

# Trajectory Design for the Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite (TESS)

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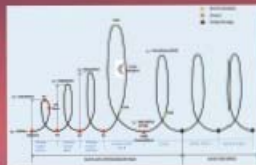
## Mission Overview

- TESS, an Explorer-class mission, will perform an all-sky survey over 2 years
- Science orbit is highly eccentric, highly inclined, in 2:1 resonance with the Moon
  - Choice inspired by analysis of KRONOS (2:1) and IBEX (3:1) mission orbits
- Lunar gravity assist to achieve Science orbit
- 3.5 Phasing loops



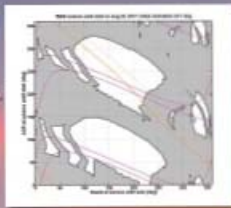
## Requirements

- Lunar Resonant Phasing condition for Operational orbit stability; need Moon-Earth-Spacecraft angle at apogee of  $90 \pm 30$  deg
- Short, infrequent eclipses: Need initial ediptic AOP between 35 and 40 deg
- Perigee between 7 and 22 Earth Radii for duration of mission



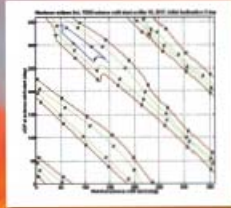
## SWM/TESS: VoP Analysis

- Schematic Window Methodology (SWM)
- Uses Variation of Parameters (VoP) equations and geometric proxies of constraints
- Developed for Magnetospheric Multiscale (MMS) mission, also using highly eccentric, highly inclined orbit
- Allows fast assessment of constraints
- Used to identify launch opportunity RAAN and AOP
- Led to 1st guesses for GMAT trajectories



## Eclipse Tolerance

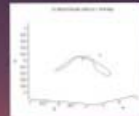
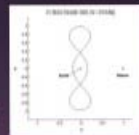
- A critical decision was the number of batteries needed to survive eclipses
- Initial plan called for 2-hour maximum eclipses
- SWM analysis showed that 2-hour maximum eclipse restricted launch opportunities too much
- Led to decision to allow at least 4-hour eclipses
  - Later raised to allow a 6-hour eclipse



## Dynamical Systems

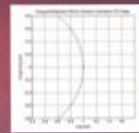
### Circular Restricted 3-Body Problem (CR3BP)

- Assess long-term behavior: stability, variability
- Continuation method used to find three families of resonant periodic orbits (planar, mirror, axial) analogous to Libration Point Orbits
- Floquet analysis of mirror solution showed it is neutrally stable with medium-term (9 month) and long-term (12 year) oscillations
- Analysis was extended to include Sun in Bi-Circular Restricted 4-Body Problem

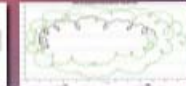


### Lidov-Kozai Mechanism: averaging removes short-term variations

- For highly eccentric, highly inclined orbits
  - Semi-major axis is nearly constant
  - Perigee radius and inclination to Moon orbit plane oscillate in unison, with period near 12 years for TESS
  - For higher inclinations, AOP librates around 90 deg: helps avoid eclipses



High-fidelity orbit propagation, including Moon & Sun, exhibits Kozai mechanism



## GMAT: High-fidelity Design and Optimization

- High-fidelity, open-source mission analysis and design tool
- Strengths include flexible mission scripting, optimization, wide applicability
- Fully tested, production quality, operationally certified with ACE mission



1st guess at trajectory



Optimized trajectory



### Two-stage multiple-shooting optimization strategy

- Stage 1: trajectory from Trans-Lunar Injection (TLI) through flyby to Science Orbit
  - 1st guess based on algorithm by J. Gangestad et al. at The Aerospace Corporation
- Stage 2: prepend phasing loops to solve continuously, injection through science orbit



Earth-Moon Rotating (left) and inertial frame (right) each provide insights in dynamics

