# Smart Grid Development Iss for Terrestrial and Space Applica

#### Technical Panel IECEC Conference

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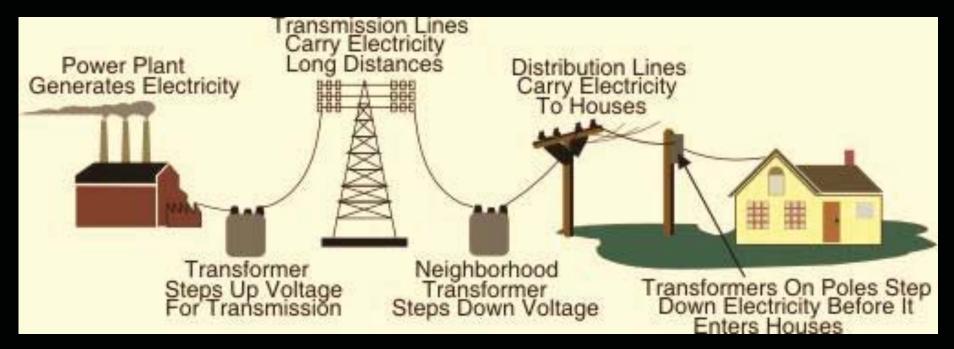


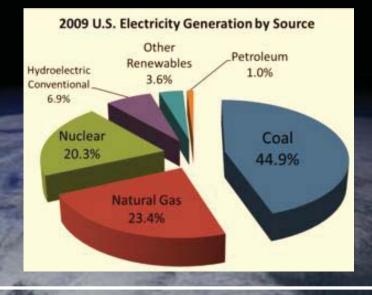
## **Discussion Topics**

- What is the "Smart Grid"
- Smart Grid Vision
- What is NASA's Interest in Smart Grid?
- Technology Development Needs
- Wrap Up



#### **Traditional Terrestrial Power Systems**



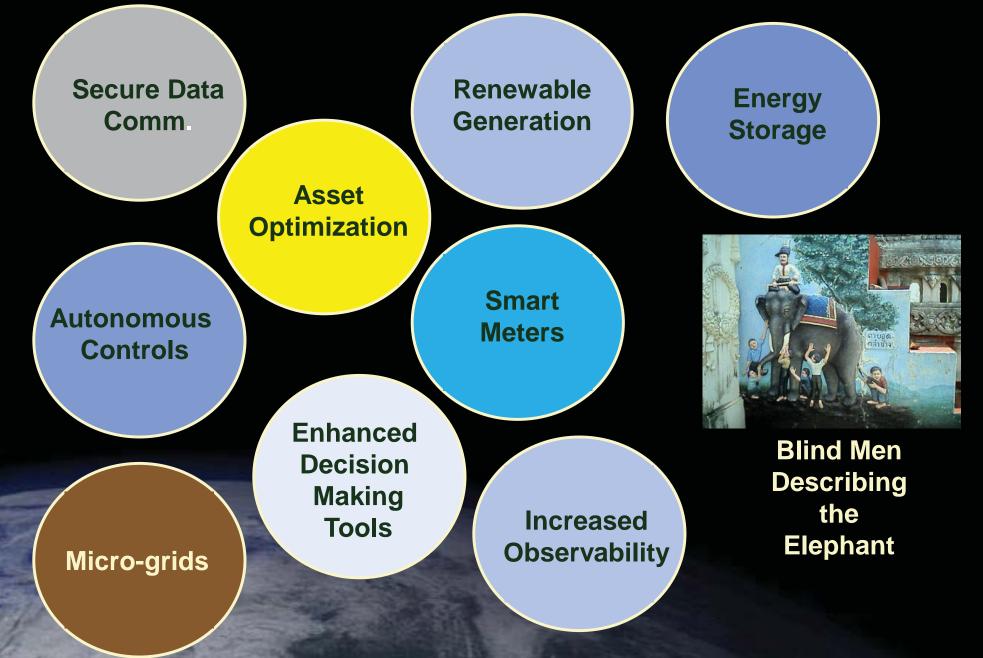


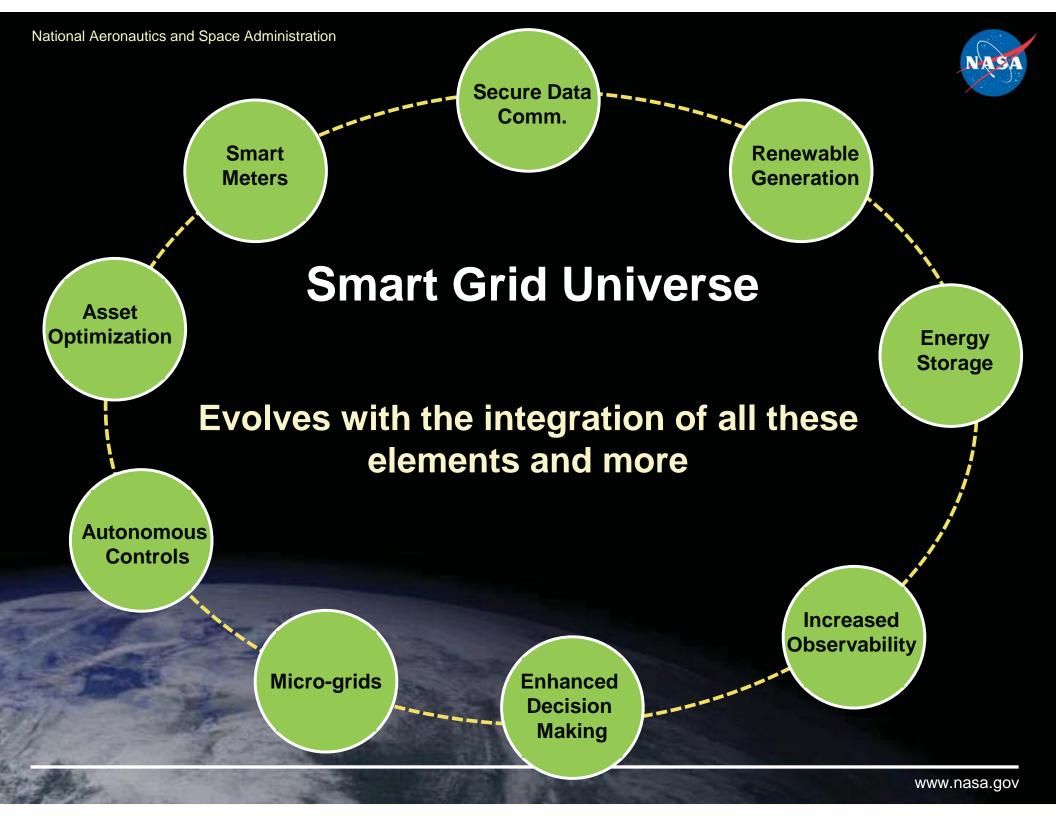
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#### What is the Smart Grid?







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### **Smart Grid Vision**

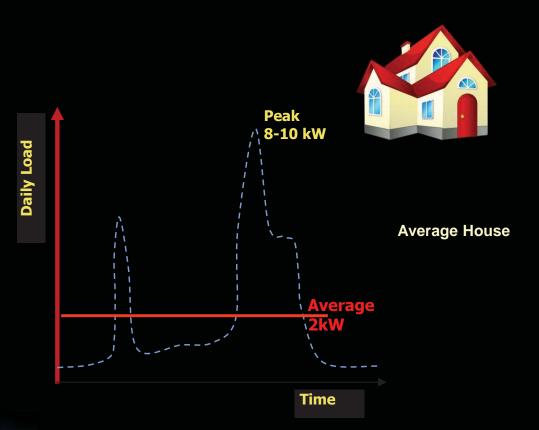




#### **Advanced Power Grid Needs**

#### Key Needs:

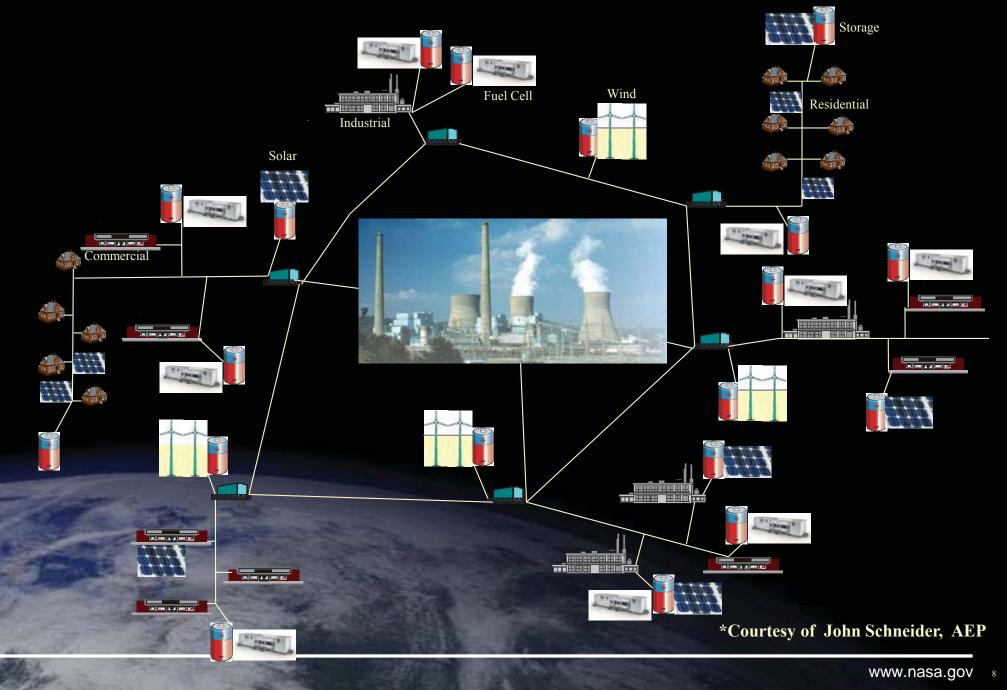
- Accommodate the increase in user power requirements
- Meet peak power requirements from generation to load at all times
- Improve grid security and sustainability
- Reduce the impact on the transmission infrastructure



Solution: Introduce distributed generation & storage to enable base load operation of grid assets



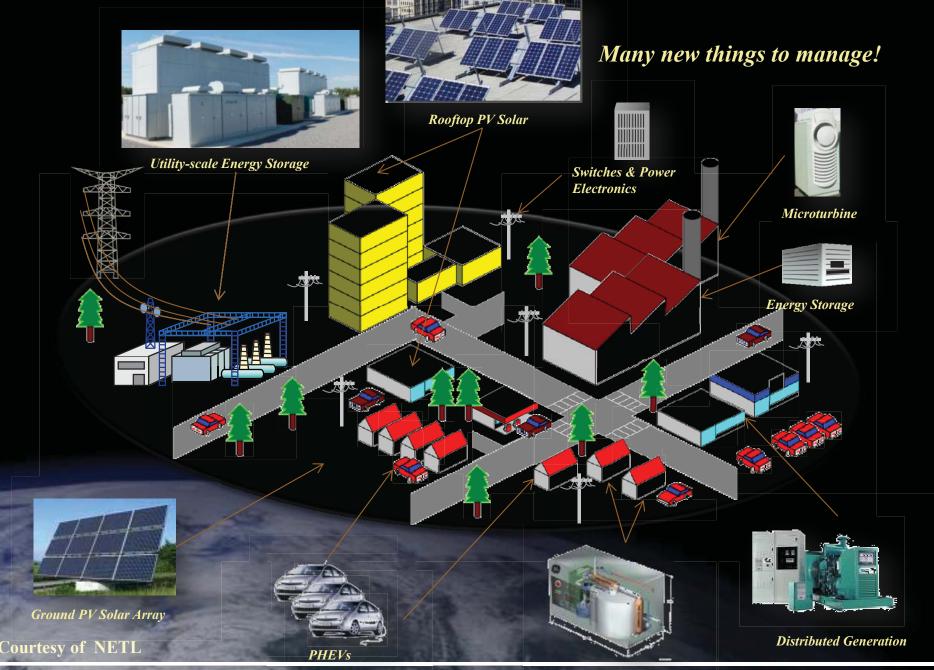
#### ...the Grid of the Future?\*



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### **Community Micro-grid\***

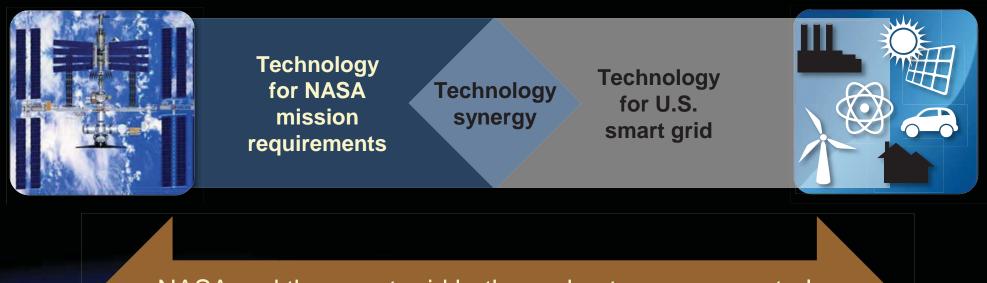




Home Energy System



## What is NASA's Interest In Smart Grid?



NASA and the smart grid both need autonomous controls. When we solve one problem, we solve both problems



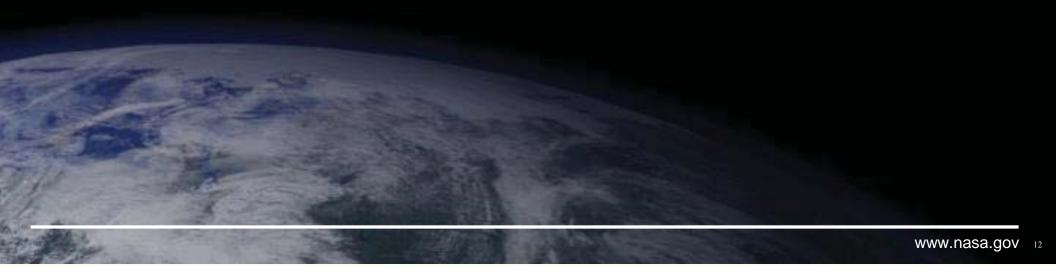
# Glenn's Existing Infrastructure

Glenn Research Center has the existing physical assets, and engineering expertise that can be leveraged to solve many of the problems facing the development of micro-grids as well as enhancing facility sustainability





## Smart Grid Systems Technology Development





# **Technology Development Needs**

- Systems Technology
  - Routine operation with a high percentage of energy storage
    - Demonstrate real and reactive power control using energy storage
    - Distributed vs centralized energy storage for renewables
  - Understand the benefits of DC vs AC interconnections for sources and storage
- Simulation Technology
  - Load flow / dynamic models for technology development and operation
  - Analytical models of micro-grids that can be replicated and run in real time and faster than real-time
  - Hardware in the loop operation with analytical models



# **Technology Development Needs**

- Automation and Controls
  - Autonomous Controls
    - Economic negotiation of load demand
    - Management of distributed energy resources
    - Power network management
    - Fault detection and recovery
    - Coordination with the larger power grid
  - Adaptive control algorithms for changes in plant and input parameters
  - Prognostics to identify faulty sources and loads
- Intelligent Distribution / Interface Hardware
  - Power Electronics for bi-directional power flow techniques for real and reactive power
  - Bi-directional fault control
  - Intelligent switching centers to enable distributed hierarchical control



# **Technology Development Needs**

- Communication
  - Wireless data transmission
  - Secure data interchange
- Decision support tools
  - Data Fusion
  - Autonomous and human-agent operations in high information density environments for advanced data integration and presentation
- Sensors
  - Intelligent Sensors with integrated data transmission and energy harvesting
- Intelligent Interface Standards Data
- Intelligent Interface Standards Power

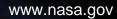


#### Wrap-up

- The key to Smart Grid implementation is successful system integration of the new underlying component and control technologies
  - Integration of "Micro-Grids" or "Micro Energy Islands" with large power grids
  - Incorporation of a high degree of automation and fault tolerance for reliable / secure operation
  - Stable and reliable operation issues with power grids having a high percentage of renewable generation and energy storage
  - Ability to utilize large amounts of data to optimize grid operation









### **Terrestrial Micro Grids**

Islanded micro-grids have very similar needs to space vehicle power systems

- Both need to function autonomously for extended periods

- of time
  - Both need to manage distributed energy resources
- Both need to manage loads over constrained capacity and time horizons

- Both need to guarantee that the network is safely managed

- Both need to detect, isolate, reconfigure and

accommodate faults

