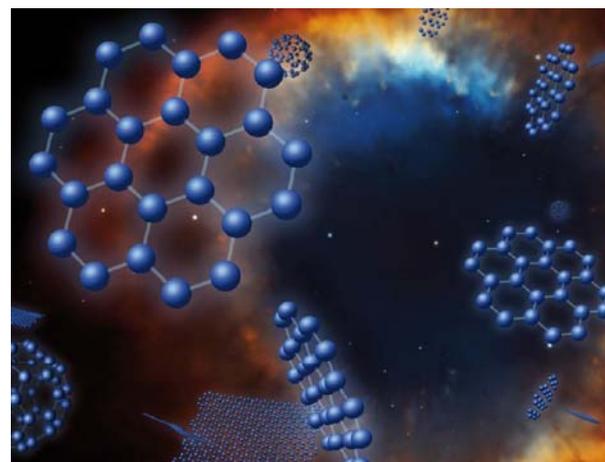




Multifunctional Graphene Polyimide Nanocomposites

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Michael A. Meador**

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Graphene in Space, NASA's Spitzer Space Telescope has spotted the signature of flat carbon flakes, called graphene, in space

Nanotechnology Engineered Materials and Structures

Light Weight Materials

- Multifunctional

-Adaptive Materials

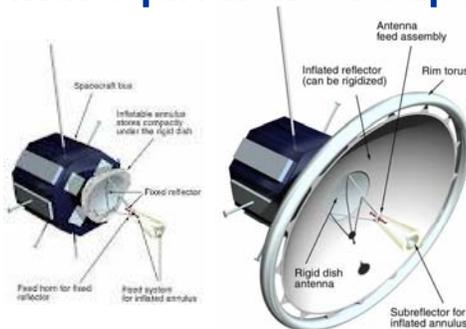
-Self Healing Materials

Development of nanostructured materials 50% lighter than conventional materials with equivalent or superior properties

Reduced Vehicle Mass



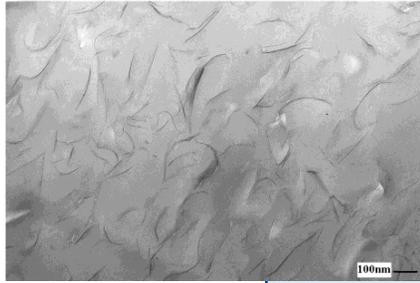
Boeing 787 composite aircraft
Copper mesh 4000 lb of weight



NGST 1/2-scale Sunshield Demonstration Model Deployment,
Cadogan, D. P. et al.

hour sonication.

Administration

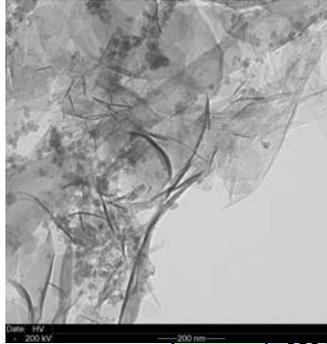
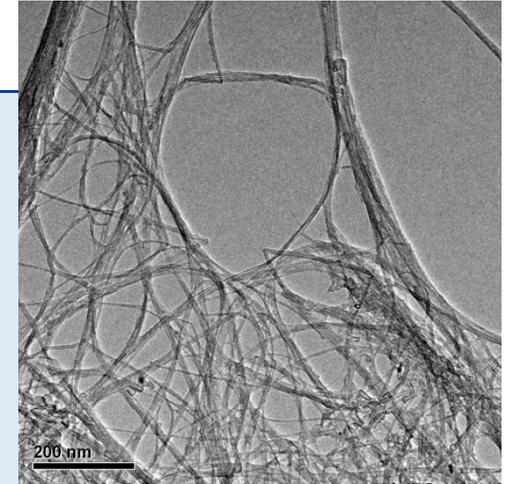


Carbon Nanotubes:

SWCNT - Iijima 1991

~ 1315 m²/g

DCNT ~ 700-800



Graphite and Graphene – Giem 2004

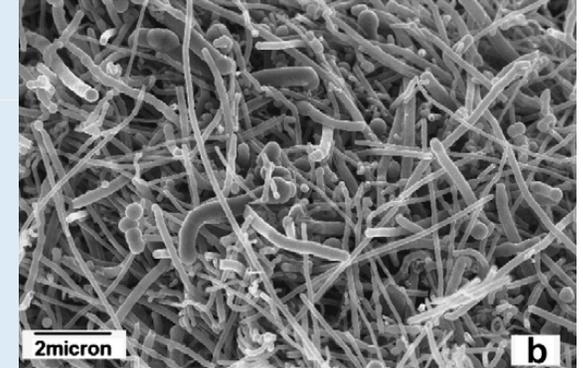
Graphene ~ theoretical: 2600 m²/g, 700- 1300 m²/g

Carbon nanofibers

Alumina silicates – Fukushima, Toyota 1987

Montmorillonite ~ 725 m²/g

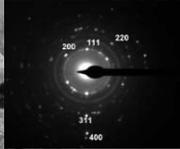
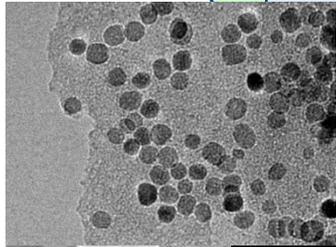
Magadiite, Laponite, Vermiculite



Magnetic Nanoparticles

Organometallic physical crosslinkers

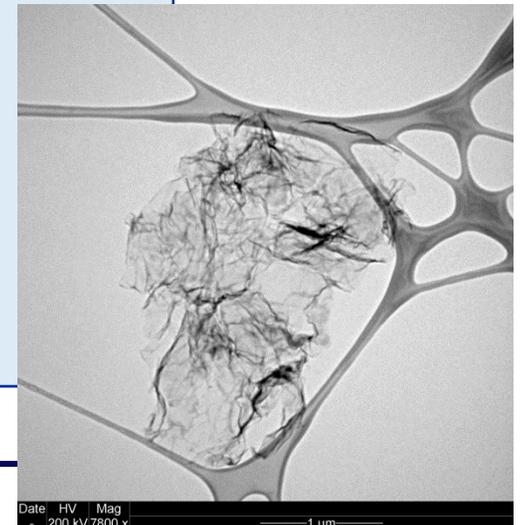
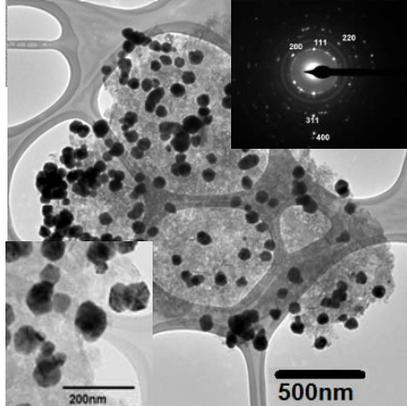
Cross

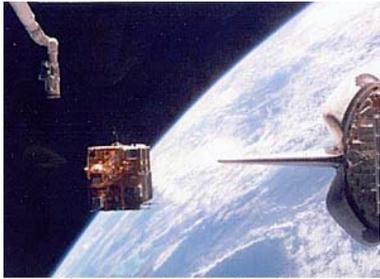


Composite Nanoparticles

Graphitic graphene

oxide graphene





Space Administration

Polyimide High Performance Polymer



PMR-15 - GRC
After burner

Satellite

Aromatic polyimide:

- Low color
- Flexibility
- High thermal stability
- Dimensional stability
- Low dielectric constant
- High T_g
- Radiation resistance
- Low coefficient of thermal expansion



General Ind.

Stiffness and modulus
and reinforcement

Actuation
and morphing

Electronics
and packaging



Quartz fabric-polyimide 815 °C

Electrical performance
and EMI shielding

Thermal performance
and stability



Continuous operating
range between
-65 °C to +357 °C

Multifunctional

- Space
- Aero
- Electronics

¹Qu,L., Connell, J.W., Sun, Y.-P., Macromolecules, 2004, 37, 6055-6060.

²Lebron-Colon, M. Meador, M. A., Gaier, J. R., Sola, F., Scheiman, D.A., McCorkle, L.S. ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces, 2010, 2 ,3 , 669-676 .

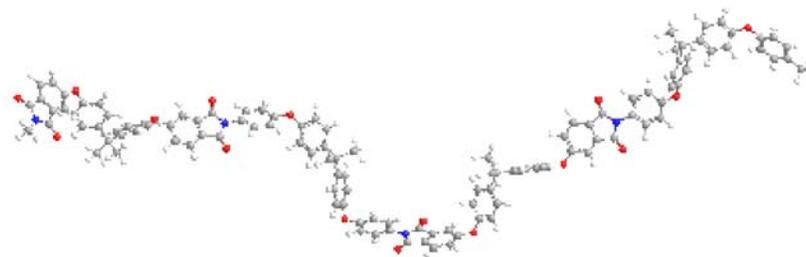
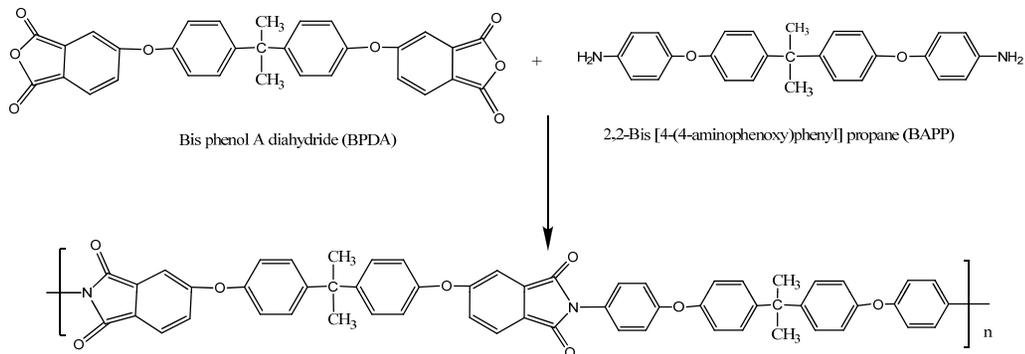


Polyimide Graphene Nanocomposites



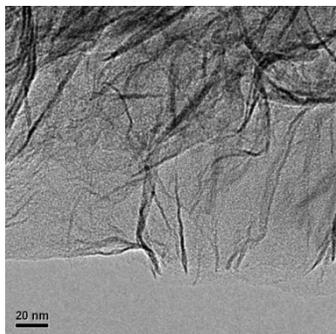
PMR-15
GRC
After burner

Polyimide, thermal stability >500 °C, T_g > 200 °C, flexible and semi-transparent.



Thermal imidization:

- Mixing and dissolving equi-molar ratio diamine in anhydrous-NMP under dry N₂ followed by addition of dry anhydride and stirring for 24h in flame dried vessels.
- Then, increasing the temperature ~230 °C (NMP reflux) for 3h and precipitating in methanol and drying



+

**Polyimide
solution**
sonication

Solvent casting
→



0.025 wt% graphene/PI

¹Qu, L., Connell, J.W., Sun, Y.-P., *Macromolecules*, 2004, 37, 6055-6060.

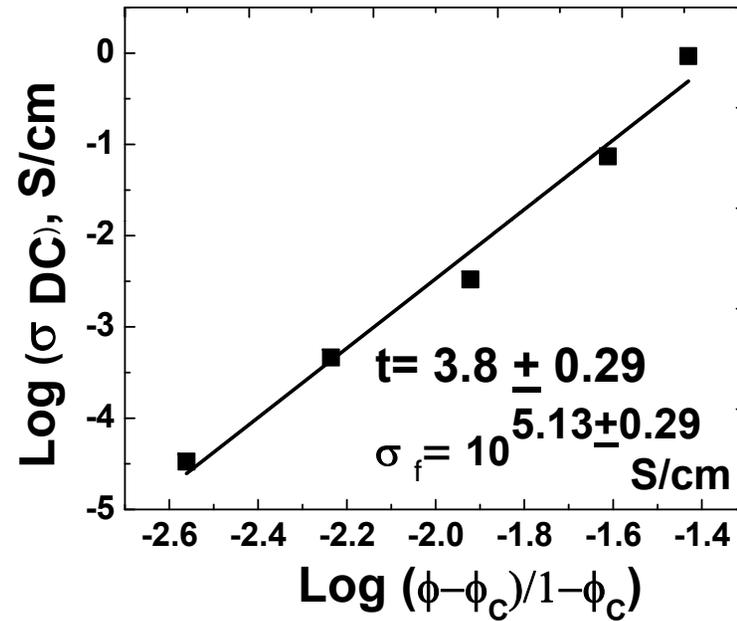
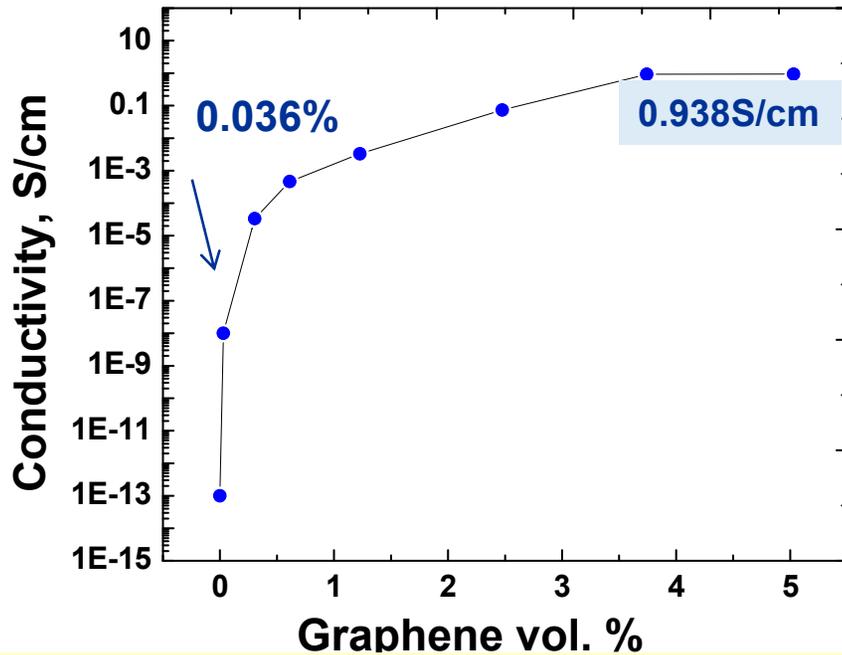
²Lebron-Colon, M. Meador, M. A., Gaier, J. R., Sola, F., Scheiman, D.A., McCorkle, L.S. *ACS Applied Materials and Interfaces*, 2010, 2, 3, 669-676.

Polyimide Graphene Nanocomposites



Electrical Performance

$$\sigma_{DC} = \sigma_f [(\phi - \phi_c) / (1 - \phi_c)]^t$$



	Percolation	Max. Conductivity	
Chemically graphene PS nanocomposites	0.1 vol.%	0.01S/cm	CNT/nanocomposites $t = 1.2 - 2$ CNF/polyimide $t \sim 3.1$ PET graphene $t \sim 3.47 \pm 0.64$ PS graphene $t \sim 2.74 \pm 0.2$
PS Gr, Latex method	0.6 wt%	0.15S/cm	
PET graphene	0.47 vol.%	0.021S/cm	
PC graphene, emulsion	0.14 vol.%	0.512 S/cm	
PC graphene, solution	0.38 vol.%	0.226 S/cm	
PS CCG	0.19 vol.%	0.722S/cm	

AC Electrical Performance



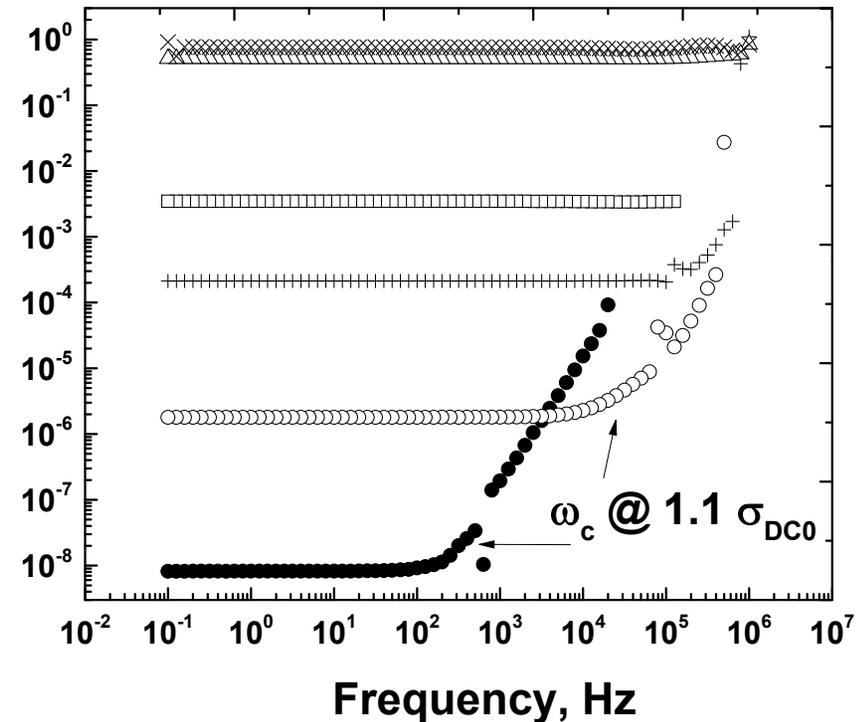
Broad band AC impedance spectroscopy

Extended pair approximation model

$$\sigma(\omega) / \sigma_{DC0} = 1 + k(\omega / \omega_c)^s$$

Vol. %	σ_{DC0} , S/cm	ω_c , Hz	S
0.03046	8.21e-9	150.47	0.499
0.3051	1.879e-6	7.027e3	0.647
0.6115	2.11e-4	1.241e5	0.446

σ' , S/cm

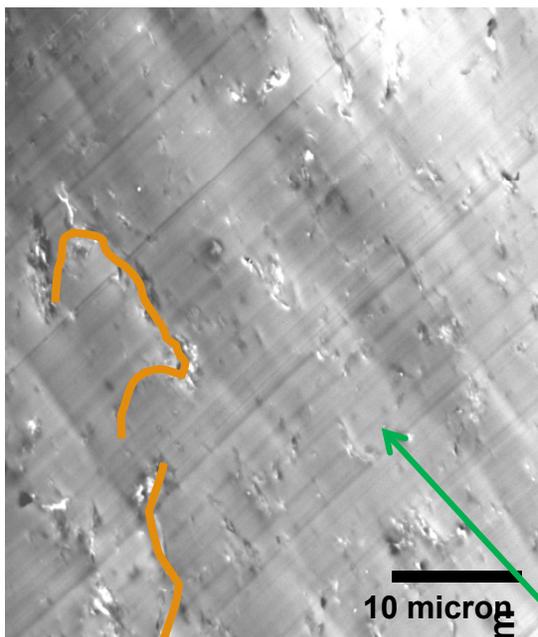


S ~ 0.99 -> hopping

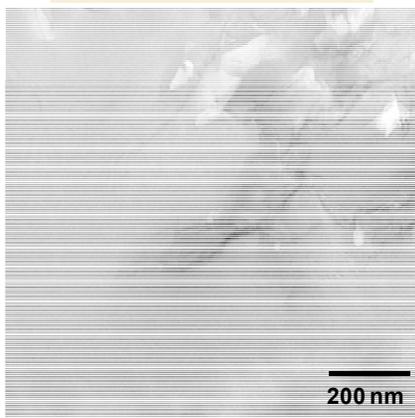
S ~ 0.72 -> 3D material

S ~ 0.58 -> anomalous diffusion in fractal cluster exist

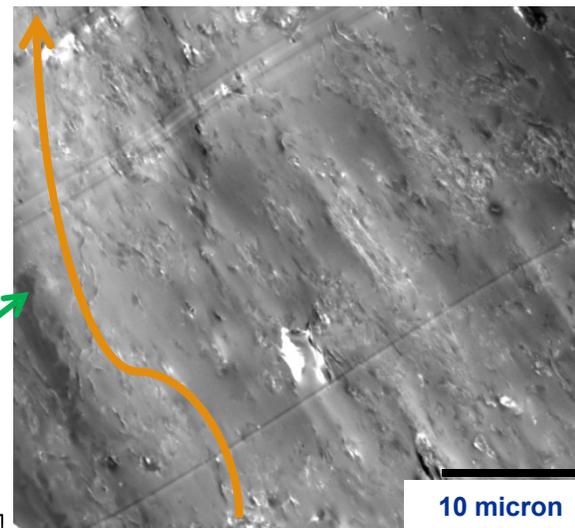
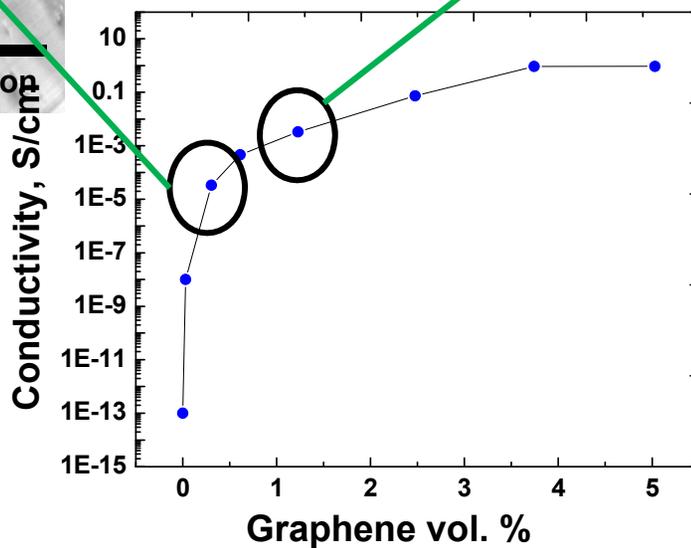
Dispersion of graphene in polyimide TEM



0.25 vol.%



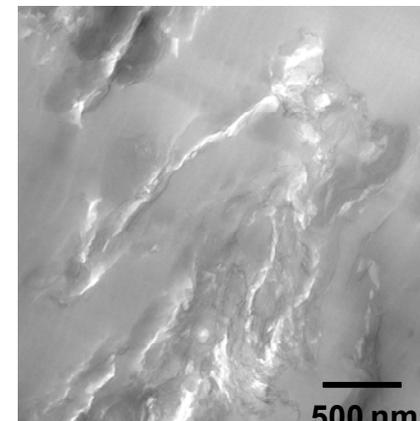
200 nm



10 micron

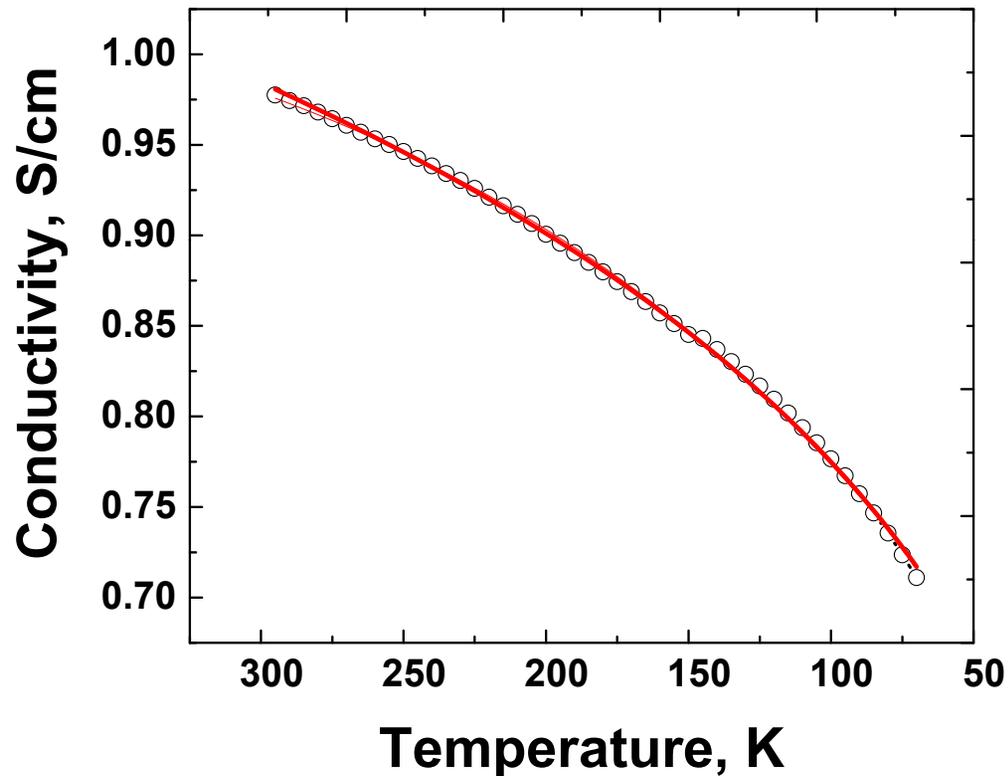
Conductive path

1.1 vol.%



500 nm

Temperature Dependence Conductivity



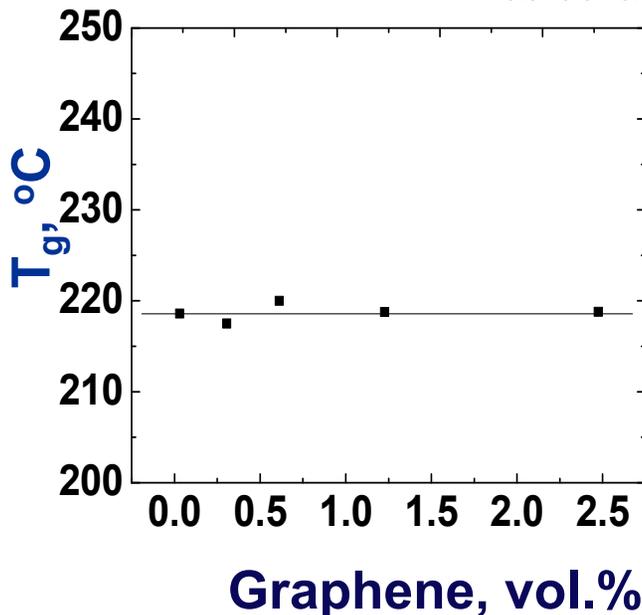
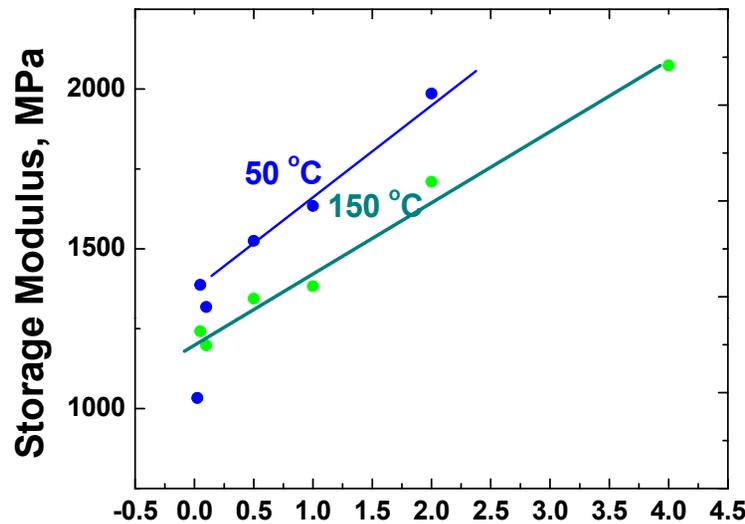
5 vol. % graphene polyimide

$$\sigma = 0.2844T^{0.2177}$$

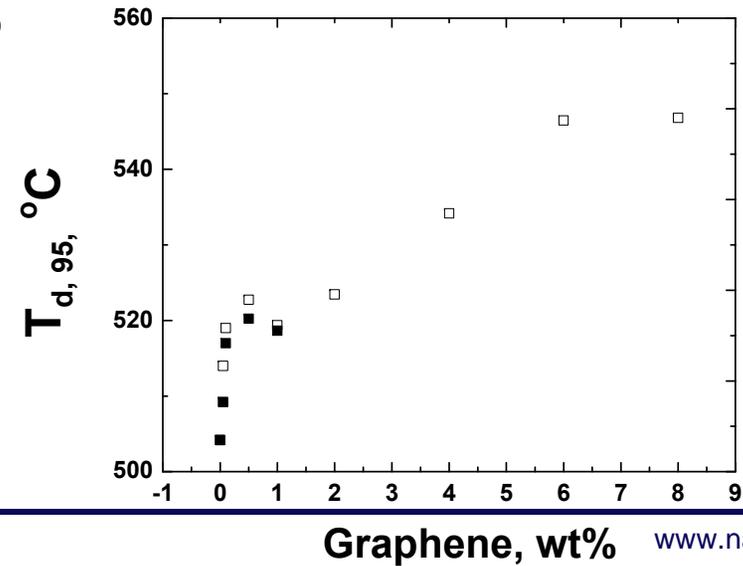
$$T = 322.404\sigma^{4.6}$$

Thermal and Mechanical Properties

Addition of graphene resulted in composite reinforcement without adverse effect on the T_g



Graphene wt%



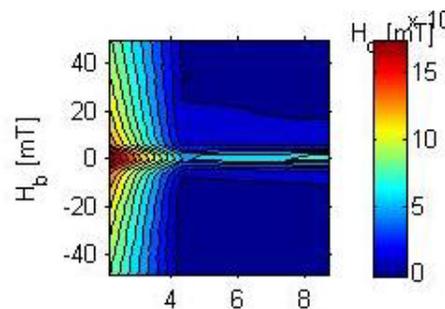
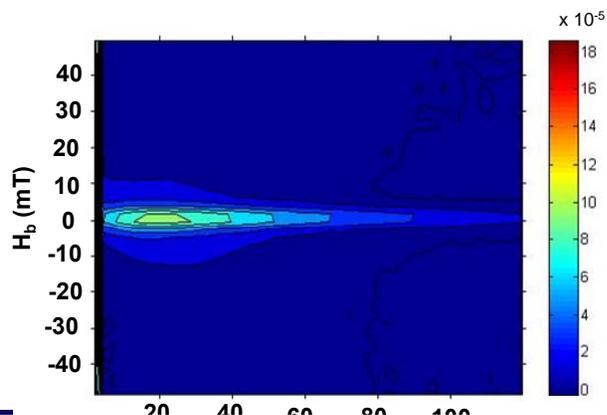
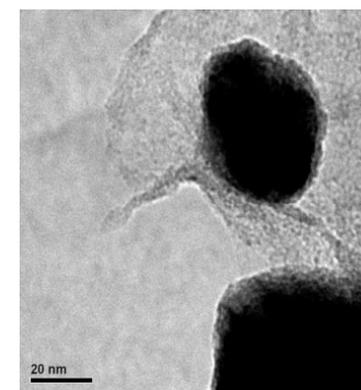
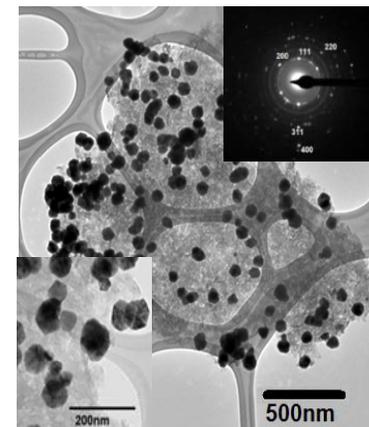
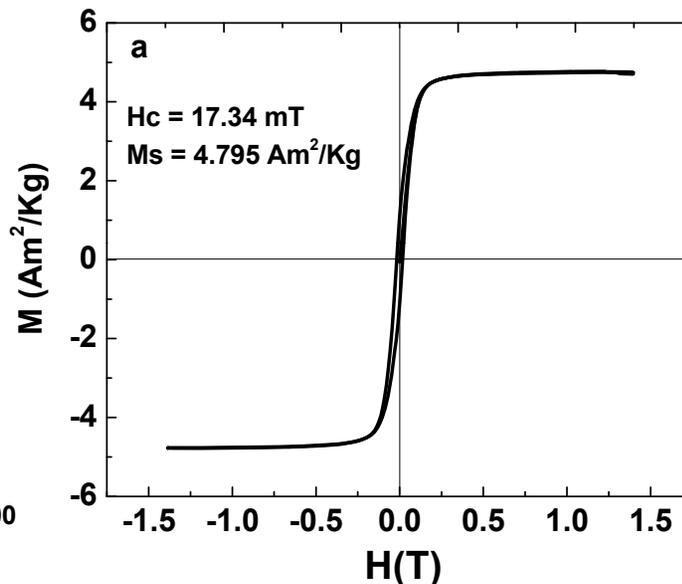
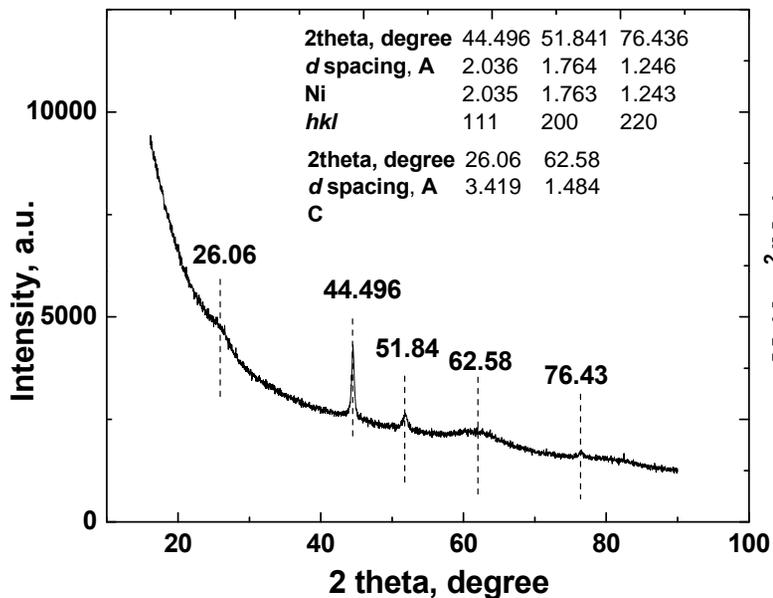
Graphene, wt%

Controlled Property Direction

Ni-Tethered Graphene

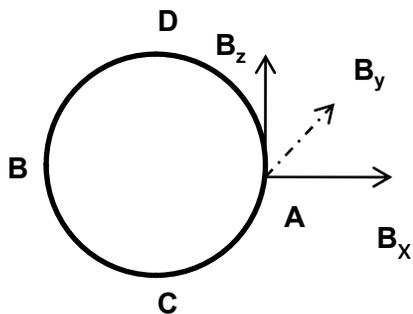
Composites Nanoparticles

Thermal decomposition of Ni(acac)₂ in the presence of O-graphene

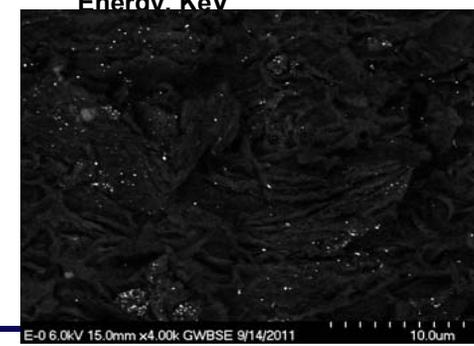
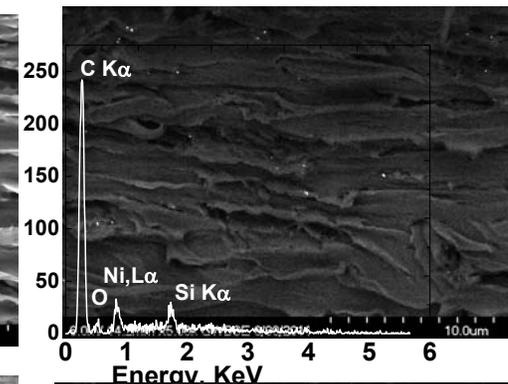
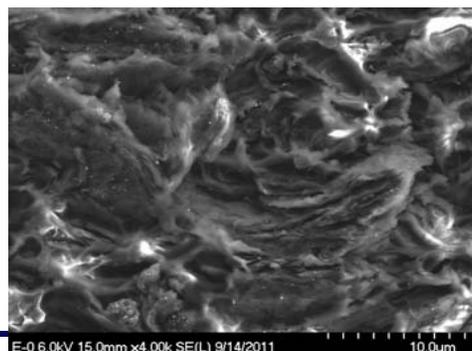
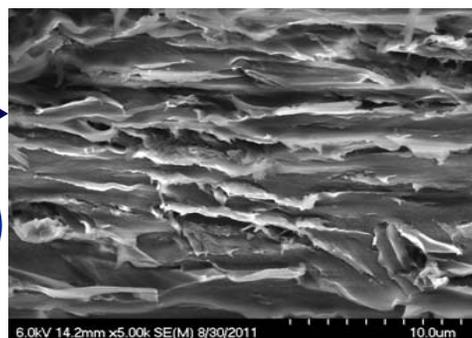
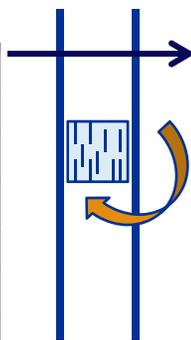
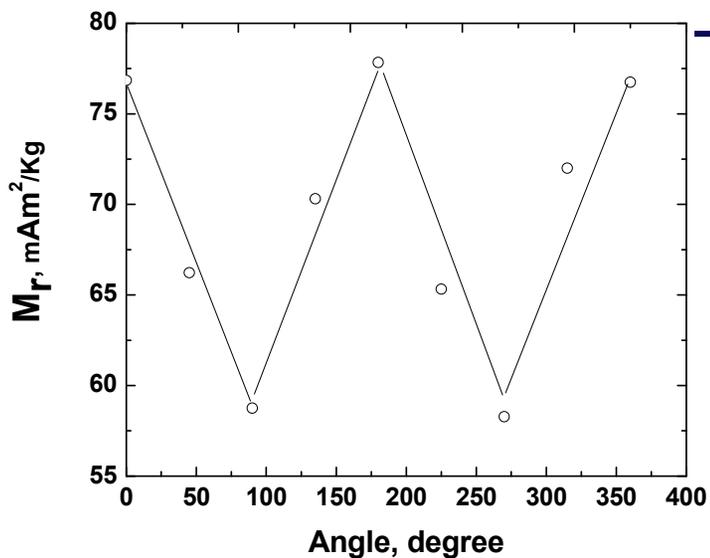
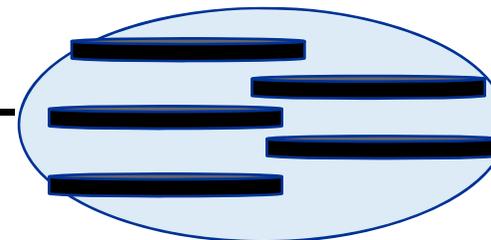


First-order reversal curve (FORC)

Controlled Directionality

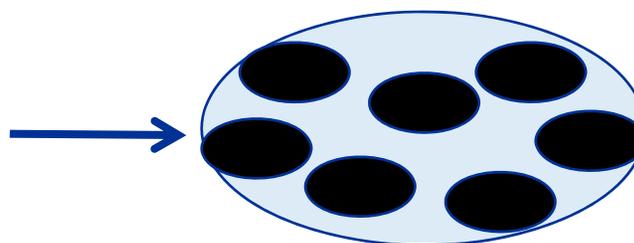
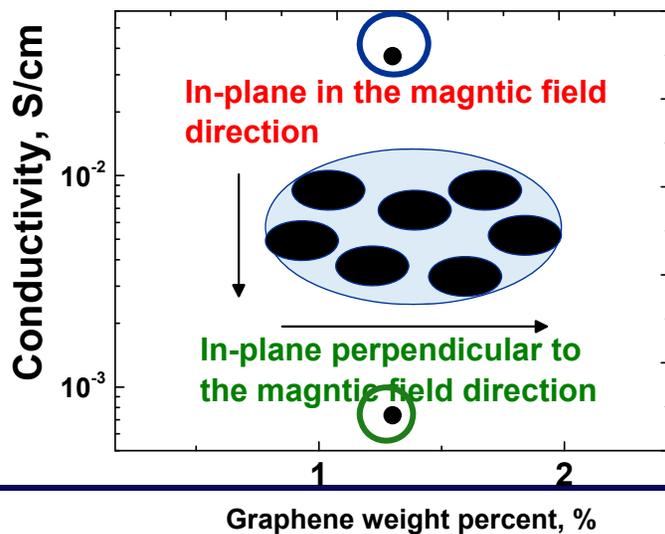
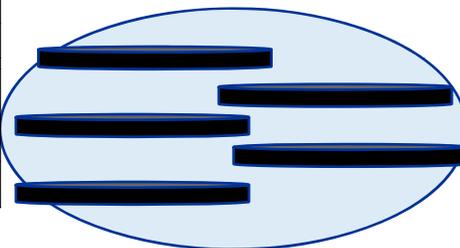
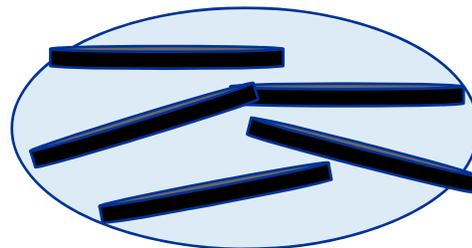
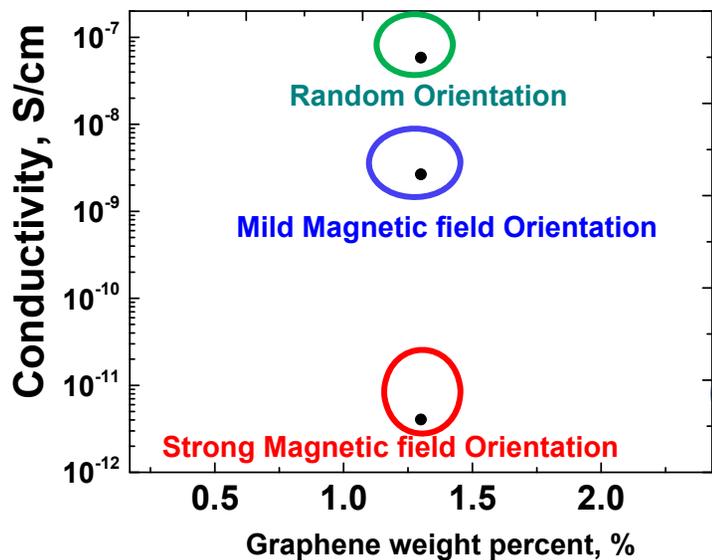


	B	B_x	B_y	B_z
	(Gauss)	(Gauss)	(Gauss)	(Gauss)
A	1150	-1150	-237	-50
B	976	-948	475	50
C	440	-432	-55	-120
D	500	-520	-12	42.3



Anisotropic Properties

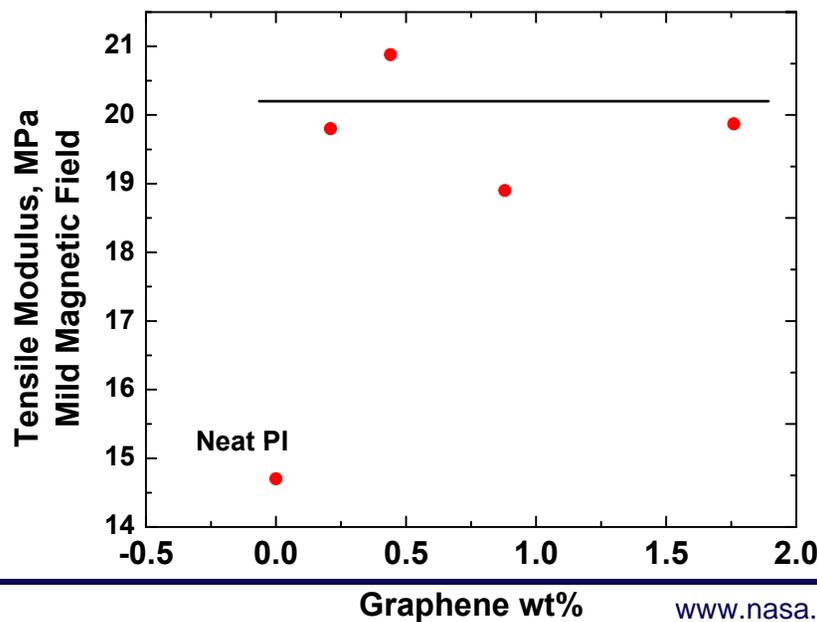
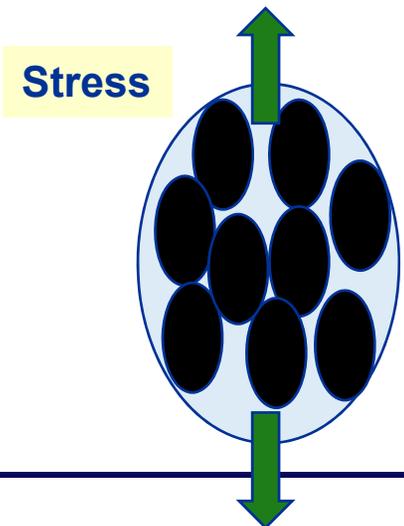
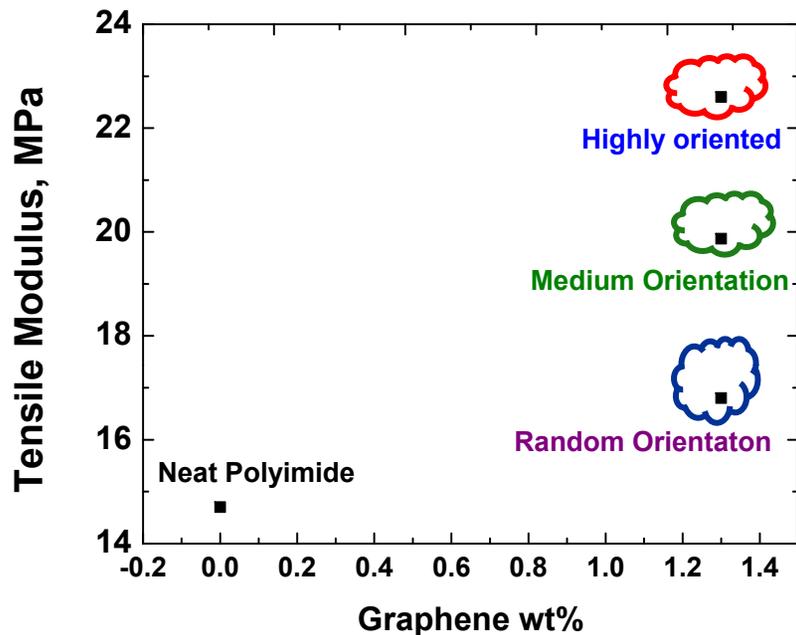
Electrical properties



In-plane
Magnetic field

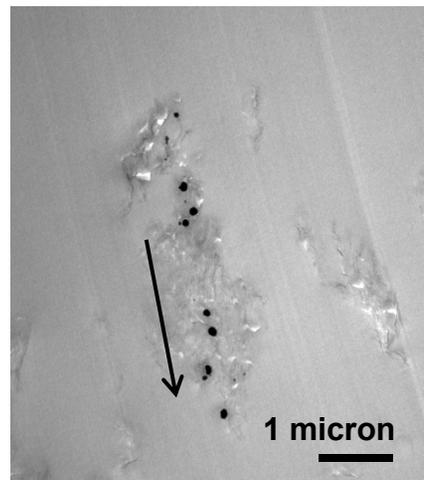
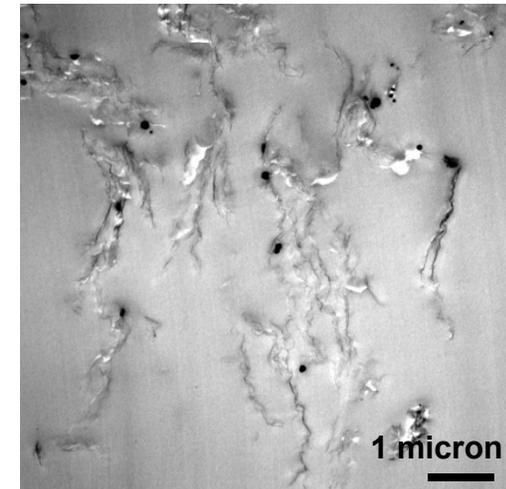
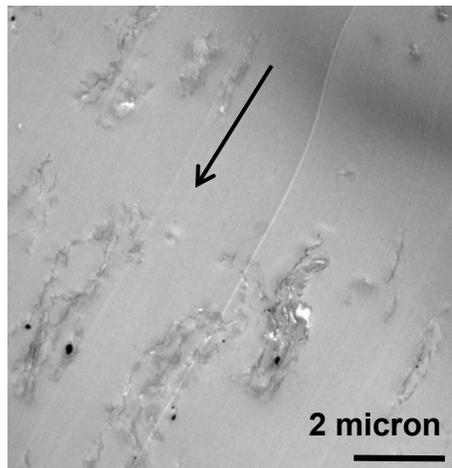
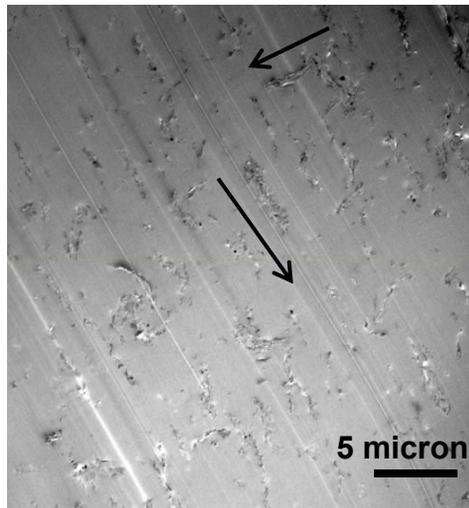
Anisotropic Properties

Mechanical properties



Transmission Electron Microscopy

1.77 wt% Ni-graphene polyimide
90% parallel and 5% perpendicular



Conclusions

- Addition of graphene resulted in nanocomposites with high conductivity with a percolation as low as 0.036 vol.% and a maximum conductivity of 0.94 S/cm
- Dynamic moduli of the nanocomposites increased with addition of graphene with no adverse effect on T_g or flexibility.
- Magnetic graphene were synthesized enabled controlled orientation of graphene in magnetic fields.
- Ni-graphene/PI nanocomposites were obtained which has $e-2$ S/cm *in-plane* conductivity and insulating in the *through-plane* direction.
- Ni-graphene/PI nanocomposites exhibited increased modulus with increasing orientation.
- The orientation was verified by magnetic characterization and TEM studies.



is and Space Administration



Acknowledgements

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- **Professor Aksay, Princeton University,**
- **Vorbeck Materials Inc., John Lettow**

