2006 CIVIL COMMERCIAL IMAGERY EVALUATION WORKSHOP

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wildlife Visitors Center, Laurel, Maryland Sponsored by the NASA/NGA/USGS JACIE Team March 14–16, 2006

users interested in collaborating on this project, either to participate in beta testing or provide test imagery.

Project Objectives:

- Co-registration of input images to subpixel accuracy input data is presumed to be orthorectified
- Co-registration tools will be tested with NASA satellite data, as well as data from commercial high-resolution satellites, digital camera systems, and scanned aerial photography.
- Software will be delivered to NASA in the format of a software development kit (SDK), to enable integration of these tools into other software.

Cropland Classifications of Coincident TM and AWiFS Imagery David M. Johnson, USDA/National Agricultural Statistics Service

Reflectance-based, Vicarious Calibration Results for High-resolution Commercial Sensors

Nathan Leisso, University of Arizona

Poly-Pattern Compressive Segmentation of ASTER Data for GIS

Wayne Myers, Eric Warner, and Richard Tutwiler, Penn State Institutes of the Environment

Pattern-based segmentation of multi-band image data, such as ASTER, produces onebyte and two-byte approximate compressions. This is a dual segmentation consisting of nested coarser and finer level pattern mappings called poly-patterns. The coarser A-level version is structured for direct incorporation into geographic information systems in the manner of a raster map. GIS renderings of this A-level approximation are called pattern pictures which have the appearance of color enhanced images. The two-byte version consisting of thousands of B-level segments provides a capability for approximate restoration of the multi-band data in selected areas or entire scenes. Poly-patterns are especially useful for purposes of change detection and landscape analysis at multiple scales. The primary author has implemented the segmentation methodology in a public domain software suite.

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Wayne Myers¹, Eric Warner¹ & Richard Tutwiler²

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