor is most promising as a laser radiation element and infrared detecting element in the far infrared region. However, it is very difficult to grow a large single crystal with a homogeneous composition on Earth because the elements have a very strong tendency to separate from each other in the molten phase due to differences in their specific gravities and melting points.

Experimental Purposes

 \cdot To grow a single crystal of PbSnTe by a traveling zone method in microgravity.

• To study the spatial fluctuation of the composition and the electrical properties of the crystal.

In this experiment, the image furnace will be used to melt a single PbSnTe crystal inside a quartz tube (Figure 1). The molten zone will be allowed to travel for 5 hours during the mission.

Expected Results

• The character of crystal growth under microgravity in comparison with crystal growth on Earth will be clarified.

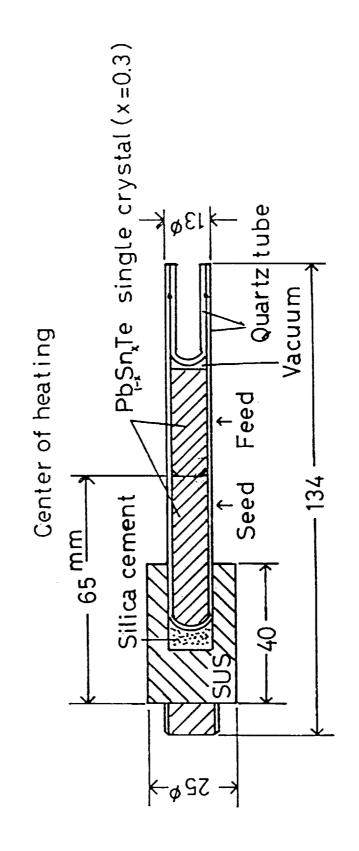
9 PRECEDING PAGE BLANK NOT FILMED · The fundamental mechanism of the crystal growth will be studied.

· A new method for crystal growth under microgravity may be proposed.

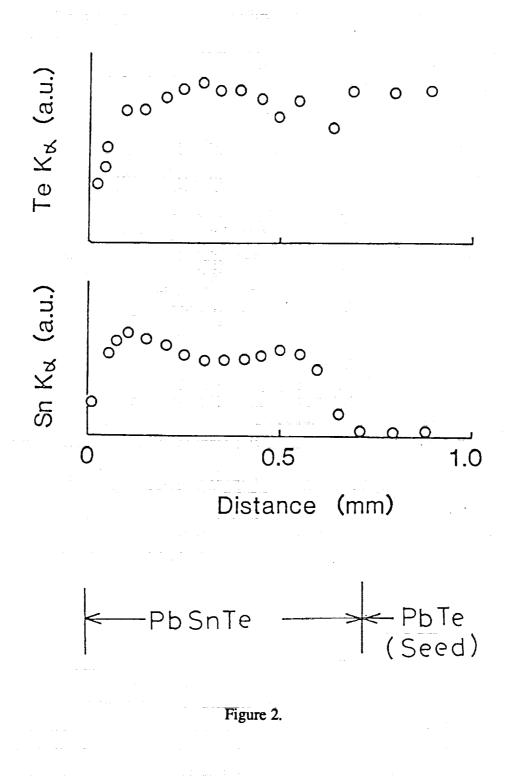
10

TELEVICE PERTURNAL TELEVICENT OF AN INTELEVICE NUMBER OF TELEVICENT PERTURNAL INCOME.

- Company and a second statements of the second second second second second second second second second second







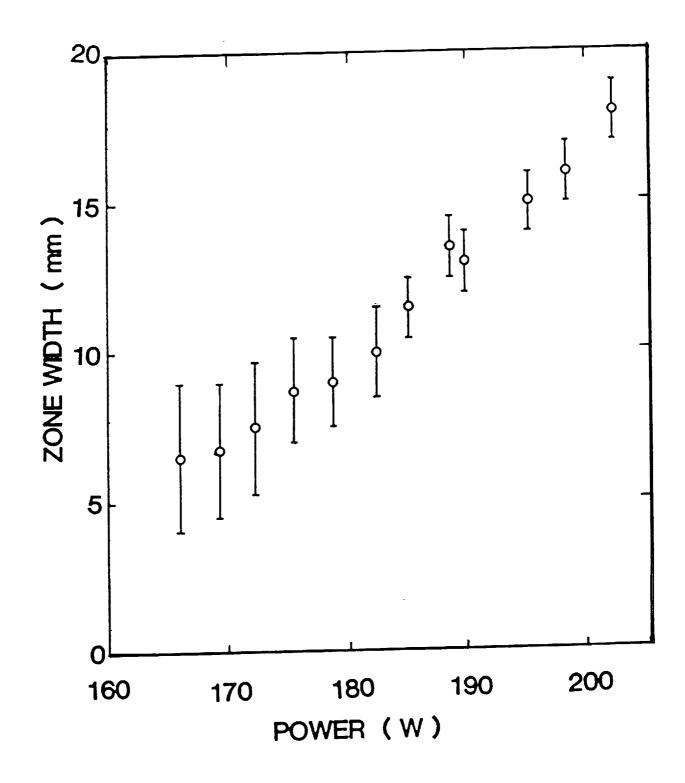


Figure 3.

.

.

a i tittanı dirimeti tita ili ili a

Milline and Maria a table a scattering of the descent of the scattering of