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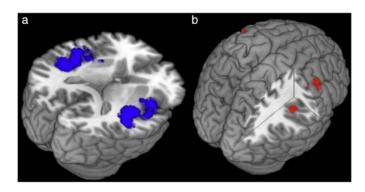




Spaceflight Effects on Neurocognitive Performance: Extent, Longevity, & Neural Bases (NeuroMapping)

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# **Science Background**

- Spaceflight affects balance, spatial orientation, & motor control
- Rodent models have shown sensorimotor neural structural changes
- This study will address whether these neural structural changes occur in humans and how they impact astronaut functional performance

 We will also investigate whether spaceflight affects sensorimotor adaptation; important for transitioning between varying gravitational

environments

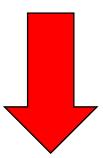




NeuroMapping	
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# **Objectives**

- 1) Identify changes in brain structure and function that occur with spaceflight and characterize their recovery time course.
  - 2) Identify whether / how these changes contribute to decrements in functional performance.



Assess the risk of long-duration spaceflight on brain structure / function, & impact on performance

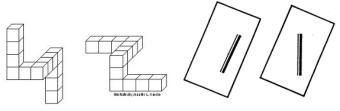
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### Functional Performance



### **Brain Structure & Function**

### **Spatial Cognition & Orientation**



Rod and Frame test—Align a rod within these frames so that the rod is vertical.

### Processing Speed & Manual Control

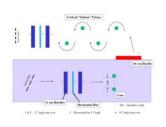






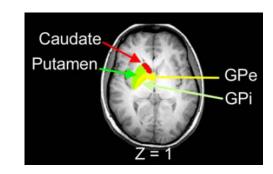


### Mobility, Balance & Vestibular Function



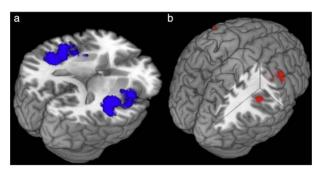






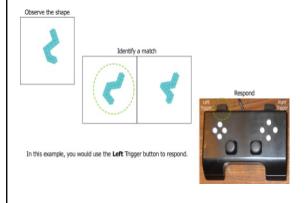


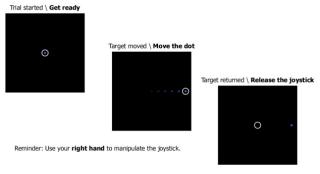


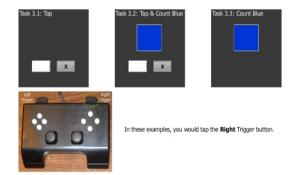


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# In flight Tests







Spatial Cognition

Sensorimotor adaptation

Single / Dual Tasking

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# **NeuroMapping Timeline**

L-60



R+30

R+90

R+180

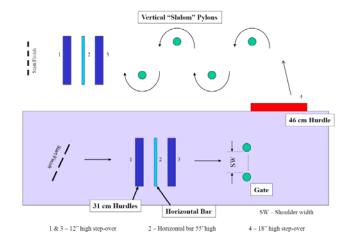
FD30 FD90 FD150

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# **Pre & Post Flight Test Descriptions**

### Functional Performance

- 1. Functional Mobility Test (FMT): navigate obstacle course with foam pylons, a gate, an obstacle, and a 'portal'.
- 2. Purdue Pegboard test: assemble pegs and washers bimanually and place into board.



3. Digit symbol substitution test: transcribe symbols to numbers.

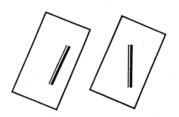
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# **Pre & Post Flight Test Descriptions**

4. Postural Stability: Maintain balance on sway-referenced support surface with eyes closed. This test will be performed with and without head movements.



- 5. Tests of spatial cognition & working memory:
- a. Rod & frame- align a rod to perceived vertical

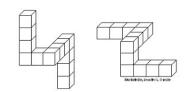


b. Card rotationrotate 2-dimensional shapes to match





c. Cube rotationrotate 3-dimensional shapes to match



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# **Pre & Post Flight Test Descriptions**

6. Vestibular stimulation: the vestibular system will be stimulated by either a brief acoustic stimulus or a brief tap to the forehead. Muscle responses will be recorded.

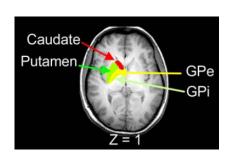


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# **Pre & Post Flight Test Descriptions**

### **Brain Structural & Functional Assessments**

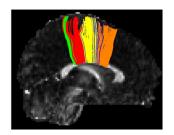
1. Structural MRI: lie still while we take a 3 dimensional image of your brain structure.

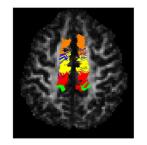


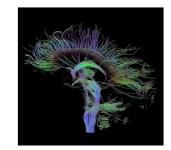




2. Diffusion weighted MRI: lie still while we take a 3 dimensional image of your brain's white matter.



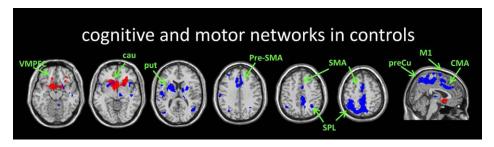




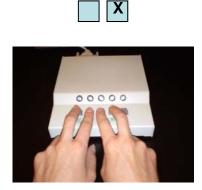
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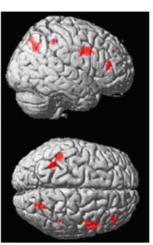
# **Pre & Post Flight Test Descriptions**

3. Resting state functional connectivity MRI: lie still while we image functional network interactions.



4. Functional MRI during single and dual task finger tapping: tap buttons bimanually in response to cues on the screen, count # of appearances of a target color, or both simultaneously.

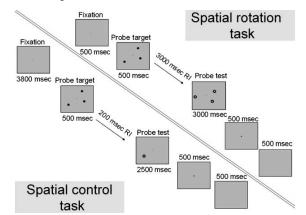


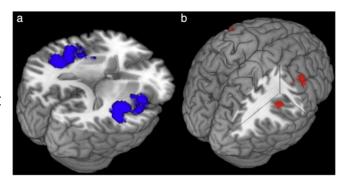


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# **Pre & Post Flight Test Descriptions**

- 5. Functional MRI during manual sensorimotor adaptation task: move a joystick to hit targets on the computer screen.
- 6. Functional MRI during spatial working memory task: mentally rotate 2-dimensional shapes to match targets.
- 7. Functional MRI during vestibular stimulation: the vestibular system will be stimulated by either a brief acoustic stimulus or a brief tap to the forehead.

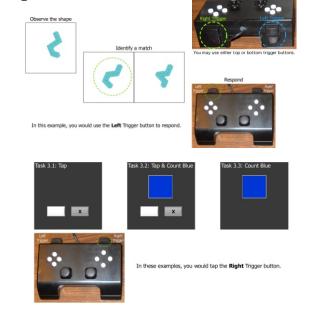


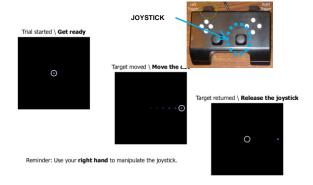


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# In Flight Test Descriptions

- 1. Cube rotation- rotate 3-dimensional shapes to match
- 2. Single and dual task finger tapping: tap buttons bimanually in response to cues on the screen, count # of appearances of a target color, or both simultaneously.
- 3. Manual sensorimotor adaptation task: move a joystick to hit targets on the computer screen.





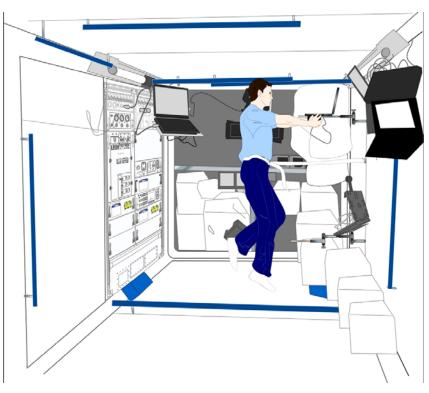
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## In-flight Tests - Subject Configuration

"Bungeed down"

"Free Floating"





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# **Study Relevance**

- 1) First interdisciplinary assessment of the effects of space flight on brain structure-function and functional performance changes.
- 2) Will allow us to assess the risk of long duration spaceflight on brain structure / function and impact on performance.