Improving Aerosol Simulations over South Asia for Climate and Air Quality Studie

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1. BACKGROUND AND MOTIVATIN

Atmospheric pollution over South Asia attracts special attention due to its effects on regional climate, the water cycle, and human health. These effects are potentially growing owing to rising trends of anthropogenic aerosol emissions found there. However, it has been proved quite challenging to adequately represent the aerosol spatial distribution and magnitude over this critical region in global models (Pan et al. 2014), with the surface concentrations, aerosol optical depth (AOD), and absorbing AOD (AAOD) significantly underestimated, especially in October-January when the agricultural waste burning and anthropogenic aerosol dominate over dust aerosol (Figure 1 and 2).

In this study, we aim to investigate the causes for such discrepancy in winter by conducting sets of model experiments with NASA's GEOS-5 in terms of (1) spatial resolution, (2) emission amount, and (3) meteorological fields.

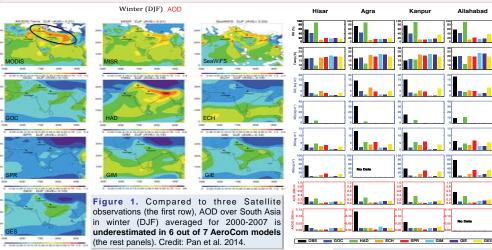


Table 1. AeroCom models used in Figure 1 and 2

Model					More* Species	
GISS-modelE.A2.HCA-IPCC	GIE	A2-ACCMIP	NCEP winds	2.5x2	NO ₃	Kostas Tsigaridis Susanne Bauer
GISS-MATRIX.A2.HCA-IPCC	GIM	A2-ACCMIP	NCEP winds	2.5x2	NO3	Kostas Tsigaridis Susanne Bauer
SPRINTARS-v384.A2.HCA-IPCC	SPR	A2-ACCMIP	NCEP (T, V)	1.1x1.1		Toshihiko Takemura
GOCART-v4.A2.HCA-0	GOC	A2-MAP	GEOS-4 DAS	2.5x2		Thomas Diehl Mian Chin
HadGEM2-ES.A2.HCA-0	HAD	A2-MAP	ERA-interim	1.8x1.2	NO ₃	Nicolas Bellouin
GEOS5.A2.HCA-0	GE5	A2-MAP	MERRA (T, V, Q)	2.5x2		Peter Colarco Xiaohua Pan
ECHAM5-HAMMOZ.A2.HCA-0	ECH	A2-MAP	ECMWF analysis	1.8x1.8		Kai zhang Philip Stier Johann Feichter

Figure 2. Aerosol surface mass concentration and optical depth are underestimated compared to ISRO-GBP campaign measurement at 4 IGP stations in Dec. 2004. Credit: Pan et al. 2014.

NOTE: Commons of these models

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CTMs driven by meteorology.
With Phase 2 anthropogenic emissions
With dust, sea salt, sulfate, black and organic carbon.

2. EXPERIMENT DESIGNS WITH GEOS5

Table 2. Sensitivity experiments configurations

Name	Horizontal resolution	Anthropogenic emission	Meteorological field
CTL ^a	1x1	HTAP v2.2 b	Replay MERRA T, V, Q c
EXP_two	2x2	Same as CTL	Same as CTL
EXP_half	0.5x0.5	Same as CTL	Same as CTL
EXP_2xC	1x1	Double Anthrop. BC & OC	Same as CTL
EXP_free EXP_free_2xC	1x1 1x1	Same as CTL Double Anthrop. BC & OC	No replay No replay

- GEOS5 model has dust, sea salt, sulfate, black and organic carbon aerosols a. GEOSS model has dust, sea salt, sulfate, black and organic carbon aerosols.
 b. HTAP (The Task Force on Hemispheric Transport of Air Poliution) is an international scientific cooperative effort to improve the understanding of the intercontinental transport of air pollution arososs the Northeri Hemispheric.
 c. GEOSS replays MERRA (NASA MODERN ERA-RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS FOR RESEARCH AND APPLICATIONS) T (temperature). V (who), and Q

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3. RESULTS

A) Test Whether the Model Spatial Reso

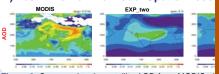
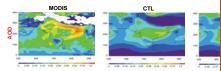


Figure 3. Compared to the satellite AOD from MODIS, the of spatial resolution from 2 degree (EXP two) to half de IGP region is still not captured in higher resolution.

B) Test Whether the Anthropogenic Emis



C) Test Whether the Meteorological Field

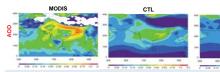


Figure 5. The feature of high AOD over IGP region was EXP fre

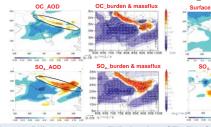


Figure 6. Difference between EXP_free from CTL. The O relative humidity (RH) and wind are better simulated in EX

4. CONCLUSIONS

- ☐ Realistic meteorological fields, especially adequate represent the high AOD over IGP (In
- ☐ Higher spatial resolution and anthropogenic amplitude of AOD
- Other factors, such as lack of nitrate and low clo investigation

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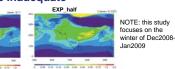
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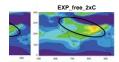
magnitude of AOD increases with the increase half). However, the feature of high AOD over

: Inadequate

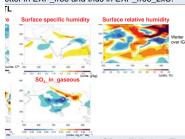


Figure 4. The overall amplitude of AOD increases with the doubling anthropogenic OC and BC emissions in EXP 2xC. However, the feature of high AOD over IGP region is still not captured.

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etter in EXP free and thus in EXP free 2xC.



ate AOD are higher over IGP in EXP_free. The

d relative humidity, are essential to etic Plain).

also contribute to the improvement of

OS5, are critical as well, which are under

.., Tsigaridis, K., Bauer, S., and Bellouin, N.: A multi-model evaluation of 4, 19095-19147, doi:10.5194/acpd-14-19095-2014, 2014. aerosols for regional climate studies, J. Geophys. Res., 117, D04209,